

關於中國燃氣

本集團是一家燃氣運營服務商,主要於中國從事投資、建設、經營城市燃氣管道基礎設施、燃氣碼頭、儲運設施和燃氣物流系統,向居民和工商業用戶輸送天然氣和液化石油氣,建設和經營壓縮天然氣/液化天然氣加氣站,開發與應用天然氣、液化石油氣相關技術。



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里程碑

中國燃氣控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」或「中國燃 氣1)主要從事興建及營運城市燃氣管道,向中國居民和工商業用戶輸送天然 氣及銷售天然氣和液化石油氣(「LPG」)。本集團擁有330個城市燃氣項目,項 目數量為中國之最。本集團亦投資於相關基建,例如燃氣碼頭、儲運設施、燃 氣物流系統和汽車加氣站,並於中國從事開發和應用與石油、天然氣和LPG有 關的技術。

▲ 2016/17財年

- 城市燃氣項目合共330個
- 累計接駁住宅用戶20,681,656戶
- 管道燃氣銷售量124億立方米

2012/13財年

- 城市燃氣項目合共179個
- 累計接駁住宅用戶8,438,991戶
- 管道燃氣銷售量70億立方米
- 城市燃氣項目合共237個

▶ 2013/14財年

- 累計接駁住宅用戶10,306,995戶
- 管道燃氣銷售量82億立方米
- •城市燃氣項目合共273個

▶ 2014/15財年

- 累計接駁住宅用戶12,590,944戶
- 管道燃氣銷售量91億立方米

• 城市燃氣項目合共305個

▶ 2015/16財年

- 累計接駁住宅用戶14,691,200戶
- 管道燃氣銷售量100億立方米

2011/12財年◆

- 城市燃氣項目合共160個
- 累計接駁住宅用戶7,187,894戶
- 管道燃氣銷售量58億立方米

2010/11財年 🛨

- 城市燃氣項目合共148個
- 累計接駁住宅用戶6.078.806戶
- 管道燃氣銷售量46億立方米

2009/10財年 🗲

- 城市燃氣項目合共123個
- 累計接駁住宅用戶4,837,436戶
- 管道燃氣銷售量36億立方米

2007/08財年 🛨

- 城市燃氣項目合共68個
- 累計接駁住宅用戶2,253,044戶
- 管道燃氣銷售量11億立方米

2001/02財年

▶ 2003/04財年 -

▶ 2005/06財年



財務概要

財務概要 截至三月三十一日止年度	二零一七年 千港元	二零一六年 千港元 (重列)	變動
營業額	31,993,323	29,496,869	8.5%
毛利	8,376,826	7,213,545	16.1%
年度溢利	4,694,696	2,733,292	71.8%
本公司擁有人應佔溢利	4,147,732	2,273,121	82.5%
每股基本盈利(港仙)	84.51	45.79	84.6%
每股股息總額(港仙)	25.00	19.46	28.5%
撇除利息及税項前盈利	6,934,088	5,919,097	17.2%
撇除利息、税項、折舊及攤銷前盈利	7,893,885	6,832,618	15.5%
總資產	59,986,820	53,532,891	12.1%
銀行結餘及現金	5,242,322	5,772,495	-9.2%
股東權益	20,550,233	17,852,562	15.1%

主要財務指標

截至三月三十一日止年度	二零一七年	二零一六年
平均融資成本*	4.08%	4.15%
流動比率(倍)	0.68	0.69
毛利率	26.2%	24.5%
淨資產負債比率	0.77	0.79
核心純利率*	15.7%	14.3%
派息比率(基本)(%)	29.6%	42.5%
派息比率(核心)(%)	27.4%	26.0%
平均股本回報*	19.9%	20.5%

附註:扣除一次性或非經營項目,例如匯兑收益/虧損或減值虧損等。

釋義:

- 平均融資成本 年度利息支出總額/平均借貸額
- 流動比率 流動資產/流動負債
- 毛利率 毛利/營業額
- 淨資產負債比率 淨借貸額/權益總額

- 純利率 本年度純利/營業額
- 派息比率 每股股息/每股盈利
- 平均股本回報 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利/本公司平均權益

營運概要

營運表現	二零一七年	二零一六年	變動
截至三月三十一日止年度	百萬立方米	百萬立方米	义 却
天然氣總銷量	12,224.3	9,860.0	24.0%
通過城市燃氣項目銷售的天然氣	8,473.3	7,294.8	16.2%
通過管道與貿易銷售的天然氣	3,751.0	2,565.2	46.2%
天然氣城市燃氣項目銷量(用戶分佈)			
住宅	1,929.5	1,544.6	24.9%
工業(城市項目)	3,679.3	3,167.1	16.2%
商業	1,661.0	1,429.8	16.2%
壓縮/液化天然氣加氣站	1,203.5	1,153.2	4.4%
新接駁用戶及新建壓縮/液化天然氣加氣站			
截至三月三十一日止年度	二零一七年	二零一六年	變動
住宅	2,564,943	2,100,256	22.1%
工業	1,569	922	70.2%
商業	27,411	15,169	80.7%
壓縮/液化天然氣加氣站	9	51	-82.4%
截至三月三十一日止年度	二零一七年	二零一六年	變動
城市天然氣項目數目	330	305	25
已建管道總長(公里)	95,455	74,105	28.8%
累計已接駁用戶及加氣站	二零一七年	二零一六年	變動
		61.10	
住宅 工業	20,681,656	14,691,200	40.8%
商業	7,403 141,969	4,590 86,976	61.3% 63.2%
	580	571	1.6%
		57.1	17.8%
壓縮/液化天然氣加氣站 城市覆蓋人口(百萬)		99.4	
城市覆蓋人口(百萬)	117.1	99.4 48.1%	
		99.4 48.1% 2,530	5.0百分點
城市覆蓋人口(百萬) 渗透率(%)	117.1 53.1%	48.1%	5.0百分點
城市覆蓋人口(百萬) 渗透率 (%) 居民用戶平均接駁收費(人民幣)	117.1 53.1%	48.1%	5.0百分點
城市覆蓋人口(百萬) 渗透率(%) 居民用戶平均接駁收費(人民幣) 平均收費(除税)	117.1 53.1% 2,540	48.1% 2,530	5.0百分點 0.4%
城市覆蓋人口(百萬) 滲透率(%) 居民用戶平均接駁收費(人民幣) 平均收費(除税) 截至三月三十一日止年度	117.1 53.1% 2,540 二零一七年	48.1% 2,530	5.0百分點 0.4%
城市覆蓋人口(百萬) 滲透率(%) 居民用戶平均接駁收費(人民幣) 平均收費(除税) 截至三月三十一日止年度 住宅 工業	117.1 53.1% 2,540 二零一七年 人民幣/立方米	48.1% 2,530 二零一六年 人民幣/立方米	5.0百分點 0.4% 變動 3.1%
城市覆蓋人口(百萬) 渗透率(%) 居民用戶平均接駁收費(人民幣) 平均收費(除税) 截至三月三十一日止年度	117.1 53.1% 2,540 二零一七年 人民幣/立方米	48.1% 2,530 二零一六年 人民幣/立方米 2.29	5.0百分點 0.4%



					於二	零一七年三月三十-	- 8		
	省/自治區/ 直轄市	營運地點	總人口	市區人口	可接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 工業用戶	累計已接駁 商業用戶	管道長月
成市燃氣	安徽	蕪湖	3,670,000	2,328,982	776,327	663,112	350	4,396	2,04
		淮南	3,456,000	2,144,000	663,777	344,222	50	1,328	1,18
		壽縣	1,372,000	569,792	176,406	40,107	2	79	26
		宿州	5,599,300	2,241,400	693,932	219,065	9	831	1,4
		蕪湖縣	347,000	200,000	71,429	61,432	134	495	1
		南陵縣	550,342	200,000	89,686	58,328	18	347	4
		霍山縣	363,000	137,940	45,980	31,227	7	129	1
		鳳台縣	634,243	111,309	71,812	49,867	3	200	3
		無為縣	1,037,000	469,000	145,201	57,495	2	342	4
		祁門縣	188,209	45,815	14,184	5,240	3	18	
		休寧縣	292,822	37,869	12,623	9,969	4	60	
		毛集開發區	129,278	26,760	8,285	5,353	5	18	
		霍邱縣	158,000	110,000	49,327	30,614	Ŭ	97	2
		宿松臨江工業園	1,000	10,000	3,096	726	2	31	_
		宿州泗縣	921,800	368,720	113,452	120	2		
		宿州埇橋經濟開發區	116,000	116,000	35,913				
		五河縣				00.004	1	66	
		四縣縣城	177,686	177,686	50,767	29,234	1	66	1
		A R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	176,610	176,610	50,460	18,580	4	35	
			873,500	268,165	83,023	9,797		22	
		太湖縣	568,724	68,247	21,129	9,689	2	2	
		合肥市濱湖新區	500,000	500,000	263,158	168,000	34	145	
	湖北	宜昌	4,130,000	1,280,300	426,767	364,024	81	3,090	1,2
		孝感	883,000	500,000	217,391	185,823	80	1,389	7
		漢川	1,116,628	225,621	90,248	85,087	132	467	2
		應城	665,900	300,000	107,143	71,497	23	492	6
		雲夢	632,500	140,624	70,312	57,271	28	405	2
		隨州	2,201,800	1,084,300	335,697	133,171	52	825	5
		天門	1,286,600	667,745	206,732	80,324	34	556	7
		當陽	563,528	189,462	58,657	47,513	36	352	2
		武漢青山區	485,400	200,000	61,920				
		武漢江南	320,000	320,000	106,667	71,881		626	
		老河口	612,030	252,000	78,019	59,902	17	475	6
		丹江口	464,900	186,890	57,861	41,876	23	494	2
		遠安	194,471	48,854	15,125	8,403	5	45	
		大悟縣	702,723	101,860	31,536	4,116	3	4	
		斯縣	699,710	216,910	67,155	21,556	3	27	
		武穴田工業園	25,000	25,000	7,740	21,000		to a state of	
		十堰武當山特區	60,000	60,000	18,576	12,625	12	98	
		房縣	488,000	83,000	25,697	12,020	12		
		東湖高新區	400,000	400,000	114,286				
		監利縣	673,000	361,000	103,143		10		
		監刊縣 洪湖市	931,900			26,000	13	0.450	
				295,100	91,362	36,999	88	3,450	
		松滋市	899,304	371,599	115,046	31,933			
		武漢市新州區	900,000	221,256	68,500	21,104			
		武穴市	853,512	169,500	76,009	39,842			
		英山縣	404,900	60,000	20,000	13,603			
		團風縣	401,035	49,408	27,449	17,966			

				二统	零一七年三月三十一	- 日		
省/自治區/ 直轄市	營運地點	總人口	市區人口	可接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 工業用戶	累計已接駁 商業用戶	管道長度
	黃梅縣龍感湖區	50,000	30,000	9,288	4,230			
	黄岡市	370,000	207,000	138,000	127,876			
	浠水縣	1,087,748	160,280	49,622	34,302			
	武穴市梅川鎮	145,000	60,000	18,576	8,945			
	黄梅縣	1,007,270	161,000	55,517	38,253			
	十堰	1,194,200	800,000	330,579	229,773			19
	秭歸縣	402,629	67,308	20,838				
	黃石港工業園區	230,000	69,000	21,362				
湖南	益陽	4,844,200	1,356,376	387,536	205,357	47	1,442	888
		869,826	413,168	127,916	35,815	4	11	189
	張家界	1,708,700	704,300	218,050	44,117	1	430	204
	益陽大通湖	108,400	54,900	16,997				
	益陽市新區	158,000	158,000	48,916				
江蘇	邳州	1,874,900	963,699	275,459	103,467	24	647	404
	揚中	281,606	170,231	81,062	65,376	79	964	926
	南京江北地區	1,700,000	1,700,000	653,846	528,261	97	2,868	1,437
	南京浦口區	769,900	664,809	205,823				
	徐州賈汪區	428,700	242,200	74,985	45,630	14	189	96
	徐州新沂	1,126,600	319,700	98,978	57,091	43	276	517
	揚州市	4,616,700	2,515,195	679,782	397,783	51	1,429	1,91
	泰興東區	30,000	30,000	16,667	11,550	14	30	143
	連雲港海州經濟開發區	240,000	240,000	74,303	208			•
	南京晶橋	48,000	48,000	13,714		6		7
	東海縣	53,000	53,000	15,143		1	1	
	沛縣	247,464	247,464	70,704	50,522	4	58	433
	泗洪縣	265,992	265,992	75,998	67,002	11	146	452
	灌南縣	177,197	177,197	50,628	25,644		54	179
	南京長蘆工業園區	52,000	52,000	16,099				
浙江	杭州蕭山區	1,275,900	1,002,200	200,440	132,216	344	361	1,202
	台州	600,000	600,000	185,759	71,770	15	486	498
	金華	4,811,500	968,500	299,845	110,328	132	389	577
	杭州江東開發區	420,000	240,000	74,303				
	岱山經濟開發區							
	樂清市	35,000	35,000	10,000				
河北	滄州開發區	370,000	270,000	83,591	9,926	56	34	72
	南皮縣	780,000	190,000	58,824	39,481	25	64	189
	清河縣	407,000	113,000	34,985	7,658		18	32
	望都市	270,000	100,000	40,000	27,912	52	231	237
	唐山南堡	170,000	78,000	32,500	25,664	24	123	264
	樂亭縣							
	新樂							
	稿城	4,320,000	983,400	304,458	282,282	195	1,671	1,409
	平山縣							
	唐山豐南區							
	內丘縣							
	渤海新區	750,000	750,000	174,419	1,392	10	6	2
	滄州高新區	150,000	90,000	27,864	4,198	2	8	10
	唐縣	590,000	310,000	95,975	22,969	3	144	155

				於二:	零一七年三月三十	- 日		
省/自治區/ 直轄市	營運地點	總人口	市區人口	可接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 工業用戶	累計已接駁 商業用戶	管道長度
	邯鄲冀南新區	918,000	70,000	21,672	7,157	9	1	28
	鹿泉	430,000	156,000	69,955	37,872	5	14	90
	曲陽縣	600,000	150,000	46,440	6,454		6	45
	饒陽縣	300,000	68,000	21,053				
	泊頭新區	830,000	380,000	117,647				
	淶水縣	358,357	100,092	30,988	1,482			
	定州	353,000	62,500	19,350	7,505	2	5	22
	定興縣	1,222,000	521,000	129,740				
	玉田縣城	219,481	219,481	62,709	52,043	8	94	190
	昌黎縣	215,378	215,378	61,537	36,082	3	41	215
	蔚縣縣城	130,162	130,162	37,189	22,335		7	142
	下花園區	72,849	72,849	20,814	16,030		16	104
	成安縣	170,148	170,148	48,614	16,485	1	12	125
	吳橋縣	86,951	86,951	24,843	13,138	12	34	177
	南晋縣	131,380	131,380	37,537	25,721	6	119	229
	臨漳縣	136,930	136,930	39,123	17,784	7	24	176
	棗強縣	86,151	86,151	24,615	13,884		23	119
	隆堯縣	21,538	21,538	6,154	4,538		11	34
	行唐縣	53,844	53,844	15,384	7,692		10	86
	故城縣	183,378	183,378	52,394	24,000	1	48	153
	南宮市	197,724	197,724	56,493	32,702		32	114
	雞澤縣	55,173	55,173	15,764	7,620	5	18	72
	新河縣	31,879	31,879	10,100	10,099	7	22	99
	康保縣	283,000	127,746	39,550	64			9
	贊皇縣	250,000	95,000	29,412				
廣西壯族	玉林	7,173,200	1,415,200	438,142	116,323	26	799	469
自治區	欽州	4,041,000	588,600	182,229	105,282	5	507	330
	柳州	3,856,700	1,468,474	454,636	338,547	61	1,406	1,778
	防城港	918,400	506,300	156,749	84,725	8	359	521
	南寧市東盟開發園區	200,000	200,000	61,920	10,537	16	45	85
	來賓	2,685,600	400,000	123,839	53,467	3	249	401
	百色	4,131,900	354,930	109,885	32,194	1	105	212
	博自	1,822,100	400,000	123,839	20,234		49	134
	南寧	7,517,400	3,310,000	1,103,333	953,810	133	4,360	3,088
	崇左	2,488,000	745,400	230,774	24,298	2	68	154
	桂平	1,996,000	269,260	83,362	16,226	2	39	117
	北海	1,719,700	951,682	294,638				
	陸川	1,100,000	720,000	222,910	60	2	1	2
	天等縣	460,000	314,700	97,430	2,735		7	11
	大化縣	468,326	93,218	28,860	2,774		2	16
	河池田林縣	4,245,400 280,000	1,219,700 25,844	377,616 8,001	9,998 1,581	1	5	32 5
除事	_					007	4.057	
陝西	寶雞 岐山縣	3,775,000 473,600	1,916,190 230,550	638,730 71,378	518,725	267	4,257	1,720
	榆林	3,382,000	660,000	204,334	11,950	e	129	40
	制 你 	3,382,000	30,514	204,334 9,447	11,900	6	129	40
	商南縣	245,900	118,900	36,811				

		於二零一七年三月三十一日							
省/自治區/ 直轄市	營運地點	總人口	市區人口	可接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 工業用戶	累計已接駁 商業用戶	管道長度	
廣東	茂名	7,988,500	1,220,000	377,709	87,405	1	520	677	
	從化	586,800	229,995	103,137	60,295	61	288	676	
	梅州	1,237,000	887,000	274,613	85,873	13	318	707	
	雲浮	2,480,800	319,000	98,762	35,128		206	326	
	汕尾	3,618,900	535,235	165,707	18,821	2	161	184	
	新興縣	542,289	108,458	33,578	16,899	32	76	216	
	豐順縣	711,676	253,428	78,461	12,002	5	49	117	
	平遠縣	264,256	83,441	25,833	11,146	1	57	109	
	大埔縣	553,945	199,808	61,860	12,014	2	33	92	
	五華縣	1,463,929	175,804	54,428	11,053	6	145	110	
	化州	1,653,000	593,425	183,723	21,504		27	152	
	陸河縣	354,371	157,814	48,859	1,063	4	5	29	
	梅縣	610,169	135,161	41,846					
	揭陽市工業園								
遼寧	撫順	2,148,000	1,600,000	533,333	368,684	37	6,330	733	
	錦州經濟技術開發區	200,000	200,000	89,686	52,322	13	211	210	
	瀋陽蘇家屯區	474,779	474,779	146,990	77,071	111	496	750	
	大連金州開發區	1,100,000	480,000	165,517	115,389	25	240	732	
	遼陽	1,790,000	750,000	232,198	110,955	56	411	605	
	蓋州	730,000	288,000	89,164	24,537	8	139	218	
	莊河市	925,000	286,750	88,777	41,246	21	154	379	
	莊河市工業區	97,000	69,000	21,362					
	普蘭店	916,000	343,958	106,489	16,193	18	35	170	
	遼陽經濟特區	87,000	63,200	19,567					
	遼陽太子河	160,900	70,000	21,672					
	新賓縣	320,000	150,000	46,440	3,635		10	32	
	錦州龍西灣新區	60,000	25,000	12,500	7,347	1	21	60	
	清原縣	333,700	104,500	32,353	7,299		27	46	
	大石橋工業園								
	建平縣	582,019	116,404	36,038					
	撫順縣	220,000	150,000	46,440					
	義縣七裡河	35,496	35,496	10,989		2	6	5	
	長海縣	72,892	40,757	12,618					
	錦州大有經濟區	80,000	80,000	24,768		1		3	
	營口渤海科技城	30,000	30,000	9,288					
	錦州市	3,020,000	1,267,000	553,275	374,707	16	9,414	1,155	
	瀋陽市	8,291,000	5,299,000	2,511,374	2,205,102	890	14,558	6,809	
重慶	渝北	1,602,500	1,285,800	398,080	170,891	36	9,794	1,310	

				於二	二零一七年三月三十	B		
省/自治區/ 直轄市	營運地點	總人口	市區人口	可接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 工業用戶	累計已接駁 商業用戶	管道長度
山東	德州	5,792,300	1,980,000	613,003	219,762	32	2,319	636
	青島	9,204,000	3,354,000	1,118,000	947,235	10	6,108	2,522
	樂陵	676,300	328,700	101,765	3,378	13	22	78
	曲阜	654,500	398,000	123,220	43,314	25	110	170
	泗水	620,000	169,000	52,322	18,248	23	80	70
	曲阜新區	654,500	398,000	72,400	2,591	10	23	80
	濰坊濱海經濟開發區	150,000	150,000	46,440	3,426	17	33	62
	聊城	260,000	260,000	80,495	960	2	9	16
	德州天衢工業園					11	6	61
	臨沂市	1,370,000	1,370,000	391,429	309,965	187	1,182	836
	臨沂經濟開發區	275,000	275,000	78,571	61,209	111	148	535
	臨沭縣	9,000	9,000	2,571	853	64	4	155
	章丘市 榮成市 海陽市 文登市 乳山市	480,000	320,000	128,000	88,298	191	158	
	利田市 威海市	2,819,300	1,500,000	464,396	311,755	54	633	1,679
山西	朔州市	350,000	350,000	108,359	14,247		69	634
HH	臨汾市鄉寧縣	234,486	52,900	16,378	17,271		00	004
天津		600,000	150,000	46,440	2,692	4	9	244
	子牙工業區	50,000	50,000	15,480	5,078	26	3	
	天津寶坻區	701,100	162,500	50,310	1,008	3	1	36
吉林	撫松	920,000	65,500	20,279	1,272			9
	白山市	342,065	342,065	97,733	59,811		201	261
	長白山國際旅遊度假區	158,936	158,936	45,410	5,090		55	93
	靖宇縣	90,000	38,000	11,765				
內蒙古自治區	呼和浩特	3,089,000	2,500,000	925,926	758,297	136	7,745	2,173
	烏審旗	120,360	90,270	41,032	27,258			
	包頭	2,858,000	2,000,000	800,000	589,400	544	5,512	2,528
	和林格爾縣	200,900	89,500	27,709				
	托克托縣	207,621	120,358	37,263				
	土左旗	365,000	100,000	30,960				
	武川縣	180,000	60,000	18,576				
	阿拉善盟	243,500	187,100	57,926				
	阿拉善盟烏斯太工業園區	30,000	30,000	9,288				
	左旗騰格裡工業區	13,000	6,000	1,858				
	烏海	558,300	449,989	139,315				
	烏拉特前旗	450,000	150,000	46,440				
	涼城縣	249,000	44,621	13,815				
	金山經濟技術開發區	7,439	7,439	7,439				

				於二:	零一七年三月三十-	- 日		
省/自治區/ 直轄市	營運地點	總人口	口人區市	可接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 工業用戶	累計已接駁 商業用戶	管道長
黑龍江	哈爾濱	9,621,000	4,678,000	2,126,364	1,760,845	79	10,356	2,
	佳木斯	2,374,717	1,246,036	385,770	200,708	11	1,000	1,
	雙城	902,532	255,566	79,122				
	牡丹江	2,751,000	1,000,000	309,598	163,956	3	373	
	大興安嶺加格達奇區	550,000	160,000	49,536	9,217		26	
	樺川縣	220,000	137,000	42,415	14,963	2	142	3
	湯原縣	330,445	114,000	35,294	9,057	7	56	
	樺南縣	461,000	140,000	43,344	7,094	11	109	
	綏濱縣	220,000	100,000	30,960	2,022		15	
	同江	211,609	116,184	35,970	3,211	1	25	
	牡丹江江南開發區	70,000	70,000	21,672				
	農墾寶泉嶺	209,700	149,789	46,374	3,693		23	
	饒河縣	150,000	100,000	30,960	2,519		22	
	七台河市金沙新區	25,000	22,000	22,000	16,933		1	
	木蘭縣	274,000	120,000	37,152	.,			
	鐵力市城關	198,000	198,000	56,571	5,595		7	
	富裕縣	300,000	120,000	37,152	815			
	勃利縣	296,000	108,750	33,669	5,895		12	
	蘿北縣	230,000	136,000	42,105	149			
	伊春市新青區	58,420	58,420	18,087	325		6	
	雞西	380,000	181,200	56,099	16,003	1	40	
	雙鴨山嶺東區	109,180	91,273	28,258	2,578		40	
	黑河市	1,679,000	800,000	228,571	1,726			
	農墾紅興隆區	345,555	69,111	21,397	1,720			
	五大連池市	370,000	210,000	65,015	29	1		
	遜克縣	99,498	37,809	11,706	23	1		
	慶安縣	380,000	144,400	44,706	5,000			
		000,000	111,100		0,000			
寧夏回族自治區	中衛	1,141,600	446,100	138,111	56,821	16	1,725	
	固原市	1,501,100	360,000	111,455	12,625		48	
福建	30個城市/地區	4,450,000	4,450,000	1,435,484	946,774	447	5,930	8
	三明市	2,550,000	1,466,000	453,870	15,887			
	邵武市	165,000	165,000	47,143	8,973	1	21	
	武平縣	391,100	126,100	39,040				
	泰寧縣	136,000	62,968	19,495				
	清流縣	155,994	35,972	11,137				
	泉州官橋工業區	150,000	80,000	24,768				
江西	南昌市灣裡區	90,000	50,000	45,455	24,872	4	109	
/ 	信豐縣	800,000	260,000	80,495	26,898	8	140	
	樂安市	370,000	100,000	30,960	20,000	ŭ		
	婺源縣	380,310	120,000	37,152	9,060	6	52	
	宜黃縣	300,000	70,000	21,672	4,596	Ŭ	3	
	信豐工業園區	30,000	2,312	716	4,000		O .	
шт								
甘肅	靈台縣	232,200	130,000	40,248				
	華亭縣	196,000	106,300	32,910				
	靜寧縣	488,900	144,274	44,667				
	崇信縣	103,100	58,324	18,057				
	華池縣	135,500	40,975	12,686	997			
	合水縣	200,000	70,261	21,753	1,333			

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	省/自治區/ 直轄市	營運地點	總人口	市區人口	可接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 住宅用戶	累計已接駁 工業用戶	累計已接駁 商業用戶	管道長度
	河南	信陽	700,000	700,000	216,718	129,817	42	920	
		焦作市	1,010,000	1,010,000	314,286	251,969	87	814	1,410
		沁陽市	130,000	130,000	37,143	24,771	44	108	
		武陟縣	520,000	520,000	148,571	23,352	10	68	219
		修武縣	90,000	90,000	25,714	9,806	38	66	296
		潔河市7個項目	1,295,000	1,295,000	370,000	228,550	131	851	733
		西平縣	32,800	32,800	9,371	107.010	400	050	000
		濟源市 三門峽市	585,000 390,000	585,000 390,000	167,143 111,429	127,316 81,622	168 31	853 367	828 387
		一口 N II	53,000	53,000	15,143	01,022	01	001	301
		三門峽工業園	00,000	00,000	10,110		7		
		- 17 バーボロ - 重寶市	120,000	120,000	34,286	2,818	8	21	73
		偃師市	150,000	150,000	42,857	30,668	109	96	290
		永城市	400,000	400,000	114,286	71,219	7	139	391
		永城產業區	35,000	35,000	10,000		1		
		新密市	250,000	250,000	71,429	49,289	50	176	539
		潢川縣	665,000	285,019	88,241				1
		光山縣	127,000	58,140	18,000				
		固始縣	62,000	38,760	12,000	050			00
	貴州	■ 室義市回郭鎮	9,000	9,000	2,571	859	33	2	36
	雲南	凱裡市 	1,060,000	516,000 80,000	159,752	32,312 2,945	7	137	26
	云 円	保山市	80,000 170,000	170,000	24,768 52,632	12,282		43	19
		緑春縣	232,700	46,540	14,409	12,202		40	1
	新疆維吾爾自治區	霍爾果斯經濟開發區	85,000	85,000	26,316				
	/ N 無莊口 M 口/I E	霍城經濟開發區	100,000	100,000	30,960	2,486		23	6
	鄉鎮氣代煤項目	中國華北地區				34,432	_		
上游開採	重慶	重慶鼎發				92,707	16	1,424	2,156
管綫	內蒙古自治區	長蒙				4,475	16	77	365
		烏審旗					5	941	574
	天津	天津					2		36
	湖北	孝感					1		202
		當陽					1		71
		黄岡-大冶							
	河北	黄驊			<u> </u>		3		51
	7130	滄州中油					45		1
	重慶	重慶長南				3,340	6	23	134
	山西	北京–朔州							44
	遼寧	遼陽							
	江蘇	蘇北							
	廣西壯族自治區	廣西省天然氣管網							
	山東	山東省天然氣管道							1,130
	總數		267,040,182	117,124,880	38,932,392	20,681,656	7,403	141,969	95,455
				. ,	7 1-7=	7 7	, ,	,	



天然氣

天然氣

能源是人類賴以生存的基本要素,能源應用的進步和發展始終推動人類社會的進步和發展。構建安全、穩定、多元、清潔的能源供應體系,對推動中國經濟持續增長與社會進步具有重要意義。天然氣作為一種清潔、低碳、高效、優質的能源,具有資源豐富、成本相對低廉、使用便利的優勢。同時,天然氣還能與可再生能源形成良性互補,是中國能源供應清潔化的最現實選擇。因此,加快天然氣產業發展,提高天然氣在中國一次性能源消費中的比重,是加快建設清潔低碳、安全高效的現代能源體系的必由之路,也是化解環境約束、改善大氣污染,實現綠色低碳發展的有效途徑,對推動節能減排、改善大氣質量,提高公眾生活質量和健康水平,實現可持續發展具有重要的作用和意義。

近年來,中國的天然氣應用領域不斷拓寬,利用水平持續提升,天然氣行業已初步形成多品種、多渠道的多元化供應和「西氣東輸、北氣南下、海氣登陸、就近供應」的供氣格局,保障能力逐年增強,有力地支撐了消費市場的快速發展。根據國家發展和改革委員會(「發改委」)數據顯示,二零一六年中國的天然氣消費量為2,058億立方米,全年增長約6.6%,但天然氣利用規模與中國的經濟及環境發展水平仍不匹配,天然氣在一次能源消費的比重僅為6.4%,仍遠低於24%的國際平均水平。未來,國家將借助推動「大氣污染治理重點地區氣化工程」、「天然氣



我們致力提供優質服務, 在清潔能源方面不 斷革新, 改善環境和提高生活質素。

本集團主要從事建設及營運城市燃氣管道, 向中國居民和工商業用戶輸送天然氣及銷售 天然氣和液化石油氣。本集團擁有330個城 市燃氣項目,項目數量為中國之最。本集團 亦投資於相關基建,例如燃氣碼頭、儲運設 施、燃氣物流系統和汽車加氣站,並於中國 從事開發和應用與天然氣和液化石油氣有關 的技術。 項目開發 25 個新增城市 管道燃氣項目

14

居民用戶開發 **2,564,943** 戶新增居民用戶

工商業用戶開發 **28,980** 個新增工商業用戶



天然氣

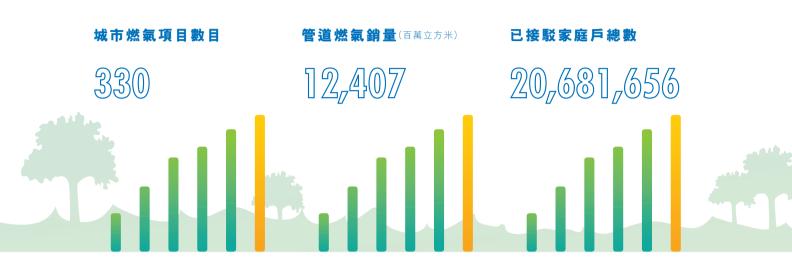
發電及分布式能源工程 |、「交通領域氣化工程 |、「節能替代工程 |等一系列綠色氣化工程,力爭於2020年將天然 氣佔一次能源消費比重提高至10%。與此同時,為進一步促進天然氣產業有序、健康發展,國家相關部門也陸續 頒布利好政策,推動天然氣行業的市場化改革。

發改委於二零一六年十月九日出台《天然氣管道運輸價格管理辦法(試行)》和《天然氣管道運輸定價成本監審辦 法(試行)》。新的辦法對管道運輸價格定價方式及監管模式進行了改革,提升管道運行情況的透明化,標志著中 國天然氣管輸定價機制改革的正式啟動,有利於國家天然氣幹線管網及資源的市場化運行,為未來實現國家天 然氣管網第三方開放奠定基礎。此外,二零一六年十二月二十四日,發改委下發的《天然氣發展[十三五]規劃》 (「《規劃》」) 還提出,十三五期間將加快天然氣主幹管網及配套管道建設,將新建天然氣主幹及配套管道4萬公 里,力爭到2020年天然氣綜合保供能力可達3,600億立方米/年以上,全國的管道總里程達到10.4萬公里,幹線輸 氣能力將超過4,000億立方米/年; 氣化人口將超過4.7億人, 天然氣氣化率將達到57%的水平; 《規劃》還提出將 繼續大力支持天然氣汽車發展,2020年氣化各類車輛1,000萬輛,配套建設加氣站1.2萬座;並將以京津冀、長三 角、珠三角、東北地區為重點推進「煤改氣」進程,提高天然氣發電比重及鼓勵發展天然氣分布式能源等燃氣利用 項目,努力構建結構合理、安全可靠、供需協調的現代天然氣產業體系,將天然氣培育成國家主體能源之一。天 然氣相關利好政策的密集出台,對天然氣行業及市場發展帶來前所未有的機遇,本集團將抓住此良好契機,繼續 大力拓展天然氣業務布局。



天然氣是化石燃料之一,主要成份是甲烷,無色、無味、熱值高、燃燒充分及 無雜質,是一種優良的氣體燃料,它具有清潔、無毒、發熱量高、使用方便等 特點。主要用作加熱及發電,通常埋藏於石油田附近。

天然氣



2011/12 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17 財年 財年 財年 財年 財年

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1 河北

滄州開發區、南皮縣、清河縣、望都市、唐山南堡、樂亭縣、新樂、渤海新區、縣、唐山豐南區、內丘縣、渤海新區、鹿泉、州高新區、唐縣、邯鄲冀南新區、鹿泉、曲陽縣、饒陽縣、泊頭新區、淶水縣、蘇縣、江田縣城、昌黎縣、斯縣縣、下花園區、成安縣、吳橋縣、寧縣、臨漳縣、棗強縣、隆堯縣、行唐縣、故城縣、南宮市、雞澤縣、新河縣、康保縣、贊皇縣、黃難、滄州中油管道

2 入蒙古白治區

呼和浩特、烏審旗、包頭、和林格爾縣、 托克托縣、土左旗、武川縣、阿拉善盟、 阿拉善盟烏斯太工業園區、左旗騰格里工 業區、烏海、烏拉特前旗、凉城縣、金山 經濟技術開發區、長蒙管道、烏審旗管道

3 甘肅

靈台縣、華亭縣、靜寧縣、崇信縣、華池 縣、合水縣

4 寧夏回族自治區

中衛、固原市

5 陝西

寶雞、岐山縣、榆林、麟游縣、商南縣

6 湖北

宜昌、孝感、漢川、應城、雲夢、隨州、 天門、當陽、武漢青山區、武漢江四、丹江口、遠安、大悟縣、武漢軍 河口工業園、十堰武當山特區、房縣縣、 湖高新區、監利縣、洪湖市、松滋團風 漢市新州區、武穴市、黃山縣、水縣、 黃梅縣龍感湖區、大海區、 黃梅縣龍感湖區、大海縣、 黃梅縣龍感湖區、 黃梅縣龍感湖區、 黃梅縣龍感湖區、 黃梅縣龍感湖區 大治管道

7 重慶

渝北、重慶長南管道

8 湖南

益陽、攸縣、張家界、益陽大通湖、益陽 市新區

9 廣西壯族自治區

玉林、欽州、柳州、防城港、南寧市東盟 開發園區、來賓、百色、博白、南寧、崇 左、桂平、北海、陸川、天等縣、大化 縣、河池、田林縣、廣西省天然氣管網

10 黑龍江

哈爾濱、佳木斯、雙城、牡丹江、大興安嶺加格達奇區、樺川縣、湯原縣、樺南縣、綏濱縣、同江、牡丹江江南開發區、農墾寶泉嶺、饒河縣、七台河市金沙新區、木蘭縣、鐵力市城關、富裕縣、勃利縣、蘿北縣、伊春市新青區、雞西、雙鴨山嶺東區、黑河市、農墾紅興隆區、五大連池市、遜克縣、慶安縣

11 遼寧

撫順、錦州經濟技術開發區、瀋陽蘇家屯區、大連金州開發區、遼陽、蓋州、莊河市、莊河市工業區、普蘭店、遼陽經濟特區、遼陽太子河、新賓縣、錦州龍西灣新區、清原縣、大石橋工業園、建平縣、撫順縣、義縣七里河、長海縣、錦州大有經濟區、營口渤海科技城、錦州市、瀋陽市、遼陽管道

12 新疆維吾爾自治區

霍爾果斯經濟開發區、霍城經濟開發區

13 天津

靜海經濟開發區、子牙工業區、天津寶坻 區、天津管道

14 山東

德州、青島、樂陵、曲阜、泗水、曲阜新區、濰坊濱海經濟開發區、聊城、德州天衢工業園、臨沂市、臨沂經濟開發區、臨沭縣、章丘市、榮成市、海陽市、文登市、乳山市、威海市、山東省天然氣管道

15 河南

信陽、焦作市、沁陽市、武陟縣、修武縣、 漯河市7個項目、西平縣、濟源市、三門峽 市、陝縣縣、三門峽工業園、靈寶市、偃師 市、永城市、永城產業區、新密市、潢川 縣、光山縣、固始縣、鞏義市回郭鎮

16 江蘇

邳州、揚中、南京江北地區、南京浦口區、徐州賈汪區、徐州新沂、揚州市、泰興東區、連雲港海州經濟開發區、南京晶橋、東海縣、沛縣、泗洪縣、灌南縣、南京長蘆工業園區、蘇北管道

17 安徽

蕪湖、淮南、壽縣、宿州、蕪湖縣、南陵縣、霍山縣、鳳台縣、無為縣、祁門縣、休寧縣、毛集開發區、霍丘縣、宿松臨江工業園、宿州泗縣、宿州埇橋經濟開發區、五河縣、泗縣縣城、宿松市、太湖縣、合肥市濱湖新區



新疆

18 浙江

杭州蕭山區、台州、金華、杭州江東開發 區、岱山經濟開發區、樂清市

19 江西

南昌市灣里區、信豐縣、樂安市、婺源縣、宜黃縣、信豐工業園區

20 福建

30個城市/地區、三明市、邵武市、武平 縣、泰寧縣、清流縣、泉州官橋工業區

21 廣東

茂名、從化、梅州、雲浮、汕尾、新興縣、 豐順縣、平遠縣、大埔縣、五華縣、化州、 陸河縣、梅縣、揭陽市工業園

22 山屋

朔州市、臨汾市鄉寧縣、北京-朔州管道

23 吉杉

撫松、白山市、長白山國際旅游度假區、靖 宇縣

24 貴州

凱里市

25 雲南

大理海東新區、保山市、綠春縣















中國燃氣是最積極參與 鄉鎮氣代煤業務的燃氣分銷商



近年來,隨著各地霧霾「爆表」事件頻發,空氣污染已經嚴重影響了 國民的生活品質和身心健康,不僅會導致呼吸道傳染病、慢性呼吸 系統疾病,還會導致腫瘤和心血管疾病,治理空氣污染已刻不容 緩,政府和公眾對於霧霾及大氣污染治理問題高度關注和重視, 中央及各地政府紛紛出台大氣治理及環保監管的措施,大力改善 生態環境和提高生活質量。天然氣作為綠色清潔能源的一種,與太 陽能、風能、生物質能源相比,在生產、儲運、運輸等方面技術較 為成熟,經濟性及可行性遠大於其他新能源。因此,使用天然氣對 傳統煤炭燃料、重油等高污染燃料進行替代,是解決目前空氣污染 問題的有效方法之一,可有效降低污染物和二氧化碳排放強度。 李克強總理在今年政府工作報告中明確提出:「要堅決打好藍天保 衛戰,加快解決燃煤污染問題;全面實施散煤綜合治理,推進北方 地區冬季清潔取暖,完成以電代煤、以氣代煤300萬戶以上,全部 淘汰地級以上城市建成區燃煤小鍋爐」。國家環境保護部二零一六 年七月發佈的《京津冀大氣污染防治強化措施(2016-2017年)》也進 一步明確要求指定禁煤區域,並實施生態環境共建共享、聯防聯





控的合作機制。此外,發改委二零一六年十二月下發的《天然氣發展「十三五」規劃》中也提出,十三五期間「煤改氣」工程將新增天然氣用氣量450億立方米,替代燃煤鍋爐18.9萬噸。由此可見,由「煤改氣」、「氣代煤」相關工程帶動天然氣消費量提升,市場發展潛力巨大。與此同時,各級地方政府也積極響應並推出多項大氣污染及環境治理的促進政策。二零一六年九月,河北省政府也出台了《關於加快實施保定、廊坊禁煤區電代煤和氣代煤的指導意見》,意見要求到二零一七年十月底前,禁煤區完成除了電煤、集中供熱和原料用煤外,燃煤「清零」,並對氣代煤在設備購置、氣價補貼、政策實施等方面做出了具體的標準和要求。中國環境保護部、發改委、財政部、能源局聯合





北京市、天津市、河北省、山西省、山東省、河南省人民政府於二零 一七年二月十七日印發《京津冀及周邊地區二零一七年大氣污染防治 工作方案》。方案提出加快京津冀一體化建設,實施冬季清潔取暖重 點工程,全面加強城中村、城鄉結合部和農村地區散煤治理,北京、 天津、河北的部分城市於二零一七年十月底前完成「禁煤區」氣代煤 建設任務。這些環保政策的實施對提高天然氣在中國的使用量起到 積極的推動作用。也為本集團提供廣闊的市場發展空間。

本集團在氣代煤業務戰略發展上做出了敏銳準確的預判,提前謀劃, 在中國城市燃氣行業率先啟動和制定了氣代煤的大發展戰略,將華 北區域氣代煤業務作為集團重要發展戰略之一,保障集團未來天然 氣銷售量的持續增長。

車船用天然氣

天然氣在交通領域的主要利用方向是城市公交、城際載客車、載貨 車、內河及沿海船舶等,主要替代的是汽油、柴油和燃料油等油品。 從能源利用的全生命周期進行比較,天然氣汽車的能源綜合利用率 為14.6%, 高於汽柴油的綜合利用率(9.3%)。特別在減排和環保方 面,天然氣優勢明顯。與汽柴油相比,在獲得相同熱值的條件下,天 然氣可減排二氧化碳達20%,減排二氧化硫接近100%,減少顆粒物 排放接近100%。具有節能減排、安全清潔,並且能大幅度降低運營 成本的獨特優勢,在中國有良好的經濟效益和社會效益。國家已出 台多項政策鼓勵發展車船用天然氣:其中,國務院《能源發展戰略行 動計劃(2014-2020年)》明確提出,「加快天然氣加氣站設施建設,以 城市出租車、公交車為重點,積極有序發展液化天然氣(LNG)汽車和 壓縮天然氣(CNG)汽車,穩妥發展天然氣家庭轎車、城際客車、重型 卡車等」;在水運交通方面,交通部發布的《關於推進水運行業應用液 化天然氣的指導意見》,明確了LNG在水運行業的發展路徑、目標、 原則、任務和保障措施等。根據行業專業機構的統計,截止目前,全 國天然氣汽車為420.2萬輛,其中CNG車輛399萬輛,LNG車輛21.2萬 輛:天然氣加氣站7,100座,其中CNG站4,400座,LNG站2,700座,年 用氣量約185億立方米。預計到2030年,中國的交通運輸行業天然氣 總需求量將達到657億立方米/年。

本集團作為跨區域的清潔能源供應商,在發展交通用燃氣方面具備得天獨厚的管網及規模優勢。目前,本集團在全國已擁有超過580座天然氣汽車加氣站和多支危險品運輸車隊,日均可為超過20萬輛天然氣汽車提供加氣服務。未來,本集團將繼續強化車船用天然氣業務板塊,形成中國燃氣特色的4G(LNG、CNG、LPG、PNG)能源網絡,加速實現從燃氣供應商到綜合能源方案提供商的轉變。



液化石油氯









液化石油氣(「LPG」)是煉油廠在進行原油催化裂解與熱裂解時所產生的副產品,主要成份為易燃的碳氫化合物如丙烷及丁烷等煉油副產品,主要用作工業、家庭及汽車的燃料。

個液化石油氣碼頭 300,000立方米 儲量的儲存設施 92 個液化石油氣分銷項目和 1,100 個零售門店

液化石油氣

液化石油氣作為廣為人知的綠色清潔能源,其主要組成的碳氫化合物,可全部燃燒,無粉塵,可大大減少過去以煤、柴為燃料造成的空氣污染。此外,由於其熱值高、易於運輸、儲存簡單、操作使用方便、不但被廣泛的應用於工業和商業等領域,也是市場化程度最高的一個能源品種。近年來,隨著能源消費市場的逐漸升級,液化石油氣資源也已開始流向能夠產生更大附加值的應用領域,不僅限於作為烹飪等家用燃料,也開始作為汽車燃料、生物醫藥、農業養殖等深加工使用。根據國際燃氣行業的發展規律來看,液化石油氣不但是城鎮燃氣的重要組成部分,還與天然氣形成了有效補充。

跟據中國LPG行業報告的數據顯示,二零一六年中國液化氣市場的表觀消費量為4,055萬噸,同比增長了24.3%,這主要得益於對液化石油氣的深加工,特別是烷烴深加工需求的增長。本集團作為中國最大的綜合性液化石油氣運營服務商,擁有92個液化石油氣分銷項目、一個專業的海上運輸船隊及大型陸地物流車隊、1,100個零售門店,服務民用、商用、工業多個領域超過600多萬用戶。此外還擁有8個沿大陸岸線合理分布的LPG碼頭;4個大型石化產品倉儲物流基地,30萬立方米儲量的儲存設施,以及亞洲最大的液化石油氣常溫儲存罐群。產業布局包括進口、碼頭、貿易、倉儲、物流、充裝、配送、零售全產業鏈。氣源市場覆蓋華東、華南、華中、西南、華北等區域的16省。形成了終端零售與貿易批發的有效結合,不但加強了上游採購優勢,保障終端資源穩定,還可降低縱向一體化運營風險。在上游資源採購方面,本集團持續加強與資源供應商的戰略合作。國產氣採購方面,積極推動分別與中石化、中石油在南方及北方上游重要氣源生產商的氣源合作。在進口氣方面,力爭在外部資源採購



液化石油氣

上實現突破,加強與本公司股東方之一的Fortune Oil Limited合作,力爭實現船上交貨(FOB)直採,進一步優化進口 氣採購結構,合理控制採購風險與成本。此外,本集團還堅持通過創新和品牌,來規範和整合市場。利用統一的 「中燃百江 | 品牌形象來加強品牌營銷;本集團頒過95007服務號全覆蓋、中燃慧生活手機應用程式(APP)訂氣系 統、銷售系統等電商服務來全面提升服務質量:利用物聯網優勢,積極發展槽車採購與物流業務:並輔以新技術 的開發與引進,對LPG鋼瓶的運轉流通進行監管控制,提升安全管理水平

未來,隨著新農村、城鎮化建設的推進,國家節能減排、環境保護政策的進一步落實,原油和成品油價格及品質 與國際接軌等一系列措施的實施,中國的液化石油氣消費量將不斷增加,集團將緊抓市場機遇,深耕細作,致力 於將本集團發展成為全球領先的液化石油氣運營服務商。



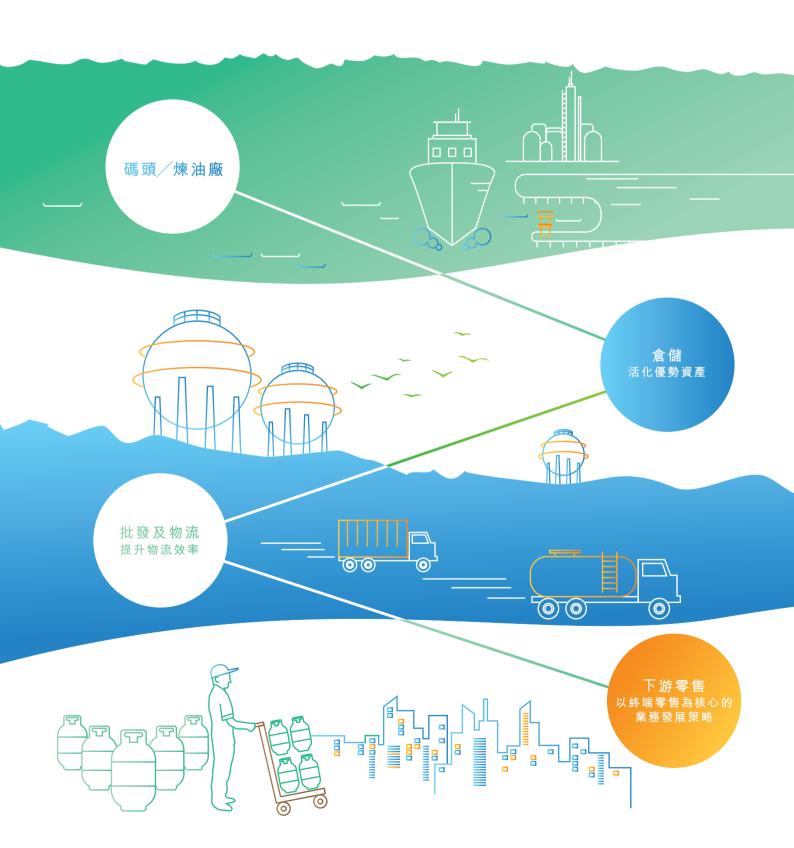
液化石油氣亦稱液化氣,是煉油精製過程中產生並回收的氣體在常溫下經加 壓而成的液態產品。主要成分是丙烷、丁烷、丙烯、丁烯。主要用途是作石油 化工原料, 脱硫後可直接做燃料。

「液化石油氣深加工」:是指以液化石油氣為原料,並利用其中烯烴成分為路 線的芳構化、異構化、甲乙酮、醋酸仲丁酯項目和以烷烴為路線的順酐、丁二 烯、異丁烯等的項目,是利用低附加值的液化石油氣產品生產高附加值產品的 化工生產過程。

LPG銷量(噸)



本集團液化石油氣業務流程的產業鏈整合策略







增值服務





本集團將打造一個以家庭及社區為主要服務對象 的電商入口與平台,為燃氣及燃氣相關產品及服 務的銷售提供更便捷的互聯網營銷平台。

為現有超過 **2,500萬名** 終端用戶提供 增值服務

增值服務

增值業務是燃氣運營企業挖掘用戶價值潛力,提升品牌優勢及服務競爭力的有效途徑,也是內涵式增長的重要發展動力。「中國燃氣•CHINA GAS」的企業品牌已經在社會和用戶中形成了廣泛的認同感。集團在鞏固壯大核心燃氣業務的基礎上,大力實施增值業務「同心多角化」戰略,加速發展中燃寶燃氣具、保險、波紋管、報警器等燃氣相關銷售業務,推動燃氣鍋爐和節能設備銷售以及鍋爐燃氣改造和節能改造服務業務。其中,中燃寶是中國燃氣集團旗下的自有燃氣具品牌,產品涵蓋燃氣灶、燃氣熱水器、吸油煙機、消毒櫃、壁掛爐等多個類別,產品型號已超過200款,並以安全節能的產品和專業優質的服務為品牌核心競爭力,為用戶提供安裝諮詢、安裝設計、送貨安裝、專業維修等「一站式」專業服務和安全保障。於本財年,集團實現銷售中燃寶系列產品近40萬台,已躍居中國燃氣具行業主流陣營,並引領國內燃氣具行業朝品質更安全、服務更專業的健康方向發展。

此外,集團為了搭建線上與線下融合的銷售渠道,還成立了中燃慧生活電子商務有限公司,推出中燃慧生活APP,並通過APP的電商平台整合多方資源,為中國億萬家庭用戶提供包括LPG訂氣、燃氣繳費充值、產品銷售、社區便民、家居生活O2O等的一站式智慧生活服務。集團希望通過不斷探索並逐漸形成能同時提供能源與非能源產品服務的[互聯網+]生態圈經營平台,將中燃慧生活打造成為智慧城市公共服務行業領域內的第一品牌。



主席報告書

尊敬的股東:

本人謹代表中國燃氣控股 有限公司董事會向股東提呈2016/17年報。





業績

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團三大業務板塊(天然氣銷售及燃氣接駁、LPG銷售以及增值業 務)的財務及營運表現均錄得可觀升幅。集團合併總收入同比上升8.5%至31,993,323,000港元:合併毛利為 8,376,826,000港元,同比增長16.1%。受惠於集團的突出營運表現以及年度內匯兑虧損等一次性項目的減少,本 公司擁有人應佔溢利躍升82.5%至4,147,732,000港元:每股基本盈利為84.51港仙,同比上升84.6%。

股息

本公司董事會(「董事會」)已決議建議向於二零一七年八月十八日(即釐定股東享有建議末期股息之權利之記錄日 期) 登記在股東名冊內的股東派發末期股息每股20港仙。連同本公司於二零一七年一月二十七日向股東派發之中 期股息每股5港仙,截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度派發股息合共每股25港仙(截至二零一六年三月三十一 日止年度股息合共每股19.46港仙)。

主席報告書

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

符合出席即將舉行之股東週年大會及於會上投票的資格

為釐定有權出席應屆股東週年大會並於會上投票之股東,本公司將於二零一七年八月七日(星期一)至二零一七年八月十日(星期四)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股東登記,期間不會登記本公司股份過戶。為符合資格出席將於二零一七年八月十日(星期四)舉行之應屆股東週年大會並於會上投票,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票及過戶表格,須不遲於二零一七年八月四日(星期五)下午四時三十分前送達本公司香港股份過戶登記分處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712至16號舖。

符合獲派建議末期股息的資格

為釐定股東收取截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之建議末期股息之權利,本公司將於二零一七年八月十六日(星期三)至二零一七年八月十八日(星期五)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股東登記,期間不會登記本公司股份過戶。待股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准後,末期股息將於二零一七年九月二十九日(星期五)或前後派付予於二零一七年八月十八日(星期五)名列本公司股東名冊之股東。為符合資格收取建議末期股息,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票及過戶表格,須不遲於二零一七年八月十五日(星期二)下午四時三十分前送達本公司香港股份登記分處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712至16號舖。

主席展望

當前世界經濟正在低油價的格局中逐步復蘇,英國脱歐、美元匯率轉強以及國際地緣政治因素帶來的影響仍不明朗,全球金融波動帶來的潛在風險依然較大。二零一六年,中國經濟保持了長期向好的基本面,政府通過「供給側改革」推動的產業結構升級及能源結構調整還處在關鍵時期。此外,在能源需求增速放緩,生態環保約束不斷強化的情況下,政府不斷出台系列措施積極支持新能源及清潔能源的發展,並強力推進天然氣市場化改革,油氣管網設施開放、管輸價格監審等改革政策密集出台,這都將對提振天然氣消費產生積極影響,為天然氣利用在中國的持續發展創造了良好的政策及市場環境。

主席報告書

於本財政年度,本集團不斷開拓創 新,積極進取,以配合國家能源變革 為己任,以創新、協調、綠色、共贏 為發展理念,將自身的管理模式變 革向縱深推進。在業務發展方面, 全面推進「3211戰略工程」,即通過 變革推動老國企快速發展、幫扶中 小困難企業訊速提升業績、提高加 氣站單站銷氣量,繼續大力推進天 然氣市場開發,實現LPG板塊大踏步 發展,積極挺進增值業務藍海、加速 發展熱電新能源。同時,本集團積極 響應國家大氣污染治理號召,全力 推動工商業「煤改氣」,並開啟了鄉 鎮居民用戶冬季取暖的「氣代煤」工 程。這些進步和成績為本集團實現 自身中長期發展戰略目標,奠定了 堅實的基礎。

展望未來,在戰略發展方面,本集 團將繼續重點推進「3211戰略工程」 深入落地,構建[一主一新兩翼全業



態」戰略發展新格局,實現天然氣與LPG業務持續穩健增長,著力打造「氣代煤」這一強大的增長引擎,推動增值 業務快速發展,並戰略布局分布式能源、供熱、配售電、光伏、充電樁等新型業務。本集團將通過技術創新、管 理創新、服務創新、商業模式創新和資本運作創新,來提升公司經營管理水平,增強企業核心競爭力,來推動公 司業務健康、持續、快速發展,實現從城市燃氣運營商向城市清潔能源運營商的戰略轉型,努力使本集團成為中 國最專業的城市清潔能源服務提供商。

本集團會繼續借力國家加快改革創新及發展清潔能源的優惠政策,踐行綠色發展的理念,倡導綠色、低碳、循 環、可持續的生產生活方式,加強生態環保合作,建設生態文明,深入推進企業社會責任的履行,並通過多種途 徑和方式為股東、客戶、員工、合作夥伴、社會利益相關方創造最大價值,提供企業核心競爭力及持續發展能 力,努力使公司成為綠色發展,可持續發展的全球領先的城市綜合清潔能源服務供應商。

公司簡介

本集團是一家燃氣運營服務商,主要於中國從事投資、建設、經營城市燃氣管道基礎設施,燃氣碼頭,儲運設施和燃氣物流系統,向居民和工商業用戶輸送天然氣和液化石油氣,建設和經營壓縮天然氣/液化天然氣加氣站,開發與應用天然氣、液化石油氣相關技術。



劉明輝先生 執行主席、董事總經理及總裁

業務回顧

於本財政年度,中國宏觀經濟增速繼續震蕩下行至6.7%,美元進入加息周期,人民幣面對持續貶值壓力,國內製造業產能過剩、房地產業調整、大宗商品特別是原油價格回升乏力,傳統行業仍面臨生存壓力。受益於中國政府治理霧霾的堅定決心與日趨嚴厲的環保政策,工商業"煤改氣"、華北鄉鎮實行"禁煤"政策帶來的居民用戶冬季天然氣取暖(「氣代煤」)等天然氣利用政策的有效實施,使中國天然氣行業一舉扭轉過去兩年增速下滑的局面。二零一六年,中國天然氣的表觀消費量達2.058億立方米,同比增長6.6%,高於二零一五年5.7%的增速。

本集團積極應對市場變化,強化公司治理及安全運營,深化內部改革,優化管理,努力構建中燃4G(管道天然氣(「PNG」)、壓縮天然氣(「CNG」)、液化天然氣(「LNG」)及液化石油氣(「LPG」))能源網路發展的新生態。在業務發展方面,堅定推行集團的「3211」戰略,即挖掘老國企、困難公司和低效加氣站的管理與發展潛力,提升城市燃氣和液化石油氣業務的盈利能力,積極挺進增值業務藍海,開發"鄉鎮天然氣"、"點對點供氣"等項目,以及加速新興業務的市場布局與投資。

於二零一七年二月十七日,本集團投資的浙江威星智能儀表股份有限公司(「威星智能」)在中國深圳證券交易所上市,股票代碼:002849,截至二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團持有威星智能已發行總股本的12.46%。威星智能是一家致力於生活智能化電子系統、城市公用事業系統集成及智能終端的研究開發和生產銷售為目標的高新技術企業,是中國領先的智能燃氣整體解決方案供應商。該項投資是集團圍繞管道天然氣這一主營業務產業鏈而進行延伸投資的一個成功案例。

期內,集團三大業務板塊(天然氣銷售與管道接駁、LPG銷售以及增值業務)的財務及營運表現均錄得可觀升幅。

於本財政年度,集團合併總收入同比上升8.5%至31,993,323,000港元;合併毛利為8,376,826,000港元,同比增長 16.1%;本公司擁有人應佔溢利躍升82.5%至4,147,732,000港元;每股基本盈利為84.51港仙,同比上升84.6%。

新項目拓展

長期以來,憑借敏銳的市場洞察力、執著的項目開發策略、卓越的安全與運營管理、以及良好的企業形象,在新項目獲取上,本集團一直保持著業內驕人的成績。於本財政年度,本集團新增25個城市管道燃氣項目和一個天然氣長輸管道項目,截至二零一七年三月三十一日,集團累計共於25個省、市、自治區取得330個擁有專營權的管道燃氣項目,並擁有14個天然氣長輸管道、580座壓縮/液化天然氣汽車加氣站、一個煤層氣開發項目,以及92個液化石油氣分銷項目。

自二零一六年四月一日至二零一七年三月三十一日,集團新增25個城市管道燃氣項目和1個天然氣長輸管道項目,新項目分佈於:

省	市/區
安徽	合肥市濱湖新區
湖北	秭歸縣
	黃石港工業園區
浙江	樂清市
河北	贊皇縣
遼寧	瀋陽市
	錦州市
	長海縣
	錦州大有經濟區
	營口渤海科技城
山東	章丘市
	榮成市
	海陽市
	文登市
	乳山市
	威海市
	山東省天然氣管道
吉林	靖宇縣
內蒙古自治區	金山經濟技術開發區
黑龍江	遜克縣
	慶安縣
福建	泉州官橋工業區
江西	信豐工業園區
河南	光山縣
	固始縣
	鞏義市回郭鎮

截至二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團所有燃氣項目覆蓋的城市可接駁人口已增至117,124,880(約38,931,203戶),較去年同期增長17.8%。

燃氣業務回顧

本集團主營業務為銷售天然氣和液化石油氣,以及增值業務。三項業務的用戶、盈利模式及所採取的市場營銷策略均有不同,以下討論各項業務於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度的表現。

天然氣業務

本集團是以提供天然氣作為主要能源的運營服務商,經過15年的快速發展,本集團已經在國內建立了燃氣行業獨有的且適合自身發展需要的營運和管理系統,並對該系統進行適時優化,使之為集團的管理效率和經營業績的提升發揮積極作用。

鄉鎮「氣代煤 |

環境問題關係國計民生,作為一家負責任的清潔能源運營商,本集團響應中國政府制定的藍天工程,通過審慎調研、科學設計、全面布局、高效施工、及安全運營,積極投資中國華北地區鄉鎮冬季取暖用氣代煤項目。

針對鄉鎮氣代煤工作,本集團專門成立了華北氣代煤指揮部和平台公司,並對氣代煤組織架構進行了科學部署。同時,從全國各地項目公司抽調精兵強將,迅速組建了一支由300多名管理人員組成的華北鄉鎮氣代煤精英團隊,從鄉鎮燃氣用戶市場開發、工程設計及施工、氣源氣價、合同能源管理、壁掛爐安裝、安全運營、客戶服務等多個方面開展專業培訓並迅速開展工作,確保華北鄉鎮氣代煤各項工作快速推進。

通過卓有成效的組織協調工作,截至二零一七年六月十日,本集團在華北地區已經與九個城市簽署了清潔能源戰略合作框架協議,開展鄉鎮氣代煤、城區內的燃煤鍋爐改造、車用天然氣、分布式能源、天然氣儲氣設施以及天然氣管網建設等項目。這些地區包括:天津市、河北省的保定市、廊坊市、張家口市、滄州市、邢台市、石家莊的新樂市、藁城區和鹿泉區以及山西省的太原市和陽泉市。本集團的主要設計、工程及市場開發人員已經入駐簽約的地市(包括鄉鎮)並開展工作。自二零一七年一月一日至六月十日,已新簽約鄉鎮氣代煤居民用戶67萬戶(包括雄安新區2萬戶)。未來幾年,本集團將繼續在華北地區拓展以天然氣氣代煤項目為代表的各項相關業務,為本集團帶來可觀的接駁費、天然氣銷售以及壁掛爐和廚房用具銷售收入和利潤。

管道燃氣網絡建設

城市燃氣管網是燃氣供應企業經營的基礎。本集團修建城市天然氣管網的主幹管網及支線管網,將天然氣管道 接駁到居民用戶和工商業用戶,並向用戶收取接駁費和燃氣使用費。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團已實現天然氣通氣的城市達到236個,累計已建成95,455公里燃氣管網和 497座储配站(門站)和LNG氣化站,储配站和LNG氣化站設計日供氣能力為105.210.000立方米。

天然氣用戶

本集團天然氣供應用戶分為居民、工商業及壓縮天然氣/液化天然氣汽車加氣站。

居民用戶

於本財政年度,本集團在接駁新建樓房的同時,繼續大力發展存量居民用戶的接駁,效果顯著。新接駁存量居民 用戶數佔當年新接駁居民用戶總數逐年攀升,達到本財年之34%。

於期內,本集團完成新增接駁2,564,943戶居民用戶(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:2,100,256戶),較去 年同期增長約22.1%,居民用戶平均支付的管道燃氣接駁費保持平穩,為每戶人民幣2.540元(截至二零一六年三 月三十一日止年度:人民幣2.530元每戶)。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團累計接駁的居民用戶為20,681,656戶(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年 度:14,691,200戶),較去年同期增長約40.8%,佔本集團整體可供接駁居民用戶的53.1%。

工商業用戶

本集團積極應對宏觀經濟環境與低油價帶來的挑戰,適時調整市場開發策略,深挖市場潛力,加大存量工商業用 戶的開發力度,尋求新的燃氣需求增長點。積極協調與配合各級地方政府,按照中國國務院於2013年9月發佈的 《大氣污染防治行動計劃》的要求,加快推進集中供熱、工商業「煤改氣」的工程建設。同時,利用本集團自身的天 然氣物流車隊,發展鄉鎮及點對點供氣項目,有效地促進和提升本集團工商業與冬季取暖領域的銷氣量。

在工商業用戶「煤改氣」工作方面,本集團適時調整市場開發與獎勵政策,加大督導項目公司快速推進。於本財政 年度,本集團新簽約「煤改氣」工商業客戶1,270戶,新增改造燃煤鍋爐3,065蒸噸,預計未來每年為本集團帶來新 增天然氣銷售量4億立方米。未來幾年內,「煤改氣」工商業用戶的天然氣需求將持續向好,成為支持燃氣銷售量 增長的重要推動力之一。

於本財政年度,本集團共新接駁1,569戶工業用戶及27,411戶商業用戶(未包含期內新收購的1,244戶工業用戶及27,582戶商業用戶),其中新開發的「煤改氣」工業用戶佔新增工業用戶的45.0%。截至二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團共有7,403戶工業用戶及141,969戶商業用戶,分別較去年同期增長約61.3%和63.2%。工業用戶及商業用戶的平均接駁費分別為每戶人民幣235,525元及人民幣28,706元。

於本財政年度,本集團錄得接駁費收入5,748,458,000港元,佔本集團年度總營業額的比例約為18.0%,接駁費收入較去年同期增加約19.9%。

壓縮天然氣/液化天然氣加氣站

國際油價在經歷二零一五年暴跌後,雖有回升,但仍處於低位,中國車用天然氣相對於汽油、柴油的經濟性優勢 與以往相比差距有所減少。同時,受到電動汽車補貼等政策影響,CNG加氣站的市場開發與天然氣售氣量均面對 壓力。但由於中國物流運輸業的好轉,LNG重卡數量增加,LNG加氣站售氣量取得理想增長。

針對加氣站行業面對的短期困難局面,本集團根據市場變化,積極調整加氣站的發展策略。重點圍繞"提高加氣站市場開發水平、提升車船業務盈利能力、挖潛低效加氣站和問題加氣站、優化投資策略"這四條主線開展工作。通過提升項目管理水準,強化投資風險控制,推動市場開發。與此同時,本集團大力宣導並不斷提高車船用戶的服務品質,推廣加氣站「一卡通」智能卡系統、便利店等增值業務來擴大利潤來源,同時吸引新舊客戶,提升客戶忠誠度。

在船用天然氣加氣業務方面,本集團擁有船用液化天然氣引擎改造的專利及知識產權,以及先進的船舶「油改氣」轉換技術和開發經驗。結合發改委和交通部對水上天然氣應用的鼓勵政策,本集團提出「大膽布局、認真分析、謹慎推進」的船用項目實施方針,積極推進集團的船用LNG加氣業務。

於期內,本集團共新增CNG/LNG汽車加氣站九座。截至二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團累計已擁有CNG/LNG汽車加氣站580座。於本財政年度,車用CNG/LNG銷量已佔集團城市燃氣項目天然氣銷量的14.3%。

天然氣銷售

於本財政年度,本集團共銷售12,224,292,000立方米天然氣,較去年同期增長24.0%,天然氣主要通過城市管網(零售)和批發業務(包括長輸管道)來銷售,其中城市零售管網共銷售8,473,339,000立方米天然氣,較去年同期增長16.2%,而批發業務(包括長輸管道)共銷售3,750,953,000立方米天然氣,較去年同期增長46.2%。

於城市燃氣項目的銷售量中,1,929,463,000立方米天然氣售予居民用戶,3,679,327,000立方米天然氣售予工業用 戶,1,661,011,000立方米天然氣售予商業用戶,1,203,538,000立方米天然氣售予CNG/LNG汽車用戶,分別佔本集 團城市燃氣項目天然氣總銷量的比例約為22.8%、43.4%、19.6%及14.2%。

於本財政年度,本集團錄得天然氣銷售收入13,778,572,000港元,佔本集團年度總營業額的比例約為43.1%,天然 氣銷售收入較去年同期增長約6.0%。於期內,國內非居民用戶的天然氣採購和銷售價格跟去年同期相比有所下 降。因此,儘管當期天然氣總銷售量增長17.6%,而天然氣銷售收入僅錄得輕微增長。

本集團主要發展管道天然氣業務,但在部份尚未接駁管道天然氣的地區如遼寧省的撫順市、廣西壯族自治區的 柳州市、黑龍江省的牡丹江市等項目,仍然銷售管道煤氣或空混液化石油氣作為過渡性燃氣。於本財政年度,集 團共銷售182,380,000立方米煤氣及空混液化石油氣。隨著上游天然氣供應逐漸進入這些城市,本集團過渡性燃 氣銷售規模會呈逐漸縮小趨勢。

天然氣價格

於期內,本集團銷售天然氣予居民用戶的平均售價(不含稅)為人民幣2.36元/立方米,予工業用戶的平均售價 (不含税)為人民幣2.38元/立方米,予商業用戶的平均售價(不含税)為人民幣2.55元/立方米,予壓縮天然氣/ 液化天然氣汽車用戶的平均售價(不含稅)為人民幣2.79元/立方米。

根據發改委發佈的天然氣調價政策,自二零一五年十一月二十日起,非居民用戶天然氣的門站價格由最高門站 價格管理改為基準門站價格管理,供需雙方可在上浮20%、下浮不設限的範圍內協商確定具體門站價格,而價格 允許上浮的起始日期為二零一六年十一月二十日。上游天然氣供應公司根據此政策,自二零一六年十一月二十 日開始,上調部分省市的天然氣採購價格達10-15%。集團與項目所在地的各級政府部門以及工商業用戶溝通, 啟動價格傳導機制,上調售氣價格,使得天然氣銷售價差保持在合理水平。

根據發改委二零一四年三月發佈的《關於建立健全居民生活用氣階梯價格制度的指導意見》,將居民用氣分為三 檔,各檔氣量價格實行超額累進加價,要求所有城市都要建立居民階梯氣價制度。截至本財年末,集團已經在 57%城市獲得當地政府批覆,建立了居民階梯氣價制度。該政策的實施,使城市燃氣企業銷售給居民用戶的天然 氣價差逐漸趨於合理。

LPG業務

本集團現擁有八個液化石油氣碼頭及92個液化石油氣分銷項目,分銷業務遍布中國16個省,成為中國規模最大 的縱向一體化LPG業務運營服務商。

於本財政年度,集團實現銷售液化石油氣3,699,000噸,同比增長19.2%,其中:批發業務銷售量為2,534,300噸,同比增長17.5%;終端零售業務銷量為1,164,700噸,同比增長23.0%。實現銷售收入總額11,654,633,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:11,349,279,000港元),較去年同期增長2.7%,經營性溢利為545,218,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:508,989,000港元),淨利潤為320,635,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:152,956,000港元),淨利潤已經扣減當期匯兑損失42,299,000港元和因終止其兩個項目的營運而作出一次性損失77,454,000港元,如果剔出匯兑損失和終止兩個項目而作出一次性損失的影響,LPG核心淨利潤應為440,388,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:417,763,000港元),同比增長5.4%。

隨著液化石油氣在鄉鎮與農村居民用戶市場的普及,工商業市場的長期穩定增長,特別是作為化工原料在石油化學合成與深加工領域的快速發展,中國液化石油氣行業自從2014年末開始,迎來了難得的發展機遇。本集團充分利用現有的LPG碼頭、倉儲、船隊與車隊,加大國際與國產LPG的採購量,從而逐步提升LPG資產的利用率。為集團的下游終端業務實行LPG資源的統一採購,利用上、下游一體化的優勢,實現氣源採購、儲配資源和市場覆蓋的合理配置,有效整合LPG業務的貿易批發板塊與終端零售板塊,從而實現供應鏈整體利益最大化。集團還利用在全國的龐大城市天然氣網絡與資源,協助LPG分銷業務從中國南方向全國各省、市擴張,大幅提高LPG售氣量,實現規模效益。此外,集團LPG業務物流管理也初見成效,並通過優化銷售管控體系,搭建銷售信息共享平台,提升銷售管理水平。

終端增值服務

本集團服務的用戶群隨著接駁率的不斷提升而迅速擴大,目前已經為超過2,500萬家庭用戶和工商業用戶提供天然氣和液化石油氣服務,客戶網絡的潛在附加價值巨大。因此,本集團將通過豐富增值服務內容、提升營銷水平,逐步擴大增值業務在集團整體運營收入中所佔的比重,完成由單一的燃氣產品服務,向綜合能源服務,客戶服務的轉化,進一步提升集團運營服務網絡的盈利能力和綜合競爭力。集團成立增值業務部、中燃寶電氣(深圳)有限公司、中燃慧生活電子商務有限公司,積極拓展圍繞燃氣銷售這一主業的各種新興業務,包括銷售"中燃寶"燃氣具、燃氣綜合保險代理、維修改造、波紋管和報警器銷售等增值服務。於期內,各項增值業務都取得大幅增長,實現銷售「中燃寶」燃氣具系列產品近40萬台,躍居中國燃氣具行業主流陣營。

本集團正利用管道燃氣的市場優勢,推動天然氣分佈式能源項目在中國的廣泛布局,利用多年的市場研究與技 術革新積累,開展天然氣的綜合利用,為大型客戶提供高效率的綜合能源,滿足客戶對熱、電、冷的不同需要。

於期內,實現增值業務收入811.660,000港元,同比增長126.5%;毛利潤376,175,000港元,同比增長108,7%;經 營性利潤295,992,000港元,同比增長104.2%。

人力資源

優秀的員工是企業成功的關鍵因素,我們一直堅持「以人為本」的管理理念,在人才培養和團隊建設方面,集團本 著「眼睛向內、培養潛才,眼睛向外、廣招賢才」的理念,建立健全人才引進及內部培訓機制。

本集團持續提高各級員工的職業素質和工作能力,亦積極為員工創造知識交流與經驗分享的平臺,通過提升員 工的職業滿足感和完善的薪酬福利體系來吸引和保留優秀的員工。

截至二零一十年三月三十一日,本集團員工總數約為41,000人。本集團超過99,9%員工位於中國。員工薪酬按照 員工的履歷及經驗來釐定,亦參照現時行業於營運當地的一般模式。除基本薪金及退休金供款外,合資格員工可 根據本集團財務業績及其個別表現,決定其獲得酌情花紅、獎金及購股權的數量。

集團管理與企業管治

本集團長期以來秉承以「規範化、標準化、制度化」的管理原則不斷提升企業管理運營水平。同時,隨著企業規模 的增長,經營區域的擴大,人員結構的變化以及燃氣行業的逐漸成熟,集團不斷優化管理政策,實現科學化企業 管理。於本財政年度,集團繼續貫徹實施「經營重心下放、管理平台前移」的管控模式,推進並不斷完善區域協調 管理的工作。將區域管理中心由之前的14個調整為8個,並相應更新了集團的組織機構、區域管理中心的組織架 構與管理職能。通過調整,進一步推動集團總部從「管理」轉向「服務」,最大程度激發一線的創造力與活力,使管 理機制與集團高速發展的要求相匹配, 進一步優化了「戰略牽引在總部、管理承接在區域、經營重心在項目公司」 的一體化管理系統,達到了「做精總部、做實區域、做強項目公司」的目的。

集團亦積極推進優化「老國企」和「困難企業」項目公司的變革方案,理順治理結構,建立市場化的激勵機制和績效 考核制度,加快市場發展,切實解決老國企發展過程中的各類問題。

集團在運營管理方面,積極推行精細化運營管理,持續加大對運營系統信息化建設的投入,並積極鼓勵創新,在不斷提高運營管理標準的同時,逐步實現運營系統從標準化管理向信息化管理的轉變,使集團的綜合運營水平得以持續提升;在衡量燃氣公司綜合管理水平的「輸差管理」方面,集團繼續保持在同行業領先水平。這不但為企業節省了大量的運營成本,同時也提高了安全運營水平。

在工程建設管理方面,集團通過建立規範化標準體系,強調工程建設與施工招標的分類與分級管理,充分發揮區域管理中心的現場協調、監督和服務的職能;在加快工程建設的同時,集團不斷強化工程建設的投資管理,遵循「嚴格效益標準,提高投資回報」的原則,合理控制非生產必須性工程建設的投資規模,從而高效地利用核心資產,創造最大回報。

本集團在發展過程中,堅持不斷改善公司治理和內部控制。集團承諾將通過自審和採納獨立第三方的專業意見, 將有效的並可持續執行的企業管治和內部管控措施納入企業發展策略及風險管理的系統內,確保集團向著更高 的管治及內控水平邁進。

財務回顧

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團營業額為31,993,323,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:29,496,869,000港元),同比增長8.5%。毛利為8,376,826,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:7,213,545,000港元),同比增長16.1%,整體毛利潤率為26.2%(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:24.5%)。本年擁有人應佔溢利為4,147,732,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:2,273,121,000港元),同比增長82.5%。

經營開支

經營開支(包括銷售及分銷成本以及行政開支)從去年同期2,648,704,000港元上升9.7%至2,904,746,000港元。

財務費用

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之財務費用較去年同期758,180,000港元下降7.0%至705,116,000港元。

應佔聯營公司之業績

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之應佔聯營公司之業績為293,060,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日止年度:185,462,000港元),同比增長58.0%。

應佔合資公司之業績

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之應佔合資公司之業績約為611,187,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日 止年度:197,925,000港元),大幅增長208.8%。重大增長主要因為截至二零一六年三月三十一日年度,焦炭業務 之相關設備因停產而作出269.404.000港元資產減值。

所得税開支

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之所得税開支為1,207,506,000港元(截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度: 984.408.000港元)。税項支出上升主要因為業務增長引致應課稅溢利增加。

流動資金

本集團的主營業務具備穩健增長的現金流之特性,加上一套有效及完善的資金管理系統,在宏觀經濟發展和資 本市場運作仍舊存在不確定因素的環境下,本集團始終保持業務的穩定與健康運營。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團總資產值為59,986,820,000港元,與二零一六年三月三十一日比較,增加 約12.1%; 手頭現金為5.242.322.000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:5,772,495,000港元)。本集團流動比率為0.68 (二零一六年三月三十一日:0.69),淨資產負債比率為0.77(二零一六年三月三十一日:0.79),淨資產負債比率 之計算是根據截至二零一七年三月三十一日之淨借貸18,376,113,000港元(總借貸23,618,435,000港元減去銀行結 餘及現金5,242,322,000港元)及淨資產23,927,608,000港元計算。

本集團一直採取審慎的財務管理政策。集團的備用現金大部份都以活期及定期存款存放於信譽良好之銀行。

財務資源

本集團一直積極與中國(包括香港)及外資銀行建立長遠合作關係。國家開發銀行作為本集團的主要合作銀行,為 本集團提供了最長期達15年的200億人民幣長期信貸額度支持,為本集團的項目投資和穩定運營提供了強大的資 金支援。另外,亞洲開發銀行(ADB)、中國工商銀行、中國交通銀行、中國銀行、中國農業銀行、中國招商銀行等

國內外大型銀行亦有為本集團提供長期信貸支援。截至二零一七年三月,共有超過20家銀行為本集團提供銀團貸款及備用信貸,平均還款年期為五年。銀行貸款一般用作本集團營運與項目投資資金。

中國境內的人民幣債券市場自二零一五年取得了長足的發展,債券發行規模急劇增加。本集團境內全資子公司積極參與中國銀行間債券市場,截止至目前共已發行人民幣中期票據、短期融資券募集資金達人民幣66億元,另外,本集團還成功發行超短融債券共人民幣30億元,這些已發行的債券的利率均低於中國人民銀行規定的同期限貸款的基準利率,有效地降低了本集團的融資成本。同時,本公司作為境外發行主體,也積極參與在中國交易所債券市場發行人民幣熊貓債券的融資,繼二零一六年一月十三日發行了本金總額人民幣10億元的3年期公司私募債券之後,本集團成功注冊了人民幣70億元公募債券額度,並於二零一六年十月二十七日,於上海交易所完成發行了本金總額為20億元人民幣的5年期公司債券,固定票息率為3.05%。此外,本集團還於中國銀行間市場交易商協會成功註冊了人民幣48億元的短期融資券及人民幣48億元的中期票據。本集團相信,人民幣熊貓債券市場為集團融資提供了很好的流動性,並使集團的融資渠道多元化,帶來更高的財務靈活性。人民幣債券發行的資金主要用作置換原有的外幣以及短期債務,從而減低本集團所面對的外匯風險,不斷優化債務結構。

於二零一六年十月二十六日,本集團與中國保險投資基金(有限合夥)組建「中保投中燃(深圳)清潔能源發展基金(有限合夥),預計該基金規模將合共最高達人民幣100.2億元。於二零一七年六月九日,本集團與交銀國際信托有限公司組建「中燃交銀(深圳)清潔能源股權投資基金(有限合夥)」,預計該基金規模將達人民幣100.01億元。兩個基金將為本集團的管道天然氣、液化天然氣、壓縮天然氣及液化石油氣等燃氣項目投資提供資金支持。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團銀行貸款及其他債券組合如下:

	二零一七年 千港元	二零一六年 千港元
不超過一年 一年以上但不超過兩年 兩年以上但不超過五年 五年後	10,873,256 4,739,895 4,486,561 3,518,723	10,324,484 2,093,984 8,188,859 1,726,855
	23,618,435	22,334,182

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團銀行貸款及其他貸款總額為23,618,435,000港元,較去年增加5.8%,而LPG業務並沒有進口短期信用證相關的貿易融資。

本集團之經營及資本性開支之來源乃由經營現金收入以及債務和股本融資撥付。本集團有足夠資金來源滿足其 未來資本開支及營運資金需求。

外匯及利率

本集團大部份收入以人民幣收取,而大部份開支及資本開支亦均以人民幣計值。不過,本集團亦有若干銀行及其 他借貸以及銀行結餘非以集團實體相關的功能貨幣(人民幣)計值。人民幣對外幣升值或貶值將會帶來匯兑的收 益或損失。儘管大部份該收益或損失是非經營性相關的,但會對本集團之業績構成正面或負面影響。

二零一五年八月十一日,中國人民銀行宣布對美元與人民幣匯兑的中間價報價機制進行改革,增加了美元與人 民幣匯率的不確定性,從而對本集團業績構成了明顯影響。針對這次外匯政策的改變,本集團董事會重新制定了 匯率風險管控政策,緊密監控市場的利率和匯率走勢,及時、合理調整債務結構,從而有效地規避風險。根據該 匯率風險管控政策,本集團積極調整本幣(人民幣)、外幣債務結構,用人民幣債務置換存量美元債務,採用匯率 對沖等衍生產品,就小部分外幣債務進行匯兑風險鎖定,大幅降低了潛在的匯率風險。截至二零一七年三月三十 一日,集團外幣債務佔所有債務之比例為8.7%。上述債務結構的合理調整,將極大減少未來匯兑損益對本集團業 績的影響。

抵押資產

截至二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團抵押部份若干物業、廠房及設備及預付租賃款項,其賬面淨值分別為 31,267,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:68,536,000港元)、投資物業其賬面淨值為72,200,000港元(二零一六 年三月三十一日:64,000,000港元)、已抵押銀行存款為517,676,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:275,554,000 港元)及部份附屬公司抵押其他附屬公司的股本投資予銀行,以獲得貸款額度。

資本承擔

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團於就已訂約收購但未於財務報表撥備之物業、廠房及設備及建築材料合同 分別作出為數121,324,000港元(二零一六年三月三十一日:226,399,000港元)及81,825,000港元(二零一六年三月 三十一日:83,379,000港元)之資本承擔,需要動用本集團現有現金及向外融資。本集團已承諾收購部份中國企業 股份及於中國成立中外合資企業。

或然負債

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大或然負債(二零一六年三月三十一日:無)。

董事會成員

執行董事

周思先生,60歲,本公司董事會現任主席以及企業管治及風險控制委員會主席。周先生於二零一三年八月獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼為一家於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市的公司一北京控股有限公司(聯交所股份代號:392)副主席、執行董事兼行政總裁。周先生同時擔任北京控股集團有限公司副董事長,兩家公司均於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根據香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須予披露之權益,有關資料於董事會報告書披露。周先生於一九八二年畢業於首都師範大學物理系,獲理學學士學位,於一九九八年畢業於清華大學經濟管理學院,獲工商管理碩士學位,擁有高級經濟師職稱。一九八四年至二零零三年期間,周先生歷任北京市市政管委綜合計劃處主任科員、副處長、處長及北京市市政管委副主任等職務。自二零一一年一月至二零一四年一月,彼出任北京建設(控股)有限公司(聯交所股份代號:925)主席兼執行董事。周先生在城市管理、經濟、財務和企業管理方面都具豐富經驗。

劉明輝先生,54歲,本公司現任執行主席、董事總經理及總裁。彼負責本集團的整體戰略計劃及發展經營。彼亦為執行委員會之主席、提名委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。劉先生於二零一二年八月獲委任為本公司非執行董事,於二零一二年九月獲選為本公司執行董事。劉先生於二零零二年四月至二零零二年七月為本公司非執行董事,於二零零二年七月至二零一一年四月為本公司執行董事及於二零零二年七月至二零一一年一月為本公司董事總經理。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。劉先生畢業於河北師範大學數學系,並擁有中國人民大學政治經濟學碩士研究生和中國人民大學工商管理博士研究生學歷,彼於中國基礎設施及能源行業擁有豐富經驗。劉先生為本公司創始人。彼為劉明興先生(本公司之非執行董事)之胞兄。劉先生於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須予披露之權益,有關資料於董事會報告中披露。

黃勇先生,54歲,自二零零二年加入本公司起為本公司執行總裁。於二零一三年六月,黃先生獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼負責制定及實施本集團整體策略及計劃,以及本集團的發展及經營。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事及執行委員會之成員。黃先生為本公司之創始人。在加入本公司前,黃先生曾就職於深圳市南油(集團)有限公司及亞洲環境發展有限公司。彼畢業於武漢大學獲法學碩士學位,具備豐富的法律和企業管理經驗。

朱偉偉先生,44歲,本公司現任副總裁。朱先生於二零零二年九月獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼亦為本公司之財務總監、本公司若干附屬公司之董事及執行委員會之成員。朱先生負責本集團整體財務管理、融資及資金管理和內部監控事宜。朱先生獲中國中南財經大學財經碩士學位。朱先生擁有豐富的融資及資本管理經驗。

董事及高級管理層履歷

馬金龍先生,50歲,本公司現任副總裁。馬先生於二零零二年九月獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼亦為本公司若干 附屬公司之董事,以及執行委員會及提名委員會之成員。馬先生負責本集團整體人力資源管理及經營。馬先生獲 河北大學經濟學士學位及對外經濟貿易大學高級管理人員工商管理碩士學位。彼擁有豐富人力資源管理及經營 經驗。

李晶女士,59歲,於二零一四年一月獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司的董事及執行委員會 之成員。自一九九八年起,彼已為Fortune Oil Limited(前稱Fortune Oil PLC,股份曾於倫敦交易所上市)之執行董事, 該公司於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須予披露之權益,有關 資料於董事會報告書中披露。彼已在Fortune Oil Limited工作超過15年。加入Fortune Oil Limited前,李女士於中國北 方工業公司工作15年,主管財務及審核部門。彼於一九八二年獲得中央財經大學財政系學士學位。李女士於財務 及企業管理擁有豐富經驗。

非執行董事

俞柾准先生,54歲,本公司現任副主席及企業管治及風險控制委員會之成員。俞先生於二零一三年四月獲委任為 本公司非執行董事。彼現為韓國SK集團之附屬公司SK E&S Co., Ltd的代表董事,該公司於本公司股份及相關股份 中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須予披露之權益,有關資料於董事會報告書中披露。彼 持有高麗大學經營系學士學位及伊利諾斯州立大學院Urbana-Champaign分校會計學碩士學位。俞先生自一九九八 年起加入SK集團,彼在國際企業管理方面累積豐富經驗。俞先生為美國註冊會計師協會(AICPA)的會員。

金容仲先生(俞柾准先生之替任董事),55歳,本公司現任副總裁。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事及執行委員 會之成員。金先生於二零一三年四月獲委任為俞柾准先生之替任董事。彼於一九八四年畢業於韓國高麗大學,持 有法律學士學位。彼自一九八七年加入韓國SK集團。彼為現任SK E&S Co., Ltd中國業務部副總裁,該公司於本公 司股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須予披露之權益,有關資料於董事會 報告書中披露。

劉明興先生,44歲,於二零一四年七月獲委任為本公司非執行董事。彼現亦為企業管治及風險控制委員會之成 員。劉先生為北京大學中國教育財政科學研究所常務副所長及經濟學教授。彼於二零零八年一月至二零一三年 七月期間為北京大學中國教育財政科學研究所經濟學副教授,並於二零零三年九月至二零零七年十二月期間擔 任北京大學政府管理學院經濟學講師及副教授。彼於一九九四年畢業於中南財經大學投資經濟系,獲經濟學學 士學位,並於一九九七年獲經濟學碩士學位。於二零零一年,彼於北京大學中國經濟研究中心獲經濟學博士學 位。自二零零一年至二零零三年,彼在美國國民經濟研究局做博士後研究。劉先生曾多次為中國財政部、教育 部、世界銀行、經濟合作與發展組織(OECD)、聯合國教科文組織、英國國際發展部擔任顧問並提供政策諮詢。劉 先生在經濟金融方面在中國及全球刊物上發表過大量學術論文並出版多部著作。劉先生為劉明輝先生(本公司之 執行主席、董事總經理及總裁)之胞弟。

Arun Kumar MANCHANDA先生,58歲,於二零一四年十一月獲委任為本公司非執行董事。彼現亦為企業管治及風險控制委員會之成員。MANCHANDA先生目前為GAIL (India) Limited (「GAIL」)營銷執行董事。在此之前,MANCHANDA先生於二零一二年至二零一四年曾領導GAIL的液化烴分部,並負責燃氣及聚合物營銷。MANCHANDA先生為一名畢業自Punjab University之化學工程師,擁有銷售及營銷管理管理學士學位,並於天然氣、石化及石油產品營銷方面擁有逾37年經驗。

姜新浩先生,52歲,於二零一五年六月獲委任為本公司非執行董事。彼現亦為企業管治及風險控制委員會之成員。姜先生於一九八七年畢業於復旦大學獲法學學士學位,於一九八七年至一九八九年在國家經濟體制改革委員會從事政策分析,並於一九九二年獲復旦大學頒發法學碩士學位。姜先生於一九九二年至一九九四年在北京大學任教,於一九九五年至一九九七年曾於香港出任京泰財務公司副總經理、京泰工業投資有限公司董事及副總經理,於一九九七年至二零零五年二月出任美國納斯達克上市公司Tramford International Limited董事及行政總裁。姜先生於二零零零年五月至二零零五年二月任職京泰實業(集團)有限公司投資發展部經理,並兼任北京京泰投資管理中心總經理。姜先生於經濟、金融及企業管理方面積逾多年經驗。姜先生現為北京控股有限公司(聯交所股份代號:392)之執行董事兼副總裁,同時擔任北京控股集團有限公司副總經理及北控水務集團有限公司(聯交所股份代號:371)的執行董事。由二零一一年一月至二零一六年六月,姜先生為北京建設(控股)有限公司(股份代號:925)之執行董事。北京控股有限公司及北京控股集團有限公司均於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須予披露之權益,有關資料於董事會報告書中披露。

獨立非執行董事

趙玉華先生,50歲,於二零零二年十一月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現亦為審核委員會之主席,以及提名委員會、薪酬委員會及企業管治及風險控制委員會各自之成員。趙先生畢業於南開大學國際經濟研究所並持有經濟學碩士學位。彼自一九九三年起,一直從事企業融資和財務顧問工作。

毛二萬博士,54歲,於二零零三年一月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現亦為提名委員會之主席,以及審核委員會、薪酬委員會及企業管治及風險控制委員會各自之成員。毛博士畢業於中國科學院數學與系統科學研究院並持有博士學位。彼曾出任大成基金管理有限公司高級經濟師。彼現為北京外國語大學國際商學院副教授、中國金融學會金融工程專業委員會委員及金融量化分析與計算專業委員會副主任。

董事及高級管理層履歷

黃倩如女士,65歲,自二零零三年十月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事,自二零一一年三月至二零一三年八月期 間擔任董事會非執行主席。彼現亦為薪酬委員會之主席、企業管治及風險控制委員會之副主席,以及審核委員會 及提名委員會各自之成員。黃女士持有澳門東亞大學工商管理碩士學位。黃女士於二零一五年二月從招商局國 際有限公司(聯交所股份代號:144)退休,彼由二零零三年十一月起至退休期間一直擔任該公司副總經理。在此 之前,彼曾任職國際有名之投資銀行高層超過15年,其中包括Societe Generale、Deutsche Morgan Grenfell、Samuel Montague及Bear Stearns Asia等,期間替不少於50家大中華及亞洲企業提供股本、股本融資或股本相關服務。

何洋先生,62歲,於二零一二年十二月獲委仟為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現亦為審核委員會及企業管治及風險 控制委員會各自之成員。何先生自一九九九年至今任高科技軟件公司高級行政人員及中國著名地產公司任執行 董事超過十年。何先生自一九九四年至今任職中國投資發展促進會理事會理事。

陳燕燕女士,54歲,於二零一二年十二月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現亦為審核委員會及企業管治及風 險控制委員會各自之成員。陳女士現為經濟師、高級政工師、深圳市政府科技專家委員會專家庫物流與供應鏈管 理專業專家。彼亦為中國物流學會特約研究員及廣東省第十一屆婦女代表大會代表。陳女士現為廣東美信科技 股份有限公司董事,其於中國新三板上市(股份代號:839002)、深圳市杰美特科技股份有限公司及兩家於深圳證 券交易所(「深交所」)上市的公眾公司,即深圳文科園林股份有限公司(深交所股份代號:2775)及深圳市齊心集 團股份有限公司(深交所股份代號:2301)的獨立董事。陳女士一九九九年畢業於廣東省委黨校經濟學專業研究 生,於二零零八年及二零零九年榮獲「中國物流與採購聯合會科技進步二等獎」。

高級管理層

陳新國先生,49歲,本公司現任副總裁及執行委員會之成員。陳先生由二零一三年四月至二零一五年六月獲委任 為本公司執行董事。陳先生為高級經濟師。彼持有中國人民大學經濟學博士學位。加入本公司前,陳先生自二零 零九年至二零一三年在北京北燃實業有限公司及北京市燃氣集團有限責任公司擔任副總經理,並於二零零五年 至二零零九年在北京控股集團有限公司擔任戰略發展部副經理及經理。彼自一九九四年至二零零三年在北京市 計劃委員會(發展計劃委員會)任主任科員及副處長。

鄧耀波先生,45歲,本公司現任副總裁。彼負責本公司投資發展以及行政管理工作。鄧先生於二零零二年加入本 公司,擁有豐富的項目投資及企業管理經驗。鄧先生獲授中南財經大學經濟學學士學位,持有中國註冊造價工程 師、中國註冊資產評估師資格。

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企業管治報告

本集團致力維持高水平的企業管治。董事會相信良好企業管治對本公司之可持續發展及增長至關重要,並能提 升股東價值,故此符合本公司及股東之長遠利益。

除下文所披露者外,本公司已採納載於香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14的企業管治守則的所有守則條文(「守則條文」)及(如適用)建議最佳常規。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止整個年度內,除偏離守則條文A.4.1條(有關偏離情況之詳情載於下文「委任、重 撰及罷免董事|一段)外,本公司一直遵守所有守則條文。

董事會

本公司以董事會為首,董事會負責領導及監控本集團。董事藉有效方式指導及監察共同負責本集團事務,從而使本集團達至成功。董事會負責本集團所有主要領域之事務,包括為本集團制定整體策略及處理事宜的優先次序、辨認及評估本集團可能面對的機會及挑戰、批准年度預算、確保穩健的內部監控及風險管理系統、監督管理層之表現以及其他重大財務及營運事宜。所有營運決策皆授權予由五位本公司執行董事及兩位副總裁所組成的執行委員會作出。該委員會之詳情載於下文「執行委員會」一段。全體董事均會適時知悉本集團業務之重大發展。

董事會每年最少定期舉行四次會議。如有需要,亦會安排額外會議。本公司定期會議的日期均預先編排,讓董事有機會積極參與。

董事將至少提早14天獲得定期董事會會議的書面通知,並於會議召開日期前不少於三天取得會議議程和相關董事會文件。董事會定期會議議程須包括的事項亦會諮詢全體董事意見。本公司會就非定期董事會會議發出合理通知。如有需要,將召開特別董事會會議。董事會、董事委員會及股東大會的會議紀錄均由公司秘書保存,並可供全體董事查閱及定期向彼等傳閱。董事可全面及時取得所有相關資料,以及本公司秘書之意見及服務,藉以確保經已遵循董事會程序及所有適用規則及規例。管理層有責任適時向董事會及其委員會提供充足、完整及可靠的資料,使彼等得以作出知情決定。各董事亦均有自行接觸管理層的獨立途徑。

除本公司的公司細則及上市規則允許的情況外,董事需就董事會所討論的任何商業建議作出利益申報(如有),並 (如適用)須放棄投票。倘主要股東或董事於董事會將考慮之事宜中存在利益衝突,而董事會已釐定有關利益屬重 大,則該事宜將按適用規則及規例處理,亦(如適用)將會成立獨立董事委員會處理該事宜。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,董事會成員於定期董事會會議的出席記錄載列如下:

董事姓名

出席定期會議次數/舉行定期會議次數

執行董事	
周思先生	3/4
劉明輝先生	4/4
黄勇先生	3/4
朱偉偉先生	3/4 4/4
馬金龍先生	4/4
李晶女士	4/4
4. + 1 + +	
非執行董事	244
俞	0/4
金容仲先生(替任俞柾准先生)	4/4
劉明興先生	3/4
Arun Kumar MANCHANDA 先生	1/4
姜新浩先生	4/4
獨立非執行董事	
趙玉華先生	4/4
毛二萬博士	4/4
黃倩如女士	4/4
何洋先生	0/4
陳燕燕女士	4/4

董事會的組成

於本年報日期,董事會由15名董事組成,包括六名執行董事、四名非執行董事(其中一名委任一名替任董事)及五 名獨立非執行董事。董事之姓名及履歷詳情載於第47至50頁。董事名單及其職責與職能亦已載於本公司網站及 聯交所網站。

自二零一三年起,本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策,以確保董事會具備本集團業務所需的適用技能、經驗及 多元化的觀點。董事會成員的多元化背景可確保彼等能夠全面代表本公司全體股東的利益,並提高董事會及企 業管治的成效。本公司相信,非執行董事與獨立非執行董事積極參與董事會及其轄下委員會的管理和決策能加 強董事會的客觀性及獨立性。有關董事會成員多元化之進一步詳情載於下文「提名委員會」一段。

除「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節所披露者外,董事會各成員之間概無任何財政、業務、家庭及其他重大或相關關 係。

本公司已收到所有獨立非執行董事的年度確認,確認彼等已根據上市規則第3.13條全面遵守關於彼等獨立性的 有關規定。本公司因而認為所有獨立非執行董事均具獨立性。

主席、董事總經理及總裁

周思先生及劉明輝先生分別擔任本公司主席及董事總經理兼總裁之職務。

主席領導董事會並確保董事會得以履行責任有效運作,並確保所有重要事項得以適時討論及回應。董事總經理及總裁發展策略及計劃以執行本公司的既定策略,以及領導本集團的日常業務管理。

主席及董事總經理兼總裁之職責已明確劃分,以確保權力和授權有所制衡,亦令本公司管理及經營具有效率。

委任、重選及罷免董事

委任、重選及罷免董事的程序及步驟於本公司的公司細則內訂明。董事會在提名委員會的建議下負責發展及制訂有關提名與委任董事的程序、監察董事的委任及繼任安排,以及評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

根據守則條文A.4.1條,非執行董事之委任應有指定任期,並須接受重選。現有非執行董事及獨立非執行董事概無指定任期,故此與守則條文A.4.1條有所偏離。然而,根據本公司之公司細則第87(1)條,當時三分之一的董事必須於每次股東週年大會輪值告退。本公司已遵守良好企業管治常規的需求。全體非執行董事及獨立非執行董事於過去三年已輪值告退並重選。本公司認為其已採取足夠措施確保本公司之企業管治常規不低於相關守則條文的要求。

根據本公司之公司細則第87(1)條及守則條文A.4.2條,劉明輝先生、朱偉偉先生、馬金龍先生、Arun Kumar MANCHANDA先生及姜新浩先生將於本公司應屆股東週年大會輪值告退,且將符合資格膺選連任。

董事委員會

董事會授權予五個常務委員會,即執行委員會、審核委員會、提名委員會、薪酬委員會及企業管治及風險控制委 員會(「風控委員會 |),處理既定職權範圍的特定事務。董事委員會獲提供充足資源,包括外聘核數師及獨立專業 顧問之意見,以供彼等履行其職責。

執行委員會

董事會已將管理本集團營運及活動之權力、職權及酌情權轉授予一個正式成立的執行委員會,其由本公司五名 執行董事及兩名副總裁組成,即劉明輝先生(主席)、黃勇先生、朱偉偉先生、馬金龍先生、李晶女士、陳新國先 牛及金容仲先生。

執行委員會的主要職責及權力為:

- 就制定有關本公司管理及業務營運的政策及策略向董事會提供意見及監督管理層實施有關政策及策略;
- 監督及指導管理層進行本公司業務營運的方式;
- 編製本公司月度管理報告以及年度業務計劃及預算;
- 為在本集團職級為副總裁以下之員工制定及實施薪酬政策;
- 批准本集團附屬公司及合營公司董事之委任;及
- 批准金額不超過100,000,000美元或其他等值貨幣之債務融資。

若干事宜(包括須予披露及/或須遵守股東批准規定的事宜,以及超過若干預設限額的集資行動)須特定留待董事 會批准。

就作出決定之程序而言,管理層根據執行委員會已正式批准之權限向執行委員會提交書面計劃,當中載有詳細 分析及建議,以待執行委員會考慮及批准。倘有關事項超越執行委員會之職權或與任何前述特定須留待董事會 決定之事宜有關,則會提交予董事會批准。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,執行委員會審批了(其中包括)若干信貸額度及發行債券及票據以及若干 業務收購及合作。

審核委員會

審核委員會由五名獨立非執行董事組成,即趙玉華先生(主席)、毛二萬博士、黃倩如女士、何洋先生及陳燕燕女士。

審核委員會對董事會負責,並協助董事會監督本公司之財務申報過程以及內部監控及風險管理系統,並審閱本集團中期及年度綜合財務報表。審核委員會之職權範圍已載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度審核委員會成員出席會議的記錄載列如下:

成員姓名

出席會議次數/會議舉行次數

趙玉華先生(主席)	2/2
毛二萬博士	2/2
黄倩如女士	2/2
何洋先生	0/2
陳燕燕女士	2/2

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,審核委員會已進行的主要工作包括:

- 審閱本公司的中期及年度財務報表,並向董事會提供建議以供審批;
- 向董事會建議續聘德勤 關黃陳方會計師行為本公司2016/17財政年度的外聘核數師(須待於應屆股東週年 大會上獲股東批准);
- 檢討外聘核數師的獨立性及聘用非審核服務;
- 批准外聘核數師的酬金及聘任條款;
- 批准年度審計費用;
- 審閱外聘核數師就彼等對本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度進行的審計工作所產生的事宜提交的 報告及管理建議書;
- 審閱及檢查本集團的內部監控系統;
- 審閱本集團內審部的年度及中期報告及內審計劃書;
- 審閱本集團的財務資料、財務報告程序、內部監控制度、風險管理,以及財務及會計政策及常規;
- 審閱本集團會計及財務報告職能是否擁有足夠的資源、資格及具經驗的員工和相關事宜;及
- 在執行董事及管理層避席的情況下與外聘核數師會面。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,就本公司核數師德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行與其所提供之服務而已付及應 付的酬金之概要如下:

審計服務	金額(港元)
截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度的末期業績(有待協定)	9,000,000
截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的末期業績	9,000,000
非審計服務	金額(港元)
商定初步業績公告程序	20,000
其他服務	2 420 000

對外聘核數師之遴選、委任、辭任或罷免,董事會與審核委員會之間沒有意見分歧。

提名委員會

提名委員會由三名獨立非執行董事及兩名執行董事組成,包括毛二萬博士(主席)、劉明輝先生、馬金龍先生、趙 玉華先生及黃倩如女士。

就檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成並就任何擬作變動提出建議而言,提名委員會緊守為切合於本公司業務所需 的技能、經驗及多元化觀點達致均衡的原則。提名委員會之職權範圍刊登於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

本公司認為董事會成員多元化對提升其表現素質裨益良多。本集團在提名委員會提出建議後採納董事會成員多 元化政策,當中載列為達致董事會成員多元化而採取的方針。向董事會建議人選尋求批准時,提名委員會將會按 經甄選候選人的長處及可為董事會提供的貢獻而作出決定,並會充分考慮董事會成員多元化政策內載列的一系 列多元化範疇(包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年期)。

提名委員會每年檢討董事會的組成、架構及規模,以確保其適用技能、經驗及多元化觀點達致均衡,符合本集團 之業務所需。董事會成員擁有多元的業務、財務及專業知識。董事之履歷簡要詳情載於「董事及高級管理層履歷」 一節。

下表載列現時董事會的組成之分析:

董事人數	性別	職位	種族	年齡組別	技能/行業經驗	於本公司擔任 董事(年數)
15	女性	執行	非中國籍	41至50	行業經驗	1至10年
14						
13			中國籍			
12	男性					
11				51至60		
10						
9		非執行			會計及財務管理	
8						
7						超過10年
6						
5		獨立非執行				
4					工商管理	
3						
2				超過60	法律支援	
1						

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,提名委員會成員出席會議的記錄載列如下:

成員名稱

出席會議次數/會議舉行次數

毛二萬博士(主席)	3/3
劉明輝先生	3/3
馬金龍先生	2/3
趙玉華先生	3/3
黄倩如女士	3/3

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,提名委員會已進行的主要工作包括:

- 檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成(經考慮多個方面,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化背景、教育背景、技能、知識、專業經驗及/或服務任期);
- 檢討董事會成員多元化政策及就推行董事會成員多元化而制定可計量的目標;
- 就委任高級管理層向董事會提出建議;
- 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 檢討本公司董事的提名政策;及
- 釐定於應屆股東週年大會輪值告退及膺選連任的董事。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事組成,即黃倩如女士(主席)、劉明輝先生、趙玉華先生及毛二 萬博士。

薪酬委員會獲授權釐定和檢討董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇,以吸引、挽留及激勵具有成功打理本公司所需素 質的董事及高級管理層。薪酬委員會之職權範圍已載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

本公司董事及高級管理層薪酬政策旨在吸引、激勵及挽留有才能的僱員,以助本集團達成長期企業目標及宗旨。 董事及高級管理層之薪酬經參考個別人士之表現及職責、本公司之表現、現行市況及可供比較公司之薪酬基準 而釐定。本公司任何個別董事或高級管理層均不允許釐定其自身的薪酬。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度, 董事薪酬及購股權福利之詳情載於2016/17財務報告附註12及45。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,薪酬委員會成員出席會議的記錄載列如下:

成員姓名

出席會議次數/會議舉行次數

黄倩如女士(主席) 4/4 劉明輝先生 3/4 趙玉華先生 4/4 毛二萬博士 4/4

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,薪酬委員會已進行的主要工作包括:

- 檢討及批准本公司之薪酬政策;
- 檢討及批准新被委任高級職員之薪酬;
- 檢討及批准退休及新被委任高級職員之購股權;
- 檢討及建議截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之董事薪酬(須於股東週年大會上取得批准);
- 檢討及批准支付予執行董事以及職級在副總裁及以上的僱員的花紅;及
- 檢討及建議向全體非執行及獨立非執行董事支付花紅。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,非董事高級管理層的年度薪酬分級如下:

高級管理層數目

1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元 1 2,000,001港元至3,000,000港元 1

企業管治及風險控制委員會

風控委員會對董事會負責,並協助董事會監察企業管治以及對本集團業務營運及財務管理的風險控制。風控委員會之職權範圍已載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

風控委員會由一名執行董事及全體非執行董事及獨立非執行董事組成,即周思先生(主席)、黃倩如女士(副主席)、俞柾准先生、劉明興先生、Arun Kumar MANCHANDA先生、姜新浩先生、趙玉華先生、毛二萬博士、何洋先生及陳燕燕女士。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,風控委員會成員出席會議的記錄載列如下:

成員姓名

出席會議次數/會議舉行次數

周思先生(主席) 1/2	2
黄倩如女士(副主席)	2
俞柾准先生 0/2	2
金容仲先生(替任俞柾准先生) 2/2	2
劉明興先生 2/2	2
Arun Kumar MANCHANDA 先生 1/2	2
姜新浩先生 2/2	2
趙玉華先生 2/2	2
毛二萬博士 2/2	2
何洋先生 1/2	2
陳燕燕女士 2/2	2

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度, 風控委員會已進行的主要工作包括:

- 檢討並就本集團一般企業管治及風險控制程序提出意見;及
- 檢討本集團內部監控、風險管理系統之充分及有效程度。

公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書協助董事會確保董事會內部資訊交流良好及經已遵從董事會政策及程序。公司秘書亦負責就 管治事宜透過主席及/或執行委員會向董事會提供意見,並須協助董事入職及專業發展。

於回顧年度,公司秘書已遵守上市規則第3.29條。

就職培訓及持續專業發展

每名董事均須時刻知悉其作為上市公司董事的職責,以及其經營方式、業務活動及發展。每位新委任董事於首次 獲委任時獲得全面就任須知,以確保彼妥為瞭解本集團的運作及業務,以及其於上市規則及相關監管規定項下 之責任及義務。此外,所有董事已獲建議參加持續專業發展以增進及更新其知識及技能。

本公司亦繼續致力不時提供適用於本集團的相關監管規定變動的最新資訊,並於適當時候向董事推薦及籌辦相 關研討會及培訓。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本公司為董事籌辦一次內部研討會。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年 度,各董事所接受培訓的詳情載列如下:

出席研討會/

董事姓名	閱讀材料	座談會
執行董事		
周思先生		$\sqrt{}$
劉明輝先生		\checkmark
黄勇先生	\checkmark	
朱偉偉先生	\checkmark	\checkmark
馬金龍先生	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$
李晶女士		$\sqrt{}$
非執行董事		
俞柾准先生	$\sqrt{}$	
金容仲先生(替任俞柾准先生)	$\sqrt{}$	√
劉明興先生		$\sqrt{}$
Arun Kumar MANCHANDA先生	$\sqrt{}$	
姜新浩先生		$\sqrt{}$
獨立非執行董事		
趙玉華先生		/
超五举元生 毛二萬博士	$\sqrt{}$	√ ./
七一禹 (P 工) 黃倩如女士		√ √
何洋先生	./	V
陳燕燕女士	V	$\sqrt{}$
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	V	V

董事知悉持續專業發展的需要,而本公司會在適當及需要時提供支援。所有董事每年均須向本公司提供其培訓 紀錄。

董事就綜合財務報表所承擔之責任

董事會知悉就年度及中期報告、內幕消息公告以及根據上市規則及其他監管規定而作出的其他披露提交平衡、清晰及全面的評估之責任。董事亦知悉彼等對編製本公司各財政期間的財務報表的責任。

經作出適當查核後,董事並不知悉任何有關或會質疑本公司能否繼續按持續基準經營之事件或狀況之重大不明 朗因素。因此,董事已按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表。

進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載的上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)。

經本公司作出特定查詢後,全體董事確認,彼等於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度已遵守標準守則。

本公司已向全體董事及有關僱員發送正式通知,提醒彼等於標準守則所載禁止買賣期內不得買賣本公司證券。

內部監控及風險管理

董事會致力實施有效而穩健妥善之內部監控系統,以維護股東利益及本集團之資產。內部監控系統包含一套明確界定的管理架構,規定本集團所有主要營運實體的權限、清晰書面政策、標準營運程序,以及自我風險控制評估。該系統之設計旨在合理確保沒有重大失實聲明或損失及處理營運系統失效的風險並達致本集團之目標。

內部審計職能就有關本集團內部合規的完整性和有效性,持續為董事會及行政管理層提供獨立保證。內部審計職能由本公司審計監察部負責。於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,審計監察部進行營運及財務回顧,旨在確保所有主要監控(包括財務、營運、合規監控及風險管理職能)已妥為執行及有效運作。團隊每年兩次就審計結果及監控弱點進行總結,並直接向審核委員會匯報。

除本公司之審計監察部及審核委員會外,企業管治及風險控制委員會在法務風控部的協助下亦協助董事會檢討內部監控及風險管理之充分及有效程度。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度,審計監察部及法務風控部未有發現任何重大內部監控事宜可能會對本集團的財務狀況或運作構成負面影響。透過審核委員會、企業管治及風險控制委員會的審閱,董事會認為本集團的內部監控系統在所有重大方面均屬有效及充分。

投資者關係及股東通訊

董事會相當重視與股東的溝通,並認為企業資訊透明度及適時作出披露以助股東及投資者作出最知情的投資決 定尤關重要。

本公司透過多個正式渠道適時向股東發放有關本集團的資訊,包括根據上市規則刊發中期及年度報告、公佈及 通函。該等刊發文件以及最新的企業資訊和消息亦可於本公司的網站查閱。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,資本運營部舉辦不同活動包括投資者關係,包括在香港和深圳辦事處與 分析員及投資者舉行超過500次會議、2次分析員簡報會、19次國際投資者會議及5次國內及海外路演。本公司在 本公司網站中提供了公司的聯絡信息,如熱線電話及郵件地址,方便股東對本公司提出任何意見。彼等亦可通過 該等途徑將其意見發送至董事會。

本公司的股東週年大會亦為董事會提供每年直接與股東溝通的寶貴平台。股東週年大會由董事會主席主持,以 回答股東的提問。此外,各董事委員會的主席或(如彼等缺席)相關委員會的其他成員以及本公司的外聘核數師會 出席大會以回答提問。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本公司股東大會的董事出席記錄載列如下:

董事姓名

出席會議次數/舉行會議次數

(附註1)

執行董事	
周思先生	0/2
劉明輝先生	2/2
黃勇先生	2/2
朱偉偉先生	2/2
馬金龍先生	0/2
李晶女士	2/2
非執行董事	
俞柾准先生	0/2
金容仲先生(替任俞柾准先生)	2/2
劉明興先生	0/2
Arun Kumar MANCHANDA 先生	0/2
姜新浩先生	2/2
獨立非執行董事	
趙玉華先生	0/2
毛二萬博士	2/2
黃倩如女士	2/2
何洋先生	0/2
陳燕燕女士	2/2

附註:

1. 本公司截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之股東週年大會於二零一六年八月十六日舉行,而本公司之股東特別大會亦 於二零一六年八月十六日舉行。

股東權利

董事會及管理層須確保所有股東均獲得公正公平待遇。根據本公司細則,任何有權出席本公司股東大會並於會上投票之股東,均有權委任一名人士為其代表代其出席及投票。股東如持有本公司實繳股本(附有權利可於本公司股東大會上投票)不少於十份之一,則可藉向董事會或公司秘書提交書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會處理該要求所具體指述的任何事宜。此外,持有不少於二十份之一總投票權之股東或不少於100名股東,可藉向本公司發出書面請求,載列擬於股東週年大會上審議之決議案。

股東於股東大會上之任何表決均須以投票方式進行(程序事項除外)。表決結果將於股東大會當天在本公司網站及聯交所網站發佈。自二零零九年八月以來,本公司組織章程大綱及細則並無任何變動。本公司組織章程大綱及細則之最新版本可於本公司網站及聯交所網站查閱。

股東召開股東特別大會、在股東大會上提出建議,以及提名董事候選人之詳細程序,亦可於本公司網站查閱。

董事會謹此提呈本公司截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之本年度報告書連同經審核綜合財務報表(「2016/17 財務報告1)。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本集團是一家燃氣運營服務商,主要於中國從事投資、建設、經營城市燃氣管道 基礎設施、燃氣碼頭、儲運設施和燃氣物流系統,向居民和工商業用戶輸送天然氣和液化石油氣,建設和經營壓 縮天然氣/液化天然氣加氣站,以及開發與應用天然氣及液化石油氣相關技術。本集團截至二零一七年三月三十 一日之主要附屬公司、合資公司及聯營公司之詳情分別載於財務報表附註48、20及19。

業務回顧

根據公司條例(香港法例第622章)附表5所規定,本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度的公平回顧,包括 本集團於年內的表現分析、主要風險説明及本集團面臨的不明朗因素、自二零一六年四月一日起發生影響本公 司的重要事件、本集團業務的可能未來發展的徵示、本集團環境政策及表現的討論、本集團遵守對本集團造成重 大影響的相關法律及法規的情況及本集團及其持份者的主要關係概述載於本年報「財務摘要」、「營運概要」、「營 運統計資料 | 、「天然氣 | 、「天然氣營運位置 | 、「鄉鎮氣代煤 | 、「液化石油氣 | 、「液化石油氣營運位置 | 、「增值服務 | 、 「管理層之討論與分析」、「企業管治報告」及「2016/17財務報告」各節。

業績及股息分派

本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之業績載於2016/17財務報告中之綜合損益及其他全面收入報表。

截至二零一六年九月三十日止六個月之中期股息每股5港仙(二零一五年:5港仙)已於二零一七年一月二十七日 派發。

董事會已決議建議就截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度派付末期股息每股20港仙(二零一六年:14.46港仙)予 於二零一七年八月十八日名列本公司股東名冊之本公司股份持有人,合共約993,704,000港元,惟仍須待股東於 應屆股東週年大會上批准後方可作實。

倘獲股東批准,末期股息預期將於二零一七年九月二十九日(星期五)或前後派付。

銀行及其他借貸

本集團之銀行及其他借貸詳情載於2016/17財務報告中之綜合財務報表附註32。

年內發行的債券

本公司於年內發行以下債券:

於二零一六年十月二十七日,本公司完成公開發行第一批合共本金額為人民幣2,000,000,000元的五年期公司債券,固定息率為3.05%。公司債券乃於中國發行及於二零一六年十一月八日於上海證券交易所上市。扣除估計開支後,所得款項淨額為約人民幣1,988,000,000元,並將用於償還貸款。

財務摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績摘要及資產與負債之摘要載於2016/17財務報告第211頁。

投資物業及物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本財政年度末重估其所有投資物業。計入全面收入報表之投資物業公平值增加淨額為31,686,000港元。

年內本集團投資物業及物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情分別載於2016/17財務報告中綜合財務報表附註16及17。

主要物業

本集團於二零一七年三月三十一日之主要物業詳情載於2016/17財務報告第212頁。

股本

本公司於年內之股本變動詳情載於2016/17財務報告中綜合財務報表附註33。

儲備

本公司於二零一七年三月三十一日可供分派予股東之儲備(包括累計溢利)約為1,307,053,000港元。

本公司於年內之儲備變動載於2016/17財務報告第210頁之本公司之儲備變動。

董事

年內及截至本報告日期之董事如下:

執行董事

周思先生 劉明輝先生 黃勇先生 朱偉偉先生 馬金龍先生 李晶女士

非執行董事

俞柾准先生 金容仲先生(替任俞柾准先生) 劉明興先生 Arun Kumar MANCHANDA先生 姜新浩先生

獨立非執行董事

趙玉華先生 毛二萬博士 黄倩如女士 何洋先生 陳燕燕女士

根據本公司之公司細則第87(1)條及守則條文第A.4.2條,劉明輝先生、朱偉偉先生、馬金龍先生、Arun Kumar MANCHANDA先生及姜新浩先生將於應屆股東週年大會輪值告退,且將符合資格膺選連任。

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條規定之披露

除下文所披露者外,概無董事資料之變動須根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條之規定於本年報予以披露:

周思先生放棄收取其作為董事及董事委員會成員的所有薪酬、津貼及酌情花紅。於二零一四年四月十六日授出行使價為每股12.40港元可認購4,000,000股普通股的購股權已於二零一七年三月三十一日註銷。

姜新浩先生放棄收取其作為董事及董事委員會成員的所有薪酬、津貼及酌情花紅。於二零一五年六月二十五日授出行使價為每股13.84港元可認購800,000股普通股的購股權已於二零一七年三月三十一日註銷。

於二零一七年六月二十日,本公司薪酬委員會就截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度已(1)批准(a)向劉明輝先生及黃勇先生各自支付相當於12個月薪金之花紅:(b)向朱偉偉先生及馬金龍先生各自支付相當於9個月薪金之花紅:(c)向李晶女士及金容仲先生各自支付相當於8個月薪金之花紅:(2)決議向本公司董事會建議向俞柾准先生、劉明興先生、Arun Kumar MANCHANDA先生及全體獨立非執行董事各自支付相當於4個月薪金之花紅。

於二零一七年六月二十一日,本公司董事會確認及批准上述花紅款項。

於二零一七年七月三日,劉明輝先生、黃勇先生、朱偉偉先生及馬金龍先生各自與本公司訂立新高級行政人員僱傭合約(「僱傭合約」),為期十年,根據上市規則第13.68條,各僱傭合約須經獨立股東於股東週年大會上批准。上述高級行政人員的薪酬與先前所披露者一致。彼等現有的僱傭合約應自僱傭合約生效日期起由僱傭合約取代。有關僱傭合約的詳情,於本公司日期為二零一七年七月十一日或前後的通函進一步披露。

董事之服務合約

除「根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條規定之披露」一段所披露者外,概無擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事與本集團訂有任何不可由本集團於一年內在不予補償(法定補償除外)下終止之服務合約。

退休福利計劃

本集團之退休福利計劃詳情載於2016/17財務報告所載之綜合財務報表附註44。

董事及最高行政人員於股份之權益

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團(按香港法例第571章證券及期 貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部之涵義)之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有(a)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及 第8分部必須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及短倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等被視作或當作擁有之權 益或短倉);或(b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定必須列入該條例所指之登記冊內之權益及短倉;或(c)根據標 準守則必須通知本公司及聯交所之權益及短倉如下:

(a) 本公司每股面值0.01港元之普通股(「股份」)

佔本公司

已發行股份總數

概約百分比(%) 所持股份數目

董事姓名	權益性質	(長倉*)	(附註1)
劉明輝先生(「劉先生」)	個人及法團	1,036,544,028	20.86
		(附註2)	
黄勇先生	個人	117,278,000	2.36
		(附註3)	
朱偉偉先生	個人	7,000,000	0.14
馬金龍先生	個人	1,216,000	0.02
趙玉華先生	個人	1,400,000	0.03
毛二萬博士	個人	1,800,000	0.04
黃倩如女士	個人	1,906,000	0.04

(b) 購股權

佔本公司 已發行股份總數 概約百分比(%)

董事姓名	購股權數目	權益性質	相關股份數目	(附註1)
劉先生	50,000,000	實益擁有	50,000,000	1.01
黃勇先生	50,000,000	實益擁有	50,000,000	1.01
朱偉偉先生	2,000,000	實益擁有	2,000,000	0.04
馬金龍先生	2,000,000	實益擁有	2,000,000	0.04
李晶女士	2,000,000	實益擁有	2,000,000	0.04
俞柾准先生	4,000,000	實益擁有	4,000,000	0.08
金容仲先生	2,000,000	實益擁有	2,000,000	0.04
劉明興先生	800,000	實益擁有	800,000	0.02
Arun Kumar MANCHANDA 先生	800,000	實益擁有	800,000	0.02
趙玉華先生	1,000,000	實益擁有	1,000,000	0.02
毛二萬博士	1,000,000	實益擁有	1,000,000	0.02
黃倩如女士	1,000,000	實益擁有	1,000,000	0.02
何洋先生	1,000,000	實益擁有	1,000,000	0.02
陳燕燕女士	1,000,000	實益擁有	1,000,000	0.02

附註:

- * 於股份(根據購股權、認股權證或可換股債券等股本衍生工具者除外)之好倉。
- 有關百分比按於二零一七年三月三十一日之4,968,519,572股已發行股份計算。 1.
- 2. 劉先生被視為於合共1,036,544,028股股份中擁有權益,包括:
 - 由彼實益擁有之281,636,028股股份;及 (i)
 - 由China Gas Group Limited實益擁有之754,908,000股股份。China Gas Group Limited由Joint Coast Alliance Market Development Limited擁有50%權益,而Joint Coast Alliance Market Development Limited則由劉先生全資擁有。
- 3. 所持股份數目包括黃勇先生之配偶趙曉豫女士持有之770,000股股份。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一七年三月三十一日,本公司之董事及最高行政人員概無於本公司或其相聯法 團(按證券及期貨條例第XV部之涵義)之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有或被視作擁有(a)根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第7及第8分部必須通知本公司及聯交所之任何權益或短倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等 被視作或當作擁有之權益或短倉):或(b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定必須列入該條例所指之登記冊內 之任何權益或短倉;或(c)根據標準守則必須通知本公司及聯交所之任何權益或短倉。

購股權

公司購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)之資料及於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度購股權計劃項下之購股權變動 詳情載於2016/17財務報告中之綜合財務報表附註45,摘錄如下:

						購別	设權數量		
承授人 姓名或類別	授出日期	行使期	行使價 (港元)	二零一六年 四月一日 結餘	於年內 授出	於年內 行使	於年內 失效	於年內 註銷	二零一七年 三月三十一日 結餘
董事 周思先生	二零一四年 四月十六日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	12.40	4,000,000	-	-	_	4,000,000	-
劉先生	二零一五年 六月二十五日	二零一五年六月二十五日至 二零二二年六月二十四日	13.84	50,000,000	_	-	_		50,000,000
黃勇先生	二零一五年 六月二十五日	二零一五年六月二十五日至 二零二二年六月二十四日	13.84	50,000,000	_	_	_		50,000,000
朱偉偉先生	二零一四年 四月十六日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	12.40	2,000,000	_	_	_		2,000,000
馬金龍先生	二零一四年 四月十六日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	12.40	2,000,000	-	_	_		2,000,000
俞柾准先生	二零一四年 四月十六日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	12.40	4,000,000	-	-	_		4,000,000
金容仲先生	二零一四年 四月十六日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	12.40	2,000,000	-	-	_		2,000,000
劉明興先生	二零一五年 六月二十五日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	13.84	800,000	-	-	_		800,000
Arun Kumar MANCHANDA 先生	二零一五年 六月二十五日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	13.84	800,000	-	-	-		800,000
姜新浩先生	二零一五年 六月二十五日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	13.84	800,000	-	-	_	800,000	-
趙玉華先生	二零一四年 四月十六日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	12.40	1,000,000	-	-	_		1,000,000
毛二萬博士	二零一四年 四月十六日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	12.40	1,000,000	-	-	_		1,000,000
黃倩如女士	二零一四年 四月十六日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	12.40	1,000,000	-	-	-		1,000,000
何洋先生	二零一四年 四月十六日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	12.40	1,000,000	-	-	-		1,000,000
陳燕燕女士	二零一四年 四月十六日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	12.40	1,000,000	_	_	_		1,000,000
小計				123,400,000	-	-	-	4,800,000	118,600,000
其他合資格人士 (附註1)(附註4)	二零一四年 四月十六日	二零一七年四月十六日至 二零一九年四月十五日	12.40	227,000,000	-	-	-	_	227,000,000
總計				350,400,000	_	_	-	4,800,000	345,600,000

附註:

1. 該等購股權授予本公司若干附屬公司或本公司不論直接或間接持有其20%或以上股權的公司,目的為使彼等各自的僱員 最終獲益。

主要股東及其他人士於本公司股份及相關股份之權益

於二零一七年三月三十一日,就本公司董事及最高行政人員所知,按本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予備存的登記冊所記錄或須另行通知本公司,本公司之主要股東及其他人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份或相關股份之權益或短倉如下:

於本公司股份及相關股份之長倉:

佔本公司 已發行股份 總數之概約 百分比(%)

名稱/姓名	身份	所持股份數目	百分比(%) (附註6)
北京控股集團有限公司 (「北控集團」)	受控制公司之權益	1,237,663,143 (附註1)	24.91
北京控股集團(BVI)有限公司 (「北控集團(BVI)」)	受控制公司之權益	1,237,663,143 (附註1)	24.91
北京控股有限公司 (「北京控股」)	實益擁有人及受控制公司之權益	1,237,663,143 (附註1)	24.91
泓茂發展有限公司 (「泓茂」)	實益擁有人	1,164,911,143 (附註1)	23.45
劉先生	實益擁有人及受控制公司之權益	1,086,544,028	21.87
Joint Coast Alliance Market Development Limited (「Joint Coast」)	受控制公司之權益	754,908,000 (附註2及3)	15.19
China Gas Group Limited	實益擁有人	754,908,000 (附註2及3)	15.19
邱達強先生 (「邱先生」)	受控制公司之權益	976,723,435 (附註4)	19.66
First Level Holdings Limited	實益擁有人及受控制公司之權益	976,723,435 (附註4)	19.66
Fortune Dynasty Holdings Limited	受控制公司之權益	975,723,435 (附註4)	19.64

佔本公司 已發行股份 總數之概約 百分比(%)

名稱/姓名	身份	所持股份數目	(附註6)
Fortune Oil Limited (「Fortune Oil 」)	受控制公司之權益	975,723,435 (附註4)	19.64
Fortune Oil PRC Holdings Limited (「Fortune Oil PRC」)	受控制公司之權益	911,409,544	18.34
CHEY Taewon 先生 (「CHEY 先生」)	受控制公司之權益	780,908,500 (附註5)	15.72
SK Holdings Co., Ltd. (「SK Holdings」)	受控制公司之權益	780,908,500 (附註5)	15.72
SK E&S Co., Ltd. (「SK E&S」)	實益擁有人及受控制公司之權益	780,908,500 (附註5)	15.72
The Capital Group Companies, Inc.	實益擁有人	295,776,000	5.95

附註:

- 2. 劉先生被視為於合共1,086,544,028股股份中擁有權益,包括:
 - (i) 由彼實益擁有之281,636,028股股份:
 - (ii) 以購股權方式實益擁有之50,000,000股相關股份;及
 - (iii) 由CGGL實益擁有之754,908,000股股份。CGGL由Joint Coast擁有50%權益,而Joint Coast則由劉先生全資擁有。
- 3. Joint Coast被視為於CGGL實益擁有之754,908,000股股份中擁有權益。CGGL由Joint Coast擁有50%權益,而Joint Coast由劉 先生全資擁有。
- 4. 邱先生及First Level均被視為各自於合共976,723,435股股份中擁有權益,包括:
 - (i) 由CGGL實益擁有之754,908,000股股份。CGGL由Fortune Oil PRC擁有50%權益;
 - (ii) 由Fortune Oil PRC實益擁有之156,501,544股股份,Fortune Oil PRC為FortuneOil之全資附屬公司。Fortune Oil為Fortune Dynasty之全資附屬公司,Fortune Dynasty由First Level擁有70%權益:

- (iii) 由First Marvel Investment Limited實益擁有之27,617,919股股份,而First Marvel Investment Limited為Fortune Oil之全資附屬公司
- (iv) 由富地石油控股有限公司實益擁有之36.695.972股股份,而富地石油控股有限公司為Fortune Oil之全資附屬公司;及
- (v) First Level 實益擁有1,000,000 股股份,而First Level 由邱先生擁有99%權益。
- 5. CHEY先生、SK Holdings及SK E&S均被視為各自於合共780,908,500股股份中擁有權益,包括:
 - (a) 由SK E&S 實 益擁有之705,034,500 股股份。SK E&S 由 SK Holdings擁有100%權益。SK Holdings則由CHEY先生擁有 23.4%權益
 - (b) 由Busan City Gas Co., Ltd. (「Busan City」) (前稱Pusan City Gas Co., Ltd.) 實益擁有之73,008,000股股份,而Busan City由SK E&S擁有76.40%權益:及
 - (c) 由 SK E&S Hong Kong Co., Ltd 實益擁有2,866,000 股股份,而 SK E&S Hong Kong Co., Ltd 由 Busan City擁有50%權益及 SK E&S 擁有50%權益。
- 6. 有關百分比按於二零一七年三月三十一日4.968.519.572股已發行股份之基準計算。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一七年三月三十一日,按本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予備存的登記冊所記錄,概無任何其他人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有權益或短倉。

股票掛鈎協議

除於綜合財務報表附註45所披露的本公司購股權計劃外,本公司於年內概無訂立或於年末存續的股票掛鈎協議。

購買股份或債券的安排

除上述的購股權計劃外,於年內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無作為訂約方而達成任何安排,使董事可 藉購入本公司或任何其他法團的股份或債券而獲益。

關連交易

於年內及直至本年報日期曾進行以下持續關連交易:

(1) 收購北燃發展有限公司

於二零一四年十一月二十六日,本公司、志新有限公司(買方及本公司之全資附屬公司)、北京燃氣集團 (BVI)有限公司(賣方)(「北京燃氣集團BVI」)與北京控股有限公司(擔保方)(「北京控股」)訂立購股協議(其後經若干附帶協議修訂及補充)(「原先購股協議」)。北京燃氣集團BVI為北京控股之全資附屬公司,而北京控股因於交易日期直接及間接合共持有本公司已發行股本約22.44%則為本公司之主要股東。因此,該交易構成本公司之關連交易。根據原先購股協議,志新有限公司已有條件同意向北京燃氣集團BVI收購北燃發展有限公司(「北燃」)之全部已發行股本,代價為人民幣1,632,795,828元(相等於約2,063,851,945港元),可予調整,而作為代價向北京燃氣集團BVI(或北京控股之一家全資附屬公司)發行之股份數目為149,122,250股股份,基準股價為每股13.84港元。

然而,由於難以就向北燃轉讓若干目標集團公司之法定及/或實益權益獲得當地中國政府批准,令北京燃 氣集團BVI及北燃無法完成原來的重組(作為原先購股協議的條件之一),故交易並未完成。

因此,為促進完成交易,於二零一六年六月二十八日,原先購股協議的各訂約方訂立經修訂及經重述購股 協議(「經修訂購股協議」),據此,有關訂約方同意修訂及重述原先購股協議之若干條款,尤其是修訂目標 集團之組成以排除兩間目標集團公司於重組之外。經修訂購股協議完全取代及代替原先購股協議。根據經 修訂購股協議,交易代價被修訂為人民幣1,213,443,000元(相等於約1,533,790,480港元)(可予調整),而作 為代價股份向北京燃氣集團BVI(或北京控股之全資附屬公司)發行的股份數目將為110.823.011股股份,基 準股價為每股13.84港元。交易旨在擴大本集團項目的城市人口覆蓋,以推動本集團業務持續增長。

本公司已成立獨立董事委員會,旨在就經修訂收購事項以及經修訂買賣協議及其項下擬進行交易向獨立股 東提出意見,並於二零一六年八月十六日於本公司股東特別大會上批准。

於二零一七年二月十六日,有關條件已達成且收購北燃發展有限公司已根據經修訂買賣協議之條款及條件 完成。完成時,本公司按每股13.84港元合共配發及發行110.823,011股股份,結算人民幣1,213,443,000元, 作為經修訂買賣協議項下擬進行收購事項之代價。

於完成後,北燃發展有限公司成為本公司之全資附屬公司,而其賬目於本公司財務報表中綜合入賬。

有關上述交易的詳情,請參閱本公司及聯交所網站所載本公司之相關公告及通函。

(2) 收購中石油北燃(錦州)燃氣有限公司(現稱錦州北燃燃氣有限公司)51%股權

於二零一六年六月二十三日,深圳市中燃燃氣有限公司(本公司之一間間接全資附屬公司,作為買方)([中 燃燃氣公司」)與北京燃氣集團有限公司(作為賣方)([北京燃氣集團])訂立股權轉讓協議,據此,北京燃氣 集團有條件同意出售,而中燃燃氣公司有條件同意收購中石油北燃(錦州)燃氣有限公司(現稱錦州北燃燃 氣有限公司)51%股權,代價為人民幣234,557,600元(相當於約266,542,545港元)。該於目標公司之51%股權 乃上文「(1)收購北燃發展有限公司」一段所述本公司已同意(其中包括)根據原先購股協議及經修訂購股協議 收購之目標公司之48%股權外額外作出之收購。目標公司之業務預期會與本集團之現有業務相輔相成及產 生協同效應。

北京燃氣集團為北京控股之間接全資附屬公司,其於交易日期直接及間接擁有本公司約22.95%已發行股 本。北京燃氣集團為本公司之關連人士,而交易構成上市規則第14A章項下本公司之關連交易。

該收購已於二零一七年六月九日完成。有關上述交易的詳情,請參閱公司及聯交所網站所載本公司的相關 公告。

(3) 向SK E&S HongKong Corporation Limited 收購合營企業餘下49%權益

於二零一六年六月二十八日,連旺投資有限公司(本公司之全資附屬公司,作為買方)與SK E&S HongKong Corporation Limited(作為賣方)訂立購股協議,據此,買方有條件同意購買,而賣方有條件同意出售佔China Gas-SK E&S HongKong Company Limited(現稱中燃香港有限公司)全部已發行股本約49%之股份,代價為人民幣70,000,000元(相當於約82,353,000港元)。

於二零一六年六月二十八日,武漢中燃投資有限公司(本公司之全資附屬公司,作為買方)與SK E&S HongKong Corporation Limited(作為賣方)訂立股權轉讓協議,據此,買方有條件同意購買,而賣方有條件同意出售武漢中燃愛思開燃氣集團有限公司註冊資本中約49%股權之權益,代價為人民幣210,000,000元(相當於約247,059,000港元)。

本集團將透過兩項交易擁有兩間目標公司之全部股本權益。取得兩間公司之絕對控制權將有利於引入本集 團之營運哲學及營運機制以改善兩間公司及附屬天然氣項目之營運效率,繼而提升此等項目的盈利能力。

賣方為SK E&S Co.,Ltd.之非全資附屬公司,而SK E&S Co.,Ltd.為本公司之主要股東,於兩項交易的日期持有本公司已發行股本約15.84%。因此,賣方為本公司關連人士及兩項建議交易構成本公司之關連交易。

上述之交易於二零一六年九月已經完成。有關上述交易的詳情,請參閱本公司及聯交所網站所載的本公司相關公告。

(4) 關聯方交易

年內,本集團訂立了於2016/17年財務報告綜合財務報表附註46所披露之若干關聯方交易。附註46所披露 之關聯方交易並不構成上市規則第14A章項下本公司之關連交易。

董事於交易、安排或重要合約之權益

除所披露者外,截至二零一七年三月三十一日或於年內,概無董事於本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立就本集團 業務而言屬重大之任何交易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

董事於競爭業務之權益

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,除本公司業務外,概無董事或彼等各自之聯繫人於對本公司業務直接或 間接構成或可能構成競爭的任何業務中擁有任何權益。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,來自本集團五大客戶之營業額合共佔本集團總營業額少於30%(即上市規 則之披露門檻)。來自本集團五大供應商及最大供應商之採購額分別約佔本集團總採購額的約19.2%及約6.2%。

據董事所知,概無董事,其緊密聯繫人士或任何股東(據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%或以上)於上述提及 之主要供應商擁有任何權益。

購買、出售或贖回本公司股份

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本公司於聯交所購回合共52,688,000股股份,總代價為539,087,705.39港 元。購回之詳情如下:

	每股價格								
月份	購回股份總數	最高	最低	總代價					
		港元	港元	港元					
二零一六年十一月	3,264,000	10.28	10.12	33,416,072.53					
二零一六年十二月	47,192,000	10.54	9.97	481,816,732.28					
二零一七年一月	2,232,000	11.38	10.52	23,854,900.58					
總計	52,688,000			539,087,705.39					

截至本年報日期,以上所有購回股份已被註銷。

進行購回乃為提高每股資產淨值及每股盈利,並根據於本公司二零一六年股東週年大會上向董事會授出之購回 授權進行。

除上文所披露者外,於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購回、出售或贖回本公司任何股份。

薪酬政策

本公司的薪酬政策為參考行業標準和現行市況維持公平而富有競爭力的薪酬組合。董事會確保薪酬水平足以吸引和保留就本公司成功運作所需的董事及高級管理人員,但同時避免因此目的支付不必要的薪酬。

本公司執行董事及副總裁或以上級別的員工薪酬乃由薪酬委員會決定,而非執行董事及其他高級管理層的薪酬則由董事會釐定,並已計及本公司之業績、個人表現及現行市況。

本公司已於二零一三年八月二十日採納購股權計劃,作為董事及合資格僱員及人士之獎勵,關於該計劃之詳情載於2016/17財務報告中綜合財務報表附註45。

優先購買權

根據本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例,並無任何規定本公司須按比例向現有股東發售新股份之優先購買權條文。

捐款

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團作出捐款約3,188,000港元。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條有關其獨立性之年度確認,而本公司認為彼等均具獨立性。

維持足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可得之資料及就董事所知,本公司於截至本年報日期一直維持上市規則所規定的足夠公眾持股量。

結算日後事項

結算日後概無發牛重要事項。

環境、社會及管治報告

根據上市規則第13.91條,本公司將遵照上市規則附錄二十七《環境、社會及管治報告指引》所載的條文,於本年 報刊發後三個月內刊發環境、社會及管治報告。

獲准許彌償條文

根據本公司細則,董事可從本公司之資產及溢利獲得彌償,而董事於執行其職責時因所作出、發生之作為或不作 為而將或可能招致或蒙受之所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支,可獲確保免就此受任何損害。

有關獲准許彌償條文已於整個年度生效且仍然生效。此外,本公司已為本集團董事及行政人員投購適當的董事 及行政人員責任保險。

核數師

在應屆股東週年大會上將提呈一項決議案,續聘德勤。關黃陳方會計師行為本公司之核數師。

代表董事會 主席 周思

二零一七年六月二十一日

公司資料

董事會

執行董事

周思先生(主席)

劉明輝先生(執行主席、董事總經理及總裁)

黃勇先生(執行總裁)

朱偉偉先生(副總裁)

馬金龍先生(副總裁)

李晶女士

非執行董事

俞柾准先生(副主席)

金容仲先生(副總裁,替任俞柾准先生)

劉明興先生

Arun Kumar MANCHANDA 先生

姜新浩先生

獨立非執行董事

趙玉華先生

毛二萬博士

黄倩如女士

何洋先生

陳燕燕女士

公司秘書

林雁玲女士

核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師

主要往來銀行

國家開發銀行

亞洲開發銀行

中國工商銀行

中國農業銀行

中國銀行

交通銀行

中國建設銀行

恒生銀行

總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港

灣仔

告士打道151號

安盛中心16樓

1601室

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton HM11

Bermuda

主要股份登記及過戶辦事處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited

The Belvedere Building

69 Pitts Bay Road

Pembroke HM 08

Bermuda

公司資料

香港股份登記及過戶辦事處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓 1712至1716號舖

股份代號

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網址

www.chinagasholdings.com.hk

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Deloitte.

TO THE MEMBERS OF CHINA GAS HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Gas Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") set out on pages 9 to 210, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致中國燃氣控股有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於九 至二百一十頁的中國燃氣控股有限公司(以下 簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集 團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務報表包括於二 零一七年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與 截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收入 表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會 計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財 務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於 二零一七年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及 截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金 流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥 為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計 準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該 等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審 計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步 闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計 師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德 責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充 足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們的審計如何對關鍵審計事項進行處理

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為

對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事

項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報

表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這

Recognition of gas connection income 燃氣接駁收入之確認

We identified recognition of gas connection income as a key audit matter due to its quantitative significance to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and significant judgments involved in the recognition of income.

本行已識別燃氣接駁收入之確認為關鍵審計事項,因為 其對綜合損益及其他全面收入報表有重大定量影響,且 有關收入確認涉及重大判斷。

As disclosed in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, income from gas connection, which relates to contracts for gas pipeline construction, is recognised based on the percentage of completion method and measured by reference to the proportion of contract cost incurred for work performed to date to the estimated total contract costs. The Group recognised income of approximately HK\$5,748,458,000 from gas connection during the year ended March 31, 2017. 誠如綜合財務報表的附註3披露,來自燃氣接駁的收入 (與燃氣接駁設施建造之合約相關)是根據完成比例方 法確認,並參照合約成本佔估計總合約成本的比例計 量。 貴集團於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度確 認來自燃氣接駁的收入約為5.748.458.000港元。

As set out in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, significant judgments are applied in determining the extent of progress towards completion of the construction contracts, budgeted costs to complete, and the ability to deliver contracts within forecast timescales as at the end of the reporting period for gas connection income.

誠如綜合財務報表附註4披露,就燃氣接駁收入而言,運 用了重大判斷釐定於報告期期末的建造合約完成進度、 竣工預算成本,以及於預定時間表內交付合約的能力。

Our procedures in relation to recognition of gas connection income included:

本行就確認燃氣接駁收入評估之程序包括:

- Understanding and testing the key controls relating to the approval of construction contracts for gas connection and monitoring of stage of completion;
- 了解及測試批准燃氣接駁建造合約及監察其完成進 度所涉及的關鍵控制;
- Discussing with management with respect to the recognition basis of gas connection income;
- 與管理層討論有關燃氣接駁收入之確認基準;
- Evaluating the extent of progress of gas pipeline connection by examining the relevant contracts, invoices, completion reports from external parties and other supporting documents on a sample basis; assessing the reasonableness of budgeted material costs against recent purchase prices and budgeted labour cost by reference to historical experience taking into account the size and complexity of the gas connection contracts on a sample basis; and verifying the percentage of completion by reference to the proportion of the contract costs incurred for the work performed to date over the estimated total contract costs; and
- 诱渦抽樣方式審查來自外部各方的相關合約、發 票、完工報告及其他證明文件以評估燃氣管道接駁 的完成進度;以抽樣方式評估原材料預算成本相對 於近期之購入價之合理性及參考過往經驗並考慮燃 氣接駁合約之規模及複雜程度以評估人工預算成本 之合理性;根據已履行工作之合約成本佔該合約之 預算總成本比例核實按完成階段之百分比;及
- Considering the historical accuracy of the Group's percentage of completion estimates through assessing the significance of historical changes made to the estimates to adjust these based on actual costs incurred or changes to estimated progress of the contract.
- 通過根據已產生實際成本或合約估計進程變更評估 對估計作出調整的歷史變動的重要性,以考慮 集團過往估計完成比例的準確度。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment of goodwill 商譽減值

We identified impairment assessment of goodwill arising from acquisition of businesses in current and prior years as a key audit matter due to the involvement of significant judgements and assumptions in determining the recoverable amounts of cash generating units ("CGUs") to which goodwill have been allocated, which are derived from value in use calculations using discounted cash flow models.

本行已識別本年度及過往年度收購業務所產生之商譽之減值評估為關鍵審計事項,因為在評估包含已分配至商譽之現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)之可收回金額(由貼現現金流量模型計算使用價值產生)時會作出重大判斷及假設。

At March 31, 2017, the Group has goodwill of approximately HK\$3,354,612,000 relating to CGUs principally engaged in the sale of piped gas and liquefied petroleum gas ("LPG") business in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") which are subject to annual impairment assessment. Details are disclosed in notes 4 and 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零一七年三月三十一日, 貴集團之商譽約為 3,354,612,000港元,此商譽與主要在中華人民共和國(以 下簡稱「中國」)從事銷售管道燃氣及液化石油氣(「LPG」) 之現金產生單位有關。該商譽受制於年度減值評估。詳情 已披露於綜合財務報表附註4及22。

Management's assessment of goodwill impairment is highly judgmental and is dependent on certain significant inputs including the discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to selling prices and direct costs, which are based on past practices, expectations of future changes in the market and the stage of each operation with reference to the development curve of the natural gas business and LPG business in the PRC region. No impairment loss has been recognised during the year ended March 31, 2017. 管理層對商譽減值的評估過程涉及重大判斷,而該評估 取決於若干重大輸入數據,包括貼現率、增長率及銷售價 格及直接成本的預期變動,前述各項均基於過往常、市場 未來變更預期及各階段營運(乃經常參考於中國地區的天 然氣業務及LPG業務的發展曲綫,尤其是中國之未來市場 或其經濟狀況。截至二零一七年三月三十一日概無確認 減值虧損。

Our procedures in relation to impairment assessment of goodwill included:

本行就商譽減值評估之程序包括:

- Understanding the Group's impairment assessment process, including the impairment model, basis of allocation of goodwill to CGUs and the preparation of the cash flow projections;
- 了解 貴集團減值評估之過程(包括減值模型、商譽分配至金產生單位之基准及現金流量預測之編製);
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the impairment model applied by the management;
- 評估管理層運用減值模型之恰當性;
- Evaluating the accuracy of the management's cash flow forecasts by comparing the actual results of those CGUs to the previously forecasted results;
- 透過將現金產生單位之實際結果與此前預測結果進行比較以評估管理層之現金流量預測的準確度;
- Testing discount rates applied in the forecast by comparing them to the economic and industry data;
- 透過將該預測所使用之貼現率與經濟及行業數據進行比較以測試該等貼現率;
- Engaging our internal valuation experts to assess the appropriateness of certain of the discount rates used;
- 本行內部估值專家評估若干折讓率近似值;
- Assessing the reasonableness of growth rates applied in the forecast based on historical experiences and trends;
- 根據過往經驗及趨勢以評估運用於該預測中之增長率的合理性;及
- Comparing the expected changes in selling prices and direct costs against historical performance and the management's business plans in respect of each CGU.
- 就每一項現金產生單位,將銷售價格及直接成本之 預期變動與過往表現及管理層的業務計劃進行比

較。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年報內的信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據《香港財務報告準則》 及香港《公司條例》的披露要求擬備真實而中 肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財 務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔

我們的目標是為對綜合財務報表整體是否不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述 取得合理保證,並按照《百慕達公司法》第90 條的規定僅向全體股東出具包括我們意見的 核數師報告。除此以外,我們的報告不可用作 其他用途。本行並不就本行報告之內容對任 何其他人士承擔任何責任或接受任何義務。 合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照 《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤 陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐 或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總 起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務 報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述 可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險, 設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險, 以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為 我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕 於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐 而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能 發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的 審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括 我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺 陷。

我們還向治理層提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用情況下,相關防範措施。



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Wong Wang Hei.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任(續)

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事 項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因 而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中 描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披 露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合 理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面 後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在 報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 黃宏禧。

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong June 21, 2017

德勤●關黃陳方會計師行

執業會計師 香港

二零一七年六月二十一日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收入報表

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

			截主 ニ月二 2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
		NOTES 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (重列)
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	5	31,993,323 (23,616,497)	29,496,869 (22,283,324)
Gross profit Other income Other gains and losses Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses Finance costs Share of results of associates Share of results of joint ventures	毛利 其他收入 其他收益及虧損 銷售及分銷成本 行政開支 財務費用 應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔合資公司之業績	7 8 9	8,376,826 445,644 (214,653) (1,229,274) (1,675,472) (705,116) 293,060 611,187	7,213,545 486,233 (958,581) (1,087,858) (1,560,846) (758,180) 185,462 197,925
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利税項	10	5,902,202 (1,207,506)	3,717,700 (984,408)
Other comprehensive expense Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Decrease in fair value on available-for-sale investments Reclassification adjustment for the cumulative loss included in profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale investments Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on translation	年度溢利 其他全面開支 其後將重新分類至損益 之項目: 可供出售之投資出售之投資的出售, 於出售計入與可供益 後計量新分類。 虧損重新分類, 虧損重新分類至 損益之項目: 換算產生之匯兑差額		4,694,696 (21,794) — (1,240,162)	2,733,292 (11,042) 5,463 (1,082,357)
Other comprehensive expense for the year	年度其他全面開支		(1,261,956)	(1,087,936)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額		3,432,740	1,645,356

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收入報表

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

		NOTE 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (重列)
Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	年度溢利歸屬: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		4,147,732 546,964	2,273,121 460,171
			4,694,696	2,733,292
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	全面收入總額歸屬:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		3,047,451 385,289	1,449,198 196,158
			3,432,740	1,645,356
Earnings per share Basic	每股盈利 基本	15	HK84.51 cents 港仙	HK45.79 cents 港仙
Diluted	攤薄		HK84.51 cents 港仙	HK45.79 cents 港仙

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at March 31, 2017 於二零一七年三月三十一日

As at March 31

於三月三十一日

		_	21-75-	•
			2017	2016
			二零一七年	二零一六年
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
		117 8-2		1,2,0
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment properties	投資物業	16	219,221	190,450
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	25,782,679	22,849,608
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	18	1,516,323	1,493,028
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資	19	4,165,789	3,832,849
Investments in joint ventures	於合資公司之投資	20	5,412,087	5,070,331
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售之投資	21	324,304	211,175
Goodwill	商譽	22	3,354,612	2,479,992
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	23	3,003,196	3,060,222
Deposit for acquisition of property, plant	火間	20	3,555,155	0,000,222
			445.054	405.040
and equipment	按金		417,854	485,949
Deposit for acquisition of subsidiaries,	收購附屬公司、合資公司			
joint ventures and associates	及聯營公司之按金		267,264	46,632
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	36	160,617	166,106
			44,623,946	39,886,342
Current assets	流動資產			
		0.5	4 070 000	1 010 110
Inventories	存貨	25	1,678,888	1,213,116
Amounts due from customers for	應收客戶之合約工程款項			
contract work		26	1,738,107	1,136,446
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	27	6,066,993	5,093,878
Amounts due from associates	應收聯營公司款項	24	255,015	100,540
Amounts due from joint ventures	應收合資公司款項	20	304,156	271,069
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	18	49,991	47,641
Held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資	28	27,402	11,364
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	29	517,676	275,554
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	29	4,724,646	5,496,941
			15,362,874	13,646,549
			.0,002,011	10,010,010
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	30	9,649,805	8,549,457
Amounts due to associates	應付聯營公司款項	24	100,939	_
Amounts due to joint ventures	應付合資公司款項	20	797,393	_
Amounts due to customers for contract	應付客戶之合約工程款項	20	701,000	
	减 的 各 厂 人 百 約 工 任	06	645 100	E0E 157
work		26	645,193	525,157
Derivative financial instrument	衍生金融工具	35	936	4,500
Taxation	税項		511,844	398,773
Amount due to a non-controlling interest	應付附屬公司非控股權益			
of a subsidiary	款項	31		509
Bank and other borrowings —	銀行及其他借貸一			
due within one year	於一年內到期	32	10,873,256	10,324,484
220	2/ 1117/1/1	J <u>L</u>	,5,7,5,255	. 5,52 1, 15 1
			22,579,366	19,802,880
				.,,

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at March 31, 2017 於二零一七年三月三十一日

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

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	NOTES 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net current liabilities 流動負債淨額		(7,216,492)	(6,156,331)
Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債		37,407,454	33,730,011
Equity 權益 Share capital 股本	33	49,685	49,104
Reserves		20,500,548	17,803,458
Equity attributable to owners of the 歸屬本公司擁有人之權	益		
Company		20,550,233	17,852,562
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益		3,377,375	3,111,558
Total equity 權益總額		23,927,608	20,964,120
No. a compare l'abilité a			
Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 Bank and other borrowings — due after 銀行及其他借貸一於	一年		
one year 後到期	32	12,745,179	12,009,698
Deferred taxation 遞延税項	36	734,667	756,193
		13,479,846	12,765,891
		37,407,454	33,730,011

The consolidated financial statements on pages 9 to 210 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on June 21, 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

第九至二百一十頁之綜合財務報表已於二零 一七年六月二十一日經董事會批准並授權刊 發,並由以下人士代表簽署:

ZHOU SI 周思 DIRECTOR 董事 LIU MING HUI 劉明輝 DIRECTOR 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes In Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company 歸屬本公司擁有人

							距脳平 ムリ	雅 付 八							
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$*000 千港元	Employee share-based compensation reserve 僱員股份 報酬儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 34) (附註34)	Investment revaluation reserve 投資 重估儲備 HK\$*000 千港元 (note 34) (附註34)	Properties revaluation reserve 物業 重估儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Special reserve 特別儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note i) (附註i)	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note ii) (附註ii)	Capital redemption reserve 資本 贖回儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Statutory funds 法定基金 HK\$*000 千港元 (note iii) (附註ii)	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$*000 千港元	Tota 總言 HK\$*000 千港元
At April 1, 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	50,019	8,020,635	1,368	792,119	36,355	1,601	1,602	(74,174)	192	831,183	8,735,417	18,396,317	3,039,183	21,435,50
Profit for the year	年度溢利	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,273,121	2,273,121	460,171	2,733,29
Other comprehensive expense for the year	年度其他全面開支	-	-	-	(818,344)	(5,579)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(823,923)	(264,013)	(1,087,936
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	年度全面(開支)收入 總額	-	-	-	(818,344)	(5,579)	-	-	-	-	-	2,273,121	1,449,198	196,158	1,645,35
Acquisition of additional interest of subsidiaries (note 37(B))	收購附屬公司額外權益 (附註37(B))	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(103,591)	_	_	_	(103,591)	(54,602)	(158,19
Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 38(B)) Acquisition of assets	收購附屬公司 (附註38(B)) 收購資產(附註39)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,187	53,18
(note 39)	水將貝座(附近39)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7,532	7,53
Repurchase of shares Transfer to accumulated profits upon forfeiture of share	回購股份 於沒收購股權後轉撥至 累計溢利	(915)	(946,354)	-	-	-	-	-	-	915	-	(915)	(947,269)	-	(947,26
options Capital contribution from non-controlling interests of	附屬公司非控股權益之 出資	-	-	(1,368)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,368	-	-	-
subsidiaries Dividends paid by subsidiaries	附屬公司派付非控股權	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	166,662	166,66
to non-controlling interests Dividends paid Transfer	益之股息 已付股息 轉撥	-	-	- - -	-	-	-	-	-	-	- - 154,142	(942,093) (154,142)	- (942,093) -	(296,562) — —	(296,56) (942,09)
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年 三月三十一日	49,104	7,074,281	-	(26,225)	30,776	1,601	1,602	(177,765)	1,107	985,325		17,852,562	3,111,558	20,964,120



Consolidated Statement of Changes In Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company 器屬本公司擁有人

						Eq 19	一日 一	ĦΛ						
		Share capital	Share premium 股份溢價	Translation reserve 匯兑储備	Investment revaluation reserve 投資 重估儲備	Properties revaluation reserve 物業 重估儲備	Special reserve 结別儲備		Capital redemption reserve 資本 贖回儲備	Statutory funds 法定基金	Accumulated profits 累計溢利	Total總計	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益	Total總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (note 34) (附註34)	HK\$'000 千港元 (note 34) (附註34)	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (note i) (附註i)		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (note iii) (附註iii)	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At April 1, 2016	於二零一六年四月一日	49,104	7,074,281	(26,225)	30,776	1,601	1,602	(177,765)	1,107	985,325	9,912,756	17,852,562	3,111,558	20,964,120
Profit for the year Other comprehensive expense for	年度溢利 年度其他全面開支	-									4,147,732	4,147,732	546,964	4,694,696
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	年度全面(開支)收入總額	-		(1,078,487)	(21,794)							3,047,451		3,432,740
Acquisition of additional interest of subsidiaries (note 37(A)) Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司額外權益 (附註37(A)) 收購附屬公司(附註38(A))	-						(127,400)				(127,400)	(24,175)	
(note 38(A)) Issuance of new shares upon acquisitions of subsidiaries (note 38(A)(v)) Repurchase of shares	收購附屬公司後發行 新股份(附註38(A)(v)) 回購股份	1,108 (527)	1,268,923 (538,068)						- 527		_ _ (527)	1,270,031 (538,595)	99,634 - -	99,63 1,270,03 (538,59
Capital contribution from non-controlling interests of subsidiaries Dividends paid by subsidiaries to	附屬公司非控股權益之 出資 附屬公司派付非控股權益之	-											116,377	116,37
non-controlling interests Dividends paid Transfer	股息 已付股息 轉撥	=								- - 146,362	(953,816) (146,362)		(311,308) – –	(311,30 (953,81
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	49,685	7,805,136	(1,104,712)	8,982	1,601	1,602	(305,165)	1,634	1,131,687	12,959,783	20,550,233	3,377,375	23,927,60

Notes:

- (i) The special reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the acquired subsidiaries and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares in 1995.
- (ii) Capital reserve represent the effect of changes in the ownership interests in subsidiaries on the equity attributable to owners of the Company upon the acquisition of non-controlling interests.
- (iii) In accordance with statutory requirements in the People's Republic of China, other than Hong Kong (the "PRC"), subsidiaries registered in the PRC are required to transfer a certain percentage of the annual net income from accumulated profits to the statutory funds, until the statutory funds are accumulated up to 50% of its registered capital. Under normal circumstances, the statutory funds are not allowed to be distributed to the subsidiaries' shareholders as dividends. The statutory funds shall only be used for making good losses, capitalisation into paid-in capital and expansion of its production and operations.

附註:

- (i) 本集團之特別儲備乃指本公司所收購附屬公司之股份面值與本公司股份於一九九五年上市前集團重組期間進行收購所發行本公司股份面值之差額。
- (ii) 資本儲備指於收購非控股權益後,附屬公司 所有權權益變動對本公司擁有人應佔權益之 影響。
- (ii) 根據中華人民共和國(「中國」,不包括香港) 的法定規定,於中國註冊的附屬公司須從累 計溢利將其年度淨收入若干百分比撥往法定 基金,直至法定基金達致其註冊資本50%為 止。在一般情況下,法定基金不得分派予該附 屬公司股東作為股息。法定基金僅可用作彌 補虧損、資本化至繳入資本及擴展生產及營 運。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

For the year ended March 31 截至三月三十一日止

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before taxation	經營活動 除税前溢利	5,902,202	3,717,700
Adjustments for: Change in fair value of investment properties (Reversal of) allowance for trade receivables	經以下調整: 投資物業之公平值變動 貿易應收賬款(撥回)撥備	(31,686) (1,289)	(2,792) 31,852
Impairment loss recognised on property, plant and equipment Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Release of prepaid lease payments Amortisation of intangible assets Change in fair value of held-for-trading	就物業、廠房及設備確認之 減值虧損 物業、廠房及設備之折舊 發還預付租賃款項 無形資產攤銷 持作買賣投資之公平值	872,640 48,362 87,157	124,414 832,342 45,444 81,179
investments Gain on disposal on prepaid lease payments (Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and	變動 出售預付租賃款項之收益 出售物業、廠房及設備之	(16,038) —	5,759 (4,155)
equipment Loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments	(收益)虧損 出售可供出售投資之虧損	(2,239) —	5,463
Gain on deemed disposal of a joint venture Gain on bargain purchase Interest expense Share of results of associates Share of results of joint ventures Interest income Exchange loss	視作出售合資公司之收益 議價購買收益 利息開支 應佔聯營公司業績 應佔合資公司業績 利息收入 匯兑虧損	- 705,116 (293,060) (611,187) (69,386) 101,075	(1,970) (470) 758,180 (185,462) (197,925) (69,210) 513,170
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Increase in inventories	營運資金變動前之經營活動現 金流量 存貨增加	6,691,667 (302,448)	5,661,631 (69,372)
Increase in amounts due from customers for contract work (Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables	應收客戶之合約工程款項 增加 貿易及其他應收賬項(增加)	(659,775)	(381,689)
Decrease (increase) in amounts due from associates	減少 應收聯營公司款項減少(增加)	(764,057) 34,188	4,062 (60,064)
Increase in amounts due to joint ventures (Decrease) increase in trade and	應付合資公司款項增加 貿易及其他應付賬項(減少)	1,742	
other payables Increase in amounts due to associates Increase in amounts due to customers for	增加 應付聯營公司款項增加 應付客戶之合約工程款項	(30,515) 100,939	1,579,806 —
contract work Decrease in amounts due to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	增加 應付附屬公司非控股權益 款項減少	146,891 —	120,545 (582)
Cash from operations PRC Enterprise Income Tax paid	經營活動產生現金 已付中國企業所得税	5,218,632 (1,102,335)	6,854,337 (992,260)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所得現金淨額	4,116,297	5,862,077

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

		NOTES 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Interest received	已收利息		69,386	69,210
Deposit paid for acquisition of property,	收購物業、廠房及設備已付			
plant and equipment	按金		(426,218)	(500,813)
Deposit paid for acquisition of subsidiaries,	收購附屬公司、合資公司及			
joint ventures and associates	聯營公司已付按金		(237,100)	(32,935)
Placement of pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款存入		(311,894)	(334,953)
Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits	提取已抵押銀行存款		55,681	119,462
Additions of property, plant and equipment	添置物業、廠房及設備		(2,639,147) (141,089)	(2,722,334)
Additions of prepaid lease payments Additions of available-for-sale investments	預付租賃款項增加 可供出售之投資增加		(141,069) (75,980)	(244,300) (2,563)
Additions of other intangible assets	其他無形資產增加		(89,455)	(63,477)
Additions of held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資增加		(00,100)	(6,158)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale				(-,,
investments	款項		930	4,334
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備所得			
and equipment and prepaid lease	款項及預付租賃款項			
payments			106,831	68,892
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash and	收購業務,扣除所得現金及			
cash equivalents acquired	現金等值項目	38	(366,612)	(214,026)
Acquisition of assets through the acquisition	透過收購附屬公司收購資產			(1.10.000)
of subsidiaries		39	(05.500)	(143,098)
Addition of investments in joint ventures Repayment from non-controlling interests of	於合資公司之投資增加		(25,568)	(370,782)
subsidiaries	門燭ム刊弁任似惟血逐枞		6,090	_
Advance to joint ventures	向合資公司作出的墊款		(46,948)	(13,747)
Repayment from associates	獲聯營公司還款		11,770	18,120
Capital injection into associates	向聯營公司注資		(52,683)	(15,028)
Dividend paid by an associate	聯營公司已付股息		5,644	14,968
Dividend paid by joint ventures	合資公司已付股息		44,200	367,780
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所用現金淨額		(4,112,162)	(4,001,448)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

			A A A B A B A B B B B B B B B B B	1 1 1 1 1
			2017	2016
		NOTE	二零一七年 HK \$'000	二零一六年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
Interest paid	已付利息		(963,409)	(840,084)
Payment on repurchase of ordinary shares	回購普通股款項		(538,595)	(947,269)
Dividends paid	已付股息		(953,816)	(942,093)
New bank and other borrowings raised	新籌得銀行及其他借貸		18,515,516	23,034,776
Repayments of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借貸		(17,085,407)	(21,341,903)
Advance from joint ventures	合資公司墊款		795,651	_
Advance from non-controlling interests of a	附屬公司非控股權益墊款			
subsidiary	力 以		56,746	_
Repayment to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	向附屬公司非控股權益還款		(500)	(0.670)
Acquisition of additional interests in	收購附屬公司額外權益		(509)	(2,678)
subsidiaries	以 期 们 衡 厶 刊 锭 刀 惟 笽	37	(151,575)	(158,193)
Capital contribution from non-controlling	附屬公司非控股權益出資	0,	(101,010)	(100,100)
interests of subsidiaries			116,377	166,662
Dividend paid by subsidiaries to non-	附屬公司派付非控股權益之			
controlling interests	股息		(311,308)	(296,562)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING	融資活動所用之現金淨額			
ACTIVITIES			(520,329)	(1,327,344)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH	現金及現金等值項目之			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(減少)增加淨額		(516,194)	533,285
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	年初之現金及現金等值項目			
BEGINNING OF THE YEAR			5,496,941	5,228,497
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE	匯率變動之影響		(050 404)	(004.044)
CHANGES			(256,101)	(264,841)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END	年終之現金及現金等值項目		4.704.040	E 400.04:
OF THE YEAR			4,724,646	5,496,941
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH	現金及現金等值項目結餘			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	分析		4 704 649	E 400 044
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金		4,724,646	5,496,941

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

GENERAL 1.

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed in the section headed "Corporate Information" of the Group's annual report.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out note 48.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is Renminbi ("RMB"). As the Company is a listed entity in Hong Kong, the directors of the Company consider that it is appropriate to present the consolidated financial statements in HK\$.

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time in the current year:

Amendments to HKFRS 10, Investment entities: Applying the HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 consolidation exception

Amendments to HKFRS 11 Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations

Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure initiative

Amendments to HKAS 16 Clarification of acceptable methods and HKAS 38 of depreciation and amortisation

Amendments to HKAS 16 Agriculture: Bearer plants and HKAS 41

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 cycle

1. 一般資料

本公司為於百慕達註冊成立之公眾有限 公司,為一間獲豁免有限公司,其股份 於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 上市。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業 地點於本集團年報「公司資料」一節內披 露。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本公司主 要附屬公司之業務載於附註48。

綜合財務報表乃以港元(「港元」)列示, 而本公司及其附屬公司之功能貨幣則為 人民幣(「人民幣」)。由於本公司為於香 港上市之實體,故本公司董事認為以港 元呈列綜合財務報表屬恰當。

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 2. 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則 ()

於本年度,本集團已首次應用以下由香 港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈 之香港財務報告準則(修訂本):

香港財務報告準則 投資實體:應用 綜合入賬之例外 第10號、香港財務 報告準則第12號 情況 及香港會計準則

香港財務報告準則 收購合資經營權益 之會計處理 第11號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第1號 披露動議 (修訂本)

第16號及香港

第28號(修訂本)

香港會計準則 澄清折舊及攤銷之 可接受方式

會計準則第38號 (修訂本)

香港會計準則第16 農業:生產性植物

號及香港會計準 則第41號(修訂 本)

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 二零一二年至二 (修訂本)

零一四年调期之 年度改進

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

Except as described below, the application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 1 "Disclosure initiative"

The Group has applied the amendments to HKAS 1 "Disclosure initiative" for the first time in the current year.

The amendments to HKAS 1 clarify that an entity need not provide a specific disclosure required by a HKFRS if the information resulting from that disclosure is not material, and give guidance on the bases of aggregating and disaggregating information. However, the amendments reiterate that an entity should consider providing additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in HKFRS is insufficient to enable users of financial statements to understand the impact of particular transactions, events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance.

As regards the structure of the financial statements, the amendments provide examples of systematic ordering or grouping of the notes.

The Group has applied these amendments retrospectively. Hence, the grouping and ordering of certain notes has been revised to give prominence to the areas of the Group's activities that management considers to be most relevant to an understanding of the Group's financial performance and financial position. Specifically, information to capital risk management and financial instruments was reordered to notes 40 and 41. Other than the above presentation changes, the application of the amendments to HKAS 1 has not resulted in any impact on the financial performance or financial position of the Group in these consolidated financial statements.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

除下文所述者外,於本年度應用香港財務報告準則之修訂對本集團本年度及過往年度之財務表現及狀況及/或該等綜合財務報表所載之披露並無構成重大影響。

香港會計準則第1號「披露動議」 (修訂本)

本集團已於本年度首次應用香港會計準 則第1號「披露動議」之修訂。

就財務報表的結構而言,該等修訂提供 例子,説明如何有系統地將附註排序或 組合附註。

本集團已追溯應用此等修訂,並已修改若干附註的組合及排序,以突出本集團 業務中管理層認為就了解本集團財務表現及財務狀況而言屬最為關鍵的 分。具體而言,資本風險管理及金融別 員之信息已於附註40及附註41中重列則 以信息已於附註40及附註41中重計則 以上述列報變動外,應用香港會計則 第1號之修訂對本集團於此等綜合 報表中的財務表現或財務狀況並無任何 影響。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS 2. TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments¹

HKFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with

customers and the related

amendments1

HKFRS 16 Leases²

HK(IFRIC)-Int 22 Foreign currency transactions and

advance consideration1

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Classification and measurement of

share-based payment

transactions1

Amendments to HKFRS 4 Applying HKFRS 9 Financial

> instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance contracts¹

Amendments to HKFRS 10

and HKAS 28

Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its

associate or joint venture3

Amendments to HKAS 7 Disclosure initiative4

Amendments to HKAS 12 Recognition of deferred tax assets

for unrealised losses4

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual improvements to HKFRSs

2014-2016 cycle⁵

Amendments to HKAS 40 Transfers of investment properties¹

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017 or January 1, 2018, as appropriate

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早採用已頒佈但尚未生效 之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告 金融工具1

準則第9號

香港財務報告 客戶合約及相關 準則第15號 修訂收益1

香港財務報告 租賃2

準則第16號

香港(國際財務 外幣交易及預收預

報告詮釋委員 付對價1

會)一詮釋第22號

香港財務報告準則 以股份為基礎之付

第2號(修訂本) 款交易之分類及

計量1

香港財務報告準則 連同香港財務報告

第4號(修訂本) 準則第4號保險

> 合約一併應用香 港財務報告準則 第9號金融工具1

香港財務報告準則

投資者與其聯營公 司或合資公司間 第10號及香港 會計準則第28號 資產出售或註入3

(修訂本)

香港會計準則第7號 披露動議4 (修訂本)

香港會計準則

就未變現虧損確認 第12號(修訂本) 遞延税項資產4

香港財務報告準則

香港財務報告準則

二零一四年至二 之修訂本

零一六年週期之 年度改進5

香港會計準則

投資物業轉撥1 第40號(修訂本)

- 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 於待釐定生效日期或之後開始的年度 期間生效
- 於二零一七年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 於二零一七年一月一日或二零一八年 - 月 - 日 或 之 後 開 始 的 年 度 期 間 生 效 (如適用)

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 9 "Financial instruments"

HKFRS 9 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, financial liabilities, general hedge accounting and impairment requirements for financial assets.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 which are relevant to the Group are:

- All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKFRS 9 are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- In relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融 工具」

香港財務報告準則第9號引進有關金融 資產、金融負債、一般對沖會計法及金 融資產減值要求分類及計量之新規定。

與 貴集團相關的香港財務報告準則第 9號之主要規定描述如下:

- 所有屬香港財務報告準則第9號範 疇內之已確認金融資產須於其後 均按攤銷成本或公平值計量。尤其 是,按商業模式持有而目的為收取 合約現金流量之債務投資,以及僅 為支付本金及未償還本金之利息 之債務投資,一般均於其後會計期 間結束時按攤銷成本計量。目標為 同時收回合約現金流量及出售金 融資產之業務模式中持有之債務 工具,以及合約條款令於特定日期 產生之現金流量僅為支付本金及 尚未償還本金利息之債務工具,乃 於其他全面收入以公平值列賬計 量。所有其他債務投資及股本投資 均於其後會計期間結束時按其公 平值計量。此外,根據香港財務報 告準則第9號,實體可以不可撤回 地選擇於其他全面收入呈列股本 投資(並非持作買賣)之其後公平 值變動,而一般僅於損益內確認股 息收入。
- 就金融資產減值而言,與香港會計 準則第39號項下按已產生信貸 損模式計算相反,香港財務損失 則第9號規定按預期信貸虧損模式需 計算。預期信貸虧損模式需虧損 於各報告日期將預期信貸 該等信貸虧損之預期變動入 反映信貸風險自初始確認 變動。換言之,毋須再待發生信貸 事件即可確認信貸虧損。

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2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 9 "Financial instruments" (Continued)

The application of HKFRS 9 in the future may have an impact on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities (e.g. the Group's available for sale investments will have to be measured at fair value at the end of subsequent reporting periods, with changes in the fair value being recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income of certain criteria are met). In addition, the expected credit loss model may result in early provision of credit losses for the Group's financial assets measured at amortised costs.

HKFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers"

HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 "Revenue", HKAS 11 "Construction contracts" and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融 工具」(續)

應用香港財務報告準則第9號可能對有關本集團之金融資產及金融負債呈報之分類及計量造成影響(如本集團之可供出售投資將須按其後報告期結束時之公平值計量,並符合於損益或其他全面收入中確認公平值變動的若干標準)。此外,採用預期信貸虧損模式可能導致投早提供本集團按攤消成本計量之財務資產之信貸虧損。

香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶 合約收益」

香港財務報告準則第15號制定一項單一全面模式供實體用作將來自客戶合約所產生的收益入賬。於香港財務報告準則第15號生效後,將取代現時載於香港會計準則第18號「收益」、香港會計準則第11號「建築合約」及相關詮釋的收益確認指引。

香港財務報告準則第15號的核心原則為 實體所確認描述向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或 服務的收益金額,應為能反映該實體預 期就交換該等貨品或服務有權獲得的代 價。具體而言,該準則引入確認收益的 五個步驟:

- 第一步:識別與客戶訂立的合約
- 第二步:識別合約中的履約責任
- 第三步:釐定交易價
- 第四步:將交易價分配至合約中的 履約責任
- 第五步:於實體完成履約責任時(或 就此)確認收益

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APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" (Continued)

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

In 2016, the HKICPA issued Clarifications to HKFRS 15 in relation to the identification of performance obligations, principal versus agent considerations, as well as licensing application guidance.

The directors of the Company anticipates that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may result in more disclosures, however, the directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 will have a material impact on the timing and amounts of revenue recognised in the respective reporting periods.

HKFRS 16 "Leases"

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. HKFRS 16 will supersede HKAS 17 "Leases" and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 16 distinguishes lease and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. Distinctions of operating leases and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶 合約收益」(續)

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,實體於完成履約責任時(或就此)確認收益,即當特定履約責任相關的商品或服務的「控制權」轉讓予客戶時。香港財務報告準則第15號已就特別情況的處理方法加入更明確的指引。此外,香港財務報告準則第15號要求更詳盡的披露。

於二零一六年,香港會計師公會頒佈對香港財務報告準則第15號的澄清,涉及識別履約責任、主事人與代理人的考慮以及授出特許權的應用指引。

本公司董事預期,於未來應用香港財務報告準則第15號可能造成更多披露,然而,本公司董事未預計應用香港財務報告準則第15號將對於各報告期已確認之收益之時間及賬目產生重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」

香港財務報告準則第16號為識別出租人 及承租人之租賃安排及會計處理引入一 個綜合模式。當香港財務報告準則第16 號生效時,將取代香港會計準則第17號 「租賃」及相關的詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第16號根據所識別資產是否由客戶控制來區分租賃及服務合約。除短期租賃及低值資產租賃外,經營及融資租賃的差異自承租人會計處理中移除,並由承租人須就所有租賃確認使用權資產及相應負債的模式替代。



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APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS 2. TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost (subject to certain exceptions) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. Subsequently, the lease liability is adjusted for interest and lease payments, as well as the impact of lease modifications, amongst others. For the classification of cash flows, the Group currently presents upfront prepaid lease payments as investing cash flows in relation to leasehold lands for owned use and those classified as investment properties while other operating lease payments are presented as operating cash flows. Under the HKFRS 16, lease payments in relation to lease liability will be allocated into a principal and an interest portion which will be presented as financing and financing cash flows.

Under HKAS 17, the Group has already recognised an asset and a related finance lease liability for finance lease arrangement and prepaid lease payments for leasehold lands where the Group is a lessee. The application of HKFRS 16 may result in potential changes in classification of these assets depending on whether the Group presents right-of-use assets separately or within the same line item at which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

In contrast to lessee accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17, and continues to require a lessor to classify a lease either as an operating lease or a finance lease.

Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 16.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則 |)(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號「租 賃 |(續)

使用權資產初步按成本計量,並隨後以 成本(惟若干例外情况除外)減累計折舊 及減值虧損計量,並就租賃負債任何重 新計量而作出調整。租賃負債乃按租賃 付款(非當日支付)之現值初步確認。隨 後,租賃負債經(其中包括)利息及租賃 付款以及租賃修訂的影響所調整。就現 金流量分類而言,本集團目前將預付租 賃款項呈報為涉及自用租賃土地之投資 現金流,以及分類為經營租賃付款者, 則呈報為經營現金流。根據香港財務報 告準則第16號,有關租賃負債的租賃付 款將分配為本金及利息部分,其將分別 以融資及融資現金流量呈列。

根據香港會計準則第17號,本集團已確 認一項資產及關於融資租賃安排之相關 融資租賃負債,以及租賃土地(集團為承 租人)的預付租賃款項。應用香港財務報 告準則第16號可能導致該等資產在分類 上的潛在變動,取決於本集團個別或一 併呈列使用權資產,即在擁有對應相關 資產情況下所獲呈列者。

與承租人會計處理方法相反,香港財務 報告準則第16號大致保留香港會計準則 第17號內出租人的會計要求,並繼續規 定出租人將租賃分類為經營租賃或融資 租賃。

此外,香港財務報告準則第16號亦要求 較廣泛的披露。

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2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 16 "Leases" (Continued)

As at March 31, 2017, the Group has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of approximately HK\$211,316,000 as disclosed in note 42. A preliminary assessment indicates that these arrangements will meet the definition of a lease under HKFRS 16, and hence the Group will recognise a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability in respect of all these leases unless they qualify for low value or short-term leases upon the application of HKFRS 16. In addition, the application of new requirements may result changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the financial effect until the directors of the Company complete a detailed review.

Amendments to HKAS 7 "Disclosure initiative"

The amendments require an entity to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities including changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. Specifically, the amendments require the following changes in liabilities arising from financing activities to be disclosed: (i) changes from financing cash flows; (ii) changes arising from obtaining or losing control of subsidiaries or other businesses; (iii) the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates; (iv) changes in fair values; and (v) other changes.

The amendments apply prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after March 1, 2017 with earlier application permitted. The application of the amendments will result in additional disclosures on the Group's financing activities, specifically reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the consolidated statement of financial position for liabilities arising from financing activities will be provided on application.

Except as disclosed above, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則 |) (續)

香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」(續)

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團載於附註42有不可撤銷的經營租賃不可撤銷的經營租赁和賃額之11,316,000港元。初步評估顯示該等安排將符合香港財務報告準則第16號再有實施,因此本集團將就所有非營應用香港財務報告準則第16號時其稅於應用香港財務報告準則第16號時新稅合定可能導致上文所述的計量、呈列超級審閱有所變動。然而,在董事進行詳細審閱前,對財務影響作出合理估計並不實際。

香港會計準則第7號(修訂本)「披露動議

修訂本規定實體披露能讓財務報表使用者評估融資活動產生之負債變動,包括現金流量引致之變動及非現金變動。尤其是,修訂本規定披露以下來自融資現金流動之負債變動:(i)來自融資現金流司之變動;(ii)來自取得或失去附屬公司或與動他業務控制權之變動;(ii)外幣匯率變動之影響:(iv)公平值變動;及(v)其他變動。

修訂本於二零一七年三月一日或之後開始之年度期間前瞻性應用,並許可提前應用。應用修訂本將導致有關本集團融資活動之額外披露事項,尤其是融資活動產生之負債於綜合財務狀況表的期初與期末結餘之對賬,其將於應用修訂本時披露。

除上文所披露者外,本公司董事預期應 用其他新訂及香港財務報告準則修訂本 對綜合財務報表不會構成重大影響。



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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties and certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis. except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment", leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value for the purposes of measuring inventories in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

3. 重大會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒 佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜 合財務報表亦載入香港聯合交易所有限 公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港 公司條例所規定的適用披露資料。

誠如以下所載會計政策所説明,綜合財 務報表乃於各報告期末按歷史成本基準 編製,惟投資物業及按公平值計量之若 干金融工具除外。

歷史成本一般根據換取貨物及服務所付 代價之公平值得出。

公平值為於計量日期在市場參與者之間 在有序交易中出售一項資產而將收取或 轉讓一項負債而將支付之價格(無論該 價格為直接可觀察或採用另一估值技巧 估計而得出)。在估計一項資產或負債 之公平值時,本集團考慮資產或負債之 特徵(倘市場參與者會於計量日期在為 資產或負債定價時考慮該等特徵)。於此 等綜合財務報表中用作計量及/或披露 之公平值乃按此基準釐定,惟香港財務 報告準則第2號「以股份形式付款」範圍 內以股份為基礎之付款交易、香港會計 準則第17號「租賃」範圍內之租賃交易及 與公平值有部分類似但並非公平值之計 量,如香港會計準則第2號[存貨]計量存 貨之可變現淨值或香港會計準則第36號 「資產減值」之使用價值除外。

非金融資產之公平值計量計及市場參與 者透過最大限度使用該資產達致最佳用 途、或透過將資產售予將最大限度使用 該資產達致最佳用途之另一名市場參與 者而產生經濟利益之能力。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量乃 根據公平值計量之輸入數據之可觀察程 度及輸入數據對公平值計量整體之重要 性而分為第一、二及三級,其載述如下:

- 第一級輸入數據是於計量日期實體可獲得之活躍市場上相同資產或負債之報價(不作調整);
- 第二級輸入數據是第一級所包括報價以外,有關資產或負債可直接或間接觀察之輸入數據:及
- 第三級輸入數據是有關資產或負債之不可觀察輸入數據。

主要會計政策載列如下。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及受本公司及 其附屬公司控制實體之財務報表。倘屬 以下情況,則本公司獲得控制權:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 因參與投資對象之業務而可獲得 或有權獲得可變回報;及
- 有能力藉行使其權力而影響其回 報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因素 中,有一項或以上出現變動,本集團會 重新評估其是否控制投資對象。



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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity including reserves and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted (after re-attribution of the relevant equity components) and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

本集團於獲得附屬公司控制權時將附屬 公司綜合入賬,並於失去附屬公司控制 權時終止入賬。具體而言,於年內購入 或出售之附屬公司之收入及開支自本集 團獲得控制權當日起至本集團失去附屬 公司控制權當日止計入綜合損益及其他 全面收入報表內。

損益及各其他全面收入項目歸屬於本公 司擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公司之全 面收入總額歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控 股權益,即使因此而導致非控股權益出 現虧絀結餘。

於必要時,對附屬公司之財務報表作出 調整,以使其會計政策與本集團會計政 策一致。

有關本集團成員公司之間交易的所有集 團內公司間資產及負債、權益、收入、 支出及現金流均於綜合賬目時予以全數 對銷。

本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權

本集團於現有附屬公司擁有權權益之變 動倘並無導致本集團失去其對附屬公司 之控制權,則會列作權益交易入賬。本 集團之權益相關部分包括儲備與非控股 權益之賬面值均予以調整,以反映其於 附屬公司相對權益之變動。非控股權益 之調整額(權益相關部分重新歸屬後)與 已付或已收代價公平值兩者間之任何差 額,均直接於權益確認,並歸屬於本公 司擁有人。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee benefits" respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment" at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below); and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations" are measured in accordance with that Standard.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

業務合併

收購業務採用收購法入賬。業務合併轉讓的代價按公平值計量,而計算方法為本集團所轉讓的資產於收購日期的公平值、本集團向被收購方前擁有人產生的負債及本集團於交換被收購方控制權時發行的股權之總額。有關收購的費用通常於產生時於損益中確認。

於收購日期,所收購的可識別資產及所 承擔的負債按其公平值確認,惟以下情 況除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及僱員福利 安排相關的負債或資產分別根據 香港會計準則第12號「所得稅」及 香港會計準則第19號「僱員福利」 確認及計量;
- 與被收購方以股份支付安排有關或以本集團所訂立以股份支付的安排取代被收購方以股份支付的安排有關的負債或權益工具,乃於收購日期(見下文會計政策)按香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份形式付款」計量:及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號「持 作出售的非流動資產及已終止經 營業務」分類為持作出售的資產 (或出售組別)根據該準則計量。



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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Business combinations (Continued)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net amount of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at acquisition date. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the relevant subsidiary's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of noncontrolling interests are measured at their fair value.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control), and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), and additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

業務合併(續)

商譽是以所轉撥的代價、任何非控股權 益於被收購方中所佔金額及收購方以往 持有的被收購方股權的公平值(如有)的 總和,減所收購的可識別資產及所承擔 的負債於收購日期的淨值後所超出的差 額計值。倘經過重新評估後,所收購的 可識別資產與所承擔負債於收購日期的 淨額高於轉撥的代價、任何非控股權益 於被收購方中所佔金額以及收購方以往 持有的被收購方股權的公平值(如有)的 總和,則差額即時於損益內確認為議價 購買收益。

屬現時擁有權權益且於清盤時讓持有人 有權按比例分佔相關附屬公司淨資產的 非控股權益,可初步按公平值或非控股 權益應佔被收購方可識別資產淨值的已 確認金額比例計量。計量基準視乎每項 交易而作出選擇。其他種類的非控股權 益乃按其公平值計量。

倘業務合併分階段達成,則本集團以往 所持的被收購方股權於收購日期(即本 集團取得控制權當日)按公平值重新計 量,所產生之盈虧(如有)於損益確認。 如出售於被收購方權益,以往於其他全 面收入確認的從該等權益於收購日期前 產生的金額重新分類至損益(如出售該 權益時有關處理屬適當)。

倘業務合併的初步會計處理於合併發 生的報告期末尚未完成,則本集團報告 未完成會計處理的項目暫定數額。該等 暫定數額會於計量期間(見上文)予以調 整,及確認額外資產或負債,以反映於 收購日期已存在而據所知可能影響該日 已確認款額的事實與情況所取得的新資 訊。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Acquisition of a subsidiary not constituting a business

When the Group acquires a group of assets that do not constitute a business, the Group identifies and recognises the individual identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed by allocating the purchase price first to the financial assets and financial liabilities at the respective fair values, the remaining balance of the purchase price is then allocated to the other individual identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of purchase. Such a transaction does not give rise to goodwill or bargain purchase gain.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, which represent the lowest level at which the goodwill is amortised for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment.

A cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or group of cash-generating units).

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

收購一間附屬公司並不構成一 項業務

當本集團收購並不構成一項業務之資產及負債組別時,本集團識別及確認所收購之個別可識別資產及所承擔之負人。 方法為首先將購買價分配至按各自之然平值處理之金融資產及金融負債,公平值處理之餘額按資產及負債於購買費之餘額按資產及負債於開調之相對公平值分配至其他個別可醫或資產及負債。該項交易並無產生商譽或溢價購買收益。

商譽

收購業務產生之商譽,按收購該業務之 日所定成本(見上文會計政策)減累計減 值虧損(如有)列賬。

就減值測試而言,商譽分配到預期從合併之協同效應中受益之各個現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別),指商譽為內部管理而攤銷的最低水平,不再為一個經營分部。

出售相關現金產生單位時,商譽的應佔 金額會於出售時計入損益金額之釐定。



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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates and joint ventures used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合資公司之投資

聯營公司為本集團擁有重大影響力的實 體。重大影響力指參與被投資方的財務 及經營決策但並非控制或共同控制該等 政策的權力。

合資公司為合營安排,各方於該安排下 共同擁有合營安排下之淨資產。共同控 制乃以合約協議攤分對安排的控制權, 僅於相關業務決策須攤分控制權各方一 致同意時存在。

聯營公司及合資公司的業績、資產及負 債乃以權益會計法於此等綜合財務報表 列賬。聯營公司及合資公司用於權益會 計之財務報表,編製時所用會計政策與 本集團對類似交易及類似情況中事件所 用者一致。根據權益法,於聯營公司或 合資公司之投資初步按成本於綜合財務 狀況表確認,並於其後作出調整以確認 本集團分佔該聯營公司或合資公司之損 益及其他全面收入。當本集團應佔某聯 營公司或合資公司的虧損超出本集團於 該聯營公司或合資公司的權益(其包括 任何長期權益,而該長期權益實質上構 成本集團於該聯營公司或合資公司的投 資淨額一部份),則本集團不再確認其應 佔的進一步虧損。額外虧損之確認僅限 於本集團已產生法定或擬定責任或代該 聯營公司或合資公司支付款項。

於聯營公司或合資公司之投資自被投資 方成為聯營公司或合資公司之日起按權 益法入賬。收購聯營公司或合資公司投 資時,投資成本超出本集團分佔被投資 方可識別資產及負債的公平淨值的任何 差額確認為商譽,並計入該投資之賬面 值。本集團應佔可識別資產及負債的公 平淨值超出收購成本的任何差額(重估 後)會即時於收購投資期間的損益確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate or a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets" as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKAS 39, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing the relevant interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合資公司之投資 (續)

當本集團對聯營公司或共同控制的合資公司不再有重大影響,則入賬列為出售該被投資公司之全部權益,所產生之損益於損益內確認。

本集團倘保留前聯營公司或合資公司權 益,而所保留權益為金融資產(於香港會 計準則第39號範圍內),則本集團將所 保留權益會按當日之公平值計量,並將 該公平值視為初步確認之公平值。聯營 公司或合資公司的賬面值與任何所保留 權益公平值之間的差額,以及出售聯營 公司或合資公司相關權益所得之任何所 得款項乃於釐定出售該聯營公司或合資 公司之收益或虧損時計入。此外,本集 **图**將先前於其他全面收入就該聯營公司 或合資公司確認之所有金額入賬,基準 與倘該聯營公司或合資公司直接出售相 關資產或負債時所規定之基準相同。因 此,倘該聯營公司或合資公司先前於其 他全面收入確認之收益或虧損將於出售 相關資產或負債時重新分類至損益,則 當停用權益法時,本集團將收益或虧損 由權益重新分類至損益(作為重新分類 調整)。



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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns. rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合資公司之投資 (續)

本集團減低於聯營公司或合資公司之擁 有權權益時,倘續用權益法,而關於減 低擁有權權益之收益或虧損先前於其他 全面收入中確認之部份,於出售相關資 產或負債時轉為分類至損益,則將相關 部份重新分類至損益。

倘某集團實體與本集團聯營公司或合資 公司交易,則與該聯營公司或合資公司 交易所產生之損益僅會在於聯營公司 或合資公司之權益與本集團無關的情況 下,才會在本集團綜合財務報表確認。

收入確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公平值計算。 收入按估計客戶回報、回扣及其他類似 撥備而減少。

收益金額可可靠計量,倘未來經濟利益 流入本集團,且當本集團各業務達成特 定目標時,方會確認收益,概述如下。

於交付商品及所有權轉移時,當符合所 有以下條件時,應確認銷售商品的收入:

- 本集團已將商品所有權的重大風 險和報酬轉移給買方;
- 本集團既無保留通常與所有權相 關的繼續管理權,亦無對已售出商 品實施實際控制;
- 收入的金額能夠可靠地計量;
- 與交易相關的經濟利益將可能流 入本集團;及
- 與交易相關的已產生或將產生的 成本能夠可靠計量。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from sales of natural gas and liquefied petroleum gas ("LPG") are recognised when the gas or goods are delivered and titles have passed.

Deposits received by the Group prior to meeting the above criteria for revenue recognition are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under current liabilities.

Connection revenue from gas pipeline construction is recognised when the outcome of a contract can be estimated reliably and the stage of completion at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably. Revenue from gas connection contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of contract cost incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total contract costs. When the outcome of a gas connection contract cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract cost incurred that it is probable to be recoverable.

The Group's policy for the recognition of revenue from construction services is described in the accounting policy for construction contracts below.

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straightline basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably).

3. 重大會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

天然氣及液化石油氣(「液化石油氣」)之 銷售收入於燃氣或貨物送抵且物權轉移 時確認。

在達成上述收入確認準則之前,本集團 收取之按金計入綜合財務狀況表的流動 負債項下。

建造燃氣管道之接駁收入乃於合約之結果能夠可靠估計時,且於報告期末時的完成階段能可靠計量時確認。燃氣接駁合約收入乃按完成比率之計算法,參取至今已履行工程產生的合約成本佔估在至今的成本之比例而確認入賬。倘在不可以可靠估計合約結果時,僅將可收之合約成本確認為收入。

本集團對建築服務之收入確認政策於下 文建造合約之會計政策內說明。

經營租約之租金收入乃按有關租約之年 期以直線基準加以確認。

當經濟利益將可能流入本集團且收入的金額能可靠計量時,應確認金融資產的利息收入。金融資產之利息收入乃按未償還本金之金額並按適用實際利率(乃將估計未來現金收入於金融資產之預期年期完全貼現至該資產初步確認時賬面淨值之利率)以時間比例基準累計。

投資之股息收入於股東收取付款之權利 獲確立時加以確認(前提為經濟利益將 可能流入本集團且收入的金額能可靠計 量)。



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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including land (classified as finance leases) and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods and services, or for administrative purposes, (other than construction in progress and described below) are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets other than construction in progress less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備包括持作生產或供應 貨品及服務或行政用途之土地(分類為 融資租約)及樓宇(不包括下述在建工 程),其按成本減後續累計折舊及後續累 計減值虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀況表內 列賬。

作生產、供應或行政用途之在建物業乃 按成本減任何已確認之減值虧損列賬。 成本包括專業費用,以及就合資格資產 而言,根據本集團之會計政策資本化之 借貸成本。當有關物業竣工及可作擬定 用途時,其乃撥入物業、廠房及設備之 適當類別。此等資產按與其他物業資產 之相同基準,當資產可作擬定用途時開 始計算折舊。

該等資產(不包括在建工程)確認的折舊 乃按成本減其剩餘價值在估計可使用年 期按直線法撇銷。估計可使用年期、剩 餘價值及折舊法會在各報告期末檢討, 而任何估計變動之影響均按前瞻基準入

物業、廠房及設備項目在出售或預期繼 續使用該資產不會帶來未來經濟利益時 終止確認。出售或棄用物業、廠房及設 備項目之任何盈虧按出售所得款項與資 產賬面值之間的差額計算並於損益中確 認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Building under development for future owner-occupied purpose

When buildings are in the course of development for production or for administrative purposes, the amortisation of prepaid lease payments provided during the construction period is included as part of costs of buildings under construction. Buildings under construction are carried at cost, less any identified impairment losses. Depreciation of buildings commences when they are available for use (i.e. when they are in the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management).

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation. Investment properties include land held for undetermined future use, which is regarded as held for capital appreciation purpose.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

Transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property

An item of investment property becomes an owner-occupied property because its use has changed as evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation. When an investment property carried at fair value is transferred to owner-property, the property's deemed cost for subsequent accounting is measured at its fair value of the date of change in use. Furthermore, the property interests held under an operating lease that is transferred to property, plant and equipment continues to be accumulated for as if it were a finance lease.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備(續)

用作未來業主自用之發展中樓宇

當樓宇正在發展作生產或行政用途,於 興建期就預付租賃款項攤銷之撥備乃計 入在建樓宇之部分成本。在建樓宇按成 本減任何已識別減值虧損列賬。樓宇於 可供使用(即其地點及狀況已可供其按 符合管理層擬定的方式營運)時開始計 算折舊。

投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金或資本增值之物業。投資物業包括未決定未來用途之 土地,該等土地被視為持作資本增值用 途。

於初步確認時,投資物業按成本(包括任何直接應佔費用)計量。於初步確認後, 投資物業按公平值計量。因投資物業之 公平值變動而產生之盈虧於變動產生期間計入損益。

投資物業乃於出售後或在投資物業永久 不再使用且預期出售該物業不會產生未 來經濟利益時取消確認。於取消確認該 物業時產生的任何盈虧(以出售所得款 項淨額與該資產的賬面值的差額計算) 乃計入終止確認該項目的期間的損益。

由投資物業轉移至自用物業

投資物業項目因用途轉變並已證實開始作自用用途而變為一項自用物業。當按公平值列賬之投資物業轉撥至自用物業,就日後之會計處理而言,該物業權益視作成本按其於改變用途當日之及及實情的根據經營租約持有的物業權益繼續作為融資租約累計。

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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Intangible assets

Other intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Other intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets with finite useful lives are reported at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Construction contracts

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period, measured based on the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipt is considered probable.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

無形資產

業務合併中所收購之其他無形資產

業務合併中所收購之其他無形資產與商 譽分開確認,並按彼等於收購日期之公 平值(有關公平值被視為彼等之成本)初 步確認。

於初步確認後,有限定可用年期之無形 資產乃按另行收購之無形資產之相同基 準,按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值 虧損匯報。有限定可用年期之無形資產 按彼等之估計可使用年期以直線法計提 攤銷。

於出售時或預期使用或出售不會帶來 未來經濟效益時,方會終止確認無形資 產。終止確認一項無形資產產生的盈虧 乃按出售所得款項淨額與該資產的賬面 值的差額計算,並於終止確認該資產時 於損益中確認。

建浩合同

倘建造合同之結果得以可靠估計,收入 及成本會參考於報告期末合約活動完成 階段來確認,有關完成階段乃按至今已 履行工程產生的合約成本佔估計總合約 成本的比例而計算,惟倘若未能反映完 成階段則除外。合約工程、索償及獎金 的變動乃僅當能夠可靠計量有關金額及 認為有可能收回時方予以計入。

倘建造合同之結果未能可靠衡量,合同 收入以大有可能收回之合同成本確認。 合同成本將於彼等產生之期間作為開支 確認。

倘合同成本總額將可能超逾合同收入總 額時,預期虧損將立即作為開支確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Construction contracts (Continued)

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for contract work. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as amounts due to customers for contract work. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the consolidated statement of financial position, as a liability, as advances received. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under trade and other receivables.

Inventories

Inventories, including construction materials, gas appliances and gas for sales, LPG, coke, consumables and spare parts, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories are determined on a weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating lease is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

建造合同(續)

存貨

存貨(包括建築物料、銷售之燃氣器具及燃氣、液化石油氣、燃煤、消耗品及備件)乃按成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。存貨成本按加權平均法釐定。可變現淨值指存貨的估計銷售價格減一切估計完成成本及進行銷售所需的成本。

和賃

當租賃條款將所有權之絕大部份風險及 回報轉讓至承租人,則該等租約均被分 類為融資租約。所有其他租約乃分類作 經營租約。

本集團作為出租人

經營租約租金收入乃於損益按有關租約 之年期以直線法確認。在磋商及安排經 營租約時產生之初期直接成本乃加入租 約資產之賬面值並於租約年期以直線法 確認為開支。

本集團作為承租人

經營租約付款於租約期間按直線法確認 為開支。



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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease. Specifically, the minimum lease payments (including any lump-sum upfront payments) are allocated between the land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element of the lease at the inception of the lease.

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payments" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis, except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model and those that are transferred from investment properties under the fair value model to property, plant and equipment. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease is generally classified as a finance lease and accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

租賃土地及樓宇

倘租約包括土地及樓宇部分,則本集團 根據評估各部分所附帶擁有權之絕大部 分風險及回報是否已轉讓予本集團,評 估各部分之融資或經營租約分類,除非 土地及樓宇部分均明顯為經營租約,而 在該情況下,本集團會將整份租賃分類 作一項經營租約。具體而言,最低租金 付款(包括任何一次過預付款項)乃按租 約開始時租賃土地部分及樓宇部分租賃 權益之相對公平值比例在土地及樓宇部 分之間分配。

倘能可靠分配租約付款,則計入經營租 約之租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表內 呈列為「預付租賃款項」並按直線法於租 期內攤銷,惟分類作投資物業並按公平 值模式入賬者及按公平值模式自投資物 業轉讓至物業、廠房及設備者除外。倘 不能可靠分配租約付款至土地及樓宇部 分,則整份租賃一般分類為融資租約, 並作為物業、廠房及設備入賬。

外幣

在編製各個別集團實體的財務報表時, 以該實體的功能貨幣以外的貨幣(外幣) 計價之交易按交易日期之通行匯率確 認。在報告期末,以外幣計值之貨幣項 目均按該日之通行匯率重新換算。按公 平值列賬以外幣計值的非貨幣項目按釐 定公平值當日通行匯率重新換算。按歷 史成本計算以外幣計值的非貨幣項目不 予重新換算。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollar) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve (attributable to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint arrangements that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

貨幣項目匯兑差額會在其產生的期間在 損益確認,惟日後用於生產的在建資產 相關的外幣借貸匯兑差額則除外,如其 被視為該等外幣借貸利息成本的調整, 則列入該等資產的成本。

就編製綜合財務報表而言,本集團海外業務之資產及負債按各報告期末之通 行匯率換算為本集團的呈報貨幣(即港元)。收入及開支則按期內之平均匯率 算,除非匯率在期內大幅波動,在率 領下,則使用交易日期的通行匯率。所 產生之匯兑差額(如有)將於其他全面收 入確認,並累計至權益內換算儲備項下 (歸屬於非控股權益,倘適用)。

於出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海外業務之全部權益、或涉及失去對包含海外業務之附屬公司控制權之出售、或出售於包含海外業務之合營安排或聯營公司部份權益而使所保留權益變為金融資產)時,於本公司擁有人應佔業務之權益累計之所有匯兑差額會重新分類至損益。

此外,就部分出售附屬公司並未導致本 集團失去對該附屬公司之控制權而言, 則按比例將累計匯兑差額重新撥歸至非 控股權益,且不會於損益確認。就所有 其他部分出售(即部分出售聯營公司或 合營安排而並未導致本集團失去重大影 響力或共同控制權)而言,則按比例將累 計匯兑差額重新分類至損益。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation before January 1, 2005 is treated as non-monetary foreign currency items of the acquirer and reported using the historical cost prevailing at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after January 1, 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and retranslated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") and state-managed retirement benefit schemes are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Group in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Any changes in the liabilities' carrying amounts resulting from service cost, interest and remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that another HKFRS requires or permits their inclusion in the cost of an asset.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

於二零零五年一月一日前於收購海外業 務所產生之已收購可識別資產商譽及公 平值調整被視為收購方之非貨幣外幣項 目,並於收購日期按當時的歷史成本呈 報。

於二零零五年一月一日或之後收購海外 業務所產生之已收購可識別資產商譽 及公平值調整被視作該海外業務的資產 及負債,並按各報告期末的匯率重新換 算。產生之匯兑差額於其他全面收入確 認。

退休福利成本

向強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)及 國家管理退休福利計劃所作供款於僱員 已提供服務而有權獲得供款時確認為開 支。

短期和其他長期員工福利

短期員工福利是在員工提供服務時預期 支付的福利的未貼現金額。所有短期員 工福利均被 確認為費用,除非另有香港 財務報告準則要求或允許在資產成本中 納入利益。

在扣除已支付的金額後,員工應計福利 (如工資和薪酬、年假和病假)確認為負 債。

就其他長期員工福利確認的負債,按本 集團預計在截至報告日期就員工提供的 服務預計未 來現金流出的現值計量。由 於服務成本、利息和重新計量產生的負 債賬面價值變動計入當期損益,除非另 有香港財務報告準則要求或允許將其納 入資產成本。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before taxation' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arise from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

税項

所得税開支指現時應付税項及遞延税項 之總和。

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計算。應課税溢利與綜合損益及其他全面收入報表中所匯報「除税前溢利」不同,乃由於在其他年度應課税或可扣税收入或開支及從未課税或扣税之項目所致。本集團之即期税項負債以報告期末前已制訂或實際制訂的税率計算。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Taxation (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於報告期末作檢 討,並以不再可能有足夠應課税溢利恢 復全部或部分資產價值為限作調減。

遞延税項資產及負債按清償負債或變現 資產期內預期應用的税率計算,有關稅 率按報告期末已頒佈或實際頒佈的税率 (及税法)釐定。

遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映按照本 集團預期於報告期末以可收回或結算其 資產及負債賬面值的方式計算而得出的 税務結果。

就使用公平值模式計量投資物業之遞延 税而言,有關物業之賬面值乃假設為可 通過銷售全數收回,惟該假設被推翻則 除外。當投資物業可予折舊及於業務模 式(其目標是隨時間而非透過銷售消耗 投資物業所包含的絕大部分經濟利益) 範圍內持有時,有關假設會被推翻。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟倘與在 其他全面收入或直接於權益確認的項目 有關則除外,在該情況下,即期及遞延 税項亦分別於其他全面收入或直接於權 益確認。倘即期税項或遞延税項產生自 業務合併的初步會計處理,則稅項影響 會計入該業務合併的會計處理內。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction on production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

借貸成本

收購、興建或生產合資格資產(即必須經過長時間方可作擬定用途或可供銷售之資產)應佔的直接借款成本會計入該等資產的成本,直至有關資產已實際上可作擬定用途或銷售時為止。

特定借貸在用作合資格資產開支前作暫 時投資所賺取之投資收入乃從合資格資 本化之借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間在損益確 認。

金融工具

當集團實體成為工具合約條文的一方 時,會確認金融資產及金融負債。

金融資產和金融負債在初步確認時以公 平值計量。於購置或發行金融資產產 融負債(按公平值計入損益之金融資產除外)直接應佔的交易成 在初步確認時計入或扣自金融資產本 在初步確認時計入或扣自金融資產或金融 負債(視何者適用而定)的公平值。購 置按公平值計入損益之金融資產或金融 負債的直接應佔交易成本即時在損益確 認。

金融資產

金融資產分別分類為按公平值計入損益(「按公平值計入損益」)之金融資產三額,在實施工作。該分類乃依賴金融資產三與其中一項。該分類乃依賴金融資產之性質及目的,並於初步確認時釐定。與一般方式買賣之金融資產均按實質,與基準確認及終止確認。以一般方質所設定時限內交付資產之金融資產買賣。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as FVTPL, of which interest income included in net gains or losses.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of the Group comprise held for trading financial assets.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 41.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

實際利率法

實際利率法為計算債務工具攤銷成本及 分配於有關期間之利息收入之方法。實 際利率乃按債務工具之預計年期或(倘 適用)較短期間內於初步確認時準確折 現估計未來現金收入(包括構成實際利 率不可或缺部分之一切已付或已收費用 及點數、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至 其賬面淨值之利率。

就並非分類為按公平值計入損益之金融 資產之債務工具而言,其利息收入乃計 入盈虧淨額。

按公平值計入損益之金融資產

本集團按公平值計入損益之金融資產包 括持作買賣之金融資產。

倘屬下列各項,金融資產乃分類為持作 買賣:

- 主要作為近期內出售用途而購入; 或
- 初始確認時,已經認證的金融資產 為本集團共同管理之金融工具組 合之一部分及其具短期獲利之近 期實際模式;或
- 金融資產為衍生工具而非指定及 用作對沖工具。

按公平值計入損益之金融資產以公平值 計量,而因重新計量而產生的任何盈虧 則於損益確認。於損益確認之盈虧淨額 不包括金融資產所賺取之任何股息或利 息,並列入「其他收益及虧損」專項。公 平值按附註41所述之方法釐定。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables including trade and other receivables, amounts due from associates and joint ventures, pledged bank deposits and bank balances are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables where the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or not classified as (a) loan and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity investments or (c) financial assets at FVTPL.

Equity and debt securities held by the Group that are classified as available-for-sale and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale monetary financial assets relating to interest income calculated using the effective interest method. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established. Other changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項指並非於活躍市場報價而具有固定或可確定付款之非衍生金融資產。於初步確認後,貸款及應收款項(包括貿易及其他應收賬項、應收聯營公司及合資公司款項、已抵押銀行存款以及銀行結存)乃利用實際利率法按攤銷成本扣除任何減值列賬(請參閱下文關金融資產減值虧損之會計政策)。

利息收入以實際利率確認,惟短期應收 款項因所確認利息微小的情況則屬例 外。

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產乃被劃定為可供出售 或並無歸入為以下各項之任何其他類別 的非衍生工具:(a)貸款及應收款項;(b) 持有至到期投資或(c)按公平值計入損益 之金融資產。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period (see accounting policy on impairment loss on financial assets below).

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

For an available-for sale equity investment, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of that investment below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default and delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

可供出售金融資產(續)

就於活躍市場並無市場報價及其公平值 無法可靠計算之可供出售之股本投資, 以及與該等無報價股本工具有關並須以 交付該等工具結算之衍生工具而言,該 等可供出售之股本投資及衍生工具於各 報告期末按成本減任何已確定減值虧損 計算(見下文有關金融資產減值虧損之 會計政策)。

金融資產減值

金融資產(分類為按公平值計入損益之 金融資產除外)會於各報告期末評估減 值跡象。倘有客觀憑證顯示因於初步確 認金融資產後發生之一項或多項事件而 令金融資產之估計未來現金流受到影 響,則金融資產會被視為經已減值。

就可供出售股本投資而言,該投資之公 平值大幅或長期低於其成本可被視為減 值之客觀證據。

就所有其他金融資產而言,減值之客觀 證據可能包括:

- 發行人或交易對手出現重大財政 困難;或
- 違反合約,例如違約及逾期尚未償 還利息或本金;或
- 借款人將有可能面臨破產或財務 重組。

就若干金融資產類別(如貿易應收賬款) 而言,被評估為不會個別減值之資產其 後亦會按整體基準進行減值評估。應收 款項組合減值之客觀證據可包括本集團 收回款項之過往經驗,以及與拖欠應收 款項有關之國家或地方經濟狀況明顯轉 變。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial assets' original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

In respect of available-for-sale equity investments, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言,減 值虧損金額按資產賬面值與按金融資產 原實際利率貼現之估計未來現金流現值 之間的差額確認。

就所有金融資產而言,金融資產之賬面 值會直接扣減有關減值虧損,惟貿易應 收賬款除外,其賬面值會透過撥備賬作 出扣減。撥備賬內之賬面值變動會於損 益確認。當貿易應收賬款被視為不可收 回時,其將於撥備賬內撇銷。其後收回 之前已撇銷的款項均計入損益。

倘一項可供出售金融資產被視為減值 時,先前於其他全面收入確認之累計盈 虧於期間重新分類至損益。

就按已攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言, 如在隨後之期間減值虧損金額減少,而 有關減少在客觀上與確認減值後發生之 事件有關,則先前已確認之減值虧損將 透過損益撥回,惟該投資於減值被撥回 當日之賬面值不得超過無確認減值下之 已攤銷成本。

至於可供出售股本投資,之前於損益確認之減值虧損不會在損益撥回。減值虧損後公平值之增加會於其他全面收入確認,並於投資重估儲備內累計。



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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premium or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at FVTPL represent financial liabilities held for trading, which comprise derivatives that are not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

At the end of the reporting period subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising on remeasurement recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具

集團實體發行的債務和股本工具根據所 訂立的合約安排的實質內容以及金融負 債和股本工具的定義而歸類為金融負債 或股本。

股本工具

股本工具指能證明擁有實體資產在減除 其所有負債後的剩餘權益的任何合約。 本集團發行之股本工具按已收取的所得 款項(扣除直接發行成本)確認。

購回本公司自身股本工具於權益中直接 確認及扣除。概無購買、銷售、發行或 註銷本公司自身的股本工具的任何盈虧 於損益內確認。

實際利率法

實際利率法為計算金融負債攤銷成本及分配於有關期間利息開支之方法。實際利率乃按金融負債之預計年期或(倘適用)較短期間內於初步確認時準確貼現估計未來現金付款(包括構成實際利率不可或缺部分之一切已付或已收費用不可或缺部分之一切已付或已收費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至其賬面淨值之利率。利息開支按實際利率基準確認。

按公平值計入損益之金融負債

按公平值計入損益之金融負債指持作買 賣之金融負債,包括非指定及作為對沖 工具之衍生工具。

於初步確認後之報告期末,按公平值計 入損益之金融負債以公平值計量,而重 新計量產生的公平值變動則直接於產生 期間於損益確認。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including trade and other payables, amounts due to associates, joint ventures and a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary and bank and other borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognised financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligation are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Derivative financial instrument

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date when derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

其他金融負債

其他金融負債包括貿易及其他應付賬項、應付聯營公司、合資公司及一家附屬公司非控股權益款項以及銀行及其他借貸,乃其後運用實際利率法以攤銷成本計量。

終止確認

僅當從資產收取現金流之合約權利屆滿 時,本集團方會終止確認金融資產。

一旦終止確認金融資產,資產的賬面值 與收到的代價及應收款項與已在其他全 面收入中確認並在權益中積累的累計盈 虧之總和的差額會在損益確認。

本集團僅會有在其義務獲解除、取消或 終止時,方會終止確認金融負債。終止 確認的金融負債的賬面值與已付及應付 代價之間的差額會在損益確認。

衍生金融工具

衍生工具初始以衍生工具合約簽訂日的 公平值確認,其後則以報告期末的公平 值重新計量。所產生的收益或虧損將即 時於損益內確認。



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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Equity settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of equity-settled share-based transactions are set out in note 44 to the Group's consolidation financial statements.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (employee share-based compensation reserve). Market conditions are taken into account when estimating the fair value of the equity instruments granted. Vesting conditions other than market conditions are not taken into account when estimating the fair value of the shares or share options at the measurement date. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest based on an assessment of the non-market vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate. with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.

For market conditions, the Group recognised share-based payment expense from employees who satisfy all other vesting conditions, inspective of whether the market conditions is satisfied.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in employee share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to accumulated profits.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

以股本結算及以股份形式付款 之交易

授予僱員之購股權

向僱員及其他提供類似服務的人士作出 以股本結算及以股份形式付款乃按股本 工具於授出日期之公平值計量。有關釐 定以股本結算及以股份形式付款之交易 之公平值的詳情載於本集團綜合財務報 表附註44。

於以股本結算及以股份形式付款之授出 日期釐定之公平值於歸屬期間按直線 法基於本集團估計最終歸屬之股本工具 支銷,而權益(僱員股份報酬儲備)亦會 相應增加。於估計所授股本工具的公平 值時會考慮市場狀況。於估計股份或購 股權於計量日期的公平值時,除市場狀 况外的歸屬條件不會加以考慮。於各報 告期末,基於本集團評估非市場歸屬條 件修訂其預期歸屬之股本工具之估計 數目。修訂原估計之影響(如有)於損益 中確認,從而使累計開支反映經修訂估 計,而以股本結算的僱員福利儲備亦會 作出相應調整。

就市場狀況而言,本集團確認來自達成 所有其他歸屬條件的僱員之以股份形式 付款開支,而不論市場狀況是否達成。

當購股權獲行使時,先前於購股權儲備 確認之款額將轉撥至股份溢價賬。當購 股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於到期日仍 未行使,先前於僱員股份報酬儲備確認 之款額將轉撥至累計溢利。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as a deduction from the carrying amount of the relevant asset in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

政府補助金

政府補助金在可合理保證本集團將遵守 彼等所附帶之條件並獲得有關補助金前 不作確認。

政府補助金乃就本集團確認的有關開支(預期補助金可予抵銷成本開支)期間按系統化的基準於損益中確認。具體而言,主要條件為本集團須購買、興建或以其他方法獲得非流動資產的政府補助金於綜合財務狀況表作為有關資產賬面值的扣減確認,並於有關資產的可用年期內有系統及合理地撥入損益。

政府補助金是作為支出或已發生的虧損 補償或以給予本集團即時財務支援為目 的而應收,且並無未來相關成本,並在 其成為應收的期間內於損益確認。

有形資產及無形資產(商譽除外)之減值虧損(見上文有關商譽之會計政策)

可收回金額為減除銷售成本後之公平值 與使用價值兩者之較高者。在評估使用 價值時,估計未來現金流量乃使用除稅 前貼現率貼現至其現值,該貼現率能反 映當前市場所評估之貨幣時間值及資產 特定風險(就此而言,未來現金流量估計 尚未作出調整)。



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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above) (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Revenue recognition of gas connection contract

Construction income from gas connection contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of the contract costs incurred for the work performed to date over the estimated total contract costs. Accordingly, any changes to the estimated total contract cost may have material impact on the contract revenue recognised in each accounting period over the contract term. Management of the Group is required to exercise significant judgements in the assessment of the extent of progress towards completion of the construction contracts, budgeted costs to complete, and the ability to deliver contracts within forecast timescales as at the end of the reporting period for gas connection income.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

有形資產及無形資產(商譽除 外)之減值虧損(見上文有關商 譽之會計政策)(續)

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回 金額將少於其賬面值,則資產之賬面值 將調減至其可收回金額。於分配減值虧 損時,首先分配減值虧損以減少任何商 譽的賬面值(如適用),然後按比例根據 該單位各資產的賬面值分配至其他資 產。資產賬面值不得減少至低於其公平 值減出售成本(如可計量)、其使用價值 (如可計量)及零之中的最高值。已另行 分配至資產之減值虧損數額按比例分配 至該單位其他資產。減值虧損會即時確 認為開支。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產之賬面值 調升至其可收回金額之經修訂估計值, 惟該增加之賬面值不可超過倘該資產於 過往年度並無減值虧損時釐定之賬面 值。減值虧損之撥回即時確認為收入。

估計不明朗因素之主要來源

以下為於應用附註3所述之本集團會計 政策時涉及日後之主要假設及於報告期 末估計不明朗因素之其他主要來源(其 均擁有導致下個財政年度內之資產及負 倩之賬面值出現大幅調整之重大風險)。

燃氣接駁合約之收入確認

燃氣接駁合約之工程收入乃按完成百分 比方法確認,並參考就迄今完成之工程 產生之合約成本佔估計總合約成本之比 例而計量。因此,估計總合約成本之任 何變動均可能對合約期內各個會計期間 所確認之合約收入構成重大影響。於本 報告期間,本集團管理層須就燃氣接駁 收益,於評估建築合約的完成程度、完 成所需成本預測以及在預測時限內履行 合約的能力時運用重大判斷。

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4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount which is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. When the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at March 31, 2017, the carrying amount of goodwill was HK\$3,354,612,000 (2016: HK\$2,479,992,000) with no impairment loss recognised. Details of the recoverable amount calculation disclosed in note 22.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account the estimated residual value. The Group assesses annually the residual value and the useful life of the property, plant and equipment and if the expectation differs from the original estimates, such differences from the original estimates will impact the depreciation charges in the year in which the estimates change.

Deferred taxation

As at March 31, 2017, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$5,526,864,000 (2016: HK\$4,932,062,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset in relation to these unused tax losses approximately to HK\$5,398,576,000 (2016: HK\$4,844,000,000) has been recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position. In cases where there are future profits generated to utilise the tax losses, a material deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the period in which the estimated future profits are expected.

4. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源 (續)

商譽減值

釐定商譽是否出現減值須估計獲分配商譽之現金產生單位之公平值減銷售成。及使用價值中較高者之可收回金額。計算使用價值時,本集團須估計獲分配。計算位預期未來產生之現金流量,以實產生之時,則可能是與於預期時,則可能是與未來更大減值虧損。於二零一七年三月,000港一日,商譽之賬面值為3,354,612,000港元(二零一六年:2,479,992,000港元),且並無確認減值虧損。計算可收回金額之詳情載於附註22。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊

物業、廠房及設備之折舊乃於其估計可使用年期內按直線法基準折舊,並經計及估計剩餘價值。本集團會按年評估物業、廠房及設備之剩餘價值及可用年期,而倘預期有別於原有估計,則與原有估計之有關差異將對估計變更之年內之折舊費用構成影響。

遞延税項

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團可供對銷未來溢利之未使用税項虧損為5,526,864,000港元(二零一六年:4,932,062,000港元)。本集團並無於綜積虧損約5,398,576,000港元(二零一六年:4,844,000,000港元)之遞延稅項資產。倘日後產生溢利以使用稅項虧損,則延延稅項資產將於預計收取估計未來溢利之期間內在綜合損益及其他全面收入報表確認。



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4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

Equity settled share-based payment transactions

As described in note 3, at the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to employee share-based compensation reserve. Therefore, the directors of the Company are required to exercise judgment in the estimation of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. After the assessment, as at March 31, 2017, the directors of the Company consider that the options granted during the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 will not vest as the performance condition for exercising those share options is not probable to be met. Accordingly, for the year ended March 31, 2017, no share-based payment expense is recognised (2016: nil).

5. REVENUE

Revenue mainly represents the net amounts received and receivable for sales of piped gas, LPG, construction contract revenue from gas connection contracts and revenue from value-added services by the Group including the sales of gas appliances, gas corrugated pipes and gas alarms, provision of comprehensive gas insurance agency services, provision of maintenance and renovation service for the year and is analysed as follows:

4. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

以股本結算及以股份形式付款 之交易

5. 收入

收入主要指年內本集團銷售管道天然 氣、液化石油氣、燃氣接駁合約之工程 合約收入及增值服務業務包括銷售燃氣 具、波紋管及報警器,燃氣綜合保險代 理和提供維修改造服務之已收及應收款 項淨額,並分析如下:

For the year ended March 31 截至三月三十一日止

		₩ ±−/1−	
		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(restated)
			(重列)
Sales of piped gas	管道天然氣銷售	13,778,572	12,995,664
Gas connection income	燃氣接駁收入	5,748,458	4,793,584
Sales of LPG	液化石油氣銷售	11,654,633	11,349,279
Value-added services	增值服務	811,660	358,342
		31,993,323	29,496,869

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), being the managing director of the Group, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services rendered which is also consistent with the basis of organisation of the Group.

The CODM reviews the results of Zhongyu Gas Holdings Limited ("Zhongyu Gas"), an associate of the Group, being shared by the Group under equity accounting separately and thus Zhongyu Gas is presented as a single operating and reportable segment.

During the current year, due to the expansion of the operation of the value-added services business, including the sales of gas appliances, gas corrugated pipes and gas alarms, provision of comprehensive gas insurance agency services, provision of maintenance and renovation services, the management reclassified the revenue from other income to value-added services segment and the CODM reviewed it for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance. Accordingly, the segment information reported below for the year ended March 31, 2016 has been restated to conform with the current year presentation.

The Group's reportable and operating segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

- (i) Sales of piped gas;
- (ii) Gas connection;
- (iii) Sales of LPG;
- (iv) Value-added services; and
- (v) Zhongyu Gas

Information regarding the above segments is presented below.

6. 分類資料

向本集團主要營運決策者(「主要營運決 策者」)(即本集團董事總經理)呈報以便 進行資源分配及分部表現評估之資料集 中於所提供產品或服務之類型,其亦與 本集團之組織基礎相吻合。

主要營運決策者個別審閱依據權益會計法計算本集團應佔本集團聯營公司中裕燃氣控股有限公司(「中裕燃氣」)之業績,故中裕燃氣呈列為單一經營及可報告分部。

於本年度內,由於增值服務業務營運規 模擴大(包括銷售燃氣具、波紋管及報警 器,燃氣綜合保險代理和提供維修改改 服務),管理層將以上其他收益重新分類 至增值服務業務分部,且主要營運運決 者就資源分配及分部表現評估而審閱 收入。因此,下文呈報截至二零一六重 三月三十一日止年度的分部資料已重列 以符合本年度的呈列。

根據香港財務報告準則第8號,本集團之 呈報及經營分部如下:

- (i) 管道天然氣銷售;
- (ii) 燃氣接駁收入;
- (iii) 液化石油氣銷售;
- (iv) 增值服務;及
- (v) 中裕燃氣

有關上述分部之資料於下文呈列。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segment.

For the year ended March 31, 2017

6. 分類資料(續)

分部收入及業績

本集團按呈報及營運分部劃分之收入及 業績分析如下。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止

	Sales of piped gas 管道 天然氣銷售 HK\$'000 千港元		Sales of LPG 液化 石油氣銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Value- added services 增值服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Zhongyu Gas 中裕燃氣 HK\$'000 千港元	Segment Total 分部總額 HK\$'000 千港元
來自外界客戶之 分部收入	13,778,572	5,748,458	11,654,633	811,660		31,993,323
分部溢利	1,989,072	3,207,548	545,218	295,992	90,817	6,128,647
投資變息剛然之事。 一个 一个 一个 一个 一个 一个 一个 一						31,686 73,334 (77,454) (87,376) (205,300) (705,116) (69,649) 202,243
						5,902,202
	分部 松 分部 溢利 投資變息 利爾 監 力務 算外 功	piped gas 管道 天然氣銷售 HK\$'000 千港元 來自外界客戶之 分部 以入 分部溢利 1,989,072 投變 息屬 以內不定 數數 其一司 數數 及公申配對 其一司 數學 息屬 以內不定 對學 息屬 以內不定 對學 息屬 以內不定 對學 息屬 以內不定 對學 息屬 以內不定 對學 的 對學 的 對學 的 對學 的 對學 的 對學 的 對學 的 對學 的	piped gas connection 管道 天然氣銷售 燃氣接駁 HK\$'000 千港元 不自外界客戶之分部收入 13,778,572 5,748,458 分部溢利 1,989,072 3,207,548 投資物業公平值變動人中企業額 2 3,207,548 財務與及司清大部分配具 2 3,207,548 財務與外的監損失訴分配具 2 3,207,548 財務與外所貨幣項目為功能損應佔非上市聯營公司之業績應佔合資公司之業績應佔合資公司之業績 3,207,548	piped gas connection 管道 LPG 液化 天然氣銷售 燃氣接駁 石油氣銷售 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 來自外界客戶之分部收入 13,778,572 5,748,458 11,654,633 分部溢利 1,989,072 3,207,548 545,218 投資物業公平值變動利息及其他收益附屬公司清盤損失訴分配公司開支財務費用換算外幣貨幣項目為功配公司開支財務費用換算外幣貨幣之匯兑上市聯營公司之業績應佔合資公司之業績	Sales of piped gas connection efficient Gas piped gas connection field Sales of piped gas connection field added services field 管道	Sales of piped gas connection piped gas connection piped gas connection

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

6. 分類資料(續)

Segment revenues and results (Continued)

分部收入及業績(續)

For the year ended March 31, 2016 (restated)

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度(重列)

		Sales of piped gas 管道 天然氣銷售 HK\$'000	Gas connection 燃氣接駁 HK\$'000	Sales of LPG 液化 石油氣銷售 HK\$'000	Value- added services 增值服務 HK\$'000	Zhongyu Gas 中裕燃氣 HK\$'000	Segment Total 分部總額 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Segment revenue from external	來自外界客戶之	10.005.004	4 700 504	11 040 070	050.040		00 400 000
customers	分部收入	12,995,664	4,793,584	11,349,279	358,342		29,496,869
Segment profit	分部溢利	1,951,856	2,527,088	508,989	144,960	41,142	5,174,035
Change in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平值變動						2,792
Interest and other gains	利息及其他收益						77,639
Impairment loss recognised on	物業、廠房及設備						11,000
property, plant and equipment	已確認減值虧損						(124,414)
Litigation claim	訴訟申索						(287,310)
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配公司開支						(269,973)
Finance costs	財務費用						(758,180)
Loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments	出售可供出售之投資 之虧損						(5,463)
Gain on deemed disposal of a	視為出售合資公司						
joint venture	之收益						1,970
Exchange loss on translation of	換算外幣貨幣項目						
foreign currency monetary items	為功能貨幣之						(AOE GA1)
into functional currency Share of results of unlisted	匯兑虧損 應佔非上市聯營公司						(435,641)
associates	之業績						144,320
Share of results of joint ventures	應佔合資公司之業績						197,925
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利						3,717,700



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment revenues and results (Continued)

All of the segment revenue reported above is from external customers and no inter-segment sales are noted for current and prior years.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Except for segment profit of Zhongyu Gas, segment profit for remaining reportable segments represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of bank interest income and other gains, central administration cost, change in fair value of investment properties, impairment loss recognised on property, plant and equipment, litigation claim, loss on liquidation of subsidiaries, loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments, gain on deemed disposal of a joint venture, share of results of unlisted associates, share of results of joint ventures, exchange loss on translation of foreign currency monetary items into functional currency and finance costs. The segment profit of Zhongyu Gas represents share of results of Zhongyu Gas. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment.

6. 分類資料(續)

分部收入及業績(續)

以上呈報之全部分部收入均來自外界客 戶,本年度及過往年度概無分部間銷售 紀錄。

營運分部的會計政策與附註3所述之本 集團會計政策相同。除中裕燃氣之分部 溢利外,餘下呈報分部的分部溢利指各 分部所賺取的利潤,而並無計及銀行利 息收入及其他收益分配、中央行政成 本、投資物業公平值變動、物業、廠房 及設備已確認減值虧損、訴訟申索、附 屬公司清盤損失、出售可供出售之投資 之虧損、視為出售合資公司之收益、應 佔非上市聯營公司業績、應佔合資公司 業績、換算外幣貨幣項目為功能貨幣之 匯兑虧損及財務費用。中裕燃氣分部溢 利指應佔中裕燃氣業績。此乃就資源分 配及表現評估而言向主要營運決策者匯 報的計量方法。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

6. 分類資料(續)

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's segment assets and segment liabilities that are regularly reviewed by the CODM:

As at March 31, 2017

分部資產及負債

以下為本集團由主要營運決策者定期檢 討的分類資產及分類負債分析:

於二零一七年三月三十一日

					Value-		
		Sales of	Gas	Sales of	added	Zhongyu	Segment
			connection	LPG	services	Gas	Total
		管道	地名中欧	液化	ᄨᄷᇄ	T 3// 1/4/ /=	Ω ÷π /m èπ
		天然氣銷售		石油氣銷售	增值服務	中裕燃氣	分部總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Assets	資產						
Segment assets	分類資產	34,900,614	3,998,695	4,312,045	75,781	1,396,611	44,683,746
Investment properties	投資物業						219,221
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備						
(for corporate)	(公司)						55,868
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項(公司)						
(for corporate)							31,740
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資						2,769,178
Investments in joint ventures	於合資公司之投資						5,412,087
Amounts due from associates	應收聯營公司之款項						255,015
Amounts due from joint ventures	應收合資公司之款項						304,156
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售之投資						324,304
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產						160,617
Held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資						27,402
Other receivables (for corporate)	其他應收款項(公司)						501,164
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款						517,676
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金						4,724,646
Dariit Balariooo aria caori	数门帽门						-,,,,,,,,,
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額						59,986,820
	77 77 77 77 77 77						
Liabilities	負債						
Segment liabilities	分類負債	2,433,155	5,451,884	904,064	91,626		8,880,729
Other payables (for corporate)	其他應付賬項(公司)	_, 100, 100	0,101,001	001,001	01,020		1,414,269
Derivative financial instrument	衍生金融工具						936
Taxation	税項						511,844
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸						23,618,435
Amounts due to joint ventures	應付合資公司之款項						797,393
Amounts due to associates	應付聯營公司之款項						100,939
Deferred taxation							734,667
55.01100 tanation	V= V= 1\0. \X						- 101,001
Canacilidated total liabilities	炉						26 050 040
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額						36,059,212

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

6. 分類資料(續)

Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

分部資產及負債(續)

As at March 31, 2016 (restated)

於二零一六年三月三十一日(重列)

		Sales of piped gas 管道 天然氣銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Gas connection 燃氣接駁 HK\$'000 千港元	Sales of LPG 液化 石油氣銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Value- added services 增值服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Zhongyu Gas 中裕燃氣 HK\$*000 千港元	Segment Total 分部總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets	資產						
Segment assets	分類資產	30,128,505	2,941,847	4,256,870	30,302	1,367,404	38,724,928
	投資物業 物業、廠房及設備						190,450
(for corporate)	(公司)						63,314
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項(公司)						
(for corporate) Investments in unlisted associates	於非上市聯際の司う						33,450
investinents in unisted associates	投資						2,465,445
Investments in joint ventures	於合資公司之投資						5,070,331
Amounts due from associates	應收聯營公司款項						100,540
Amounts due from joint ventures	應收合資公司款項						271,069
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售之投資						211,175
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產						166,106
<u> </u>	持作買賣投資						11,364
	其他應收款項(公司)						452,224
Pledged bank deposits Bank balances and cash	已抵押銀行存款						275,554
Bank dalances and cash	銀行結存及現金						5,496,941
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額						53,532,891
Liabilities	負債						
Segment liabilities	分類負債	1,794,998	5,325,063	906,407	52,980	_	8,079,448
Other payables (for corporate)	其他應付賬項(公司)	1,101,000	0,020,000	000,101	02,000		995,166
	衍生金融工具						4,500
Taxation	税項						398,773
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸						22,334,182
Amount due to a non-controlling	應付附屬公司非控股						
interest of a subsidiary	權益款項						509
Deferred taxation	遞延税項						756,193
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額						32,568,771

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- All assets are allocated to operating segments, except for the
 investments in associates other than Zhongyu Gas,
 investments in joint ventures, amounts due from associates
 and joint ventures, available-for-sale investments, property,
 plant and equipment, investment properties and prepaid
 lease payments for corporate use, deferred tax assets, heldfor-trading investments, pledged bank deposits and bank
 balances and cash of the Group, and corporate assets of the
 Group.
- All liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than taxation, derivative financial instrument, bank and other borrowings, amounts due to joint ventures and associates, amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary and deferred taxation of the Group, and corporate liabilities of the Group.

6. 分類資料(續)

分部資產及負債(續)

就監察分類表現及於分類間分配資源而 言:

- 除税項、衍生金融工具、銀行及其 他借貸、應付聯營公司及合資公司 款項、應付附屬公司非控股權益款 項及本集團遞延税項以及本集團 公司負債外,所有負債均分配至營 運分類。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

6. 分類資料(續)

Other segment information

其他分類資料

					Value-				
		Sales of	Gas	Sales of	added	Zhongyu	Segment		
		piped gas	connection	LPG	services	Gas	total	Unallocated	Consolidated
		管道		液化					
		天然氣銷售	燃氣接駁	石油氣銷售	增值服務	中裕燃氣	分類總額	未分配	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Amounts included in the	計入計算分類								
measure of segment profit or	損益或分類								
loss or segment assets:	資產的金額:								
Ü									
For the year ended	截至二零一七年								
March 31, 2017	三月三十一日止								
	年度								
Additions of prepaid lease	預付租賃款項								
payments	增加	139,693		1,396			141,089		141,089
Additions to goodwill	商譽增加	1,002,453					1,002,453		1,002,453
Additions to property, plant and	添置物業、廠房及								
equipment	設備	3,179,004		193,869			3,372,873	10,516	3,383,389
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及								
plant and equipment	設備之收益	1,707		532			2,239		2,239
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	87,157					87,157		87,157
Release of prepaid lease	預付租賃款項								
payments	發還	32,353		16,009			48,362		48,362
Depreciation of property, plant	物業、廠房及								
and equipment	設備折舊	783,062		80,908			863,970	8,670	872,640
Reversal of allowance for trade	貿易應收賬款								
receivables	撥備撥回	1,289					1,289		1,289
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績					90,817	90,817	202,243	293,060

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

6. 分類資料(續)

Other segment information (Continued)

其他分類資料(續)

			Sales of piped gas 管道 天然氣銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Gas connection 燃氣接駁 HK\$'000 千港元	Sales of LPG 液化 石油氣銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Value- added services 增值服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Zhongyu Gas 中裕燃氣 HK\$'000 千港元	Segment total 分類總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
М	the year ended larch 31, 2016 (restated)	截至二零一六年 三月三十一日止 年度(重列) 預付租賃款項								
	ayments	增加	235,944	_	8,356	_	_	244,300	_	244,300
	litions to goodwill	商譽增加	109,341	_	_	_	_	109,341	_	109,341
Add	litions to property, plant and	添置物業、廠房及								
ec	quipment	設備	3,055,538	_	225,948	-	-	3,281,486	7,011	3,288,497
	s on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及								
pl	lant and equipment	設備之虧損	8,112	_	_	-	_	8,112	_	8,112
	ortisation of intangible assets		81,179	_	_	_	_	81,179	_	81,179
Rele	ease of prepaid lease	預付租賃款項								
	ayments	發還	28,396	_	17,048	_	_	45,444	_	45,444
	preciation of property, plant	物業、廠房及								
	nd equipment	設備折舊	731,157	_	87,516	_	-	818,673	13,669	832,342
Allo	wance for trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	0.1.000					0.1.0=0		0.1.050
01		撥備	31,066	_	786	_	_	31,852	_	31,852
Sha	re of results of associates	應佔聯營公司					11 110	44.440	111000	105 100
		業績	_	_	_	_	41,142	41,142	144,320	185,462



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Geographical information

The Group's operations are mainly located in the PRC.

All of the Group's revenue contributed by the external customers in the PRC.

None of the customers contributed over 10% of total revenue of the Group.

The following is the information about non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets by the geographical area in which the assets are located:

6. 分類資料(續)

地區資料

本集團的業務主要位於中國。

本集團全部收益來自在中國的外界客 戶。

概無客戶貢獻佔本集團總收入的10%以 上之收益。

以下為按資產所在地劃分的非流動資 產(金融工具及遞延税項資產除外)的資 料:

As at March 31 **於二日二十一日**

	於二月二	т-п
	2017	2016
	二零一七年	二零一六年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Hong Kong 香河	182,267	166,440
PRC 中国	43,956,758	39,342,621
	44,139,025	39,509,061

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

7. OTHER INCOME

7. 其他收入

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(restated)
			(重列)
Interest income	利息收入	69,386	69,210
Subsidies from PRC governmental	中國政府機關之補貼(附註i)		
authorities (note i)		195,048	157,531
Tax refund (note ii)	退税(附註ii)	48,604	17,644
Repair and maintenance services fee	維修及保養服務費	2,583	7,645
Other services income	其他服務收入	41,946	64,880
Income from gas storage containers	儲氣罐收入	15,681	40,800
Income from leasing of equipment	出租設備收入	40,608	30,741
Others	其他	31,788	97,782
		445,644	486,233

Notes:

- (i) During the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, certain subsidiaries received subsidies for (1) the cost incurred for connection contracts relating to pipeline network for customers in new urban areas and replacement of old pipeline network of the natural gas users in the relevant cities; (2) the additional costs incurred in certain gas connection contracts in which the connection fee is fixed by the relevant government authority in the PRC; and (3) the cost incurred in removing the coal gas pipelines and the coal gas storage and replace with the newly built natural gas pipelines. All the required work has been completed by the relevant subsidiaries. All the costs incurred were recognised as cost of sales in profit or loss either during the current or prior year.
- (ii) The PRC government authorities have granted tax incentives to certain subsidiaries in the PRC by way of tax refund for natural gas business operated in the PRC.

附註:

- (i) 截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,若干附屬公司已就以下事項獲取補貼:(1)相關城市的新市氣用戶的舊管道網有關之接駁合約及天然;(2)有一接駁燃氣合約(當中的接駁費和的成對一方。所產生之成本,並以新建的天然氣管工序。所有已產生之成本已於本年度之損益中確認為銷售成本。
- (ii) 中國政府機關已授出一項稅務獎勵予 若干中國附屬公司·即退回在中國經營 天然氣業務之稅項。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

8. 其他收益及虧損

For the year ended March 31 截至三月三十一日止

2017 2016 二零一六年 二零一七年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Other gains and losses comprise: 其他收益及虧損包括: Gain on deemed disposal of a joint 視作出售合資公司之收益 venture 1,970 Gain on bargain purchase 議價購買收益 470 Loss on liquidation of subsidiaries (Note i) 附屬公司清盤損失(附註i) (77,454)Impairment loss recognised on property, 就出售物業、廠房及設備確認之 plant and equipment 減值虧損 (124,414)Gain on disposal of property, plant and 出售物業、廠房及設備及 2,239 equipment and prepaid lease payments 預付租賃款項之收益 4,155 Change in fair value of investment 投資物業之公平值變動 properties 31.686 2.792 Change in fair value of held-for-trading 持作買賣投資之公平值變動 16.038 investments (5,759)Loss on disposal of available-for-sale 出售可供出售之投資之虧損 investments (5,463)Reversal of (allowance for) trade 貿易應收賬款撥回(撥備)(附註27) receivables (note 27) 1,289 (31,852)Litigation claim (Note ii) 訴訟申索(附註ii) (87,376)(287,310)Exchange loss 匯兑虧損 (101,075)(513,170)(214,653)(958,581)

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- (i) During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group resolved to dissolve two of its subsidiaries in the PRC which are dormant. As at March 31, 2017, the Group was in the process of voluntarily winding up these two subsidiaries and the loss from the liquidation of the subsidiaries of HK\$77,454,000 was recognised during the year ended March 31, 2017.
- (ii) In April 2011, two former directors initiated legal proceedings against the Company with regards to their respective purported exercise of share options of the Company. On October 15, 2015, the Court of Appeal of Hong Kong ordered the Company to pay the former directors a total sum of HK\$279,291,000 as damages, plus interests and costs of the trial and appeal. During the year ended March 31, 2016, the Court of Appeal stayed enforcement of the judgment pending determination of the Company's application for leave to appeal to the Court of Final Appeal on condition that the Company make payment into court the full judgment sum of HK\$279,291,000, together with HK\$8,019,000, being part of the post-judgment interests. The Company duly made the payment into the Court. The Company then applied to the Court of Final Appeal for leave to appeal.

On August 18, 2016, the Court of Final Appeal decided not to grant the Company a leave to appeal against the judgment and, as a result, the legal action was brought to an end. In addition to the sum of damages and interests of HK\$287,310,000 paid during the year ended March 31, 2016, additional interest of HK\$87,376,000 was paid during the year ended March 31, 2017.

8. 其他收益及虧損(續)

附註:

- (i) 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團決議解散其中國兩家暫停業務的附屬公司。於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團在自願清盤其兩家附屬公司,截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度已確認清盤損失77,454,000港元。
- (ii) 於二零一一年四月,兩名前任董事就 彼等各自意圖行使本公司之購股權中 月十五日,香港上訴法庭頒令本公司內 該等前任董事支付總額279,291,000港 元作為賠償,另加利息及訴訟及上上近年 度,上訴法庭暫緩執行判決,以待本 司作出向終審法院提出上訴許可申請 的決定,條件為本公司須向法庭同作 部份判決後利息的8,019,000港元。可 同終審法院提出上訴許可申請。

於二零一六年八月十八日,終審法院決定不給予本公司對判決提出上訴的許可,因此,此項法律訴訟已告終結。除截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度支付的賠償及利息金額287,310,000港元外,截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度支付額外利息87,376,000港元。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 財務費用

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on bank loans and other borrowings Interest capitalised to construction in progress	銀行貸款及其他借貸利息撥充在建工程資本之利息	963,409 (258,293)	1,048,532
		705,116	758,180

Borrowing costs capitalised during the year arose on the general borrowing pool and are calculated by applying a capitalisation rate of 4.46% (2016: 4.62%) per annum to expenditure on qualifying assets.

本年度內已撥充資本之借貸成本乃產生 自一般性借貸組合,按用於合資格資產 的開支之4.46%(二零一六年:4.62%)的 年度資本化率計算。

10. TAXATION

10. 税項

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

			十一日止
		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
PRC Enterprise Income Tax Deferred taxation (note 36)	中國企業所得税 遞延税項(附註36)	1,229,483 (21,977)	1,045,206 (60,798)
		1,207,506	984,408

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the consolidated financial statements as the Group had no assessable profit derived from Hong Kong for both years.

The tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% except for the tax relief explained below.

由於本集團於該兩個年度並無於香港產 生應課税溢利,故並未於綜合財務報表 就香港利得税作出撥備。

除下述的税務豁免外,中國附屬公司之 税率為25%。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

10. TAXATION (CONTINUED)

Certain PRC group entities are entitled to the preferential tax rate pursuant to the relevant regulations applicable to enterprises situated in the western region of the PRC and high technology enterprises. The applicable tax rates of those PRC group entities is 15% for the year ended March 31, 2017 (2016: 15%).

The taxation for the year can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

10. 税項(續)

若干中國集團公司有權享有根據相關法規適用於位於中國西部地區企業及高科技企業的優惠税率。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,該等中國集團公司的適用税率為15%(二零一六年:15%)。

年度税項與綜合損益及其他全面收入報 表所示除税前(虧損)溢利之對賬如下:

Hong Kong	PRC	Total
香港	中國	總計

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

				- 英王一八一	- 1 нт			
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
		二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一六年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
(Loss) profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)溢利	(223,113)	(704,321)	6,125,315	4,422,021	5,902,202	3,717,700	
Tax at the domestic income	按國內所得税税率計							
tax rate	算之税項	(36,814)	(116,213)	1,531,329	1,105,505	1,494,515	989,292	
Tax effect of share of results	應佔聯營公司業績							
of associates	之税項影響	_	_	(73,265)	(46,365)	(73,265)	(46,365)	
Tax effect of share of results	應佔合資公司業績							
of joint ventures	之税項影響	-	_	(152,796)	(49,481)	(152,796)	(49,481)	
Tax effect of expenses not	就税項而言不可扣減							
deductible for tax purpose	開支之税項影響	14,417	47,408	24,933	68,266	39,350	115,674	
Tax effect of income not	就税項而言毋須課税							
taxable for tax purpose	收入之税項影響	(9,658)	(304)	(49,641)	(42,326)	(59,299)	(42,630)	
Tax effect of estimated tax	並無確認之估計税項							
losses not recognised	虧損之税項影響	32,055	69,109	90,076	62,515	122,131	131,624	
Tax effect of income tax at	按優惠税率計算所得							
concessionary rate	税之税項影響	-	_	(163,130)	(113,706)	(163,130)	(113,706)	
Taxation	税項	_	_	1,207,506	984,408	1,207,506	984,408	

Note: The applicable tax rate for Hong Kong and PRC are 16.5% (2016: 16.5%) and 25% (2016: 25%) respectively.

附註:香港及中國之適用税率分別為16.5% (二零一六年:16.5%)及25%(二零一六年:25%)。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

11. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

11. 年度溢利

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

		数エニカー 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	年度溢利已扣除(計入)下列 各項:		
Auditor's remuneration Depreciation of property, plant and	核數師酬金 物業、廠房及設備之折舊	9,000	9,000
equipment Release of prepaid lease payments Amortisation of intangible assets included in	發還預付租賃款項	872,640 48,362	832,342 45,444
cost of sales Minimum lease payments for operating leases in respect of:	攤銷 有關以下項目之經營租約之 最低租金:	87,157	81,179
rented premisesequipment	一租賃物業一設備	147,044 32,701	128,578 32,711
		179,745	161,289
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Share of tax of associates (included in share	出售物業、廠房及設備之(收益) 虧損 應佔聯營公司之税項(計入應佔	(2,239)	8,112
of results of associates) Share of tax of joint ventures (included in	聯營公司業績) 應佔合資公司之税項(計入應佔	76,485	74,808
share of results of joint ventures) Staff costs:	合資公司業績) 員工成本:	172,997	145,400
Directors' emoluments (note 12)	董事酬金(附註12)	42,192	39,217
Salaries and allowances of other staff Contributions to retirement benefit	其他員工之薪酬及津貼 為其他員工向退休福利計劃	1,477,332	1,337,516
scheme contributions of other staff Less: Amount capitalised in construction	供款 減: 撥充在建工程資本之金額	384,883	341,667
in progress		(43,508)	(92,626)
		1,860,899	1,625,774
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses in respect of:	就以下項目已確認為開支之 存貨成本:		
Sales of piped gas Sales of LPG Contract costs recognised as expense in	管道天然氣銷售 液化石油氣銷售 就燃氣接駁工程合約確認為	11,633,875 9,968,700	10,079,876 9,250,967
respect of gas connection construction contracts	開支的合約成本	1,205,810	1,349,758
		22,808,385	20,680,601
Rental income from investment properties less outgoings of HK\$1,095,000 (2016: HK\$975,000)	投資物業產生之租金收入減支 銷1,095,000港元(二零一六 年:975,000港元)	(25,300)	(30,857)

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN'S EMOLUMENTS

Directors

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the 16 (2016: 16) directors and the chief executive disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules and Companies Ordinance, were as follows:

For the year ended March 31, 2017

12. 董事及執行主席酬金

董事

根據適用上市規則及公司條例披露之已 付或應付各16名(二零一六年:16名)董 事及主要行政人員之酬金如下:

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		Directors' fees 董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 HK\$*000 千港元	Performance related incentive payments 表現相關 獎勵款項 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note iii) (附註iii)	Contributions to retirement benefits scheme 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Tota emoluments 酬金總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors	<i>執行董事</i>					
Mr. Zhou Si (Chairman) Mr. Liu Ming Hui (Executive	周思先生(主席) 劉明輝先生(執行主席兼	-				-
Chairman and Managing Director)	董事總經理)	_	7,770	4,800	18	12,588
Mr. Huang Yong	黄勇先生	_	7,678	4,400	18	12,090
Mr. Zhu Weiwei	朱偉偉先生	-	3,400	1,500	18	4,91
Mr. Ma Jinlong	馬金龍先生	_	2,400	1,200		3,60
Ms. Li Ching	李晶女士	-	840	350		1,190
Non-executive directors	非執行董事	300		100		40
Mr. Yu Jeong Joon (Vice Chairman) Mr. Kim Yong Joong (alternate to	俞柾准先生 <i>(副主席)</i> 金容仲先生 <i>(俞柾准先生之</i>	300		100		40
Mr. Yu Jeong Joon)	替任董事)	-	2,400	1,000		3,40
Mr. Liu Mingxing	劉明興先生	300		100		40
Mr. Arun Kumar Manchanda	Arun Kumar Manchanda 先生	300		100		40
Mr. Jiang Xinhao	姜新浩先生	_				
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事	600		000		
Ms. Wong Sin Yue Cynthia Mr. Zhao Yuhua	黃倩如女士 趙玉華先生	600 540		200 180		80 72
ivir. Znao Yunua Dr. Mao Erwan	超 本 華 尤 生 毛 二 萬 博 士	540 540		180		72
Mr. Ho Yeung	七一禹 (P) 上 何洋先生	360		120		48
Ms. Chen Yanyan	陳燕燕女士	360		120		48
		3,300	24.488	14.350	54	42,19



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN'S EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Directors (Continued)

For the year ended March 31, 2016

12. 董事及執行主席酬金(續)

Performance

related

incentive

董事(續)

Salaries

and other

Directors'

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度

Contributions

to retirement

benefits

Total

		fees 董事袍金 HK\$*000 千港元	benefits 薪金及 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	payments 表現相關 獎勵款項 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note iii) (附註iii)	scheme 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	emoluments 酬金總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Formation allowabour	共存基本					
Executive directors Mr. Zhou Si (Chairman)	<i>執行董事</i> 周思先生 <i>(主席)</i>	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Liu Ming Hui (Executive	到明輝先生 <i>(執行主席兼</i>				_	_
Chairman and Managing Director)	董事總經理)	_	6,300	3,600	18	9,918
Mr. Huang Yong	黄勇先生	_	5,850	3,600	18	9,468
Mr. Zhu Weiwei	朱偉偉先生	_	2,850	1,800	18	4,668
Mr. Ma Jinlong	馬金龍先生	_	2,021	1,800	_	3,821
Mr. Chen Xinguo (Note i)	陳新國先生 <i>(附註i)</i>	_	490	1,600	_	2,090
Ms. Li Ching	李晶女士	_	840	560	_	1,400
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Mr. Yu Jeong Joon (Vice Chairman)	<i>非執打里事</i> 俞柾准先生 <i>(副主席)</i>	300	_	100	_	400
Mr. Kim Yong Joong (alternate to	金容仲先生(俞柾准先生之	000		100		400
Mr. Yu Jeong Joon)	替任董事)	_	1,652	1,600	_	3,252
Mr. Liu Mingxing	劉明興先生	525	_	75	_	600
Mr. Arun Kumar Manchanda	Arun Kumar Manchanda 先生	300	_	100	_	400
Mr. Jiang Xinhao (Note ii)	姜新浩先生 <i>(附註ii)</i>	_	_	_	_	_
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事	000		000		000
Ms. Wong Sin Yue Cynthia	黄倩如女士	600	_	200	_	800
Mr. Zhao Yuhua Dr. Mao Erwan	趙玉華先生 毛二萬博士	540 540	_	180 180	_	720 720
Mr. Ho Yeung	七一禹 (P) 上 何洋先生	360	_	120	_	480
Ms. Chen Yanyan	陳燕燕女士	360	_	120	_	480
	MANUAL XX			,		.50
		3,525	20,003	15,635	54	39,217
		0,020	_0,000	.0,000	31	00,2.1

Notes:

- (i) Resigned on June 24, 2015
- (ii) Appointed on June 24, 2015
- (iii) Performance related incentive payments were determined by the remuneration committee, having regard to the performance of directors and the Group's operating result.

附註:

- (i) 於二零一五年六月二十四日辭任
- (ii) 於二零一五年六月二十四日獲委任
- (ii) 表現相關獎勵款項由薪酬委員會釐定, 當中參考董事表現及本集團之經營業 績。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN'S EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Directors (Continued)

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The non-executive directors' emoluments and independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company.

Mr. Liu Ming Hui is also the managing director of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above included those for services rendered by him as the chief executive.

13. EMOLUMENTS OF EMPLOYEES

During the year ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, all of them were directors which included the Executive Chairman of the Company whose emoluments are included in note 12.

No emoluments were paid by the Group to the chief executive or the directors as an inducement to join the Group or as a compensation for loss of office for both years.

Except for Mr. Zhou Si and Mr. Jiang Xinhao have waived their rights to receive remuneration for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, there was no arrangement under which the chief executive or a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

12. 董事及執行主席酬金(續)

董事(續)

以上所示執行董事之酬金主要有關彼等 管理本公司及本集團事務之服務。

以上所示非執行董事之酬金及獨立非執 行董事之酬金主要有關彼等擔任本公司 董事之服務。

劉明輝先生亦為本公司之董事總經理, 上述所披露之酬金包括就其擔任行政總 裁提供的服務所支付者。

13. 僱員酬金

於截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團最高薪之五名個人全部為董事(包括本公司執行主席), 有關酬金載於附註12。

於該兩個年度本集團概無向主要行政人 員或董事支付任何酬金作為加入本集團 之獎金或離職賠償。

截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十 一日止年度,除周思先生及姜新浩先生 放棄彼等領取酬金之權利外,截至二零 一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年 度,行政總裁或董事概無根據任何安排 放棄或同意放棄領取酬金。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

14. DIVIDENDS

14. 股息

For the year ended March 31 截至三月三十一日止

	₽ 1 − 7 − 7	1 1 1 1 1
	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Final dividend paid in respect of year ended March 31, 2016 of HK\$0.1446	710,041 243,775	693,861 248,232
	953,816	942,093

A final dividend of HK\$0.2 in respect of the year ended March 31, 2017 (2016: final dividend of HK\$0.1446 in respect of the year ended March 31, 2016) per share has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming general meeting.

董事建議派發截至二零一七年三月三十 一日止年度每股0.2港元(二零一六年: 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度每 股0.1446港元之末期股息)之末期股息, 惟須經股東於應屆股東大會批准方可作 實。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

15. 每股盈利

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利 乃按下列數據計算:

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

2017	2016						
二零一七年	二零一六年						
HK\$'000	HK\$'000						
千港元	千港元						
4,147,732	2,273,121						

Earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share, being profit for the year attributable to owners of the

Company

計算每股基本及攤薄盈利之盈利 (即本公司擁有人應佔本年度 溢利)

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

<u> </u>	1
2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
'000	'000
千股/千份	千股/千份
4 000 040	4.004.007
4.908.043	4.964.687

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share

計算每股基本及攤薄盈利之 普通股加權平均數

The computation of diluted earnings per share does not assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options as the exercise price of those share options is higher than the average market price for the shares for both years 2017 and 2016.

每股攤薄盈利之計算並無假設行使本公 司之尚未行使購股權,理由是該等購股 權之行使價高於二零一七年及二零一六 年股份之平均市價。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

16. 投資物業

HK\$'000 千港元

At April 1, 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	262,364
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(8,870)
Transferred to property, plant and	轉撥至物業、廠房及設備	
equipment		(65,836)
Change in fair value	公平值變動	2,792
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	190,450
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(2,915)
Change in fair value	公平值變動	31,686
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	219,221

The Group's investment properties are analysed as follows:

本集團之投資物業分析如下:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

	2/ _ / 1 _	
	2017	2016
	二零一七年	二零一六年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Properties held: 持有之物業:		
— in Hong Kong — 位於香港	145,200	126,000
─ in the PRC 一位於中國	74,021	64,450
	219,221	190,450

The fair value of the Group's investment properties in Hong Kong at March 31, 2017 has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out as on the respective dates by LCH (Asia-Pacific) Surveyors Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer not connected to the Group. The resulting surplus of HK\$19,200,000 (deficit in 2016: HK\$1,400,000) was credited (2016: debited) to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The valuation was arrived at by reference to comparable market transactions available in the relevant markets for similar properties in the similar locations and conditions.

本集團位於香港之投資物業於二零一七年三月三十一日之公平值乃根據與本集團並無關連的獨立合資格專業估值師利駿行測量師有限公司於該日進行之估值得出。由此產生之19,200,000港元盈餘(二零一六年虧絀:1,400,000港元)列入綜合損益及其他全面收入報表(二零一六年:扣減)。估值乃參考類似物業於類似地理位置及條件下之相關市場可獲得的可資比較市場交易而得出。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

The fair value of the Group's investment properties in the PRC at March 31, 2017 has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at these dates by Crowe Horwath (HK) Consulting & Valuation Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer not connected to the Group. The resulting surplus of HK\$12,486,000 (2016: HK\$4,192,000) was credited to consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The valuation was arrived at by reference to comparable market transactions available in the relevant markets for similar properties in the similar locations and conditions.

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

During the year ended March 31, 2016, investment properties with carrying amounts of HK\$65,836,000 were transferred to property, plant and equipment with the commencement of owner-occupation.

Details of the Group's investment properties and information about the fair value hierarchy as March 31, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

16. 投資物業(續)

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團位於中國之投資物業之公平值乃根據與本集團概無關連之獨立合資格專業估值師行國富浩華(香港)諮詢評估有限公司於該等日期進行之估值得出。由此產生之12,486,000港元)已列入綜合損益及生生4,192,000港元)已列入綜合損益以物業於類似地理位置及條件下之相關市場可獲以地理位置及條件下之相關市場可資比較市場交易而得出。

本集團全部根據經營租約持有以賺取租 金或作為資本增值之物業權益乃以公 平值模式測量及歸類並入賬記作投資物 業。

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度, 賬面值為65,836,000港元的投資物業已 轉移至開始持作自用之物業、廠房及設 備。

本集團於二零一七年及二零一六年三月 三十一日的投資物業及有關公平值等級 資料的詳情如下:

> Fair value Level 3 公平值一第三級 As at March 31 於三月三十一日

2017	2016
二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
145,200	126,000

64,450

Commercial property units located in Hong Kong Offices located in the PRC 位於香港的商用物業單位

位於中國的辦公室

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during the year.

At the end of the reporting period, the management of the Group works closely with the independent qualified external valuers to establish and determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements. Where there is a material change in the fair value of the assets, the causes of the fluctuations will be reported to the directors of the Company.

年內並無轉入或轉出第三級。

於報告期末,本集團管理層與獨立合資格外聘估值師緊密合作,就第三級公平值計量確立及釐定適合估值方法及輸入數據。倘資產公平值有重大變動,有關變動原因將向本公司董事報告。

74,021

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Information about fair value measurements using key unobservable inputs (Level 3)

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in the determination of fair values for investment properties and the key unobservable inputs used in the valuation models.

16. 投資物業(續)

有關運用主要不可觀察輸入數據之公平值計量(第三級)之資料

下表顯示就投資物業釐定公平值時所用估值方法及估值模型所用主要不可觀察輸入數據。

Description	Fair value as		Valuation techniques	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與
概况	於三月三十一 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	日之公平值 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元		不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察輸入數據範圍	公平值之關係
Commercial units located in Hong Kong 位於香港的 商用單位	145,200	126,000	Comparison approach 比較法	Adjusted transaction price to reflect market value of similar properties 經調整交易價格以反映類似物業的市值	HK\$25,400-HK\$40,600 per square foot (2016: HK\$23,000- HK\$35,900 per square foot) 每平方尺25,400港元至 40,600港元(二零一六年: 每平方尺-23,000港元至 35,900港元)	The higher the adjusted transaction price the higher the fair value 經調整交易價格越高,公平值越高
Offices located in the PRC 位於中國的 辦公室	74,021	64,450	Comparison approach 比較法	Adjusted transaction price to reflect direction and height 經調整交易價格以反映方向及高度	RMB9,000-RMB69,065 per square meter (2016: RMB8,700- RMB52,300 per square meter) 每平方米人民幣9,000元至 人民幣69,065元(二零一六年: 每平方米人民幣8,700元 至人民幣52,300元)	The higher the adjusted transaction price the higher the fair value 經調整交易價格越高,公平值越高
	219,221	190,450				

For the purposes of measuring deferred taxation arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolio and concluded that the Group's investment properties are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in measuring the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the directors of the Company have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is rebutted. Accordingly, deferred taxation in relation to the Group's investment properties has been measured based on the tax consequences of recovering the carrying amounts entirely through use.

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

17. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold Machinery							
		land and		Construction	and	Furniture	Motor		
		buildings 和佳工地及	Pipelines	in progress		and fixtures	vehicles	Vessels	Total
		租賃土地及 樓宇	管道	在建工程	機器及 設備	傢俬及 固定裝置	汽車	船舶	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	日 C 农 鱼 HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
COST	成本								
At April 1, 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	2,444,235	12,518,823	5,610,954	3,147,096	336,759	628,089	200,989	24,886,945
Exchange adjustment	匯兑調整	(110,203)	(666,130)	(295,960)	(144,398)	(26,783)	(33,488)	(12,280)	(1,289,242)
Additions	添置	168,602	195,019	2,672,774	128,677	41,641	81,784	_	3,288,497
Acquired on acquisitions of	收購業務所得								
businesses		21,655	165,915	61,488	25,705	3,788	46,206	_	324,757
Acquisition of assets (note 39)		150,630	_	_	_	-	_	_	150,630
Transfer from investment	自投資物業轉撥	05.000							05.000
properties	左子川 告	65,836	(0.000)	-	(40.744)	(0.000)	(70.540)		65,836
Disposal for the year	年內出售	(9,594)	(3,003)	(4.070.007)	(16,744)	(3,203)	(78,549)	(5,947)	(117,040)
Reclassification	重新分類	172,899	1,619,707	(1,976,807)	180,524	129	3,548		
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	2,904,060	13,830,331	6,072,449	3,320,860	352,331	647,590	182,762	27,310,383
Exchange adjustment	匯兑調整	(114,594)	(736,920)	(304,983)	(205,695)	(29,490)	(39,352)	,	(1,441,749)
Additions	添置	78,121	149,681	2,880,260	162,354	17,726	82,687	12,560	3,383,389
Acquired on acquisitions of	收購業務所得	,	,	, ,	,	,	,		
businesses		262,138	906,725	193,663	328,631	7,790	24,827	_	1,723,774
Disposal for the year	年內出售	(11,952)	(38,305)	_	(48,563)	(17,129)	(43,484)	_	(159,433)
Reclassification	重新分類	136,956	1,971,198	(2,195,008)	80,018	3,391	3,445	-	_
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	3,254,729	16,082,710	6,646,381	3,637,605	334,619	675,713	184,607	30,816,364
DEPRECIATION AND	折舊及攤銷								
IMPAIRMENT									
At April 1, 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	392,372	1,876,420	_	1,082,396	160,778	210,792	48,552	3,771,310
Exchange adjustment	匯兑調整	(18,378)	(104,985)	_	(61,099)	(12,138)	(11,712)	(2,617)	(210,929)
Provided for the year	年內撥備	84,218	393,194	_	239,787	40,395	62,023	12,725	832,342
Impairment loss recognised	於損益確認之減值虧損								
in profit or loss		-	-	-	124,414	-	-	-	124,414
Eliminated on disposals	出售時撇除	(2,288)	(1,042)	_	(9,294)	(2,763)	(36,672)	(4,303)	(56,362)
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	155 001	2,163,587		1,376,204	186,272	224,431	5/1 257	4,460,775
Exchange adjustment	ボー令 ハギニガニ I II I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	(13,407)	(125,325)	_	(66,832)	(17,489)	(10,139)	(3,000)	
Provided for the year	年內撥備	87,270	448,746	_	239,341	23,697	60,612	12,974	872,640
Eliminated on disposals	出售時撇除	(3,091)	(4,556)	_	(21,029)	(7,210)	(27,652)		(63,538)
Z/iii/acod off diopoddio		(0,001)	(-1,000)		(21,020)	(1,210)	(21,002)		(00,000)
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	526,696	2,482,452	-	1,527,684	185,270	247,252	64,331	5,033,685
CARRYING VALUES	非								
CARRYING VALUES At March 31, 2017	賬面值 於二零一七年三月三十一日	2,728,033	13,600,258	6,646,381	2,109,921	149,349	428,461	120,276	25,782,679
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	2,448,136	11,666,744	6,072,449	1,944,656	166,059	423,159	128,405	22,849,608

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

The pipelines of the Group are located in the PRC.

The above items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land and buildings Over the shorter of the remaining

terms of the leases or 50 years

Pipelines Over the shorter of 30 years or the

operation period of the relevant

company

Machinery and equipment 5%-10% Furniture and fixtures 15%-50% Motor vehicles 25%

Vessels 7% (new vessels acquired from

suppliers) or 34% (acquired from

second hand market)

During the year ended March 31, 2017, interest capitalised in construction in progress amounted to HK\$258,293,000 (2016: HK\$290,352,000).

During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group is in the process of obtaining title deeds from relevant government authorities for its land and buildings in the PRC amounting to HK\$17,672,000 (2016: HK\$18,625,000). In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group is not required to incur additional cost in obtaining the title deeds for its land and buildings in the PRC.

At March 31, 2017, the directors of the Company considered that in the leasehold land and building elements of certain properties located in the PRC with a carrying value of HK\$84,441,000 (2016: HK\$71,186,000) cannot be separately identified.

17. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

本集團之管道位於中國。

上述物業、廠房及設備項目(不包括在建 工程)乃按直線法以下列年利率折舊:

租賃土地及樓宇 租約餘下年期或50年

之較短者

管道 30年或有關公司之

經營年期之較短者

機器及設備 5%-10% 傢俬及固定裝置 15%-50% 汽車 25%

船舶 7%(從供應商購入之

> 新船舶)或34%(從 二手市場購入)

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日 止年度,撥充在建工程資本之利息 為258,293,000港元(二零一六年: 290,352,000港元)。

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團正就其價值17.672,000港元 (二零一六年:18,625,000港元)位於中國 之土地及樓宇從有關政府機關獲取所有 權契約。本公司董事認為,本集團毋須 就獲取中國土地及樓宇之所有權契約而 產生額外成本。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本公 司董事認為若干位於中國及賬面值 為84,441,000港 元(二 零 一 六 年: 71,186,000港元)之物業之租賃土地及樓 宇部分無法分開識別。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

18. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

18. 預付租賃款項

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

2017 2016 二零一七年 二零一六年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 The Group's prepaid lease payments 本集團之預付租賃款項包括於 中國之租賃土地及就呈報 comprise leasehold land in the PRC and are analysed for reporting 而言分析為: purposes as: Non-current portion 非即期部分 1,516,323 1.493.028 Current portion 即期部分 49.991 47.641 1,566,314 1,540,669

The leasehold land and land use rights are charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the term of the leases.

During the year, the Group is in the process of obtaining title deeds from relevant government authorities for its prepaid lease payments in the PRC amounting to HK\$30,782,000 (2016: HK\$18,747,000). In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group is not required to incur additional cost in obtaining the title deeds for its prepaid lease payments in the PRC.

租賃土地及土地使用權以直線法按租賃 年期自綜合損益及其他全面收入報表扣 除。

年內,本集團正就其價值30,782,000港元(二零一六年:18,747,000港元)位於中國之預付租賃款項從有關政府機關獲取所有權契約。本公司董事認為,本集團毋須就獲取中國預付租賃款項之所有權契約而產生額外成本。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

19. 於聯營公司之投資

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

	2017	2016
		二零一六年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
投資於聯營公司之成本:		
於香港上市	881,765	881,765
於中國上市	39,272	_
非上市	1,945,510	1,564,113
分佔收購前股息	(1,296)	(1,296)
分佔收購後溢利及其他全面收入		
(扣除收購後所收股息)		
	1,067,568	1,155,297
收購聯營公司之折讓	232,970	232,970
	4,165,789	3,832,849
上市投資之公平值(按市場報價		
計量)	3,002,010	1,979,243
	於香港上市 於中國上市 非上市 分佔收購前股息 分佔收購後溢利及其他全面收入 (扣除收購後所收股息) 收購聯營公司之折讓 上市投資之公平值(按市場報價	上市投資之公平值(按市場報價

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED) 19. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

The Group had interests in the following significant associates:

本集團於以下主要聯營公司中擁有權益:

Proportion of nominal value of

Name of entity 企業名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of registration/ incorporation 註冊/ 註冊成立地點	Principal place of operations 主要 營業地點	Class of capital 股本類型	registered/issued capital held by the Group 本集團所持註冊/已發行股本面值比例 As at March 31 於三月三十一日 2017 2016		Principal activities 主要業務
					二零一七年	二零一六年	
重慶市川東燃氣工程 建設有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	44.00	44.00	Gas pipeline construction
ALM IJIKA (I	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			燃氣管道建設
重慶鼎發實業股份 有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	38.69	38.69	Exploration, collection transportation, purification and sales of natural gas
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			勘探、收集、運輸、淨化 及天然氣銷售
重慶市渝北區佳渝 天然氣有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	49.00	49.00	Sales of natural gas
77,M7N 1712	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售
哈爾濱中慶燃氣 有限責任公司 (「哈爾濱中慶」)	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	48.00	48.00	Sales of nature gas and gas pipeline construction
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道 建設
福建省晉江廈華石化 有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	35.00	35.00	Refining process, storage of LPG
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			液化石油氣提煉加工處 理、儲存
湖北能源集團卾東 天然氣有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	25.00	25.00	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道 建設
滄州中油燃氣有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	40.00	40.00	Sales of LPG
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			液化石油氣銷售
Zhongyu Gas	Limited liability company	Cayman Island	PRC	Ordinary	44.05	44.05	Investment holding, sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
中裕燃氣	有限責任公司	開曼群島	中國	普通			投資控股,天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED) 19. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

Name of entity 企業名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of registration/ incorporation 註冊/ 註冊成立地點	Principal place of operations 主要 營業地點	Class of capital 股本類型	Proportion of nominal value of registered/issued capital held by the Group 本集團所持註冊/已發行股本面值比例 As at March 31 於三月三十一日		Principal activities 主要業務
					於二月二 2017 二零一七年 %	2016 二零一六年 %	
滄州渤海新區中燃城市 燃氣發展有限公司	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	44.00	44.00	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道 建設
榆林中燃天然氣 有限公司	Limited liabilities company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered	25.00	25.00	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道 建設
廣西中石油天燃氣管網 有限公司	Limited liabilities company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	24.50	24.50	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道 建設
Rankam International Holdings Limited	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	Bermuda 百慕達	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	28.00	20.00	Investment holding 投資控股
Daily Pride Limited	Limited liability company	Bermuda 百慕達	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	49.00	49.00	Holding of project companies for trading of heaters and boilers 持有買賣發熱器及鍋爐 之項目公司
河北華通燃氣設備 有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered	31.00	31.00	Sales of gas meter, gas pressure regulator and gas pipeline construction 燃氣表、氣壓調節器銷售及燃氣管道建設
天津國潤振華能源技術 有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered	27.00	27.00	Development of energy technology and sales of natural gas 能源技術開發及天然氣 銷售
成都鑫金秋液化石油氣 有限公司	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	40.00	40.00	Sales of LPG 液化石油氣銷售

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED) 19. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

Name of entity 企業名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of registration/ incorporation 註冊/ 註冊成立地點	Principal place of operations 主要 營業地點	Class of capital 股本類型	Proportion nominal varegistered/capital hby the Grange As at Marks As at Mark	alue of lissued neld roup 註冊/ 面值比例 ch 31	Principal activities 主要業務
合肥中油昆侖燃氣 有限公司	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered	30.00%	-	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道 建設
山東省天然氣利用 有限公司	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	22.00%	-	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道 建設
山東省天然氣管網投資有限公司	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	25.00%	-	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
浙江威星智能儀表 股份有限公司 (「浙江威星」)	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	12.46% (Note) (附註)	-	Development, production and sales of utility system 電子系統軟件開發、生產 及銷售

Note: At the end of the reporting period, the Group held a 12.46% equity interest in 浙江威星. The investment in 浙江威星 was classified as an investment in an associate as the Group has the right to appoint one out of four executive directors in 浙江威星. Thus, the Group can exercise significant influence over the financial and operating policies of 浙江威星.

At March 31, 2017, included in the cost of investment in associates is goodwill of HK\$976,339,000 (2016: HK\$918,328,000).

附註:於報告期末,本集團持有浙江威星之 12.46%股本權益。於浙江威星之投資 分類為於聯營公司之投資,原因為本集 團有權於浙江威星四位執行董事中任 命一位董事。因此,本集團可對浙江威 星財務及運營政策產生重大影響。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,計入聯營公司之投資成本的商譽為976,339,000港元(二零一六年:918,328,000港元)。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

The financial year end date for Zhongyu Gas is December 31. For the purpose of applying the equity method of accounting, the consolidated financial statements of Zhongyu Gas for the year ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 have been used as the Group considers that it is impracticable for Zhongyu Gas with its shares listed on the Stock Exchange to provide a separate and complete set of financial statements as of March 31. No significant transactions requiring adjustments took place during the intervening period.

Summarised financial information of material associates

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's material associates is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs for the purpose of preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

All of the Group's associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements:

哈爾濱中慶

19. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

中裕燃氣之財政年度結算日為十二月三 十一日。為應用權益會計法,本集團已 使用中裕燃氣於截至二零一六年及二零 一五年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財 務報表,原因為本集團認為中裕燃氣(其 股份於聯交所上市)不可能提供於三月 三十一日之獨立完整之財務報表。於間 隔期間,概無發生須作出調整的重大交 易。

重要聯營公司財務資料概述

本集團各重要聯營公司之財務資料概要 載列如下。下文載列之財務資料概要指 為編製此等綜合財務報表而根據香港財 務報告準則編製之聯營公司財務報表所 示金額。

本集團所有聯營公司乃採用權益法於此 等綜合財務報表內入賬:

哈爾濱中慶

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	1,167,953 2,638,207 (1,136,440) (17,283)	1,124,435 2,933,461 (1,274,385) (44,365)
Net assets	淨資產	2,652,437	2,739,146

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED) 19. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

Summarised financial information of material associates (Continued)

哈爾濱中慶(續)

重要聯營公司財務資料概述 (續)

哈爾濱中慶(續)

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	1,589,988	1,538,365
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及全面收入總額	107,674	203,495
Dividend received from 哈爾濱中慶 during the year	年內已收哈爾濱中慶之股息	194,383	_

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the investments in associates recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財務報表確 認之聯營公司之投資賬面值對賬:

As at March 31

於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets of 哈爾濱中慶 Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in 哈爾濱中慶	哈爾濱中慶之淨資產 本集團於哈爾濱中慶之擁有權 權益比例	2,652,437 48%	2,739,146 48%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in 哈爾濱中慶 reflected in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position	本集團於哈爾濱中慶之權益 賬面值(在本集團之綜合財務 狀況表中反映)	1,273,170	1,314,790



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information of material associates (Continued)

Zhongyu Gas and its subsidiaries

19. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

重要聯營公司財務資料概述(續)

中裕燃氣及其附屬公司

As at March 31

於三月三十一日

		M — /1 —	
		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	1,653,727	1,933,467
Non-current assets	非流動資產	7,969,936	6,775,842
Current liabilities	流動負債	(2,709,103)	(2,610,921)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(4,108,629)	(3,825,994)
Net assets	淨資產	2,805,931	2,272,394
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	252,725	265,730

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	3,722,507	3,276,666
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及全面收入總額	571,229	44,407
Profit attributable to owners of Zhongyu Gas	中裕燃氣擁有人應佔溢利	206,150	93,390

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information of material associates (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the investments in associates recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

19. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

重要聯營公司財務資料概述(續)

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財務報表確認之聯營公司之投資賬面值對賬:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Equity attributable to owners of Zhongyu 综合財務報表所呈報中裕燃氣	2,553,206 (480,240)	2,006,664 —
Proportion of the Group's ownership 本集團於中裕燃氣之擁有權權益 interest in Zhongyu Gas 比例 Goodwill 商譽	2,072,966 44.05% 483,469	2,006,664 44.05% 483,469
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in 本集團於中裕燃氣之權益賬面值 Zhongyu Gas reflected in the Group's (在本集團之綜合財務狀況表中 consolidated statement of financial 反映) position	1,396,611	1,367,404



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED) 19. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

Summarised financial information of material associates (Continued)

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material

重要聯營公司財務資料概述 (續)

個別而言並非重大之聯營公司的合 計資料

For the year ended March 31

裁 マニ 日 二 十 一 口 止

截至二月二十一日止								
2017	2016							
二零一七年	二零一六年							
HK\$'000	HK\$'000							
千港元	千港元							
84,893	46,647							

The Group's share of profit

本集團應佔溢利

As at March 31

於三月三十一日

	2017
二零	一七年
H	K\$'000
	千港元

2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元

Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's 本集團於該等聯營公司之權益的 interests in these associates 合計賬面值

1,496,008

1,150,655

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

20. 於合資公司之投資

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investment in joint ventures — 於合資公司之投資成本一非上市 unlisted Share of post-acquisition profit and other comprehensive income (net of post-acquisition dividend received) Discount on acquisition of joint ventures 收購合資公司折讓	3,154,253 2,206,784 51,050	3,128,684 1,890,597 51,050
	5,412,087	5,070,331

As at March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Group had interests in the following significant joint ventures:

於二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一 日,本集團於以下主要合資公司中擁有 權益:

Name of entity 企業名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of registration/ incorporation 註冊/ 成立地點	Principal place of operations 主要經營 地點	Class of capital 股本類別	Propor nomina of regis issued held by th 本集團所 已發行股本 As at Ma 於三月三 2017 二零一七年 %	I value stered/ capital ne Group 持註冊/ 运面值比例 arch 31	Principal activity 主要業務
柳州中燃城市燃氣 有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0	50.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建設
揚州中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0	50.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建設
呼和浩特中燃城市燃 氣發展有限公司 (「呼和浩特中燃」)	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	51.0	51.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
(1.1 46/0 12 1 28/1)	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建設

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

20. 於合資公司之投資(續)

Proportion of

Name of entity 企業名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of registration/ incorporation 註冊/ 成立地點	Principal place of operations 主要經營 地點	Class of capital 股本類別	nominal value of registered/ issued capital held by the Group 本集團所持註冊/ 已發行股本面值比例 As at March 31 於三月三十一日	Principal activity 主要業務
					2017 2016 二零一七年 二零一六年 %	
德州中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0 50.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊		天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建設
無湖中燃新福利汽車燃 氣有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0 50.0	Nature gas refill service and gas station administration
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊		天然氣加氣服務及 加氣站管理
泰能天然氣有限公司	Equity joint venture 合資企業	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	51.0 51.0	Sales of natural gas 天然氣銷售
Fujian Anran Gas Investment Company Limited ("Fujian Anran")	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	49.0 49.0	Investment holding
福建安然燃氣投資有限公司(「福建安然」)	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊		投資控股
重慶長南天然氣輸配 有限責任公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	49.0 49.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊		天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建設
武鋼江南中燃燃氣(武漢)有限公司	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	49.0 49.0	Gas pipeline construction 燃氣管道建設
台州中燃愛思開城市燃 氣發展有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0 50.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊		construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道 建設
金華中燃愛思開匯能 城市燃氣發展 有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0 50.0	Retailing and wholesaling of gas accessories and provision of maintenance
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊		service 零售及批發燃氣配件及 提供保養服務

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

20. 於合資公司之投資(續)

Name of entity 企業名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of registration/ incorporation 註冊/ 成立地點	Principal place of operations 主要經營 地點	Class of capital 股本類別		e l/ bup 冊/ 比例 31 日 2016	
					%	%	
天津市天匯燃氣發展 有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	40.0	40.0	Provision of pipe natural gas
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			提供管道天然氣
杭州百江液化氣 有限公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0	50.0	Sales and distribution of LPG
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			液化石油氣銷售及分銷
凱裡市新能燃氣 有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0	50.0	Sales of natural gas, petrochemical products and gas accessories
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣、石化產品及 燃氣配件銷售
三明市鑫源燃氣有限 責任公司	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	PRC	PRC	Registered	49.0	49.0	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中外合資企業	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及燃氣 管道建設
Pleasign Ace Limited	Limited liability company	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Ordinary	50.0	50.0	Investment holding
	有限責任公司	香港	香港	普通			投資控股
張家口中燃清潔能源 有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	51.0	51.0	Sales of nature gas and delivery of hazardous products
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售及危險品 運輸
杭州蕭山環能實業 有限公司	Limited liability company	PRC	PRC	Registered	50.0	50.0	Sales of natural gas
	有限責任公司	中國	中國	註冊			天然氣銷售
中保投中燃(深圳)清潔 能源發展基金 (有限合夥) (Note) (附註)	Investment Fund L.P.	PRC	PRC	Registered	30.0	-	Investment in PNG, LNG, CNG and LPG energy projects
	Investment Fund L.P.	中國	中國	註冊			於石油天然氣、液化 天然氣、壓縮天然氣 及液化石油氣能源 項目投資



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

Note: During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group cooperated with China Insurance Investment Fund L.P. ("CIIF") to establish the China Insurance Investment China Gas (Shenzhen) Clean Energy Development Fund L.P (the "Fund"). The Fund is expected to have an aggregate capital commitment up to RMB10 billion in which RMB7 billion and RMB3 billion will be contributed by CIIF and the Group respectively. The Fund will provide capital support for investment in the piped natural gas ("PNG"), liquefied natural gas ("LNG"), compressed natural gas ("CNG") and LPG projects. Prior to CIIF having contributed its committed capital of RMB7 billion in full and the investment projects of the Fund having generated income or stable cash flow, the Fund shall not seek capital contribution of RMB3 billion from the Group. Up to March 31, 2017, CIIF contributed RMB0.7 billion to the Fund.

CIIF is entitled to a preferential return based on its actual capital contribution (after deducting any redeemed amount).

In connection with the Fund, the Company made an undertaking to procure, among other things: (i) the divestment of CIIF in the Fund; (ii) the payment of the preferential return of CIIF by the Fund; and (iii) the preferential redemption of CIIF's interest in the Fund in the event that the Fund does not have sufficient funding in satisfying the aforesaid requirements

As all the relevant activities of the above entities require unanimous consent from all joint venture parties, they are accounted for as joint ventures.

At March 31, 2017, included in the cost of investment in joint ventures is goodwill of HK\$238,621,000 (2016: HK\$251,481,000).

20. 於合資公司之投資(續)

附註:截至二零一十年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團與中國保險投資基金(有限 合夥)(「中保投」)合作建立中保投中燃 (深圳)清潔能源發展基金(有限合夥) (「該基金」)。該基金預計將擁有出資 總額人民幣100億元,其中人民幣70億 元及人民幣30億元將分別由中保投及 本集團承擔。該基金將為管道天燃氣 (「PNG」)、液化天燃氣(「LNG」)、壓縮 天燃氣(「CNG」)及液化石油氣(「LPG」) 項目投資提供資本支持。於中保投全數 提供其人民幣70億元認繳出資總額及 該基金投資項目已產生收入或穩定現 金流前,該基金不應向本集團尋求人民 幣30億元的出資。至二零一七年三月三 十一日,中保投已對該基金作出認繳出 資共人民幣7億元。

> 中保投根據其實際認繳出資額(扣除任 何已贖回款項後)將有權享有優先回 報。

> 就該基金的投資,本公司作出承諾並促 使(其中包括):(i)中保投在該基金中的 撤資;(ii)支付中保投從該基金投資的優 先回報;及(iii)本公司將優先贖回中保投 在該基金投資份額,倘若該基金並無足 夠資金滿足以上要求。

由於上述實體所有相關活動需要所有合 資公司參與方的一致同意,彼等入賬為 合資公司。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,計入合資 公司投資成本的商譽為238,621,000港元 (二零一六年:251,481,000港元)。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information of material joint ventures

The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the joint ventures' consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

All of the Group's joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

呼和浩特中燃

20. 於合資公司之投資(續)

重要合資公司財務資料概述

下文載列之財務資料概要指根據香港財 務報告準則編製之合資公司綜合財務報 表所示金額。

本集團所有合資公司乃採用權益法於該 綜合財務報表內入賬:

呼和浩特中燃

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	1,336,543 2,974,780 (2,108,494) (288,463)	1,230,978 2,979,936 (2,074,634) (389,310)
Net assets	淨資產	1,914,366	1,746,970

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

	2017	2016	
	二零一七年	二零一六年	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	千港元	千港元	
Revenue 收益	1,626,386	1,540,080	
Profit (loss) and total comprehensive 年內溢利(雇	損)及全面收入(開支)		
income (expense) for the year 總額	167,396	(256,153)	



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information of material joint ventures (Continued)

呼和浩特中燃 (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the investments in joint ventures recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

20. 於合資公司之投資(續)

重要合資公司財務資料概述 (續)

呼和浩特中燃(續)

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財務報表確 認之合資公司之投資賬面值對賬:

As at March 31

於三月三十一日

	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets reported in the consolidated financial statements of 呼和浩特中燃 中燃之資產淨值 Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in 呼和浩特中燃 權權益比例	1,914,366 51%	1,746,970 51%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest 本集團於合資公司之權益的 in the joint venture 賬面值	976,327	890,955

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information of material joint ventures (Continued)

Fujian Anran and its subsidiaries

20. 於合資公司之投資(續)

重要合資公司財務資料概述(續)

福建安然及其附屬公司

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		31-73-	' -
		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current assets	流動資產	866,535	820,310
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,397,338	2,331,474
Current liabilities	流動負債	(755,793)	(797,732)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(567,023)	(579,251)
Net assets	資產淨值	1,941,057	1,774,801

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue 收益	1,497,447	1,534,751
Profit and total comprehensive income 年內溢利及全年收入總額 for the year	166,256	323,477
Dividend received from Fujian Anran and 年內自福建安然及其附屬公司收取its subsidiaries during the year 之股息	取	352,096



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information of material joint ventures (Continued)

Fujian Anran and its subsidiaries (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the investments in joint ventures recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

20. 於合資公司之投資(續)

重要合資公司財務資料概述(續)

福建安然及其附屬公司(續)

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財務報表確認之合資公司之投資賬面值對賬:

As at March 31

於三月三十一日

	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets reported in the consolidated financial statements of Fujian Anran Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Fujian Anran 比例	1,941,057 49%	1,774,801 49%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in 本集團於合資公司之權益的賬面值 the joint venture	951,118	869,652

Aggregate information of joint ventures that are not individually material:

個別而言並非重大之合資公司的合計資料:

For the year ended March 31

截至三月三十一日止

	2017	2016
	二零一七年	二零一六年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
The Group's share of profit 本集團應佔溢利	338,617	170,059
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's 本集團於該等合資公司之權益的		
interests in these joint ventures 合計賬面值	3,484,642	3,309,724

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

Included in the balance of amounts due from joint ventures are loans of HK\$38,636,000 (2016: HK\$206,715,000) which are unsecured, interest bearing at fixed rates 3.915% per annum (2016: 5.10% to 5.81% per annum). The remaining balance is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. The balance is expected to be repayable within twelve months from the end of the reporting period and shown under current assets. All balances are neither past due nor impaired at the reporting date as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the Group believes that the amounts are considered recoverable.

Included in the balance of amounts due to joint ventures of HK\$794,651,000 (2016: nil) are of non-trade nature, unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. The remaining balance is of trade nature aged within 180 days based on invoice date.

20. 於合資公司之投資(續)

計入應收合資公司款項結餘之貸款38,636,000港元(二零一六年:206,715,000港元)乃無抵押、按每年3.915厘(二零一六年:每年5.10厘至5.81厘)之固定利率計息。餘額乃無抵押、免息且按要求償還。結餘預計須於報告期末後十二個月內償還,並計入流動資產。由於信貸質素並無重大改變,且本集團相信有關金額視作可予收回,故於報告日期,所有結餘均無逾期及減值。

計入應付合資公司款項之結餘794,651,000港元(二零一六年:零)乃為非貿易性質、無抵押、免息及按要求償還。現有貿易性質結餘按發票日基準賬齡為一百八十日。

21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

21. 可供出售之投資

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong, at fair value Unlisted equity securities, at cost less impairment Club debenture, at fair value	於香港上市之股本證券,按公平值 列值 非上市股本證券,按成本值列值 (扣除減值) 會所債券,按公平值列值	142,934 180,422 948	26,274 184,201 700
		324,304	211,175

Equity securities listed in Hong Kong are stated at fair value. The fair values of listed equity securities are based on quoted market bid price. Change in fair value of the listed equity securities classified as available-for-sale investments for the year ended March 31, 2017 with a decrease of HK\$21,794,000 (2016: decrease of HK\$11,042,000) was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

於香港上市之股本證券乃按公平值列 賬。上市股本證券之公平值乃根據所報 之市場買入價釐定。於截至二零一七年 三月三十一日止年度,被歸類為可供出 售投資之上市股本證券之公平值變動 減少21,794,000港元(二零一六年:減少 11,042,000港元)於綜合損益及其他全面 收入報表確認。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Unlisted equity securities issued by private entities incorporated in the PRC. They are measured at cost less impairment at the end of the reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

Club debentures are stated at fair value. Fair value of the club debenture has been determined by reference to the bid prices quoted in the second hand market. No fair value change was recognised in both years.

21. 可供出售之投資(續)

非上市股本證券由於中國註冊成立之私 人公司發行,乃於報告期末按成本扣除 減值計量,原因為合理公平值估計之範 圍太大,本公司董事認為,其公平值不 能可靠地計量。

會所債券乃按公平值列賬。會所債券之公平值乃經參考二手市場所報之買入價 釐定。該兩個年度均並無確認公平值變 動。

22. GOODWILL

22. 商譽

HK\$'000 千港元

COST	成本	
At April 1, 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	2,505,688
Arising on acquisitions of businesses	產生自收購業務(附註38)	
(note 38)		109,341
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(135,037)
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	2,479,992
Arising on acquisitions of businesses	產生自收購業務(附註38)	
(note 38)		1,002,453
Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司時撇除	(1,015)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(126,818)
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	3,354,612

The Group tests for impairment of goodwill annually and in the financial year in which the acquisition takes place, or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill might be impaired.

Impairment testing on goodwill

Management considered the sales of piped gas and sales of LPG business with each subsidiary represents a separate CGU for the purpose of goodwill impairment testing.

本集團於每年及於進行收購之財政年度 均會測試商譽有否減值,當有跡象表明 商譽可能減值時,會更頻密測試。

商譽減值測試

管理層認為,就商譽減值測試而言,各 附屬公司之管道燃氣銷售及液化石油氣 銷售業務代表獨立現金產生單位。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

22. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

22. 商譽(續)

Impairment testing on goodwill (Continued)

The carrying amounts of goodwill as at March 31, 2017 and 2016 are allocated as follows:

商譽減值測試(續)

於二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一 日的商譽的賬面值分置如下:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	— ₹ /\ 1 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		17070	17878
Sales of piped gas business within each			
of the following subsidiaries	銷售業務		
Clever Decision Enterprise Limited	Clever Decision Enterprise Limited	140,105	147,656
宿州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	宿州中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	44,293	46,680
北京中油翔科科技有限公司	北京中油翔科科技有限公司	15,363	16,191
湖南明程貿易發展有限公司	湖南明程貿易發展有限公司	53,078	55,938
南昌中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	南昌中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	14,759	15,555
遼陽中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	遼陽中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	26,828	28,273
牡丹中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	牡丹中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	30,051	31,671
陝西紫晶能源有限公司	陝西紫晶能源有限公司	115,719	121,955
北京國潤富力能源技術發展有限公司	北京國潤富力能源技術發展		
	有限公司	31,927	33,647
China Gas — SK Energy Holdings Co.,	中燃-愛思開能源控股有限公司		
Limited		90,072	94,926
Fortune Gas Investment Holdings Limited	富地燃氣投資控股有限公司	848,307	894,024
富地柳林燃氣有限公司	富地柳林燃氣有限公司	18,405	19,397
信陽富地車用燃氣有限公司 ("車用燃氣")	信陽富地車用燃氣有限公司		
	(「車用燃氣」)	116,329	122,599
蕪湖中燃百江燃氣有限公司 ("蕪湖百江")	蕪湖中燃百江燃氣有限公司		
	(「蕪湖百江」)	16,475	17,363
濟南中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司	濟南中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司		
("濟南中燃")	(「濟南中燃」)	147,053	_
武漢愛思開匯能賽洛燃氣集團有限公司 and	武漢愛思開匯能賽洛燃氣集團		
China Gas Hong Kong Company Limited	有限公司及中燃香港有限		
(formerly known as: SK E&S - SINO	公司(前稱: SK E&S - SINO		
HongKong Corporation Limited) ("賽洛燃	HongKong Corporation Limited)		
氣集團")	(「賽洛燃氣集團」)	423,520	_
Beijing Gas Development Limited	北燃發展有限公司		
("Beijing Gas")	(「北燃發展」)	310,227	_
錦州北燃燃氣有限公司 (formerly known as:	錦州北燃燃氣有限公司		
中石油北燃(錦州)燃氣有限公司)	(前稱:中石油北燃(錦州)		
("北燃錦州")	燃氣有限公司)(「北燃錦州」)	118,559	_
Other CGUs	其他現金產生單位	240,214	250,968
			200,000
		0.004.004	1 000 040
		2,801,284	1,896,843

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

22. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

22. 商譽(續)

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sales of LPG business within each of the following subsidiaries 上海中油能源控股有限公司 上海華辰船務有限公司 清遠普華能源投資有限公司 Panva Gas Holdings Limited	以下各附屬公司之液化石油氣銷售業務 上海中油能源控股有限公司 上海華辰船務有限公司 清遠普華能源投資有限公司 Panva Gas Holdings Limited	208,447 24,791 41,848 278,242	219,681 26,128 44,103 293,237
Total goodwill	商譽總額	553,328 3,354,612	583,149

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined based on value in use calculations. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to selling prices and direct costs during the period. Management estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. The growth rates are based on industry growth forecasts. Changes in selling prices and direct costs are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the market.

The Group prepares cash flows forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management for the next five years. The CGUs cash flows beyond the 5-year period until the expiry of the relevant operation period or exclusive rights ranging from 15 to 30 years are extrapolated using a steady 3% (2016: 3%) growth rate for CGUs in the natural gas business and 5% (2016: 5%) for CGUs in the LPG business. The financial budgets and growth rates are estimated according to the stage of each operation with reference to the development curve of the natural gas business and LPG business in the PRC region. The pre-tax rates used to discount the forecast cash flows for CGUs are from 14% to 17% (2016: 13% to 15%). In the opinion of the directors, no material impairment loss is identified for both years. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the aggregate carrying amount of CGUs to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount of CGUs.

現金產生單位之可回收價值乃按使用價值釐定。計算使用價值主要假設為期內售價之折扣率、增長率及預期變動及直接成本值。管理層按反映目前評估驗之時間值及現金產生單位之特定風險內之時間值及現金產生單位之特定風險內稅前比率估計折扣率。增長率按業內預期增長釐定。售價變動及直接成本按過往慣例及預期市場未來之變動而釐定。

本集團根據管理層批准未來五年之最近 期財務預算編製現金流量預算。有關天 然氣業務及液化石油氣業務五年期後直 至相關經營期間或獨家經營權期間(介 乎15至30年不等) 屆滿之現金產生單位 現金流量則分別採用穩定增長率3%(二 零一六年:3%)及5%(二零一六年:5%) 進行推算。財務預算及增長率乃根據各 業務之發展階段及經參考中國地區之天 然氣業務及液化石油氣業務之發展曲線 後估計。用於預測現金產生單位之稅前 現金流量折扣比率由14%至17%(二零一 六年:13%至15%)不等。董事認為,於 該兩個年度概無重大可辨認減值虧損。 管理層認為以上假設之任何合理可能產 生的變動均不會導致現金產生單位之賬 面總值超越其總可回收價值。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

23. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

23. 其他無形資產

		Exclusive rights of	Production			
		natural gas operation 天然氣業務之	sharing rights 生產	Technology rights	Customer Relationship	Total
		獨家經營權	分成權	技術權	客戶關係	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
COST	成本					
At April 1, 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	2,088,730	1,151,332	59,947	16,519	3,316,528
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(112,567)	(62,048)	(3,231)	(890)	(178,736)
Addition	添置	821	62,656	_	_	63,477
Acquired on acquisition of	收購業務所得(附註38)					
businesses (note 38)		178,577	_	_	_	178,577
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	2,155,561	1,151,940	56,716	15,629	3,379,846
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(118,105)	(58,906)	(2,900)	(799)	(180,710)
Addition	添置	56	89,399	_	_	89,455
Acquired on acquisition of	收購業務所得(附註38)					
businesses (note 38)		105,038	_	_	_	105,038
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	2,142,550	1,182,433	53,816	14,830	3,393,629
AMORTISATION	攤銷					
At April 1, 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	232,834	2,398	3,807	12,989	252,028
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(12,548)	(130)	(205)	(700)	(13,583)
Charge for the year	年內攤銷	70,625	7,770	1,284	1,500	81,179
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	290,911	10,038	4,886	13,789	319,624
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(14,880)	(513)		(705)	(16,348)
Charge for the year	年內攤銷	73,002	7,170	5,485	1,500	87,157
			.,	-,	.,	,,,,,
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	349,033	16,695	10,121	14,584	390,433
ALIVIAIGITST, 2017	バー令 	J49,UJJ	10,090	10,121	14,004	390,433
OADDVING VALUE	F 工 /=					
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值	1 700 517	1 105 700	40.005	0.40	0.000.400
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	1,793,517	1,165,738	43,695	246	3,003,196
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	1,864,650	1,141,902	51,830	1,840	3,060,222



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

23. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Note: The exclusive rights of natural gas operation, technology rights and customer relationship are amortised on a straight-line method over the period of 30 years, 40 years and 10 years respectively.

Production sharing right represents the right under the production contract entered between a subsidiary of the Group and a PRC entity for the exploitation and development of a coal-bed methane resource in the PRC ("CBM Project") under an exclusive right granted by the PRC government to explore, develop and produced coal-bed methane with that PRC entity as joint operation partner up to 2029. The Group has a 50% participating stake in the CBM Project. Production sharing right is amortised by using the units of production method based on the expected proven reserve to be extracted during the contractual period.

24. AMOUNTS DUE FROM (TO) ASSOCIATES

Included in the balance of amounts due from associates are loans of HK\$1,704,000 (2016: HK\$14,200,000) which are unsecured, interest bearing at fixed rates of 6% per annum (2016: 6% per annum). The remaining balance of HK\$13,493,000 (2016: HK\$52,096,000) are of trade nature aged within 180 days based on invoice date and a dividend receivable of HK\$239,818,000 (2016: HK\$34,244,000). A credit period of 30 to 180 days is granted to these trade customers. The balance is expected to be repayable within twelve months from the end of the reporting period and shown under current assets. All balances are neither past due nor impaired at the reporting date as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the Group believes that the amounts are considered recoverable.

Balance of amounts due to associates of HK\$100,939,000 (2016: nil) are of trade nature and aged within 180 days based on invoice date.

23. 其他無形資產(續)

附註:天然氣業務之獨家經營權、技術權及客 戶關係分別於30年、40年及10年之期 間內以直線法予以攤銷。

> 生產分成權指本集團一間附屬公司與 一間中國企業就根據中國政府授出與 該中國企業(作為共同營運夥伴)勘探、 開發及生產煤層氣的獨家經營權而勘 探及開發中國煤層氣資源(「煤層氣項 目1)訂立的生產合約項下之權益,有效 期至二零二九年。本集團於煤層氣項目 擁有50%參與權益。生產分成權根據於 合約期內將開採的預期經探明儲備使 用生產單位法作攤銷。

24. 應收/應付聯營公司款項

計入應收聯營公司款項結餘之貸款 1,704,000港元(二零一六年:14,200,000 港元)乃無抵押、按每年6厘(二零 一六年:每年6厘)之固定利率計息。 餘額13,493,000港元(二零一六年: 52,096,000港元)屬貿易性質,賬齡 由發票日期起計180日內,以及應收 股 息 239,818,000港 元(二零一六年: 34,244,000港元)。本集團向該等貿易客 戶授予30日至180日之信貸期。餘額預 計須在報告基末後十二個月內償還,並 計入流動資產。由於信貸質素並無重大 改變,且本集團相信有關金額視作可予 收回,故於報告日期,除上述事項外, 所有結餘均無逾期及減值。

應付關聯公司結餘款項之100,939,000港 元(二零一六年:零)屬貿易性質且賬齡 由發票日期起計180日內。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

25. INVENTORIES

25. 存貨

As at March 31

於三月三十一日

	7-1-7-	
	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Construction materials 建材 Consumables, spare parts, gas appliances 消耗品、備件、燃氣器具及 and other materials 其他物料	577,076 404,499	504,888 323,617
Natural gas 天然氣 LPG 液化石油氣	158,973 538,340	110,068 274,543
	1,678,888	1,213,116



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

26. AMOUNTS DUE FROM (TO) CUSTOMERS FOR CONTRACT WORK

26. 應收(應付)客戶之合約工程款項

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracts in progress at end of the reporting period: Contract costs incurred plus recognised	於報告期末之在建合約: 已產生之合約成本加已確認溢利減		
profits less recognised losses Less: Progress billings	已確認虧損 減:進度付款	3,435,100 (2,342,186)	2,714,333 (2,103,044)
		1,092,914	611,289
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	作呈報用途分析:		
Amounts due from customers for contract work	應收客戶之合約工程款項	1,738,107	1,136,446
Amounts due to customers for contract work	應付客戶之合約工程款項	(645,193)	(525,157)
		1,092,914	611,289

At March 31, 2017 and 2016, there was no retention monies held by customers for contract work performed. At March 31, 2017, advances received from customers for contract work not yet commenced amounted to HK\$377,169,000 (2016: HK\$548,345,000) which were included in trade and other payables in note 30.

於二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日,並無保留款項由客戶就已進行之合約工程而持有。於二零一七年三月三十一日,已向尚未展開之合約工程客戶收取之墊款為377,169,000港元(二零一六年:548,345,000港元),並已列入附註30的貿易及其他應付賬項。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

27. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

27. 貿易及其他應收賬項

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	2,407,026	1,814,935
Less: Accumulated allowances	減:累計撥備	(379,289)	(394,188)
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	2,027,737	1,420,747
Deposits paid for construction and	工程及其他材料已付按金		
other materials		379,795	418,902
Deposits paid for purchase of natural gas	購買天然氣及液化石油氣		
and LPG	已付按金	909,187	763,441
Advance payments to sub-contractors	預付予分包商之款項	739,990	611,011
Rental and utilities deposits	租金及公用事業按金	190,736	174,462
Other tax recoverable	其他可收回税項	337,174	254,074
Other receivables and deposits	其他應收賬項及按金	1,077,147	1,068,245
Prepaid operating expenses	預付經營開支	380,223	350,226
Amounts due from non-controlling	應收附屬公司非控股權益款項		
interests of subsidiaries		25,004	32,770
Total trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項總額	6,066,993	5,093,878

Other than certain major customers with good repayment history which the Group allows a longer credit period or settlement by instalment basis, the Group generally allows an average credit period of 30 to 180 days to its trade customers.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables net of impairment losses presented based on invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

除若干付款記錄良好之主要客戶獲本集團准許有較長信貸期或分期付款外,本集團一般向其貿易客戶提供平均30至 180日之信貸期。

於報告期末,按發票日期呈列之貿易應 收賬款(扣除減值虧損)之賬齡分析如 下:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
0–180 days 181–365 days Over 365 days	0至180日 181至365日 365日以上	1,794,627 168,785 64,325	1,191,176 148,515 81,056
		2,027,737	1,420,747

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

27. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED) 27. 貿易及其他應收賬項(續)

The trade receivables with carrying amount of HK\$1,794,627,000 (2016: HK\$1,191,176,000) are neither past due nor impaired at the reporting date for which the Group believes that the amounts are considered recoverable.

The Group has policies for allowance of bad and doubtful debts which are based on the evaluation of collectability and age analysis of accounts and on the management's judgment including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer.

During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group made a reversal of allowance of HK\$1,289,000 (2016: an allowance of HK\$31,852,000) in respect of the trade receivables related to the gas pipeline construction business and LPG business, which was received during the year (2016: was past due at the reporting date with long age and slow repayments were received from respective customers since the due date. The directors of the Company considered the related receivables may be impaired and specific allowance is made).

Movement in the allowance for bad and doubtful debts:

賬面值1.794.627.000港元(二零一六年: 1.191.176.000港元) 之貿易應收賬款於報 告日期並無逾期或出現減值,而本集團 相信該等款項乃被視為可收回。

本集團之呆壞賬撥備政策乃根據追回款 項機率之評估及賬項之賬齡分析,並根 據管理層對包括每名客戶現時之信用能 力及收款往績之判斷。

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 內,本集團就與輸氣管道建設業務有關 之貿易應收賬款作出1,289,000港元之 撥回(二零一六年:31,852,000港元之撥 備),該等款項已於本年度收回(二零一 六年:於報告日期已逾期,其賬齡久遠 且有關客戶自欠款日期以來之還款速度 緩慢。本公司董事認為有關應收款項或 會減值,並作出特定撥備)。

呆壞賬撥備之變動:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at the beginning of the year Exchange differences (Credit) charge for the year	年初結餘 匯兑差額 年內(計入)扣除	394,188 (13,610) (1,289)	375,685 (13,349) 31,852
Balance at the end of the year	年終結餘	379,289	394,188

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

27. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED) 27. 貿易及其他應收賬項(續)

In determining the recoverability of the trade receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The trade receivables past due but not provided for impairment were either subsequently settled as at the date these consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance or no historical default of payments by the respective customers. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. Accordingly, the directors of the Company believe that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the allowance for bad and doubtful debts.

Included in the Group's trade receivables are debtors, with a carrying amount of HK\$233,110,000 (2016: HK\$229,571,000) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amount are still considered recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The average age of these trade receivable is 349 days (2016: 365 days) as at March 31, 2017.

Ageing of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired:

本集團之貿易應收賬款中包括賬面值 233,110,000港元之欠款(二零一六年: 229,571,000港元),該筆款項於報告日 期已逾期,但本集團基於信貸質素未有 重大變化且金額仍被視為可收回而尚未 提撥減值準備。本集團並無就該等結餘 持有任何抵押。於二零一七年三月三十 一日,該等貿易應收賬款之平均賬齡為 349日(二零一六年: 365日)。

已逾期但未列作減值之貿易應收賬款之 賬齡分析如下:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
180–365 days Over 365 days	180至365日 365日以上	168,785 64,325	148,515 81,056
		233,110	229,571

The non-trade balances of amounts due from non-controlling interests of subsidiaries are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

應收附屬公司非控股權益之非貿易結餘均為無抵押、免息且須按要求償還。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

28. HELD-FOR-TRADING INVESTMENTS

28. 持作買賣投資

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元

Equity securities at fair value listed in Hong Kong

按公平值計算之香港上市股本證券

27,402

11,364

Held-for-trading investments as at March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, represent equity securities listed in Hong Kong. The fair values of the investments are determined based on the quoted market bid prices available on the Stock Exchange. The fair value of held-for-trading investments was classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

於二零一七年三月三十一日及二零一六年三月三十一日的持作買賣投資指於香港上市之股本證券。該等投資之公平值基於聯交所所報之市場買價而釐定。持作買賣投資之公平值分類為公平值層級第一級。

29. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS/BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less and carry interest at market rates which range from 0.01% to 2.80% per annum (2016: 0.01% to 2.80% per annum).

Pledged bank deposits represent deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group. Deposits amounting to HK\$517,676,000 (2016: HK\$275,554,000) have been pledged to secure short-term bank loans and undrawn short-term facilities and are therefore classified as current assets. The pledged bank deposits carry fixed interest rates of 1.55% to 4.79% (2016: 1.55% to 2.80%) per annum.

The details of the Group's pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash which are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities are set out below:

29. 已抵押銀行存款/銀行結存及現金

銀行結存及現金包括本集團持有之現金 及原本於三個月或以內到期之短期銀行 存款,按每年0.01厘至2.80厘(二零一六 年:每年0.01厘至2.80厘)之市場利率計 息。

已抵押銀行存款指為取得授予本集團之銀行融資而抵押予銀行之存款。517,676,000港元(二零一六年:275,554,000港元)之存款已作抵押以取得短期銀行貸款及未提取之短期融資,因此分類為流動資產。已抵押銀行存款按每年1.55厘至4.79厘(二零一六年:每年1.55厘至2.80厘)之固定利率計息。

本集團以各相關集團企業之功能貨幣以外之貨幣計值之已抵押銀行存款以及銀行結存及現金之詳情載列如下:

USD	HK\$
美元	港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
equivalent	
相等於	

At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	164,183	75,857
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	576,566	101,695

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

30. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables comprise amounts outstanding for trade purchases and ongoing costs. The following is an aged analysis of trade and other payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

30. 貿易及其他應付賬項

貿易及其他應付賬項包括貿易買賣及持續成本之未結清數額。於報告期末,按 發票日期呈列之貿易及其他應付賬項之 賬齡分析如下:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0–90 days 91–180 days Over 180 days	0至90日 91至180日 180日以上	3,078,423 558,837 1,368,979	2,885,375 427,899 1,605,916
Trade and bill payables Other payables and accrued charges Consideration payable Construction fee payables Other tax payables Accrued staff costs Loan interest payables Advance payments from customers Advances received from customers for contract work that have not yet been	貿易應付賬款及應付票據 其他應付賬項及應計費用 應付工程費用 應付工程費用 應付其他稅本 應付員工利息 來自會內方預付款項 已向尚未展開之合約 工程客戶收取之墊款	5,006,239 569,243 550,964 586,801 84,143 76,234 109,098 2,013,342	4,919,190 553,768 — 514,591 72,087 105,797 134,332 1,469,674
started Amounts due to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	應付附屬公司非控股權益款項	377,169 276,572	548,345 231,673
		9,649,805	8,549,457

All of the balances were aged within 90 days based on invoice date and the average credit period is 90 days.

The non-trade balances of amounts due to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

應付附屬公司非控股權益之非貿易結餘 為無抵押、免息及須於要求時償還。

按發票日為基準,所有結餘賬齡為90天

且平均信貸期為90天。

31. AMOUNT DUE TO A NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST OF A SUBSIDIARY

The amount was unsecured, bearing fixed-rate interest at 2% per annum, repayable on demand and denominated in Japanese Yen ("JPY").

31. 應付附屬公司非控股權益款項

該款項為無抵押、按年利率2厘計息、於要求時償還及以日圓計值。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

32. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

32. 銀行及其他借貸

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$ '000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank and other borrowings comprise the following:	銀行及其他借貸包括以下各項:		
Bank borrowings Other borrowings	銀行借貸 其他借款	17,498,605 6,119,830	15,601,734 6,732,448
		23,618,435	22,334,182
Secured Unsecured	有抵押 無抵押	2,733,449 20,884,986	3,900,794 18,433,388
		23,618,435	22,334,182

As at March 31, 2017, included in other borrowings are two corporate bonds of HK\$1,170,848,000 (approximately RMB1 billion) and HK\$2,270,030,000 (approximately RMB2 billion) respectively (2016: HK\$1,166,922,000 (approximately RMB1 billion)). The first batch of corporate bonds of RMB1 billion were issued with a term of 3 years with coupon and effective interest rate of 4.2% per annum issued through private placement on January 13, 2016. Another batch of corporate bonds of RMB2 billion were issued with a term of 5 years with a fixed coupon rate of 3.05% per annum issued to qualified investors through public issuance in the PRC on October 27, 2016. The two batches of corporate bonds are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange commencing February 19, 2016 and November 8, 2016 respectively. Remaining balances are unlisted corporate bonds issued in the PRC and other borrowings from independent third parties.

於二零一七年三月三十一日,計入其他 借貸當中兩家分別為1,170,848,000港 元(約人民幣10億元)及2,270,030,000 港元(約人民幣20億元)(二零一六: 1,166,922,000港元(約人民幣10億元)公 司債券。第一批人民幣10億元公司債券 有效期為三年並於二零一六年一月十三 日透過私募配售發行,息票利率及實際 利率為每年4.2%。另一批人民幣20億元 公司債券有效期為五年,其固定息票利 率為每年3.05%,於二零一六年十月二 十七日透過公開發行方式發行予中國合 資格投資者。該公司債券分別自二零一 六年二月十九日及二零一六年十一月八 日起於卜海證券交易所卜市。餘下結餘 為於中國發行的非上市公司債券及其他 來自獨立第三方的借貸。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

32. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

32. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

As at March 31

於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
The maturity profile of the above borrowings is as follows:	上述借款之到期情況如下:		
	於一年內 多於一年但不超過兩年	10,873,256	10,324,484
two years More than two years, but not exceeding	多於兩年但不超過五年	4,739,895	2,093,984
five years	多於五年	4,486,561 3,518,723	8,188,859 1,726,855
Less: Amount due within one year shown	減:一年內到期列入流動	23,618,435	22,334,182
under current liabilities	負債之款項	10,873,256	10,324,484
Amount due after one year	一年後到期之款項	12,745,179	12,009,698
Borrowings comprise:	借貸包括:		
_	定息借貸 浮息借貸 一倫敦同業拆借利率 另加0.80厘至2.12厘 (二零一六年:1.75厘至	7,738,621	4,005,862
Base rate of People's Bank of China	2.35厘) - 中國人民銀行基準利率	6,255,927 9,623,887	5,310,290 13,018,030
— Dase rate of Feople's Darik of Criffa	T 图 八 仄 敢 1 】 基 牛 利 半		
		23,618,435	22,334,182

During the year ended March 31, 2016, amount of HK\$11,522,131,000, which was denominated in USD was early repaid.

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,以美元計值的款項11,522,131,000港元獲提早償還。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

32. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

32. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

The range of effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

本集團借貸之實際利率的範圍(亦相當 於訂約利率)如下:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日 2017 2016 二零一七年 二零一六年 Effective interest rate per annum: 實際年利率: Fixed-rate borrowings 定息借貸 2.02%-4.59% 2.00%-6.55% Floating-rate borrowings 浮息借貸 1.44%-8.13% 3.29%-9.00%

The details of the Group's borrowings which are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities are set out below:

本集團除各相關集團實體之功能貨幣以 外之貨幣計值之借貸詳情載列如下:

		USD	HKD	JPY	EURO
		美元	港元	日圓	歐元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		equivalent	equivalent	equivalent	equivalent
		等值	等值	等值	等值
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年				
	三月三十一日	815,550	881,651	544,511	18,175
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年				
	三月三十一日	1,014,068	_	553,590	22,515

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

33. SHARE CAPITAL

33. 股本

		Convertible				
		Ordinary s	hares	preference	shares	Total
		普通股	ζ	可換股優	先股	總計
		No. of shares		No. of shares		
		'000 at		'000 at		
		HK\$0.01 each	HK\$'000	HK\$1.00 each	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		每股		每股		
		面值0.01港元		面值0.01港元		
		的千股股數	千港元	的千股股數	千港元	千港元
Authorised	注 中	0.000.000	00 000	124.902	104.000	014.000
Authonsed	法定	9,000,000	90,000	124,902	124,902	214,902
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:					
At April 1, 2015	於二零一五年					
	四月一日	5,001,838	50,019	_	_	50,019
Repurchase of shares (Note)	回購股份(附註)	(91,454)	(915)	_	_	(915)
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年					
,	三月三十一日	4,910,384	49,104	_	_	49,104
Issuance of shares	發行股份					
(Note 38(A)(v))	(附註38(A)(v))	110,823	1,108	_	_	1,108
Repurchase of shares (Note)	, ,, ,	(52,688)	(527)	_	_	(527)
, , ,		, ,	,			, ,
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年					
ALIVIAIUITOT, 2017	三月三十一日	4 068 510	49,685			10 685
	ニカニT一口	4,968,519	49,000	_	_	49,685

The new shares issued rank pari passu with the existing shares in all respects.

已發行新股於各方面與現有股份享有相同權益。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

33. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

33. 股本(續)

Note: During the year ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company repurchased its own shares through the Stock Exchange as follows:

附註:截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三 十一日止年度,本公司透過聯交所回購 其自身之股份如下:

		No. of ordinary shares	Price per share 每股價格		Aggregated repurchased	
Month of repurchase	回購月份	of HK\$0.01 每股0.01港元	highest	lowest	costs	
		之普通股數目	•	最低	總購回成本 HK\$'000 千港元	
For the year ended	截至二零一七年					
March 31, 2017 November 2016	三月三十一日止年度 二零一六年十一月	0.004.000	10.28	10.12	00.410	
December 2016		3,264,000 47,192,000	10.28	9.97	33,416 481,433	
January 2017	二零一七年一月	2,232,000	11.38	10.52	23,746	
For the year ended	截至二零一六年					
31 March 2016	三月三十一日止年度					
July 2015	二零一五年七月 二零一五年八月	27,934,000	12.00 11.88	10.74 10.36	313,741	
August 2015 September 2015	二令一五千八月 二零一五年九月	7,438,000 1,628,000	10.64	10.36	81,644 17,109	
October 2015	二零一五年十月	174,000	10.98	10.44	1,875	
December 2015	二零一五年十二月	6,722,000	10.42	10.06	69,056	
January 2016	二零一六年一月	38,984,000	10.22	9.15	383,631	
February 2016	二零一六年二月	8,574,000	9.47	9.11	80,213	

34. RESERVES

34. 儲備

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Translation reserve 換算儲備 At the beginning of the reporting period 於報告期初 Exchange differences arising on translation 因換算而產生之匯兑差額	(26,225) (1,078,487)	792,119 (818,344)
At the end of the reporting period 於報告期末	(1,104,712)	(26,225)
Investment revaluation reserve At the beginning of the reporting period Decrease in fair value on available-for-sale investments Reclassification adjustment for the cumulative loss included in profit or loss upon disposal of available-for-sale investments By 重估储備 於報告期初 可供出售之投資公平值減少 於出售可供出售之投資時 計入損益之累計虧損之 重新分類調整	30,776 (21,794) —	36,355 (11,042) 5,463
At the end of the reporting period 於報告期末	8,982	30,776

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

35. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

35. 衍生金融工具

入美元。

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元

2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元

4.500

Financial liabilities

財務負債

Cross currency interest rate swap contract 交叉貨幣利率掉期合約

In order to manage the Group's foreign currency exposure and interest rate exposure in relation to the Group's borrowings which

are denominated in USD, the Group entered into a cross currency

interest rate swap contract to buy US\$ for RMB.

為管理本集團有關以美元計值之本集團 借貸的外幣風險及利率風險,本集團訂 立交叉貨幣利率掉期合約,以人民幣購

936

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has an outstanding cross currency interest rate swap contract with an aggregate notional amount of US\$28 million (2016: US\$35 million) that require the Group to buy US\$ for RMB at exchange rate of RMB6.534 (2016: RMB6.534) for US\$1 and the floating interest rate is 6 month LIBOR + 0.175% per annum to fixed rate of 5.52% per annum with maturity periods to be matched with the maturity periods of the relevant borrowings.

The cross currency interest rate swap is measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period which is determined by reference to the prices as quoted by the counterparty financial institution.

於報告期末,本集團之未到期交叉貨幣 利率掉期合約的總名義金額為2,800萬美 元(二零一六年:3,500萬美元),規定本 集團按1美元兑人民幣6.534元(二零一 六年:人民幣6.534元)之匯率以人民幣 購入美元,而浮動年利率為6個月倫敦 銀行同業拆息率加0.175厘至固定年利率 5.52厘,期限與相關借貸的期限相配。

交叉貨幣利率掉期於報告期末按經參考 對手方金融機構所報價格而釐定的公平 值計量。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

36. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following is the deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting years.

36. 遞延税項

以下為於本申報年度及前申報年度之 已確認遞延税項負債(資產)以及相關變 動。

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速 現頂折舊 HK\$'000 干港元	Revaluation on investment properties 投資物業重估 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value adjustment on property, plant and equipment and prepaids 物業、廠房及 設備以及預項之 公平值調整 HK\$*000 千港元	Tax losses 税項虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Intangible assets 無 形資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Impairment on trade receivables and amounts due from customers for contract work	Impairment on property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及 設備旗 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At April 1, 2015	於二零一五年								
	四月一日	471	28,199	140,365	(14,762)	580,513	(124,489)	_	610,297
Exchange adjustments Charge (credit) to profit or loss for the year	匯兑調整 年內於損益中扣除 (抵免)(附註10)	_	_	156	_	(2,028)	(2,185)	-	(4,057)
(note 10)		_	817	(4,663)	231	(17,751)	(8,328)	(31,104)	(60,798)
Acquisition of businesses	收購業務	_	_	_	_	44,645		_	44,645
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年								
	三月三十一日	471	29,016	135,858	(14,531)	605,379	(135,002)	(31,104)	590,087
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	_	-	130	_	(1,638)	1,933	1,562	1,987
Charge (credit) to profit or loss for the year	年內於損益中扣除 (抵免)(附註10))								
(note 10)		_	6,289	(5,341)	(6,637)	(18,282)	307	1,687	(21,977)
Acquisition of businesses	收購業務	-	-	2,599		1,354		_	3,953
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日	471	35,305	133,246	(21,168)	586,813	(132,762)	(27,855)	574,050

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

36. DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

36. 遞延税項(續)

就呈列綜合財務狀況表而言,若干遞延 税項資產及負債已予抵銷。以下為就財 務報告而言之遞延税項結餘分析:

As at March 31 於三日三十一日

		ルーパー	I H
		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	160,617	166,106
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(734,667)	(756,193)
		(574,050)	(590,087)

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profit earned by PRC subsidiaries from January 1, 2008 onward. No deferred taxation has been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC entities amounting to HK\$16,239,199,000 (2016: HK\$11,868,356,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

All joint ventures and associates established in the PRC are held directly by certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC which are therefore not subject to the above-mentioned withholding tax.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has estimated unused tax losses of HK\$5,526,864,000 (2016: HK\$4,932,062,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of HK\$128,288,000 (2016: HK\$88,062,000) of the tax losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised for the remaining estimated tax losses of HK\$5,398,576,000 (2016: HK\$4,844,000,000) due to the uncertainty of future profits streams. Included in unrecognised estimated tax losses are losses of HK\$3,361,606,000 (2016: HK\$3,001,303,000) that will expire in 5 years from the year of origination which is ranged from 2017 to 2021 (2016: 2016 to 2020). Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

根據中國企業所得稅法,由二零零八年一月一日起,就中國附屬公司所賺取之溢利而宣派之股息須徵收預扣稅。綜合財務報表並無就中國企業累計溢利16,239,199,000港元(二零一六年:11,868,356,000港元)之暫時差額作出遞延稅項撥備,原因是本集團能控制撥回暫時差額之時間,且暫時差額很可能不會於可見將來撥回。

所有於中國成立的合資公司及聯營公司 均由本集團在中國成立之若干全資附屬 公司直接持有,因此毋須繳納上述預扣 税。

於報告期末,本集團可用以抵銷未來溢利之估計未動用税項虧損為5,526,864,000港元(二零一六年:4,932,062,000港元)。已就128,288,000港元(二零一六年:88,062,000港元)之税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。由於項虧損充3398,576,000港元(二零一六年;4,844,000,000港元)並無確認遞延稅項虧損与3,398,576,000港元(二零一六年;二零一七年至二零二一年(二零一六年:二零一六年至二零二年期間)起申之后,其一次年:3,001,303,000港元)虧損可無限期結轉。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

37. ACQUISITION OF ADDITIONAL INTEREST IN **SUBSIDIARIES**

(A) Acquisition of additional interest in subsidiaries in 2017

The Group entered into sale and purchase agreements with the respective holders of the remaining equity interests holders of certain subsidiaries in the PRC for a total consideration of RMB133,386,000 (approximately HK\$151,575,000). The difference between the consideration paid and the carrying amount of the additional interest acquired by the Group of HK\$127,400,000 was credited to equity as capital reserve during the year ended March 31, 2017.

(B) Acquisition of additional interest in subsidiaries in 2016

The Group entered into sale and purchase agreements with the respective holders of the remaining equity interests holders of certain subsidiaries in the PRC for a total consideration of RMB132,091,000 (approximately HK\$158,193,000). The difference between the consideration paid and the carrying amount of the additional interest acquired by the Group of HK\$103,591,000 was credited to equity as capital reserve during the year ended March 31, 2016.

37. 收購附屬公司額外權益

(A) 於二零一七年收購附屬公 司額外權益

本集團與若干中國附屬公司之 餘下股本權益各自之持有人按 總代價人民幣133,386,000元(約 151,575,00港元)訂立買賣協議。已 支付代價與本集團所收購額外權 益賬面值之差額127,400,000港元 於截至二零一七年三月三十一日 止年度以資本儲備計入權益中。

(B) 於二零一六年收購附屬公 司額外權益

本集團與若干中國附屬公司之 餘下股本權益各自之持有人按 總代價人民幣132,091,000元(約 158,193,000港元)訂立買賣協議。 已支付代價與本集團所收購額外 權益賬面值之差額103,591,000港 元於截至二零一六年三月三十一 日止年度以資本儲備計入權益中。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017

(i) On August 23, 2016, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 89.55% equity interest of 濟南中燃 at a consideration of RMB194,136,000 (approximately HK\$223,145,000). The acquisition was completed on January 1, 2017, on that date the control in 濟南中燃 was passed to the Group. 濟南中燃 is principally engaged in natural gas and gas pipeline construction business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Cash 現金 223,145



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(i) (Continued)

Provisional fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

ï) (續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債暫時釐 定之公平值:

HK\$'000

千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	42,222
Inventories	存貨	15,908
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	19,819
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	30,587
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(23,564)
		84,972
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(8,880)
Goodwill	商譽	147,053
		223,145

The initial accounting for the above acquisition has been determined provisionally, awaiting the receipt of professional valuation in relation to the property, plant and equipment.

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$19,819,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

上述收購事項之初步會計處理乃暫時釐定,仍須待取得有關物業、廠房及設備之專業估值後確定。

於收購日,所收購之貿易及其 他應收賬項公平值及合約總額為19,819,000港元。於收購 日對預期無法收回合約現金 流之最佳估計為零。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED) 38

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(i) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

ii) (續) 因收購而產生之商譽

> HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration transferred Less: Fair value of identifiable net assets	已轉讓代價 減:所收購可識別淨資產之	223,145
acquired, net of non-controlling interests	公平值,扣除非控股權益	(76,092)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	147,053

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 濟南中燃 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Non-controlling interests

The non-controlling interests in 濟南中燃 recognised at the date of the acquisition was measured by reference to the respective proportionate shares of recognised amounts of net assets of relevant subsidiary and amounted to HK\$8,880,000.

因收購濟南中燃而產生之商 譽乃基於其天然氣銷售業務 及燃氣管道建設業務之預期 盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。

非控股權益

於收購日確認之濟南中燃非 控股權益經參考相關附屬公 司資產淨值的各相關已確認 金額比例計量為8,880,000港 元。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務收購(續)

- (A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)
 - (i) (Continued)

 Net cash outflow arising on acquisition
- (A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)
 - i) (續) 因收購而產生之現金流出 淨額

HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	30,587
Cash consideration	現金代價	(223,145)
		(192,558)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2017 was HK\$5,426,000 attributable to the acquisition of 濟南中燃. Revenue of 濟南中燃 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2017 amounted to HK\$48,370,000.

(ii) On March 31, 2016, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 遼陽中燃天然氣輸配有限公司 ("遼陽輸配") at a consideration of RMB11,774,000 (approximately HK\$13,533,000). The acquisition was completed on July 1, 2016, on that date the control in 遼陽輸配 was passed to the Group. 遼陽輸配 is principally engaged in natural gas and gas pipeline construction business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一七年三月三十一 日止年度之溢利包括歸屬於 收購濟南中燃之5,426,000 港元。計入本集團截至二零 一七年三月三十一日止年 度收益的濟南中燃收益為 48,370,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(ii) (Continued)

Consideration transferred

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

i) (續)

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

 Cash
 現金

 13,533

Provisional fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債暫時釐 定之公平值:

> HK\$'000 千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	67,441
Inventories	存貨	1,219
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	11,589
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	5,432
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(75,242)
		10,439
Goodwill	商譽	3,094
		13,533
		10,000

The initial accounting for the above acquisition has been determined provisionally, awaiting the receipt of professional valuation in relation to the property, plant and equipment.

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$11,589,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

上述收購事項之初步會計處 理乃暫時釐定,仍須待取得 有關物業、廠房及設備之專 業估值後確定。

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項公平值及合約 總額為11,589,000港元。於收 購日對預期無法收回合約現 金流之最佳估計為零。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED) 38. 業務收購(續)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(ii) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(ii) (續)

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000

千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	13,533
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減:所收購可識別淨資產之	
assets acquired	公平值	(10,439)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	3,094

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 遼陽輸配 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Net cash outflow arising on acquisition

因收購遼陽輸配而產生之商 譽乃基於其天然氣銷售業務 及燃氣管道建設業務之預期 盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減稅項。

因收購而產生之現金流出 淨額

HK\$'000

千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired Cash consideration Deposit paid	所收購之銀行結存及現金 現金代價 已付按金	5,432 (13,533) 4,598
		(3,503)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2017 was HK\$29,995,000 attributable to the acquisition of 遼陽輸配. Revenue of 遼陽輸配 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2017 amounted to HK\$98,042,000.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一七年三月三十一 日止年度之業績包括歸屬於 收購遼陽輸配之29,995,000 港元。計入本集團截至二零 一七年三月三十一日止年 度收益的遼陽輸配收益為 98,042,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(iii) In April 2015 and June 2016, subsidiaries of the Group entered into acquisition agreements with an independent third party and a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of SK E&S Co. Ltd., a substantial shareholder of the Company, pursuant to which the Group acquired an aggregate of 100% equity interest of 賽洛燃氣集團 at a total consideration of RMB495,000,000 (approximately HK\$585,515,000). Control in 賽洛燃氣集團 was acquired by the Group on September 30, 2016. 賽洛燃氣集團 is principally engaged in investment, construction and operation of natural gas related business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

於二零一五年四月及二零一 六年六月,本集團若干附屬 公司與獨立第三方及SK E&S Co. Ltd. 之非全資附屬公司 (SK E&S Co. Ltd. 為本公司主 要股東)訂立收購協議,據 此,本集團收購賽洛燃氣集 團之合共100%股本權益, 總代價為人民幣495,000,000 元(約585,515,000港元)。本 集團於二零一六年九月三十 日取得賽洛燃氣集團之控制 權。賽洛燃氣集團主要從事 投資、建設與營運天然氣相 關業務。本公司董事認為收 購事項將為本集團現有業務 帶來更多協同效應。

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Cash 現金 585,515



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(iii) (Continued)

Provisional fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

(iii) (續)

屬公司收購業務(續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債暫時釐 定之公平值:

> HK\$'000 千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	643,118
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	8,811
Deposit for acquisition of property, plant and	收購物業、廠房及設備按金	
equipment		13,929
Investments in associates	於聯營公司投資	2,247
Inventories	存貨	23,972
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	91,035
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	149,331
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(463,189)
Taxation	税項	(5,812)
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	(241,294)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	賽洛燃氣集團附屬公司之非控股	
of 賽洛燃氣集團	權益	(60,153)
		161,995
Goodwill	商譽	423,520
		585,515
		000,010

The initial accounting for the above acquisition has been determined provisionally, awaiting the receipt of professional revaluation in relation to the property, plant and equipment.

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$91,035,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

上述收購事項之初步會計處 理乃暫時釐定,仍須待取得 有關物業、廠房及設備之專 業估值後確定。

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項公平值及合約 總額為91,035,000港元。於收 購日對預期無法收回合約現 金流之最佳估計為零。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED) 38.

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(iii) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(iii) (續)

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000

千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	585,515
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減:所收購可識別淨資產	
assets acquired	之公平值	(161,995)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	423,520

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 賽洛燃氣集團 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Net cash outflow arising on acquisition

因收購賽洛燃氣集團而產生 之商譽乃基於其天然氣銷售 業務及燃氣管道建設業務之 預期盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。

因收購而產生之現金流出 淨額

> HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	149,331
Cash consideration	現金代價	(585,515)
Deposit paid	已付按金	9,485
		(426 699)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2017 was HK\$108,579,000 attributable to the acquisition of 賽洛燃氣集團. Revenue of 賽洛燃氣集團 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2017 amounted to HK\$612,827,000.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之溢利包括歸屬於收購賽洛燃氣集團之108,579,000港元。計入本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度收益的賽洛燃氣集團收益為612,827,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(iv) On June 23, 2016, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with Beijing Gas Group Limited which is a subsidiary of Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited ("Beijing Enterprise"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, pursuant to which the Group acquired 51% equity interest of 北燃錦州 at a consideration of RMB234,558,000 (approximately HK\$266,543,000). Control in 北燃錦州 was acquired by the Group on December 31, 2016. 北燃錦州 is principally engaged in the distribution of city gas and natural gas for vehicle use and the construction of long-distance natural gas pipelines. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

於二零一六年六月二十三 日,本集團附屬公司與本 公司主要股東北京控股有 限公司(「北京控股」)之附 屬公司北京燃氣集團有 限公司訂立收購協議,據 此,本集團收購北燃錦州 之51%股本權益,代價為 人 民 幣 234,558,000 元(約 266,543,000港元)。本集團於 二零一六年十二月三十一日 取得北燃錦州之控制權。北 燃錦州主要從事城市燃氣及 車用天然氣銷售及長距離天 然氣管道的建設。本公司董 事認為收購事項將為本集團 現有業務帶來更多協同效應。

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration payable 應付代價 266,543

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(iv) (Continued)

Provisional fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(iv) (續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債暫時釐 定之公平值:

> HK\$'000 千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	241,315
Intangible assets	無形資產	76,723
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售之投資	110,485
Inventories	存貨	134,689
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	56,991
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	33,713
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(363,752)
		290,164
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(142,180)
Goodwill	商譽	118,559
		266,543

The initial accounting for the above acquisition has been determined provisionally, awaiting the receipt of professional valuation in relation to the property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$56,991,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

上述收購事項之初步會計處 理乃暫時釐定,仍須待取得 有關物業、廠房及設備及無 形資產之專業估值後確定。

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為56,991,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約 現金流之最佳估計為零。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(iv) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

38. 業務收購(續)

(iv) (續) 因收購而產生之商譽

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附

屬公司收購業務(續)

HK\$'000

千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	266,543
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減:所收購可識別淨資產 之公平值,扣除非控股	
assets acquired, net of non-controlling interests	之公十恒,扣除非控放 權益	(147,984)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	118,559

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 北燃錦州 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its distribution of city gas and natural gas and the construction of long-distance natural gas pipelines business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Non-controlling interests

The non-controlling interests in 北燃錦州 recognised at the date of the acquisition was measured by reference to the respective proportionate shares of recognised amounts of net assets of relevant subsidiary and amounted to HK\$142,180,000.

Net cash inflow arising on acquisition

因收購北燃錦州而產生之商 譽乃基於其城市燃氣及天然 氣配送及長距離天然氣管道 建設業務之預期盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。

非控股權益

於收購日確認之北燃錦州非控股權益經參考相關附屬公司資產淨值的各相關已確認金額比例計量為142,180,000港元。

因收購而產生之現金流入 淨額

HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired

所收購之銀行結存及現金

33,713

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2017 was HK\$21,563,000 attributable to the acquisition of 北燃錦州. Revenue of 北燃錦州 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2017 amounted to HK\$116,836,000.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之溢利包括歸屬於收購北燃錦州之21,563,000港元。計入本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度收益的北燃錦州收益為116,836,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(v) On June 28, 2016, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with Beijing Gas Group (BVI) Co., Ltd, which is a subsidiary of Beijing Enterprises, a substantial shareholder of the Company. The Group acquired 100% equity interest of Beijing Gas at a consideration of HK\$1,270,031,000 by the issuance of 110,823,011 shares of the Company at the closing price of HK\$11.46 per share at the completion date. Control in Beijing Gas was acquired by the Group on March 31, 2017. Beijing Gas is principally engaged in the distribution of city gas, natural gas for vehicle use and construction of long-distance natural gas pipelines in the PRC. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

於二零一六年六月二十八 日,本集團附屬公司與本公 司之主要股東北京控股之附 屬公司北京燃氣集團(BVI)有 限公司訂立收購協議。本集 團收購北燃發展之100%股本 權益,代價為1,270,031,000 港元,本公司於完成日以每 股收盤價為11.46港元發行 本公司110,823,011股股份。 本集團於二零一七年三月三 十一日取得北燃發展之控制 權。北燃發展主要於中國從 事車用城市燃氣及天然氣配 送及長距離天然氣管道建設 業務。本公司董事認為收購 事項將為本集團現有業務帶 來更多協同效應。

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Share issued at fair value 以公平值發行之股份 1,270,031



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(v) (Continued)

Provisional fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(v) (續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債暫時釐 定之公平值:

> HK\$'000 千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	729,678
Deposit for acquisition of property,	收購物業、廠房及設備按金	
plant and equipment		2,557
Intangible assets	無形資產	28,315
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資	473,608
Inventories	存貨	49,570
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	147,766
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	222,435
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(325,153)
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	(336,818)
Taxation	税項	(502)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(3,953)
Non-controlling interest of the subsidiaries of	北燃發展附屬公司之非控股權益	
Beijing Gas		(27,699)
		959,804
Goodwill	商譽	310,227
		1,270,031

The initial accounting for the above acquisition has been determined provisionally, awaiting the receipt of professional valuation in relation to the property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. 上述收購事項之初步會計處 理乃暫時釐定,仍須待取得 有關物業、廠房及設備及無 形資產之專業估值後確定。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(v) (Continued)

Consideration transferred (Continued)

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$147,766,000 at the date of acquisition.

The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

In addition to the 51% equity interests in 北燃錦州 acquired as mentioned in note 38(A)(iv), the Group further acquired 48% equity interests in 北燃錦州 through the above acquisition at a consideration equivalent to the carrying amount of the additional interest acquired.

Goodwill arising on acquisition

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(v) (續)

已轉讓代價(續)

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為147,766,000港元。

於收購日對預期無法收回合約現金流之最佳估計為零。

除以上附註38(A)(iv)提及收購北燃錦州之51%股權外,本集團透過上述收購以代價相當於收購額外權益之賬面價值進一步收購北燃錦州之48%股權。

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	1,270,031
Less: Fair value of identifiable net assets acquired	減:所收購可識別淨資產之 公平值	(959,804)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	310,227

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of Beijing Gas was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its distribution of city gas, natural gas and construction of long-distance natural gas pipelines business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

因收購北燃發展而產生之商 譽乃基於其城市燃氣、天然 氣配送及長距離天然氣管道 建設業務之預期盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務收購(續)

(A) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2017 (Continued)

(v) (Continued)

Net cash inflow arising on acquisition

(A) 於二零一七年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

v) (續) 因收購而產生之現金流入 淨額

> HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired

所收購之銀行結存及現金

222,435

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group No profit and revenue for the year ended March 31, 2017 was attributable to the acquisition of Beijing Gas. **收購對本集團業績之影響** 截至二零一七年三年月三十 一日止年度,並無歸屬於收

購北燃發展之溢利及收益。

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016

(i) On January 10, 2015, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 51% equity interest of 濰坊中凱清潔能源技術有限公司 ("濰坊中凱") at a consideration of RMB33,880,000 (approximately HK\$41,571,000). The acquisition was completed on June 1, 2015, on that date the control in 濰坊中凱 was passed to the Group. 濰坊中凱 is principally engaged in natural gas and gas pipeline construction business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務

Consideration transferred

已轉讓代價

1K\$ 000 千港元

Cash 現金 41,571

HK\$'000

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(i) (Continued)

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(i) (續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

HK\$'000

千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	25,397
Intangible assets	無形資產	54,004
Inventories	存貨	1,229
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	3,926
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	20,519
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(24,929)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(13,501)
		66,645
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(32,656)
Goodwill	商譽	7,582
- Goodwiii	II) C	1,002
		41,571

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$3,926,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為3,926,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約 現金流之最佳估計為零。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(i) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

i) (續) 因收購而產生之商譽

> HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	41,571
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減:所收購可識別淨資產之	
assets acquired, net of	公平值,扣除非控股權益	
non-controlling interests		(33,989)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	7,582

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 濰坊中凱 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Non-controlling interests

The non-controlling interests in 濰坊中凱 recognised at the date of the acquisition was measured by reference to the respective proportionate shares of recognised amounts of net assets of relevant subsidiary and amounted to HK\$32,656,000.

因收購濰坊中凱而產生之商 譽乃基於其天然氣銷售業務 及燃氣管道建設業務之預期 盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減稅項。

非控股權益

於收購日確認之濰坊中凱非 控股權益經參考相關附屬公 司資產淨值的各相關已確認 金額比例計量為32,656,000 港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(i) (Continued)

Net cash inflow arising on acquisition

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

) (續)

因收購而產生之現金流入 淨額

> HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	20,519
Cash consideration	現金代價	(41,571)
Deposit paid	已付按金	36,172
		15,120

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2016 was HK\$4,130,000 attributable to the acquisition of 濰坊中凱. Revenue of 濰坊中凱 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2016 amounted to HK\$38,721,000.

(ii) On April 15, 2015, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 80% equity interest of 聊城厚德燃氣有限公司 ("聊城厚德") at a consideration of RMB86,666,700 (approximately HK\$106,340,000). The acquisition was completed on August 31, 2015, on that date the control in 聊城厚德 was passed to the Group. 聊城厚德 is principally engaged in natural gas and gas pipeline construction business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之溢利包括歸屬於收購濰坊中凱之4,130,000港元。計入本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度收益的濰坊中凱收益為38,721,000港元。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務收購(續)

- (B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)
 - (ii) (Continued)

 Consideration transferred

- (B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)
 - (ii) (續) 已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Cash	現金	95,706
Consideration payable	應付代價	10,634
Total	總計	106,340

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group: 本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

> HK\$'000 千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	35,406
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	6,374
Intangible assets	無形資產	90,331
Inventories	存貨	1.078
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	2,382
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	5,277
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(15,612)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(22,583)
		102,653
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(20,531)
Goodwill	商譽	24,218
		106,340

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$2,382,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為2,382,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約 現金流之最佳估計為零。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED) 38. ₿

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(ii) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

ii) (續)

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000

千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	106,340
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減:所收購可識別淨資產	
assets acquired, net of	之公平值,扣除	
non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(82,122)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	24,218

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 聊城厚德 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Non-controlling interests

The non-controlling interests in 聊城厚德 recognised at the date of the acquisition was measured by reference to the respective proportionate shares of recognised amounts of net assets of relevant subsidiary and amounted to HK\$20,531,000.

Net cash outflow arising on acquisition

因收購聊城厚德而產生之商 譽乃基於其天然氣銷售業務 及燃氣管道建設業務之預期 盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。

非控股權益

於收購日確認之聊城厚德非控股權益經參考相關附屬公司資產淨值的各相關已確認金額比例計量為20,531,000港元。

因收購而產生之現金流出 淨額

> HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	5,277
Cash consideration	現金代價	(95,706)
Deposit paid	已付按金	31,902
		(58,527)



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(ii) (Continued)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the Group's result for the year ended March 31, 2016 was a loss of HK\$1,627,000 attributable to the acquisition of 聊城厚德. Revenue of 聊城厚德 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2016 amounted to HK\$565,000.

(iii) On April 3, 2015, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 河池明陽燃氣有限公司 ("河池中燃") at a consideration of RMB50,000,000 (approximately HK\$61,350,000). The acquisition was completed on August 31, 2015, on that date the control in 河池中燃 was passed to the Group. 河池中燃 is principally engaged in natural gas and gas pipeline construction business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

ii) (續)

收購對本集團業績之影響

本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之溢利包括歸屬於收購聊城厚德之1,627,000港元虧損。計入本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度收益的聊城厚德收益為565,000港元。

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Cash 現金 61,350

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(iii) (Continued)

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(iii) (續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

HK\$'000

千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	5,693
Intangible assets	無形資產	34,242
Inventories	存貨	493
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	21,959
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	85
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(2,758)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(8,561)
		51,153
Goodwill	商譽	10,197
		61,350

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$21,959,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為21,959,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約 現金流之最佳估計為零。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(iii) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(iii) (續) 因收購而產生之商譽

> HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	61,350
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減:所收購可識別淨資產	
assets acquired	之公平值	(51,153)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	10,197

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 河池中燃 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Net cash outflow arising on acquisition

因收購河池中燃而產生之商 譽乃基於其天然氣銷售業務 及燃氣管道建設業務之預期 盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。

因收購而產生之現金流出 淨額

HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	85
Cash consideration	現金代價	(61,350)
		(61,265)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2016 was HK\$386,000 attributable to the acquisition of 河池中燃. Revenue of 河池中燃 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2016 amounted to HK\$5,449,000.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之溢利包括歸屬於收購河池中燃之386,000港元。計入本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度收益的河池中燃收益為5,449,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(iv) On April 26, 2015, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 勃利縣泰和管道燃氣有限公司 ("勃利縣泰和") at a consideration of RMB30,376,000 (approximately HK\$36,378,000). The acquisition was completed on January 1, 2016, on that date the control in 勃利縣泰和 was passed to the Group. 勃利縣泰和 is principally engaged in natural gas and gas pipeline construction business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Cash	現金	7,004
Consideration payable	應付代價	29,374
Total	總計	36,378



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(Continued)

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附 屬公司收購業務(續)

(續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

HK\$'000

千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	38,302
Inventories	存貨	215
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	393
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	233
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(8,325)
		30,818
Goodwill	商譽	5,560
		36,378

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$393,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為393,000港元。於收 購日對預期無法收回合約現 金流之最佳估計為零。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED) 3

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(iv) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(iv) (續) 因收購而產生之商譽

> HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	36,378
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減:所收購可識別淨資產	
assets acquired	之公平值	(30,818)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	5,560

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 勃利縣泰和 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Net cash outflow arising on acquisition

因收購勃利縣泰和而產生之 商譽乃基於其天然氣銷售業 務及燃氣管道建設業務之預 期盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。

因 收 購 而 產 生 之 現 金 流 出 淨 額

> HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	233
Cash consideration	現金代價	(7,004)
		(6,771)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2016 was HK\$883,000 attributable to the acquisition of 勃利縣泰和. Revenue of 勃利縣泰和 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2016 amounted to HK\$4,091,000.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之溢利包括歸屬於收購勃利縣泰和之883,000港元。計入本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度收益的勃利縣泰和收益為4,091,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

On August 28, 2015, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 雙鴨山九洲龍能源科技有限公 司 ("雙鴨山九洲龍") at a consideration of RMB26,358,000 (approximately HK\$31,567,000). The acquisition was completed on February 1, 2016, on that date the control in 雙鴨山九洲龍 was passed to the Group. 雙鴨山九洲龍 is principally engaged in natural gas and gas pipeline construction business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附 屬公司收購業務(續)

於二零一五年八月二十八 日,本集團之附屬公司與獨 立第三方訂立收購協議,據 此,本集團收購雙鴨山九洲 龍能源科技有限公司(「雙鴨 山九洲龍」)之100%股本權 益,代價為人民幣26.358.000 元(約31,567,000港元)。收購 已於二零一六年二月一日完 成,於當日,雙鴨山九洲龍 之控制權轉移至本集團。雙 鴨山九洲龍主要從事天然氣 業務及燃氣管道建設業務。 本公司董事認為收購事項將 為本集團之現有業務帶來更 多協同效應。

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration payable	應付代價	31,567

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

> HK\$'000 千港元

物業、廠長及設備	49,127
	103
貿易及其他應收賬項	1,169
銀行結存及現金	12,325
貿易及其他應付賬項	(41,417)
	01 007
立 簡	21,307
(日本) (日本) (日本) (日本) (日本) (日本) (日本) (日本)	10,260
	31,567
	銀行結存及現金

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(v) (Continued)

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$1,169,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

Goodwill arising on acquisition

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(v) (續)

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為1,169,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約 現金流之最佳估計為零。

收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	31,567
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減:所收購可識別淨資產之	
assets acquired	公平值	(21,307)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	10,260

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 雙鴨山九洲龍 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Net cash inflow arising on acquisition

因收購雙鴨山九洲龍而產生 之商譽乃基於其天然氣銷售 業務及燃氣管道建設業務之 預期盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。

因收購而產生之現金流入 淨額

HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired

所收購之銀行結存及現金

12,325

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the Group's result for the year ended March 31, 2016 was a loss of HK\$860,000 attributable to the acquisition of 雙鴨山九洲龍. No revenue contributed by 雙鴨山九洲龍 for the year ended March 31, 2016.

收購對本集團業績之影響

本集團截至二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度之業績包括 歸屬於收購雙鴨山九洲龍之 860,000港元虧損。雙鴨山九 洲龍於截至二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度並無貢獻任 何收益。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(vi) On May 18, 2015, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 黃石中燃清潔能源有限公司 ("黃石中燃") at a consideration of RMB17,733,000 (approximately HK\$21,237,000). The acquisition was completed on March 1, 2016, on that date the control in 黃石中燃 was passed to the Group. 黃石中燃 is principally engaged in natural gas business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Cash	現金	19,081
Consideration payable	應付代價	2,156
Total	總計	21,237

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group: 本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

> HK\$'000 千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17,285
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	843
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	2,077
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(3,320)
		16,885
Goodwill	商譽	4,352
		21,237

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(vi) (Continued)

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$843,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

Goodwill arising on acquisition

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(vi) (續)

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為843,000港元。於收 購日對預期無法收回合約現 金流之最佳估計為零。

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000

千港元

Consideration transferred Less: Fair value of identifiable net	已轉讓代價 減:所收購可識別淨資產 <i>之</i>	21,237
assets acquired	公平值	(16,885)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	4,352

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 黃石中燃 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of natural gas business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Net cash outflow arising on acquisition

因收購黃石中燃而產生之商 譽乃基於其天然氣銷售業務 之預期盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。

因收購而產生之現金流出 淨額

HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired Cash consideration	所收購之銀行結存及現金 現金代價	2,077 (19,081)
		(17,004)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

收購對本集團業績之影響

本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之業績包括歸屬於收購黃石中燃之192,000港元虧損。黃石中燃於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度並無貢獻任何收益。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(vii) On August 31, 2015, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 保山中燃燃氣工程安裝有限公司 ("保山中燃工程安裝") at a consideration of RMB3,100,000 (approximately HK\$3,713,000). The acquisition was completed on March 1, 2016, on that date the control in 保山中燃工程安裝 was passed to the Group. 保山中燃工程安裝 is principally engaged in LPG storage, construction and maintenance of pipeline projects business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(vii) 於二零一五年八月三十一 日,本集團之附屬公司與獨 立第三方訂立收購協議,據 此,本集團收購保山中燃燃 氣工程安裝有限公司(「保山 中燃工程安裝」)之100%股本 權益,代價為人民幣3.100.000 元(約3,713,000港元)。收購 已於二零一六年三月一日 完成,於當日,保山中燃工 程安裝之控制權轉移至本集 團。保山中燃工程安裝主要 從事液化石油氣儲存,燃氣 管道建設及保養管道項目業 務。本公司董事認為收購事 項將為本集團之現有業務帶 來更多協同效應。

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Cash 現金 3,713

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(vii) (Continued)

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(vii) (續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

HK\$'000

千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	7,370
Inventories	存貨	1,018
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	10,037
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	615
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(14,857)
		4,183
Gain on bargain purchase	議價購買收益	(470)
		3,713

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$10,037,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為10,037,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約 現金流之最佳估計為零。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED) 38. 業務收購(續)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(vii) (Continued)

Gain on bargain purchase

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(vii) (續)

議價購買收益

HK\$'000

千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	3,713
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減:所收購可識別淨資產	
assets acquired	之公平值	(4,183)
Gain on bargain purchase	議價購買收益	(470)

Net cash outflow arising on acquisition

因收購而產生之現金流出 淨額

HK\$'000

千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	615
Cash consideration	現金代價	(3,713)
		(3,098)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2016 was HK\$2,107,000 attributable to the acquisition of 保山中燃工程安裝. Revenue of 保山中燃工程安裝 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2016 amounted to HK\$2,845,000.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一六年三月三十一 日止年度之溢利包括歸屬 於收購保山中燃工程安裝之 2,107,000港元。計入本集團 截至二零一六年三月三十一 日止年度收益的保山中燃工 程安裝收益為2,845,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(viii) On August 31, 2015, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 保山中燃城市燃氣發展有限公司 ("保山中燃") at a consideration of RMB58,680,000 (approximately HK\$70,275,000). The acquisition was completed on March 1, 2016, on that date the control in 保山中燃 was passed to the Group. 保山中燃 is principally engaged in natural gas and gas pipeline construction business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Cash	現金	46,323
Consideration payable	應付代價	23,952
Total	總計	70,275



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(viii) (Continued)

Consideration transferred (Continued)

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(viii) (續)

已轉讓代價(續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

HK\$'000

千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	59,821
Inventories	存貨	2,127
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	5,692
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	7,279
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(14,195)
		60,724
Goodwill	商譽	9,551
		70,275

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$5,692,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為5,692,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約 現金流之最佳估計為零。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(viii) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(viii) (續)

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000

千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	70,275
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減: 所收購可識別淨資產之	
assets acquired	公平值	(60,724)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	9,551

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 保山中燃 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Net cash outflow arising on acquisition

因收購保山中燃而產生之商 譽乃基於其天然氣銷售業務 及燃氣管道建設業務之預期 盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。

因收購而產生之現金流出 淨額

> HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	7,279
Cash consideration	現金代價	(46,323)
		(39,044)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2016 was HK\$3,741,000 attributable to the acquisition of 保山中燃. Revenue of 保山中燃 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2016 amounted to HK\$6,115,000.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之溢利包括歸屬於收購保山中燃之3,741,000港元。計入本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度收益的保山中燃收益為6,115,000港元。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(ix) On December 30, 2015, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 蕪湖百江 at a consideration of RMB39,459,000 (approximately HK\$47,257,000). The acquisition was completed on December 31, 2015, on that date the control in 蕪湖百江 was passed to the Group. 蕪湖百江 is principally engaged in LPG and delivery of hazardous products business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

 Cash
 現金

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(ix) (Continued)

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(ix) (續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

HK\$'000

千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	12,307
Inventories	存貨	2,901
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	21,106
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	3,122
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(9,542)
		29,894
Goodwill	商譽	17,363
		47,257

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$21,106,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為21,106,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約 現金流之最佳估計為零。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED) 3

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(ix) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(ix) (續)

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000

千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	47,257
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減:所收購可識別淨資產之	
assets acquired	公平值	(29,894)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	17,363

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 蕪湖百江 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its LPG and delivery of hazardous products business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Net cash outflow arising on acquisition

因收購蕪湖百江而產生之商 譽乃基於其液化石油氣及危 險物品交付業務之預期盈利 能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減稅項。

因收購而產生之現金流出 淨額

> HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired Cash consideration	所收購之銀行結存及現金 現金代價	3,122 (47,257)
		(44,135)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2016 was HK\$3,014,000 attributable to the acquisition of 蕪湖百江. Revenue of 蕪湖百江 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2016 amounted to HK\$18,506,000.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之溢利包括歸屬於收購蕪湖百江之3,014,000港元。計入本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度收益的蕪湖百江收益為18,506,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(x) On December 23, 2014, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 黑龍江豐澤化工產品銷售有限公司 ("黑龍江豐澤") at a consideration of RMB3,800,000 (approximately HK\$4,551,000). The acquisition was completed on October 1, 2015, on that date the control in 黑龍江豐澤 was passed to the Group. 黑龍江豐澤 is principally engaged in sales of chemical products business. The director considered that the acquisition will bring additional business to the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Cash 現金 4,551



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(x) (Continued)

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(x) (續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

HK\$'000

千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	2,615
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	1,129
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	2,362
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(2,513)
		3,593
Goodwill	商譽	958
		4,551

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$1,129,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為1,129,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約 現金流之最佳估計為零。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED) 38. 業務收購(續)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(x) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(x) (續) 因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000

千港元

Consideration transferred Less: Fair value of identifiable net	已轉讓代價 減: 所收購可識別淨資產	4,551
assets acquired	,	(3,593)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	958

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 黑龍江豐澤 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of chemical products business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Net cash inflow arising on acquisition

因收購黑龍江豐澤而產生之 商譽乃基於其化工產品銷售 業務之預期盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減稅項。

因收購而產生之現金流入 淨額

> HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	2,362
Cash consideration	現金代價	(4,551)
Deposit paid	已付按金	4,551
		2,362

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2016 was HK\$57,000 attributable to the acquisition of 黑龍江豐澤. No revenue contributed by 黑龍江豐澤 for

the year ended March 31, 2016.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之溢利包括歸屬於 收購黑龍江豐澤之57,000港元。黑龍江豐澤於截至二零 一六年三月三十一日止年度 並無貢獻任何收益。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

On March 26, 2014, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 泊頭市方華燃氣有限公司 ("泊 頭市方華") at a consideration of RMB2,000,000 (approximately HK\$2,395,000). The acquisition was completed on October 1, 2015, on that date the control in 泊頭市方華 was passed to the Group. 泊頭 市方華 is principally engaged in gas appliances business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附 屬公司收購業務(續)

於二零一四年三月二十六 日,本集團之附屬公司與獨 立第三方訂立收購協議, 據此,本集團收購泊頭市方 華燃氣有限公司(「泊頭市方 華」) 之100%股本權益,代 價為人民幣2,000,000元(約 2,395,000港元)。收購已於二 零一五年十月一日完成,於 當日,泊頭市方華之控制權 轉移至本集團。泊頭市方華 主要從事燃氣設備業務。本 公司董事認為收購事項將為 本集團現有業務帶來更多協 同效應。

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Cash	現金	2,108
Consideration payable	應付代價	287
Total	總計	2,395

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(xi) (Continued)

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(xi) (續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

HK\$'000

千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	525
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應付賬項	667
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	1,076
		2,268
Goodwill	商譽	127
		2,395

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$667,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

Goodwill arising on acquisition

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為667,000港元。於收 購日對預期無法收回合約現 金流之最佳估計為零。

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	2,395
Less: Fair value of identifiable net assets acquired	減:所收購可識別淨資產 之公平值	(2,268)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	127

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 泊頭市方華 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its gas appliances business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

因收購泊頭市方華而產生之 商譽乃基於其燃氣用具業務 之預期盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減稅項。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務收購(續)

- (B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)
 - (xi) (Continued)

 Net cash inflow arising on acquisition
- (B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)
 - xi) (續) 因收購而產生之現金流入 淨額

HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	1,076
Cash consideration	現金代價	(2,108)
Deposit paid	已付按金	2,108
		1,076

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the Group's result for the year ended March 31, 2016 was a loss of HK\$2,000 attributable to the acquisition of 泊頭市方華. No revenue contributed by 泊頭市方華 for the year ended March 31, 2016.

(xii) On April 30, 2014, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 100% equity interest of 泊頭市東海車輛加氣有限公司 ("泊頭市東海") at a consideration of RMB24,500,000 (approximately HK\$29,341,000). The acquisition was completed on October 1, 2015, on that date the control in 泊頭市東海 was passed to the Group. 泊頭市東海 is principally engaged in natural gas and LPG business. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

收購對本集團業績之影響

本集團截至二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度之業績包 括歸屬於收購泊頭市方華之 2,000港元虧損。泊頭市方華 於截至二零一六年三月三十 一日止年度並無貢獻任何收 益。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(xii) (Continued)

Consideration transferred

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(xii) (續)

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000

千港元

Cash	現金	25,820
Consideration payable	應付代價	3,521
Total	總計	29,341

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group: 本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

HK\$'000

千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13,822
Inventories	存貨	153
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬項	11,849
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	2,557
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬項	(14,194)
		14,187
Goodwill	商譽	15,154
		29,341

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$11,849,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為11,849,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約 現金流之最佳估計為零。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務收購(續)

(B) Acquisition of a business through purchase of subsidiaries in 2016 (Continued)

(xii) (Continued)

Goodwill arising on acquisition

(B) 於二零一六年透過收購附屬公司收購業務(續)

(xii) (續)

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000

千港元

Consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	29,341
Less: Fair value of identifiable net	減:所收購可識別淨資產	
assets acquired	之公平值	(14,187)
Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	15,154

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 泊頭市東海 was attributed to the anticipated profitability of its sales of natural gas and LPG business.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Net cash outflow arising on acquisition

因收購泊頭市東海而產生之 商譽乃基於其天燃氣銷售業 務及液化石油氣業務之預期 盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。

因 收 購 而 產 生 之 現 金 流 出 淨 額

HK\$'000

千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired	所收購之銀行結存及現金	2,557
Cash consideration	現金代價	(25,820)
Deposit paid	已付按金	10,079
		(13,184)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

Included in the profit for the year ended March 31, 2016 was HK\$1,873,000 attributable to the acquisition of 泊頭市東海. Revenue of 泊頭市東海 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2016 amounted to HK\$14,807,000.

收購對本集團業績之影響

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之溢利包括歸屬於收購泊頭市東海之1,873,000港元。計入本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度收益的泊頭市東海收益為14,807,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(C) Acquisition of a business through purchase of additional in interests in a joint venture in 2016

On March 15, 2015, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired an additional 51% equity interest of 北京富 華燃氣物流有限公司 ("富華物流") at a consideration of RMB1,975,000 (approximately HK\$2,365,000). The acquisition was completed on November 30, 2015, on which date control in 富華物流 was passed to the Group. Since then 富華物流 ceased to be a joint venture of the Group and become a whollyowned subsidiary of the Group. 富華物流 is principally engaged in the business storage and transportation of gas and hazardous products. The directors of the Company considered that the acquisition will bring about a further synergy effect of the existing business of the Group.

Consideration transferred

38. 業務收購(續)

(C) 於二零一六年透過收購合 資公司額外權益收購業務

於二零一五年三月十五日, 本集團之附屬公司與獨立第 三方訂立收購協議,據此, 本集團收購北京富華燃氣物 流有限公司(「富華物流」)之 51%股本權益,代價為人民 幣 1,975,000 元(約 2,365,000 港元)。收購已於二零一五 年十一月三十日完成,於當 日,富華物流之控制權轉移 至本集團。自此,富華物流 不再為本集團之合資公司並 成為本集團之全資附屬公 司。富華物流主要從事燃氣 及危險物品儲存及運輸業 務。本公司董事認為收購事 項將為本集團現有業務帶來 更多協同效應。

已轉讓代價

HK\$'000 千港元

Cash	現金	2,365
Fair value of previously held interest	先前所持有權益之公平值	2,273
		4,638



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(C) Acquisition of a business through purchase of additional in interests in a joint venture in 2016 (Continued)

(i) (Continued)

Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

38. 業務收購(續)

(C) 於二零一六年透過收購合 資公司額外權益收購業務 (續)

(i) (續)

本集團於收購日確認之所收 購資產及所承擔負債之公平 值:

> HK\$'000 千港元

> > 4,638

物業、廠房及設備	57,087
存貨	158
貿易及其他應收賬項	7,917
銀行結存及現金	484
貿易及其他應付賬項	(65,027)
	619
商譽	4,019
	存貨 貿易及其他應收賬項 銀行結存及現金 貿易及其他應付賬項

The fair value as well as the gross contractual amounts of the trade and other receivables acquired amounted to HK\$7,917,000 at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected is nil.

於收購日,所收購之貿易及 其他應收賬項之公平值及合 約總額為7,917,000港元。於 收購日對預期無法收回合約 現金流之最佳估計為零。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務收購(續)

- (C) Acquisition of a business through purchase of additional in interests in a joint venture in 2016 (Continued)
 - (i) (Continued)

 Goodwill arising on acquisition

- (C) 於二零一六年透過收購合 資公司額外權益收購業務 (續)
 - (i) (續)

因收購而產生之商譽

HK\$'000 千港元

Goodwill arising on acquisition	因收購而產生之商譽	4,019
Less: Fair value of identifiable net assets acquired	減:所收購可識別淨資產之 公平值	(619)
Previously held interest in 富華物流 as a joint venture, at fair value	按公平值計算先前所持合資公司 富華物流之權益	2,273
Cash consideration transferred	已轉讓代價	2,365

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of 富華物流 was attributed to anticipated profitability of its investment in storage and transportation of gas and hazardous products.

None of the goodwill arising on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The fair value of the 49% equity interest in 富華物流 previously held by the Group was re-measured as of the date of acquisition, resulting in a gain of HK\$1,970,000 recognised in profit or loss and for the year ended March 31, 2016.

Net cash outflow arising on acquisition

因收購富華物流而產生之商 譽乃基於其燃氣及危險物品 儲存及運輸業務的投資之預 期盈利能力。

預期並無因該項收購而產生 之商譽可扣減税項。

本集團先前持有的富華物流49%股權之公平值於收購日重新計量·導致截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度於損益中確認之收益為1,970,000港元。

因 收 購 而 產 生 之 現 金 流 出 淨 額

> HK\$'000 千港元

Bank balances and cash acquired Cash consideration	所收購之銀行結存及現金 現金代價	484 (2,365)

(1,881)

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

38. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESSES (CONTINUED)

(C) Acquisition of a business through purchase of additional in interests in a joint venture in 2016 (Continued)

(i) (Continued)

Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group Included in the Group's result for the year ended March 31, 2016 was a loss of HK\$9,665,000 attributable to the acquisition of 富華物流. Revenue of 富華物流 included in the Group's revenue for the year ended March 31, 2016 amount to HK\$4,795,000.

If the above acquisitions during the year ended March 31, 2017 had been completed on April 1, 2016, total group revenue and profit for the year would have been HK\$33,997,795,000 and HK\$5,057,221,000 respectively. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of the operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had above acquisition been completed on April 1, 2016, nor is it intended to be projection of future results.

If the above acquisitions during the year ended March 31, 2016 had been completed on April 1, 2015, total group revenue and profit for the year would have been HK\$29,432,600,000 and HK\$2,885,770,000 respectively. The pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of the operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had above acquisition been completed on April 1, 2015, nor is it intended to be projection of future results.

38. 業務收購(續)

(C) 於二零一六年透過收購合 資公司額外權益收購業務 (續)

(i) (續)

收購對本集團業績之影響本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之業績包括歸屬於收購富華物流之9,665,000港元虧損。計入本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度收益的富華物流收益為4,795,000港元。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

39. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS THROUGH PURCHASE OF A SUBSIDIARY

On October 12, 2015, a subsidiary of the Group entered into an acquisition agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group acquired 95% equity interest of 深圳市中燃建築安裝有限公司 ("中燃建築安裝") at a consideration of RMB119,487,000 (approximately HK\$143,098,000). The acquisition was completed on October 25, 2015, on that date the control in 中燃建築安裝 was passed to the Group. 中燃建築安裝 is principally engaged in property holding business.

Assets at the date of acquisition recognised by the Group:

39. 透過購買附屬公司收購資產

於二零一五年十月十二日,本集團之附屬公司與獨立第三方訂立收購協議,據此,本集團收購深圳市中燃建築安裝有限公司(「中燃建築安裝」)95%股本權益,代價為人民幣119,487,000元(約143,098,000港元)。收購已於二零一五年十月二十五日完成,於當日,中燃建築安裝之控制權轉移至本集團。中燃建築安裝主要從事物業控股業務。

本集團於收購日確認之資產:

HK\$'000 千港元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	150,630
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益	(7,532)
		143,098

The non-controlling interests in 中燃建築安裝 recognised at the date of the acquisition was measured by reference to the respective proportionate shares of recognised amounts of net assets of relevant subsidiary and amounted to HK\$7,532,000.

於收購日確認之中燃建築安裝非控股權益經參考相關附屬公司資產淨值的各相關已確認金額比例計量為7,532,000港元。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

40. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged throughout the year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which include the amounts due to joint ventures, associates, a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary and bank and other borrowings disclosed in notes 20, 24, 31 and 32 respectively, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital disclosed in note 33, reserves and accumulated profits as disclosed in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The management reviews the capital structure by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the management, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

金融資

金融負

41. 金融工具

金融工具類別

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

2016

2017

	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	ı
○融資產可供出售之投資持作買賣投資貸款及應收賬項(包括現金及現金等值項目)	324,304 27,402 9,102,191	211,175 11,364 8,817,280	
₾融負債 攤銷成本 衍生金融工具	31,776,065 936	28,866,133 4,500	

40. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團旗下 實體將可繼續以持續經營基準經營,同 時透過優化債務及股本平衡擴大股東回 報。年內,本集團之整體策略維持不變。

本集團之資本結構包括債務(其包括分 別於附註20、24、31及32披露之應付合 資公司、聯營公司及附屬公司非控股權 益款項以及銀行及其他借貸)及本公司 擁有人應佔權益(由附註33披露之已發 行股本以及綜合權益變動表披露之儲備 及累計溢利組成)。

管理層藉審議資本成本及與各類別資本 有關之風險檢討資本結構。基於管理層 之建議,本集團將透過派付股息、發行 新股及發行新債或贖回現有債務平衡其 整體資本結構。

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets

Financial liabilities

Amortised cost

Available-for-sale investments

Held-for-trading investments

and cash equivalents)

Derivative financial instrument

Loans and receivables (including cash

Categories of financial instruments

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include available-for-sale investments, held-for-trading investments, amounts due from associates and joint ventures, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, amounts due to associates and joint ventures, amount due to a non-controlling interests of a subsidiary, derivative financial instrument, bank and other borrowings, pledged bank deposits and bank balances. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Market risks

Currency risk

The Group collects most of its revenue in RMB and most of the expenditures as well as capital expenditures are also denominated in RMB. However, the Group has certain bank balances, amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary and bank and other borrowings that are not denominated in functional currency of the respective group entities. The appreciation or devaluation of RMB against foreign currencies may have positive or negative impact on the results of operations of the Group.

During the current year, the Group entered into a cross currency interest rate swaps contract to mitigate against the USD foreign currency risk arising from its USD denominated bank borrowings.

As at end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Group's monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currency are as follows:

41. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策

市場風險

貨幣風險

本集團大部份收入均以人民幣收取,而 大部份開支及資本開支亦均以人民幣計 值。不過,本集團亦有若干銀行結存、 應付附屬公司非控股權益款項以及銀行 及其他借貸並非以相關集團實體的功能 貨幣計值。人民幣對外幣升值或貶值可 能會對本集團之經營業績構成正面或負 面影響。

於本年度,本集團訂立交叉貨幣利率掉期合約,以減低其以美元計值的銀行借 資產生之美元外幣風險。

於報告期末,本集團以外幣計值之貨幣 資產及負債之賬面值如下:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

			Assets 資產		ities 責
		2017	2016	2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
US\$	美元	164,183	576,566	816,486	1,018,568
HK\$	港元	75,857	101,695	881,651	-
JPY	日圓	_	_	544,511	554,099
EURO	歐元	_	_	18,175	22,515

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2016: 5%) increase and decrease in RMB against respective foreign currencies. 5% (2016: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currencies denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% (2016: 5%) change in foreign currencies rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit where RMB strengthen 5% (2016: 5%) against the USD, JPY and EURO or where RMB weakening 5% (2016: 5%) against HKD. For a 5% (2016: 5%) weakening of RMB against the USD, JPY and EURO or strengthening against the HKD, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the result for the year and the balance below would be negative.

41. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

下表詳述本集團就人民幣兑各外幣升值 及貶值5%(二零一六年:5%)之敏感度。 5%(二零一六年:5%)為向主要管理人 員內部呈報外幣風險所用之敏感度比 率,並代表管理層就外幣匯率合理可能 變動進行之評估。敏感度分析僅包括發 行在外之外幣計值貨幣項目,並就外幣 匯率之5%(二零一六年:5%)變動於報 告期末調整其換算。下表所示之正數指 出倘人民幣兑美元、日圓及歐元升值5% (二零一六年:5%)或兑港元貶值5%(二 零一六年:5%) 時,除稅後溢利會有所 上升。倘人民幣兑美元、日圓及歐元貶 值或兑港元升值5%(二零一六年:5%) 時,將對年度業績構成相同但反向之影 響,且下述結餘將為負數。

> Increase (decrease) in post-tax profit for the year end March 31, 截至三月三十一日止 除税後溢利增加(減少)

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
US\$ impact	美元影響	24,461	16,575
HK\$ impact	港元影響	30,218	(3,814)
JPY impact	日圓影響	20,420	20,779
EURO impact	歐元影響	682	845
		75,781	34,385

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

管理層認為,由於年末風險並不能反映 年內之風險,故敏感度分析不可代表固 有之外匯風險。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group manages its interest rate exposure based on interest rate level as well as potential impact on the Group's financial position arising from volatility.

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to amounts due from associates, amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary and fixed-rate bank and other borrowings issued by the Group (see notes 24, 31 and 32 for details of these balances respectively).

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances and floating-rate bank and other borrowings (see notes 29 and 32 for details of bank balances and these borrowings respectively). It is the Group's policy to keep its borrowings at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure to interest rate risk for both floating-rate bank and other borrowings, together with the interest capitalised to construction in progress at the end of the reporting period. Floating-rate bank balances have not been included in the sensitivity analysis as the management considers that the interest rate would not fluctuate significantly in the near future and therefore the financial impact to the group is not significant. A change of 100 basis points (2016: 100 basis points) was applied to the yield curves and interest rate on both floating-rate bank and other borrowings, together with the interest capitalised to construction in progress. The applied change is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. If the interest rate of variable rate bank and other borrowings, had been 100 basis points (2016: 100 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, after taking into account the interest capitalised to construction in progress, the Group's post-tax profit for the year, after taking amount of interest capitalised to construction in progress, would decrease/increase by HK\$130,440,000 (2016: HK\$150,616,000).

41. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險

本集團根據利率水平及波幅對本集團財 務狀況所構成之潛在影響管理其利率風 險。

本集團面臨與應收聯營公司款項、應付 附屬公司非控股權益款項及本集團發行 之定息銀行及其他借貸(有關該等結餘 之詳情分別見附註24、31及32)有關之 公平值利率風險。

本集團亦面臨涉及浮息銀行結存及浮息銀行及其他借貸(該等銀行結存及借貸詳情分別見附註29及32)之現金流量利率風險。本集團之政策乃爭取最多浮動利率的借貸以盡量降低公平值利率風險。

敏感度分析

敏感度分析乃根據浮息銀行及其他借貸 之利率風險,連同於報告期末已撥充在 建工程資本化之利息釐定。由於管理層 認為於可見將來利率不會大幅波動,對 集團的財務影響不大,故並無將浮息銀 行結存計入敏感性分析中。已就浮息銀 行及其他借貸之收益曲線及利率(連同 撥充在建工程資本化之利息)使用100 個基點(二零一六年:100個基點)為變 動單位。於內部向主要管理人員呈報利 率風險時會使用適用變動,此變動代表 管理層對利率之合理可能變動之評估。 倘浮息銀行及其他借貸之利率上升/ 下跌100個基點(二零一六年:100個基 點),而所有其他變數維持不變,經計 及已 撥 充在建工程資本化之利息後, 則本集團之年度除税後溢利於計及已 撥充在建工程資本化之利息後將減少/ 增 加130,440,000港 元(二零 一六年: 150,616,000港元)。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

Equity price risk

The Group's certain available-for-sale investments and held-fortrading investments are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. Therefore, the Group is exposed to equity price risk. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks of listed equity instrument at the reporting date. A 10% (2016: 10%) change is used when reporting equity price risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in equity price.

For the year ended March 31, 2017, if the market bid prices of the listed investments had been 10% (2016: 10%) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year would increase/decrease by HK\$2,288,000 (2016: HK\$949,000) and the Group's investment revaluation reserve will increase/decrease by HK\$14,293,000 (2016: HK\$2,627,000) respectively. This is mainly attributable to the changes in fair values of the listed held-for-trading investments and available-for-sale investments respectively.

41. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

股本價格風險

本集團之若干可供出售之投資及持作買 賣投資按於報告期末之公平值計量。因 此,本集團須承受股本價格風險。管理 層已維持不同風險程度之投資組合以管 控此方面之風險。

敏感度分析

下文之敏感度分析乃根據上市股本工具 於呈報日期須承受之股本價格風險而 釐定。於內部向主要管理人員呈報股本 價格風險時會使用10%(二零一六年: 10%) 為變動單位,其代表管理層對股本 價格之合理可能變動之評估。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度, 倘上市投資之市場買價上升/下跌10% (二零一六年:10%),而所有其他變數 維持不變,則本集團之年度除稅後溢利 將增加/減少2,288,000港元(二零一六 年:949,000港元),而本集團之投資重 估儲備將增加/減少14,293,000港元(二 零一六年: 2,627,000港元)。此主要由於 上市持作買賣投資及可供出售之投資公 平值分別有所變動所致。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

Credit risk

As at March 31, 2017, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties or debtors provided by the Group is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at each half-reporting end date and end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are reputable banks in the PRC and banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group does not have any significant concentration of credit risk on trade receivables, with exposure spread over a number of sub-contractors, commercial and household customers.

The policy of allowances for doubtful debts of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and aging analysis of accounts and on management's estimate. In determining whether impairment is required, the Group takes into consideration of aging status and likelihood of collection. Specific allowance is only made for receivables that are unlikely to be collected and is recognised on the difference between the estimated future cash flows expected to receive discounted using the original effective interest rate and the carrying value. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowance may be required.

41. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

信貸風險

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團所面臨將導致本集團出現財務損失的最大信貸風險乃因交易對手未能履行義務或本集團因提供於綜合財務狀況表所列之已確認金融資產相關賬面值而產生之債項。

為盡量減低信貸風險,本集團之管理層已指派隊伍負責釐定信貸額度、信貸額度、信貸額度、信貸額度、信貸額度、信貸額度、付益率。此外,本集運行動。此外,本集團各份,本當日及報告期末審閱各頭,以回金額作出足夠減值虧損。就此而言,本公司董事認為本集團之信貸風險已大幅減低。

由於交易對手均為中國信譽良好之銀行 及獲得國際信貸評級組織評定為屬高信 貸評級之銀行,因此流動資金之信貸風 險有限。

於報告期末,本集團並無任何有關貿易 應收賬項之重大集中信貸風險,風險分 佈於多名分包商、商業及家庭客戶。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition to issuance of new shares, the Group also relies on bank and other borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. The Group has net current liabilities of HK\$7,216,492,000 (2016: HK\$6,156,331,000) as at March 31, 2017. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis because the directors believe that the Group has sufficient funds to finance its current working capital requirements taking into account of the cash flows from operations and assuming the continuing ability to utilise the available long-term bank loans facilities. As at March 31, 2017, the Group had available unutilised long-term bank loans facilities of HK\$62,955,853,000 (2016: HK\$49,894,666,000). Details of the Group's bank and other borrowings as at March 31, 2017 are set out in note 32.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

The tables include both interest and principal gross cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

41. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

流動風險

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團監控 現金及現金等值項目水平及將其維持 在管理層視為足夠撥付本集團營運所 需及減低現金流波動影響之水平。除發 行新股外,本集團亦倚賴銀行及其他借 貸作為主要流動資金來源。本集團於 二零一七年三月三十一日之淨流動負 債 為7,216,492,000港 元(二零一六年: 6,156,331,000港元)。由於董事相信,考 慮到經營所得現金流及假設持續動用可 供使用長期銀行貸款融資之能力,本集 團有充足資金以為其目前營運資金需要 提供資金,故綜合財務報表乃按持續經 營基準編製。於二零一七年三月三十一 日,本集團之可用惟未動用之長期銀行 貸款融資為62,955,853,000港元(二零一 六年:49.894.666.000港元)。本集團於 二零一七年三月三十一日之銀行及其他 借貸詳情載於附註32。

下表詳述本集團就其非衍生金融負債之 餘下合約到期情況。有關列表按本集團 可被要求付款之最早日期的金融負債未 貼現現金流列示。

表中包括利息及本金現金流量總額。倘 按浮動利率計息,未貼現金額按報告期 末的利率曲線得出。

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

41. 金融工具(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

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市場風險(續)

Market risks (Continued)

流動資金表

Liquidity tables

		Weighted average contractual interest rate 加權平均 合約 千港元	Payable on demand 須應要求 償還 HK\$'000 千港元	Less than 1 month 少於一個月 HK\$*000 千港元	Between 1 to 3 months 一個月至 三個月 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 3 months to 1 year 三個月至 一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 to 5 years 一年至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流總額 HK\$*000 千港元	Carrying amount at the end of reporting period 於報告期度 HK\$'000 千港元
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年									
Non-derivative financial	三月三十一日 非衍生金融負債									
liabilities										
Trade and bill payables	貿易應付賬項及 應付票據	_		2,317,685	760,737	954,695	973,122		5,006,239	5,006,239
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付賬項及 應計費用			1,478,412	344.443	153,628	· _		1,976,483	1,976,483
Amounts due to non-	應付附屬公司非		_	1,470,412	טדד,דדט	150,020			1,310,400	1,970,400
controlling interests of subsidiaries	控股權益之款項	_	276,572						276,572	276,572
Bank and other borrowings — fixed rate	銀行及其他借貸 一定息	3.60			_	1,211,817	6.876.468	478.962	8.567.247	7,738,621
 floating rate 	一浮息	4.79		707,266	476,912	9,158,172	8,493,334	889,995	19,725,679	15,879,814
Amounts due to joint ventures	應付合資公司之款項	_	797,393						797,393	797,393
Amounts due to associates	應付聯營公司之款項	-	100,939						100,939	100,939
			1,174,904	4,503,363	1,582,092	11,478,312	16,342,924	1,368,957	36,450,552	31,776,061
At March 31, 2016	於二零一六年									
Non-derivative financial liabilities	三月三十一日 非衍生金融負債									
Trade and bill payables	貿易應付賬項及 應付票據			2,487,386	397,989	1,075,683	958,132		4,919,190	4,919,190
Other payables and accrued	其他應付賬項及	_	_	, ,	,	, ,	900,102	_	, ,	, ,
charges Amounts due to non-	應計費用 應付附屬公司非	_	-	1,032,674	240,597	107,308	_	-	1,380,579	1,380,579
controlling interests of subsidiaries	控股權益之款項	_	231,673	_	_	_	_	_	231,673	231,673
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	4 70	,			4.000.00=	0.507.750	450 401	,	,
fixed ratefloating rate	- 定息 - 浮息	4.72 5.32	_	155,320	_	1,383,025 9,315,122	2,527,750 8,829,316	459,461 1,755,343	4,370,236 20,055,101	4,005,862 18,328,320
Amount due to a non- controlling interest of a	應付一間附屬公司非 控股權益之									
subsidiary	款項	2	509	-	-	-	-	-	509	509
			232,182	3,675,380	638,586	11,881,138	12,315,198	2,214,804	30,957,288	28,866,133

The amounts included above for variable rate bank borrowings are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

倘浮動利率的變動有別於報告期末所釐 定的估計利率,則以上就浮息銀行借貸 計及的金額或會改變。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurements of financial instruments

This note provides information about how the Group determines fair values of various financial assets.

(i) Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The Group's financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined.

41. 金融工具(續)

金融工具公平值計量

本附註提供有關本集團如何釐定各類金 融資產公平值之資料。

(i) 本集團根據持續基準按公平值 計量之金融資產公平值

本集團按公平值計入損益之金融 資產乃於各報告期末按公平值計 量。下表提供有關如何釐定該等金 融資產之公平值之資料。

Fair value as at March 31

	公平值於三月	1三十一日	Fair value
Financial assets	2017	2016	hierarchy
金融資產	二零一七年	二零一六年	公平值層級
Held-for-trading	Listed equity securities in Hong Kong	Listed equity securities in Hong Kong	
investments	— HK\$27,402,000	— HK\$11,364,000	Level 1
	香港上市股本證券	香港上市股本證券	
持作買賣投資	-27,402,00港元	-11,364,000港元	第一級
Available-for-sale	Listed equity securities in Hong Kong	Listed equity securities in Hong Kong	
investments	— HK\$142,934,000	— HK\$26,274,000	Level 1
可供出售之投資	香港上市股本證券	香港上市股本證券	/*/*
	–142,934,000 港元	-26,274,000港元	第一級
Available-for-sale	Club debentures in Hong Kong –	Club debentures in Hong Kong	
investments	HK\$948,000	— HK\$700,000	Level 2
可供出售之投資	香港會所債券	香港會所債券	
	948,000港元	-700,000港元	第二級
Derivative Financial	Cross currency interest rate swap	Cross currency interest rate swap	
Instrument	Hong Kong — HK\$936,000	Hong Kong — HK\$4,500,000	Level 2
衍生金融工具	香港交叉貨幣利率掉期	香港交叉貨幣利率掉期	
	-936,000港元	-4,500,000港元	第二級

There were no transfer between instruments in Level 1 and 2 in both years.

第一及二級工具之間於兩個年度 均無轉撥。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities, except for corporate bonds, is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost approximate their respective fair values.

41. 金融工具(續)

金融工具公平值計量(續)

(ii) 根據持續基準並非按公平值計 量之金融資產及金融負債公平 值

其他金融資產及金融負債(公司債券除外)公平值乃根據公認之定價模式按貼現現金流量分析而釐定。

本公司董事認為按攤銷成本列賬 之其他金融資產及金融負債之賬 面值與其各自之公平值相若。

42. COMMITMENTS

Operating lease arrangements

The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises and equipment which fall due as follows:

42. 承擔

經營租約安排

本集團作為承租人

於報告期末,本集團根據在下列期間屆滿之不可撤銷租賃物業及設備經營租約 而承諾將於未來支付之最低租金如下:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

	2017	2016
	二零一七年	二零一六年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Within one year — 年內	56,735	72,969
In the second to fifth year inclusive 第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	74,688	48,861
After five years 五年後	79,893	92,933
	211,316	214,763

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group in respect of rented premises and equipment. Leases for rented premises and equipment are negotiated for an average term of one to six years with fixed rental.

經營租約之付款指本集團就租賃物業及 設備應付之租金。租賃物業及設備租約 經議定平均為期一至六年,租金固定。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

42. COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Operating lease arrangements (Continued)

The Group as lessor

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises which fall due as follows:

42. 承擔(續)

經營租約安排(續)

本集團作為出租人

於報告期末,根據在下列期間屆滿之不可撤銷租賃物業經營租約,本集團已與租戶就以下未來最低租金付款簽訂合約:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive After five years	一年內 第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	22,320 27,975 13,332	9,670 8,287 5,716
		63,627	23,673

Leases are negotiated for an average term of one to ten years with fixed rentals.

Capital commitments

The Group has entered into the following significant transactions, which have not been included in the consolidated financial statements for the year end March 31, 2017.

(i) In January 2016, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an equity transfer agreement with an independent third party to acquire 100% equity interest in 商南縣天然氣有限公司 at a total cash consideration of RMB31,775,500 (approximately HK\$36,109,000). Total deposit of RMB5,000,000 (approximately HK\$5,682,000) was paid during the year ended March 31, 2016. The transaction has not been completed as at the date these consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance.

租約之平均年期經議定為一至十年,且租金固定。

資本承擔

本集團已訂立下列重大交易,該等交易 並未納入截至二零一七年三月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表中。

i) 於二零一六年一月,本公司之 一間全資附屬公司與一名獨立 第三方訂立股權轉讓協議以收 購商南縣天然氣有限公司 100%股本權益,總現金代價為 人民幣31,775,500元(約36,109,000 港元)。總按金為人民幣5,000,000 元(約5,682,000港元)已於截至二 零一六年三月三十一日止年度支 付。於此等綜合財務報表獲授權刊 發之日,該等交易尚未完成。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

42. COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital commitments (Continued)

- (ii) In January 2016, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an equity transfer agreement with an independent third party to acquire 75.66% equity interest in 臨汾中燃源博清潔能源有限公司 at a total cash consideration of RMB16,800,000 (approximately HK\$19,090,000). Total deposit of RMB13,278,000 (approximately HK\$15,089,000) was paid during the year ended March 31, 2016. The transaction has not been completed as at the date these consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance.
- (iii) In October 2016, the Group cooperated with CIIF to establish the Fund and the capital commitment of the Group regarding the Fund is set out in note 20.
- (iv) In January 2017, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an equity transfer agreement with an independent third party to acquire 100% equity interest of Continent Hong Kong Group Limited which holds 25% equity interest in 瀋陽瀋西燃氣有限公司 at a total cash consideration of HK\$750,000,000 and other consideration payable of HK\$249,985,000. Total deposit of HK\$200,000,000 was paid during the year ended March 31, 2017. The transaction has been completed as at the date these consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance.

As at March 31, 2017, the Group has capital commitments in respect of the acquisition for property, plant and equipment and construction materials for property, plant and equipment contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements amounting to HK\$121,324,000 (2016: HK\$226,399,000) and HK\$81,825,000 (2016: HK\$83,379,000) respectively.

42. 承擔(續)

資本安排(續)

- (ii) 於二零一六年一月,本公司之一間 全資附屬公司與一名獨立第三方 訂立股權轉讓協議以收購臨汾中 燃源博清潔能源有限公司75.66% 股本權益,總現金代價為人民幣 16,800,000元(約19,090,000港元)。 總按金為人民幣13,278,000元(約 15,089,000港元)已於截至二零一六 年三月三十一日止年度支付。此等 綜合財務報表獲授權刊發之日,該 等交易尚未完成。
- (iii) 於二零一六年十月,本公司與中保 投合作成立該基金及本集團在該 基金的資本承擔載於附註20。
- (iv) 於二零一七年一月,本公司之一間全資附屬公司與一位獨立斯三方訂立股權轉讓協議,以收購 洲際香港集團有限公司100%之股本權益,其持有瀋陽瀋西燃氣有限公司25%之股權,總代價為249,985,000港元。總按金河七年三月三十一日止年度支付。於此綜合財務報表獲授權刊發之日,該等交易已完成。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團就收購物業、廠房及設備及物業、廠房及設備及物業、廠房及設備之建材分別作出為數121,324,000港元(二零一六年:226,399,000港元)及81,825,000港元(二零一六年:83,379,000港元)之已訂約而尚未於綜合財務報表撥備之資本承擔。



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43. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

The Group pledged certain non-current and current assets and equity interests over certain subsidiaries to banks to secure loan facilities granted to the Group. Carrying amount of the non-current and current assets pledged to banks to secure loan facilities granted to the Group is as follows:

43. 資產抵押

本集團將於若干附屬公司之若干非流動 及流動資產及股權抵押予銀行,作本集 團獲授之貸款融資之擔保。已抵押予銀 行作為本集團獲授之貸款融資擔保之非 流動及流動資產賬面值如下:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		21-73-	M = 71 = 1 H		
		2017	2016		
		二零一七年	二零一六年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元		
Long-term loan facilities	長期貸款融資				
Investment properties	投資物業	72,200	64,000		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	31,267	68,536		
Short-term loan facilities	短期貸款融資				
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	517,676	275,554		
		621,143	408,090		

At the end of the reporting period, the Company's equity interests in certain subsidiaries were pledged to a bank for credit facilities granted to the Group.

於報告期末,本公司於若干附屬公司之 股本權益已就授予本集團之信貸融資抵 押予一間銀行。

44. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

The Group has joined a MPF Scheme for all employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rule of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rate specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect of the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years at March 31, 2017 and 2016.

44. 退休福利計劃

本集團為所有香港僱員參加強積金計劃。強積金計劃乃根據強制性公積金計劃乃根據強制性公積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產與本集團之規則,僱主及僱員皆須與規則,僱主及僱員皆須與別強,僱主及僱員皆須與別強,僱主及僱員皆須與別強,實之比率向該計劃之唯一責任為按該計劃之唯一責任為按該計劃之來,其數十一日,並無沒收供款可作減低未來數年應付之供款。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

44. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES (CONTINUED)

Employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are covered by the retirement and pension schemes defined by local practice and regulations. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a specific percentage of their payroll costs to the retirement and pension schemes. The only obligation of the Group in respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the specified contribution.

The calculation of contributions for PRC eligible staff is based on certain percentage of the applicable payroll costs. The contribution to the MPF Scheme is calculated based on the rules set out in the MPF Ordinance which is 5% on the basic salary of the relevant employee subject to a specific ceiling.

45. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付 款

本公司根據於二零零三年二月六日通過 之決議案而採納一項購股權計劃(「該舊 計劃」)。該計劃之主要宗旨乃為獎勵本 公司任何董事、本集團任何僱員或任何 業務顧問、合營夥伴、本集團財務顧問 或法律顧問之任何僱員、合夥人或董事。

根據該計劃可授出之購股權所涉及之股 份總數,不可超過股東批准該舊計劃當 日本公司已發行股份之10%(「計劃授權 上限」)或如該10%限額予以更新,則指 股東批准續授計劃授權上限當日本公司 已發行股份之10%。因行使根據該舊計 劃而授出但尚未行使之所有未行使購股 權而可能發行之股份總數上限不得超出 本公司不時已發行股份總數之30%。任 何12個月期間授予任何人士之購股權所 涉及之股份數目,不得超過當時本公司 已發行股份數目1%。每授出購股權予任 何董事、行政總裁或主要股東須得到獨 立非執行董事批准。任何授出購股權予 主要股東或獨立非執行董事或其任何聯 繫人士會引致於行使已授出及將予授出 之期權時已發行及將予發行股份超過本 公司已發行股本0.1%而截至授權日為止 12個月期間價值超過5,000,000港元,需 要得到本公司股東事先批准。

45. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE-BASED **PAYMENTS**

A share option scheme was adopted by the Company pursuant to a resolution passed on February 6, 2003 (the "Old Scheme") for the primary purpose of providing incentives to any directors of the Company, any employees of the Group, or any employee, partner or director of any business consultant, joint venture partner, financial adviser or legal adviser of the Group.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Old Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of shareholders' approval of the Scheme ("Scheme Mandate Limit") or, if such 10% limit is refreshed, at the date of shareholders' approval of the renewal of the Scheme Mandate Limit. The maximum aggregate number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Old Scheme must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue from time to time. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any 12-month period is not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company then in issue. Each grant of options to any director, chief executive or substantial shareholder must be approved by independent non-executive directors. Where any grant of options to substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director or any of their respective associate would result in the shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of options already granted and to be granted in excess of 0.1% of the Company's issued share capital and with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 in the 12-month period up to the date of grant must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

44. 退休福利計劃(續)

本集團國內附屬公司之僱員受地方慣例 及規定界定之退休及退休金計劃保障。 附屬公司須向退休及退休金計劃按彼等 工資成本之特定百分比作出供款。本集 團就退休福利計劃之責任僅為作出特定 供款。

國內合資格員工供款乃根據適用工資成 本若干百分比計算。對強積金計劃之供 款乃根據強積金條例所列明規則計算, 即有關僱員底薪之5%加特定上限。

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45. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Options granted must be taken up within 28 days from the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$10 per grant. Options may be exercised at any time from the date to be determined by the board of directors to the tenth anniversary of the date of grant. The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, and will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

The life of the Old Scheme is effective for 10 years from the date of adoption until February 5, 2013.

Since the Old Scheme expired on February 6, 2013, no further options can be granted thereunder. However, the provisions of the Old Scheme shall remain in force in all other respects and all options, granted prior to its expiration shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance therewith.

A new share option scheme was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on August 20, 2013 (the "New Scheme"). The purpose of the New Scheme is to grant share options to eligible persons as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group. The New Scheme will expire on August 19, 2023.

The eligible persons as defined in the New Scheme are individuals or entities who or which may participate in the New Scheme ("Eligible Persons"). The following individuals or entities who in the absolute discretion of the Board of Directors of the Company have contributed to the Group on the basis of their contribution to the development and growth of the Group may participate in the New Scheme:

- an eligible employee; and (i)
- (ii) a non-executive director and an independent non-executive director of any member of the Group; and
- (iii) an agent or a consultant of any member of the Group; and

45. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付

授出之購股權須於授出日期起計28日 內承購,每次授出購股權之代價為10港 元。購股權可於董事會決定之日期起至 授出日期之十週年期間隨時行使。行使 價由本公司董事釐定,並將不可低於以 下之較高者: (i)授出日期本公司股份收 市價;(ii)緊接授出日期前五個營業日股 份之平均收市價及(iii)股份面值。

該舊計劃有效期由採納日期至二零一三 年二月五日止,為期10年。

由於該舊計劃已於二零一三年二月六日 屆滿,不會再按該計劃授出任何期權。 然而,該舊計劃之條文於全部其他方面 將仍然有效,而於屆滿前授出之購股權 將仍然有效,並可根據該等條文予以行 使。

根據二零一三年八月二十日通過的一項 決議案採納新購股權計劃(「新計劃」)。 新計劃旨在向合資格人士授予股份期權 以激勵或獎勵其為本集團作出的貢獻。 新計劃將於二零二三年八月十九日屆 滿。

新計劃內所界定的合資格人士指可參與 新計劃的個人或實體(「合資格人士」)。 本公司董事會基於以下個人或實體對本 集團的發展及增長所作的貢獻,依其絕 對酌情決定權認定以下個人或實體對本 集團有貢獻,可參與新計劃:

- 合資格僱員;及
- 本集團任何成員公司的非執行董 (ii) 事和獨立非執行董事;及
- 本集團任何成員公司的代理人或 (iii) 顧問;及

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45. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

- (iv) a supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any director or employee of such supplier; and
- a customer of any member of the Group or any director or employee of such customer; and
- (vi) person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy or professional services to any member of the Group or any director or employee of any such entity; and
- (vii) a subsidiary; and
- (viii) a company in which the Company holds, either directly or indirectly, 20% or more of its equity interest.

Maximum number of shares available for subscription

- (i) Subject to the Listing Rules, the maximum number of the shares of the Company subject to outstanding unvested or vested options under the New Scheme ("New Options") and outstanding options under other share option scheme of the Company ("Other Options") must not exceed 30% of the shares or the Company in issue from time to time ("Overriding Limit"). No New Options or Other Options may be granted if it will result in this Overriding Limit being exceeded.
- Subject to the Overriding Limit, paragraphs (iii) and (iv) below, (ii) the total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of all New Options and Other Options must not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the August 20, 2013 (subject to adjustment in the event of a capitalisation issue or rights issue or open offer of shares of the Company, or consolidation, sub-division or reduction of share capital of the Company (other than an issue of shares of the Company as consideration in respect of a transaction)) ("Mandate Limit"). Unless approved pursuant to paragraphs (iii) and (iv) below, no New Options or Other Options may be granted if such grant will result in the Mandate Limit being exceeded. New Options and Other Options lapsed according to the terms of the New Scheme or other share option scheme(s) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the Mandate Limit.

45. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款(續)

- (iv) 本集團任何成員公司的貨物或服務的供應商,或該供應商的任何董事或僱員:及
- (v) 本集團任何成員公司的客戶,或該 客戶的任何董事或僱員;及
- (vi) 向本集團任何成員公司提供研究、 開發或其他技術支援或任何建議、 諮詢或專業服務的個人或實體,或 任何該等實體的董事或僱員;及
- (vii) 附屬公司;及
- (viii) 本公司直接或間接持有其20%或以 上股本權益的一家公司。

可供認購之股份之最大數目

- (i) 在上市規則的規限下,新計劃項下 未行使的未歸屬或已歸屬期權(「新 期權」)及本公司其他購股權計劃項 下未行使的期權(「其他期權」)所涉 及的股份數目上限不得超過本公 司不時已發行的股份的30%(「絕對 限額」)。概不得授出會導致已發行 的股份總數超過此絕對限額的任 何新期權或其他期權。
- 在絕對限額、下文(iii)及(iv)段的規限 (ii) 下,行使所有新期權及其他期權後 已發行或將予發行的本公司股份 總數不得超過二零一三年八月二 十日本公司已發行股份的10%(在 資本化發行、供股或公開發售本公 司股份,或本公司股份合併、分拆 或削減股本的情況(發行本公司股 份作交易對價者除外)下,該股份 數目將予調整)(「授權限額」)。除 非根據下文(iii)及(iv)段的規定獲得 批准,概不得授出會導致已發行股 份總數超過此授權限額的任何新 期權或其他期權。釐定該授權限額 時根據新計劃或其他購股權計劃 條款已失效的新期權及其他期權 不予計算。

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45. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Maximum number of shares available for subscription (Continued)

- (iii) Subject to the Overriding Limit and an approval of shareholders of the Company, the Company may from time to time "refresh" a Mandate Limit provided that the total number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all New Options or Other Options to be granted under the limit as "refreshed" must not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of the resolution to approve the "refreshed" limit ("Refresher Date"). New Options and Other Options previously granted (whether outstanding, cancelled, lapsed (according to the New Scheme or the other share option schemes of the Company) or exercised) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the limit as "refreshed". The Company can seek the approval of shareholders of the Company to "refresh" a Mandate Limit any number of times as the Board of Directors of the Company considers appropriate. Unless approved pursuant to paragraph (iv) below, the board of directors of the Company cannot grant any New Options on or after the Refresher Date if such grant will result in the Mandate Limit as refreshed being exceeded.
- (iv) Subject to the Overriding Limit and a specific approval of shareholders of the Company, the board of directors of the Company may grant New Options to Eligible Persons identified by the board of directors of the Company. If the approval of shareholders of the Company is obtained, the board of directors of the Company may grant New Options to any Eligible Person in respect of such number of shares of the Company and on such terms as specified in that approval of shareholders of the Company.

45. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款(續)

可供認購之股份之最大數目(續)

- 在絕對限額及本公司股東批准的 規限下,本公司可不時「更新」授權 限額,但限額「更新」後授出的所有 新期權或其他期權予以行使時發 行的本公司股份總數不得超過批 准「更新 | 限額日(「更新日 |) 本公司 已發行股份的10%。釐定「更新」限 額時,先前授出的(無論未行使、 已註銷、(根據新計劃或本公司其 他購股權計劃)已失效或已行使的) 新期權或其他期權將不予計算。在 本公司董事會認為適當的情況下, 本公司可不限次數地尋求本公司 股東批准「更新」授權限額。除非根 據下文(iv)段的規定經股東批准,本 公司董事會不會在更新日或之後 授出會導致已發行股份總數超過 被更新的授權限額的任何新期權。
- (iv) 在絕對限額及本公司股東特別批准的規限下,本公司董事會可向本公司董事會指定的合資格人士授出新期權。在獲得本公司股東批准後,本公司董事會可按本公司股東批准中列明的本公司股份數目及條款向任何合資格人士授出新期權。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

45. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Options granted under the New Scheme must be taken up within 20 business days of the date of grant and pay the Company the amount payable, if any, on acceptance of the option. Any option under the New Scheme which has vested, in respect of which all conditions attaching to it have satisfied and which has not lapsed may be exercised at any time, by no option may be exercised if such exercise would, in the opinion of the board of directors of the Company, be in breach of the New Scheme, any applicable law, rule or regulation or the terms and conditions of the relevant option granted under the New Scheme.

The exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, and will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant, (ii) the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's share.

For the year ended March 31, 2016, 102,400,000 share options were granted by the Company to certain directors of the Company on June 25, 2015 and none of the share options were exercised. 100,000,000 share options are exercisable from June 25, 2015 to June 24, 2022 upon satisfaction of some conditions and 2,400,000 share options are exercisable from April 16, 2017 to April 15, 2019 upon satisfaction of some conditions. The estimated fair value of the options granted on this date is HK\$268,000,000.

No share options were granted by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2017.

45. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款(續)

根據新計劃授予期權須於授予日並向本公司支付應付款項(如有)後起計20個營業日內作出,以接納期權。可隨時行行等 新計劃項下任何已歸屬及所附帶的所供均已達成且尚未失效的期權。 所附帶的尚本公司董事會認為行使期權將會違反根計 劃、任何適用法律、規則、規章或根據 新計劃授予相關期權的條款及條件,則不可行使期權。

行使價由本公司董事釐定,並不得低於下列最高者:(i)本公司股份在授予日期的收市價:(ii)股份在緊接授予日期前5個營業日的平均收市價:及(iii)本公司股份的面值。

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本公司於二零一五年六月二十五日已向本公司若干董事授出102,400,000份購股權且概無期權獲行使。100,000,000份購股權可於若干條件達成後自二零一五十五日至二零二二年六月二十五日至二零二二年六月二十四日行使,且2,400,000份購股權可於若干條件達成後自二零一七年四月十六計至條件達成後自二零一七年四月十六計於話日授出的期權之公平值為268,000,000港元。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度, 本公司概無授予任何購股權。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

45. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The fair value of the share options granted on June 25, 2015 was calculated by using the Monte Carlo Simulation Model. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the options are based on the directors' best estimate. The value of a share option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. The following assumptions were used to calculate the fair value of the share options:

45. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付 款(續)

於二零一五年六月二十五日已授出的購 股權的公平值乃使用蒙地卡羅模擬法計 算。計算購股權之公平值時使用的可變 因素及假設乃基於董事的最佳估計。購 股權價值會因若干主觀假設的不同可變 因素而改變。計算購股權公平值時使用 了以下假設:

		Tranche 1 第一批	Tranche 2 第二批
Share price on valuation date	評估日股價	HK\$11.06	HK\$11.06
		11.06港元	11.06港元
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$13.84	HK\$13.84
		13.84港元	13.84港元
Expected life of option	購股權之預期壽命	7.00 years	3.80 years
		7.00年	3.80年
Annualised volatility	年度化波動率	36%	36%
Expected dividend yield	預期股息收益率	1.15%	1.15%
Risk-free interest rate	無風險利率	1.35%	0.72%
Exercise multiple	行使倍數	4.1	4.1
Post-vesting exit rate	歸屬後退出率	0%	0%

As at March 31, 2017, the directors of the Company consider that the options being granted on April 16, 2014 and June 25, 2015 respectively will not vest as it is not probable that the non-market performance conditions for exercising those share options will be met. For the year ended March 31, 2017, no share-based payment expense is recognised (2016: nil).

At March 31, 2017, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted and remaining outstanding under the New Scheme is 345,600,000 (2016: 350,400,000) representing 6.96% (2016: 7.14%) of the shares of the Company in issue at that date.

於二零一七年三月三十一日,由於不可 能達成行使分別於二零一四年四月十六 日及二零一五年六月二十五日授出的 購股權的非市場表現條件,因此本公司 董事認為該等購股權將不會被歸屬。截 至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,概 無確認以股份為基礎之開支(二零一六 年:零)。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,根據新計 劃已授出且尚未行使的期權涉及的股 份數目為345,600,000股(二零一六年: 350,400,000股), 佔本公司當日已發行 股份的6.96%(二零一六年:7.14%)。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

45. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table discloses details of the Company's share options held by employees (including directors) and movements in such holdings during the two years ended March 31, 2017:

45. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款(續)

下表列出僱員(包括董事)所持本公司購股權之詳情及截至二零一七年三月三十一日止兩個年度持有購股權之變動情況:

Date of grant 授出日期	Vesting period 歸屬期	Exercisable period 可行使期限	Exercise price per share 每股 行使價	Number of share options at April 1, 2015 於二零一五年 四月一日之 購 股權數目	Granted during the year 年內已授出	Lapsed during the year 年內已失效 ((Note 4) (附註4)	Transfer during the year 年內轉讓	Number of share options at March 31, 2016 於二零一六年 三月三十一日 之購股權數目	Cancelled during the year 年內已註銷	Number of share options at March 31, 2017 於二零一七年三月三十一日之購股權數目
Held by Directors 由董事持有										
4.16.2014	(Note 1) (附註1)	(Note 1) (附註1)	12.40	23,000,000	_	_	(2,000,000)	21,000,000	(4,000,000)	17,000,000
6.25.2015	(Note 2) (附註2)	(Note 2) (附註2)	13.84	_	100,000,000	_	_	100,000,000	_	100,000,000
6.25.2015	(Note 3) (附註3)	(Note 3) (附註3)	13.84	_	2,400,000	_	_	2,400,000	(800,000)	1,600,000
				23,000,000	102,400,000	_	(2,000,000)	123,400,000	(4,800,000)	118,600,000
Held by Others 由其他人持有										
10.20.2005 4.16.2014	10.20.2005 to 10.19.2010 (Note 1) (附註1)	10.20.2010 to 10.19.2015 (Note 1) (附註1)	1.50 12.40	94,800,000 225,000,000	_	(94,800,000)	2,000,000	227,000,000		_ 227,000,000
				319,800,000	-	(94,800,000)	2,000,000	227,000,000	-	227,000,000
Weighted average exerci加權平均行使價	se price			342,800,000 HK\$9.39 9.39港元	102,400,000 HK\$13.84 13.84港元	(94,800,000) HK\$1.50 1.50港元	_ HK\$12.4 12.4港元	350,400,000 HK\$12.82 12.82港元	(4,800,000) HK\$12.64 12.64港元	345,600,000 HK\$12.82 12.82港元
Exercisable at the end of 可於年末行使	the year			94,800,000	-	_	-	-	_	-

Notes:

(1) The validity period of the options is five years from April 16, 2014 to April 15, 2019. And the options may be exercised on or after April 16, 2017. The exercise of the options will be subject to the conditions that (i) the audited profit after tax of the Group after deduction of non-controlling interests for the financial year March 31, 2017 or before shall not be less than HK\$5.5 billion; (ii) if the above condition is not fulfilled, the options may be exercised if the audited profit after tax of the Group after deduction of non-controlling interests for the financial year ended March 31, 2018 shall not be less than HK\$6 billion; and (iii) the options will lapse if the above two conditions are not satisfied.

附註:

(1) 購股權之有效期為二零一四年四月十 六日至二零一九年四月十五日,而購股權可於二零一七年四月十六日或之後 行使。行使購股權須受限於以下條十一 (1)本集團於截至二零一之經審核稅後556 之經,以下條十一利 (經扣除非控股權益後)須不少於55億 港元;(11)倘以上條件未獲達成,則購股權可在倘本集團於截至二零一八年三月 三十一日止財政年度之經審核稅後溢利 (經扣除非控股權益後)不少於60億港元 的情況下行使;及(iii)倘以上兩項條件未 獲達成,則購股權將會失效。



For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

45. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Notes: (Continued)

- (2) The validity period of the options is from June 25, 2015 to June 24, 2022. And the options are exercisable upon satisfaction of either one of the conditions that (i) the Group's audited net profit after tax and deduction of non-controlling interests for a full financial year based on the consolidated audited financial statements of the Group amounts to HK\$7.5 billion or above; or (ii) the total market capitalisation of the Group amounts to HK\$150 billion or above, where the "total market capitalisation" shall be the product of the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange at the end of any trading day and the total number of issued shares of the Company on that same day. The options will lapse if none of the above conditions is satisfied within the validity period of the options.
- (3) The validity period of the options is from June 25, 2015 to April 15, 2019. And the options may be exercised on or after April 16, 2017. The exercise of the options will be subject to the satisfaction of either one of the conditions that (i) the Group's audited net profits after tax and deduction of non-controlling interests for the financial year ending March 31, 2017 based on the consolidated audited financial statements of the Group amounts to HK\$5.5 billion or above; or (ii) if the above condition is not fulfilled, the options may be exercised if the Group's audited net profit after tax and deduction of non-controlling interests for the financial year ending March 31, 2018 based on the consolidated audited financial statements of the Group amounts to HK\$6 billion or above. The options will lapse if none of the above conditions is satisfied within the validity period of the options.
- (4) The options were forfeited upon resignation of the employees.

The options outstanding as at March 31, 2017 have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3 years (2016: 4 years).

46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Apart from the amounts due from (to) related parties and transactions as disclosed in notes 20, 24, 27, 30 and 31 respectively, the Group entered into the following transactions with major related parties that are not members of the Group:

(i) During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group purchased gas for total amount of HK\$27,045,000 (2016: HK\$69,248,000) from joint ventures.

45. 購股權計劃及以股份形式付款(續)

附註:(續)

- (2) 購股權之有效期自二零一五年六月二十五日至二零二二年六月二十四日,而購股權可於達成以下任何一項條件務行使:((i)根據本集團之綜合經審核財政年度之經審核稅後純利(經扣除非控股權益後)達到75億港元或以上;或(ii)本集團之總市值達到1,500億港元或以上,而「總市值」應為本公司的股份於任何交易收納。 結時於聯交所每日報價表所列之總市價,乘以本公司同日已發行股份總數。倘上述條件均未於購股權之有效期內達成,則購股權將會失效。
- 購股權之有效期自二零一五年六月二 十五日至二零一九年四月十五日,而購 股權可於二零一七年四月十六日或之 後行使。行使購股權將須達成任何一項 以下條件:(i)根據本集團之綜合經審核 財務報表,本集團於截至二零一七年 三月三十一日止財政年度之經審核税 後純利(經扣除非控股權益後)達到55 億港元或以上;或(ii)若上述條件未獲達 成,則倘根據本集團之綜合經審核財務 報表,本集團於截至二零一八年三月三 十一日止財政年度之經審核稅後純利 (經扣除非控股權益後)達到60億港元 或以上,則本集團可行使購股權。倘上 述條件均未於購股權之有效期內達成, 則購股權將會失效。
- (4) 期權於僱員辭職時失效。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,尚未行使 期權之加權平均剩餘合約年期為3年(二 零一六年:4年)。

46. 關聯方交易

除附註20、24、27、30及31分別所披露之應收(應付)關聯方之款項及交易外,本集團與並非本集團成員公司之主要關聯方訂立下列交易:

前 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止 年度,本集團以總金額27,045,000 港元(二零一六年:69,248,000港 元)向合資公司購買燃氣。

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46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED) 46. 關聯方交易(續)

- (ii) During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group sold gas for total amount of HK\$136,475,000 (2016: HK\$11,672,000) to joint ventures.
- (iii) During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group received gas connection revenue for total amount of HK\$42,389,000 (2016: Nil) from joint ventures.
- (iv) During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group purchased consumables and spare parts for total amount of HK\$309,445,000 (2016: Nil) from associates.
- (v) During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group purchased gas appliances for total amount of HK\$234,029,000 (2016: Nil) from an associate.
- (vi) During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group received interest income for total amount of HK\$1,120,000 (2016: HK\$3,429,000) from a joint venture.
- (vii) During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group received interest income for total amount of Nil (2016: HK\$836,000) from an associate.

The remuneration of key management of the Group was as follows:

- (ii) 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度·本集團以總金額136,475,000港元(二零一六年:11,672,000港元)向合資公司出售燃氣。
- (iii) 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團從合資公司收取燃氣接駁收入總額為42,389,000港元(二零一六年:零)。
- (iv) 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團從聯營公司採購消耗品及備件,總額為309,445,000港元(二零一六年:零)。
- (v) 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團從一家聯營公司採購燃氣器具總額為234,029,000港元(二零一六年:零)。
- (vi) 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團從一家合資公司收取利息收入總額為1,120,000港元(二零一六年:3,429,000港元)。
- (vii) 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團從一家聯營公司收取利息收入總額為零(二零一六年:836,000港元)。

本集團主要管理層之酬金如下:

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		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term benefits Post employment benefits	短期福利 離職後福利	42,138 54	40,759 54
		42,192	40,813

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46. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED) 46. 關聯方交易(續)

The remuneration of key management is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

主要管理層酬金由薪酬委員會經考慮個 人表現及市場趨勢後釐定。

47. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On March 30, 2017, the Company received a form of claim (i) filed by a former director of the Company in the Labour Tribunal of Hong Kong claiming approximately HK\$140 million (being the alleged loss of salary in the sum of HK\$21.6 million (annual salary of HK\$7.2 million) for the three financial years ended March 31, 2014 and the aggregate bonus in the sum of approximately HK\$118.4 million for the four financial years ended March 31, 2014) and other unliquidated damages and interest from the Company for the alleged wrongful dismissal by the Company of a former director of the Company as a director and an employee of the Company on March 29, 2011. By the mutual consent of the parties to the claim, the claim has been transferred to the Court of First Instance of the High Court.

In addition, the above former director and other share option holders initiated legal proceedings against the Company with regard to their respective purported exercise of share options.

In respect of the aforementioned legal proceedings, the Company has sought advice from its legal advisors and has been advised that there is a sound basis for defending the above claims. For details of the legal proceedings, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated June 2, 2017 on the website of the Stock Exchange.

On June 9, 2017, the Group cooperated with BOCOM International Trust Company Limited ("BOCOM International") to establish the China Gas BOCOM (Shenzhen) Clean Energy Equity Investment Fund L.P. (the "BOCOM Fund"). The BOCOM Fund is expected to have an aggregate capital commitment of up to RMB10 billion in which RMB9 billion and RMB1 billion will be contributed by BOCOM International and its wholly-owned subsidiaries and the Group respectively. The BOCOM Fund will provide capital support for investment in the Group's 4G (PNG, LNG, CNG and LPG) energy projects.

47. 報告期後事項

於二零一七年三月三十日,本公司 接獲本公司前任董事於香港勞資 審裁處提交的申索書,以聲稱其作 為本公司董事及僱員於二零一一 年三月二十九日被本公司不當解 僱為由向本公司申索約1.4億港元 (為聲稱截至二零一四年三月三十 一日止三個財政年度的薪金損失 總額21.6百萬港元(年度薪金為7.2 百萬港元)及截至二零一四年三月 三十一日止四個財政年度的花紅 約1.184億港元)及其他未經算定損 害賠償及利息。經雙方同意,該申 索將轉交高等法院原訟法庭。

> 除此之外,上述前任董事及其他購 股權持有人就其各自聲稱行使購 股權向本公司提起法律訴訟。

> 就上述之法律訴訟而言,本公司已 向其法律顧問尋求意見並獲告知 其有可靠依靠為上述申索作出抗 辯。有關法律訴訟的詳情,請參閱 本公司於二零一七年六月二日在 聯交所網站所載的公告。

(ii) 於二零一十年六月九日,本集團與 交銀國際信托有限公司(「交銀國 際」)組建中燃交銀(深圳)清潔能源 股權投資基金合夥企業(有限合夥) (「交銀基金」)。預計交銀基金的總 資本承擔將達人民幣100億元,其 中人民幣90億元及人民幣10億元 將分別由交銀國際及其全資附屬 公司及本集團出資。交銀基金將為 本集團的4G(PNG、LNG、CNG及 LPG)能源項目投資提供資金支持。

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48. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

48. 主要附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立或註冊	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 缴足已發行股本/ 註冊資本	Propor nominal issued sha registere held by the 本公司所持己 註冊資本 As at Mi 於三月三 2017 二零一七年 %	value of re capital/ d capital Company 已發行股本/ 面值比例 arch 31	Principal activities 主要業務
中燃燃氣實業(深圳)有限公司	PRC	Wholly-foreign owned enterprises ("WFOE")	Registered US\$29,800,000	100*	100#	Investment holding and treasury
	中國	外資企業 (「WFOE」)	註冊 29,800,000美元			投資控股及庫務
中燃投資有限公司	PRC 中國	WFOE	Registered RMB898,637,000 註冊人民幣 898,637,000元	100*	100#	Investment holding and treasury 投資控股及庫務
北京中燃翔科油氣技術有限公司	PRC 中國	Sino-foreign equity joint venture 中外合資公司	Registered RMB20,000,000 註冊人民幣	60**	60##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
益陽中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	20,000,000 $\bar{\pi}$ Registered RMB44,000,000	80**	80##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 44,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
蕪湖中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB100,000,000	90**	90**	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 100,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
宜昌中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB70,000,000	70**	70##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 70,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
淮南中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB72,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 72,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設

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48. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立或註冊/營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 缴足已發行股本/ 註冊資本	Proport nominal vissued shar registered held by the 本公司所持己 註冊資本「 As at Ma 於三月三 2017 二零一七年 %	value of re capital/ d capital Company · 發行股本 面值比例 arch 31	Principal activities 主要業務
隨州中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB35,000,000	100**	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 35,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
孝感中燃天然氣有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB118,950,000	100**	100**	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 118,950,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
孝感中亞城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB16,002,000	100**	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 16,002,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
漢川中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB11,274,000	100**	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 11,274,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
邳州中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	WFOE	Registered US\$3,060,000	100**	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	WFOE	註冊 3,060,000美元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
宿州中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered US\$40,000,000	75#	75**	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊 40,000,000美元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
揚中中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	WFOE	Registered US\$1,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	WFOE	註冊 1,000,000美元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

48. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立或註冊	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行股本/ 註冊資本	Propor nominal issued sha registere held by the 本公司所持己 註冊資本 As at Mi 於三月三 2017 二零一七年	value of re capital/ d capital Company 已發行股本/ 面值比例 arch 31	Principal activities 主要業務
寶鷄中燃城市燃氣發展	PRC	Sino-foreign	Registered	64##	64##	Sales of natural
有限公司	THO	equity joint venture	RMB265,725,000	O.	04	gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 265,725,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
南京中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint	Registered RMB200,000,000	100"	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline
	中國	venture 中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 200,000,000元			construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
玉林中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB42,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 42,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
烏審中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	WFOE	Registered RMB50,000,000	100**	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	WFOE	註冊人民幣 50,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
撫順中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB133,330,000	70##	70##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 133,330,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
重慶中燃城市燃氣發展 有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB20,000,000	100**	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 20,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
包頭市燃氣有限公司	PRC	Sino-foreign equity joint venture	Registered RMB183,800,000	80##	80##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	中外合資公司	註冊人民幣 183,800,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

48. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立或註冊 /營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital held by the Company 本公司所持已發行股本/註冊資本面值比例 As at March 31 於三月三十一日 2017 2016 二零一六年		Principal activities 主要業務
				%	%	
上海中油能源控股有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB1,130,000,000	100**	100**	Investment in petrochemical facilities of storage and transportation, fundamental facilities of pier, sales of raw chemical materials and construction materials
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 1,130,000,000元			石化設備儲存及運輸 投資及管道初級設備、 原始化學材料及建築 材料銷售
廣州華凱石油燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered US\$60,000,000	95.37**	95.37##	Manufacturing of highly purified LPG, highly purified propane and butane
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊 60,000,000美元			生產高淨化LPG、 高淨化丙烷及丁烷
廣西中油能源有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered US\$7,000,000	60**	60**	Storing and trading of LPG, sales of chemical products, filling of LPG and delivery of hazardous products
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊 7,000,000美元			儲存及買賣LPG、化工 產品銷售、注入LPG及 危險物交付
江蘇中油長江石化有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered US\$10,000,000	100**	100##	Producing and storing LPG and chemical product
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊 10,000,000美元			生產及儲存LPG及化工產品
北京富華燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB50,000,000	80##	80##	Sales of natural gas 天然氣銷售
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 50,000,000元			

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

48. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立或註冊	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 缴足已發行股本/ 註冊資本	Propor nominal issued sha registere held by the 本公司所持己 註冊資本 As at M 於三月三 2017 二零一七年	value of re capital/ d capital • Company • 登行股本/ 面值比例 arch 31	Principal activities 主要業務
富地燃氣投資有限公司	PRC	WFOE	Registered US\$30,000,000	100*	100#	Investment holding
	中國	WFOE	註冊 30,000,000美元			投資控股
信陽富地燃氣有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	Registered RMB64,000,000 註冊人民幣 64,000,000元	100**	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
寶雞中燃蔡家坡燃氣發展公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB38,000,000	64##	64##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 38,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
寶雞中燃陳倉燃氣發展公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB20,000,000	64**	64##	Design, construction and maintenance of city pipeline projects
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 20,000,000元			城市燃氣管道工程設計、 建設及維修
廣州從化中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB30,000,000	100**	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 30,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
杭州中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB100,000,000	100##	100##	Design, construction and maintenance of city pipeline projects
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 100,000,000元			城市燃氣管道工程設計、 建設及維修
包頭市東河中燃城市 燃氣有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB20,000,000	80**	80##	Design, construction and maintenance of city pipeline projects
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 20,000,000元			城市燃氣管道工程設計、 建設及維修
梅州中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	Registered RMB50,000,000 註冊人民幣 50,000,000元	100##	100##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

48. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	註冊成立或註冊		Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 缴足已發行股本/ 註冊資本	Propor nominal issued sha registere held by the 本公司所持己 註冊資本 As at Ma 於三月三 2017 二零一七年	value of re capital/ d capital Company . 發行股本/ 面值比例 arch 31 : 十一日 2016 二零一六年	Principal activities 主要業務
				%	%	
寧夏深中天然氣 開發有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB16,000,000	75**	75**	Design, construction and maintenance of city pipeline projects
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 16,000,000元			城市燃氣管道工程設計、 建設及維修
圭木斯中燃城市燃 氣發展有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB150,000,000	99##	99##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
NEWBILL	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 150,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
大連金州中燃城市 燃氣發展有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB24,489,800	69.80##	69.80##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
系統 坂 成 円 敗 A 刊	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 24,489,800元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
生丹中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB40,000,000	100**	100**	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
双 IR 行 IX A FI	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 40,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
南寧中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB300,000,000	100##	100**	Design, construction and maintenance of city
以以行队公司	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣			pipeline projects 城市燃氣管道工程設計、
			300,000,000元			建設及維修
折江中燃華電能源 有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB300,000,000	100**	100##	Producing and storing LPG and chemical products
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 300,000,000元			生產及儲存LPG及化工產品
中燃巨集遠工程建設 有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB50,000,000	100**	100##	Producing and storing LPG and chemical
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 50,000,000元			products 生產及儲存LPG及化工產。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

48. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立或註冊	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行股本/ 註冊資本	Proport nominal vissued shall registered held by the 本公司所持己 註冊資本「 As at Ma 於三月三 2017 二零一七年 %	value of re capital/ d capital Company 已發行股本/ 面值比例 arch 31	Principal activities 主要業務
中燃清潔能源(深圳) 有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered US\$59,600,000	100##	100**	Gas station construction, management and consultancy services
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊 59,600,000美元			燃氣站建設、管理及 諮詢服務
深圳市中燃中燃氣 技術有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	Registered US\$10,000,000 註冊 10,000,000美元	100**	100##	Production of natural gas 天然氣生產
重慶市川東燃氣 工程設計研究院	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB6,000,000	66##	66 ^{##}	Design, construction and maintenance of city pipeline projects
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 6,000,000元			城市燃氣管道工程設計、 建設及維修
深圳市中燃科技 有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB20,000,000	100**	100##	Consultancy services on IT communication systems and sales of computer software
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 20,000,000元			IT通訊系統諮詢服務 及電腦軟件銷售
十堰東風中燃城市燃氣 發展有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB397,050,000	85##	85##	Design, construction and maintenance of city pipeline projects
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 397,050,000元			城市燃氣管道工程設計、建設及維修
中燃宏大能源貿易 有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB100,000,000	100**	100##	Development, consultancy services and investment in clean energy
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 100,000,000元			開發,諮詢服務及 清潔能源投資
進雅融資租賃(深圳) 有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered US\$30,000,000	100##	100##	Provision of finance leasing consultancy services
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊 30,000,000美元			提供融資租賃諮詢服務

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

48. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立或註冊	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 缴足已發行股本/ 註冊資本	Propor nominal issued sha registere held by the 本公司所持己 註冊資本 As at Mi 於三月三 2017 二零一七年 %	value of re capital/ d capital Company 以發行股本/ 面值比例 arch 31	Principal activities 主要業務
中燃慧生活電子商務 有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company	Registered RMB200,000,000	100##	100*#	Consultancy services on IT communication systems and sales of computer software 通訊系統諮詢服務
	下 四	行 限 貝 Ц ム 刊	200,000,000元			及電腦軟件銷售
中燃物資供應鏈管理(深圳) 有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB100,000,000	100**	100##	Provision of management services to group companies
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 100,000,000元			為集團公司提供管理服務
深圳中油能源發展 有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB400,000,000	100##	100##	Sales of LPG
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 400,000,000元			LPG銷售
鄂托克旗長蒙天燃氣 責任有限公司	PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	Registered RMB133,000,000 註冊人民幣	65##	65##	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction 天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
	干 图	行 及 貝 口 厶 刊	133,000,000元			八灬和明日及船和日边廷以
Panva Gas Holdings Limited	BVI	Incorporated	Ordinary US\$1,111	100##	100##	Investment holding and sales of LPG
	英屬處女島	註冊成立	普通 1,111美元			投資控股及LPG銷售
China Natural Gas Investments Limited	BVI	Incorporated	Ordinary US\$100	100#	100#	Investment holding
	英屬處女島	註冊成立	普通 100美元			投資控股
Panriver Investments Company Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$200,000,000	100##	100##	Investment holding
	香港	有限責任公司	普通200,000,000港元			投資控股
China Gas – SK Energy Holdings Co. Ltd.	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$18,200,000	100##	100##	Investment holding
	香港	有限責任公司	普通18,200,000港元			投資控股

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48. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/operations 註冊成立或註冊/營業地點	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行股本/ 註冊資本	Proport nominal issued shar registered held by the 本公司所持己 註冊資本「 As at Ma 於三月三 2017 二零一七年 %	value of re capital/ d capital Company U發行股本/ 面值比例 arch 31	Principal activities 主要業務
富地柳林燃氣有限公司	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary US\$59,027,780	70**	70**	Exploration and production of coal bed methane
	香港	有限責任公司	普通 59,027,780美元			勘探及生產煤床甲烷
Fortune Gas Investment Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$702,730,911	100**	100##	Investment holding, sales of natural gas and CBM business
	香港	有限責任公司	普通 702,730,911港元			投資控股、天然氣銷售 及CBM業務
Energy Link Investments Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$800,000,000	100#	100#	Investment holding
	香港	有限責任公司	普通 800,000,000港元			投資控股
China Gas Energy Utilisation Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$1	100*	100#	Investment holding
	香港	有限責任公司	普通 1港元			投資控股
Zhongran Energy Network Development Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	Ordinary HK\$100	100#	100#	Investment holding
	香港	有限責任公司	普通 100港元			投資控股
意陽輸配	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB10,000,000	100##	-	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 10,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建設
齊南中燃	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB11,000,000	89.6##	-	Sales of natural gas and gas pipeline construction
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 11,000,000元			天然氣銷售及燃氣管道建
Rosy Link Investment Limited	BVI	Incorporated	Ordinary US\$1	100#	-	Investment holding
	英屬處女島	註冊成立	普通 1美元			投資控股

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48. PARTICULAR OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

48. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation or registration/ operations 註冊成立或註冊	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital 缴足已發行股本/ 註冊資本	Propor nominal issued sha registere held by the 本公司所持己 註冊資本 As at Mi 於三月三 2017 二零一七年 %	value of re capital/ d capital Company 已發行股本/ 面值比例 arch 31	Principal activities 主要業務
武漢中燃能源集團有限公司	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB390,310,000	100 ^s	-	Development, production and supply of gas appliances
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 390,310,000元			開發、生產及提供燃氣用具
Beijing Gas	BVI	Incorporated	Ordinary US\$1	100##	-	Investment holding
北燃發展	英屬處女島	註冊成立	普通1美元			投資控股
北燃錦州	PRC	Limited liability company	Registered RMB300,000,000	99**	-	Distribution of city gas and natural gas for vehicle use and the construction of long distance natural gas pipeline
	中國	有限責任公司	註冊人民幣 300,000,000元			城市燃氣及車用天然氣 銷售及長距離天然氣管道 的建設

- * The proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital/registered capital directly held by the Company.
- The proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital/registered capital indirectly held by the Company.

The above table lists the principal subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Note:

(1) The deferred shares, which are not held by the Group, practically carry no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the Company or to participate in any distribution on winding up.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the both years.

- 本公司直接持有之已發行股本/註冊資本/註冊資本面值比例。
- ## 本公司間接持有之已發行股本/註冊資本/註冊資本面值比例。

上表載列董事認為對本集團業績或資產 有主要影響之本公司各主要附屬公司。 董事認為,提供其他附屬公司詳情會導 致資料過於冗長。

附註:

(1) 遞延股份並非由本集團持有,而實際上並不附帶收取股息、接獲本公司任何股東大會通告、出席會議或於會上投票或於清盤時分享任何分派之權利。

各附屬公司於該兩個年度結束時並無任 何未償還債務證券。

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

49. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 49. 本公司財務狀況表 COMPANY

Information about the statement of the financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

本公司於報告期末之財務狀況表資料如下:

As at March 31 於三月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets Plant and equipment Interests in subsidiaries Investments in associates Investments in joint ventures Available-for-sale investments Amounts due from subsidiaries	非流動資產 廠房及設備 於附屬公司之權益 於聯營公司之投資 於合資公司之投資 可供出售之投資 應收附屬公司款項		608 6,443,140 1,410,350 598,974 2,900 13,023,688
		21,326,210	21,479,660
Current assets Other receivables and prepayment Bank balances and cash	流動資產 其他應收賬項及預付款項 銀行結存及現金	208,842 229,572	14,251 329,095
		438,414	343,346
Current liabilities Other payables and accruals Amounts due to subsidiaries Bank and other borrowings — due within one year	流動負債 其他應付賬項及應計款項 應付附屬公司款項 銀行及其他借貸 一於一年內到期	60,622 4,235,982 1,758,886	33,062 6,808,889 1,095,504
		6,055,490	7,937,455
Net current liabilities	 流動負債淨額	(5,617,076)	(7,594,109)
		15,709,134	13,885,551
Equity # Share capital Reserves	霍益 股本 儲備	49,685 8,711,119	49,104 8,413,628
Total equity	灌益總額	8,760,804	8,462,732
Non-current liability Bank and other borrowings — due after one year	非流動負債 銀行及其他借貸 一於一年後到期	6,948,330	5,422,819
		15,709,134	13,885,551

For the year ended March 31, 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

49. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 49. 本公司財務狀況表(續) COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Movement in the Company's reserves:

本公司之儲備變動:

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Employee share-based compensation reserve 僱員股份 報酬儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元 (note) (附註)	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
	W							
At April 1, 2015 Profit and total comprehensive	於二零一五年四月一日 年度溢利及全面收入總額	8,020,635	1,368	(115,794)	65,475	192	1,267,627	9,239,503
income for the year		-	_	_	_	_	1,152,142	1,152,142
Exchange difference arising from	換算產生之匯兑差額			(00.570)				(00.570)
translation	D 0# 00 /o	(0.40.05.4)	_	(89,570)	_	-	(015)	(89,570)
Repurchase of shares Transfer to accumulated profits upon forfeiture of share	回購股份 於沒收購股權後轉撥至 累計溢利	(946,354)	-	-	-	915	(915)	(946,354)
options		_	(1,368)	_	_	_	1,368	_
Dividends paid	已付股息	-	_	_	_	_	(942,093)	(942,093)
	W = VE-8-1 -							
At March 31, 2016 Profit and total comprehensive	於二零一六年三月三十一日 年度溢利及全面收入總額	7,074,281	-	(205,364)	65,475	1,107	1,478,129	8,413,628
income for the year	十	_	_	_	_	_	783,267	783,267
Exchange difference arising from	換算產生之匯兑差額							
translation		_	-	(262,815)	-	_	-	(262,815)
Repurchase of shares	回購股份	(538,068)	_	_	_	527	(527)	(538,068)
Issuance of new shares upon acquisitions of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司時發行新股份	1,268,923						1,268,923
Dividends paid	已付股息	1,200,923	_	_	_	_	(953,816)	(953,816)
Saorido paid	טואווו						(000,010)	(000,010)
At March 31, 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	7,805,136	-	(468,179)	65,475	1,634	1,307,053	8,711,119

Note: The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the underlying net assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company as a result of the group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares in 1995 and the nominal amount of the Company's share capital issued as consideration for the acquisition.

附註:本公司之實繳盈餘指本公司因本公司 股份於一九九五年上市前進行集團重 組而收購之附屬公司之相關資產淨值 及本公司作為收購之代價而發行之股 本之面值之差額。

Financial Summary 財務摘要

For the year ended 31 March

截至三月三十一日止

		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
		二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Results	業績					
Revenue	收入	31,993,323	29,496,869	31,666,111	26,007,997	17,955,672
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company		4,147,732	2,273,121	3,371,053	2,575,506	1,764,264

As at 31 March

於三月三十一日

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一三年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Assets and liabilities 資產及負債 Total assets 總資產 Total liabilities 總負債	59,986,820	53,532,891	50,624,436	45,264,629	32,495,039
	(36,059,212)	(32,568,771)	(29,188,936)	(27,107,617)	(19,752,254)
	23,927,608	20,964,120	21,435,500	18,157,012	12,742,785
Equity attributable to owners 歸屬本公司擁有人 of the Company 之權益 Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	20,550,233	17,852,562	18,396,317	15,783,489	11,484,640
	3,377,375	3,111,558	3,039,183	2,373,523	1,258,145
	23,927,608	20,964,120	21,435,500	18,157,012	12,742,785



Particulars of Major Properties 主要物業資料

Location 地點	Type 類別	Group's interest (%) 本集團之權益(%)	Lease term 租期
Leasehold land and buildings 租賃土地及樓宇			
In Hong Kong: 香港地區:			
16/F., AXA Centre No. 151 Gloucester Road Wan Chai Hong Kong 香港 灣仔 告士打道151號 安盛中心16樓	Office premises 辦公室物業	100	Long lease 長期租約
In the People's Republic of China: 於中華人民共和國:			
深圳市濱河大道5002號 聯合廣場B座6樓、8樓、10樓101室、 13樓、15樓及18樓	Commercial 商業	100	Medium term lease 中期租約
聯合廣場A座4樓4305室	Commercial 商業	100	Medium term lease 中期租約
北京市宣武門廣安門南街6號	Office premises 辦公室物業	100	Medium term lease 中期租約
Investment properties 投資物業			
No. 28–30 Kai Tak Road Kowloon City Kowloon Hong Kong 香港 九龍 九龍城 啟德道28–30號	Vacant land 空置土地	100	Medium term lease 中期租約







CHINA GAS HOLDINGS LIMITED 中國燃氣控股有限公司*

香港灣仔告士打道151號安盛中心16樓1601室

www.chinagasholdings.com.hk



