# ANNUAL REPORT 2003

# WEIFU HIGH-TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. 无锡威孚高科技股份有限公司

(Incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)



April 16, 2004

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# SECTION I IMPORTANT

**MPORTANT:** The Board of Directors of Weifu High-Technology Co., Ltd. collectively and individually accept full responsibility for the authenticity, accuracy and completeness of the information contained in this report and confirm that there are no false statements and material omissions which would make any statement in this report misleading.

The whole directors assure that the content of Annual Report is true, veracious and complete.

Jiangsu Certified Public Accountant and PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Co., Ltd. issued the unqualified Auditors' Report for the Company respectively.

Mr. Xu Liangfei, legal representative of the Company, Mr. Han Jiangming, General Manager of the Company, and Ms. Sun Qingxian, Deputy General Manager as well as person in charge of Financing confirm that the Financial Report enclosed in the Annual Report is true and complete.

The reader is advised that the 2003 annual report of the Company has been prepared originally in Chinese. In the event of a conflict between this version and the original Chinese version or difference in interpretation between the versions of the report, the Chinese version shall prevail.

## SECTION II COMPANY INFORMATION

 Legal Name of the Company: In Chinese: 无锡威孚高科技股份有限公司

In English: WEIFU HIGH-TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

- 2. Legal Representative: Mr. Xu Liangfei
- 3. Secretary of Board of Directors: Mr. Liu Yonglin Authorized Representative: Mr. Zhou Weixing

Contact Address: No.107, Renmin West Road, Wuxi, Jiangsu, China Tel: (86) 510-2719579 Fax: (86) 510-2751025 E-mail: wfjt @ public1.wx.js.cn 4. Registered Address: Plot 46, Wuxi National High-Tech Industrial Development Zone

- 4. Registered Address: Plot 46, Wuxi National High-Tech Industrial Development Zone Head Office: No.107, Renmin West Road, Wuxi Post Code: 214031 Homepage: http://www.weifu.com.cn E-mail: web@weifu.com.cn
- 5. Information Disclosure Media: Securities Times, China Securities and Ta Kung Pao Internet Web Site Designated by CSRC for Publishing the Annual Report: http://www.cninfo.com.cn The Place Where the Annual Report is Prepared and Placed: Securities Dept. of the Company
- 6. Stock Exchange Listed with: Shenzhen Stock Exchange Short Form of the Stock: Weifu High- Tech, Su Weifu-B Stock Code: 000581, 200581
- 7. Other Related Information of the Company

(1) Initial registration date: Oct. 22, 1988

Address: No.107, Renmin West Road, Wuxi

- Registration Date after Change: Sep. 28, 1995
  - Address: Plot 46, Wuxi National High-Tech Industrial Development Zone
- (2) Registration Number of enterprise legal person's business license: 3200001103404 (2/2)
- (3) Registration Number of taxation: 320208250456967
- (4) Domestic Auditor: Jiangsu Certified Public Accountant Address: No.28, Liangxi Road, Wuxi International Auditor: PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Co., Ltd. Address: 12<sup>th</sup> Floor, Shui On Plaza, 333 Huai Hai Zhong Road, Shanghai, P.R.China

# SECTION III KEY ACCOUNTING AND BUSINESS DATA

#### 1. Major accounting data

(1) Major accounting data as of year 2003 (In RMB'000)	
Total profit	275,018
Net profit	239,557
Net profit after deducting non-recurring gains and losses	239,557
Profit from main operations	368,103
Other operating profit	-4,917
Operating profit	100,058
Investment income	166,734
Subsidy income	8,226
Net cash flow arising from operating activities	8,659
Net increase in cash and cash equivalent	111,092
(2) Difference in net profit audited by domestic auditor and international audi	tor and the relevant

(2) Difference in net profit audited by domestic auditor and international auditor and the relevant explanations

The Company's net profit as of year 2003 audited by Jiangsu Certified Public Accountants and PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Co., Ltd. was RMB 238,104,424.22 and RMB 239,557,000 respectively. Adjustment on net profit based on International Accounting Standards: reorganization of investment income (loss) under equity method amounting to RMB 1,452,575.78.

**2.** Key accounting data and financial indexes over the previous three years

Indexes/Items	Unit	2003	2002	2001
Income from main operations	RMB'000	1,612,093	1,499,973	1,019,062
Net profit	RMB'000	239,557	197,646	159,590
Total assets	RMB'000	2,888,951	2,508,934	2,178,645
Shareholders' equity (excluding minority interests)	RMB'000	2,046,544	1,894,260	1,781,310
Earnings per share (diluted)	RMB/share	0,55	0.45	0.37
Earnings per share (weighted)	RMB/share	0.55	0.45	0.37
Net assets per share	RMB/share	4.69	4.34	4.08
Net assets per share after adjustment	RMB/share	4.69	4.33	4.07
Net cash flow per share arising from operating activities	RMB/share	0.02	0.27	0.32
Return on net assets (diluted)	%	11.71	10.34	8.96
(Weighted)	%	12.16	10.76	9.34

(2) Return on net assets and Earnings per share calculated based on net profit after deducting non-recurring gains and losses in accordance with the Regulation on Information Disclosure for Listed Company (No.9) by China Securities Regulatory Commission

Items	Profit in the report period (RMB'000)		Return on net assets (%)		Earnings per share (RMB)	
Items			Fully	Weighted	Fully	Weighted
			diluted	average	diluted	average
Profit from main operations		368,103	17.99	18.68	0.84	0.84
Operating profit		100,058	4.89	5.08	0.23	0.23
Net profit		239,557	11.71	12.16	0.55	0.55
Net profit deducting non-recurring gains and losses		239,557	11.71	12.16	0.55	0.55
(4) Changes in Shareholders' Equity and the relevant explanations (In RMB' 0000)						
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Items	Share capital	Capital reserve	Surplus reserve	Statutory welfare funds	Retained profit	Total shareholders' equity
Amount at the period-begin	43,636.615	91,149.60	14,287.90	4,708.10	40,351.90	189,426.02
Increase in this period			4,003.30	1,334.40	23,955.70	27,959.00
Decrease in this period					12,730.50	12,730.50
Amount at the period-end	43,636.615	91,149.60	18,291.10	6,042.50	51,577.10	204,654.52

# SECTION IV SHARE CAPITAL AND SHAREHOLDERS

I. Change in Shares (ended Dec.31<sup>st</sup>, 2003)

							Unit:	share
	Before the		Ι	ncrease/decrease of th	his time (+, - )			After the
Items	change	Rationed shares	Bonus shares	Capitalization of public reserve	Additional issuance	Others	Subtotal	change
I. Unlisted Shares								
1. Sponsors' shares	121566150							121566150
Including: State-owned share	121566150							121566150
Domestic legal person's shares								
Foreign legal person's shares								
2. Raised legal person's shares	10400000							10400000
3. Inner employees' shares								
4. Preference shares or others								
Total unlisted shares	131966150							131966150
II. Listed Shares								
1. RMB ordinary shares	215893100					28800		215921900
2.Domestically listed foreign shares	88400000							88400000
3. Overseas listed foreign shares								
4. Others	106900					-28800		78100
Total listed shares	304400000							304400000
111. Total shares	436366150							436366150

II. About shareholders of the Company

(1) Total Number of Shareholders at the end of report period: 69,133.

(2) About shares held by main shareholders

Ended Dec. 31, 2003, particulars about the top ten shareholders of the Company

Name of shareholders	Number of Shares (share)	Change in shares	Classification
1.WUXI WEIFU GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	121566150	_	State-owned legal person share
2. ROBERT BOSCH GMBH	14144000		B-share
3. HUAAN INNOVATION SECURITIES INVESTMENT FUNDS	9005698	-7308924	A-share
4. GT PRC FUND	6294938	6294938	B-share
5. SHANGHAI BAOSTEEL CHEMICAL COMPANY LTD.	6024500	6024500	A-share
6. RONGTONG NEW BLUE CHIP SECURITIES INVESTMENT FUNDS	5642348	5272848	A-share
7. YUYANG SECURITIES INVESTMETN FUNDS	5263926	4139863	A-share
8. KINGTAI SECURITIES INVESTMETN FUNDS	4976635	-667113	A-share
9. TONGQIAN SECURITIES INVESTMETN FUNDS	4697950	2159328	A-share
10. YUYUAN SECURITIES INVESTMETN FUNDS	3940217	1159271	A-share

**Notes:** Among the top ten shareholders, Rongtong New Blue Chip Securities Investment Funds and Tongqian Securities Investment Funds belong to the same funds company; Yuyang Securities Investment Funds and Yuyuan Securities Investment Funds belong to the same funds company.

(3) Particulars about the holding shareholder of the Company

A shareholder who has the actual holding right to the Company is Wuxi Weifu Group Company Limited, as well as state-owned sole enterprise, whose legal representative is Mr. Xu Liangfei. The said company was founded on Dec. 14, 1994, its registered capital was RMB 134,830,000, and it was mainly engaged in Processing and manufacturing of general machinery, instruments and meters, import and export. In the report period, the holding shareholder remained unchanged.

(3) Particulars about the top ten shareholders of circulation share of the Company

No.	Name of shareholders	Number of share held (share)	Type of shares
1	ROBERT BOSCH GMBH	14144000	B-share
2	HUAAN INNOVATION SECURITIES INVESTMENT FUNDS	9005698	A-share
3	GT PRC FUND	6294938	B-share
4	SHANGHAI BAOSTEEL CHEMICAL COMPANY LTD.	6024500	A-share
5	RONGTONG NEW BLUE CHIP SECURITIES INVESTMENT FUNDS	5642348	A-share
6	YUYANG SECURITIES INVESTMETN FUNDS	5263926	A-share
7	KINGTAI SECURITIES INVESTMETN FUNDS	4976635	A-share
8	TONGQIANSECURITIESINVESTMETN FUNDS	4697950	A-share
9	YUYUAN SECURITIES INVESTMETN FUNDS	3940217	A-share
10	BTFE-VALUE PARTNERS INTELLIGENT FD-CHINA B SHS FD	3879734	B-share

**Notes:** Among the top ten shareholders, Rongtong New Blue Chip Securities Investment Funds and Tongqian Securities Investment Funds belong to the same funds company; Yuyang Securities Investment Funds and Yuyuan Securities Investment Funds belong to the same funds company.

# SECTION V DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND STAFF

# I. Particulars about directors, supervisors and senior executives

# 1. General information

Name	Gender	Age	Position	Office term	Shares held at the year-begin	Shares held at the year-end
Xu Liangfei	Male	59	Chairman of the Board	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	12800	12800
Han Jiangming	Male	52	Vice Chairman of the Board, General Manager	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	12800	12800
Li Tonghua	Male	60	Director	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	12800	12800
Wang Weiliang	Male	38	Director	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	8000	8000
Gao Guoyuan	Male	50	Director	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	6500	6500
Shi Xingyuan	Male	41	Director, Deputy General Manager	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	2000	2000
Chen Zhaolin	Male	46	Director	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	-	-
Zhang Xiaoyu	Male	60	Independent Director	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	-	-
Ouyang Minggao	Male	45	Independent Director	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	-	-
Chen Qilong	Male	53	Independent Director	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	-	-
Chen Juchang	Male	64	Independent Director	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	-	-
Chen Xuejun	Male	36	Chairman of the Supervisory Committee	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	2000	2000
Li Guodong	Male	54	Supervisor	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	-	-
Zhang Jiming	Male	34	Supervisor	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	-	-
Wang Chuan	Male	54	Supervisor	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	-	-
Wang Xiaodong	Male	37	Supervisor	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	2000	2000
Deng Xijiang	Male	40	Supervisor	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	4800	4800
You Jianzhong	Male	36	Supervisor	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	6400	6400
Sun Qingxian	Female	50	Deputy General Manager, Person in charge of Financing	Apr. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	-	-
Miao Yuming	Male	40	Deputy General Manager	Apr. 2003 ~ Jun. 2005	-	-
Liu Yonglin	Male	60	Secretary of the Board	Jun. 2002 ~ Jun. 2005	8000	8000

Name	Shareholding Companies	Position	Office	
			term	
Xu Liangfei	Wuxi Weifu Group Company Limited	Chairman of the Board	Till now	
Li Tonghua	Wuxi Weifu Group Company Limited	Director, Deputy General Manager	Till now	
Wang Weiliang	Wuxi Weifu Group Company Limited	Director, Deputy General Manager	Till now	
Gao Guoyuan	Wuxi Weifu Group Company Limited	Director, Deputy General Manager	Till now	
Chen Zhaolin	Bosch (China) Investment Co., Ltd.	Executive supervisor	Till now	
Li Guodong	Wuxi Guolian Development (Group) C	Co. Manager of Investment & Management	Till now	
Zhang Jiming	State Investment Machinery and Li Industrial Co.	ght Business Manager	Till now	
Wang Chuan	China Auto Industry General Co.	Section Chief	Till now	
8	Investment and Development Corp.			
3. Annual Rem	uneration for Directors and Superv	visors and Senior Executives nit:(in RM	B'0000)	
Total amount of a	annual remuneration		150	
Total amount of	annual remuneration of top 3 directors		50	
drawing the high				
	annual remuneration of top 3 senior		70	
	ng the highest payment			
	ndependent directors		5	
Other treatment f	or independent directors	Reimbursement for travel costs upon att meetings of the board of directors and sharehol		
	Annual remuneration	Numbers of person		
RMB 25,000-50,	000	1		
RMB 50,000-100	),000	2		
RMB 100,000-20	00,000	5		
RMB 200,000-30	00,000	1		

2. Directors and Supervisors holding the position in Shareholding Companies

4. Directors and Supervisors Leaving Posts

At 2002 Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company, Mr. Zu Jilin's resignation due to retiring age problem and Mr. Ge Songping's resignation due to work change were approved. Mr. Shi Xingyuan and Mr. Chen Juchang were elected as directors of the 4<sup>th</sup> Board (of which, Mr. Chen Juchang was elected as independent director). Deputy General Manager Mr. Gao Guoyuan and Mr. Ge Songping left the posts of directors of 4<sup>th</sup> Board due to work need and took the posts of Deputy General Manager of Wuxi Xiefu Group Co., Ltd.. The 7<sup>th</sup> meeting of 4<sup>th</sup> Board determined to remove the post of Deputy General Manager from Mr. Gao Guoyuan and Mr. Ge Songping, and engage Mrs. Sun Qingxian and Mr. Miao Yuming as Deputy General Manager of the Company.

. Corporate Staff

1. Numbers of the staff

Dated Dec.31, 2003, the Company employed 3,453 people.

2. Classification of the staff		Unit: person
Classification	Number of Staff	Percentage (%)
Production	2,526	73.15
Sales and Marketing	174	5.04
Engineering Technology	342	9.90
Finance	26	0.75
Administration	178	5.16
Other	207	6.00
3. Education degree of the staff		
Educational Degree	Number of Staff	Percentage (%)
Senior High School	2,458	71.18
Technical Secondary School	386	11.18
Junior College	373	10.80
University Graduate	203	5.88
Master	30	0.87
Doctor	3	0.09

4. Particulars about the retirees

As of December 31, 2003, total amount of retired employees for whom the Company bears pensions amounted to 890.

# SECTION VI CORPORATE SUPERVISORY SYSTEM

# 1. Supervisory System Profile

Conformity to the requirements by the Company Law, the Securities Law and the relevant laws and regulations promulgated by the State Securities Regulatory Commission, the Company has amended and improved its Articles of Association, and set up the corresponding normative systems of Corporate Supervisory. In accordance with the Guideline for setting up Independent Director System among Listed Companies promulgated by the State Securities Regulatory Commission, the Company supplemented an independent director at the 2002 Shareholders' General Meeting on Jun.12, 2003 so that the total number of the independent directors attained an surpassed the proportion prescribed in Guideline and the Company has set up corresponding special committee. It has been up to the relevant requirements on listed companies by the State Securities Regulatory Commission in terms of the corporate supervisory system.

2. Performance of the Independent Directors

Conformity to the requirements by the Guideline for setting up Independent Director System among Listed Companies and Administration rules on Listed Companies, the Company has engaged 4 independent directors and established the expert committees involving strategy, auditing, nomination, remuneration and results assessment, among which independent directors held the post of Director Commissioner in the committees of auditing, nomination, remuneration and results assessment. Ever since they took office, the Company's independent directors have consciously performed their duties to express independent opinions with regard to the significant policy decision upon attending the Board meetings and relevant meetings.

- 3. Separation between the Company and principal shareholders in business, assets, personnel, organizations, and finance
- 1) Business Independence

The Company has its own completed production system, supply chain and sales channels. It has the ability to operate facing to the market. It didn't restricted by principal shareholders.

#### 2) Assets Independence

At the time of the Company's B Shares issuance in 1995, definition and transfer on assets were made clearly, and relevant registration procedures for properties were finished accordingly. As a result, explicit assets relations have been formed between the Company and its majority shareholder.

## 3) Financial Independence

With an integral financial department, the Company has installed and maintained a complete accounting and financial system for internal control and subsidiaries management. The relevant financial functions have been performed independently, including opening accounts with banks, paying taxations as well as making financial decisions.

4) Personnel

The Company has its own independent operational and administrative departments, including labor, personnel and wages management. Senior executives, including marketing manager, principal treasurer and secretary of the board of directors, all hold full-time positions and received payment accordingly from the Company. Appointments of directors have all been conducted subject to the nomination by the board of directors and approved by the shareholders' meeting, and there existed no Directors or General Manager nominated by government institutions; there existed no intervention about the engagement and disengagement decision-making of the Board of Directors and Shareholders' General Meeting by Wuxi Weifu Group Co., Ltd. and government institutions.

5) Functional Organization

As a legal person, the Company has installed a well-functioned internal organization for its daily operation.

## 4.Performance Assessment and Incentive Mechanism

The Company democratically conducted the performance assessments for its senior managements personnel with emphasis on the innovation and working results. The payment was confirmed by the assessing result.

# SECTION VII SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

In the report period, the Company held 2002 shareholders' General Meeting and 2003 provisional Shareholders' General Meeting, with contents as follows: 1. 2002 Shareholders' General Meeting

On Apr.18, 2003, in "China Securities", "Securities Times" and "Ta Kung Pao" the Company published the resolution of the 7<sup>th</sup> meeting of the 4<sup>th</sup> board of directors and a notice about convening 2002 Shareholders' General Meeting on Jun.12, 2003. On Jun.12, 2003, 2002 Shareholders' General Meeting was held and there were 25 shareholders or their proxies presenting at the meeting, representing 191,017,593 shares (including 19,105,614 foreign B-shares) taking 43.78% of the total shares of the Company. The meeting examined and approved the working report 2002 of the Board; The working report 2002 of the Supervisors; Financial Settlement plan 2002 and Profit Distribution Plan 2002; Reengagement of Jiangsu Gongzhen Certified Public Accountants as the Company's auditors for fiscal 2003; Proposal on the subsidies of the independent directors; Proposal on changing directors; Proposal on the cooperation of the Company and Germany Bosch Company. The above Resolutions were published in "China Securities", "Securities Times" and "Ta Kung Pao" on Jun.13, 2003.

2. 2003 Provisional Shareholders' General Meeting

On Nov. 18, 2003, in "China Securities", "Securities Times" and "Ta Kung Pao" the Company published the resolution of the 12<sup>th</sup> meeting of the 4<sup>th</sup> board of directors and a notice about convening 2002 Shareholders' General Meeting on Dec. 23, 2003. On Dec. 23, 2003, 2003 Provisional Shareholders' General Meeting was held and there were 30 shareholders or their proxies presenting at the meeting, representing 201,865,212 shares (including 15,935,000 foreign B-shares) taking 46.26% of the total shares of the Company. The meeting examined and approved Plan on thorough cooperation between the Company and Germany Robert & Bosch Company about diesel oil spray business, which determined Wuxi Euro-Asia Diesel Oil Spray Co., Ltd. would transform to foreign investment corporation through assets reorganization to be involved in Euro III Emission Standard Spray System.

3. Election and Change of Directors

At 2002 Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company, Mr. Zu Jilin's resignation due to retiring age problem and Mr. Ge Songping's resignation due to work change were approved. Mr. Shi Xingyuan and Mr. Chen Juchang were elected as directors of the 4<sup>th</sup> Board (of which, Mr. Chen Juchang was elected as independent director).

# SECTION VIII REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### I. Discussion and analysis of the Board

The year 2003 was a year when the structural adjustment in the car industry in the State was conducted post. On the one hand, the whole car industry still developed in a relatively rapid speed. However, its development was still very unbalanced with detailed reflection as follows: Saloon cars continued to keep a trend of accelerative development while diesel cars developed in a slower way. On the other hand, structural adjustment in car industry was push in an accelerative way and structural adjustment of diesel cars was much more outstanding with its market inclined to two sides, namely being inclined to light trucks and heavy trucks. Aiming at this austere situation, the Board and the Management of the Company has adjusted the marketing strategy timely, firstly, speeding up the development of new products so as to adapt to the need of adjustment to market structure; secondly, carrying out quality standard of international car industry TS16949 with product quality as the main line; thirdly, further deepening internal management and further fulfilling the measures of reducing the cost. Through the said efforts, the Company has still kept a certain growth in 2003 and totally realized income from main operations and net profit amounting to RMB 1,612.093 million and RMB 239.557 million respectively in the whole year, an increase of 7.47% and 21.21% respectively over the last year.

#### II. Operation

(I) Main operations classified according to products

Unit: RMB'0000

LI.: 4. DMD 20000

Items	Income from main operations	Cost of main operations	Gross profit ratio (%)	Increase/decrease in income from main operations over the last year (%)	Increase/decreas e in cost of main operations over the last year (%)	Increase/decrea se in gross profit ratio over the last year (%)
Fittings and accessories of gas engine	145,258.18	106,361.12	26.78	6.19	8.09	-4.63
Converter and muffler	5515.57	4116.02	25.37	273.30	259.39	12.85
Materials	10,435.55	13,921.86	-33.41	-11.04	2.18	48.13

#### (II) Formation of main operations and its market share

			Unit: RMB 0000
Categories	Income from main operations	Market share (%)	Place in the industry
A pump	25578.25	60.37	No. 1
PW pump	28176.94	31.23	No. 1
I pump (including IW and PL pump)	19100.81	45.28	No. 1
VE pump	19045.20	-	No. 1
Single plunger pump	4964.49	28.12	No. 2
Injector	24126.18	29.88	No. 1
Precision pump parts	12619.76	31.23	No. 1

Source: Statistics Association of China's Machinery Industry, Fuel Injection Sub-branch (2003)

(III) Operations of main holding and share-holding companies of the Company

1. Nanjing Weifu Jinning Co.,Ltd., whose 80% equity was held by the Company, was mainly engaged in the production of diesel and fuel injecting system products (the core product was VE distribution pump) with its registered capital amounting to RMB 256 million. At the end of year 2003 its total assets amounted to RMB 413.0726 million and its net profit was RMB 35.9753 million in 2003.

2. Wuxi Weifu Lida Converter and Cleaner Company Limited, whose 94.81% equity was held by the Company, was mainly engaged in the production of such products as cleaners and mufflers of tail gas etc. with registered capital amounting to RMB 260 million. At the end of 2003, its total assets amounted to RMB 254.6264 million and its net profit was RMB 2.6029 million in 2003.

3. Wuxi Euro-Asia Diesel Fuel Injection Co., whose 48% equity was held by the Company, was mainly engaged in the production of P and S series injectors and nozzles with registered capital amounting to RMB 253.5610 million. At the end of 2003, its total assets amounted to RMB 565.99 million and its net profit was RMB 151.9477 million in 2003.

4. Zhonglian Automobile Electronics Co., whose 20% equity was held by the Company, was mainly engaged in the production of automobile electronic control system products with registered capital amounting to RMB 600.62 million. At the end of 2003, its total assets amounted to RMB 1,154. 38 million and its net profit was RMB 413.6984 million in 2003.

(IV) Main suppliers and customers

(1) Suppliers

The total purchase amount from the top five suppliers accounted for 35.92% of total purchase amount in the year.

(2) Customers

The total sales amount to the top five customers accounted for 50.31% of total sales amount in the year.

#### III. Investment

In the report period, the Company's total investment in the technical reform projects was RMB 135.4774 million, which was mainly used in the investment of such technical reform projects as PW2000 pump etc..

#### (I) Use of the raised proceeds

In 2000, the Company implemented the project on shares allotment and totally raised the proceeds amounting to RMB 405.06 million, which would be used in the project of "Converters and cleaners of automobile tail gas with annual output of 2 million sets" according to commitment in the Prospectus. Ended the end of year 2002, the Company had invested RMB 227.43 million accumulatively and there was still RMB 177.63 million left. The investment of fixed assets has been finished and there was still raised proceeds amounting to RMB 177.63 million left.

#### (II) Changes in the raised proceeds

Since the investment of fixed assets in the said projects has been finished and the rest investment of project was mainly used in supplementing the working capital, in order to exert the use results of the raised proceeds in a better way, after approved by the 2<sup>nd</sup> Temporary Shareholders' General Meeting for 2002 held on July 18, 2002, the Company decided to change to invest the rest capital amounting to RMB 177.63

million in the said raised proceeds into "Technical reform project of PW2000 pump with annual output of 100,000 pieces". The said resolutions of the Temporary Shareholders' General Meeting were published on Securities Times, China Securities and Ta Kung Pao dated July 19, 2002.

(III) Use of the raised proceeds changed

Ended Dec. 31, 2003, the Company had invested RMB 177.63 million in the said investment projects changed and had fundamentally formed the capability of PW2000 pump with annual output of 100,000 pieces.

				Unit: RMB 0000
Financial indexes	In 2003	In 2002	Increase in 2003	Reasons for changes
			over that in 2002	
			(+/-%)	
Total assets	288,895.10	250,893.40	15.15	Increase in investment of
	200,099.10	250,075110	10.10	fixed assets
Shareholders' equity	204,654.40	189,426.00	8.04	Increase in net profit
Profit from main	36,810.30	36,836.40	-0.07	Increase in income from
operations	20,010120	20,020110	0.07	main operations
Net profit	23,955.70	19,764.60	21.21	Increase in investment
	23,755.10	19,701.00	21.21	earnings and income
				from main operations
Net increase in cash	11 100 20	10 220 20		
and cash equivalents	11,109.20	-18,338.30	-	

IV. Analysis to the financial position and operating results

#### Unit: RMB'0000

V. Routine work of the Board of Directors

(I) Meetings and resolutions of the Board

1. On Apr. 16, 2003, the 7<sup>th</sup> Meeting of the 4<sup>th</sup> Board of Directors was held and the following resolutions have been passed:

Annual Report 2002 and its Summary

Financial Settlement and Profit Distribution Preplan 2002. The profit distribution preplan for 2002 is to distribute cash dividends amounting to RMB 2 (tax included) for every 10 shares.

Renewal of Engaging Jiangsu Gongzheng Certified Public Accountants and PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Co., Ltd. as the Domestic and Oversea Auditors of the Company in 2003

Director Mr. Zu Jilin and Mr. Ge Songping's Requests for Resigning from the Positions of Directors Due to Reaching Age of Retirement and Change in Work Respectively; Supplementing Mr. Shi Xingyuan and Mr. Chen Juchang as Directors in the 4<sup>th</sup> Board of Directors of the Company (of which, Mr. Chen Juchang as Independent Director).

Dismissing Mr. Gao Guoyuan and Mr. Ge Songping from the Positions of Deputy General Managers of the Company Due to Work Assignment; Engaging Ms. Sun Qingxian and Mr. Miao Yuming as Deputy General Managers of the Company

Annual Allowance of Independent Directors of the Company is RMB 50,000.

Preliminary Opinion on Comprehensive Cooperation Project Between Bosch Company and the Company

Deciding to Holding Annual Shareholders' General Meeting 2002 on June 12, 2003

2. On May 22, 2003, the Company held the 8<sup>th</sup> meeting of the 4<sup>th</sup> Board of Directors, which approved the following resolutions in the way of communication vote.

Agreed the general cooperation proposal between the Company and Germany Bosch Company and decided to submit it to the Shareholders' General Meeting for approval and asked for the Shareholders' General Meeting to accredit the Board of Directors to carry out the material palaver with Germany Bosch Company on the introducing-into of license certification and the detailed terms of the contract.

Decided to add examining the content of the cooperation proposal between the Company and Germany Bosch Company in 2002 Annual Shareholders' General Meeting held on June 12.

3. On Aug. 12, 2003, the Company held the 9<sup>th</sup> meeting of the 4<sup>th</sup> Board of Directors, which examined and approved the following resolutions:

Semiannual Report in 2003 of the Company and its Summary;

The report of profit distribution preplan for the mid-term of 2003: neither profit distribution for mid-term nor transfer from capital public reserve to share capital and all undistributed profit is carried forward to next half year.

4. On Oct. 16, 2003, the Company held the 10<sup>th</sup> meeting of the 4<sup>th</sup> Board of Directors, which examined and consistently approved the following resolutions: the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarterly report of 2003 of the Company.

5. On Oct. 30, 2003, the Company held the 11<sup>th</sup> meeting of the 4<sup>th</sup> Board of Directors, which examined and approved Self-check Report on Current Capital between the Company and Associated Companies and Guarantee for External Parties.

6. On Nov. 17, 2003, the Company held the 12<sup>th</sup> meeting of the 4<sup>th</sup> Board of Directors, which examined and approved the following resolutions:

Agreed the general cooperation proposal between the Company and Germany Bosch Company on spraying business of diesel oil.

Decided to hold the 1<sup>st</sup> Provisional Shareholders' General Meeting on Dec. 23, 2003, for examining the general cooperation proposal between the Company and Germany Bosch Company on spraying business of diesel oil.

(II) Execution of resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting

1. The proposal of distribution of bonus and dividend confirmed by 2002 Annual Shareholders' General Meeting was finished implementation on Aug. 1, 2003.

2. The Provisional Shareholders' General Meeting in 2003 authorized the general cooperation proposal between the Company and Germany Bosch Company who has formally signed contract and at present are ready to submit for approval.

VI. Profit distribution preplan for 2003

As audited by Jiangsu Gongzheng Certified Public Accountants Co., Ltd., the Company realized net profit totally RMB 238,104,400 in 2003, plus the retained profit at the end of 2002 amounting to RMB 313,933,700, the distributable profit for shareholders is RMB 552,038,200. According to the regulation of Articles of Association of the Company, after appropriating 10% as public reserve totaling 26,688,500 and 5% as welfare fund totaling RMB 13,344,200, the distributable profit for shareholders of the statutory account audited as Chinese Accounting System is RMB 512,005,500. The

Board of Directors decided to distribute RMB 2 cash bonus (including tax) per ten shares based on the total share capital amounting to 436,366,150 shares at the end of 2003. The left distributable profit is carried forward to next year.

VII. Other events

1. Jiangsu Gongzheng Certified Public Accountants Co., Ltd., made special explanation on occupying capital by the controlling shareholder and other associated parties of the Company.

The explanation pointed out:

1) The balance at year-beginning of current capital between the Company and its controlling shareholder (Wuxi Weifu Group Co., Ltd.) caused by transaction of goods supply is receivables from Wuxi Weifu Group Co., Ltd. amounting to RMB 38,032,190 and the balance at year-end is payables to Wuxi Weifu Group Co., Ltd. amounting to RMB 368,235.

2) The Company occurred no current capital with the auxiliary subsidiaries of the controlling shareholder, Wuxi Weifu Group Co., Ltd..

3) The balance at year-beginning of current capital among the eight auxiliary subsidiaries of the Company caused by transaction of goods supply is receivables from the subsidiaries amounting to RMB 53,877,183 and the balance at year-end is payables to the subsidiaries amounting to RMB 41,666,122.

2. Special explanation and independent opinion of the independent directors on the accumulated and current guarantee for external parties of the Company and execution of Document No.56

Independent directors believe:

1) The situation of current capital reflected in Special Explanation on Occupying Capital by the Controlling Shareholder and Other Associated Parties of the Company belongs to normal current capital, occurred for meeting the need of the production and operation activities of the Company, are commercial behavior on the basis of justness, fairness and publicity and there existed no situation of illegally occupying the Company's capital by the principal shareholder.

2) The Company has not provided guarantee for the controlling shareholder and other associated parties

# SECTION IX REPORT OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

# I. Work of the Supervisory Committee

The Supervisory Committee held two meetings in the report period:

1. The 4<sup>th</sup> meeting of the 4<sup>th</sup> Supervisory Committee was held on Apr. 16, 2003 and the examined topics were Work Report of the Supervisory Committee in 2002, 2002 Annual Report of the Company and its Summary, Report of Financial Settlement and Profit Distribution Preplan for 2002 of the Company and the 1<sup>st</sup> Quarterly Report in 2002 of the Company;

2. The 5<sup>th</sup> meeting of the 4<sup>th</sup> Supervisory Committee was held on Aug. 15, 2003 and the examined topics were Semiannual Report in 2003 of the Company and its Summary and Report of Profit Distribution Preplan in the 1<sup>st</sup> Half Year of 2003.

II. The Supervisory Committee expressed independent opinion for the following events:

1. Operation according to law. In 2003, the members of the Supervisory Committee were present at every meeting of the Shareholders' General Meeting and the Board of Directors and supervised over the decision-making and operation of the Company. The Supervisory Committee believes that every decision-making procedure of the Company this year were in accordance with laws, regulations and Articles of Association of the Company, the internal control system of the Company was perfect. When the Company's directors and senior executives executed authorities, there found neither behavior of breaking laws, regulations and Articles of Association of the Company nor abusing authorities and damaging the interest of the Company and the Shareholders.

2. Check of the Company's financing. The members of the Supervisory Committee attended every meeting of the Board of Directors this year and examined annual, semiannual and quarterly report and other documents submitted by the Board of Directors. The Supervisory Committee believes that the financial report in every period reflected objectively and truly the financial situation and operation result of the Company.

3. Usage of raised capital. The Supervisory Committee believes the invested projects in the latest raised capital of the Company were implemented according to relevant resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with relevant statutory procedure.

4. Related transaction. The Supervisory Committee believes the related transaction occurred in the report period could incarnate the principle of market trading and did not damage the interest of the Company.

# SECTION X SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

I. In the report period, the Company has no significant lawsuits and arbitrations.

II. In the report period, the Company has no significant purchase, sale and disposal of assets.

III. Significant related transaction between the Company and its principal shareholder, Wuxi Weifu Group Co., Ltd. in 2003

		Unit:'0000
Items	2003	2002
Purchase of goods	112.5	8330.48
Sales of goods	16363	18280.05
Purchase of fixed assets	45.9	8916.20
Sales of fixed assets	-	23.38
Processing expenses	-	418.09
Procurement discount income	-	15.09
Land and trademark fees	406.3	319.44
Income from funds occupied	-	22.65

The above associated transactions were executed strictly according to the associated contracts signed by the two parties and had no change in the respect of trading price, trading way and settlement.

IV. Significant contracts and implementation

1. No assets custody, engagement or leasing occurred between the Company and other companies in this report period;

2. The Company has no guarantee events in the report period;

3. The Company has not entrusted others to deal with management of cash assets in the report period.

V. Commitment events of the principal shareholder

The principal shareholder holding over 5% equity of the Company has no commitment events in the report period or lasting in the report period.

VI. Engagement and disengagement of Certified Public Accountants

In the report period, Jiangsu Gongzheng Certified Public Accountants Co. and PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Co., Ltd. were reengaged as Certified Public Accountants of the Company in 2003 and the remuneration that the Company paid to the Certified Public Accountants was: the auditing expense (all expenses) of Jiangsu Gongzheng Certified Public Accountants Co. for 2003 was RMB 450,000 and it provided service for the Company for ten years; the auditing expense (all expenses) of PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Co., Ltd. was RMB 770,000 and it provided service for the Company for nine years

# SECTION XI FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Auditors' Report

#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF WEIFU HIGH-TECHNOLOGY COMPANY LIMITED

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Weifu High-Technology Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter together with the Company referred to as "the Group") as of 31 December 2003 and the related consolidated statements of income, and cash flows for the year then ended. These consolidated financial statements set out on pages 2 to 42 are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of 31 December 2003 and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Co., Ltd.

14 April 2004

Shanghai, The People's Republic of China

#### CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

(All amounts in Renminbi ("RMB") thousands, except for earnings per share)

	Notes	2003	2002
Sales, net	4,27	1,612,093	1,499,973
Cost of sales		(1,243,990)	(1,131,609)
Gross profit		368,103	368,364
Other operating income	4	407	246
Distribution costs		(78,217)	(91,929)
Administrative expenses		(177,422)	(148,844)
Other operating expenses		(5,324)	(16,055)
Profit from operations	6	107,547	111,782
Finance cost, net	5	(7,489)	(3,889)
Share of results of associates before tax	13	162,785	116,573
Income from unconsolidated subsidiaries	14	3,943	4,363
Income from trading investments		6	-
Government grants	21	8,226	-
Impairment loss of investment	15		(12,133)
Profit before tax and minority interests		275,018	216,696
Income tax expense	7(b)	(27,137)	(15,849)
Profit before minority interests		247,881	200,847
Minority interests	25	(8,324)	(3,201)
Net profit		239,557	197,646
<b>Earnings per share</b> - Basic	8	RMB 0.55	RMB 0.45
- Diluted		Not applicable	Not applicable

#### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2003

#### (All amounts in RMB thousands)

	Notes	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Leasehold land	10	49,706	27,792
Property, plant and equipment, net	11	906,002	903,501
Intangible assets	12	32,370	23,373
Investments in associates	13	475,365	384,787
Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries	14	41,769	37,826
Available-for-sale investments	15	43,520	43,520
Total non-current assets		1,548,732	1,420,799
Current assets			
Inventories, net	16	354,845	321,150
Due from related parties	27(e)	1,165	55,865
Prepayments		5,032	8,168
Trade and other receivables, net	17	491,920	326,787
Trading investments	26(b)	-	28,000
Cash and bank deposits	26(b)	487,257	348,165
Total current assets		1,340,219	1,088,135
Total Assets		2,888,951	2,508,934

#### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2003

(All amounts in RMB thousands)

	Notes	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' equity			
Ordinary shares	22	436,366	436,366
Reserves	23	1,094,407	1,054,375
Retained earnings	24	515,771	403,519
Total shareholders' equity		2,046,544	1,894,260
Minority interests	25	77,310	58,519
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term bank borrowings	20(b)	160,000	-
Long-term payables	21	47,538	12,660
Total non-current liabilities		207,538	12,660
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	18	333,144	357,214
Current-tax liabilities		5,846	(3,860)
Due to related parties	27(e)	9,564	16,688
Dividend payable		416	208
Short-term bank borrowings	20(a)	195,500	157,500
Accruals and other current liabilities	19	13,089	15,745
Total current liabilities		557,559	543,495
Total liabilities		765,097	556,155
Total Equity and Liabilities		2,888,951	2,508,934

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

(All amounts in RMB thousands)

_	Notes	2003	2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash generated from operations Interest paid Income tax paid	26(a)	40,530 (14,463) (17,408)	141,983 (11,115) (12,078)
Net cash from operating activities		8,659	118,790
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of a subsidiary, net of cash and bank acquired		-	(2,975)
Purchase of leasehold land Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(5,836) (239,552)	(225,948)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and			
equipment Increase in investments in associates	26(c) 13	137,386	214
Increase in available-for-sale investments	15	-	(21,577) (13,855)
Increase in investments in unconsolidated	15		(13,055)
subsidiaries	14	-	(7,306)
Proceeds from disposals of available-for-sale			
investments		-	5,080
Proceeds from disposals of trading investments		6	-
Interest received		4,447	17,201
Dividends received		66,307	27,106
Net cash used in investing activities		(37,242)	(222,060)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Net increase (decrease) in short-term bank borrowings Increase in long-term bank borrowings		38,000 160,000	(10,000)
Repayments of long-term bank borrowings			(1,500)
Dividends paid		(87,065)	(87,273)
Cash injection from minority shareholders		-	6,000
Cash received from government grants		28,740	12,660
Net cash from financing activities		139,675	(80,113)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		111,092	(183,383)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		376,165	559,548
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	26(b)	487,257	376,165

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

				Reserves				
_	Share capital	Capital surplus	Statutory surplus reserve fund	Statutory public welfare fund	Discretion- ary surplus reserve fund	Total reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity
	Note 22	Note23(a)	Note 23(b)	Note 23(c)			Note 24	
Balance as at 1 January, 2002	436,366	908,919	73,272	36,711	1,785	1,020,687	324,257	1,781,310
Dividends declared after 1 January, 2002 from retained earnings as of 31st December, 2001							(87,273)	(97 272)
(Note 9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(07,273)	(87,273)
Donation received	-	146	-	-	-	146	-	146
Increase in Subsidiary's capital surplus								
- debts waived	-	2,431	-	-	-	2,431	-	2,431
Net profit for 2002	-	-	-	-	-	-	197,646	197,646
Appropriations: - statutory surplus reserve								
fund	-	-	20,741	-	-	20,741	(20,741)	-
<ul> <li>statutory public welfare fund</li> </ul>	-			10,370		10,370	(10,370)	
Balance as at 31 December, 2002	436,366	911,496	94,013	47,081	1,785	1,054,375	403,519	1,894,260
Dividends declared after 1 January, 2003 from								
retained earnings as of 31 December, 2002 (Note 9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(87,273)	(87,273)
Net profit for 2003	-	-	-	-	-	-	239,557	239,557
Appropriations:								
- statutory surplus reserve fund	-	-	26,688	-	-	26,688	(26,688)	-
<ul> <li>statutory public welfare fund</li> </ul>				13,344		13,344	(13,344)	
Balance as at 31 December, 2003	436,366	911.496	120,701	60.425	1,785	1.094.407	515,771	2,046,544
2003 =	-50,500	711,490	120,701	00,+25	1,705	1,074,407	515,771	2,040,344

#### (All amounts in RMB thousands)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Weifu High-technology Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") on 22 October 1992 as a joint stock limited company. The Company is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of fuel injection pumps for use in diesel engines and injectors and components for fuel injection pumps. The registered office of the Company is No.46, Wuxi State Hi-tech Industrial Development Zone, Jiangsu Province, and the Company has approximately 3,454 and 3,783 employees as of 31 December, 2003 and 2002 respectively.

The Company's domestic listed foreign investment shares ("B share") and domestic Renminbi ordinary shares ("A share") are listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

The Company together with its consolidated subsidiaries are hereinafter collectively referred to as "the Group".

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in preparation of these financial statements of the Group are set out below:

#### (a) **Basis of presentation**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS", which includes International Accounting Standards and Interpretations) as published by the International Accounting Standards Board. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost conversion with the exception of fair value measurement of certain financial instruments.

This basis of accounting differs from that used in Group's statutory accounts ("Statutory Accounts") which are prepared in accordance with PRC Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises and the Accounting System for Business Enterprises. The adjustments made to conform the Statutory Accounts of the Group to IFRS are shown in Supplementary Information.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current event and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) Group accounting

(1) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries, which are those entities in which the Group has an interest of more than one half of the voting rights or otherwise has power to govern the financial and operating policies, are consolidated.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and are no longer consolidated from the date that control ceases. The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given up or liabilities undertaken at the date of acquisition plus cost directly attributable to the acquisition. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of net assets of the subsidiary acquired is recorded as goodwill. See Notes 2(g) for the accounting policy on goodwill.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated; unrealised losses are also eliminated unless cost cannot be recovered. Where necessary, accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.

The results of operations and net assets of certain subsidiary companies are not material to those of the Group; hence, they have been excluded from consolidation. Investments in subsidiaries that are excluded from consolidated financial statements are accounted for by the equity method.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) Group accounting (Continued)

(1) Subsidiaries (Continued)

As of 31 December 2003, the consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as follows:

Name of consolidated subsidiary company	Place of registration	Principal activities		ed capital 3'000)		e of equity erest
			2003	2002	Directly	Indirectly
Nanjing Weifu Jingning Company Limited. ("Nanjing Weifu")	Nanjing, PRC	Manufacture and sale of diesel engines, machinery, electronic products and automotive components.	256,000	256,000	80%	-
Wuxi Weifu Leader Catalytic Converter Company Limited ("Weifu Leader")	Wuxi, PRC	Manufacture and sale of catalytic converter, catalyzer and automotive components	260,000	30,000	94.81%	-
Jiangsu Weifu Nanometer Technology Company Limited ("Weifu Nanometer")	Wuxi, PRC	Manufacture and sale of nanometer material and products	30,000	30,000	80%	-
Name of unconsolidated subsidiary company	Place of registration	Principal activities	Registere (RMB		Percentage	1 2
<u>· · · ·</u>			2003	2002	Directly	Indirectly
Wuxi Weifu Mashan Fuel Injection Equipment Factory	Wuxi, PRC	Manufacture and sale of fuel injection equipment	12,237	12,237	72.78%	12.22%
Wuxi Weifu Chang'an Fuel Injection Co., Ltd.	Wuxi, PRC	Manufacture and sale of injection equipment for diesel	21,490	21,490	85%	-
Wuxi Weifu Jida New Material Development Co., Ltd.	Wuxi, PRC	Manufacture and development of metallic and non-metallic materials	5,000	5,000	70%	-

#### (2) Associates

Investments in associates are accounted for by the equity method of accounting. Associates are entities over which the Group generally has between 20% and 50% of the voting rights, or over which the Group has significant influence, but which it does not control. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates; unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group does not to recognise further losses, unless the Group has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associates.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the Group. The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the measurement currency of the Group. Transactions in other currencies are translated into Rmb at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies at the consolidated balance sheet date are re-translated at exchange rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities in other currencies are translated at historical rates. Exchange differences arising from changes in exchange rates subsequent to the transaction dates are included in consolidated income statement.

#### (d) Leasehold land

Leasehold land represents land use fees paid for long leasehold land and is classified as operating leases. The prepaid lease payments are amortized over the lease period (thirty to fifty years) on a straight-line basis.

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price, construction cost and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to write off the cost, after taken into account the estimated residual value at 3% of cost, of each asset over its expected useful life. The expected useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	30-35 years
Machinery and equipment	10-16 years

The useful lives of assets and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefit from items of property, plant and equipment.

Expenditures incurred after the property, plant and equipment have become ready for its intended use, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, are recognised as expense in the period in which they are incurred. In situations where it is probable that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the asset beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalised as an additional cost of the asset.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) **Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)**

When assets are sold or retired, their costs and accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the consolidated income statement.

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

#### (f) Construction-in-progress

Construction-in-progress represents properties and plant under construction and machinery and equipment under installation and testing, and is stated at cost. This includes cost of construction, site restoration cost, plant and equipment and other direct costs plus borrowing costs which mainly include interest charges arising from borrowings used to finance these projects during the construction period.

Construction-in-progress is not depreciated until such time as the assets are completed and ready for their intended use.

#### (g) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured initially at cost. Intangible assets are recognized if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the assets will flow to the Group; and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the best estimate of their useful lives. The amortization period and the amortization method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of amortization are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from intangible assets.

(1) Trademarks

Amounts paid for trademarks are capitalised and then amortised on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives. The expected useful life is 30 years.

Trademarks are reviewed for impairment at each balance sheet date.

The trademark is registered with an unlimited usage period. The management considers the useful life of the trademark will not be less than 30 years, which is the operating period of Nanjing Weifu.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (g) Intangible assets (Continued)

(2) Research and development costs

Expenditure for research is recognised as an expense when incurred. Expenditure on development is charged against income in the period incurred except for project development costs, which comply strictly with all of the following criteria:

- the product or process is clearly defined and costs are separately identified and measured reliably;
- the technical feasibility of the product is demonstrated;
- the product or process will be sold or used in-house;
- the assets will generate future economic benefits (e.g. a potential market exists for the product or its usefulness in the case of internal use is demonstrated); and
- adequate technical, financial and other resources required for completion of the project are available.

Capitalization of costs starts when the above criteria are first met. Expenditure recognised as an expense in previous accounting periods is not reinstated.

The recoverable amount of development costs is estimated whenever there is an indication that the asset has been impaired or that the impairment losses recognised in previous years no longer exist.

In the year ended 31 December 2003, there is no capitalized expenditure on development.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (g) Intangible assets (Continued)

(3) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition, and is included in intangible assets.

Goodwill is amortized using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life of one to five years. Management determines the estimated useful life of goodwill based on its evaluation of the respective companies at the time of acquisition, considering factors such as existing market share, potential growth and other factors inherent in the acquired companies.

At each balance sheet date the Group assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indications exist, an analysis is performed to assess whether the carrying amount of goodwill is fully recoverable. A write down is made if the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

#### (h) Impairment of long lived assets

Property, plant and equipment and other non-current assets, including investments in associates and intangible assets are reviewed for impairment losses whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of an asset's net selling price and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows.

#### (i) Investments

The Group classified its investments in debt and equity securities into the following categories: trading, held-to-maturity and available-for-sale. The classification is dependent on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at the time of the purchase and re-evaluates such designation on a regular basis.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Investments (Continued)

Investments that are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price are classified as trading investments and included in current assets; for the purpose of these consolidated financial statements short term is defined as 3 months. Investments with a fixed maturity that management has the intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity and are included in non-current assets, except for maturities within 12 months from the balance sheet date which are classified as current assets; during the period, the Group did not hold any investments in this category. Investments intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rates, are classified as available-for-sale; and are included in non-current assets unless management has the express intention of holding the investment for less than 12 months from the balance sheet date or unless they will need to be sold to raise operating capital, in which case they are included in current assets.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the trade date, which is the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Cost of purchase includes transaction costs. Trading and available-for-sale investments are subsequently carried at fair value. For the available-for-sales investments that have a quoted market price in an active market, the fair value is based on quoted bid prices; for available-for-sale investments that does not have a quoted market price, but the fair value can be reliably determined, the fair value is constructed on the basis of the market price of the similar financial instrument or derived from cash flow models; for available-for-sales investments that the fair value can not be reliably determined, are carried at amortised cost, using the effective yield method, less accumulated impairment loss. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of trading and available-for-sale investments are included in the consolidated income statement in the period in which they arise.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (j) Operating leases

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### (k) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, calculated on the weighted average basis, comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (l) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are carried at original invoice amount less provision made for impairment of these receivables. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is an objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables.

The amount of the provision is the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount, being the present value of expected cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest for similar borrowers.

#### (m) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash represents cash on hand and deposits with banks, which can be withdrawn on demand. Cash equivalents represent short-term, highly liquid investments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash with original maturity period of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (n) Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are initially recognized at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. They are subsequently stated at amortised costs using the effective yield method; any difference between net proceeds and redemption value is recognized in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings.

Borrowing costs include interest charges and other costs incurred in connection with arranging borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs.

Borrowing costs are expensed as incurred, except when they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of the property, plant and equipment that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use in which case they are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset. Capitalization of borrowing costs commences when expenditures for the asset and borrowing costs are being incurred and the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use are in progress. Borrowing costs are capitalized at the weighted average cost of the related borrowings until the asset is ready for its intended use. If the resulting carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recorded.

#### (o) Deferred income taxes

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Currently enacted tax rates are used in the determination of deferred income tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

#### (p) Pension scheme

Pursuant to the PRC laws and regulations, contributions to the basic old age insurance for the Group's local staff are made monthly to a government agency based on certain percentage of the standard salary set by the provincial government. The government agency is responsible for the pension liabilities relating to such staff on their retirement. The Group accounts for these defined contributions on an accrual basis.

The Group has no obligation for the payment of pension benefits beyond the contribution described above.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (q) Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised in the consolidated balance sheet at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment are set off against their initial cost, resulting in being <u>effectively</u> credited to the consolidated income statement over the periods and in the proportions in which depreciation on these assets is charged.

#### (r) **Provisions**

A provision is recognized when, and only when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable (i.e. more likely than not) that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation.

When a provision is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation, the provision will be reversed.

#### (s) Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the invoiced value for the sales of goods net off rebates and discounts, and after eliminating sales within the Group.

Provided it is probable that the economic benefits associated with a transaction will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognized on the following basis:

(i) Sales of goods and raw materials

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of goods and materials have been transferred to the buyer.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (s) Revenue recognition (Continued)

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis, taking account of the principal outstanding and the effective rate over the period to maturity.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

#### (t) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Group's consolidated financial statements as liability in the period in which they are approved by the Group's shareholders.

#### (u) Segments

Business segments provide products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. Geographical segments provide products or services within a particular economic environment that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of components operating in other economic environments.

The Group conduct the business within one business segment and the Group also operates within one geographical segment because its revenue are primarily generated in the PRC and its assets are located in the PRC.

#### (v) Subsequent events

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Group's position at the balance sheet date or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate (adjusting events), are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.

#### (w) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. They are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

A contingent asset is not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (x) Comparatives
(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

# **3** FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### (a) Financial risk factors and financial risk management

The Group activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group.

# (1) Credit risks

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk with any single counter party or group counter parties. The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. The Group has policies that deposits are put in reputable banks.

# (2) Liquidity risks

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions.

#### (3) Interest rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group has no significant long-term interest-bearing assets. The Group policy is to maintain all its borrowings in fixed rate instruments. The interest rates of borrowings are disclosed in Note 20.

#### (4) Foreign exchange risk

The Group has no significant foreign exchange risk due to limited foreign currency transactions.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### **3** FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Fair value estimation

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalent

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximated their fair value due to these financial instruments either carry a current rate of interest or have a short period of time between the origination of the cash deposits and their expected maturity.

#### (2) Trade and other receivables and payables

The carrying amount trade and other receivables and payables, which are all subject to normal trade credit terms, approximates their fair value.

#### (3) Due from and due to related parties

The carrying amount of due from and due to related parties, which are all subject to normal trade credit terms, approximates their fair value.

#### (4) Borrowings

As at 31 December 2003 the carrying amount of borrowings approximates their fair value as these borrowings bear quoted market interest rates.

#### (5) Available-for-sale investments

The carrying amount of available-for sale investments cannot be reliably estimated and disclosed because these investments do not have quoted market prices in an active market and other methods reasonably estimating fair value for these investments are not available.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 4 Sales

5

Sales comprised:

	2003	2002
Sales of goods Less: surtaxes	1,640,793	1,517,462
Less: Cash discount on sales	(7,935) (20,765)	(6,295) (11,194)
	1,612,093	1,499,973
Other operating income -		
Dividend income	407	246
Finance costs		
	2003	2002
Interest income		
- Bank deposits	4,458	6,999
- Loans to Weifu Group Company Limited ("WFGC") (Note 27(c))		227
	4,458	7,226
Interest on		
- Bank loans	14,463	11,115
Less: amount capitalized in construction-in-progress	(2,516)	
	11,947	11,115
	(7,489)	(3,889)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

2003

2002

#### 6 Profit from operation

The following items have been included in arriving at profit from operations:

	2003	2002
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (Note		
11)	61,328	45,992
Provide for impairment of property, plant and		
equipment (Note 11)	9,666	6,537
Loss on disposal of property plant and equipment		
(Note 26(c))	4,254	11,983
Amortisation of intangible assets		
- Goodwill (Note 12)	594	3,961
- Trademark (Note 12)	876	876
Amortisation of leasehold land (Note 10)	1,472	1,044
Research and development expenditures	28,641	40,248
Repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs of		
property, plant and equipment	26,536	16,235
Inventory		
- Cost of inventories recognized as expense	1,040,318	890,347
- Provision for inventory obsolescence	5,110	7,799
Impairment charge for bad and doubtful debts and		
written-off of uncollectable receivables	23,712	4,655
Staff costs		
- Salary and wages	117,472	109,552
- Staff and workers' bonus and welfare fund	16,309	19,892
- Contribution to statutory pension scheme	24,510	23,670
- Provision for housing fund	9,436	6,270

The Company and its subsidiaries provide for staff welfare and contributions to the statutory pension fund based on a certain percentage of the total salaries. Staff welfare consists of staff welfare fund, medical insurance fund, housing fund, and unemployment insurance etc.

The relevant percentages are as follows:

	Percentage
Staff welfare fund	14%
Medical insurance fund(included in Staff welfare fund)	8%
Housing fund	8%~12%
Unemployment fund Statutory pension fund	2% 21%-22%

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

# 7 Taxation

# (a) Value-added Tax ("VAT")

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to VAT, which is charged on top of the selling price at a general rate of 17%. Input VAT from purchase of raw materials and other production materials can be netted off against ouput VAT from Sales. VAT payable or receivable is the net difference between periodic output and deductible input VAT.

#### (b) Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT")

(1) Income tax expense in the consolidated income statements comprised:

	2003	2002
Current tax	20,830	15,694
Share of tax of associates	6,307	155
Income tax expense	27,137	15,849

# (2) The reconciliation of the applicable tax rate to the effective tax rate is as follows:

	2003	2002
Accounting profit before tax and minority interest	275,018	216,696
Tax calculated at the effective tax rate of 15% (2002: 15%)	41,253	32.504
Utilisation of tax losses of subsidiaries	(359)	
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Tax effect of income that are not taxable in	5,053	8,245
determining taxable profit	(18,810)	(18,608)
Income tax exemption	-	(6,292)
_	27,137	15,849

The Company, being a high-technology enterprise registered in Wuxi Hi-tech Industrial Development Zone, is subject to EIT at a reduced rate of 15%. Nanjing Weifu, being a high-technology company registered in Nanjing Hi-tech Development Zone is also subject to EIT at a reduced rate of 15%.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 8 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2003	2002
Net profit	239,557	197,646
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	436,366,150	436,366,150
Basic earnings per share	0.55	0.45

The diluted earnings per share was not calculated, because no potential dilutive shares existed during the year.

#### 9 Dividend per share

At the meeting of the board of directors dated 14th April, 2004, a dividend in respect of 2003 of RMB 0.2 per share amounting to a total dividend of RMB 87,273,230 was proposed (Note 30). These consolidated financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable, which will be accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the year ended 31 December 2004.

The dividends declared in respect of 2002 and 2001 were RMB 87,273,230 and 87,273,230, respectively.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 10 Leasehold land

	2003	2002
Cost		
Beginning of year Additions	33,038 23,386	33,038
End of year	56,424	33,038
Accumulated amortisation		
Beginning of year Charge for the year	5,246 1,472	4,202 1,044
End of year	6,718	5,246
Net book value		
End of year	49,706	27,792
Beginning of year	27,792	28,836

Leasehold land represents land use fees paid for the right to use the parcels of land where the Group's factory buildings in Wuxi and Nanjing are located.

Since all land in the PRC is owned by the state or is subject to collective ownership, the risks and rewards of the parcel of land remain with the State. As a result, such lease payment is accounted for under operating leases and is charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over lease terms of thirty to fifty years.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

# 11 Property, plant and equipment

	2003			
-	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Construction-in-p rogress	Total
Cost				
Beginning of year Additions Purchase from WFGC	197,385 5,866	647,339 2,180	325,953 237,058	1,170,677 245,104
(Note 27(c)) Disposals Transfer	(1,487) 1,130	459 (24,571) 161,715	(163,494) (162,845)	459 (189,552) 
End of year	202,894	787,122	236,672	1,226,688
Accumulated depreciatio	<u>n</u>			
Beginning of year Charge for the year Disposals	42,802 5,521 (36)	210,863 55,807 (14,608)	- - -	253,665 61,328 (14,644)
End of year	48,287	252,062		300,349
Impairment loss				
Beginning of year Additions Disposals		11,104 9,666 (433)	2,407 - (2,407)	13,511 9,666 (2,840)
End of year	-	20,337		20,337
Net book value				
End of year	154,607	514,723	236,672	906,002
Beginning of year	154,583	425,372	323,546	903,501

For the year ended 31 December, 2003, borrowing cost capitalised as property, plant and equipment amounted to approximately Rmb 2,516,000 (2002: Nil), capitalisation rate is 5.49% per annum (2002: Nil).

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

# 11. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

	2002			
	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Construction-in-p rogress	Total
Cost	ŭ			
Beginning of year Additions Purchase from WFG	<b>106,649</b> 28,000	457,673 9,122	378,429 99,664	942,751 136,786
(Note 27(c)) Acquisition of a	41,245	84,862	-	126,107
subsidiary Disposals Transfer	5,740 (6,595) 22,346	8,338 (45,185) 132,529	2,735 - (154,875)	16,813 (51,780) -
End of year	197,385	647,339	325,953	1,170,677
Accumulated depreciation				
Beginning of year Charge for the year Purchase from WFGC	29,048 3,796	164,510 42,196	:	193,558 45,992
(Note 27(c)) Acquisition of a	10,611	26,334	-	36,945
subsidiary Disposals	550 (1,203)	2,746 (24,923)	-	3,296 (26,126)
End of year	42,802	210,863		253,665
Impairment loss				
Beginning of year Additions Acquisition of a	-	8,072 4,130	2,407	8,072 6,537
subsidiary Disposals	-	<b>794</b> (1,892)	-	794 (1,892)
End of year	-	11,104	2,407	13,511
Net book value				
End of year	154,583	425,372	323,546	903,501
Beginning of year	77,601	285,091	378,429	741,121

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 12 Intangible assets

		2003		
	Trademarks	Goodwill	Total	
Cost				
Beginning of year Additions	26,356	13,459 10,467	39,815 10,467	
End of year	26,356	23,926	50,282	
Accumulated amortization				
Beginning of year Charge for the year	3,577 876	12,865 594	16,442 1,470	
End of year	4,453	13,459	17,912	
Net book value				
End of year	21,903	10,467	32,370	
Beginning of year	22,779	594	23,373	

Nanjing Weifu acquired trademarks from WFGC at a consideration of RMB 26,355,900 for a period of 30 years effective from 20 August 1997.

In December 2003, the Company increased its investment in Weifu Leader with a total amount of RMB 230,000,000. After the capital injection , the Company held 94.81% equity interest in Weifu Leader. The excess of the cost of the investment over the fair value of the Company's share of the net assets of Weifu leader at the capital injection date amounted to RMB 10,467,374, which is recognised as goodwill and included in the consolidated financial statements.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

# 12 Intangible assets (Continued)

	2002		
	Trademarks	Goodwill	Total
Cost			
Beginning of year Additions	26,356	11,872 1,587	38,228 1,587
End of year	26,356	13,459	39,815
Accumulated amortization			
Beginning of year Charge for the year	2,701 876	8,904 3,961	11,605 4,837
End of year	3,577	12,865	16,442
Net book value			
End of year	22,779	594	23,373
Beginning of year	23,655	2,968	26,623

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### **13** Investments in associates

	2003	2002
Beginning of year	384,787	273,872
Addition in investments in associates	-	21,577
Share of results before tax	162,785	116,573
Share of tax of associates (Note 7(b))	(6,307)	(155)
Dividend received	(65,900)	(27,080)
End of year	475,365	384,787

As of 31 December 2003, the Group had the following associates:

Name	Place of registration	Principal activities	Carrying	amount	0	e of equity crest
			31 December 2003	31 December 2002	Directly	Indirectly
Wuxi Europe Asia Diesel Fuel Injection Co., Ltd. ("Wuxi Europe Asia")	Wuxi, PRC	Manufacture and sale of nozzles holders for diesel fuel injection	245,198	172,264	48%	-
Zhonglian Automobile Electronics Co., Ltd.	Shanghai, PRC	Manufacture and sale of automobile electronic equipment	227,862	210,467	20%	-
Wuxi Weifu Mechanism Manufacturing Co., Ltd. ("Weifu Mechanism Manufacturing")	Wuxi, PRC	Manufacture and sale of diesel fuel injection, automotive components	2,305	2,056	28.98%	-
2,7			475,365	384,787		

There were no changes in the interests held in the associates in 2003 and 2002.

#### 14 Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries

-	2003	2002
Beginning of the Year	37,826	26,157
Addition of investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries		7,306
Share of results	3,943	4,363
Disposals	-	
End of year	41,769	37,826

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 14 Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries (Continued)

As of 31 December 2003, the Group had the following unconsolidated subsidiaries:

Name	Place of registration	Principal activities	Carrying	amount	5	e of equity erest
			31 Decmber 2003	31 December 2002	Directly	Indirectly
Wuxi Weifu Mashan Fuel Injection Equipment Factory	Wuxi, PRC	Manufacture and sale of fuel injection equipment	10,780	10,671	72.78%	12.22%
Wuxi Weifu Chang'an Fuel Injection Co., Ltd.	Wuxi, PRC	Manufacture and sale of injection equipment for diesel	28,546	23,815	85%	-
Wuxi Weifu Jida New Material Development Co., Ltd.	Wuxi, PRC	Manufacture and development of metallic and non-metallic materials	2,443	3,340	70%	-
			41,769	37,826		

#### 15 Available-for-sale investments

	2003	2002
At beginning of year	57,686	48,911
Additions	-	13,855
Disposals		(5,080)
At end of year Less: Impairment losses	57,686 (14,166)	57,686 (14,166)
	43,520	43,520

Available-for-sale investments were investments in unlisted legal person shares, including approximately RMB 45,750,000 (2002: RMB 45,750,000) of investments in financial institutions.

#### 16 Inventories, net

	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Raw materials	24,475	23,054
Work in progress	106,294	90,932
Finished goods	243,083	221,061
	373,852	335,047
Less: Provision for obsolescence	(19,007)	(13,897)
	354,845	321,150

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

# 17 Trade and other receivables, net

	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Notes receivable	172,382	66,767
Accounts receivable	342,264	285,948
Other receivables	33,613	12,968
Less: Provision for doubtful accounts	548,259 (56,339)	365,683 (38,896)
	491,920	326,787

#### **18** Trade and other payables

	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Notes payables	24,800	80,000
Trade payables	259,297	243,592
Other payables	49,047	33,622
	333,144	357,214

# 19 Accruals and other current liabilities

	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Accrued expenses	3,537	3,326
Welfare payable	6,121	3,691
Advance from customer	3,198	5,496
Other levies payables	233	3,232
	13,089	15,745

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 20 Borrowings

# (a) Short-term bank borrowings

	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Unsecured bank borrowings Secured bank borrowings	136,500 59,000	16,500
Secured bank borrowings	<u> </u>	157,500

Short-term bank borrowings bear interest at rates ranging from 4.536% to 5.040% (2002: 4.779% to 5.310%) per annum, of which RMB 59,000,000 were guaranteed by a related company – Weifu Group Co., Ltd.("WFGC") (2002: RMB 91,000,000 were guaranteed by WFGC and RMB 50,000,000 by a third party).

# (b) Long-term bank borrowings

	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Secured bank borrowings Less: Amounts due within one year	160,000	
	160,000	

Long-term bank borrowings are guaranteed by WFGC and bear interest at rate 5.49% per annum. The long-term borrowings are repayable within the period from year 2005 to year 2006.

# 21 Long-term payables

	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Deferred government grants (i)	30,658	12,660
Leasehold land payables (ii)	15,000	-
Long-term government borrowings	1,880	
	47,538	12,660

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 21 Long-term payables (continued)

(i) Government grants represent funds received relating to acquisition and construction of property, plant and equipment as well as expenditures relating to certain research and development projects. The movement of government grants for the year ended 31 December 2003 were as follows:

-	2003	2002
Beginning of year	12,660	-
Receipt during the year	28,740	12,660
Amount earned and recognized as income	(8,226)	-
Amount allocated to set off against initial costs of related construction-in-progress.	(2,516)	_
End of year	30,658	12,660

(ii) The Group acquired a leasehold land in Nanjing Hi-tech Development Zone at the cost of RMB 19,500,000, of which 15,000,000 will be repayable within the period from year 2005 to year 2007.

#### 22 Ordinary shares

As of 31st December 2003 and 2002, the details of share capital (par value of RMB 1 each) were as follows:

	Number	Number of shares		Amount	
	31 December		31 December	31 December	
	2003	2002	2003	2002	
State-owned legal person shares	121,566,150	121,566,150	121,566	121,566	
Legal person shares	10,400,000	10,400,000	10,400	10,400	
Employee shares	24,000,000	24,000,000	24,000	24,000	
A shares	192,000,000	192,000,000	192,000	192,000	
B shares	88,400,000	88,400,000	88,400	88,400	
	436,366,150	436,366,150	436,366	436,366	

The B Shares rank pari passu in all respects with the A Shares.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 23 Reserves

# (a) Capital surplus

	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Share premium Other capital surplus	908,919 2,577	908,919 2,577
	911,496	911,496

In accordance with the provisions of the Company's articles of association, the Company shall record the following as capital surplus:

- (i) share premium arising from the issue of shares in excess of par value;
- (ii) surpluses arising from revaluation of assets; and
- (iii) Other items in accordance with the Company's articles of association and relevant regulations in the PRC.

Capital surplus can be utilised to offset prior years' losses or for the issuance of bonus shares.

Share premium mainly represents total proceeds from the issuance of A and B shares and the rights issue in excess of par value, net of expenses relating to the issuance of the shares such as underwriting commissions, fees for professional advisors and promotional expenses. Share premium can be utilized to offset prior years' losses or to issue bonus shares.

# (b) Statutory reserves

In accordance with the Company Law and the Company's articles of association, the Company and its subsidiaries shall appropriate 10% of their annual statutory net profit (after offsetting any prior years' losses) to the statutory surplus reserve fund account. When the balance of such reserve reaches 50% of each entity's share capital, any further appropriation is optional. The statutory surplus reserve can only be utilised, upon approval by the relevant authority, to offset prior years' losses or increase capital. However, such statutory surplus reserve must be maintained at a minimum of 25% of share capital after such issuance.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 23 Reserves (Continued)

# (c) Statutory public welfare fund

According to the relevant financial regulations of the PRC and the articles of association of the Company, the Company and its subsidiaries are also required to appropriate 5% to 10% of their annual statutory net profit (after offsetting any prior year's losses) to a statutory public welfare fund to be utilized to build or acquire capital items, such as dormitories and other facilities for the Company and its subsidiaries' employees, and can not be used to pay for staff welfare expenses. Title to these capital items will remain with the Company and its subsidiaries.

# 24 Retained earnings

According to the articles of association of the Company, the earnings available for distribution are the lower of the amount determined under the PRC accounting standards and the amount determined under IFRS.

As of 31 December 2003, the earnings available for distribution were RMB 512,005,000 (2002: RMB 401,207,000)

# 25 Minority interests

	2003	2002
Beginning of year	58,519	45,102
Acquisition of a subsidiary Increase of minority interests arising from the capital	- 10,467	2,227
increase of the subsidiary Cash injection from minority shareholders	-	6,000
Share of net profit of subsidiaries Increase in subsidiaries' capital surplus	8,324	3,201 1,989
End of year	77,310	58,519

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 26 Cash generated from operations

# (a) Reconciliation from net profit to cash generated from operations:

	2003	2002
Net profit	239,557	197,646
Adjustments for:		
Minority interest	8,324	3,201
Income tax	27,137	15,849
Provision for doubtful debts and write-off of		
uncollectible accounts receivable	23,712	4,655
Provision for inventory obsolescence	5,110	7,799
Loss on disposal of property, plant and		
equipment	4,254	11,983
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	61,328	45,992
Provision for impairment loss of property, plant		
and equipment	9,666	6,537
Amortization of intangible assets	1,470	4,837
Amortization of leasehold land	1,472	1,044
Government grants earned and recognized as		
income	(8,226)	-
Share of results of associates before tax	(162,785)	(116,573)
Income from unconsolidated subsidiaries	(3,943)	(4,363)
Income for trading investments	(6)	-
Provision for impairment loss of		
available-for-sale investments	-	12,133
Dividend income	(407)	(246)
Interest expense	11,947	11,115
Interest income	(4,458)	(7,226)
Changes in working capital (excluding the effects		
of acquisition of subsidiaries)	214,152	194,383
or acquisition of substatutes,	211,132	171,505
Increase in Inventories	(38,805)	(125,957)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(182,405)	(36,128)
Decrease (Increase) in prepayments	3,135	(8,049)
Decrease (Increase) in due from related parties	16,668	(51,088)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables	(30,081)	189,632
Increase (decrease) in due to related companies	54,908	(481)
Increase (decrease) taxes payable	6,284	(8,412)
Decrease in accrual and other current liabilities	(3,326)	(11,917)
Cash generated from operations	40,530	141,983

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 26 Cash generated from operations (Continued)

# (b) Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents

_	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Cash on hand	134	272
Bank deposits	487,123	347,893
Trading investments with maturity within three	487,257	348,165
months		28,000
Cash and cash equivalents	487,257	376,165

# (c) Other information

Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment comprise

_	2003	2002
Net book value	172,068	23,762
Less: Loss on sale of property plant and equipment	(4,254)	(11,983)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(6,428)	(10,824)
Increase in due from related parties Decrease in trade and other	(24,000)	(211)
payables Proceeds from sale of property plant and		(530)
equipment	137,386	214

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 27 Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party, or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

# (a) Name of related companies and relationship

Name	Relationship	
WFGC	Shareholder which owns a 27.86% equity share of the Company	
Wuxi Europe Asia	Associated company	
Zhonglian Automobile Electronics Company Limited	Associated company	
Weifu Mechanism Manufacturing	Associated company	

# (b) The Company and WFGC have entered into the following agreements:

(1) Trademark licensing agreement

The agreement is for a ten-year term with effect from 1 May, 1995. The Company shall pay WFGC a license fee of 0.3% of the sales value of the Company's products bearing the licensed trademark, with an annual minimum fee of RMB 1,200,000.

(2) Land use right leasing agreement

The agreement is for a term of 50 years with effect from 1 March, 1995. The annual rental for the first year is RMB 327,285, which is subject to an annual increment of 10%.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 27 Related party transactions (Continued)

# (c) Significant transactions with WFGC for the year ended 31 December 2003 are as follows:

Except as disclosed in Note 20, significant transactions with WFGC for the year ended 31 December, 2003 are as follows:

	2003	2002
Purchases of materials	1,125	83,305
Sales of products	163,630	182,800
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	459	89,162
Interest income		
- From the amounts due from WFGC, net	-	227
- Cash discount on material purchases	-	151
Processing expenses	-	4,181
Fees for use of land and trademark	4,063	3,914

# (d) Significant transactions with other related companies for the year ended 31 December, 2003 are as follows:

	2003	2002
Purchase of materials from		
- Weifu Mechanism Manufacturing - Wuxi Europe Asia	62,046 114,879	22,749 86,526
Sales of products to		
- Weifu Mechanism Manufacturing - Wuxi Europe Asia	18,002 64,210	7,495 43,735

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 27 Related party transactions (Continued)

(e) Balances with related parties

	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Due to related parties		
- WFGC	368	-
- Wuxi Europe Asia	9,196	16,688
	9,564	16,688
Due from related parties		
- WFGC	-	38,032
- Weifu Mechanism Manufacturing	1,165	17,833
	1,165	55,865

The amounts due to/from related companies arose from the above transactions and were unsecured, interest-free and had no fixed repayment terms.

#### 28 Contingent liabilities

As of 31st December, 2003, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities.

#### 29 Commitments

As of 31st December, 2003, the Group had the following significant commitments:

- (a) Commitment to acquire property, plant and equipment amounting to approximately RMB 215,570,000 (2002: RMB 270,000,000);
- (b) Commitment to invest approximately RMB 250,000,000 on the project of mechanical diesel fuel injection system;
- (c) Commitment to increase its investment in Wuxi Europe Asia together with Robert Bosch GmbH, and the registered capital of Wuxi Europe Asia will increase from USD 30,200,000 to USD 200,000,000;
- (d) Commitment to invest in Weifu Environmental Catalysts (Wuxi) Co.,Ltd. in an amount of approximately RMB 24,500,000.

#### **30** Subsequent events

At the meeting of the board of directors dated 14 April 2004, a dividend in respect of 2003 of

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

RMB 0.2 per share amounting to a total dividend of RMB 87,273,320 was proposed (Note 9).

# **31** Approval of financial statements

The consolidated financial statements were approved for issuance by the board of directors of the Company on 14 April, 2004.

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

# Impact of IFRS adjustments on profit after taxation and minority interests and net assets

	Net profit		Shareholders' equity	
			31 December	31 December
	2003	2002	2003	2002
As reported in the statutory accounts Adjustment for income from associates	238,104	204,033	2,042,779	1,891,947
associates	1,453	(6,387)	3,765	2,313
As restated under IFRS	239,557	197,646	2,046,544	1,894,260

# SECTION XII DOCUMENTS FOR REFERENCE

- 1. Financial Statements affixed therewith the signatures and stamps of the Company's legal representative, principal treasurer and chief accountant;
- 2. Original Auditors' Report affixed therewith the stamps of the accounting firms ,the signatures and stamps of the certified public Accountants;
- 3. Originals of all released documents and announcements disclosed on the press designated by the State Securities Regulatory Commission during this reporting year.

**Board of Directors of** Weifu High-Technology Co., Ltd. Apr. 16, 2004