



# **ADAMA LTD.**

## **SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT 2024**

ADAMA Ltd. is a global leader in crop protection, providing solutions to farmers across the world to combat weeds, insects and disease. ADAMA has one of the widest and most diverse portfolios of active ingredients in the world, state-of-the art R&D, manufacturing and formulation facilities, together with a culture that empowers our people in markets around the world to listen to farmers and ideate from the field. This uniquely positions ADAMA to offer a vast array of distinctive mixtures, formulations and high-quality differentiated products, delivering solutions that meet local farmer and customer needs in over 100 countries globally.

**Please see important additional information and further details included in the Annex.**

**August 2024**

## Section I - Important Notice, Table of Contents and Definitions

- The Company's Board of Directors, Board of Supervisors, directors, supervisors and senior managers confirm that the content of the Report is true, accurate and complete and contains no false statement, misleading presentations or material omissions, and assume joint and several legal liability arising therefrom.
- Steve Hawkins, the person in charge of the Company (President and Chief Executive Officer) as well as its legal representative, and Efrat Nagar, the person leading the accounting function (Chief Financial Officer), hereby assert and confirm the truthfulness, accuracy and completeness of the Financial Report.
- All the Company's directors attended the board meeting for the review of this Report.
- The forward-looking information described in this Report, such as future plans, development strategy, market trends and their effect etc., does not constitute, in any manner whatsoever, a substantial commitment of the Company to investors. Investors and other relevant people are cautioned to be sufficiently mindful of investment risks as well as the difference between plans, forecasts and commitments.
- The Company has described its possible risks in "X - Risks Facing the Company and Countermeasures" under Section III herein. The major risks of the Company include, among others, exchange rate fluctuations; exposure to interest rate, Israel CPI and NIS exchange rate fluctuations; fluctuations in raw material inputs and prices, and in sales. Investors and other relevant people are cautioned to be sufficiently mindful of investment risks. For the complete "Risks Facing the Company and Countermeasures" of the Company, please see the relevant section below.
- For the Reporting Period, the Company does not plan to distribute cash dividends or bonus shares or convert capital reserve into share capital.
- This Report and its Abstract have been prepared in both Chinese and English. Should there be any discrepancies between the two versions, the Chinese version shall prevail.

## Table of Contents

<b>Section I - Important Notice, Table of Contents and Definitions.....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Section II - Corporate Profile and Financial Results.....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Section III - Performance Discussion and Analysis.....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Section IV – Corporate Governance .....</b>	<b>33</b>
<b>Section V – Environmental and Social Responsibilities .....</b>	<b>35</b>
<b>Section VI - Significant Events.....</b>	<b>46</b>
<b>Section VII - Share Changes and Shareholders.....</b>	<b>87</b>
<b>Section VIII - Preferred stock .....</b>	<b>94</b>
<b>Section IX - Bonds .....</b>	<b>95</b>
<b>Section X - Financial Report.....</b>	<b>96</b>

## Documents Available for Reference

- (I) Duly signed Financial Statements by the Legal Representative and Accounting Principal as well as Head of the Accounting Organ;
- (II) Originals of all Company's documents previously disclosed in media designated by the CSRC as well as the originals of all the public notices, were deposited in the Company's office.

## Definitions

General Terms	Definition
Company, the Company	ADAMA Ltd.
Adama Solutions	Adama Agricultural Solutions Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, incorporated in Israel according to its laws
Anpon, ADAMA Anpon	ADAMA Anpon (Jiangsu) Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, incorporated in China according to its laws
ADAMA Huifeng	ADAMA Huifeng (Jiangsu) Ltd., a 51% owned subsidiary of the Company, incorporated in China according to its laws
Board of Directors/Board	The Board of Directors of the Company
Board of Supervisors	The Board of Supervisors of the Company
Group, the Group, ADAMA	The Company, including all its subsidiaries, unless expressly stated otherwise
ChemChina	China National Chemical Co., Ltd.
ChemChina-Syngenta Transaction	The acquisition of Syngenta AG by ChemChina in 2017
CNAC	China National Agrochemical Co., Ltd., the indirect controlling shareholder of the Company, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ChemChina
CSRC	China Securities Regulatory Commission
SZSE	Shenzhen Stock Exchange
SASAC	State Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of China
Syngenta Group	Syngenta Group Co., Ltd, the controlling shareholder of the Company as of June 15, 2020, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CNAC
Sinochem Holdings	Sinochem Holdings Corporation Ltd.
Sinochem Group	Sinochem Holdings including all its subsidiaries unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires
Report	This 2024 Semi-Annual Report
Reporting Period, this Period	January 1, 2024 - June 30, 2024
2023 Annual Report	The Company's 2023 Annual Report published on March 27, 2024

## Section II - Corporate Profile and Financial Results

### I. Corporate Information

<b>Stock name</b>	ADAMA A, ADAMA B	<b>Stock code</b>	000553, 200553
<b>Stock exchange</b>	Shenzhen Stock Exchange		
<b>Company name in Chinese</b>	安道麦股份有限公司		
<b>Abbr.</b>	安道麦		
<b>Company name in English (if any)</b>	ADAMA Ltd.		
<b>Abbr. (if any)</b>	ADAMA		
<b>Legal representative</b>	Steve Hawkins		

### II. Contact Information

	<b>Board Secretary</b>	<b>Securities Affairs Representative &amp; Investor Relations Manager</b>
<b>Name</b>	Guo Zhi	Wang Zhujun
<b>Address</b>	6/F, No.7 Office Building, No.10 Courtyard, Chaoyang Park South Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing	
<b>Tel.</b>	010-56718110	010-56718110
<b>Fax</b>	010-59246173	010-59246173
<b>E-mail</b>	<a href="mailto:irchina@adama.com">irchina@adama.com</a>	<a href="mailto:irchina@adama.com">irchina@adama.com</a>

### III. Other Information

#### 1. Ways to Contact the Company

Indicate by tick mark whether any changes occurred to the registered address, office address and their postal codes, website address and email address of the Company during the Reporting Period.

Applicable  Not applicable

No changes occurred to the said information during the Reporting Period, which can be found in the 2023 Annual Report.

#### 2. Information Disclosure Media and Place where this Report is Kept

Indicate by tick mark whether any changes occurred to the information disclosure media and the place where this Report is kept during the Reporting Period.

Applicable  Not applicable

The newspapers designated by the Company for information disclosure, the website designated by the CSRC for the publication of this Report and the location where this Report is kept did not change during

the Reporting Period. Said information can be found in the 2023 Annual Report.

### 3. Other Relevant Documents

Indicate by tick mark whether any changes occurred to the relevant documents during the Reporting Period.

Applicable  Not applicable

## IV. Main Accounting Data and Financial Results

Indicate by tick mark whether the Company needs to retroactively adjust or restate any of its accounting data.

Yes  No

	January - June 2024	January - June 2023	YoY +/- (%)
Operating revenues (RMB'000)	14,910,289	17,253,201	-13.58%
Net loss attributable to shareholders of the Company (RMB'000)	(894,866)	(242,156)	-269.54%
Net loss attributable to shareholders of the Company excluding non-recurring profit and loss (RMB'000)	(947,055)	(304,966)	-210.54%
Net cash flow from (used in) operating activities (RMB'000)	1,731,118	(64,876)	2768.35%
Basic EPS (RMB/share)	(0.3841)	(0.1039)	-269.68%
Diluted EPS (RMB/share)	NA	NA	NA
Weighted average return on net assets	(4.17%)	(1.03%)	-3.14 pp
	<b>End of Reporting Period</b>	<b>End of last year</b>	<b>+/- (%)</b>
Total assets (RMB'000)	52,854,481	55,405,803	-4.60%
Net assets attributable to shareholders (RMB'000)	20,982,486	21,924,475	-4.30%

## V. Differences in Accounting Data under Domestic and Foreign Accounting Standards

### 1. Differences in Net Profit and Net Assets Disclosed in Financial Reports Prepared under Chinese and International Accounting Standards

Applicable  Not applicable

None during the Reporting Period.

### 2. Differences in Net Profit and Net Assets Disclosed in Financial Reports Prepared under Chinese and Foreign Accounting Standards

Applicable  Not applicable

None during the Reporting Period.

### 3. Reason for accounting data differences under Chinese and Foreign Accounting Standards

Applicable  Not applicable

## VI. Non-Recurring Profit/Loss

Applicable  Not applicable

Unit: RMB'000

Item	Reporting Period	Note
Gains/losses on the disposal of non-current assets (including the offset part of asset impairment provisions)	18,217	
Government grants recognized through profit or loss (excluding government grants closely related to regular operation of the Company and continuously given at a fixed quota or amount in accordance with certain standards)	2,299	
Recovery or reversal of provision for bad debts which is assessed individually during the years	16,710	
Post vesting cash share based payment revaluation	17,338	
Other non-operating income and expenses other than the above	7,799	
Other profit or loss that meets the definition of non-recurring profit or loss	-	
Less: Income tax effects	10,174	
Total	52,189	

Details of other profit and loss items that meet the definition of non-recurring profit or loss.

Applicable  Not applicable

No such cases in the Reporting Period.

Explanation whether the Company has classified an item as non-recurring profit/loss according to the definition in the Explanatory Announcement No. 1 on Information Disclosure for Companies Offering Their Securities to the Public - Non-Recurring Profit and Loss, and reclassified any non-recurring profit/loss item given as an example in the said explanatory announcement to recurrent profit/loss

Applicable  Not applicable

No such cases in the Reporting Period.



## Section III - Performance Discussion and Analysis

### I. Main Business of the Company during the Reporting Period

The Company is a corporation incorporated in the People's Republic of China.

The Group is a global leader in crop protection, engaging in the development, manufacturing and commercialization of a wide range of crop protection products, that are largely off-patent. The Group provides solutions to farmers to combat weeds, insects and disease, and sells its products in over 100 countries, through approximately 60 subsidiaries worldwide.

The Group's business model integrates end-customer access, regulatory expertise, state-of-the art global R&D, production and formulation facilities, thereby providing the Group a significant competitive edge and allowing it to launch new and differentiated products that meet local farmers and customer needs in key markets.

The Group's primary operations are global, spanning activities in Europe, Africa & Middle East (EAME), North America, Latin America and Asia-Pacific (including China).

The Group also utilizes its expertise to adapt such products also for the development, manufacturing and commercialization of similar products for non-agricultural purposes (Consumer and Professional Solutions).

In addition, the Group leverages its core capabilities in the agricultural and chemical fields and operates in several other non-agricultural areas, none of which, individually, is material for the Group. These activities, collectively reported as Intermediates and Ingredients, include primarily, (a) the manufacturing and marketing of dietary supplements, food colors, texture and flavor enhancers, and food fortification ingredients; (b) fragrance products for the perfume, cosmetics, body care and detergents industries; (c) the manufacturing of industrial products and (d) other non-material activities.

ADAMA Group is a distinctive member of Syngenta Group, a world leader in agricultural inputs, spanning crop protection, seeds, fertilizers, additional agricultural and digital technologies, as well as an advanced distribution network in China.

#### **The General Crop Protection Market Environment**

Key commodity crop prices continued to decline through the second quarter of 2024, although remain above average historical levels. Farmer income is pressured by the declining crop commodity prices, however, there has been some ease in the prices of inputs such as fertilizers.

The channel inventory situation continues to ease but the high interest rate environment coupled with ample product supply continue to drive a just-in-time purchasing approach by the channel. Active ingredient prices from China remained low during Q2 with some molecules even experiencing further price declines. Container shipping costs climbed higher during Q2 due to the combination of the red sea disruptions coupled with higher global trade demand.

#### **Crop Protection Products**

As described within the Company's 2023 annual report, the Group is focused on the development, manufacturing and commercialization of largely off-patent crop protection products, which are generally herbicides, insecticides and fungicides, which protect agricultural and other crops against weeds, insects and disease, respectively. Since the publication of the 2023 annual report, no major changes occurred

with that respect. For details, please refer to 2023 annual report.

**Please see important additional information and further details included in the Annex.**

## II. Core Competitiveness Analysis

No significant changes occurred to the core competitiveness of the Company during the Reporting Period.

## III. Analysis of Main Business

General Description

Whether it is the same as main business of the Company during the Reporting Period disclosed or not?

Yes  No

Please refer to the relevant information in section “I. Main Business of the Company during the Reporting Period” above.

Year-on-year changes of main financial data:

	2024 Apr-June (000'RMB)	Same period of last year (000'RMB)	+/-%	2024 Apr- June (000'USD)	Same period of last year (000'USD)	+/-%
<b>Operating revenues</b>	<b>7,401,390</b>	<b>8,642,625</b>	<b>-14.36%</b>	<b>1,041,344</b>	<b>1,233,158</b>	<b>-15.55%</b>
Cost of goods sold	5,785,722	6,865,895	-15.73%	814,027	979,683	-16.91%
Selling and Distribution expenses	1,282,638	1,095,906	17.04%	180,460	156,372	15.40%
General and administrative expenses	256,008	194,777	31.44%	36,019	27,779	29.66%
R&D expenses	106,255	127,476	-16.65%	14,948	18,188	-17.81%
Financial Expenses	256,483	249,143	2.95%	36,099	35,505	1.67%
Loss from Changes in Fair Value	(47,557)	(430,092)	88.94%	(6,691)	(61,367)	89.10%
Total Net Financial Expenses	304,040	679,235	-55.24%	42,790	96,872	-55.83%
<b>Loss before tax</b>	<b>(420,137)</b>	<b>(389,700)</b>	<b>-7.81%</b>	<b>(59,123)</b>	<b>(55,586)</b>	<b>-6.36%</b>
Tax expenses (income)	247,124	(64,271)	484.50%	34,770	(9,171)	479.13%
<b>Net loss</b>	<b>(667,261)</b>	<b>(325,429)</b>	<b>-105.04%</b>	<b>(93,893)</b>	<b>(46,415)</b>	<b>-102.29%</b>
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>539,027</b>	<b>806,267</b>	<b>-33.15%</b>	<b>75,841</b>	<b>115,014</b>	<b>-34.06%</b>
Net cash flows from operating activities	2,466,280	2,840,293	-13.17%	346,996	405,262	-14.38%
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(342,006)	(481,744)	29.01%	(48,119)	(68,737)	30.00%
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(1,861,463)	(1,449,755)	-28.40%	(261,900)	(206,855)	-26.61%
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	291,925	1,091,971	-73.27%	38,648	126,311	-69.40%

	Reporting Period (000'RMB)	Same period of last year (000'RMB)	+/-%	Reporting Period (000'USD)	Same period of last year (000'USD)	+/-%
<b>Operating revenues</b>	<b>14,910,289</b>	<b>17,253,201</b>	<b>-13.58%</b>	<b>2,098,494</b>	<b>2,491,683</b>	<b>-15.78%</b>
Cost of goods sold	11,474,074	13,358,727	-14.11%	1,614,867	1,928,680	-16.27%
Selling and Distribution expenses	2,363,376	2,161,199	9.35%	332,614	312,074	6.58%
General and administrative expenses	536,266	461,146	16.29%	75,475	66,708	13.14%
R&D expenses	218,107	262,378	-16.87%	30,695	37,905	-19.02%
Financial Expenses	623,647	455,855	36.81%	87,804	65,727	33.59%
Loss from Changes in Fair Value	(196,492)	(782,218)	74.88%	(27,659)	(112,834)	75.49%
Total Net Financial Expenses	820,139	1,238,073	-33.76%	115,463	178,561	-35.34%
<b>Loss before tax</b>	<b>(571,430)</b>	<b>(318,589)</b>	<b>-79.36%</b>	<b>(80,433)</b>	<b>(45,200)</b>	<b>-77.95%</b>
Tax expenses (income)	323,436	(76,433)	523.16%	45,514	(10,948)	515.73%
<b>Net loss</b>	<b>(894,866)</b>	<b>(242,156)</b>	<b>-269.54%</b>	<b>(125,947)</b>	<b>(34,252)</b>	<b>-267.71%</b>
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>1,394,754</b>	<b>1,940,990</b>	<b>-28.14%</b>	<b>196,317</b>	<b>280,866</b>	<b>-30.10%</b>
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	1,731,118	(64,876)	2768.35%	243,495	(19,357)	1357.92%
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(814,956)	(1,121,109)	27.31%	(114,703)	(162,187)	29.28%
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	(1,844,670)	1,401,023	-231.67%	(259,536)	209,817	-223.70%
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(886,478)	345,284	-356.74%	(128,632)	25,853	-597.55%

Major changes to the profit structure or sources of the Company in the Reporting Period:

Applicable  Not applicable

None during the Reporting Period.

## Analysis of Financial Highlights

### (1) Operating Revenues

**Revenues** in the second quarter declined by approximately 16% (-14% in RMB terms; -14% in CER terms) to \$1,041 million, presenting a decrease of 10% in prices and a decrease of 4% in volumes. The lower sales reflect lower market prices and de-focus from selected low profit products. Inventory levels in some areas have improved, however, high competition from Chinese and Indian manufacturers increased pricing pressure mainly in commoditized crop protection products, while the channel is exercising more cautious buying patterns in light of previous price volatility and a higher interest rate environment.

These results brought the revenues in the first half of 2024 to \$2,098 million, a decline of approximately 16% (-14% in RMB terms; -14% in CER terms), reflecting a decrease of 10% in prices and a decrease of 4% in volumes.

Unit: RMB'000

	2024H1		2023H1		YoY +/-%
	Amount	Ratio of the operating revenue	Amount	Ratio of the operating revenue	
Total operating revenue	14,910,289	100.0%	17,253,201	100.0%	-13.6%
<b>Classified by industries</b>					
Manufacture of chemical raw materials and chemical products	14,910,289	100.0%	17,253,201	100.0%	-13.6%
<b>Classified by products</b>					
Herbicides	6,163,343	41.3%	7,630,195	44.2%	-19.2%
Fungicides	3,155,230	21.2%	3,475,688	20.1%	-9.2%
Insecticides	4,215,471	28.3%	4,749,282	27.5%	-11.2%
Ingredients and Intermediates (Formerly referred to as Non-Agro)	1,376,245	9.2%	1,398,036	8.1%	-1.6%
<b>Classified by regions</b>					
Europe, Africa & Middle East (EAME)	4,827,131	32.4%	5,286,856	30.6%	-8.7%
North America	2,941,766	19.7%	3,018,617	17.5%	-2.5%
Latin America	2,841,344	19.1%	3,902,210	22.6%	-27.2%
Asia-Pacific	4,300,048	28.8%	5,045,518	29.2%	-14.8%

Note: the sales split per product category is provided for convenience purposes only, and is not representative of the way the Company is managed or in which it makes its operational decisions.

### Regional Sales Performance in USD

	Q2 2024 \$m	Q2 2023 \$m	Change USD	H1 2024 \$m	H1 2023 \$m	Change USD
Europe, Africa & Middle East (EAME)*	312	334	-6.8%	679	765	-11.1%
North America	223	225	-0.8%	414	436	-5.0%
Latin America	209	329	-36.5%	400	562	-28.9%
Asia Pacific	298	345	-13.7%	605	729	-17.0%
Of which China	121	141	-14.0%	275	323	-14.9%
Total	1,041	1,233	-15.6%	2,098	2,492	-15.8%

Note: the following analysis of regional sales performance is based on USD results, and the numbers in this table may not sum due to rounding.

### **Europe, Africa & Middle East (EAME):**

Sales in **EAME** decreased in the second quarter and first half of 2024, despite demand recovering in Europe at the former level in the second quarter supported by positive weather in Western and Southern Europe, slowly improving inventory levels. Overall pricing was softer, particularly in commoditized products, with new competition coming into the market.

### **North America:**

**Consumer & Professional Solutions** – Sales were higher in the second quarter following normalized buying patterns supported by good weather, while the Company focused on higher margin products. In the half-year period sales were stable.

In the **US Ag** market, sales declined in the second quarter and first half of 2024 reflecting overall good weather, with the season progressing as usual, while new competition from China and India is putting pressure on pricing. Channel inventory levels have declined with purchasing patterns on a just-in-time basis. Pricing is currently stabilizing, although still lower than during H1 2023.

The Company's sales in **Canada** declined in the second quarter and first half of 2024 reflecting low insecticide sales as weather conditions were unfavorable for insect pressure. While inventory levels are declining, mainly in herbicide and fungicides, purchasing patterns on a just-in-time basis. Additionally, the market experienced strong competition and softer pricing, particularly in commoditized products.

### **Latin America:**

**Brazil** – decline in sales in the second quarter and first half of 2024, reflecting the softer pricing, competition from Chinese competitors, “wait and see” farmers behavior postponing CP purchases, as well as de-focus from non-selective herbicides. Channel inventory has mostly normalized however demand is impacted by expectations for additional price decreases. The Company is focusing its sales on higher margin products, with new product introductions of differentiated products continuing to do well.

In the **rest of LATAM** lower sales reflected the overall contraction in the market in Northern LATAM negatively impacted by El Niño weather. Inventory levels are back to normal levels in most countries, while pricing was impacted by high competition, mostly in commoditized products.

### **Asia-Pacific:**

In **China**, the branded formulations sales in the second quarter and first half of 2024 were impacted by pressure on pricing and negative weather in southern China while focusing on improving the quality of the business with differentiated products. High channel inventories especially for cash crops. In the non-ag business, market pricing in has normalized while tech sales were mainly impacted by a “wait and see” approach in the market.

In the **Pacific region**, sales declined impacted by softer pricing following competition from China and India. Despite this, better weather conditions than expected brought an increase in demand, mainly in Pacific countries in the second quarter of 2024. While channel inventories have declined, purchasing patterns are on a just-in-time basis.

Sales in **India** were impacted by overall negative season with erratic weather and low pest pressure and softer pricing, particularly in commoditized products. Channel inventories have increased due to the weak season.

Sales in the **wider APAC region** continued to experience pricing pressure following intense competition from China, particularly in commoditized products, while good weather conditions supported demand.

## (2) Cost of Goods Sold:

**List of the industries, products or regions which exceed 10% of the operating revenues or operating profits of the Company as at the Reporting Period**

Unit: RMB'000

	Operating revenues	Cost of goods sold	Gross Margin (%)	YoY increase/decrease of the operating revenues	YoY increase/decrease of the cost of goods sold	YoY increase/decrease of the gross margin
Classified by industries						
Manufacturing chemical raw materials and chemical products	14,910,289	11,474,074	23.0%	-13.6%	-14.1%	0.5%
Classified by products						
Crop Protection	13,534,044	10,359,248	23.5%	-14.6%	-14.5%	-0.2%
Ingredients and Intermediates	1,376,245	1,114,826	19.0%	-1.6%	-10.8%	8.4%

If the scope of the Company's main business was adjusted during the Reporting Period, the Company's annual financial data of main business according to the adjusted scope at the end of the year is disclosed as follows:

Applicable  Not applicable

The cost of goods sold in the first half of the year reflected the decline in sales, the positive impact of new inventory sold, priced at market levels, and lower transportation and logistics costs, partially offset by a provision related to the soil cleanup and remediation regarding the Company's plant in Be'er Sheva and the negative impact of exchange rates. Improvement in the sales mix of higher margin products following management's focus on the quality of business also contributed to the improvement of gross margin.

## (3) Operating Expenses:

Operating expenses include Sales and Marketing, General and Administration and R&D.

The Company recorded certain non-operational charges within its operating expenses amounting to RMB 336 million (\$ 47 million) in Q2 2024 in comparison to RMB 39 million (\$ 6 million) in Q2 2023, and 472 million (\$ 66 million) in H1 2024 in comparison to RMB 104 million (\$ 15 million) in H1 2023, mainly as follows:

(i) Provisions such as legal claims and update of registration depreciation; (ii) measures to improve

efficiencies; (iii) non-cash amortization charges in respect of Transfer Assets received from Syngenta related to the 2017 ChemChina-Syngenta acquisition, The proceeds from the Divestment of crop protection products in connection with the approval by the EU Commission of the acquisition of Syngenta by ChemChina, net of taxes and transaction expenses, were paid to Syngenta in return for the transfer of a portfolio of products in Europe of similar nature and economic value. Since the products acquired from Syngenta are of the same nature, and with the same net economic value as those divested, the Divestment and Transfer transactions had no net impact on the underlying economic performance of the Company. These additional amortization charges will continue until 2032 but at a reducing rate, yet will still be at a meaningful level until 2028; (iv) charges related to the non-cash amortization of intangible assets created as part of the Purchase Price Allocation (PPA) on acquisitions, with no impact on the ongoing performance of the companies acquired.

Excluding the impact of the abovementioned non-operational items, the operating expenses were lower in the second quarter and first half of 2024, following undertaking tight OPEX management measures, including the impact of initiatives included in the Company's transformation plan costs and the positive impact of exchange rates.

#### (4) Financial Expenses:

"Financial Expenses" alone mainly reflect interest payments on corporate bonds and bank loans as well as foreign exchange gains/losses on the bonds and other monetary assets and liabilities before the Company carries out any hedging. The impact of Financial Expenses (before hedging) is RMB 624 million (\$88 million) for the first half of 2024 compared to expenses of RMB 456 million (\$66 million) for the corresponding period in 2023.

Given the global nature of its operational activities and the composition of its assets and liabilities, the Company, in the ordinary course of its business, uses foreign currency derivatives (forwards and options) to hedge the cash flow risks associated with existing monetary assets and liabilities that may be affected by exchange rate fluctuations. "Gains/Losses from Changes in Fair Value" amounted to a net loss of RMB 196 million (\$28 million) in the first half of 2024, mainly due to hedging transactions, compared with a net loss of RMB 782 million (\$113 million) in the corresponding period in 2023.

The aggregate of **Financial Expenses and Gains/Losses from Changes in Fair Value** (hereinafter as "**Total Net Financial Expenses**"), which more comprehensively reflects the financial expenses of the Company in supporting its main business and protecting its monetary assets/liabilities, amounts to RMB 820 million (\$115 million) in the first half of 2024 compared with RMB 1,238 million (\$179 million) in the corresponding period in 2023.

The lower financial expenses were mainly due to lower hedging costs on exchange rates, the net effect of lower Israeli CPI on the ILS-denominated, CPI-linked bonds (in the half-year period), revaluation of put option attributed to minority stake in a subsidiary and steps taken by the Company's management to optimize the Company's financing structure. These steps included taking advantage of the high interest rate environment to increase interest received from weekly bank deposits designated to support working capital, as well as improving financing terms and leveraged group funding possibilities by taking long-term RMB denominated loans at attractive rates, which minimized the increase in bank interest expenses paid.



**(5) Cash Flow:**

**Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities:** Operating cash flow of \$347 million (RMB 2,466 million) was generated in the quarter and \$243 million (RMB 1,731 million) was generated in the half-year period, compared to \$405 million (RMB 2,840 million) generated in the quarter and \$19 million (RMB 65 million) used in the corresponding periods last year, respectively. The operating cash flow was significantly improved in the first half-year of 2024 due to the company maintaining strict procurement practices, intensive collections and an improvement in supplier terms, reflecting initial implementation of initiatives taken as part of the company's transformation plan.

**Net cash used in investing activities** was \$48 million (RMB 342 million) in the quarter and \$115 million (RMB 815 million) in the half-year period, compared to \$69 million (RMB 482 million) and \$162 million (RMB 1,121 million) in the corresponding periods last year, respectively. The lower cash used in investing activities in the second quarter and first half of 2024 reflected the prioritization of fixed asset investments in its manufacturing facilities as well as optimization of the company's portfolio, part of the implementation of the Company's transformation plan, reflected in prioritization of investments in intangible assets relating to ADAMA's global registrations. It should be noted, that in the first quarter of 2023 the company completed the acquisition of AgriNova New Zealand.

**Free cash flow** of \$245 million (RMB 1,740 million) was generated in the second quarter and \$51 million (RMB 364 million) generated in the half-year period compared to \$288 million (RMB 2,021 million) generated in the second quarter and \$254 million (RMB 1,689 million) consumed in the corresponding periods last year, respectively, reflecting the aforementioned operating and investing cash flow dynamics.

**Cash Flow from Financing Activities** was \$262 million (RMB 1,861 million) consumed in the quarter and \$260 million (RMB 1,845 million) consumed in the half-year period, compared to \$207 million (RMB 1,450 million) consumed and \$210 million (RMB 1,401 million) generated in the corresponding periods last year, respectively, mainly driven by the paydown of short terms loans due to the positive free cash flow in the quarter.

## IV. Analysis of Non-Core Business

✓ Applicable  Not applicable

Unit: RMB'000

	Amount	Proportion in total profit	Reasons	Whether sustained
Investment income	4,418	-0.77%	-	No
Gain/loss from change of Fair Value	(196,492)	34.39%	Mainly from changes in fair value and realization of derivatives. See explanation of financial expenses	No
Asset impairment losses	59,134	10.35%	-	No
Gain or loss from disposal of assets	18,217	-3.19%	-	No
Non-operating income	43,241	-7.57%	-	No
Non-operating loss	12,465	2.18%	-	No

## V. Analysis of Assets and Liabilities

### 1. Significant Changes in Asset Composition

Unit: RMB'000

	End of Reporting Period		End of last year		Change in percentage point (%)	Reason for significant change
	Amount	As a percentage of total assets (%)	Amount	As a percentage of total assets (%)		
Cash at bank and on hand	3,995,217	7.56%	4,881,328	8.81%	-1.25 pp	-
Accounts receivable	8,376,840	15.85%	8,146,677	14.70%	1.15 pp	-
Inventories	12,316,391	23.30%	13,088,757	23.62%	-0.32 pp	-
Investment property	21,327	0.04%	22,145	0.04%	0.00 pp	-
Long term equity investments	29,305	0.06%	31,474	0.06%	0.00 pp	-
Fixed assets	9,800,110	18.54%	10,040,113	18.12%	0.42 pp	-
Construction in progress	2,699,358	5.11%	2,507,328	4.53%	0.58 pp	-
Right of use assets	575,852	1.09%	625,235	1.13%	-0.04 pp	-
Short-term loans	4,597,378	8.70%	5,733,522	10.35%	-1.65 pp	-
Contract liabilities	1,389,717	2.63%	1,514,365	2.73%	-0.10 pp	-
Long-term loans	2,891,645	5.47%	2,885,939	5.21%	0.26 pp	-
Lease liabilities	447,815	0.85%	495,459	0.89%	-0.04 pp	-

## 2. Main Overseas Assets

Applicable  Not applicable

Specific contents of the assets	Reason	Scale (Amount) of the assets (RMB'000)	Location	Operation /Management mode	Control measures to guarantee safety of the assets	Net Profit of the assets (RMB'000)	Proportion of overseas assets out of total net assets (%)	Significant impairment risk?
Equity investment in Adama Solutions	Acquired through Major Assets Restructuring	17,516,997	Israel and globally	Corporate Governance	Corporate Governance	(1,103,256)	83%	No
Other explanations					N/A			

## 3. Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

Applicable  Not applicable

Unit: RMB'000

Item	Opening balance	Profit/loss on fair value changes in the Reporting Period	Cumulative fair value changes charged to equity	Impairment provided in the Reporting Period	Purchased in the Reporting Period	Sold in the Reporting Period	Others	Closing balance
<b>Financial assets</b>								
1. Financial assets held for trading (excluding derivative financial assets)	1,912	-	-	-	213	-	-	2,125
2. Derivative financial assets (including long term)	850,137	(509,963)	7,835	-	368,658	(494,005)	-	222,662
3. Other equity investments	132,018	-	561	-	-	-	-	132,579
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>984,067</b>	<b>(509,963)</b>	<b>8,396</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>368,871</b>	<b>(494,005)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>357,366</b>
Other	204,473	-	-	-	32,181	(14,653)	-	222,001
<b>Total of above</b>	<b>1,188,540</b>	<b>(509,963)</b>	<b>8,396</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>401,052</b>	<b>(508,658)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>579,367</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>	<b>607,787</b>	<b>(327,269)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>280,518</b>

Significant changes in the measurement attributes of the main assets in the Reporting Period

Yes  No

## 4. Limitation on Asset Rights as of End of the Reporting Period

At the end of this Reporting Period, restricted assets included RMB 24,337,000 - restricted cash, most of which as guarantee for bank acceptance bills; and RMB 117,884,000 and RMB 124,363,000 – other current assets and other non-current assets respectively, mainly as guarantee for lawsuits.

## VI. Investments Made

### 1. Overall Condition of the Total Investments Made

Applicable  Not applicable

Investment during the Reporting Period (RMB'000)	Investment during the Same Period Last Year (RMB'000)	+/-% YoY
22,170,519	29,389,828	-24.56%

### 2. Significant Equity Investments during the Reporting Period

Applicable  Not applicable

### 3. Significant Non-Equity Investments executed during the Reporting Period

Applicable  Not applicable

### 4. Financial Investments

#### (1) Investments in Securities

Applicable  Not applicable

None during the Reporting Period.

**(2) Investments in Derivative Financial Instruments**√ Applicable  Not applicable**(1) Investment in Derivative Financial Instruments for Hedging during the Reporting Period**√ Applicable  Not Applicable

Unit: 000 RMB

Investment Type	Initial Investment	Opening Balance	Profit/loss on fair value changes in the Reporting Period	Cumulative fair value changes charged to equity	Purchased in the Reporting Period	Sold in the Reporting Period	Closing Balance	Percentage of investment amount divided by net asset at end of the period
Option	4,774,021	4,774,021	(54,808)	(53,415)	1,774,573	(4,774,021)	1,774,573	8.5%
Forward	11,279,778	11,279,778	(127,886)	(124,635)	20,395,946	(11,279,778)	20,395,946	97.2%
<b>Total</b>	<b>16,053,799</b>	<b>16,053,799</b>	<b>(182,694)</b>	<b>(178,050)</b>	<b>22,170,519</b>	<b>(16,053,799)</b>	<b>22,170,519</b>	<b>105.7%</b>
<b>Explanation of accounting policies and specific accounting principles for hedging during the reporting period, and any significant changes compared with last reporting period</b>	Please refer to section X of this Report, note III. 28.1 for the disclosure of the accounting policies for hedging. There is no change in the accounting policies for hedging during the reporting period.							
<b>Explanations about actual gain/loss during the Reporting Period</b>	The loss during the year was RMB 178,050,000 compared to a loss of RMB 812,144,000 in the same period last year. The loss was mainly due to the devaluation of the ILS of 3.5% compared to 5.1% last year, which was offset by devaluation of the BRL of 15% compared to evaluation of the BRL of 7.5% last year.							
<b>Explanations for hedging effect</b>	Despite of the loss incurred from the hedging transactions, the Group has effectively mitigated the impact from the exchange rate fluctuations during the year.							
<b>Source of fund for the derivatives investment</b>	Internal.							
<b>Risk and control analysis for the Reporting Period (including but not limited to market risk, liquidity risk, credit risk, operational risk, legal risk, etc.)</b>	<p>The aforesaid refers to short term hedging currency transactions made with banks.</p> <p>The Group's transactions are not traded in the market. The Transactions are between the applicable company in the Group and the applicable bank until the expiration date of the transaction, therefore no market risk is involved.</p> <p>Regarding credit and liquidity risk, the Group is working with large and substantial banks only and with some of them the Group has ISDA agreements.</p> <p>As to operational risk, the Group is working with relevant software, which is its back office for all transactions.</p> <p>No legal risk is involved.</p>							

	<p>The actions taken in order to further reduce risks are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The relevant subsidiaries have specific guidelines, under the Group's policy, which were approved by the subsidiaries' financial statements committee of the board, which specifies, inter alia, the hedging policy, the persons that have the authorization to deal with hedging, the tools, ranges etc. The only subsidiary that has hedging positions in the Group in the period was Adama Solutions and its subsidiaries.</li> <li>• The relevant subsidiaries apply management designed procedures and controls, which among other things, monitor the working process and the controls of the hedging transactions and are quarterly reviewed and annually audited.</li> <li>• The controllers of the relevant subsidiaries are involved in the process and are monitoring the hedging accounting treatment.</li> </ul> <p>Every 2-3 years the internal audit of the relevant subsidiaries' department is auditing the entire procedure.</p>
<p><b>Market price or fair value change of investments during the Reporting Period.</b></p> <p><b>Specific methodology and assumptions should be disclosed in the analysis of fair value of the investments</b></p>	<p>The aforesaid refers to short time hedging currency transactions made by the relevant subsidiary with banks.</p> <p>Segregation of duties as follows:</p> <p>For the fair value evaluation, the relevant subsidiary is usually using external experts. The relevant subsidiary hedges currencies only; the relevant transactions are simple (Options and forwards) for short terms. For fair value methodology see section X of this Report, note IX. Fair Value. The exchange rates are provided by the accounting department of the relevant subsidiary and all other parameters are provided by the experts.</p>
<p><b>Litigation-related situations (if applicable)</b></p>	N/A
<p><b>Date of disclosure of Board approval (if any)</b></p>	December 30, 2017
<p><b>Date of disclosure of Shareholders' approval (if any)</b></p>	N/A

The company is required to comply with the “*Self-regulatory Guidelines for Listed Companies on Shenzhen Stock Exchange: No. 3 - Disclosure of Industry Information*”.

The derivative transactions carried out by the Group were mainly through options and forward in order to mitigate the currency exposure and the fluctuation in Israeli CPI. For more details, please refer to the section above.

## **(2) Investment in Derivative Financial Instruments for Speculation during the Reporting Period**

Applicable  Not Applicable

No such situation occurred during the Reporting Period.

## 5. Use of Raised Fund

Applicable  Not applicable

None during the Reporting Period.

## VII. Sale of Major Assets and Equity Interests

### 1. Sale of Significant Assets

Applicable  Not applicable

None during the Reporting Period.

### 2. Sale of Significant Equities

Applicable  Not applicable

## VIII. Main Controlled and Joint Stock Companies

Applicable  Not applicable

List of main subsidiaries and stock-participating companies influencing over 10% of the net profits on the Company

Unit: RMB'000

Name	Type	Main services	Registered capital	Total assets	Net assets	Operating revenues	Operating profit	Net profit
Adama Solutions	Subsidiary	Development, manufacturing and marketing of agrochemicals, intermediate materials for other industries, food additives and synthetic aromatic products, mainly for export.	720,085	44,249,108	14,676,724	13,410,003	(848,909)	(1,097,017)

Subsidiaries acquired or disposed during the Reporting Period

Applicable  Not applicable

Explanations on the main controlled and joint stock companies

Applicable  Not applicable

During the Reporting Period, total sales of Solutions, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, amounted to \$1,886 million, a decline of 15%, reflecting a decrease of 3% in volumes and 11% in prices. Solutions' net loss was \$137 million in the first half of the year, compared with net loss of \$32 million in the corresponding period last year. For detailed explanation of the performance movement, see above explanation of the Section.

## IX. Structured Entities Controlled by the Company

Applicable  Not applicable

## X. Risks Facing the Company and Countermeasures

The Group is exposed to several major risk factors, resulting from its economic environment, the industry and the Group's unique characteristics, as follows (the order below does not indicate priority):

### Exchange rate fluctuations

Although the Company reports its consolidated financial statements in RMB, the Company's material subsidiary Solutions reports its consolidated financial statements in US dollars, which is its functional currency, while its operations, sales and purchases of raw materials are carried out in various currencies. Therefore, fluctuations in the exchange rate of the selling currency against the purchasing currency impact the Company's results. The Group's most significant exposures are to the Euro, the Israeli Shekel and the Brazilian Real. The Group has lesser exposures to other currencies. The strengthening of the US dollar against other currencies in which the Company operates reduces the dollar value of such sales and vice versa.

On an annual basis, approximately 22% of the Group's sales are to the European market and therefore the impact of long-term trends on the Euro may affect the Company's results and profitability.

Analyses of currency exposure from foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations against assets, liabilities and cash flow denominated in foreign currencies are done constantly. High volatility of the exchange rates of these currencies could increase the costs of transactions to hedge against currency exposure, thereby increasing the Company's financing costs.

The Group uses commonly accepted financial instruments to hedge most of its substantial net balance sheet exposure to any particular currency. Nonetheless, since as part of these operations the Group hedges against most of its balance sheet exposure and only against part of its economic exposure, exchange rate volatility might impact the Group's results and profitability. As of the date of publication of this Report, the Group has hedged most of its balance sheet exposure.

In addition, as the Company's product sales depend directly on the cyclical nature of the agricultural seasons, therefore the Company's income and its exposure to the various currencies is not evenly distributed over the year. Countries in the northern hemisphere have similar agricultural seasons and therefore, in these countries, the highest sales are usually during the first half of the calendar year. During this period, the Company is most exposed to the Euro. In the southern hemisphere, the seasons are opposite and most of the local sales are carried out during the second half of the year. During these months, most of the Company's exposure pertains to the Brazilian Real.

### Exposure to Interest rate, Israel CPI and NIS exchange rate fluctuations

The debentures issued by Solutions, the material subsidiary of the Company, are Israeli Shekel based and linked to the Israel Consumer Price Index "CPI" and therefore an increase in the CPI and an appreciation of the shekel rate against the dollar might lead to a significant increase in its financing expenses. In addition, high volatility of the exchange rate of USD/NIS and expectations of material changes in the inflation rate, may increase the costs of hedging transactions on currency exposure, and as a result, may lead to a further increase in the company's financing costs. As of the date of approval of the financial statements, Solutions hedged most of its exposure to these risks on an ongoing basis,



through CPI hedging and USD-ILS exchange rate hedging transactions.

In addition, inflation in several global markets has a cross effect on the business results of the Group, since on one hand, it contributes to the Group's ability to increase the sale price of its products, but on the other hand, it may increase the Group's production costs and operating expenses. As of the date of the Report, the Group is unable to isolate the influence of inflation on its sale prices and its costs. The Group estimates that the cumulative cross influence of inflation does not have a material effect on its financial results.

Since December 31, 2021 the Group have had dollar denominated liabilities bearing variable London Interbank Offered Rates (LIBOR) interest. As a result, the Group was exposed to changes in the US dollar LIBOR interest rate. The Group prepares a quarterly summary of its exposure to changes in the relevant interest rate benchmarks (which replaced the LIBOR interest rate) and periodically examines hedging the variable interest rate by converting it to a fixed rate. As part of the global reform in interest rate benchmarks, the phasing out of LIBOR (the so-called LIBOR fallback) was scheduled for the end of 2021. As of January 1, 2022 three global interest rate benchmarks has transitioned to alternative risk-free rates while replacing the former benchmark LIBOR: SOFR (USD), ESTR (EUR) and SONIA (GBP). As of the date of publication of this Report, the Group has not carried out hedging for such exposure, since US dollar interest rates have been relatively stable.

In addition, the effect of interest changes on the debt that serves the Group's working capital is seasonal. Such debt bears a variable interest, but has no material effect on the Group's financing expenses. As a result, the net increase in interest rate does not have a material effect on the Group's business.

### **Business operations in emerging markets**

The Group conducts business - mainly product sales and raw material procurement - inter alia, in emerging markets such as Latin America (particularly in Brazil, the largest market, country wise, in which the Group operates), Eastern Europe, Southeast Asia and Africa. The Group's activity in emerging markets is exposed to risks typical of those markets, including: political and regulatory instability; volatile exchange rates; economic and fiscal instability and frequent revisions of economic legislation; relatively high inflation and interest rates; terrorism or war; restrictions on import and trade; differing business cultures; uncertainty as to the ability to enforce contractual and intellectual property rights; foreign currency controls; governmental price controls; restrictions on the withdrawal of money from the country; barter deals and potential entry of international competitors and accelerated consolidations by large-scale competitors in these markets. Developments in these regions may have a significant effect on the Group's operations. Distress to the economies of these markets could impair the ability of the Group's customers to purchase its products or the ability to market them at international market prices, as well as harm the Group's ability to collect customer debts, in a way that could have a significant adverse effect on the Group's operating results.

The Group's operations in multiple regions allows for the diversification of such risks and for the reduction of its dependency on particular economies. In addition, changes in registration requirements or customers' preferences in developed western countries, which may limit the use of raw materials purchased from emerging economies, may require redeployment of the Group's procurement organization, which might negatively affect its profitability for a certain period.

### **Operating in a competitive market**

The crop protection products industry is highly competitive. Currently, seven multinational companies, including the Company, lead the global industry. Five of these, Bayer, Syngenta, Corteva, BASF and

FMC, are Originator Companies, which develop, manufacture and market both patent-protected as well as off-patent products. The Group competes with the original products with the aim of maintaining and increasing its market share.

The Originator Companies possess resources enabling them to compete aggressively, in the short-to-medium term, on price and profit margins, so as to protect their market share. Loss of market share or inability to acquire additional market share from the Originator Companies can affect the Group's position in the market and adversely affect its financial results. For details regarding the Group's competitive advantages see section III - subsection II. Core competitiveness analysis above.

Similarly, the Group also competes in the more decentralized off-patent segment of the market, against other off-patent companies and smaller-scale Originator Companies, which have significantly grown in number in recent years and are materially changing the face of the crop protection industry, the majority of whom have not yet deployed global distribution networks, and are only active locally. These companies often price their products aggressively and at times have lower profit margins than the Group, which may adversely impact the Group's sales and product prices. The Group's ability to maintain its revenues and profitability from a specific product in the long term is affected by the number of companies producing and selling comparable off-patent products and the timing of their entrance to the relevant market.

Any delay in developing or obtaining registrations for products and/or delayed penetration into markets and/or growth of competitors that focus on off-patent active ingredients (whether by the expansion of their product portfolio, granting registrations to other manufacturers (including manufacturers in China and India) to operate in additional markets, transforming their distribution network to a global scale or increasing the competition for distribution access), and/or difficulty in purchasing low cost raw materials, may harm the Group's sales, affect its global position and lead to price erosion.

#### **Decline in scope of agricultural activities; Climate change and exceptional changes in weather conditions**

The scope of general agricultural activities worldwide may be negatively affected by many exogenous factors, some resulting from climate change, including but not limited to extreme weather conditions, natural disasters, a decrease in agricultural commodity prices, government policies and the economic condition of farmers. A material decline in the scope of agricultural activities would by necessary implication cause a decline in the demand for the Group's products, erosion of its prices and collection difficulties, which may have a significant adverse effect on the Group's results. Extreme weather conditions, both chronic and acute, as well as other damages caused by nature may have an impact on the demand for the Group's products as well as to price thereof. For example, drought may reduce the need for fungicides, which could result in fewer sales and greater unsold inventories in the market, whereas excessive rain could lead to increased plant disease or weed growth requiring growers to purchase and use more crop protection products. Drought and/or increased temperatures may change insect pest pressures, requiring growers to use more, less, or different insecticides. Climate change may increase the frequency or intensity of extreme weather such as storms, floods, heat waves, droughts and other events that could affect the demand for the Company's products. The Group believes, that should a number of such bad seasons occur in succession, without favorable seasons in the interim, its results may sustain significant harm.

#### **Environmental, health and safety legislation, standards, regulation and exposure**

Many aspects of the Group's operations are strictly regulated, including in relation to production and trading, and particularly in relation to the storage, treatment, manufacturing, transport, usage and disposal

of its products, their ingredients and byproducts, some of which are considered hazardous. The Group's activities involve hazardous materials. Defective storage or handling of hazardous materials may cause harm to human life or to the environment in which the Group operates. The regulatory requirements regarding the environment, health and safety could, inter alia, include soil and groundwater clean-up requirements; as well as restrictions on the volume and type of emissions the Group is permitted to discharge into the air, water and soil.

The regulatory requirements applicable to the Group vary from product to product and from market to market, and tend to become stricter with time. In recent years, both government authorities and environmental protection organizations have been applying increasing pressure, including through investigations and indictments as well as increasingly stricter legislative proposals and class action suits related to companies and products that may potentially pollute the environment. Compliance with these legislative and regulatory requirements and protection against such legal actions requires the Group to commit considerable human and financial resources (both in terms of substantial ongoing costs and in terms of material one-time investments) to meet mandatory environmental standards. In some instances, this may result in delaying the introduction of products into new markets or in adverse effects on the Group's profitability. In addition, the toughening, material alteration or revocation of environmental licenses or permits, or their stipulations, or the inability to obtain such licenses and permits, may significantly affect the Group's ability to operate its production facilities, which in turn may have a material adverse effect on the financial and business results of the Group. The Group may be required to bear significant civil liabilities (including due to class actions) or criminal liabilities (including high penalties and/or high compensation payments and/or costs of environmental monitoring and rehabilitation), resulting from violation of environmental, health and safety regulations, while some of the existing legislation may impose "strict liability" regime on the Group, i.e. the Group will be held liable, regardless of proof of negligence or malice.

While the Group invests material sums in adapting its facilities and in constructing special facilities in accordance with environmental requirements, it is currently unable to assess with any certainty whether these investments (current and future) and their outcomes may satisfy current or future requirements, should these be significantly increased or changed. In addition, the Group is unable to predict with any certainty the extent of future costs and investments it may incur in order to meet the requirements of the environmental authorities in the relevant countries in which it operates since, inter alia, the Group is unable to estimate the extent of potential pollutions, their duration, the extent of the measures required to be taken by the Group in handling them, the division of responsibility among other parties and the amounts recoverable from third parties.

Furthermore, the Group may be the target of bodily injury claims and property damage claims caused by exposure to hazardous materials, which are largely covered under the Group's insurance policies.

#### **Legislative, standard and regulatory changes in product registration**

The majority of the substances and products marketed by the Group require registration at various stages of their development, production, import, utilization and marketing, and are also subject to strict regulatory supervision by the regulatory authorities in each country. Compliance with the regulatory requirements that vary from country to country and which are becoming more stringent with time, involves significant time and costs, and rigorous compliance with individual registration requirements for each product. Noncompliance with these regulatory requirements might materially adversely affect the Group's expenses, cost structure and profit margins, as well as penetration of its products in the relevant market, and may even lead to suspension of sales of the relevant product, and recall of those products already

sold, or to legal action. Moreover, to the extent new regulatory requirements are imposed on existing registered products (requiring additional investment or leading to the existing registration's revocation) and/or the Group is required to compensate another company for its use of the latter's product registration data, these might amount to significant sums, considerably increasing the Group's costs and adversely affecting its results and reputation. In recent years the industry has been suffering from revocation of registration for many products around the world. This trend is particularly evident in European countries as well as in many other countries worldwide.

Nevertheless, the Group believes that, in countries where the Group maintains a competitive edge, any toughening of registration requirements may actually increase this edge, since this will make it difficult for its competitors to penetrate the same market, whereas in countries in which the Group possesses a small market share, if any, such toughening may make further penetration of the Group's products into that market more difficult.

### **Product liability**

Product and producer liability are a risk for the Group. Regardless of their prospects or actual results, product liability lawsuits might involve considerable costs as well as tarnish the Group's reputation, thus potentially impacting its profits. The Group has a third-party and defective product liability insurance cover. However, there is no certainty that the scope of insurance cover is sufficient. Any future product liability lawsuit or series of lawsuits could materially affect the Group's operations and results, should the Group lose the lawsuit or should its insurance cover not suffice or apply in a particular instance. In addition, while the Group has not currently encountered any difficulty renewing such insurance policy, it is possible that it will encounter future difficulties in renewing an insurance policy for third party liability and defective products on terms acceptable to the Group.

### **Successful market penetration and product diversification**

The Group's growth and profit margins are affected, inter alia, by the extent of its success in developing differentiated products and obtaining registrations for them, so as to enable it to gain market share at the expense of its competitors. Usually, being the first to launch a certain off-patent product affords the Group continuing advantage, even after other competitors penetrate the same market. As such, the Group's revenues and profit margins from a certain new off-patent product could be materially affected by its ability to launch such product ahead of the launch of a comparable product by its competitors.

Should new products fail to meet registration requirements in the different countries or should it take a long period of time to obtain such registrations, the Group's ability to successfully introduce a new product to the relevant market in the future may be affected, since entry into the market prior to other competitors is important for successful market penetration. Furthermore, successful market penetration involves, inter alia, product diversification in order to suit each market's changing needs. Therefore, if the Group fails to adapt its product mix by developing new products and obtaining the required regulatory approvals, its future ability to penetrate that market and to maintain its existing market share could be affected. Failure to introduce new products to given markets and meet Group objectives (given the considerable time and resources invested in their development and registration) might affect the sales of the product in question in the relevant market, the Group's results and margins.

### **Intellectual property rights of the Group and of third parties**

The Group's ability to develop off-patent products is dependent, inter alia, on its ability to oppose patents or patent application of Originator Companies or other third parties, or to develop products that do not

otherwise infringe intellectual property rights in a manner that may involve significant legal and other costs. Originator Companies tend to vigorously defend their products and may attempt to delay the launch of competing off-patent products by registering patents on slightly different versions of products for which the original patent protection is about to expire or has expired, with the aim of competing against the off-patent versions of the original product. The Originator Companies may also change the branding and marketing of their products. Such actions may increase the Group's costs and the risk it entails, and harm or even prevent its ability to launch new products.

The Group is also exposed to legal claims that its products or production processes infringe on third-party intellectual property rights. Such claims may involve time, costs, substantial damages and management resources, impair the value of the Group's brands and its sales and adversely affect its results. Such lawsuits that were concluded involved non-material amounts.

Furthermore, although the Group protects its brands and trade secrets with patents, trademarks and other methods of intellectual property protection, these protective means may not be sufficient for fully safeguarding its intellectual property. Any unlawful or other unauthorized use of the Group's intellectual property rights could adversely affect the value of its intellectual property and goodwill. In addition, the Group may be required to take legal actions involving financial costs and resources to safeguard its intellectual property rights.

#### **Fluctuations in raw material inputs and prices, and in sales costs**

Significant percentage of the Groups' cost of sales derives from raw material costs. Hence, significant increases or decreases in raw material costs affect the cost of goods sold, and are, due to the length of the Company's inventory cycle, generally reflected in the Company's financials. Most of the Group's raw materials are distant derivatives of oil prices and therefore, extreme changes or decrease in oil prices may affect the costs of raw materials, although only partially.

To reduce exposure to fluctuations in the prices of raw materials, the Group customarily engages in long-term purchase contracts for key raw materials, wherever possible. Similarly, the Group acts to adjust its sales prices, wherever possible, to reflect the changes in the costs of raw materials.

As of the date of approval of the financial statements, the Group has not engaged in any hedging transactions against increases in oil and other raw material costs.

#### **Exposure due to recent developments in the genetically modified seeds market**

Any significant development in the market of genetically modified seeds for agricultural crops, including as a result of regulatory changes in certain countries currently prohibiting the use of genetically modified seeds, and/or any significant increase in the sales of genetically modified seeds and/or to the extent new crop protection products are developed for further crops that would be widely used (substituting traditional products), will affect demand for crop protection products, requiring the Group to respond by adapting its product portfolio to the new demand structure. Consequently, to the extent that the Group fails to adapt its product mix accordingly, this may reduce demand for its products, erode their sales price and by implication affect the Group's results and market share.

Nevertheless, the fact that the Group itself markets some of the products for which herbicide tolerance traits have been developed, acts to mitigate this exposure (albeit only in terms of marketing margins).

In addition, natural and/or biological substances that attack weeds, pests and diseases are potential alternatives for the Company's products, though as of the date of the report, their efficiency is relatively limited, and they are commercialized in a relatively small volumes.

#### **Operational risks**

The Group's operations, including its manufacturing activities, rely, inter alia, on state-of-the-art computer systems. The Group continually invests in upgrading and protecting these systems from malfunctions and attack. Any unexpected failure of these systems, as well as the integration of new systems, could involve substantial costs and adversely affect the Group's operations until completion of the repair or integration. The potential occurrence of a substantial failure that cannot be repaired within a reasonable time frame may also affect the Group's operations and its results. Currently, the Group has a property and loss-of-profit insurance policy.

The Group's production capacity is affected, among others, by its facilities' output and individual area and time allocation at full capacity. The Group's Multi-purpose facilities provide manufacturing flexibility and enable the Group to prepare for the manufacturing of new products. Although the Group believes that its existing sites have sufficient facilities and land areas to expand its production capacity, if necessary, in the case of immediate or short-term increases in demand for new products supply may be delayed due to lack of capacity to meet demand for such new products.

#### **Data protection and cyber security**

During its activity, the Group may be exposed to risks and threats, related to the stability of its information technologies systems, data protection and cyber security, which could appear in many different forms (such as service denial, misleading employees, malfunction, encryption or data erasing and other cyber-attacks via E-mail or malicious software). An attack on such computerized systems, mainly network based systems may cause the group material damages and expenses and even partial suspension and disruption of their proper functioning. In order to minimize the abovementioned risks, the group invests resources in its technological resilience and in proper protection of its systems.

#### **Raw material supply and/or shipping, port service disruptions and inventory**

Lack of raw materials or other inputs utilized in the manufacture of the Group's products may prevent the Group from supplying its products or significantly increase production costs. Moreover, the Group imports raw materials to its production facilities worldwide, from where it then exports the technical or formulated products to its subsidiaries around the world for formulation and/or commercialization purposes. Disruptions in the supply of raw materials from regular suppliers may adversely affect operations until an alternative supplier is engaged. If any of the Group's suppliers are unable to supply raw materials for a prolonged period, including due to ongoing disruptions and/or prolonged strikes and/or infrastructure defects in the operating of a relevant port, and if the Group is unable to engage with an alternative supplier at similar terms and in accordance with the relevant product registration requirements, this may adversely affect the Group's results, significantly affect its ability to obtain raw materials in general, or obtain them at reasonable prices, as well as limit its ability to supply products and/or meet customer supply deadlines. These might negatively affect the Group, its finances and operating results. In order to reduce this risk, it is the Group's practice to occasionally adjust the volume of its product inventories or in certain scenarios, to increase the levels of inventory held by the Company to overcome possible supply shortages, logistic challenges and increases in cost of inventory, as mentioned above, in order to support expected future sales. Additionally, in the case of fluctuations in the market prices for inventory held by the Company, this may affect its finances and operating results. In addition, war, regional conflicts, acts of terror and/or governmental instability around the world may negatively impact the Company's operations. This may result, among others, in the suspension of operations or the shutdown of affected facilities, hence causing production and distribution delays, loss of property, injury to employees, and increased insurance premiums.

**Failed mergers and acquisitions; difficulties in integrating acquired operations**

The Group's strategy includes growth through mergers, acquisitions, investments and collaborations designed to expand its product portfolio and deepen its presence in certain geographical markets.

Growth through mergers and acquisitions requires assimilation of acquired operations and their effective integration in the Group, including realization of certain forecasts, profitability, market conditions and competition.

Failure to successfully implement the above and/or non-realization of the relevant forecasts may result in not achieving the incremental value forecasted, loss of customers, exposure to unexpected liabilities, reduced value of the intangible assets included in the merger or acquisition as well as the loss of professional and skilled human resources.

**Production concentration in limited plants**

A large portion of the Group's production operations is concentrated in a relatively small number of locations. Natural disasters, hostilities, labor disputes, substantial operational malfunction or any other material damage might significantly affect Group operations, as a result of the difficulty, the time and investment required for relocating the production operation or any other activity.

**International taxation**

Most of the Group's sales are global, through its consolidated subsidiaries worldwide. These individual companies are assessed in accordance with the tax laws effective in each respective location. The Group's effective tax rate could be significantly affected by different classification or attribution of the profits arising from the proportional value of the components of each of the companies in the Group in the various countries, as is recognized in each tax jurisdiction; changes in the characteristics (including regarding the location of control and management) of these companies; changes in the breakdown of the Group's profits into regions where differing tax rates apply; changes in statutory tax rates and other legislative changes; changes in assessment of the Group's deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities; changes in determining the areas in which the Group is taxed; and potential changes in the Group's organizational structure.

Changes in tax regulations and the manner of their implementation, including with regard to the implementation of BEPS, may lead to a substantial increase in the Group's applicable tax rates and have a material adverse effect on its financial position, results and cash flows.

**Risks arising from the Group's debt**

The Group finances its business operations by means of its own equity and loans from external sources (primarily traded debentures issued by Solutions, bank credit and credit from related parties). The Group's main source for servicing the debt and its operating expenses is by means of the profits from the Group companies' operations. Restrictions applying to the Group companies regarding distribution of dividends to the Group, or the tax rate applicable on these dividends, may affect the Group's ability to finance its operations and service its debt.

In addition, the Group's Finance Documents, as contained in the bank credit agreements, require meeting certain Financial Covenants. Failure to meet these covenants due to an exogenous event or non-materialization of Group forecasts, and insofar as the financing parties refuse to extend or update these Financial Covenants as per the Group's capabilities, may lead the financing parties to demand the immediate payment of these liabilities (or part thereof).

**Exposure to customer credit risks**

The Group's sales to customers worldwide usually involve customer credit as is customary in each market.

A portion of these credit lines is insured, while the remainder are exposed to risk, particularly during economic slowdowns in the relevant markets. The Group's aggregate credit, however, is diversified among many customers in dozens of countries, mitigating this risk. In addition, in certain regions, particularly in South America, credit days are particularly long (compared to those extended to customers in regions such as Europe), and on occasion, inter alia, owing to agricultural seasons or economic downturns in those countries, the Group may encounter difficulty in timely collection of customer debts, with the collection period being extended over several years.

Generally, such issues arise more often in developing countries where the Group may be less familiar with its customers, the collaterals might be in double until actual repayment and the insurance cover of these customers is likely to be limited. Credit default by any of the customers may negatively impact the Group's cash flow and financial results.

#### **The Group's working capital and cash flow needs**

Similar to other companies operating in the crop protection industry, the Group has substantial cash flow and working capital requirements in the ordinary course of operations. In view of the Group's growth and considering its primary growth regions, the Group's broad product portfolio and the Group's investments in manufacturing infrastructures, the Group has significant financing and investment needs. The Group acts continually to improve the state and management of its working capital. While currently the Group is in compliance with all its financial covenants, significant deterioration of its operating results may in the future lead the Group to fail to comply with its financial covenants and fail to meet its financial needs. As a result, the Group's ability to meet its goals and growth plans, as well as its ability to meet its financial obligations, may be harmed.

#### **Contagious disease outbreak**

Outbreak of a contagious disease and pandemics, or other adverse public health developments, in territories where significant production activity is taking place or from which raw materials are supplied to a significant extent, may have a material adverse effect on the Company's activity, such that the Company may encounter difficulties with procurement of raw materials and intermediates, experience a certain decrease of activity within its production facilities due to governmental instructions, and be constrained with respect to its logistics and supply lines. In addition, the Company sales could be potentially impacted by a temporary decrease in demand for its products, as well as by temporary disruption of the Company's ability to sell and distribute products as mentioned above.

### **XI. Implementation and enforcement of the 'Action Campaign to Upgrade Both Business Quality and Return'**

Whether the Company has disclosed the announcement about the 'Action Campaign to Upgrade Both Business Quality and Return'

Applicable  Not applicable



## Section IV - Corporate Governance

### I. Annual and Special Meetings of Shareholders Convened during the Reporting Period

#### 1. Meetings of Shareholders Convened during the Reporting Period

Meeting	Type	Investor participation ratio	Convened date	Disclosure date	Resolutions of the meeting
2023 Annual Shareholders Meeting	Annual Shareholders Meeting	80.0966%	April 16, 2024	April 17, 2024	Announcement on the Resolutions of 2023 Annual General Meeting (Announcement No.: 2024-16). Disclosed at the website CNINFO <a href="http://www.cninfo.com.cn">www.cninfo.com.cn</a>
1st Interim Shareholders Meeting in 2024	Interim Shareholders Meeting	80.0726%	May 13, 2024	May 14, 2024	Announcement on the Resolutions of the 1st Interim Shareholders Meeting in 2024 (Announcement No.: 2024-29). Disclosed at the website CNINFO <a href="http://www.cninfo.com.cn">www.cninfo.com.cn</a>
2nd Interim Shareholders Meeting in 2024	Interim Shareholders Meeting	80.0378%	June 28, 2024	June 29, 2024	Announcement on the Resolution of the 2nd Interim Shareholders Meeting in 2024 (Announcement No.: 2024-36). Disclosed at the website CNINFO <a href="http://www.cninfo.com.cn">www.cninfo.com.cn</a>

#### 2. Special Meetings of Shareholders Convened at Request of Preference Shareholders with Resumed Voting Rights

Applicable  Not applicable

### II. Changes in Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management

Applicable  Not applicable

Changes in directors, supervisors and senior management during the Reporting Period, were as follows:

Name	Position	Type	Date	Reason
Erik Fyrwald	Director	Left the position	April 16, 2024	Resignation due to arrangements of Syngenta Group
Liu Hongsheng	Director	Elected	April 16, 2024	--

Jiang Chenggang	Chairman of the Board of Supervisors	Left the position upon the conclusion of the term	May 13, 2024	--
Niu Limin	Chairman of the Board of Supervisors	Elected	May 13, 2024	--
Steve Hawkins	President and CEO (legal representative of the Company)	Left the position	October 1, 2024	Resignation due to his appointment as President of Syngenta Crop Protection
Gaël Ali Hili	President and CEO (legal representative of the Company)	Accepted the position	October 1, 2024	--

### III. Basic Information on the Profit Distribution and Converting Capital Reserve into Share Capital in the Reporting Period

Applicable  Not applicable

For the Reporting Period, the Company does not plan to distribute cash dividends or bonus shares or convert capital reserve into share capital.

### IV. Stock Incentive Plans, ESOP or Other Employee Incentives

Applicable  Not applicable

To the date of the report, the Company does not have stock incentive plans, ESOP or other staff incentives. It shall be noted, that the Company's subsidiary, Adama Solutions, currently has several long-term incentive plans according to which it has granted long-term cash rewards to executive officers and employees. These long-term incentive plans are based either on the performance of the Company's shares (phantom cash incentives) and/or the Company's performance. Adama Solutions has further adopted an incentive plan linked to the increase in the Syngenta Group EBITDA.

## Section V - Environmental and Social Responsibilities

### I. Major Environmental Situation

Is the Company listed as a “Key Polluting Entity” by the environmental protection agencies?

✓ Yes  No

#### Policies and Sector Standards related to Environmental Protection

The Group complies with the following laws, regulations and sector standards related to environmental protection in the process of production and operation:

##### 1. Laws and Regulations

- 1) Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China;
- 2) Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Air Pollution;
- 3) Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Water Pollution;
- 4) Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste;
- 5) Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Noise Pollution;
- 6) Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Soil Pollution;
- 7) Water Law of the People's Republic of China;
- 8) Cleaner Production Promotion Law of the People's Republic of China;
- 9) Yangtze River Protection Law of the People's Republic of China;
- 10) Regulations on the Administration of Pesticides;
- 11) Regulations on the Administration of Environmental Protection of Construction Projects;

##### 2. Sector Standards

- 1) Discharge Standard of Pollutants for Urban Sewage Treatment Plant (GB18918-2002);
- 2) Water Quality Standard for Sewage Discharged into Urban Sewers (GB/T 31962-2015);
- 3) Emission Standard of Air Pollutants for Pesticide Manufacturing Industry (GB 39727-2020);
- 4) Standard for Pollution Control of Hazardous Waste Incineration GB18484-2020;
- 5) Emission Standard of Air Pollutants for Thermal Power Plants (GB 13223-2011);
- 6) Emission Standard of Air Pollutants for Pesticide Manufacturing Industry (GB 39727-2020);
- 7) Standard for fugitive emission control of volatile organic compounds (GB37822-2019);
- 8) Emission Standard for Volatile Organic Compounds in Chemical Industry (DB 32/3151-2016);
- 9) Emission Standard for Odor Pollutants (GB 14554-93);
- 10) Emission Standard for Industrial Enterprises Noise at Boundary GB12348-2008;
- 11) Standard for Pollution Control of Storage and Landfill of General Industrial Solid Waste GB18599-2020;
- 12) Standard for Pollution Control of Hazardous Waste Storage GB18597-2023.

#### Environmental Protection Administrative Permits

##### 1. EIA Approval

There was no new EIA approval during the reporting period.

##### 2. Waste Discharge Permits

All the emission permits of ADAMA and its subsidiaries, including Adama Anpon and Adama Huifeng have remained valid during the reporting period.

## Sector Discharge/Emission Standards and Pollutant Discharge and Emission during Operational Activities

Company name	Category of Pollutants	Main pollutants and special pollutants	Way of emission	No. of emission points	Layout of emission points	Concentration	Pollution standards applied	Total amount emitted/ Discharged (ton)	Total amount Approved (ton)	Exceeding limit
ADAMA Ltd.	Waste water	COD	Continuous	1	General Discharge Port	The new site: 15.68581mg/L	For the new site: <i>Discharge Standards for Pollutants from Urban Sewage Treatment Plant</i> (GB 18918 – 2002), COD <50mg/L	36.8234	173.2104	None
	Waste water	Ammonia nitrogen	Continuous	1	General Discharge Port	The new site: 0.7247mg/L	For the new site: <i>Discharge Standards for Pollutants from Urban Sewage Treatment Plant</i> (GB 18918 – 2002), ammonia nitrogen<8mg/L;	1.7013	17.321	None
	Waste water	Total Phosphorous	Continuous	1	General Discharge Port	The new site: 0.2271 mg/L.	For the new site: <i>Discharge Standards for Pollutants from Urban Sewage Treatment Plant</i> (GB 18918 – 2002), total phosphorous <0.5mg/L	0.5331	1.722	None
	Waste gas	NOx	Continuous	4	Power plant, Hazardous waste incinerator and RTO	Power plant: 23.7550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Hazardous waste incinerator: 0.6112 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Acephate RTO: 6.3888mg/m <sup>3</sup> ww RTO: 2.5684 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	(1) The power plant complies with the ultra-low limit of the standard range for pollutant emission, which is NOx < 50mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; (2) Hazardous waste incinerator: Table 3 in the " <i>Standards for the Control of Hazardous Waste Incineration Pollution</i> " (GB18484-2020), which is NOx <300mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; (3) RTO: Table 1 and 2 and specifically the air pollutant emission limits in Table 2 of the " <i>Standards for the Air Pollutant Emission of the Pesticide manufacturing Industry</i> " (GB 39727-2020),	16.8664	200.27	None

Company name	Category of Pollutants	Main pollutants and special pollutants	Way of emission	No. of emission points	Layout of emission points	Concentration	Pollution standards applied	Total amount emitted/ Discharged (ton)	Total amount Approved (ton)	Exceeding limit
	Waste gas	SO <sub>2</sub>	Continuous	4	Power plant, Hazardous waste incinerator and RTO	Power plant: 2.1634 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Hazardous waste incinerator: 0.5115 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Acephate RTO: 4.2696 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ww RTO: 1.071911821 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	which is NO <sub>x</sub> <200mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; (1) The power plant complies with the ultra-low limit of the standard range for pollutant emission, which is SO <sub>2</sub> < 35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; (2) Hazardous waste incinerator: Table 3 in the "Standards for the Control of Hazardous Waste Incineration Pollution" (GB18484-2020), which is SO <sub>2</sub> <100mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; (3) RTO: Table 1 and 2 and specifically the air pollutant emission limits in Table 2 of the "Standards for the Air Pollutant Emission of the Pesticide manufacturing Industry" (GB 39727-2020), which is SO <sub>2</sub> <200mg/m <sup>3</sup> ;	2.1686	110.48	None
	Waste gas	Fume and dust	Continuous	4	Power plant, Hazardous waste incinerator and RTO	Power plant: 0.7395 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Hazardous waste incinerator: 1.7804mg/m <sup>3</sup> Acephate RTO: 3.9423 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ww RTO: 4.0023 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	(1) The power plant complies with the ultra-low limit of the standard range for pollutant emission, which is fume and dust < 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; (2) Hazardous waste incinerator: Table 3 in the "Standards for the Control of Hazardous Waste Incineration Pollution" (GB18484-2020), which is fume and dust <30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; (3) RTO: Table 1 and 2 and specifically the air pollutant	3.3245	35.126	None

Company name	Category of Pollutants	Main pollutants and special pollutants	Way of emission	No. of emission points	Layout of emission points	Concentration	Pollution standards applied	Total amount emitted/ Discharged (ton)	Total amount Approved (ton)	Exceeding limit
							emission limits in the " <i>the Emission Standards for Air Pollutants of the Pesticide Manufacturing Industry</i> " (GB 39727-2020), which is fume and dust < 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ;			
	Waste gas	VOCs	Continuous	1	RTO	Acephate RTO: 33.0608 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Table 1 and 2 and specifically, the emission limits of air pollutants in Table 2 of the <i>Emission Standards for Air Pollutants of the Pesticide Manufacturing Industry</i> (GB 39727-2020), which is VOCs <100mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2.3924	6.221 t/a	None
ADAMA Anpon (Jiangsu) Co., Ltd.	Waste water	COD	Continuous	2	General Discharge Port	Maidao: 40.58mg/L Discharge Port at the North Plant of Anpon: 23.96mg/L	<i>Comprehensive Standard on Discharge of Waste Water</i> (GB8978-2002), COD< 500 mg/l; Maidao site: industry park's wastewater discharge agreement, COD<500mg/L	Anpon:14.93 Maidao:8.821	Maidao:197.718 Anpon: 265.69	None
	Waste water	Ammonia Nitrogen	Continuous	2	General Discharge Port	Maidao: 0.74mg/L; Discharge Port at the North Plant of Anpon: 4.34mg/L	<i>Water Quality Standard for Sewage Discharged into Urban Sewerage</i> (GBT 31962-2015), Ammonia Nitrogen <45 mg/l; Maidao site: industry park's waste water discharge agreement, Ammonia Nitrogen <35 mg/l	Anpon: 2.96 Maidao:0.173	Maidao: 4.385 Anpon: 28.348	None
	Waste water	Total Phosphorous	Continuous	2	General Discharge Port	Maidao: 0.7mg/L; Discharge Port at the North Plant of Anpon: 0.238mg/L	For Anpon: <i>Water Quality Standard for Sewage Discharged into Urban Sewerage</i> (GBT 31962-2015) , total phosphorous < 8 mg/l; For Anpon's branch Maidao:	Anpon: 0.14 Maidao: 0.154	Maidao: 0.426 Anpon: 20.273	None

Company name	Category of Pollutants	Main pollutants and special pollutants	Way of emission	No. of emission points	Layout of emission points	Concentration	Pollution standards applied	Total amount emitted/ Discharged (ton)	Total amount Approved (ton)	Exceeding limit
							Agreement on <i>Wastewater Discharge, total phosphorous &lt; 3 mg/l;</i>			
	Waste gas	NOx	Continuous	1	DFTO Incinerator Vent	Maidao: 28.36mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<i>Emission Standard of Air Pollutants for Pesticide Industry GB 39727-2020</i> NOx < 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.398	Maidao: 3.986 Anpon: 181.516	None
	Waste gas	SO <sub>2</sub>	Continuous	1	DFTO Incinerator Vent	Maidao: 0.11mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<i>Hazardous Waste Incineration Pollution Control standards GB 18484-2020</i> SO <sub>2</sub> < 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.0242	Maidao: 1.943 Anpon: 396.902	None
	Waste gas	Particles	Continuous	1	DFTO Incinerator Vent	Maidao: 3.98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<i>Emission Standard of Air Pollutants for Pesticide Industry GB 39727-2020</i> Particles<20mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.052	Maidao: 2.115 Anpon: 67.515	None
	Waste gas	VOCs	Continuous	16	Nine in Anpon Site and seven in Maidao	Maidao: 4.23mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Anpon:7.77mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<i>Standards for the Volatile Organic Compound Emission of the Chemical Industry, DB 32/3151-2016</i>	0.571	Maidao: 41.712 Anpon: 47.313	None
ADAMA Huifeng (Jiangsu) Co., Ltd.	Waste water	COD	Continuous	1	General Discharge Port	94.86 mg/l	Standards of the Industrial Park	10.9946	247.6378	None
	Waste water	Ammonia Nitrogen	Continuous	1	General Discharge Port	1.78 mg/l	Standards of the Industrial Park	0.2174	19.3783	None
	Waste water	Total Phosphorous	Continuous	1	General Discharge Port	0.38 mg/l	Standards of the Industrial Park	0.0395	0.9285	None
	Waste water	total nitrogen	Continuous	1	General Discharge Port	18.49 mg/l	Standards of the Industrial Park	1.9925	46.77204	None
	Waste gas	NOx	Continuous	6	RTO and the Discharge	7.028 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<i>Jiangsu Comprehensive Standard on Air Pollutants Emission (DB32/4041-2021)</i>	1.5992	147.7072	None



Company name	Category of Pollutants	Main pollutants and special pollutants	Way of emission	No. of emission points	Layout of emission points	Concentration	Pollution standards applied	Total amount emitted/ Discharged (ton)	Total amount Approved (ton)	Exceeding limit
					Ports at Various Workshops					
	Waste gas	SO <sub>2</sub>	Continuous	6	RTO and the Discharge Ports at Various Workshops	6.401 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<i>Jiangsu Comprehensive Standard on Air Pollutants Emission (DB32/4041-2021)</i>	1.3967	47.1958	None
	Waste gas	Particles	Continuous	6	RTO and the Discharge Ports at Various Workshops	0.864 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<i>Jiangsu Comprehensive Standard on Air Pollutants Emission (DB32/4041-2021)</i>	0.1849	22.7146	None
	Waste gas	non-methane hydrocarbon	Continuous	9	RTO and the Discharge Ports at Various Workshops	9.744 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<i>Jiangsu Comprehensive Standard on Air Pollutants Emission (DB32/4041-2021)</i>	6.2787	62.92994	None

### Treatment of Pollutants

#### (1) Development and Operation of Wastewater Treatment Facilities

The Company has a 20,000 tons/day wastewater treatment plant, which adopts the process composed of "secondary A/O + MBR + ozone co-oxidation + MBBR + calcium used for phosphorus removal". At present, all the facilities are operating normally, and after treatment, the COD, ammonia nitrogen and total phosphorus in the discharged wastewater all meet the standards.

ADAMA Anpon, a subsidiary of the Company, has its own wastewater treatment plant with a design capacity of 11,000 tons per day. At present, the facilities are operating normally, and the COD, ammonia nitrogen and total phosphorus in the treated wastewater are all up to the standard.

ADAMA Huifeng, another subsidiary of the Company, has its own wastewater treatment plant with a capacity of 5,000 tons per day. At present, the facilities are operating normally, and after treatment, the COD, ammonia nitrogen, total nitrogen and total phosphorus in the discharged wastewater all meet the standards.

#### (2) Development and Operation of Exhaust Gas Treatment Facilities

The Company's self-owned coal-fired thermal power plant had undergone a transformation to enable ultra-low emission, and since the upgrading completed, the environmental protection facilities of the plant has been operating normally. The sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, fume and dust in the exhaust gas have all achieved the target of the ultra-low emission and met the emission standards. To treat the exhaust gas from the incinerator of the solid waste rotary kiln, the company adopts a process consisting of "SNCR + semi-dry (rapid cooling) de-acidification + activated carbon injection + dust removal bag + SCR". The sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, fume and dust in the exhaust gas all meet the emission standards. As for the RTO treatment process for VOCs, the company adopts a flow of steps including "acid scrubbing and absorption, alkali scrubbing and absorption, three-chamber RTO furnace incineration, rapid cooling tower and alkali absorption", and the sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, fume and dust and VOCs all meet the emission standards.

All chemical production lines at Adama Anpon are equipped with RTO incinerators, TO incinerators and resin adsorption as well as other exhaust gas treatment facilities to strengthen the operation management and further reduce the total emission amount of VOC in addition to the efforts to ensure the emission standards are met.

Adama Huifeng has RTO furnace, alkali washing exhaust gas treatment facilities and pickling exhaust gas treatment facilities, which are used to treat VOC-containing process exhaust gas, pickling exhaust gas and alkali washing exhaust gas respectively. The main emission targets of sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, fume and dust and non-methane total hydrocarbons have all met the mandatory standards.

Adama (Nanjing) Agricultural Science and Technology Co., Ltd. has installed fans and supporting exhaust pipelines, each of which is equipped with a set of "water spray + activated carbon adsorption" treatment facilities. It also has two general pipes for exhaust. The emission of VOCs and hydrogen chloride is compliant with the required standards.

#### (3) Implementation of the "Interim Measures on Environmental Information Disclosure"

The Company and its subsidiaries disclose production and pollution information according to the

*Interim Measures on Environmental Information Disclosure* and transfers information about all the main indicators in wastewater and air pollutants to the release platform for environmental information of key pollution sources set up by the local ecology and environment bureaus on a daily basis.

### Contingency plan of environmental accidents

The Company and its relevant subsidiaries have formulated *the Contingency Plan for Environmental Emergencies* according to their production facilities and business features, and then submitted files to the local environmental protection authorities as record.

### Inputs in Environmental Protection and Treatment and Payment of Environmental Tax

Company Name	Inputs in Environmental Protection and Treatment during H1 2024 (0,000RMB)	Payment of Environmental Tax during H1 2024 (0,000RMB)
ADAMA Ltd.	2,231.18	18.17
Adama Anpon (Jiangsu) Ltd.	1,500	1
Adama Huifeng (Jiangsu) Ltd.	5,341.2	1.8448
Adama (Nanjing) Agricultural Science and Technology Co., Ltd	23.2	/

Note: Adama (Nanjing) Agricultural Science and Technology Co., Ltd. is not required to pay environmental protection tax because it is not a key environmental enterprise.

### Environment self-monitoring plan

The Company attributes great importance to protecting the environment, out of a sense of responsibility to society and the environment and strives to meet the relevant regulatory requirements and to even go beyond mere compliance, engaging in constant dialogue with stakeholders, including the authorities and the community.

In order to improve the environmental management, track the discharge of various pollutants, evaluate the impact on the surrounding environment, strengthen the discharge management of pollutants in the production process, accept the supervision and inspection of environmental authorities and provide reference for pollution prevention and control, the Company and its subsidiaries - Anpon and ADAMA Huifeng have formulated a self-monitoring plan, which conducts regular tests in strict accordance with the requirements.

The major monitored indicators and frequency of the Company, Anpon and ADAMA Huifeng are as the following:

#### 1. Monitored Indicators

Waste water: COD, NH<sub>3</sub>-N, PH, SS, Petroleum, TP.

Air Pollutant: SO<sub>2</sub>, Nitrogen oxide, Fume and Dust, Non-methane Hydrocarbon.

Noise: Noise at the Site Border

## 2. Frequency

Boiler emission, Non-methane Hydrocarbon in the waste gas, SO<sub>2</sub> in RTO furnace, NO<sub>x</sub>, Fume and Dust, and waste water discharged from the centralized point: continuous auto monitoring (COD, Ammonia nitrogen, Total Phosphorous).

Manual sampling: PM in some waste gas discharge outlets, SS in wastewater discharge outlet, Petroleum, once a month.

Noise: once a quarter.

While continually examining itself according to the implications of the environmental laws, the Company has been taking proactive actions to prevent or mitigate the environmental risks, reduce the environmental effects that may result from its activities, and invests extensive resources to fulfill those legal provisions that are, and are anticipated to, affect it. The Company's plants are subject to atmospheric emissions regulations, whether by virtue of the stipulations provided in the business licenses or under the applicable law. Hazardous materials are stored and utilized in the Company's plants, together with infrastructures and facilities containing fuels and hazardous materials. The Company takes actions to prevent soil and water pollution by these materials and treats them, if revealed. The Company's plants conduct various soil surveys, risk surveys and tests with regard to treatment of the soil or ground water at the plants.

Whether voluntarily or based on contractual commitments, laws, regulations and standards related to environmental protection, Adama will continue to invest in environmental protection, with the goal of meeting and exceeding legal and regulatory requirements and implementing the most effective strategic measures. As part of its policy of ecological process improvement, the Company also invests in remediation, changes in production processes, establishment of sewage facilities, as well as in byproduct storage and recycling.

### **Administrative punishment due to environmental problems in the Reporting Period**

No.

### **Other environmental information that should be disclosed**

No.

### **Measures of reducing GHGs emissions and their effects**

Applicable  Not applicable

During the reporting period, the company had set up a dedicated work force for energy saving and carbon reduction, clarified future targets and completed carbon emission verification as well as carbon compliance. It also carried out a number of energy saving and emission reduction initiatives, such as reducing the running time of the chiller system with the installation of additional frequency converters through the sewage treatment air compressor, decreasing energy consumption by optimizing the operation of the exhaust gas treatment device, reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and so on.

**Other related information on environmental protection**

No.

**II. Social Responsibilities**

According to the unified deployment of Huai'an Rural Revitalization Task Force, Adama Anpon (Jiangsu) Co., Ltd., the Company's subsidiary, has been re-assigned for the targeted assistance for Yuanzhuang Village, Caoyun Town, Huai'an District. It has been decided based on discussions between the first secretary of the village, who is an Anpon employee and the two local leadership committees to keep improving the governance of public space in 2024. In the first half of the year, both the Lao'erba River and the Donggan Canal were dredged, and the garbage along the rivers were cleaned up. A historic spot at the village called Laozhuangtai was comprehensively remediated, and the road surface and the surrounding environment of various residential areas were largely cleaned up as well. To protect a nice living environment and beautify homes for the villagers, it is planned for the second half of the year that pavements around the fourth and the eighth villagers' group will be hardened with the village's Century Road greened up.

## Section VI - Significant Events

### I. Commitments completed by the Company, the shareholders, the actual controllers, the purchasers, or other related parties during the Reporting Period, and those which should have been completed failed to be fulfilled during the Reporting Period

Applicable  Not applicable

Note: No commitment that should have been completed during the Reporting Period failed to be timely fulfilled. For details of the on-going commitments, please refer to the 2023 Annual Report published on the website [www.cninfo.com.cn](http://www.cninfo.com.cn) on March 27, 2024.

### II. Inadequate use of Company's capital by the controlling shareholder or its related parties for non-operating purposes

Applicable  Not applicable

No such situation occurred during the Reporting Period.

### III. Illegal guarantee

Applicable  Not applicable

Non during the Reporting Period.

### IV. Engagement and Disengagement of CPA Firm

Has the semi-annual financial report been audited?

Yes  No

This Semi-Annual Report is unaudited.

### V. Explanations Given by the Board of Directors and Board of Supervisors Regarding "Modified Auditor's Report" Issued by CPA Firm for the Reporting Period

Applicable  Not applicable

### VI. Explanations Given by Board of Directors Regarding "Modified Auditor's Report" Issued for Last Year

Applicable  Not applicable

## VII. Bankruptcy and Restructuring

Applicable  Not applicable

None during the Reporting Period.

## VIII. Litigation and Arbitration Matters

Material litigations or arbitrations:

Applicable  Not applicable

The Company didn't have material litigation or arbitration during the reporting period.

Other litigations or arbitrations:

Applicable  Not applicable

Overview of Litigation (or Arbitration)	Amount Involved (RMB '0000)	Whether to generate any estimated liabilities	Progress of Litigation (or Arbitration)	Result of the Litigation (or Arbitration) and the Impact	Enforcement of the Litigation (or Arbitration) Judgement	Disclosure Date	Disclosure Index
The Company filed an arbitration application with Shanghai International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission (Shanghai International Arbitration Center) as the applicant, requesting that Jiangsu Huifeng Bio-agriculture Co., Ltd. (the "respondent") pay the Company the price adjustment payment of RMB 64,535,827 yuan, the compensation	6,453.5827	No	The arbitration session has not yet commenced	The arbitration conclusion and the impact on the Company's profits and losses cannot be reliably measured yet	/	May 10, 2024	Announcement on the Arbitration Matters about Fulfillment of Performance Commitments Related to a Controlled Subsidiary (Announcement No. 2024-28) Disclosed at the website CNINFO <a href="http://www.cninfo.com.cn">www.cninfo.com.cn</a>

Overview of Litigation (or Arbitration)	Amount Involved (RMB '0000)	Whether to generate any estimated liabilities	Progress of Litigation (or Arbitration)	Result of the Litigation (or Arbitration) and the Impact	Enforcement of the Litigation (or Arbitration) Judgement	Disclosure Date	Disclosure Index
for the losses, attorney fee, and all costs incurred by the applicant for initiating the arbitration, including the arbitration fee.							

No other significant litigation or arbitration during the reporting period.

### IX. Punishment and Rectification

Applicable     Not applicable

None during the Reporting Period.

### X. Integrity of the Company, its controlling shareholders and actual controller

Applicable     Not applicable



## XI. Material Related-Party Transactions

### 1. Related-Party Transactions in the ordinary course of business

✓ Applicable     Not applicable

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Syngenta AG and its subsidiaries	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	41,322	5.42%	136,681.49	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Bluestar (Beijing) Chemical Machinery Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	-	-	62.50	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
		related parties											Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Jiangsu Huaihe Chemicals Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	6,317	0.83%	24,750	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Jiangsu Ruixiang Chemical Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	-	-	37.50	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
		parties											Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Jiangsu Yangnong Chemical Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	37	0.00%	14,176.65	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Jiangsu Youjia Plant Protection Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	10,379	1.36%	19,437.41	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
													(No.2024-8)
Sinochem Crop Protection Products Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	979	0.13%	593.75	Yes	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Hangzhou (Torch) Xidou Door Film Industry Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	7	0.00%	15	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Zhonglan International Chemical Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	3,566	0.47%	10,625	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Sinochem Agro Co.,Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	301	0.04%	7,531.77	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Liaocheng Luxi Polyol New Material Technology Co. Ltd. Liaocheng Luxi Methylamine Chemical Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	1,166	0.15%	4,500	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Shandong Dacheng Agrochemical Company Limited	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	34	0.00%	3,285.75	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
China National Bluestar (Group) Co. Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	809	0.11%	2,152.80	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Beijing Guangyuan Yinong Chemical Co., LTD	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	38	0.01%	180	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Ningxia Ruitai Technology Co. Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	-	-	25	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Sinochem Fertilizer Co.,Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	256	0.03%	15.88	Yes	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)



Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Shenyang Sinochem Agrochemicals R&D Co.,Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	526	0.07%	-	-	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
ELKEM SILICONES BRASIL LTDA	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	63	0.01%	-	-	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Syngenta (China) Investment Company Limited	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	1,549	0.20%	-	-	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Shenyang Shenhua Institute Testing Technology Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing raw materials and products from related parties	Purchase of raw materials/products	Market price	Market price	2	0.00%	-	-	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Bluestar Engineering Co. Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Purchasing fixed assets from related parties	Purchase of fixed assets	Market price	Market price	-	-	6,250	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Syngenta AG and its subsidiaries	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	42,917	2.88%	133,939.91	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Jiangsu Huaihe Chemicals Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	8,515	0.57%	29,231.25	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Sinofert	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	10,654	0.72%	8,000	Yes	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Jiangsu Youjia Plant Protection Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	68	0.00%	250	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Beijing Guangyuan Yinong Chemical Co., LTD	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	100	0.01%	127.50	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Sinochem Agricultural Ecological Technology (Hubei) Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	23	0.00%	750	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Jiangsu Youshi Chemical Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	1,844	0.12%	8,750	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Syngenta Nantong Crop Protection Co.,Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	-	-	522.50	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Sinochem International Crop Care Company Limited	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	210	0.01%	312.50	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Sinochem Agro Co.,Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	125	0.01%	906.23	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Syngenta (China) Investment Company Limited	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	462	0.03%	625	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)



Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Jiangsu Ruixiang Chemical Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	-	-	37.50	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Henan Junhua Development Co. Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	-	-	12.50	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Sino MAP	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Selling raw materials and products to related parties	Selling products	Market price	Market price	1,036	0.07%	-	-	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Sinochem Information Technology Co., Ltd	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Receiving services from related parties	Value-added OA services	Market price	Market price	-	-	47.38	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Sinochem Information Technology Co., Ltd	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Receiving services from related parties	IT services	Market price	Market price	-	-	37.50	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Syngenta AG and its subsidiaries	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Receiving services from related parties	Regular services	Market price	Market price	31	0.00%	56.25	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Sino MAP	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Receiving services from related parties	Regular services	Market price	Market price	73	0.01%	179.99	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Shenyang Chemical Research Institute Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Receiving services from related parties	Regular services	Market price	Market price	-	-	4.38	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
China National Chemical Information Center	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Receiving services from related parties	Value -added OA services	Market price	Market price	14	0.00%	97.61	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Shenyang Shenhua Institute Testing Technology Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Receiving services from related parties	Regular services	Market price	Market price	-	-	87.50	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Sinochem Chemical Science and Technology Research Institute Co.,LTD	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Receiving services from related parties	Regular services	Market price	Market price	-	-	37.50	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Sinochem Zhoushan Hazardous Chemicals Emergency Rescue Base Co. Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Receiving services from related parties	Regular services	Market price	Market price	5	0.00%	37.50	No	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Shenyang Chemical Co., Ltd.	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Receiving services from related parties	Regular services	Market price	Market price	64	0.01%	-	-	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
Syngenta (China) Investment Company Limited	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Receiving services from related parties	Regular services	Market price	Market price	3	0.00%	-	-	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)

Related party	Relationship	Type of related party transaction	Content of related party transaction	Pricing principle of related party transaction	Price	Value (RMB '0000)	Percentage against transactions of the same kind	Approved transaction quota (RMB '0000)	Whether exceeds the approved quota	Settlement methods	Market price of similar transactions if the Company knows	Date of announcement	Index of the disclosure
Syngenta AG and its subsidiaries	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Rendering services to related parties	Regular services	Market price	Market price	30	0.00%	-	-	Cash Settlement	N/A	March 27,2024	Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.2024-8)
<b>Total</b>				--	--	133,525	--	414,371	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Details of large sales return</b>				-									
<b>Execution of related-party transactions in the ordinary course of business whose value was expected by types during this reporting period (if any)</b>				According to the Company's daily business operation needs, the Company estimates that the total amount of daily related party transactions in 2024 will not exceed RMB 4143.71 million. For details, please refer to Announcement on Expected Related-Party Transactions in the Ordinary Course of Business in 2024 (No.: 2024-8). The Company's actual amount of daily related party transactions defined in the listing rules incurred for the six months ended June 30,2024 is RMB 1335.25 million, which does not exceed the expected amount.									
<b>Reasons for large difference between transaction price and market reference price (if applicable)</b>				The Company's related transactions with related party shall be carried out in accordance with the principle of voluntary, equality and mutual benefit, fair, and will not harm the interests of the Company.									



## 2. Related-Party Transactions arising from Asset/Equity acquisition or sale

Applicable  Not applicable

The Company was not involved in any related-party transactions arising from asset/equity acquisition or sale during the Reporting Period.

## 3. Related-Party Transactions with Joint Investments

Applicable  Not applicable

The Company was not involved in any related-party transaction with joint investments during the Reporting Period.

## 4. Credits and Liabilities with Related Parties

Applicable  Not applicable

Whether non-operating credits and liabilities with related parties exist or not?

Yes  No

The Company was not involved in any non-operating credit and liability with related parties in the Reporting Period.

## 5. Transactions with financial companies with related relationships

Applicable  Not applicable

Deposit Business

In RMB '0000

Related Parties	Relations	Maximum Daily Deposit Limit	Range of Interest Rate	Opening Balance	Transactions during the Reporting Period		Ending Balance
					Total Deposit Amount for the Reporting Period	Total Withdrawal Amount for the Reporting Period	
Sinochem Finance Co., Ltd	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	150,000	0.55%-3.9%	56,562	37,103	47,661	46,004

## Facilities and Other Financial Services

In RMB '0000

Related Party	Relations	Type of the Services	Total Amount	Actual Amount Incurred
Sinochem Finance Co., Ltd	Under the same control of Sinochem Holdings	Facilities	80,000	-

**6. Transactions between the finance company controlled by the Company and related parties**

Applicable  Not applicable

The company does not hold any equity interest in any finance company.

**7. Other material related-party transactions**

Applicable  Not applicable

The 33rd Meeting of the 9th Session of the Board of Directors and the 1st Interim Shareholders Meeting in 2024 approved the Proposal on Credit Facility from the Related Party.

The 3rd Meeting of the 10th Session of the Board of Directors and the 2nd Interim Shareholders Meeting in 2024 approved the Proposal on the Purchase of Liability Insurance for Directors, Supervisors and Senior Executives and the Related-party Transaction.

The website to disclose the interim announcements on significant related-party transactions:

Name of the interim announcement	Disclosure date of the interim announcement	Website to disclose the interim announcement
Announcement on Credit Facility of USD 200 million from a Related Party (Announcement No. 2024-24)	April 26, 2024	Juchao website <a href="http://www.cninfo.com.cn">www.cninfo.com.cn</a>
Announcement on the Purchase of Liability Insurance for Directors, Supervisors and Senior Executives and the Related-party Transaction (Announcement No. 2024-34)	June 13, 2024	Juchao website <a href="http://www.cninfo.com.cn">www.cninfo.com.cn</a>

**XII. Particulars regarding material contracts and execution thereof****1. Particulars about trusteeship, Contract and Lease****(1) Trusteeship**

Applicable  Not applicable

There was no trusteeship of the Company in the Reporting Period.

**(2) Contract operation**

Applicable  Not applicable

There was no contract operation of the Company in the Reporting Period.

**(3) Lease**

Applicable  Not applicable

There is no major lease in the Reporting Period.

**2. Significant Guarantees****(1) Details of guarantees**

Applicable  Not applicable

Unless otherwise specified, the unit hereunder is RMB '0000

**Guarantees provided by the Company in favor of third parties (excluding subsidiaries)**

Guaranteed party	Disclosure date of the announcement	Planned guarantee amount	Actual occurrence date	Actual guarantee amount	Type of guarantee	Collateral (if any)	Counter Guarantee (if any)	Period of guarantee	expired or not	Guarantee for a related party or not
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Total guarantee line approved in favor of third parties (excluding subsidiaries) during the reporting period (A1)			0		Total amount of the occurred guarantee in favor of third parties (excluding subsidiaries) during the reporting period (A2)			0		
Aggregated guarantee line in favor of third parties (excluding subsidiaries) that has been approved by the end of the reporting period (A3)			5,000		Total guarantee balance in favor of third parties (excluding subsidiaries) by the end of the reporting period (A4)			0		

**Guarantees provided by the Company in favor of its subsidiaries**

Guaranteed party	Disclosure date of the announcement	Planned guarantee amount	Actual occurrence date	Actual guarantee amount	Type of guarantee	Collateral (if any)	Counter Guarantee (if any)	Period of guarantee	expired or not	Guarantee for a related party or not
ADAMA Anpon (Jiangsu)	December 22, 2020 April 29, 2021	125,800	December 1, 2021	1,600	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project	No	No

Ltd.	October 28, 2021							loan matures		
		December 1, 2021	2,000	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	Yes	No	
		January 1, 2022	3,500	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No	
		February 28, 2022	2,100	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No	
		April 28, 2022	1,400	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No	
		May 20, 2022	750	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No	
		June 26, 2022	2,350	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan	No	No	

							matures		
		January 25, 2022	400	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
		February 28, 2022	390	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
		July 2, 2022	810	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
		February 5, 2024	300	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
March 31, 2022	104,100	August 11, 2022	900	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
		August 11, 2022	100	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	Yes	No

			August 31, 2022	1,000	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
			October 28, 2022	1,100	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
			October 31, 2022	1,000	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
			November 17, 2022	1,900	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
			November 17, 2022	100	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	Yes	No
			November 23, 2022	2,500	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
			November 30,	1,100	Joint and	/	/	Three	No	No

			2022		several liability			years after the project loan matures		
			January 12, 2023	1,000	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
			January 16, 2023	1,000	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
			April 4, 2023	1,200	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
			April 4, 2023	1,400	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
			April 13, 2023	200	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
			April 26, 2023	150	Joint and several	/	/	Three years after the	No	No

				liability			project loan matures		
		April 26, 2023	50	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	Yes	No
		October 17, 2023	300	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
		October 17, 2023	500	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
		January 30, 2024	850	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
		February 7, 2024	400	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the project loan matures	No	No
April 25, 2023	114,000	August 10, 2023	4,000	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the loan	Yes	No



								matures		
			January 23, 2024	3,000	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the loan matures	No	No
	March 27, 2024	36,000	April 10, 2024	5,000	Joint and several liability	/	/	Three years after the loan matures	No	No
<b>Total guarantee line approved in favor of the subsidiaries during the reporting period (B1)</b>		36,000		<b>Total amount of the occurred guarantee in favor of the subsidiaries during the reporting period (B2)</b>					9,550	
<b>Aggregated guarantee line that has been approved in favor of the subsidiaries by the end of the reporting period (B3)</b>		379,900		<b>Total guarantee balance in favor of the subsidiaries by the end of the reporting period (B4)</b>					38,100	

**Guarantees provided by subsidiaries in favor of subsidiaries (USD '0000)**

<b>Guaranteed party</b>	<b>Disclosure date of the announcement</b>	<b>Planned guarantee amount</b>	<b>Actual occurrence date</b>	<b>Actual guarantee amount</b>	<b>Type of guarantee</b>	<b>Collateral (if any)</b>	<b>Counter Guarantee (if any)</b>	<b>Period of guarantee</b>	<b>expire or not</b>	<b>Guarantee for a related party or not</b>
Control Solutions, Inc.	October 31, 2018	1,300	October 30, 2018	0	joint and several liability	/	/	Generally 7 years (subject to the overseas laws)	No	No
Control Solutions,	January 10, 2019	4,000	January 9, 2019	0	joint and several	/	/	The loan term (5 years)	Yes	No

Inc.					liability			and any applicable statute of limitations period (generally 7 years).		
ADAMA Brazil	Not applicable	22,299	Related guarantees existed before the company was consolidated into the financial statements of the Company.	1,597	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until cancelled	No	No
ADAMA Brazil	January 22, 2022	900	December 29, 2021	900	joint and several liability	/	/	December 31, 2025	No	No
Adama India Private Ltd.	Not applicable	8,858	Related guarantees existed before the company was consolidated into the financial statements of the Company.	1,547	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until cancelled	No	No
ADAMA Turkey Tarım Sanayi ve	Not applicable	7,150	Related guarantees existed before the	0	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until cancelled	No	No

Ticaret Limited Şirketi			company was consolidated into the financial statements of the Company.							
Adama Makhteshim	Not applicable	unlimited	Related guarantees existed before the company was consolidated into the financial statements of the Company.	20,374	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until cancelled	No	No
Adama Makhteshim	April 25, 2023	7,875	May 3, 2023	1,000	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until cancelled	No	No
Adama Agan	Not applicable	unlimited	Related guarantees existed before the company was consolidated into the financial statements of the Company.	27,270	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until cancelled	No	No
ADAMA Agricultural Solutions UK Ltd.	January 22, 2022	424	January 22, 2022	60	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until cancelled	No	No

ADAMA CELSIUS BV, Curacao branch, & ADAMA Fahrenheit BV, Curacao Branch	November 25, 2022	4,500	November 24, 2022	0	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until canceled	No	No
ADAMA CELSIUS BV, Curacao branch, & ADAMA Fahrenheit BV, Curacao Branch	January 22, 2022	7,000	January 22, 2022	5,690	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until canceled	No	No
ADAMA Ukraine LLC	Not applicable	3,000	Related guarantees existed before the company was consolidated into the financial statements of the Company.	0	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until canceled	No	No
ADAMA Ukraine LLC	October 10, 2023	759	October 28, 2023	123	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until canceled	No	No
Makhteshim Agan of	Not applicable	4,000	Related guarantees existed before the	0	joint and several liability	/	/	Valid until canceled	No	No

North America Inc.		company was consolidated into the financial statements of the Company.						d		
<b>Total guarantee line approved in favor of the subsidiaries during the reporting period (C1)</b>		0	<b>Total amount of the guarantee in favor of the subsidiaries occurred during the reporting period (C2)</b>					58,561 (approximately RMB 4,173.53 million)		
<b>Aggregated guarantee line that has been approved in favor of the subsidiaries by the end of the reporting period (C3)</b>		68,065 (approximately RMB 4,850.86 million) (the guarantee amount for Adama Makhteshim and Adama Agan is unlimited)	<b>Total guarantee balance in favor of the subsidiaries by the end of the reporting period (C4)</b>					58,561 (approximately RMB 4,173.53 million)		
<b>Total guarantee amount provided by the Company (total of the above-mentioned three kinds of guarantees)</b>										
<b>Total guarantee line approved during the reporting period (A1+B1+C1)</b>		36,000	<b>Total actual occurred amount of guarantee during the reporting period (A2+B2+C2)</b>					426,903		
<b>Total guarantee line that has been approved at the end of the reporting period (A3+B3+C3)</b>		869,986	<b>Total actual guarantee balance at the end of the reporting period (A4+B4+C4)</b>					455,453		
<b>Proportion of total guarantee amount (A4+B4+C4) to the net assets of the Company</b>			21.71%							
<b>Of which:</b>										
<b>The balance of the guarantee provided in favor of the controlling shareholder and related party.</b>				0						

<b>Amount of debt guarantee provided for the guaranteed party whose asset-liability ratio is not less than 70% directly or indirectly (E)</b>	USD 513.24 million (approximately RMB 3,657.76 million)
<b>The amount of the guarantee that exceeds 50% of the net assets</b>	0
<b>Total amount of the above three guarantees (D+E+F)</b>	USD 513.24 million (approximately RMB 3,657.76 million)
<b>As for undue guarantee, liability to guarantee has happened or there is evidence that joint liquidated liability may be undertaken during this Reporting Period (if existing)</b>	--
<b>Regulated procedures are violated to offer guarantee (if existing)</b>	--

### 3. Wealth management entrustment

Applicable  Not applicable

No such cases in the Reporting Period.

### 4. Other Significant Contracts

Applicable  Not applicable

None during the Reporting Period.

## XIII. Other Significant Events

Applicable  Not applicable

None during the Reporting Period.

## XIV. Significant Events of Subsidiaries

Applicable  Not applicable

## Section VII - Share Changes and Shareholders

### I. Changes in shares

#### 1. Changes in shares

Unit: share

	Before the Change		Increase/Decrease (+/-)					After the Change	
	Amount	Proportion	Newly Issued Shares	Bonus Shares	Capitalization of Public Reserves	Other	Subtotal	Amount	Proportion
I. Restricted Shares	4,500	0.0002%	--	--	--	--	--	4,500	0.0002%
1. State-owned Shares	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
2. State-owned Legal Person's Shares	0	0.00%	--	--	--	--	--	0	0.00%
3. Shares Held by Domestic Investors	4,500	0.0002%	--	--	--	--	--	4,500	0.0002%
Among which, Shares Held by Domestic Legal Person	0	0.00%	--	--	--	--	--	0	0.00%
Shares Held by Domestic Natural Person	4,500	0.0002%	--	--	--	--	--	4,500	0.0002%
II. Shares not Subject to	2,329,807,266	99.9998%	--	--	--	--	--	2,329,807,266	99.9998%

Trading Moratorium									
1.RMB Ordinary Shares	2,177,067,461	93.4439%	--	--	--	--	--	2,177,067,461	93.4439%
2.Domestically Listed Foreign Shares	152,739,805	6.5559%	--	--	--	--	--	152,739,805	6.5559%
III. Total Shares	2,329,811,766	100.00%	--	--	--	--	--	2,329,811,766	100.00%



Reasons for the change in shares

Applicable  Not applicable

Approval of the change in shares

Applicable  Not applicable

The registered status for the change in shares

Applicable  Not applicable

Status of share buyback

Applicable  Not applicable

Status of share buyback in the way of centralized bidding

Applicable  Not applicable

Effects of the change in shares on the basic EPS, diluted EPS, net assets per share attributable to common shareholders of the Company and other financial indexes over the last year and last period.

Applicable  Not Applicable

Other contents that the Company considered necessary or is required by securities regulatory authorities to disclose

Applicable  Not applicable

## 2. Changes in Restricted Shares

Applicable  Not applicable

Shareholders	Restricted shares at the opening of the Reporting Period	Restricted shares increased in the Reporting Period	Shares Released from Restricted Sale During the Reporting Period	Restricted shares at the end of the Reporting Period	Restriction reasons	Unit: share
						Date of release
Jiang Chenggang	4,500	0	0	4,500	Shares held by a supervisor should be locked up.	Six months after the expiration of the term
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>

## II. Issuance and Listing of Securities

Applicable  Not applicable

### III. Total Number of Shareholders and Their Shareholdings

Unit: share

Total Number of Shareholders as of the End of the Reporting Period	40,193 (the number of ordinary A share shareholders is 27,788; the number of B share shareholders is 12,405)				Total Number of Preferred Stockholders with Vote Right Restored (if any) as of the End of the Reporting Period	0		
Shareholding of Top 10 Common Shareholders or Those Holding More than 5% Shares (Excluding the Shares Lending through Refinancing)								
Number of Shareholder	Nature of Shareholder	Holding Percent age (%)	Number of Shareholding at the End of the Reporting Period	Increase and Decrease of Shares during the Reporting Period	Number of Common Shares Held Subject to Trading Moratorium	Number of Common Shares Held Not Subject to Trading Moratorium	Pledged, Marked or Frozen Shares	
							Statu s of Shar es	Amou nt
Syngenta Group Co., Ltd.	State-owned Legal Person	78.47%	1,828,137,961	0	0	1,828,137,961	--	0
China Cinda Asset Management Co., Ltd.	State-owned Legal Person	1.34%	31,115,916	0	0	31,115,916	--	0
Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Ltd. (HKSCC)	Overseas Legal Person	0.50%	11,585,207	5,210,954	0	11,585,207	--	0
Wu Feng	Domestic Natural Person	0.29%	6,702,269	511,600	0	6,702,269	--	0
Bosera Funds-China Merchants Bank- Bosera Funds Xincheng No.2 Collective Asset Management Plan	Others	0.28%	6,500,000	0	0	6,500,000	--	0
Bosera Funds-Postal Savings Bank- Bosera Funds Xincheng No.3 Collective Asset Management Plan	Others	0.26%	6,000,000	0	0	6,000,000	--	0
Zhu Shenglan	Domestic Natural Person	0.25%	5,756,000	0	0	5,756,000	--	0
China Universal Asset Management Fund-Industrial Bank-CUAM-Strategic Enhancement No.3 Collective Asset Management Plan	Others	0.19%	4,400,000	0	0	4,400,000	--	0
Qichun County State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Bureau	State-owned Legal Person	0.18%	4,169,266	0	0	4,169,266	--	0
Bosera Funds-Postal Savings Bank- Bosera Funds Xincheng No.4 Collective Asset Management Plan	Others	0.17%	4,000,000	0	0	4,000,000	--	0
Strategic Investors or the General Legal Person Who	Not Applicable							

<b>Become the Top 10 Common Shareholders (if any) due to the Placement of New Shares</b>			
<b>Explanation on Associated Relationship or/and Persons</b>	Syngenta Group Co., Ltd. is neither a related party to any other shareholders listed above, nor any acting-in-concert party as prescribed in <i>the Administrative Methods for Acquisition of Listed Companies</i> . It is unknown whether the other shareholders are related parties or acting-in-concert parties as prescribed in the Administrative Methods for Acquisition of Listed Companies.		
<b>Explanation on Situations of Entrusted Voting Rights or Waiver of Voting Rights Involved by the Above Shareholders</b>	Not Applicable		
<b>Explanation on the Existence of Special Repurchase Accounts among the Top 10 Shareholders (if any)</b>	Not applicable		
<b>Details of Shares Held by Top 10 Common Shareholders Not Subject to Trading Moratorium (Excluding the Shares Lending through Refinancing and Restricted Shares of Executives)</b>			
Number of Shareholders	Number of Common Shares Held Not Subject to Trading Moratorium at the End of the Period	Type of Shares	
		Type of Shares	Amount
Syngenta Group Co., Ltd.	1,828,137,961	RMB Ordinary Share	1,828,137,961
China Cinda Asset Management Co., Ltd.	31,115,916	RMB Ordinary Share	31,115,916
Wu Feng	6,702,269	RMB Ordinary Share	6,702,269
Bosera Funds-China Merchants Bank- Bosera Funds Xincheng No.2 Collective Asset Management Plan	6,500,000	RMB Ordinary Share	6,500,000
Bosera Funds-Postal Savings Bank- Bosera Funds Xincheng No.3 Collective Asset Management Plan	6,000,000	RMB Ordinary Share	6,000,000
Zhu Shenglan	5,756,000	RMB Ordinary Share	5,756,000
China Universal Asset Management Fund-Industrial Bank-CUAM-Strategic Enhancement No.3 Collective Asset Management Plan	4,400,000	RMB Ordinary Share	4,400,000
Qichun County State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Bureau	4,169,266	RMB Ordinary Share	4,169,266
Bosera Funds-Postal Savings Bank- Bosera Funds Xincheng No.4 Collective Asset Management Plan	4,000,000	RMB Ordinary Share	4,000,000
Wu Feng	6,702,269	RMB Ordinary Share	6,702,269
<b>Explanation on associated relationship among the top ten common shareholders of tradable share not subject to trading moratorium, as well as among the top ten common shareholders of tradable share not subject to trading moratorium and top ten shareholders, or explanation on acting-in-concert</b>	Syngenta Group Co., Ltd. is neither a related party to any other shareholders listed above, nor any acting-in-concert party as prescribed in <i>the Administrative Methods for Acquisition of Listed Companies</i> . It is unknown whether the other shareholders are related parties or acting-in-concert parties as prescribed in <i>the Administrative Methods for Acquisition of Listed Companies</i> .		
<b>Particular about the top ten common shareholder participating in the securities lending and borrowing business (if any)</b>	Shareholder Wu Feng held 4,848,843 shares of the Company through a common securities account and 1,853,426 shares of the Company through a credit collateral securities trading account, altogether 6,702,269 shares. Shareholder Zhu Shenglan held 5,756,000 shares of the Company through a credit collateral securities trading account.		

Shareholders holding more than 5% of shares, top ten shareholders and top ten shareholders with unlimited shares in circulation participating in the shares lending through refinancing arrangement

Applicable  Not applicable

Top ten shareholders and top ten shareholders with unlimited shares in circulation change from the previous period due to the shares lending/returning through refinancing arrangement

Applicable  Not applicable

Did any top 10 common shareholders or the top 10 common shareholders not subject to trading moratorium of the Company carry out a promissory buy-back in the Reporting Period?

Yes  No

The top 10 common shareholders or the top 10 common shareholders not subject to trading moratorium of the Company had not carried out any agreed buy-back in the Reporting Period.

#### **IV. Changes in Shareholdings of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management**

Applicable  Not applicable

No such cases in the Reporting Period. For details, see Annual Report 2023.

#### **V. Change of the Controlling Shareholder or the Actual Controller**

Change of the controlling shareholder in the Reporting Period

Applicable  Not applicable

There was no change of the controlling shareholder of the Company in the Reporting Period.

Change of the actual controller in the Reporting Period

Applicable  Not applicable

There was no change of the actual controller of the Company in the Reporting Period.

## Section VIII - Preferred stock

Applicable  Not applicable

There was no preferred stock during Reporting Period.

## Section IX - Bonds

Applicable  Not applicable

## Section X - Financial Report

### I. Audit report

Was the half-year report audited?

Yes  No

The half-year report was not audited.

### II. Financial Statements

Notes to the financial statements are presented in RMB'000.



**Consolidated Balance Sheet**

	Notes	June 30 2024	December 31 2023
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash at bank and on hand	V.1	3,995,217	4,881,328
Financial assets held for trading	V.2	2,125	1,912
Derivative financial assets	V.3	222,662	850,137
Bills receivable	V.4	83,882	86,303
Accounts receivable	V.5	8,376,840	8,146,677
Receivables financing	V.6	149,457	123,050
Prepayments	V.7	297,531	305,883
Other receivables	V.8	862,132	1,054,302
Inventories	V.9	12,316,391	13,088,757
Other current assets	V.10	1,359,146	1,083,714
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>27,665,383</b>	<b>29,622,063</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Long-term receivables	V.11	55,147	68,752
Long-term equity investments	V.12	29,305	31,474
Other equity investments	V.13	132,579	132,018
Investment properties		21,327	22,145
Fixed assets	V.14	9,800,110	10,040,113
Construction in progress	V.15	2,699,358	2,507,328
Right-of-use assets	V.16	575,852	625,235
Intangible assets	V.17	4,995,395	5,318,281
Goodwill	V.18	5,031,880	5,001,538
Deferred tax assets	V.19	1,448,911	1,601,641
Other non-current assets	V.20	399,234	435,215
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>25,189,098</b>	<b>25,783,740</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>52,854,481</b>	<b>55,405,803</b>

**Consolidated Balance Sheet (continued)**

	Notes	June 30 2024	December 31 2023
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Short-term loans	V.21	4,597,378	5,733,522
Derivative financial liabilities	V.22	280,518	607,787
Bills payable	V.23	424,493	613,507
Accounts payable	V.24	4,999,499	4,649,733
Contract liabilities	V.25	1,389,717	1,514,365
Employee benefits payable	V.26	782,939	847,039
Taxes payable	V.27	550,325	407,230
Other payables	V.28	1,773,384	1,469,319
Non-current liabilities due within one year	V.29	2,013,951	2,297,888
Other current liabilities	V.30	882,320	753,827
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>17,694,524</b>	<b>18,894,217</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Long-term loans	V.31	2,891,645	2,885,939
Debentures payable	V.32	6,844,166	6,919,423
Lease liabilities	V.33	447,815	495,459
Long-term payables		95,571	97,840
Long-term employee benefits payable	V.34	571,740	671,530
Provisions	V.35	316,235	299,251
Deferred tax liabilities	V.19	291,846	297,103
Other non-current liabilities	V.36	2,718,453	2,920,566
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>14,177,471</b>	<b>14,587,111</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>31,871,995</b>	<b>33,481,328</b>
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>			
Share capital	V.37	2,329,812	2,329,812
Capital reserve	V.38	12,950,464	12,950,464
Less: Treasury shares		-	-
Other comprehensive income	V.39	1,672,162	1,675,896
Special reserves		8,098	16,595
Surplus reserve	V.40	273,617	273,617
Retained earnings	V.41	3,748,333	4,678,091
<b>Total equity attributed to the shareholders of the company</b>		<b>20,982,486</b>	<b>21,924,475</b>
<b>Non-controlling interests</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Equity</b>		<b>20,982,486</b>	<b>21,924,475</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>		<b>52,854,481</b>	<b>55,405,803</b>

Steve Hawkins  
Legal representative

Efrat Nagar  
Chief Financial Officer

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on August 27 2024.

The notes form part of these financial statements.

**Company's Balance Sheet**

	Notes	June 30 2024	December 31 2023
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash at bank and on hand	XV.1	72,509	163,646
Accounts receivable	XV.2	1,013,459	1,141,839
Receivables financing	XV.3	25,125	7,929
Prepayments		7,383	10,233
Other receivables	XV.4	11,611	11,611
Inventories		235,078	218,984
Non-current assets due within one year		-	125,000
Other current assets		9,127	7,574
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>1,374,292</b>	<b>1,686,816</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Long-term equity investments	XV.5	17,430,716	17,430,716
Other equity investments		54,299	54,299
Investment properties		2,345	2,619
Fixed assets		1,604,248	1,711,062
Construction in progress		70,253	56,791
Right-of-use assets		1,661	1,877
Intangible assets		243,178	249,236
Deferred tax assets		28,827	80,241
Other non-current assets		207,068	273,783
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>19,642,595</b>	<b>19,860,624</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>21,016,887</b>	<b>21,547,440</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Short-term loans		100,000	100,000
Bills payables		34,242	64,588
Accounts payables		144,343	150,265
Contract liabilities		6,415	12,190
Employee benefits payable		5,411	12,091
Taxes payable		2,039	4,852
Other payables		703,247	619,857
Non-current liabilities due within one year		415,808	537,820
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>1,411,505</b>	<b>1,501,663</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Long-term loans		575,971	949,017
Lease liabilities		962	885
Long-term employee benefits payable		100,500	101,628
Provisions		25,227	26,116
Other non-current liabilities		225,400	269,500
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>928,060</b>	<b>1,347,146</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>2,339,565</b>	<b>2,848,809</b>
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>			
Share capital	V.37	2,329,812	2,329,812
Capital reserve		15,523,881	15,523,881
Other comprehensive income		(1,002)	(1,002)
Special reserves		8,789	17,286
Surplus reserve	V.40	273,617	273,617
Retained earnings		542,225	555,037
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>		<b>18,677,322</b>	<b>18,698,631</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>		<b>21,016,887</b>	<b>21,547,440</b>

**Consolidated Income Statement**

		Notes	Six months ended June 30	
			2024	2023
<b>I.</b>	<b>Operating income</b>	V.42	14,910,289	17,253,201
	Less:			
	Cost of sales	V.42	11,474,074	13,358,727
	Taxes and surcharges	V.43	48,358	51,420
	Selling and Distribution expenses	V.44	2,363,376	2,161,199
	General and administrative expenses	V.45	536,266	461,146
	Research and		218,107	262,378
	Development expenses	V.46		
	Financial expenses	V.47	623,647	455,855
	Including: Interest expense		532,560	565,782
	Interest income		130,667	134,254
	Add:			
	Investment income, net	V.48	4,418	10,090
	Including: Income from investment			
	in associates and joint ventures		4,418	3,439
	Loss from changes in fair value	V.49	(196,492)	(782,218)
	Credit impairment reversal (losses)	V.50	(15,676)	8,490
	Asset impairment losses	V.51	(59,134)	(105,887)
	Gain from disposal of assets	V.52	18,217	23,402
<b>II.</b>	<b>Operating loss</b>		(602,206)	(343,647)
	Add:			
	Non-operating income		43,241	36,073
	Less:			
	Non-operating expenses		12,465	11,015
<b>III.</b>	<b>Total loss</b>		(571,430)	(318,589)
	Less: Income tax expenses (income)	V.53	323,436	(76,433)
<b>IV.</b>	<b>Net loss</b>		(894,866)	(242,156)
(1).	Classified by nature of operations			
	(1.1). Continuing operations		(894,866)	(242,156)
(2).	Classified by ownership			
	(2.1). Shareholders of the Company		(894,866)	(242,156)
	(2.2). Non-controlling interests		-	-
<b>V.</b>	<b>Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax</b>	V. 39	(3,734)	884,205
	Other comprehensive income (net of tax)			
	attributable to shareholders of the Company		(3,734)	884,205
	(1) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		8,522	14,741
	(1.1) Re-measurement of defined benefit plan liability		8,522	14,741
	(1.2) Fair Value changes in other equity investment		-	-
	(2) Items that were or will be reclassified to profit or loss		(12,256)	869,464
	(2.1) Effective portion of gains or loss of cash flow hedge		6,283	26,534
	(2.2) Translation differences of foreign financial statements		(18,539)	842,930
<b>VI.</b>	<b>Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period attributable to Shareholders of the Company</b>		(898,600)	642,049
	Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		(898,600)	642,049
	attributable to shareholders of the Company			
	Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-
	attributable to Non-controlling interests			
<b>VII.</b>	<b>Earnings per share</b>	XIV.2		
(1)	Basic loss per share (Yuan/share)		(0.38)	(0.10)
(2)	Diluted earnings per share (Yuan/share)		N/A	N/A

**Company's Income Statement**

	Notes	Six months ended June 30	
		2024	2023
<b>I. Operating income</b>	XV.6	981,592	1,093,709
<b>Less:</b> Operating costs	XV.6	831,781	893,238
Taxes and surcharges		5,450	4,292
Selling and Distribution expenses		3,695	2,744
General and administrative expenses		62,755	66,887
Research and Development expenses		2,497	16,129
Financial expenses		3,942	755
Including: Interest expense		19,087	24,412
Interest income		3,892	4,814
<b>Add:</b> Investment income, net		-	-
Gain from changes in fair value (“-” means loss)		(30,870)	-
Credit impairment reversal (losses)		(2)	91
Asset Impairment reversal (losses)		(3,565)	(3,067)
Gain from disposal of assets		-	17
<b>II. Operating Profit</b>		37,035	106,705
<b>Add:</b> Non-operating income		1,606	7,815
<b>Less:</b> Non-operating expenses		39	509
<b>III. Total profit</b>		38,602	114,011
<b>Less:</b> Income tax expense (income)		51,414	20,379
<b>IV. Net profit (loss)</b>		(12,812)	93,632
<b>V. Other comprehensive income, net of tax</b>		-	-
(1) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
(1.1) Re-measurement of defined benefit plan liability		-	-
(1.2) FV changes in other equity investment		-	-
<b>VI. Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period</b>		(12,812)	93,632

**Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

	Notes	Six months ended June 30	
		2024	2023
<b>I. Cash flows from operating activities:</b>			
Cash received from sale of goods and rendering of services		13,538,583	17,397,575
Refund of taxes and surcharges		104,215	93,456
Cash received relating to other operating activities	V.56(1)	292,828	201,011
Sub-total of cash inflows from operating activities		13,935,626	17,692,042
Cash paid for goods and services		8,394,452	13,362,264
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees		2,093,554	2,464,353
Payments of taxes and surcharges		324,788	388,247
Cash paid relating to other operating activities	V.56(2)	1,391,714	1,542,054
Sub-total of cash outflows from operating activities		12,204,508	17,756,918
<b>Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities</b>	V.57(1)a	1,731,118	(64,876)
<b>II. Cash flows from investing activities:</b>			
Cash received from disposal of investments		63,100	158,498
Cash received from returns of investments		-	1,710
Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		30,379	30,688
Cash received relating to other investing activities	V.56(3)	-	16,643
Sub-total of cash inflows from investing activities		93,479	207,539
Cash paid to acquire fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		800,485	1,178,443
Cash paid for acquisition of investments		-	1,745
Net cash paid to acquire subsidiaries or other business units		-	148,460
Cash paid relating to other investing activities	V.56(4)	107,950	-
Sub-total of cash outflows from investing activities		908,435	1,328,648
<b>Net cash flows used in investing activities</b>		(814,956)	(1,121,109)
<b>III. Cash flows from financing activities:</b>			
Cash received from borrowings		1,014,194	2,711,547
Cash received from other financing activities	V.56(5)	781,651	1,428,302
Sub-total of cash inflows from financing activities		1,795,845	4,139,849
Cash repayments of borrowings		2,792,435	1,599,428
Cash payment for dividends, profit distributions and interest		586,795	584,774
Including: Dividends paid to non-controlling interest		34,892	18,763
Cash paid relating to other financing activities	V.56(6)	261,285	554,624
Sub-total of cash outflows from financing activities		3,640,515	2,738,826
<b>Net cash flow provided by (used in) financing activities</b>		(1,844,670)	1,401,023
<b>IV. Effects of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalent</b>			
<b>equivalent</b>		42,030	130,246
<b>V. Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	V.57(1)b	(886,478)	345,284
<b>Add: Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year</b>		4,857,358	4,225,253
<b>VI. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	V.57(2)	3,970,880	4,570,537

**Company's Cash Flow Statement**

	Notes	Six months ended June 30	
		2024	2023
<b>I. Cash flows from operating activities:</b>			
Cash received from sale of goods and rendering of services		879,847	621,379
Refund of taxes and surcharges		41,484	28,662
Cash received relating to other operating activities	XV.7(1)	12,564	25,659
Sub-total of cash inflows from operating activities		933,895	675,700
Cash paid for goods and services		530,851	551,879
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees		69,738	68,837
Payments of taxes and surcharges		9,090	6,605
Cash paid relating to other operating activities	XV.7(2)	20,299	112,039
Sub-total of cash outflows from operating activities		629,978	739,360
<b>Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities</b>	XV.8	303,917	(63,660)
<b>II. Cash flows from investing activities:</b>			
Cash received from returns of investments		-	-
Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		-	17
Cash received relating to other investing activities	XV.7.(3)	127,600	2,850
Sub-total of cash inflows from investing activities		127,600	2,867
Cash paid to acquire fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		17,913	36,808
Cash paid for other investing activities	XV.7.(4)	-	-
Sub-total of cash outflows from investing activities		17,913	36,808
<b>Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities</b>		109,687	(33,941)
<b>III. Cash flows from financing activities:</b>			
Cash received from borrowings		50,000	450,000
Cash received relating to other financing activities	XV.7.(5)	6,460	12,750
Sub-total of cash inflows from financing activities		56,460	462,750
Cash repayments of borrowings		544,732	409,732
Cash payment for dividends, profit distributions or interest		19,179	87,684
Cash paid relating to other financing activities	XV.7.(6)	3,884	3,837
Sub-total of cash outflows from financing activities		567,795	501,253
<b>Net cash flow used in financing activities</b>		(511,335)	(38,503)
<b>IV. Effects of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents</b>		9,630	(880)
<b>V. Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents</b>		(88,101)	(136,984)
<b>Add:</b> Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	XV.8(2)	157,186	258,330
<b>VI. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period</b>	XV.8(2)	69,085	121,346

**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity****For the Six months ended June 30, 2024**

	Share capital	Capital reserve	Other comprehensive income	Special reserves	Surplus reserve	Retained earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
<b>I. Balance at December 31, 2023</b>	2,329,812	12,950,464	1,675,896	16,595	273,617	4,678,091	21,924,475	-	21,924,475
<b>II. Changes in equity for the period</b>	-	-	(3,734)	(8,497)	-	(929,758)	(941,989)	-	(941,989)
1. Total comprehensive loss	-	-	(3,734)	-	-	(894,866)	(898,600)	-	(898,600)
2. Appropriation of profits	-	-	-	-	-	(34,892)	(34,892)	-	(34,892)
2.1 Distribution to non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	(34,892)	(34,892)	-	(34,892)
3. Special reserve	-	-	-	(8,497)	-	-	(8,497)	-	(8,497)
3.1 Transfer to special reserve	-	-	-	4,721	-	-	4,721	-	4,721
3.2 Amount utilized	-	-	-	(13,218)	-	-	(13,218)	-	(13,218)
<b>III. Balance at June 30, 2024</b>	2,329,812	12,950,464	1,672,162	8,098	273,617	3,748,333	20,982,486	-	20,982,486



**Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity****For the Six months ended June 30, 2023**

	Share capital	Capital reserve	Other comprehensive income	Special reserves	Surplus reserve	Retained earnings	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
<b>I. Balance at December 31, 2022</b>	2,329,812	12,986,333	1,080,590	15,818	242,498	6,469,604	23,124,655	-	23,124,655
<b>II. Changes in equity for the period</b>	-	(40,496)	884,205	(30)	-	(323,824)	519,855	-	519,855
1. Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	884,205	-	-	(242,156)	642,049	-	642,049
2. Owner's contributions and reduction	-	(40,496)	-	-	-	-	(40,496)	-	(40,496)
2.1 Transactions with holders of non controlling interest	-	(40,496)	-	-	-	-	(40,496)	-	(40,496)
3. Appropriation of profits	-	-	-	-	-	(81,668)	(81,668)	-	(81,668)
3.1 Distribution to owners	-	-	-	-	-	(62,905)	(62,905)	-	(62,905)
3.2 Distribution to non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	(18,763)	(18,763)	-	(18,763)
4. Special reserve	-	-	-	(30)	-	-	(30)	-	(30)
4.1 Transfer to special reserve	-	-	-	5,010	-	-	5,010	-	5,010
4.2 Amount utilized	-	-	-	(5,040)	-	-	(5,040)	-	(5,040)
<b>III. Balance at June 30, 2023</b>	2,329,812	12,945,837	1,964,795	15,788	242,498	6,145,780	23,644,510	-	23,644,510

**Company's Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity****For the Six months ended June 30, 2024**

	Share capital	Capital reserve	Other comprehensive income	Special reserves	Surplus reserve	Retained earnings	Total
<b>I. Balance at December 31, 2023</b>	2,329,812	15,523,881	(1,002)	17,286	273,617	555,037	18,698,631
<b>II. Changes in equity for the period</b>	-	-	-	(8,497)	-	(12,812)	(21,309)
1. Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	(12,812)	(12,812)
2. Special reserve	-	-	-	(8,497)	-	-	(8,497)
2.1 Transfer to special reserve	-	-	-	4,721	-	-	4,721
2.2 Amount utilized	-	-	-	(13,218)	-	-	(13,218)
<b>III. Balance at June 30, 2024</b>	2,329,812	15,523,881	(1,002)	8,789	273,617	542,225	18,677,322

**For the Six months ended June 30, 2023**

	Share capital	Capital reserve	Other comprehensive income	Special reserves	Surplus reserve	Retained earnings	Total
<b>I. Balance at December 31, 2022</b>	2,329,812	15,523,881	30,822	16,509	242,498	337,865	18,481,387
<b>II. Changes in equity for the period</b>	-	-	-	(30)	-	30,727	30,697
1. Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	93,632	93,632
2. Appropriation of profits	-	-	-	-	-	(62,905)	(62,905)
2.1 Transfer to Distribution to shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	(62,905)	(62,905)
3. Special reserve	-	-	-	(30)	-	-	(30)
3.1 Transfer to special reserve	-	-	-	5,010	-	-	5,010
3.2 Amount utilized	-	-	-	(5,040)	-	-	(5,040)
<b>III. Balance at June 30, 2023</b>	2,329,812	15,523,881	30,822	16,479	242,498	368,592	18,512,084

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### I BASIC CORPORATE INFORMATION

ADAMA Ltd. (hereinafter the “Company” or the “Group”) is a company limited by shares established in China with its head office located in Hubei Jingzhou.

In June 2020, the controlling shareholder of the Company changed from China National Agrochemical Co., Ltd. (hereinafter – “CNAC”) to Syngenta Group Co., Ltd. (hereinafter “Syngenta Group”). As of August 2021, following the combination between China National Chemical Co., Ltd. (hereinafter - “ChemChina”) and Sinochem Holdings Corporation Ltd. (hereinafter - “Sinochem Holdings”), Syngenta Group, and subsequently the Company, are ultimately controlled by Sinochem Holdings - parent of both ChemChina and Sinochem Group Co., Ltd. (hereinafter “Sinochem Holdings”), subordinated to SASAC.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the “Group”) are engaged in development, manufacturing and marketing of agrochemicals, intermediate materials for other industries, food additives and synthetic aromatic products, mainly for export. For information about the largest subsidiaries of the Company, refer to Note VII.

The Company’s consolidated financial statements had been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on August 27, 2024.

Details of the scope of consolidated financial statements are set out in Note VII “Interest in other entities”, whereas the changes of the scope of consolidation are set out in Note VI “Changes in consolidation scope”.

### II BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 1. Basis of preparation

The Group has adopted the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises issued by the Ministry of Finance (the “MoF”). In addition, the Group has disclosed relevant financial information in these financial statements in accordance with Information Disclosure and Presentation Rules for Companies Offering Securities to the Public No. 15 — General Provisions on Financial Reporting (revised by China Securities Regulatory Commission (hereinafter “CSRC”) in 2023).

#### 2. Accrual basis and measurement principle

The Group has adopted the accrual basis of accounting. Except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value, deferred tax assets and liabilities, assets and liabilities relating to employee benefits, provisions, and investments in associated companies and joint ventures, the Group adopts the historical cost as the principle of measurement in the financial statements. Where assets are impaired, provisions for asset impairment are made in accordance with relevant requirements.

In the historical cost measurement, assets obtained shall be measured at the amount of cash or cash equivalents or fair value of the consideration paid. Liabilities shall be measured at the actual amount of cash or assets received, or the contractual amount in a present obligation, or the prospective amount of cash or cash equivalents paid to discharge the liabilities.

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing market participants in an arm’s length transaction at the measurement date. Fair value measured and disclosed in the financial statements are determined on this basis whether it is observable or estimated by valuation techniques.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### II BASIS OF PREPARATION - (cont'd)

#### 2. Accrual basis and measurement principle - (cont'd)

The following table provides an analysis, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value input is observable and significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets;

Level 2 - based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable (other than quoted prices included within Level 1), either directly or indirectly;

Level 3 - based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

#### 3. Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The Group has performed going concern assessment for the following 12 months from June 30, 2024 and have not identified any significant doubtful matter or event on the going concern, as such the financial statement have been prepared on the going concern basis.

### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

#### 1. Statement of compliance

These financial statements are in compliance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises to truly and completely reflect the Company's consolidated financial position as at June 30, 2024 and the Company's consolidated operating results, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the six months then ended.

#### 2. Accounting period

The Group has adopted the calendar year as its accounting year, i.e. from 1 January to 31 December.

#### 3. Business cycle

The company takes the period from the acquisition of assets for processing to their realisation in cash or cash equivalents as a normal operating cycle. The operating cycle for the company is 12 months.

#### 4. Reporting currency

The Company and its domestic subsidiaries choose Renminbi (hereinafter "RMB") as their functional currency. Functional currencies of overseas subsidiaries are determined on the basis of the principal economic environment in which the overseas subsidiaries operate. The functional currency of the overseas subsidiaries is mainly the United States Dollar (hereinafter "USD"). The presentation currency of these financial statements is Renminbi.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)**

**5. Criteria of determining material item in the report and its benchmark**

Item	Benchmark for Material Item
Material construction in progress projects	Individual construction in progress project with a budget higher than RMB 100 million

**6. Business combinations**

**6.1 Business combinations not involving enterprises under common control and goodwill**

A business combination not involving enterprises under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining enterprises are not ultimately controlled by the same party or parties before and after the combination.

The costs of business combination are the fair value of the assets paid, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued by the acquirer for the purpose of achieving the control rights over the acquiree.

The intermediary costs such as audit, legal services and assessment consulting costs and other related management costs that are directly attributable to the combination by the acquirer are charged to profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred. Direct capital issuance costs incurred in respect of equity instruments or liabilities issued pursuant to the business combination should be charged to the respect equity instruments or liabilities upon initial recognition of the underlying equity instruments or liabilities.

The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired by the acquirer in a business combination, that meet the recognition criteria shall be measured at fair value at the acquisition date.

The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any contingent consideration. (such as earnout arrangements with the former shareholders). After the acquisition date, the Group recognizes changes in the fair value of contingent consideration classified as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Where the cost of combination exceeds the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, the difference is treated as an asset and recognized as goodwill, which is measured at cost on initial recognition. Where the cost of combination is less than the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, the remaining difference is recognized immediately in profit or loss for the current year.

The goodwill raised because of the business combination should be separately disclosed in the consolidated financial statement and measured by the initial amount less any accumulative impairment provision.

In a business combination achieved in stages, the Group remeasure its previously held equity interest in the acquiree at its acquisition-date fair value and recognise the resulting gain or loss, if any, in profit or loss.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 7. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements

The scope of consolidation in consolidated financial statements is determined on the basis of control. Control is achieved when the Company has power over the investee; is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

For a subsidiary disposed of by the Group, the operating results and cash flows before the date of disposal (the date when control is lost) are included in consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of cash flows.

For a subsidiary acquired through a business combination not involving enterprises under common control, the operating results and cash flows from the acquisition date (the date when control is obtained) are included in consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of cash flows.

The significant accounting policies and accounting years adopted by the subsidiaries are determined based on the uniform accounting policies and accounting years set out by the Company.

All significant intra-group balances, transactions and unrealized profits are eliminated on consolidation.

The portion of subsidiaries' equity that is not attributable to the Company is treated as non-controlling interests and presented as "non-controlling interests" in the shareholders' equity in consolidated balance sheet. The portion of net profits or losses of subsidiaries for the period attributable to non-controlling interests is presented as "non-controlling interests" in consolidated income statement below the "net profit" line item. Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling shareholders is presented separately in the consolidated income statement below the total comprehensive income line item.

When the amount of loss for the period attributable to the non-controlling shareholders of a subsidiary exceeds the non-controlling shareholders' portion of the opening balance of owners' equity of the subsidiary, the excess amount is still allocated against non-controlling interests.

Acquisition of non-controlling interests or disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary that does not result in the loss of control over the subsidiary is accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Company's interests and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. The difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is adjusted to capital reserve under owners' equity. If the capital reserve is not sufficient to absorb the difference, the excess is adjusted against retained earnings. Other comprehensive income attributed to the non-controlling interest is reattributed to the shareholders of the company.

A put option issued by the Group to holders of non-controlling interests that is settled in cash or other financial instrument is recognized as a liability at the present value of the exercise price (according to the "anticipated acquisition method"). The Group's share of a subsidiary's profits includes the share of the holders of the non-controlling interests to which the Group issued a put option.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 6. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)

In cases which the Group has a Call option in addition to the Put option above, due to the anticipated acquisition method implementation no value is given to the Call option in the consolidated financial statements.

When the Group loses control over a subsidiary due to disposal of certain equity interest or other reasons, any retained interest is re-measured at its fair value at the date when control is lost. The difference between (i) the aggregate of the consideration received on disposal and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the share of the former subsidiary's net assets cumulatively calculated from the acquisition date according to the original proportion of ownership interest is recognized as investment income in the period in which control is lost. Other comprehensive income associated with the disposed subsidiary is reclassified to investment income in the period in which control is lost.

#### 7. Classification and accounting methods of joint arrangement

There are two types of joint arrangements – joint operations and joint ventures. The type of joint arrangements is determined based on the rights and obligations of joint operator to the joint arrangements by considering the factors, such as the structure, the legal form of the arrangements, and the contractual terms, etc. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the joint operators have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the joint ventures have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

#### 8. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and deposits that can be readily withdrawn on demand. Cash equivalents are the Group's short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 9. Translation of transactions and financial statements denominated in foreign currencies

##### 10.1 Transactions denominated in foreign currencies

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the spot exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction.

At the balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are translated into functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from the differences between the spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date and those on initial recognition or at the previous balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss for the period, except that (i) exchange differences related to a specific-purpose borrowing denominated in foreign currency that qualify for capitalization are capitalized as part of the cost of the qualifying asset during the capitalization period. (ii) exchange differences related to hedging instruments for the purpose of hedging against foreign currency risks are accounted for using hedge accounting.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 10. Translation of transactions and financial statements denominated in foreign currencies - (cont'd)

##### 10.1 Transactions denominated in foreign currencies - (cont'd)

When preparing financial statements involving foreign operations, if there is any foreign currency monetary items, which in substance forms part of the net investment in the foreign operations, exchange differences arising from the changes of foreign currency are recorded as other comprehensive income, and will be reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of the foreign operations.

Foreign currency non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated to the amounts in functional currency at the spot exchange rates on the dates of the transactions and the amounts in functional currency remain unchanged.

##### 10.2 Translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currency

For the purpose of preparing consolidated financial statements, financial statements of a foreign operation are translated from the foreign currency into RMB using the following method: assets and liabilities on the balance sheet are translated at spot exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date; shareholders' equity items, except for retained earnings, are translated at the spot exchange rates at the dates on which such items arose; all items in the income statement as well as items reflecting the distribution of profits are translated at average rate or at spot exchange rates on the dates of the transactions; the retained earnings opening balance is previous year's translated retained earnings closing balance; the closing balance of retained earnings is calculated and presented on the basis of each translated income statement and profit distribution item. The difference between the translated assets and the aggregate of liabilities and shareholders' equity items is recorded as other comprehensive income. Cash Flows arising from transaction in foreign currency and the cash flows of a foreign subsidiary are translated at the spot exchange rate on the date of the cash flow, the effect of exchange rate changes on the cash and cash equivalents is regarded as a reconciling item and present separately in the statement "effect of foreign exchange rate changes on the cash and cash equivalents".

The opening balances and the comparative figures of prior year are presented at the translated amounts in the prior year's financial statements.

On disposal of the Group's entire equity interest in a foreign operation, or upon a loss of control over a foreign operation due to disposal of certain equity interest in it or other reasons, the Group transfers the accumulated translation differences, which are attributable to the owners' equity of the Company and presented under other comprehensive income to profit or loss in the period in which the disposal occurs.

In case of a disposal or other reason that does not result in the Group losing control over a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated translation differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognized in profit and loss. For partial disposals of equity interest in foreign operations, which are associates or joint ventures, the proportionate share of the accumulated translation differences are reclassified to profit or loss.



## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 10. Financial instruments

The Group recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset or financial liability at its fair value plus or minus (which is not measured at fair value through profit or loss) transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Initial recognition in trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component, shall be made according to their transaction price.

##### 11.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets

After initial recognition, an entity shall measure a financial asset at: (a) amortised cost; (b) fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”); or (c) fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”).

##### 11.1.1 Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met: (a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using effective interest method. Gains or losses upon impairment and derecognition are recognized in profit or loss.

##### 11.1.1.1 Effective interest method and amortised cost

Effective interest method represents the method for calculating the amortized costs and interest income or expense of each period in accordance with the effective interest rate of financial assets or financial liabilities (inclusive of a set of financial assets or financial liabilities). Effective interest rate represents the rate that discounts the future cash flow over the expected subsisting period or shorter period, if appropriate, of the financial asset or financial liability to the current carrying value of such financial asset or financial liability.

When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group will consider the anticipated future cash flow (not considering the future credit loss) on the basis of all contract clauses of financial assets or financial liabilities, as well as consider all kinds of charges which are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction fees and discount or premium paid or received between both parties of financial asset or financial liability contract.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 11. Financial instruments - (cont'd)

##### 11.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets - (cont'd)

##### 11.1.2 Financial assets at FVTOCI

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met: (a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses, foreign exchange gains and losses and interest calculated using the effective interest method, until the financial asset is derecognized or reclassified. When the financial asset is derecognized the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

##### 11.1.3 Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL are either those that are classified as financial assets at FVTPL or designated as financial assets at FVTPL.

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI.

The Group may, at initial recognition, irrevocably designate a financial asset as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as an 'accounting mismatch') that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognizing the gains and losses on them on different bases.

A gain or loss on a financial asset that is measured at FVTPL is recognized in profit or loss unless it is part of a hedging relationship. Dividends are recognized in profit or loss.

##### 11.1.4 Designated financial assets at FVTOCI

At initial recognition, the Group makes an irrevocable election to designate to FVTOCI an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading.

When a non-trading equity instrument investment is designated as a financial asset that is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the changes in the fair value of the financial asset are recognised in other comprehensive income. Upon realization the accumulated gains or losses from other comprehensive income are transferred from other comprehensive income and included in retained earnings. During the period in which the Group holds these non-trading investment instruments, the right to receive dividends in the Group has been established, and the economic benefits related to dividends are likely to flow into the Group, and when the amount of dividends can be reliably measured, the dividend income is recognized in the current profit and loss.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 11. Financial instruments - (cont'd)

##### 11.2 Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are classified to amortised cost and FVTOCI.

The Group always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, the Group initially measure the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. At each balance sheet date, if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses. The Group recognizes in profit or loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance to the amount that is required to be recognized.

##### 11.2.1 Significant increases in credit risk

At each balance sheet date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

The Group mainly considers the following list of information in assessing changes in credit risk:

- (a) significant changes in internal price indicators of credit risk as a result of a change in credit risk since inception.
- (b) significant changes in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument or similar financial instruments with the same expected life.
- (c) a significant change in the debtors' ability to meet its debt obligations.
- (d) an actual or expected significant change in the operating results of the debtor.
- (e) significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor.
- (f) an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor.
- (g) significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation or in the quality of third-party guarantees or credit enhancements, which are expected to reduce the debtor's economic incentive to make scheduled contractual payments or to otherwise have an effect on the probability of a default occurring.
- (h) significant changes that are expected to reduce the receivable's economic incentive to make scheduled contractual payments.
- (i) significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the debtor.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 11. Financial instruments - (cont'd)

##### 11.2 Impairment of financial assets - (cont'd)

##### 11.2.2 Credit-impaired financial asset

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired include observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the receivable;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the receivable, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the receivable's financial difficulty, having granted to the receivable a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the receivable will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;

##### 11.2.3 Recognition of expected credit losses

For the purpose of determining significant increases in credit risk and recognizing a loss allowance on a collective basis, financial instruments are grouped on the basis of shared credit risk. Examples of shared credit risk characteristics may include, but are not limited to, the:(a) instrument type; (b) credit risk ratings; (c) collateral type; (d) industry; (e) geographical location of the debtor; and (f) the value of collateral relative to the financial asset if it has an impact on the probability of a default occurring.

Expected credit losses of financial instruments are determined as the present value of the difference between: (a) the contractual cash flows that are due to an entity under the contract; and (b) the cash flows that the entity expects to receive.

For a financial asset that is credit-impaired at the reporting date, an entity shall measure the expected credit losses as the difference between the asset's gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. Any adjustment is recognized in profit or loss as an impairment gain or loss.

The Group measures expected credit losses of a financial instrument in a way that reflects:

- (a) an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- (b) the time value of money; and
- (c) reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 11. Financial instruments - (cont'd)

##### 11.2 Impairment of financial assets - (cont'd)

##### 11.2.4 Written-off of financial assets

The Group directly reduces the gross carrying amount of a financial asset when the entity has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event.

##### 11.3 Transfer of financial asset

The Group derecognizes a financial asset if one of the following conditions is satisfied: (i) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire; or (ii) the financial asset has been transferred and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset transferred to the transferee; or (iii) although the financial asset has been transferred, the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset but has not retained control of the financial asset.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a financial asset, and it retains control of the financial asset, it recognizes the financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement in the transferred financial asset and recognizes an associated liability. The extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the transferred asset is the extent to which it is exposed to changes in the value of the transferred asset.

When the company is derecognizing a financial asset in its entirety, except for equity instrument designated to FVTOCI, the difference between (i) the carrying amount of the financial asset transferred; and (ii) the sum of the consideration received from the transfer is recognized in profit or loss.

##### 11.4 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at FVTPL or other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is (i) held for trading or (ii) it is designated as at FVTPL. The financial liability other than derivative financial liabilities are stated as liabilities held for trading.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost by using effective interest method. Gain or loss arising from derecognition or amortization is recognized in current profit or loss.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 11. Financial instruments - (cont'd)

##### 11.5 Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognized in full or in part only when the present obligation is discharged in full or in part. An agreement entered into force between the Group (debtor) and a creditor to replace the original financial liabilities with new financial liabilities with substantially different terms, derecognize the original financial liabilities as well as recognize the new financial liabilities. When financial liabilities is derecognized in full or in part, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liabilities derecognized and the consideration paid (including transferred non-cash assets or new financial liability) is recognized in profit or loss for the current period.

##### 11.6 Derivatives

Derivative financial instruments include forward exchange contracts, currency swaps and foreign exchange options, etc. Derivatives are initially measured at fair value at the date when the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss unless the derivative is designated and highly effective as a hedging instrument, in which case the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship (Note III 29.1).

##### 11.7 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities shall be presented separately in the balance sheet and shall not be offset, except for circumstances where the Group has a legal right that is currently enforceable to offset the recognized financial assets and financial liabilities, and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the financial asset and settle the financial liability simultaneously, a financial asset and a financial liability shall be offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet.

##### 11.8 Equity instruments

The consideration received from the issuance of equity instruments net of transaction costs is recognized in shareholders' equity. Consideration and transaction costs paid by the Company for repurchasing self-issued equity instruments are deducted from shareholders' equity.

When the Company repurchases its own shares, those shares are treated as treasury shares. All expenditures relating to the repurchase are recorded in the cost of the treasury shares, with the transaction entering into the share capital. Treasury shares are excluded from profit distributions and are stated as a deduction under shareholders' equity in the balance sheet.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 11. Receivables

Receivables are assessed for impairment on a collective group and/or on an individual basis as follows:

Expected credit losses in respect of a receivables is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The assessment is made collectively for account receivables, where receivables share similar credit risk characteristics based on geographical location, using the expected credit losses model including inter-alia aging analysis, historical loss experiences adjusted by the observable factors reflecting current and expected future economic conditions. The ratio of the account receivables collective provision for expected credit losses in which credit losses has not occurred is between 0%-4.36%.

When credit risk on a receivable has increased significantly since initial recognition, the group records specific provision or collective provision, which is determined for groups of similar assets in countries in which there are large number of customers with immaterial balances.

In assessing whether the credit risk on a receivable has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the receivable at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the receivable at the date of initial recognition and considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about loss events such as a significant decline in the solvency of an individual debtor or the portfolio of debtors, and significant changes in the financial condition that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

#### 13. Inventories

##### 13.1 Categories of inventories and initial measurement

The Group's inventories mainly include raw materials, work in progress, semi-finished goods, finished goods and reusable materials. Reusable materials include low-value consumables, packaging materials and other materials, which can be used repeatedly but do not meet the definition of fixed assets.

Inventories are initially measured at cost. Cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other expenditures incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition including direct labor costs and an appropriate allocation of production overheads.

##### 13.2 Valuation method of inventories upon delivery

The actual cost of inventories upon delivery is calculated using the weighted average method.

##### 13.3 Basis for determining net realizable value of inventories and provision methods for decline in value of inventories

At the balance sheet date, inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. If the net realizable value is below the cost of inventories, a provision for decline in value of inventories is made. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion, the estimated costs necessary to make the sale and relevant taxes.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 13. Inventories - (cont'd)

- 13.3 Basis for determining net realizable value of inventories and provision methods for decline in value of inventories - (cont'd)

After the provision for decline in value of inventories is made, if the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist so that the net realizable value of inventories is higher than their carrying amount, the original provision for decline in value is reversed and the reversal is included in profit or loss for the period.

- 13.4 The perpetual inventory system is maintained for stock system.

#### 14. Long-term equity investments

Long-term equity investments include investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.

Subsidiaries are the companies that are controlled by the Company. Associates are the companies over which the Group has significant influence. Joint ventures are joint arrangements over which the Group has joint control along with other investors and has rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement.

The Company accounts for the investment in subsidiaries at historical cost in the Company's financial statements. Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for under equity method.

- 14.1 Determination of investment cost

For a long-term equity investment acquired through a business combination involving enterprises under common control, the investment cost of the long-term equity investment is the share of the carrying amount of the shareholders' equity of the acquiree attributable to the ultimate controlling party at the date of combination. The difference between initial investment cost and cash paid, non-cash assets transferred and book value of liabilities assumed, is adjusted in capital reserve. If the balance of capital reserve is not sufficient to absorb the difference, any excess is adjusted to retained earnings.

For a long-term equity investment acquired through business combination not involving enterprises under common control, the investment cost of the long-term equity investment is the cost of acquisition. For a business combination not involving enterprises under common control achieved in stages that involves multiple exchange transactions, the initial investment cost is carried at the aggregate of the carrying amount of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree and the new investment cost incurred on the acquisition date.

Regarding the long-term equity investment acquired otherwise than through a business combination, if the long-term equity investment is acquired by cash, the historical cost is determined based on the amount of cash paid and payable; if the long-term equity investment is acquired through the issuance of equity instruments, the historical cost is determined based on the fair value of the equity instruments issued.



## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 14. Long-term equity investments - (cont'd)

##### 14.2 Subsequent measurement and recognition of profit or loss

If the long-term equity investment is accounted for at cost, it should be measured at historical cost less accumulated impairment losses. Dividend declared by the investee should be accounted for as investment income.

Under the equity method, where the long-term equity investment initial investment cost exceeds the Group's share of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition, no adjustment is made to the initial investment cost. Where the initial investment cost is less than the Group's share of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition, the difference is recognized in profit or loss for the period, and the cost of the long-term equity investment is adjusted accordingly.

Under the equity method, the Group recognizes its share of the net profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the investee for the period as investment income or loss and other comprehensive income for the period. The Group recognizes its share of the investee's net profit or loss based on the fair value of the investee's individual separately identifiable assets, etc. at the acquisition date after making appropriate adjustments to be confirmed with the Group's accounting policies and accounting period. The Group discontinues recognizing its share of net losses of the investee after the carrying amount of the long-term equity investment together with any long-term interests that in substance form part of its net investment in the investee is reduced to zero. If the Group has incurred obligations to assume additional losses of the investee, a provision is recognized according to the expected obligation, and recorded as investment loss for the period.

##### 14.3 Basis for determining control, joint control and significant influence over investee

Control is achieved when the Company has power over the investee; is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control over an economic activity, and exists only when the strategic financial and operating policy decisions relating to the activity require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

When determining whether an investing enterprise is able to exercise control or significant influence over an investee, the effect of potential voting rights of the investee (for example, warrants and convertible debts) held by the investing enterprises or other parties that are currently exercisable or convertible shall be considered.

##### 14.4 Methods of impairment assessment and determining the provision for impairment loss

If the recoverable amounts of the investments to subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are less than their carrying amounts, an impairment loss should be recognized to reduce the carrying amounts to the recoverable amounts (Note III 21).

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 14. Long-term equity investments - (cont'd)

##### 14.5 The disposal of long-term equity investment

On disposal of a long term equity investment, the difference between the proceeds actually received and receivable and the carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

#### 15. Investment properties

Investment property refers to real estate held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both, including leased land use rights, land use rights held and provided for transferring after appreciation and leased constructions, etc.

Investment property is initially measured at cost. Subsequent expenditures related to an investment property shall be included in cost of investment property only when the economic benefits associated with the asset will likely flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. All other subsequent expenditures on investment property shall be included in profit or loss for the current period when incurred.

The Group adopts cost method for subsequent measurement of investment property, which is depreciated or amortized using the same policy as that for buildings and land use rights.

When an investment property is sold, transferred, retired or damaged, the amount of proceeds on disposal of the property net of the carrying amount and related taxes and surcharges is recognized in profit or loss for the current period.

#### 16. Fixed assets

##### 16.1 Recognition criteria for fixed assets

Fixed assets include land owned by the Group and buildings, machinery and equipment, motor vehicles, office equipment and others.

Fixed assets are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or for administrative purposes, and have useful lives of more than one accounting year. A fixed asset is recognized only when it is probable that economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be reliably measured. Purchased or constructed fixed assets are initially measured at cost when acquired.

Subsequent expenditures incurred for the fixed asset are included in the cost of the fixed asset and if it is probable that economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the subsequent expenditures can be measured reliably. Other subsequent expenditures are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)**

**16. Fixed assets - (cont'd)**

16.2 Depreciation of each category of fixed assets

Fixed asset is depreciated based on the cost of fixed asset recognized less expected net residual value over its useful life using the straight-line method since the month subsequent to the one in which it is ready for intended use. Depreciation is calculated based on the carrying amount of the fixed asset after impairment over the estimated remaining useful life of the asset.

The Group reviews the useful life and estimated net residual value of a fixed asset and the depreciation method applied at least once at each financial year-end, and account for any change as a change in an accounting estimate.

The estimated useful life, estimated net residual value and annual depreciation rate of each category of fixed assets are as follows:

Category	Depreciation	Useful life (years)	Residual value (%)	Annual depreciation rate (%)
Buildings	the straight-line method	15-50	0-4	1.9-6.7
Machinery and equipment	the straight-line method	3-22	0-4	4.4-33.3
Office and other equipment	the straight-line method	3-17	0-4	5.6-33.3
Motor vehicles	the straight-line method	5-9	0-2	10.9-20.0

Overseas Land owned by the Group is not depreciated.

16.3 Other explanations

If a fixed asset is upon disposal or no future economic benefits are expected to be generated from its use or disposal, the fixed asset is derecognized. When a fixed asset is sold, transferred, retired or damaged, the amount of any proceeds on disposal of the asset net of the carrying amount and related taxes is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

The difference between recoverable amounts of the fixed assets under the carrying amount is referred to as impairment loss (Note III 21).

**17. Construction in progress**

Construction in progress is measured at its actual costs. The actual costs include various construction, installation costs, borrowing costs capitalized and other expenditures incurred until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for its intended use. When the asset concerned is ready for its intended use, the cost of the asset is transferred to fixed assets and depreciated starting from the following month.

The difference between recoverable amounts of the construction in progress under the carrying amount is referred to as impairment loss (Note III 21).

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 18. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying asset are capitalized when expenditures for such asset and borrowing costs are incurred and activities relating to the acquisition, construction or production of the asset that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale have commenced. Capitalization of borrowing costs ceases when the qualifying asset being acquired, constructed or produced becomes ready for its intended use or sale. Borrowing costs incurred subsequently should be charged to profit or loss. Capitalization of borrowing costs is suspended during periods in which the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset is suspended abnormally and when the suspension is for a continuous period of more than 3 months. Capitalization is suspended until the acquisition, construction or production of the asset is resumed.

Where funds are borrowed under a specific-purpose borrowing, the amount of interest to be capitalized is the actual interest expenses incurred on that borrowing for the period less any bank interest earned from depositing the borrowed funds before being used on the asset or any investment income on the temporary investment of those funds.

Where funds are borrowed under general-purpose borrowings, the Group determines the amount of interest to be capitalized on such borrowings by applying a capitalization rate to the weighted average of the excess of cumulative expenditures on the asset over the amounts of specific-purpose borrowings. The capitalization rate is the weighted average of the interest rates applicable to the general-purpose borrowings.

During the capitalization period, exchange differences on foreign currency specific-purpose borrowing are fully capitalized whereas exchange differences on foreign currency general-purpose borrowing, charged to profit or loss.

#### 19. Intangible assets

##### 19.1 Valuation methods, useful life, impairment test

The Group's intangible assets include product registration assets, intangible assets upon purchase of products, marketing rights and rights to use tradenames and trademarks, land use rights, software and customer relations. Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses.

When an intangible asset with a finite useful life is available for use, its original cost less any accumulated impairment losses is amortized over its estimated useful life using the straight-line method. An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is not amortized.

For an intangible asset with a finite useful life, the Group reviews the useful life and amortization method at the end of the year, and makes adjustments when necessary.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)**

**19. Intangible assets - (cont'd)**

19.1 Valuation methods, useful life, impairment test - (cont'd)

The respective amortization periods for such intangible assets are as follows:

Item	Amortization period (years)
Land use rights	49-50 years
Product registration	8-11 years
Intangible assets on purchase of products	7-11, 20 years
Marketing rights, tradename and trademarks	4-10, 30 years
Exclusivity agreement	21 years
Software	3-5 years
Customer relations	5-10, 13 years

The difference between recoverable amounts of the intangible assets under the carrying amount is referred to as impairment loss (see Note III 21).

19.2 Research and development expenditure

Internal research and development project expenditures were classified into research expenditures and development expenditures depending on its nature and the greater uncertainty whether the research activities becoming to intangible assets.

Expenditure during the research phase is recognized as an expense in the period in which it is incurred. Expenditure during the development phase that meets all of the following conditions at the same time is recognized as intangible asset:

- It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- The Group has the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- The Group can demonstrate the ways in which the intangible asset will generate economic benefits;
- The availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- The expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development phase can be reliably measured.

Expenditures that do not meet all of the above conditions at the same time are recognized in profit or loss when incurred. If the expenditures cannot be distinguished between the research phase and development phase, the Group recognizes all of them in profit or loss for the period. Expenditures that have previously been recognized in the profit or loss would not be recognized as an asset in subsequent years. Those expenditures capitalized during the development stage are recognized as development costs incurred and will be transferred to intangible asset when the underlying project is ready for an intended use.

**20. Goodwill**

The initial cost of goodwill represents the excess of cost of acquisition over the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the acquiree under a business combination not involving enterprises under common control.

Goodwill is not amortized and is stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated impairment losses (see Note III 21). On disposal of an asset group or a set of asset groups, any attributable goodwill is written off and included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 21. Impairment of long-term assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that the fixed assets, construction in progress, right of use assets, intangible assets with finite useful lives, investment properties measured at historical cost, investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates may be impaired. If there is any indication that such assets may be impaired, recoverable amounts are estimated for such assets. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and the present value of the future cash flow estimated to be derived from the asset. The Group estimates the recoverable amount on an individual basis. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the Group determines the recoverable amount of the asset group to which the asset belongs. Identification of an asset group is based on whether major cash inflows generated by the asset group are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or asset groups.

Goodwill arising from a business combination is tested for impairment at least at each year end, irrespective of whether there is any indication that the asset may be impaired. For the purpose of impairment testing, the carrying amount of goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated from the acquisition date on a reasonable basis to each of the related asset groups; if it is impossible to allocate to the related asset groups, it is allocated to each of the related set of asset groups. Each of the related asset groups or set of asset groups is an asset group or set of asset group that is able to benefit from the synergies of the business combination and shall not be larger than a reportable segment determined by the Group. If the carrying amount of the asset group or set of asset groups is higher than its recoverable amount, the amount of the impairment loss first reduced by the carrying amount of the goodwill allocated to the asset group or set of asset groups, and then the carrying amount of other assets (other than the goodwill) within the asset group or set of asset groups, pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset.

Once the impairment loss of such assets is recognized, it will not be reversed in any subsequent period.

#### 22. Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities refer to the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration from the customer.

#### 23. Employee benefits

##### 23.1 Short-term employee benefits

Employee wages or salaries, bonuses, social security contributions, measured on a non-discounted basis, and the expense is recorded when the related service is provided. A provision for short-term employee benefits in respect of cash bonuses is recognized in the amount expected to be paid where the Group has a current legal or constructive obligation to pay the said amount for services provided by the employee in the past and the amount can be estimated reliably.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 23. Employee benefits - (cont'd)

##### 23.2 Post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits are classified into defined contribution plans and defined benefit plans.

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Group pays contributions to a separate entity and has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognized as an expense in profit or loss in the periods during which related services are rendered by employees.

Defined benefit plans of the Group are post-employment benefit plans other than defined contribution plans. In accordance with the projected unit credit method, the Group measures the obligations under defined benefit plans using unbiased and mutually compatible actuarial assumptions to estimate related demographic variables and financial variables, and discount obligations under the defined benefit plans to determine the present value of the defined benefit liability. The discount rate used is the yield on the reporting date on highly-rated corporate debentures denominated in the same currency, that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligation.

The Group attributes benefit obligations under a defined benefit plan to periods of service provided by respective employees. Service cost and interest expense on the defined benefit liability are charged to profit or loss and remeasurements of the defined benefit liability are recognized in other comprehensive income.

##### 23.3 Termination benefits

When the Group terminates the employment with employees or provides compensation under an offer to encourage employees to accept voluntary redundancy, a provision is recognized with a corresponding expense in profit or loss at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when it recognises any related restructuring costs.

If the benefits are payable more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period, they are discounted to their present value. The discount rate used is the yield on the reporting date on highly-rated corporate debentures denominated in the same currency, that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligation.

##### 23.4 Other long-term employee benefits

The Group's net obligation for long-term employee benefits, which are not attributable to post-employment benefit plans, is for the amount of the future benefit to which employees are entitled for services that were provided during the current and prior periods.

The amount of these benefits is discounted to its present value and the fair value of the assets related to these obligations is deducted therefrom. The discount rate used is the yield on the reporting date on highly-rated corporate debentures denominated in the same currency, that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligation.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 24. Share-based payment

Share-based payment refers to the transaction in order to acquire the service offered by the employees or other parties that grants equity instruments or liabilities on the basis of the equity instruments. Share-based payment classified into equity-settled share-based payment and cash-settled share-based payment.

##### 24.1 Cash-settled share-based payment

The cash-settled share-based payment should be measured according to the fair value of the liabilities recognized based on the shares or other equity instrument undertaken by the Company. For cash-settled share-based payment made in return for the rendering of employee services that cannot be exercised until the services are fully provided during the vesting period or specified performance targets are met, on each balance sheet date within the vesting period, the services acquired in the current period shall, based on the best estimate of the number of exercisable instruments, be recognized in relevant expenses and the corresponding liabilities at the fair value of the liability incurred by the Company.

On each balance sheet date and the settlement date before the settlement of the relevant liabilities, the Company should re-measure the fair value of the liabilities and the changes should be included in the current period profit and loss.

#### 25. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation related to a contingency, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the settlement date, taking into account factors pertaining to a contingency such as the risks, uncertainties and time value of money. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of the provision is determined by discounting the related future cash outflows. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

If all or part of the provision settlements is reimbursed by third parties, when the realization of income is virtually certain, then the related asset should be recognized. However, the amount of related asset recognized should not be exceeding the respective provision amount.

At the balance sheet date, the amount of provision should be re-assessed to reflect the best estimation then.

#### 26. Revenue

Revenue of the Group is mainly from sale of goods.

The Group recognizes revenue when transferring goods to a customer, at the amount of the transaction price. Goods are considered transferred when the customer obtains control of the goods. Transaction price is the amount of consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.



## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 26. Revenue - (cont'd)

##### Significant financing component

For a contract with a significant financing component, the Group recognize revenue at an amount that reflects the price that a customer would have paid for the goods if the customer had paid cash for those goods at receipt. The difference between the amount of consideration and the cash selling price of the goods, is amortized in the contract period using effective interest rate. The Group does not adjust the amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component if the Group expects, at contract inception, that the period between when the entity transfers a good to a customer and when the customer pays for that good will be one year or less.

##### Sale with a right of return

For sale with a right of return, the Group recognizes revenue at the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled (ie excluding the products expected to be returned). For any amounts received (or receivable) for which an entity does not expect to be entitled, the entity shall not recognize revenue when it transfers products to customers but shall recognize those amounts received (or receivable) as a refund liability. An asset recognized for the Group's right to recover products from a customer on settling a refund liability shall initially be measured by reference to the former carrying amount of the product less any expected costs to recover those products.

#### 27. Government grants

Government grants are transfer of monetary assets and non-monetary assets from the government to the Group at no consideration, including tax returns, financial subsidies and so on. A government grant is recognized only when the Group can comply with the conditions attached to the grant and the Group will receive the grant.

If a government grant is in the form of a transfer of a monetary asset, it is measured at the amount received or receivable. If a government grant is in the form of a non-monetary asset, it is measured at fair value. If the fair value cannot be reliably determined, it is measured at a nominal amount.

Government grants are either related to assets or income.

(1) The basis of judgment and accounting method of the government grants related to assets

Government grants obtained for acquiring long-term assets are government grants related to assets. A government grant related to an asset is offset with the cost of the relevant asset.

(2) The basis of judgment and accounting method of the government grants related to income

For a government grant related to income, if the grant is a compensation for related expenses or losses to be incurred in subsequent periods, the grant is recognized as deferred income, and recognized in profit or loss over the periods in which the related costs are recognized. If the grant is a compensation for related expenses or losses already incurred, the grant is recognized immediately in profit or loss for the period.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 27. Government grants - (cont'd)

Government grants related to the Group's normal course of business are offset with related costs and expenses. Government grants related that are irrelevant with the Groups's normal course of business are included in non-operating gains.

#### 28. Current and deferred tax

The income tax expenses include current income tax and deferred income tax.

##### 28.1 Current income tax

At the balance sheet date, current income tax liabilities (or assets) for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be paid (or recovered) according to the requirements of tax laws.

##### 28.2 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

Temporary differences are differences between the carrying amounts of certain assets or liabilities and their tax base.

All taxable temporary differences are recognized as related deferred tax liabilities. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible losses and tax credits can be utilized.

For deductible losses and tax credits that can be carried forward, deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible losses and tax credits can be utilized. However, for deductible temporary differences associated with the initial recognition of goodwill and the initial recognition of an asset or liability arising from a transaction (not a business combination) that affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profits (or deductible losses) at the time of transaction, no deferred tax asset or liability is recognized.

At the balance sheet date, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates, according to tax laws, that are expected to apply in the period in which the asset is realized or the liability is settled.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The Group may be required to pay additional tax in case of distribution of dividends by the Group companies. This additional tax was not included in the financial statements, since the policy of the Group is not to distribute in the foreseeable future a dividend which creates a significant additional tax liability.

Except for those current income tax and deferred tax charged to comprehensive income or shareholders' equity in respect of transactions or events which have been directly recognized in other comprehensive income or shareholders' equity, and deferred tax recognized on business combinations, all other current income tax and deferred tax items are charged to profit or loss in the current period.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 28. Current and deferred tax - (cont'd)

##### 28.2 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities - (cont'd)

At the balance sheet date, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed and reduced if it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available in the future to allow the benefit of deferred tax assets to be utilized. Such reduction is reversed when it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

##### 28.3 Offset of income tax

When the Group has a legal right to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, and tax assets and tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, current tax assets and liabilities are offset and presented on a net basis.

When the Group has a legal right to settle deferred tax assets and liabilities on a net basis which relates to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority, on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be reversed, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset and presented on a net basis.

#### 29. Leases

Lease is a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

##### 29.1 Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease

On the inception date of the lease, the Group determines whether the arrangement is a lease or contains a lease, while assessing if it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. In its assessment of whether an arrangement conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether it has the following two rights throughout the lease term:

- (a) The right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from use of the identified asset; and
- (b) The right to direct the identified asset's use.

An arrangement does not contain a lease if an asset is leased for a period of less than 12 months, or to lease of asset with low economic value.

##### 29.2 Initial recognition of leased assets and lease liabilities

Upon initial recognition, the Group recognizes a liability at the present value of future lease payments (exclude certain variable lease payments, as detailed in Note III 29.4), and concurrently the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset at the same amount, adjusted for any prepaid lease payments paid at the lease date or before, plus initial direct costs incurred in respect of the lease.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 29. Leases - (cont'd)

##### 29.2 Initial recognition of leased assets and lease liabilities - (cont'd)

When the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the incremental borrowing rate of the lessee is used.

The Group presents right-of-use assets separately from other assets in the balance sheet.

##### 29.3 The lease term

The lease term is the non-cancellable period of the lease plus periods covered by an extension or termination option, if it is reasonably certain that the lessee will exercise or not exercise the option, respectively.

If there is a change in the lease term, or in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset, the Group remeasures the lease liability, on the basis of the revised lease term and the revised discount rate and adjust the right-of-use assets accordingly.

##### 29.4 Variable lease payments

Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, are initially measured using the index or rate existing at the commencement of the lease. When the cash flows of future lease payments change as the result of a change in an index or a rate, the balance of the liability is adjusted with a correspondence change in the right-of-use asset.

Other variable lease payments that are not included in the measurement of the lease liability are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the condition that triggers payment occurs.

##### 29.5 Subsequent measurement

After lease commencement, a right-of-use asset is measured on a cost basis less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses and is adjusted for re-measurements of the lease liability. The asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful life or contractual lease period, whichever earlier.

The Group applies ASBE8 Impairment of Assets, to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

A lease liability is measured after the lease commencement date at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### 30. Other significant accounting policies and accounting estimates

##### 30.1 Hedging

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge its risks related to foreign currency and inflation risks and derivatives that are not used for hedging.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 30. Other significant accounting policies and accounting estimates - (cont'd)

##### 30.1 Hedging - (cont'd)

###### *Hedge accounting*

The Group makes an assessment, both at the inception of the hedge relationship as well as on an ongoing basis, whether the hedge is expected to be effective in offsetting the changes in the fair value of cash flows that can be attributed to the hedged risk during the period for which the hedge is designated.

An effective hedge exists when all of the below conditions are met:

- There is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument;
- the effect of credit risk does not dominate the value changes that result from that economic relationship;
- the hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the entity actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the entity actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

On the commencement date of the accounting hedge, the Group formally documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and hedged item, including the Group's risk management objectives and strategy in executing the hedge transaction, together with the methods that will be used by the Group to assess the effectiveness of the hedging relationship.

With respect to a cash-flow hedge, a forecasted transaction that constitutes a hedged item must be highly probable and must give rise to exposure to changes in cash flows that could ultimately affect profit or loss.

###### *Measurement of derivative financial instruments*

Derivative financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value; attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

###### *Cash-flow hedges*

Subsequent to the initial recognition, changes in the fair value of derivatives used to hedge cash flows are recognized through other comprehensive income directly in a hedging reserve, with respect to the part of the hedge that is effective. Regarding the portion of the hedge that is not effective, the changes in fair value are recognized in profit and loss. The amount accumulated in the hedging reserve is reclassified to profit and loss in the period in which the hedged cash flows impact profit or loss and is presented in the same line item in the statement of income as the hedged item.

If the hedging instrument no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge accounting is discontinued. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in a hedging reserve through other comprehensive income remains in the reserve until the forecasted transaction occurs or is no longer expected to occur. If the forecasted transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss in respect of the hedging instrument in the hedging reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 30. Other significant accounting policies and accounting estimates - (cont'd)

##### 30.1 Hedging - (cont'd)

###### *Economic hedge*

Hedge accounting is not applied with respect to derivative instruments used to economically hedge financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency or CPI linked. Changes in the fair value of such derivatives are recognized in profit or loss as gain (loss) from changes in fair value.

###### *Derivatives that are not used for hedging*

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are not used for hedging are recognized in profit or loss as gain (loss) from changes in fair value.

##### 30.2 Securitization of assets

Details of the securitization of asset agreements and accounting policy are set out in Note V.5 - Account receivables.

##### 30.3 Segment reporting

Reportable segments are identified based on operating segments which are determined based on the structure of the Group's internal organization, management requirements and internal reporting system.

Two or more operating segments may be aggregated into a single operating segment if the segments have similar economic characteristics and are same or similar in respect of the nature of each product and service, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers for the products and services, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment.

Inter-segment revenues are measured on the basis of actual transaction price for such transactions for segment reporting. Segment accounting policies are consistent with those for the consolidated financial statements.

##### 30.4 Profit distributions to shareholders

Dividends which are approved after the balance sheet date are not recognized as a liability at the balance sheet date but are disclosed in the notes separately.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 31. Changes in significant accounting policies and accounting estimates

##### 31.1 Changes in significant accounting policies

There are no significant changes in accounting policies in the reporting period.

##### 31.2 Changes in significant accounting estimates

There are no significant changes in accounting estimates in the reporting period.

#### 32. Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates as well as underlying assumptions and uncertainties involved are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Notes V.34, Note VIII, Note IX and Note XIII contain information about the assumptions and their risk factors relating to post-employment benefits – defined benefit plans, fair value of financial instruments and share-based payments. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

##### 32.1 Expected credit loss of trade receivables

As described in Note III.12, trade receivables are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether credit risk on a receivable has increased significantly since initial recognition, lifetime expected losses is accrued for impairment provision. Evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about loss events such as a significant decline in the solvency of an individual debtor or the portfolio of debtors, and significant changes in the financial condition that have an adverse effect on the debtor. If there is objective evidence of a recovery in the value of receivables which can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed.

##### 32.2 Provision for impairment of inventories

As described in Note III.13, the net realisable value of inventories is under management's regular review, and as a result, provision for impairment of inventories is recognized for the excess of inventories' carrying amounts over their net realisable value. When making estimates of net realisable value, the Group takes into consideration the use of inventories held on hand and other information available to form the underlying assumptions, including the inventories' market prices and the Group's historical operating costs. The actual selling price, the costs of completion and the costs necessary to make the sale and relevant taxes may vary based on the changes in market conditions and product saleability, manufacturing technology and the actual use of the inventories, resulting in the changes in provision for impairment of inventories. The net profit or loss may then be affected in the period when the impairment of inventories is adjusted.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 32. Significant accounting estimates and judgments - (cont'd)

##### 32.3 Impairment of assets other than inventories and financial assets

As described in Note III.21, if impairment indication exists, assets other than inventories and financial assets are assessed at balance sheet date to determine whether the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount of the assets. If any such case exists, an impairment loss is recognized.

If it is not practical to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the recoverable amount of the asset group to which the asset belongs will be estimated. Impairment exists if the carrying amount of an asset or asset group is higher than recoverable amount, the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset or asset group. In assessing the present value of estimated future cash flows, significant judgements are exercised over the asset's production, selling price, related operating expenses and discount rate to calculate the present value. All the parameters used for estimation of the recoverable amount are based on reasonable and supportable assumptions.

##### 32.4 Depreciation and amortisation of assets such as fixed assets and intangible assets

As described in Note III.16 and III.19, assets such as fixed assets and intangible assets are depreciated and amortised over their useful lives after taking into account residual value. The estimated useful lives of the assets are regularly reviewed to determine the depreciation and amortisation costs charged in each reporting period. The useful lives of the assets are determined based on historical experience of similar assets and the estimated technical changes. If there have been significant changes in the factors used to determine the depreciation or amortisation, the rate of depreciation or amortisation is revised prospectively.

##### 32.5 Income taxes and deferred income tax

The Company and Group companies are assessed for income tax purposes in a large number of jurisdictions and, therefore, Company management is required to use considerable judgment in determining the total provision for taxes and attribution of income.

When assessing whether there will be sufficient future taxable profits available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised, the Group recognizes deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised, using tax rates that would apply in the period when the asset would be utilised. In determining the amount of deferred tax assets, the Group makes reasonable judgements and estimates about the timing and amount of taxable profits to be utilised in the following periods, and of the tax rates applicable in the future according to the existing tax policies and other relevant regulations. If the actual timing and amount of future taxable profits or the actual applicable tax rates differ from the estimates made by management, the differences affect the amount of tax expenses.



## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### III SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - (cont'd)

#### 32. Significant accounting estimates and judgments - (cont'd)

##### 32.6 Contingent liabilities

When assessing the possible outcomes of legal claims filed against the Company and its investee companies, the company positions are based on the opinions of their legal advisors. These assessments by the legal advisors are based on their professional judgment, considering the stage of the proceedings and the legal experience accumulated regarding the various matters. Since the results of the claims will be determined by the courts, the outcomes could be different from the assessments.

In addition to the said claims, the Group is exposed to unasserted claims, inter alia, where there is doubt as to interpretation of the agreement and/or legal provision and/or the manner of their implementation. This exposure is brought to the Company's attention in several ways, among others, by means of contacts made to Company personnel. In assessing the risk deriving from the unasserted claims, the Company relies on internal assessments by the parties dealing with these matters and by management, who weigh assessment of the prospects of a claim being filed, and the chances of its success, if filed. The assessment is based on experience gained with respect to the filing of claims and the analysis of the details of each claim. By their nature, in view of the preliminary stage of the clarification of the legal claim, the actual outcome could be different from the assessment made before the claim was filed.

##### 32.7 Employee benefits

The Group's liabilities for long-term post-employment and other benefits are calculated according to the estimated future amount of the benefit to which the employee will be entitled in consideration for his services during the current period and prior periods. The benefit is stated at present value net of the fair value of the plan's assets, based on actuarial assumptions. Changes in the actuarial assumptions could lead to material changes in the book value of the liabilities and in the operating results.

##### 32.8 Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into transactions in derivative financial instruments for the purpose of hedging risks related to foreign currency and inflationary risks. The derivatives are recorded at their fair value. The fair value of derivative financial instruments is based on quotes from financial institutions. The reasonableness of the quotes is examined by discounting the future cash flows, based on the terms and length of the period to maturity of each contract, while using market interest rates of a similar instrument as of the measurement date. Changes in the assumptions and the calculation model could lead to material changes in the fair value of the assets and liabilities and in the results.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### IV. Taxation

#### 1. Main types of taxes and corresponding tax rates

The income tax rate in China is 25% (2023: 25%). The subsidiaries outside of China are assessed based on the tax laws in the country of their residence.

Set forth below are the tax rates outside China relevant to the subsidiaries with significant sales to third party:

<u>Name of subsidiary</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>2024</u>
ADAMA agriculture solutions Ltd.	Israel	23.0%
ADAMA Makhteshim Ltd.	Israel	7.5%
ADAMA Agan Ltd.	Israel	16.0%
ADAMA Brasil S/A	Brazil	34.0%
Makhteshim Agan of North America Inc.	U.S.	24.3%
ADAMA India Private Ltd	India	25.2%
ADAMA Deutschland GmbH	Germany	32.5%
Control Solutions Inc.	U.S.	26.0%
Adama Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	30.0%
ADAMA Northern Europe B.V.	Netherlands	25.8%
ADAMA Italia SRL	Italy	27.9%
Alligare LLC	U.S.	26.1%

The VAT rate of the Group's subsidiaries is in the range between 2.6% to 27%.

#### (1) Benefits from High-Tech Certificate

The Company, was jointly approved as new and high-tech enterprise, by the Hubei Provincial Department of Science and Technology, Department of Finance of Hubei Province and Hubei Provincial Office of the State Administration of Taxation. The applicable income tax rate for 2024 and 2023 is 15%.

Adama Anpon (Jiangsu) Ltd. (Formally know as Jiangsu Anpon Electrochemical Co. Ltd, hereinafter - "Anpon"), a subsidiary of the Company, was jointly approved as new and high-tech enterprise, by the Jiangsu Provincial Department of Science and Technology, Department of Finance of Jiangsu Province and Jiangsu Provincial Office of the State Administration of Taxation. The applicable income tax rate for 2024 and 2023 is 15%.

#### (2) Benefits In Israel under the Law for the Encouragement of Capital Investments

The Israeli enterprises are entitled to tax benefits under the Israeli Law for the Encouragement of Capital Investments, 1959. The Israeli enterprises have retained earnings that have been generated under the status of "Approved Enterprise" or "Beneficiary Enterprise". In the event that a dividend is distributed from these retained earnings, such dividend may be liable to tax at the time of distribution.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### IV. Taxation - (cont'd)

#### 1. Main types of taxes and corresponding tax rates - (cont'd)

##### (3) Amendment to the Law for the Encouragement of Capital Investments, 1959

Since 2013 the Israeli enterprises are taxed under the "Preferred Enterprise" regime. The benefits include a grants track for enterprises located on Area A. Tax rates on preferred income as from 2017 tax year are as follows: 7.5% for Development Area A and 16% for the rest of the country. The amendment further determined that no tax shall apply to dividend distributed out of preferred income to Israel resident company shareholder.

On December 21, 2016 the Israel legislature passed the second and third reading of the Economic Efficiency Law (Legislative Amendments for Achieving Budget Objectives in the Years 2017 and 2018) – 2016 in which the Encouragement Law was also amended (hereinafter: "the Amendment"). The Amendment is effective as from January 1, 2017 and added new tax benefit tracks for a "preferred technological enterprise" and a "special preferred technological enterprise" which award reduced tax rates to a technological industrial enterprise for the purpose of encouraging activity relating to the development of qualifying intangible assets.

The benefits will be awarded to a "preferred company" that has a "preferred technological enterprise" or a "special preferred technological enterprise" with respect to taxable "preferred technological income" per its definition in the Encouragement Law. Regulations that provide a nexus formula for allocating eligible profits govern these regimes.

Income of a Preferred Technological Enterprise a Special Preferred Technological Enterprise will be subject to a reduced corporate tax rate of 6% regardless of the development area in which the enterprise is located.

On November 15, 2021 the Economic Efficiency Law (Legislative Amendments for the 2021 and 2022 Budget Years) – 2021 was published as well as a Temporary Order to the Law for the Encouragement of Capital Investments – 1959 (hereinafter: "the temporary order"), which offers a reduced tax rate arrangement to companies that received an exemption from corporate tax under the aforesaid law. The temporary order provided that companies that choose to apply the temporary order, which is effective until November 14, 2022, will be entitled to a reduced tax rate on the "release" of exempt profits (hereinafter: "the beneficiary corporate tax rate"). The release of exempt profits makes it possible to distribute them at a reduced rate of corporate tax at the company level based on the rate of the profits being distributed pursuant to the conditions set forth in the Amendment.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements**

**1. Cash at Bank and On Hand**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Cash on hand	800	820
Deposits in banks	3,970,080	4,856,538
Other cash and bank balances	24,337	23,970
	3,995,217	4,881,328
Including cash and bank balances placed outside China	3,294,684	3,916,967

As at June 30, 2024 restricted cash and bank balances was 24,337 thousand RMB (as at December 31, 2023 23,970 thousand RMB) mainly including deposits that guarantee bank acceptance drafts.

**2. Financial assets held for trading**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Bank deposits	2,125	1,912
	2,125	1,912

**3. Derivative financial assets**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Economic hedge	206,969	833,400
Accounting hedge derivatives	15,693	16,737
	222,662	850,137

**4. Bills Receivable**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Post-dated checks receivable	83,882	86,303
	83,882	86,303

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements – (cont'd)**

**5. Accounts Receivable**

**a. By category**

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>				
	Book value		Provision for expected credit losses		Carrying amount
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)	
Account receivables assessed individually for impairment	442,901	5	287,194	65	155,707
Account receivables assessed collectively for impairment	8,324,751	95	103,618	1	8,221,133
	8,767,652	100	390,812	4	8,376,840

	<b>December 31, 2023</b>				
	Book value		Provision for expected credit losses		Carrying amount
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)	
Account receivables assessed individually for impairment	464,335	5	280,971	61	183,364
Account receivables assessed collectively for impairment	8,068,869	95	105,556	1	7,963,313
	8,533,204	100	386,527	5	8,146,677

**b. Aging analysis**

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>
Within 1 year (inclusive)	8,276,024
Over 1 year but within 2 years	208,281
Over 2 years but within 3 years	72,679
Over 3 years but within 4 years	22,713
Over 4 years but within 5 years	25,728
Over 5 years	162,227
	8,767,652

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements – (cont'd)**

**5. Accounts Receivable – (cont'd)**

**Main groups of account receivables assessed collectively for impairment based on geographical location:**

**Geographical location A:**

Account receivables in geographical location A are grouped based on similar credit risk:

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>		
	<b>Book value</b>	<b>Provision for expected credit loss</b>	<b>Percentage (%)</b>
Credit group A	853,912	3,365	0.4
Credit group B	696,645	6,029	0.9
Credit group C	193,589	8,446	4.4
Credit group D	9,636	201	2.1
	<u>1,753,782</u>	<u>18,041</u>	<u>1.0</u>

**Geographical location B:**

Account receivables in geographical location B are grouped based on aging analysis:

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>		
	<b>Book value</b>	<b>Provision for expected credit loss</b>	<b>Percentage (%)</b>
Accounts receivable that are not overdue	658,567	5,850	0.9
Debts overdue less than 100 days	38,833	1,165	3
Debts overdue less than 190 days but more than 100 days.	30,738	3,074	10
Debts overdue less than 360 days but more than 190 days.	20,086	8,034	40
Debts overdue above 360 days	10,943	8,093	74
Legal Debtors	45,242	45,242	100
	<u>804,409</u>	<u>71,458</u>	<u>8.9</u>

**Other geographical locations:**

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>		
	<b>Book value</b>	<b>Provision for expected credit loss</b>	<b>Percentage (%)</b>
Other account receivables assessed collectively for impairment	5,766,560	14,119	0.2

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements – (cont'd)**

**5. Accounts Receivable – (cont'd)**

**c. Addition, written-back and written-off of provision for expected credit losses during the period**

	<b>Lifetime expected credit loss (credit losses has not occurred)</b>	<b>Lifetime expected credit loss (credit losses has occurred)</b>	<b>Total</b>
January 1, 2024	46,543	339,984	386,527
Addition (write back) during the period, net	(5,357)	22,927	17,570
Write-off during the period	-	1,156	1,156
Exchange rate effect	(3,186)	(11,255)	(14,441)
Balance as of June 30, 2024	<u>38,000</u>	<u>352,812</u>	<u>390,812</u>

**d. Five largest accounts receivable at June 30, 2024:**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>Proportion of Accounts receivable (%)</b>	<b>Allowance of expected credit losses (credit losses has occurred)</b>
Customer 1	148,182	1.7	-
Customer 2	100,160	1.1	-
Customer 3	97,758	1.1	-
Customer 4	94,330	1.1	-
Customer 5	86,462	1	-
Total	<u>526,892</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>-</u>

**e. Derecognition of accounts receivable due to transfer of financial assets**

Certain subsidiaries of the group entered into a securitization transaction with Rabobank International for sale of trade receivables (hereinafter – “the Securitization Program” and/or “the Securitization Transaction”).

Pursuant to the Securitization Program, the companies will sell their trade receivables debts, in various different currencies, to a foreign company that was set up for this purpose and that is not owned by the Adama Ltd. (hereinafter – “the Acquiring Company”). Acquisition of the trade receivables by the Acquiring Company is financed by Cooperative Rabobank U.A..

The trade receivables included as part of the Securitization Transaction are trade receivables that meet the criteria provided in the agreement.

Every year the credit facility is re approved in accordance with the Securitization Program. As at 30 June 2024, the Securitization agreement was approved up to October 25, 2024.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements – (cont'd)

#### 5. Accounts Receivable – (cont'd)

##### e. Derecognition of accounts receivable due to transfer of financial assets - (cont'd)

The maximum scope of the securitization is adjusted for the seasonal changes in the scope of the Company's activities, as follows: during January - 300m\$ (as of June-2024 2,138 million RMB), during February – 350m\$ (as of June-2024 2,494 million RMB), during the months of March through August – 400m\$ (as of June-2024 2,851 million RMB), during the months of September through October - 300m\$ (as of June-2024 2,138 million RMB) and during the months of November through December – 275m\$ (as of June-2024 1,960 million RMB). In addition the company has a permanent uncommitted facility of 50\$ million (as of June 30, 2024- 356 million RMB) which will be applicable each period. The proceeds received from those customers whose debts were sold are used for acquisition of new trade receivables.

The price at which the trade receivables debts are sold is the amount of the debt sold less a discount calculated based on, among other things, the expected length of the period between the date of sale of the trade receivable and its anticipated repayment date. In the month following acquisition of the debt, the Acquiring Company pays in cash most of the debt while the remainder is recorded as a subordinated note and as continuing involvement that is paid after collection of the debt sold. If the customer does not pay its debt on the anticipated repayment date, the Company bears interest up to the earlier of the date on which the debt is actually repaid or the date on which debt collection is transferred to the insurance company (the actual costs are not significant and are not expected to be significant).

The Acquiring Company bears 95% of the credit risk in respect of the customers whose debts were sold and will not have a right of recourse to the Company in respect of the amounts paid in cash, except regarding debts with respect to which a commercial dispute arises between the companies and their customers, that is, a dispute the source of which is a claim of non-fulfillment of an obligation of the seller in the supply agreement covering the product, such as: a failure to supply the correct product, a defect in the product, delinquency in the supply date, and the like.

The Acquiring Company appointed a policy manager who will manage for it the credit risk involved with the trade receivables sold, including an undertaking with an insurance company.

Pursuant to the Receivables Servicing Agreement, the Group subsidiaries handle collection of the trade receivables as part of the Securitization Transaction for the benefit of the Acquiring Company.

As part of the agreement, Solutions is committed to comply with certain financial covenants, mainly the ratio of the liabilities to equity and profit ratios. As of June 30, 2024, Solutions was in compliance with the financial covenants.

The accounting treatment of sale of the trade receivables included as part of the Securitization Program is:

The Company is not controlling the Acquiring Company, therefore the Acquiring Company is not consolidated in the financial statements.

The Company continues to recognize the trade receivables included in the Securitization Program based on the extent of its continuing involvement therein.

A subordinated note is recorded in respect of the portion of trade receivables included in the Securitization Program with respect to outstanding cash proceeds, however the Company has transferred the credit risk.

The continuing involvement and subordinated note recorded in the balance sheet as part of the “other receivables” line item.



## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements – (cont'd)

#### 5. Accounts Receivable – (cont'd)

##### e. Derecognition of accounts receivable due to transfer of financial assets - (cont'd)

The loss from sale of the trade receivables is recorded at the time of sale in the statement of income in the “financing expenses”.

##### f. A subsidiary in Brazil (hereinafter - “the subsidiary”) entered into the following securitization agreements:

(1) Since 2016, a securitization transaction with Rabobank Brazil for sale of customer receivables (hereinafter “FIDC-Donegal agreement”). Under the FIDC-Donegal agreement, the subsidiary will sell its receivables to a securitization structure (hereinafter - “the entity”) that was formed for this purpose where the subsidiary has subordinate rights of 5% of the entity's capital.

As at June 17, 2024 the FIDC-Donegal agreement was approved up to September 30, 2027. The maximum securitization scope as of June 30, 2024 is BRL 359 million (as of June 30, 2024 – 460 million RMB).

On the date of the sale of the customer receivables, the entity pays the full amount which is the debt amount sold net of discount calculated, among others, over the expected length of the period between the date of sale of the customer receivable and its anticipated repayment date.

The entity bears 95% of the credit risk in respect of the customers whose debts were sold such that the entity has the right of recourse to 5% of the unpaid amount. The subsidiary has a pledged deposit with regards to the entity's right of recourse.

The subsidiary continues to recognize the trade receivables sold to the entity based on the extent of its continuing involvement therein (5% right of recourse) and also recognizes an associated liability in the same amount.

In “FIDC-Donegal agreement” the subsidiary handles the collection of receivables included in the securitization for the entity.

(2) During 2021, the subsidiary has entered into an additional securitization agreement (hereinafter - “FIDC – Liverpool agreement”) with Itau Bank and Farm investments, for sale of customer receivables to a securitization structure that was formed for this purpose where the subsidiary has mezzanine quotes of 10.5% of the entity's capital.

As at June 30, 2024 the FIDC-Liverpool agreement was approved up to November 10, 2024. The maximum securitization scope as of June 30, 2024 is BRL 332 million (as of June 30, 2024 – 426 million RMB).

The entity bears 100% of the credit risk in respect of the customers whose debts were sold (non-recourse), therefore the subsidiary has no continuing involvement in those account receivables sold.

In “FIDC-Liverpool agreement” the collection of receivables is being handled by the entity. In all the agreements above, the subsidiary does not control the entities and therefore the entities are not consolidated in the Group's financial statements.

The loss from the sale of the trade receivables is recorded at the time of sale in the statement of income in the “financing expenses” category.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements – (cont'd)**

**5. Accounts Receivable – (cont'd)**

**f. Derecognition of accounts receivable due to transfer of financial assets - (cont'd)**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Accounts receivables derecognized	3,791,476	3,392,091
Continuing involvement	178,349	139,862
Subordinated note in respect of trade receivables	579,046	754,739
Liability in respect of trade receivables	243,652	32,368
	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Loss in respect of sale of trade receivables	97,379	115,352

**6. Receivables financing**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Bank acceptance draft	149,457	123,050
	149,457	123,050

As at June 30, 2024, bank acceptance endorsed but not yet due amounts to 327,848 thousands RMB.

**7. Prepayments**

**(1) The aging analysis of prepayments is as follows:**

	<b>June 30</b>		<b>December 31</b>	
	<b>2024</b>		<b>2023</b>	
	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)
Within 1 year (inclusive)	272,214	92	290,540	95
Over 1 year but within 2 years (inclusive)	21,998	7	11,818	4
Over 2 years but within 3 years (inclusive)	2,369	1	2,925	1
Over 3 years	950	-	600	-
	297,531	100	305,883	100

**(2) Total of five largest prepayments by debtor at the end of the period:**

	Amount	Percentage of prepayments (%)
June 30, 2024	58,849	20

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements – (cont'd)**

**8. Other Receivables**

**(1) Other receivables by nature**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Dividend receivable	2,345	-
Others	859,787	1,054,302
	862,132	1,054,302

**a. Others breakdown by categories**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Subordinated note in respect of trade receivables	579,046	754,739
Trade receivables as part of securitization transactions not yet eliminated	178,349	139,862
Financial institutions	-	44,429
Other	138,954	154,080
Sub total	896,349	1,093,110
Provision for expected credit losses - other receivables	(36,562)	(38,808)
	859,787	1,054,302

**b. Other receivables by aging**

	<b>June 30</b>
	<b>2024</b>
Within 1 year (inclusive)	849,179
Over 1 year but within 2 years	5,555
Over 2 years but within 3 years	31,033
Over 3 years but within 4 years	2,541
Over 4 years but within 5 years	1,403
Over 5 years	6,638
	896,349

**(2) Additions, recovery or reversal and written-off of provision for expected credit losses during the period:**

	<b>Six months ended</b>
	<b>June 30, 2024</b>
Balance as of January 1 2024,	38,808
Addition (written back) during the period	(1,894)
Write-off during the period	(534)
Exchange rate effect	182
Balance as of June 30, 2024	36,562

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements – (cont'd)**

**8. Other Receivables – (cont'd)**

**(3) Five largest other receivables at June 30, 2024:**

Name	Closing balance	Proportion of other receivables (%)	Allowance of expected credit losses
Party 1	579,045	65	-
Party 2	3,284	0	1,642
Party 3	3,157	0	-
Party 4	3,125	0	3,125
Party 5	2,899	0	2,899
<b>Total</b>	<b>591,510</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>7,666</b>

**9. Inventories -**

**(1) Inventories by category:**

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>		
	<b>Book value</b>	<b>Provision for impairment</b>	<b>Carrying amount</b>
Raw materials	3,499,031	21,932	3,477,099
Work in progress	1,847,534	3,833	1,843,701
Finished goods	6,719,963	232,780	6,487,183
Others	518,507	10,099	508,408
	<b>12,585,035</b>	<b>268,644</b>	<b>12,316,391</b>
	<b>December 31, 2023</b>		
	<b>Book value</b>	<b>Provision for impairment</b>	<b>Carrying amount</b>
Raw materials	3,062,950	20,940	3,042,010
Work in progress	1,834,185	6,277	1,827,908
Finished goods	8,089,285	368,489	7,720,796
Others	507,676	9,633	498,043
	<b>13,494,096</b>	<b>405,339</b>	<b>13,088,757</b>

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements – (cont'd)**

**9. Inventories - (cont'd)**

**(2) Provision for impairment of inventories:**

**For the Six months ended June 30, 2024**

	<u>January 1, 2024</u>	<u>Provision</u>	<u>Reversal or write-off</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>June 30, 2024</u>
Raw material	20,940	12,413	(11,479)	58	21,932
Work in progress	6,277	3,716	(6,170)	10	3,833
Finished goods	368,489	148,926	(285,004)	369	232,780
Others	9,633	2,442	(2,026)	50	10,099
	<u>405,339</u>	<u>167,497</u>	<u>(304,679)</u>	<u>487</u>	<u>268,644</u>

**10. Other Current Assets**

	<u>June 30 2024</u>	<u>December 31 2023</u>
Deductible VAT	720,449	667,550
Current tax assets	397,205	210,362
Judicial deposits	117,884	-
Short term investments	78,103	158,603
Others	45,505	47,199
	<u>1,359,146</u>	<u>1,083,714</u>

**11. Long-Term Receivables**

	<u>June 30 2024</u>	<u>December 31 2023</u>
Long term account receivables from sale of goods	55,147	68,752
	<u>55,147</u>	<u>68,752</u>

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements – (cont'd)**

**12. Long-Term Equity Investments**

**(1) Long-term equity investments by category:**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Joint venture	1,781	1,437
Associate	27,524	30,037
	29,305	31,474

**(2) Movements of long-term equity investments for the period are as follows:**

	<b>January 1, 2024</b>	<b>Investment income</b>	<b>Other Comprehensive income</b>	<b>Declared distribution of cash dividend</b>	<b>Balance at the end of the period</b>
<b>Joint venture</b>					
Investee A	1,437	334	10	-	1,781
Sub-total	1,437	334	10	-	1,781
<b>Associate</b>					
Investee B	30,037	4,084	(3,912)	(2,685)	27,524
Sub-total	30,037	4,084	(3,912)	(2,685)	27,524
Sub-total	31,474	4,418	(3,902)	(2,685)	29,305

**13. Other equity investments**

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>	<b>December 31, 2023</b>	<b>Dividend received during 2024</b>
Investment A	54,299	54,299	-
Investment B	76,378	75,905	-
Investment C	1,902	1,814	-
	132,579	132,018	-

Other equity investments are non-core businesses that are intended to be held in the foreseeable future.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements – (cont'd)**

**14. Fixed assets**

	<b>Land &amp; Buildings</b>	<b>Machinery &amp; equipment</b>	<b>Motor vehicles</b>	<b>Office &amp; other equipment</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cost</b>					
Balance as at January 1, 2024	4,626,458	18,283,359	197,330	491,189	23,598,336
Purchases	45,295	25,460	18,815	10,911	100,481
Transfer from construction in progress	28,983	168,050	36	3,236	200,305
Classification	75,434	(75,434)	-	-	-
Disposals	(167,198)	(165,512)	(9,528)	(4,078)	(346,316)
Currency translation adjustment	(179)	59,654	(695)	(380)	58,400
Balance as at June 30, 2024	<u>4,608,793</u>	<u>18,295,577</u>	<u>205,958</u>	<u>500,878</u>	<u>23,611,206</u>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
Balance as at January 1, 2024	(1,945,331)	(10,710,652)	(80,992)	(382,062)	(13,119,037)
Charge for the period	(76,609)	(419,217)	(15,934)	(19,260)	(531,020)
Disposals	114,508	114,112	7,720	3,192	239,532
Currency translation adjustment	(1,264)	(36,463)	186	201	(37,340)
Balance as at June 30, 2024	<u>(1,908,696)</u>	<u>(11,052,220)</u>	<u>(89,020)</u>	<u>(397,929)</u>	<u>(13,447,865)</u>
<b>Provision for impairment</b>					
Balance as at January 1, 2024	(139,412)	(298,015)	(757)	(1,002)	(439,186)
Charge for the period	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	37,927	38,218	50	9	76,204
Currency translation adjustment	(126)	(123)	-	-	(249)
Balance at June 30, 2024	<u>(101,611)</u>	<u>(259,920)</u>	<u>(707)</u>	<u>(993)</u>	<u>(363,231)</u>
<b>Carrying amounts</b>					
<b>As at June 30, 2024</b>	<u>2,598,486</u>	<u>6,983,437</u>	<u>116,231</u>	<u>101,956</u>	<u>9,800,110</u>
<b>As at January 1, 2024</b>	<u>2,541,715</u>	<u>7,274,692</u>	<u>115,581</u>	<u>108,125</u>	<u>10,040,113</u>

The lands reported as fixed assets are owned by the group subsidiaries and are located outside of China.

Notes to the Financial Statements

V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)

15. Construction in Progress

(1) Construction in progress

June 30			December 31		
2024			2023		
Book value	Provision for impairment	Carrying amount	Book value	Provision for impairment	Carrying amount
3,008,771	(309,413)	2,699,358	2,829,054	(321,726)	2,507,328

(2) Details and Movements of major construction projects in progress during period ended June 30, 2024

	Budget	January 1, 2024	Additions	Including: Interest capitalized	Currency translation differences	Transfer to fixed assets	Impairment	June 30, 2024	Actual cost to budget (%)	Project progress (%)	Source of funds
Project A	1,198,885	120,757	3,227	-	-	(853)	-	123,131	67%	67%	Bank loan
Project B	762,283	671,666	20,570	22,453	4,313	-	-	719,002	94%	94%	Internal finance
Project C	184,010	38,915	1,724	-	-	(17,903)	-	22,736	86%	86%	Internal finance
Project D	954,991	607,852	79,302	16,569	4,075	-	-	707,798	74%	74%	Internal finance
Project E	73,157	34,924	12,086	1,378	258	-	-	48,646	66%	66%	Internal finance

\* As of June 30, 2024 Project A and Project C are include impairment of RMB 14 million and 35 million, respectively.



**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**16. Right-of-use assets**

	<b>Land &amp; Buildings</b>	<b>Machinery &amp; equipment</b>	<b>Motor vehicles</b>	<b>Office &amp; other equipment</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cost</b>					
Balance as at January 1, 2024	726,499	51,017	322,596	4,157	1,104,269
Additions	25,389	412	29,014	1,023	55,838
Decrease	(9,874)	(13,631)	(55,236)	-	(78,741)
Currency translation adjustment	(5,139)	237	265	30	(4,607)
Balance as at June 30, 2024	<u>736,875</u>	<u>38,035</u>	<u>296,639</u>	<u>5,210</u>	<u>1,076,759</u>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
Balance as at January 1, 2024	(279,092)	(29,775)	(167,772)	(2,395)	(479,034)
Charge for the period	(50,103)	(839)	(45,527)	(469)	(96,938)
Decrease	8,617	13,639	51,667	-	73,923
Currency translation adjustment	1,126	(151)	70	97	1,142
Balance as at June 30, 2024	<u>(319,452)</u>	<u>(17,126)</u>	<u>(161,562)</u>	<u>(2,767)</u>	<u>(500,907)</u>
<b>Provision for impairment</b>					
Balance as at January 1, 2024	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2024	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Carrying amounts</b>					
As at June 30, 2024	<u>417,423</u>	<u>20,909</u>	<u>135,077</u>	<u>2,443</u>	<u>575,852</u>
As at January 1, 2024	<u>447,407</u>	<u>21,242</u>	<u>154,824</u>	<u>1,762</u>	<u>625,235</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)

17. Intangible Assets

	Product registration	Intangible assets on Purchase of Products	Software	Marketing rights, tradename and trademarks	Customers relations	Land use rights <sup>(1)</sup>	Others <sup>(2)</sup>	Total
<b>Costs</b>								
Balance as at January 1, 2024	12,960,211	4,253,374	1,397,364	840,382	642,323	507,017	639,166	21,239,837
Purchases	130,343	-	42,923	-	-	-	10,616	183,882
Currency translation adjustment	63,573	26,476	7,509	4,443	2,187	244	2,642	107,074
Disposal	(2,536)	-	(462)	-	-	(456)	-	(3,454)
Balance as at June 30, 2024	13,151,591	4,279,850	1,447,334	844,825	644,510	506,805	652,424	21,527,339
<b>Accumulated amortization</b>								
Balance as at January 1, 2024	(10,230,451)	(3,347,148)	(833,093)	(562,706)	(365,028)	(106,913)	(289,850)	(15,735,189)
Charge for the period	(269,195)	(108,967)	(50,433)	(11,019)	(21,104)	(5,171)	(5,708)	(471,597)
Currency translation adjustment	(57,631)	(21,128)	(4,528)	(2,775)	(1,006)	(879)	(1,164)	(89,111)
Disposal	2,514	-	320	-	-	6	-	2,840
Balance as at June 30, 2024	(10,554,763)	(3,477,243)	(887,734)	(576,500)	(387,138)	(112,957)	(296,722)	(16,293,057)
<b>Provision for impairment</b>								
Balance as at January 1, 2024	(105,487)	(78,937)	(49)	-	-	(276)	(1,618)	(186,367)
Charge for the period	(65,077)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(65,077)
Currency translation adjustment	3,342	(464)	-	-	-	(2)	-	2,876
Others	1,591	8,090	-	-	-	-	-	9,681
Balance as at June 30, 2024	(165,631)	(71,311)	(49)	-	-	(278)	(1,618)	(238,887)
<b>Carrying amount</b>								
As at June 30, 2024	2,431,197	731,296	559,551	268,325	257,372	393,570	354,084	4,995,395
As at January 1, 2024	2,624,273	827,289	564,222	277,676	277,295	399,828	347,698	5,318,281

- (1) Include land parcel in Israel that has not yet been registered in the name of the Group subsidiaries at the Land Registry Office, mostly due to registration procedures or technical problems.  
(2) Mainly non-compete and exclusivity agreements.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)

#### 18. Goodwill

##### Changes in goodwill

The Group allocates goodwill to two cash generating units ("CGU"), Crop Protection (Agro) and a non-core activity included in the Intermediates and ingredients segment. At the end of the year, or more frequently whether indicators for impairment exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of each CGU for which goodwill has been allocated to using the DCF model, based on:

- The actual results of 2023, 2024 workplan and the forecast results for the next 4 years.
- The discount rate (9% WAAC) based on the company's cost of equity and cost of debt, taking into account the comprehensive risk factors.
- The annual growth rate (1.5%) based on the management projections and market expectations.

As of December 31, 2023 the value in use of the cash generating units to which goodwill has been allocated to exceeds its carrying amount.

	<b>January 1, 2024</b>	<b>Change during the year</b>	<b>Currency translation adjustment</b>	<b>Balance at June 30, 2024</b>
Book value	5,001,538	-	30,342	5,031,880
Impairment provision	-	-	-	-
Carrying amount	<u>5,001,538</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,342</u>	<u>5,031,880</u>

#### 19. Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities

##### (1) Deferred tax assets without taking into consideration of the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction

	<b>June 30</b>		<b>December 31</b>	
	<b>2024</b>		<b>2023</b>	
	<b>Deductible temporary differences</b>	<b>Deferred tax assets</b>	<b>Deductible temporary differences</b>	<b>Deferred tax assets</b>
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>				
Deferred tax assets in respect of carry forward losses	4,176,525	809,700	3,544,797	775,364
Deferred tax assets in respect of inventories	2,119,278	537,436	2,387,244	643,527
Deferred tax assets in respect of employee benefits	673,856	116,473	829,840	132,616
Other deferred tax asset	1,995,263	490,207	2,161,309	521,143
	<u>8,964,922</u>	<u>1,953,816</u>	<u>8,923,190</u>	<u>2,072,650</u>

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**19. Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities - (cont'd)**

**(2) Deferred tax liabilities without taking into consideration of the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction**

	<b>June 30</b>		<b>December 31</b>	
	<b>2024</b>		<b>2023</b>	
	<b>Taxable temporary differences</b>	<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>	<b>Taxable temporary differences</b>	<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>
<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>				
Deferred tax liabilities in respect of fixed assets, intangible assets and right-of-use assets	4,392,349	796,751	4,159,172	768,112
	<u>4,392,349</u>	<u>796,751</u>	<u>4,159,172</u>	<u>768,112</u>

**(3) Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities presented on a net basis after offsetting**

	<b>June 30</b>		<b>December 31</b>	
	<b>2024</b>		<b>2023</b>	
	<b>The offset amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities</b>	<b>Deferred tax assets or liabilities after offset</b>	<b>The offset amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities</b>	<b>Deferred tax assets or liabilities after offset</b>
<b>Presented as:</b>				
Deferred tax assets	504,905	1,448,911	471,009	1,601,641
Deferred tax liabilities	<u>504,905</u>	<u>291,846</u>	<u>471,009</u>	<u>297,103</u>

**(4) Details of unrecognized deferred tax assets**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Deductible temporary differences	754,910	803,476
Deductible losses carry forward	3,089,981	1,819,005
	<u>3,844,891</u>	<u>2,622,481</u>

**(5) Expiration of deductible tax losses carry forward for unrecognized deferred tax assets**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
2024	1,946	36,433
2025	21,922	6,389
2026	169,634	169,594
2027	19,169	19,120
2028	259,646	259,603
After 2028	2,617,664	1,327,866
	<u>3,089,981</u>	<u>1,819,005</u>

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**19. Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities - (cont'd)**

**(6) Unrecognized deferred tax liabilities**

When calculating the deferred taxes, taxes that would have applied in the event of realizing investments in subsidiaries were not taken into account since it is the Company's intention to hold these investments and not realize them.

**20. Other Non-Current Assets**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Judicial deposits	124,363	207,027
Long term investments	75,031	-
Assets related to securitization	72,544	81,423
Advances in respect of non-current assets	29,118	18,003
Others	98,178	128,762
	<b>399,234</b>	<b>435,215</b>

**21. Short-Term Loans**

**Short-term loans by category:**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Unsecured loans	4,597,378	5,733,522
	<b>4,597,378</b>	<b>5,733,522</b>

**22. Derivative financial liabilities**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Economic hedge	272,059	590,442
Accounting hedge derivatives	8,459	17,345
	<b>280,518</b>	<b>607,787</b>

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**23. Bills Payables**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Post-dated checks payables	269,251	481,645
Note payables draft	155,242	131,862
	424,493	613,507

As at June 30, 2024, none of the bills payable are overdue.

**24. Accounts payable**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Within 1 year (including 1 year)	4,945,694	4,590,057
1-2 years (including 2 years)	18,614	23,467
2-3 years (including 3 years)	12,104	14,445
Over 3 years	23,087	21,764
	4,999,499	4,649,733

There are no significant accounts payables aging over one year.

**25. Contract liabilities**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Discount for customers	1,197,417	952,123
Advances from customers	192,300	562,242
	1,389,717	1,514,365

**26. Employee Benefits Payable**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Short-term employee benefits	480,324	500,932
Post-employment benefits	42,641	60,438
Share based payment (See note XIII)	1,122	18,401
Other benefits within one year	202,790	200,144
	726,877	779,915
Current maturities	56,062	67,124
	782,939	847,039

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**27. Taxes Payable**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Corporate income tax	317,938	197,983
VAT	200,741	179,471
Others	31,646	29,776
	550,325	407,230

**28. Other Payables**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Dividends payables	750	750
Other payables	1,772,634	1,468,569
	1,773,384	1,469,319

**(1) Other payables**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Accrued expenses	806,332	721,034
Hold-back payment due to acquisitions	131,000	131,000
Payables in respect of intangible assets	50,394	115,214
Financial institutions	48,676	50,032
Liability in respect of securitization transactions	243,652	32,368
Others	492,580	418,921
	1,772,634	1,468,569

**29. Non-Current Liabilities Due Within One Year**

Non-current liabilities due within one year by category are as follows:

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Long-term loans due within one year	1,279,559	1,552,217
Debentures payable due within one year	570,344	576,638
Lease liabilities due within one year	164,048	169,033
	2,013,951	2,297,888

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**30. Other Current Liabilities**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Put options to holders of non-controlling interests	484,045	468,514
Provision in respect of returns	199,180	271,629
Provision in respect of claims	198,717	13,294
Others	378	390
	882,320	753,827

**31. Long-Term Loans**

**Long-term loans by category**

	<b>June 30</b>		<b>December 31</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>Interest range</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>Interest range</b>
<b>Long term loans</b>				
Guaranteed loans	368,063	3.20%-3.40%	383,795	3.55%-3.75%
Unsecured loans	3,803,141	1.73%-9.79%	4,054,361	1.73%-9.28%
Total Long term loans	4,171,204		4,438,156	
Less:				
Long term loans from banks due within 1 year	(1,279,559)		(1,552,217)	
Long term loans, net	2,891,645		2,885,939	

\* For more details regarding the guaranteed loans – see note X. related parties and related parties transactions.

For the maturity analysis, see note VIII.C - Liquidity risk.

**32. Debentures Payable**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Debentures Series B	7,414,510	7,496,061
Current maturities	(570,344)	(576,638)
	6,844,166	6,919,423
		<b>June 30</b>
		<b>2024</b>
First year (current maturities)		570,344
Second year		570,344
Third year		570,344
Fourth year		570,344
Fifth year and thereafter		5,133,134
		7,414,510



Notes to the Financial Statements

V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)

32. Debentures Payable - (cont'd)

Movements of debentures payable:

For the Six months ended June 30, 2024:

<u>Maturity period</u>	<u>Face value in RMB</u>	<u>Face value NIS</u>	<u>Issuance date</u>	<u>Maturity period</u>	<u>Issuance amount</u>	<u>Balance at January 1, 2024</u>	<u>Amortization of discounts or premium</u>	<u>CPI and exchange rate effect</u>	<u>Repayment during the period</u>	<u>Currency translation adjustment</u>	<u>Balance at June 30, 2024</u>
Debentures Series B	2,673,640	1,650,000	4.12.2006	November 2020-2036	3,043,742	3,145,201	128	(52,650)	-	19,431	3,112,110
Debentures Series B	843,846	513,527	16.1.2012	November 2020-2036	842,579	947,332	5,037	(16,020)	-	5,864	942,213
Debentures Series B	995,516	600,000	7.1.2013	November 2020-2036	1,120,339	1,168,256	2,188	(19,679)	-	7,219	1,157,984
Debentures Series B	832,778	533,330	1.2.2015	November 2020-2036	1,047,439	1,089,440	(1,329)	(18,350)	-	6,721	1,076,482
Debentures Series B	418,172	266,665	1-6.2015	November 2020-2036	556,941	588,749	(3,609)	(9,911)	-	3,624	578,853
Debentures Series B	497,989	246,499	5.5.2020	November 2020-2036	692,896	557,083	(4,249)	(9,392)	-	3,426	546,868
						<u>7,496,061</u>	<u>(1,834)</u>	<u>(126,002)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>46,285</u>	<u>7,414,510</u>

Series B debentures, in amount of NIS 3,810 million par value (3,730 million par value, net of self-purchased), linked to the CPI and bear interest at the base annual rate of 5.15%. The debenture principal shall be repaid in 17 equal payments in the years 2020 through 2036.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)

#### 33. Lease liabilities

	June 30		December 31	
	2024	Interest range	2023	Interest range
Lease liabilities	611,863	1.0%-15.4%	664,492	1.1%-15.3%
Less: Lease liabilities due within one year	<u>(164,048)</u>		<u>(169,033)</u>	
Long term lease liabilities, net	<u>447,815</u>		<u>495,459</u>	

#### 34. Long-Term Employee Benefits Payable

##### Post-employment benefit plans – defined benefit plan and early retirement

	June 30	December 31
	2024	2023
Total present value of obligation	486,619	525,316
Less: fair value of plan's assets	<u>(51,648)</u>	<u>(59,884)</u>
Net liability related to Post-employment benefits	434,971	465,432
Termination benefits	60,716	67,853
Total recognized liability for defined benefit plan, net (1)	<u>495,687</u>	<u>533,285</u>
Other long-term employee benefits	132,115	205,369
Total long-term employee benefits, net	<u>627,802</u>	<u>738,654</u>
Including: Long-term employee benefits payable due within one year	56,062	67,124
	<u>571,740</u>	<u>671,530</u>

#### (1) Movement in the net liability and assets in respect of defined benefit plans, early retirement and their components

	Defined benefit obligation and early retirement		Fair value of plan's assets		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Balance as at January 1, 2024	593,169	632,332	59,884	70,001	533,285	562,331
<b>Expense/income recognized in profit and loss:</b>						
Current service cost	10,685	17,410	-	-	10,685	17,410
Past service cost	1,158	1,724	-	1,717	1,158	7
Interest costs	10,624	10,046	1,286	1,295	9,338	8,751
Losses on curtailments and settlements	8,696	10,221	-	-	8,696	10,221
Changes in exchange rates	(15,145)	(22,559)	(2,032)	(3,206)	(13,113)	(19,353)
Actuarial losses due to early retirement	(105)	122	-	-	(105)	122
<b>Included in other comprehensive income:</b>						
Actuarial gain (losses) as a result of changes in actuarial assumptions	(10,583)	(17,680)	(938)	(1,766)	(9,645)	(15,914)
Foreign currency translation differences in respect of foreign operations	3,082	21,971	340	2,276	2,742	19,695
<b>Additional movements:</b>						
Benefits paid	(54,040)	(37,361)	(7,304)	(3,330)	(46,736)	(34,031)
Classification to termination	(206)	(14,861)	-	(4,211)	(206)	(10,650)
Contributions paid by the Group	-	-	412	623	(412)	(623)
<b>Balance as at June 30, 2024</b>	<u>547,335</u>	<u>601,365</u>	<u>51,648</u>	<u>63,399</u>	<u>495,687</u>	<u>537,966</u>

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**34. Long-Term Employee Benefits Payable - (cont'd)**

**Post-employment benefit plans – defined benefit plan and early retirement - (cont'd)**

**(2) Actuarial assumptions and sensitivity analysis**

The principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date for defined benefit plan

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Discount rate (%)*	2.4%-3%	2.6%-2.8%

\* According to the demographic and the benefit components.

The assumptions regarding the future mortality rate are based on published statistical data and acceptable mortality rates.

Possible reasonable changes as of the date of the report in the discount rate, assuming the other assumptions remain unchanged, would have affected the defined benefit obligation as follows:

	<b>As of June 30, 2024</b>	
	<b>Increase of 1%</b>	<b>Decrease of 1%</b>
Change in defined benefit obligation	(41,293)	49,936

**35. Provisions**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Liabilities in respect of contingencies*	173,318	182,172
Provision in respect of site restoration	138,341	62,889
Long-term liability in respect of business combinations	3,307	52,929
Other	1,269	1,261
	316,235	299,251

\* Liabilities in respect of contingencies includes obligations of pending litigations, where an outflow of resources had been reliably estimated.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**36. Other Non-Current Liabilities**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Put options to holders of non- controlling interests	362,119	566,433
Long term loans – others	2,356,334	2,354,133
	2,718,453	2,920,566
Current maturities	-	-
	2,718,453	2,920,566

**37. Share Capital**

	<b>Balance at January 1, 2024</b>	<b>Issuance of new shares</b>	<b>Buyback of shares</b>	<b>Balance at June 30, 2024</b>
Share capital	2,329,812	-	-	2,329,812

**38. Capital Reserve**

	<b>Balance at January 1, 2024</b>	<b>Additions during the period</b>	<b>Reductions during the period</b>	<b>Balance at June 30, 2024</b>
Share premiums	12,606,562	-	-	12,606,562
Other capital reserve	343,902	-	-	343,902
	12,950,464	-	-	12,950,464

Notes to the Financial Statements

V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)

39. Other Comprehensive Income, net of tax

	Attributable to shareholders of the company					Balance at June 30, 2024
	Balance at January 1, 2024	Before tax amount	Less: transfer to profit or loss	Less: Income tax expenses	Net-of-tax amount	
<b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>	<b>82,945</b>	<b>9,645</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,123</b>	<b>8,522</b>	<b>91,467</b>
Re-measurement of changes in liabilities under defined benefit plans	54,270	9,645	-	1,123	8,522	62,792
Changes in fair value of other equity investment	28,675	-	-	-	-	28,675
<b>Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss</b>	<b>1,592,951</b>	<b>11,439</b>	<b>22,143</b>	<b>1,552</b>	<b>(12,256)</b>	<b>1,580,695</b>
Effective portion of gain or loss of cash flow hedge	(1,639)	29,978	22,143	1,552	6,283	4,644
Translation difference of foreign financial statements	1,594,590	(18,539)	-	-	(18,539)	1,576,051
	<b>1,675,896</b>	<b>21,084</b>	<b>22,143</b>	<b>2,675</b>	<b>(3,734)</b>	<b>1,672,162</b>

40. Surplus reserve

	Balance at January 1, 2024	Additions during the period	Reductions during the period	Balance at June 30, 2024
Statutory surplus reserve	269,803	-	-	269,803
Discretionary surplus reserve	3,814	-	-	3,814
	<b>273,617</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>273,617</b>

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

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**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**41. Retained Earnings**

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Retained earnings as at January 1	4,678,091	6,469,604
Net loss for the period attributable to shareholders of the Company	(894,866)	(242,156)
Dividends to non-controlling Interest	(34,892)	(18,763)
Dividend to the shareholders of the company (Note 1)	-	(62,905)
Retained earnings as at June 30	3,748,333	6,145,780

Note 1:

On March 19, 2023, after obtaining the approval of the 19th meeting of the Company's 9th Board of Directors, the Company declared RMB 0.27 (before tax) per 10 shares as cash dividend to all shareholders, resulting in a total cash dividend of 62,905 thousand RMB (before tax). No shares were distributed as share dividend and no reserve was transferred to equity capital.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**42. Operating Income and Cost of Sales**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>		<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>		<b>2023</b>	
	<b>Income</b>	<b>Cost of sales</b>	<b>Income</b>	<b>Cost of sales</b>
Principal activities	14,887,442	11,465,990	17,232,976	13,349,948
Other businesses	22,847	8,084	20,225	8,779
	<u>14,910,289</u>	<u>11,474,074</u>	<u>17,253,201</u>	<u>13,358,727</u>

**43. Taxes and Surcharges**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Tax on turnover	13,009	16,382
Others	35,349	35,038
	<u>48,358</u>	<u>51,420</u>

**44. Selling and Distribution Expenses**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Salaries and related expense	1,013,080	972,566
Depreciation and amortization	507,333	476,152
Advertising and sales promotion	156,657	179,661
Warehouse expenses	76,853	98,906
Registration	65,733	69,834
Travel expenses	63,152	72,342
Professional services	56,684	56,550
Insurance	48,859	47,574
Others	375,025	187,614
	<u>2,363,376</u>	<u>2,161,199</u>

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**45. General and Administrative Expenses**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Salaries and related expenses	257,344	157,127
Professional services	68,482	61,710
IT systems	60,008	61,002
Depreciation and amortization	57,725	55,710
Cost contribution arrangement	31,604	39,065
Office rent, maintenance and expenses	18,822	22,964
Other	42,281	63,568
	<b>536,266</b>	<b>461,146</b>

**46. Research and development expenses**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Salaries and related expenses	122,214	134,457
Depreciation and amortization	31,207	38,407
Professional services	13,149	23,639
Field trial	11,155	21,526
Materials	10,807	13,741
Office rent, maintenance and expenses	7,000	5,416
Other	22,575	25,192
	<b>218,107</b>	<b>262,378</b>

**47. Financial expenses (incomes), net**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Interest expenses on debentures and loans and other charges	542,663	562,720
CPI expenses in respect of debentures	138,427	184,710
Loss in respect of sale of trade receivables	97,379	115,352
Interest expense in respect of post-employment benefits and early retirement, net	10,849	11,287
Revaluation of put option, net	(190,694)	83,584
Interest income from customers, banks and others	(130,667)	(134,254)
Exchange rate differences, net	42,455	(414,163)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	20,205	16,132
Others	93,030	30,487
	<b>623,647</b>	<b>455,855</b>



**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**48. Investment income, net**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Income from long-term equity investments accounted for using the equity method	4,418	3,439
Other	-	6,651
	4,418	10,090

**49. Loss from Changes in Fair Value**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Loss from changes in fair value of derivative financial Instruments	(204,837)	(775,528)
Others	8,345	(6,690)
	(196,492)	(782,218)

**50. Credit impairment reversal (losses)**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Bills receivable and accounts receivable	(17,570)	865
Other receivables	1,894	7,625
	(15,676)	8,490

**51. Asset impairment losses**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Inventories	8,938	(105,197)
Fixed assets	-	(690)
Construction in progress	(2,995)	-
Intangible asset	(65,077)	-
	(59,134)	(105,887)

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**52. Gain from Disposal of Assets**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>		<b>Included in non-recurring items</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	
Gain from disposal of fixed assets	18,370	23,402	18,370
Loss from disposal of intangible assets	(153)	-	(153)
	<u>18,217</u>	<u>23,402</u>	<u>18,217</u>

**53. Income Tax Expenses (incomes)**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Current year	160,810	286,525
Deferred tax expenses (income)	148,269	(367,924)
Adjustments for previous years, net	14,357	4,966
	<u>323,436</u>	<u>(76,433)</u>

**(1) Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit is as follows:**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Loss before taxes	(571,430)	(318,589)
Statutory tax in china	25%	25%
Tax calculated according to statutory tax in china	(142,858)	(79,647)
Tax benefits from Approved Enterprises	(16,702)	(14,942)
Difference between measurement basis of income for financial statement and for tax purposes	81,121	(28,110)
Taxable income (loss) and temporary differences at other tax rate	55,568	(128,074)
Taxes in respect of prior years	14,357	4,966
Utilization of tax losses prior years for which deferred taxes were not created	(7,009)	(5,308)
Temporary differences and losses in the report year for which deferred taxes were not created	172,664	14,398
Non-deductible expenses, non-taxable income and other difference, net	(17,312)	93,470
Neutralization of tax calculated in respect of the Company's share in results of equity accounted investees	(1,474)	(931)
Effect of change in tax rate in respect of deferred taxes	151,281	66,971
Creation and reversal of deferred taxes for tax losses and temporary differences from previous years	33,800	774
Income tax expenses (incomes)	<u>323,436</u>	<u>(76,433)</u>

**54. Other comprehensive income**

Details of the Other comprehensive income are set out in Note V.39

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**55. Government grants**

<b>Category</b>	<b>Presentation accounts</b>	<b>Amount recognized in the profit and loss statements during the Six months ended June 30</b>	
		<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Government grants related to income	Non-Operating income	2,299	11,665
Government grants related to assets	Fixed assets, Intangible assets	6,352	7,388

**56. Notes to items in the cash flow statements**

**(1) Cash received relating to other operating activities**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Interest income	56,151	80,270
Financial institutions	83,292	38,020
Government subsidies	2,299	12,883
Others	151,086	69,838
	<b>292,828</b>	<b>201,011</b>

**(2) Cash paid relating to other operating activities**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Derivatives transactions	223,110	225,818
Advertising and sales promotion	154,594	167,451
Professional services	149,886	164,944
Commissions and Warehouse	95,631	118,902
IT and Communication	105,993	114,304
Registration and Field trials	79,681	85,831
Travel	51,867	83,184
Insurance	51,790	70,183
Financial institutions	-	67,142
Others	479,162	444,295
	<b>1,391,714</b>	<b>1,542,054</b>

**(3) Cash received relating to other investing activities**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Investment grant	-	16,643
	-	16,643

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**56. Notes to items in the cash flow statements - (cont'd)**

**(4) Cash paid relating to other investing activities**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Increase in short and long term investments	107,950	-
	107,950	-

**(5) Cash received from other financing activities**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Borrowing from related party *	355,148	1,393,370
Proceeds in respect of hedging transactions on debentures	403,236	-
Deposit for issuing bills payables	23,267	34,932
	781,651	1,428,302

\* For more details regarding the borrowing from related party – see note X. related parties and related parties transactions.

**(6) Cash paid relating to other financing activities**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Payment in respect of hedging transactions on debentures	145,548	347,870
Repayment of lease liability	91,643	86,608
Deposit for issuing bills payable	23,634	3,210
Repayment of loan from others	460	625
Realization of Call option	-	116,311
	261,285	554,624

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**57. Supplementary Information on Cash Flow Statement**

**(1) Supplementary information on Cash Flow Statement**

**a. Reconciliation of net profit to cash flows from operating activities:**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Net loss	(894,866)	(242,156)
Add: Impairment provisions for assets	59,134	105,887
Credit impairment losses (reversal)	15,676	(8,490)
Depreciation of fixed assets and investment property	531,833	487,815
Depreciation of right-of-use asset	96,938	93,719
Amortization of intangible asset	471,597	449,372
Gains on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets, and other long-term assets, net	(18,217)	(23,402)
Losses from changes in fair value	196,492	782,218
Financial expenses	160,503	329,817
Investment income, net	(4,418)	(10,090)
Decrease (increase) in deferred tax assets, net	153,953	(350,613)
Decrease in deferred tax liabilities, net	(5,684)	(17,311)
Decrease in inventories, net	764,477	905,851
Increase in operating receivables, net	(881,861)	(752,091)
Increase (decrease) in operating payables, net	1,103,531	(1,786,212)
Others	(17,970)	(29,190)
Net cash flow provided by (used in) operating activities	1,731,118	(64,876)

**b. Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	3,970,880	4,570,537
Less: Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	4,857,358	4,225,253
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(886,478)	345,284

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

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**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**57. Supplementary Information on Cash Flow Statement - (cont'd)**

**(2) Details of cash and cash equivalents**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Cash on hand	800	820
Bank deposits available on demand without restrictions	3,970,080	4,856,538
	<b>3,970,880</b>	<b>4,857,358</b>

**58. Assets with Restricted Ownership or Right of Use**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>Reason</b>
	<b>2024</b>	
Cash	24,337	Pledged
Other current assets	117,884	Guarantees
Other non-current assets	124,363	Guarantees
	<b>266,584</b>	

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**59. Foreign currencies denominated items**

**(1) Foreign currencies denominated items**

	<b>As at June 30, 2024</b>		
	<b>Foreign currency at the end of the period</b>	<b>Exchange rate</b>	<b>RMB at the end of the period</b>
<b>Cash and bank balances</b>			
BRL	402,898	1.282	516,515
CNY	347,089	1.000	347,089
EUR	18,891	7.622	143,986
PLN	76,826	1.768	135,829
USD	16,654	7.127	118,694
RON	33,863	1.533	51,912
ARS	6,089,851	0.008	48,719
ZAR	114,117	0.386	44,049
ILS	21,221	1.896	40,235
RUB	302,503	0.083	25,108
GBP	2,723	9.007	24,527
CAD	4,028	5.197	20,931
Other			224,161
Total			<u>1,741,755</u>
<b>Bills and Accounts receivable</b>			
EUR	107,334	7.622	818,100
BRL	619,364	1.282	794,025
TRY	2,067,659	0.217	448,682
RON	190,071	1.533	291,379
CAD	51,359	5.197	266,913
HUF	9,120,804	0.019	173,295
USD	15,350	7.127	109,398
THB	411,582	0.193	79,435
ILS	29,076	1.896	55,128
Other			176,616
Total			<u>3,212,971</u>
<b>Other receivables</b>			
EUR	28,867	7.622	220,023
AUD	45,486	4.727	215,012
GBP	7,377	9.007	66,448
BRL	37,224	1.282	47,721
	23,719	1.896	44,971
Other			18,235
Total			<u>612,410</u>

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**59. Foreign currencies denominated items - (cont'd)**

**(1) Foreign currencies denominated items - (cont'd)**

	<b>As at June 30, 2024</b>		
	<u>Foreign currency at the end of the period</u>	<u>Exchange rate</u>	<u>RMB at the end of the period</u>
<b>Other current assets</b>			
BRL	141,713	1.282	181,676
USD	16,650	7.127	118,661
ILS	48,663	1.896	92,265
ARS	11,213,129	0.008	89,705
EUR	9,148	7.622	69,724
CAD	5,717	5.197	29,712
CLP	3,431,554	0.008	27,452
PEN	12,229	1.859	22,734
RUB	213,632	0.083	17,731
UAH	88,883	0.176	15,643
INR	118,724	0.085	10,092
Other			97,366
Total			<u>772,761</u>
<b>Long-term receivables</b>			
BRL	43,016	1.282	55,147
Total			<u>55,147</u>
<b>Other non-current assets</b>			
BRL	192,301	1.282	246,530
Other			6,552
Total			<u>253,082</u>
<b>Short-term loans</b>			
UAH	49,968	0.176	8,794
ARS	1,096,636	0.008	8,773
TRY	19,870	0.217	4,312
Total			<u>21,879</u>
<b>Bills and Accounts payable</b>			
ILS	441,181	1.896	836,480
EUR	42,979	7.622	327,585
BRL	107,747	1.282	138,132
USD	12,383	7.127	88,252
Other			94,295
Total			<u>1,484,744</u>
<b>Other payables</b>			
ILS	78,277	1.896	148,414
BRL	71,429	1.282	91,572
PLN	24,582	1.768	43,461
ILS CPI	16,520	1.896	31,322
UAH	140,552	0.176	24,737
Other			41,554
Total			<u>381,060</u>



**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**59. Foreign currencies denominated items - (cont'd)**

**(1) Foreign currencies denominated items - (cont'd)**

	<b>As at June 30, 2024</b>		
	<b>Foreign currency at the end of the period</b>	<b>Exchange rate</b>	<b>RMB at the end of the period</b>
<b>Contract liabilities</b>			
EUR	54,596	7.622	416,134
CAD	41,200	5.197	214,118
TRY	353,811	0.217	76,777
BRL	49,493	1.282	63,450
Other			93,924
Total			864,403
 <b>Non-current liabilities due within one year</b>			
ILS CPI	319,398	1.896	605,578
EUR	30,910	7.622	235,598
Other			44,635
Total			885,811
 <b>Other current liabilities</b>			
EUR	31,142	7.622	237,365
Other			1,447
Total			238,812
 <b>Debentures payable</b>			
ILS CPI	3,609,792	1.896	6,844,165
Total			6,844,165
 <b>Provision and Long-term payables</b>			
BRL	119,571	1.282	153,290
EUR	373	7.622	2,844
ILS	41,348	1.896	78,395
Total			234,529
 <b>Other non-current liabilities and lease liabilities</b>			
CNY	2,000,000	1.000	2,000,000
ILS CPI	35,980	1.896	68,218
EUR	6,459	7.622	49,232
Other			36,982
Total			2,154,432

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**V. Notes to the consolidated financial statements - (cont'd)**

**59. Foreign currencies denominated items - (cont'd)**

**(2) Major foreign operations**

<b>Name of the Subsidiary</b>	<b>Registration &amp; Principal place of business</b>	<b>Business nature</b>	<b>Functional currency</b>
ADAMA France S.A.S	France	Distribution	USD
ADAMA Brasil S/A	Brazil	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration	USD
ADAMA Deutschland GmbH	Germany	Distribution; Registration	USD
ADAMA India Private Ltd.	India	Manufacturing Distribution; Registration	INR
Makhteshim Agan of North America Inc.	United States	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration	USD
Control Solutions Inc.	United States	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration	USD
ADAMA Agan Ltd.	Israel	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration	USD
ADAMA Makhteshim Ltd.	Israel	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration	USD
ADAMA Australia Pty Limited	Australia	Distribution	AUD
ADAMA Italia SRL	Italy	Distribution	USD
ADAMA Northern Europe B.V.	Netherlands	Distribution	USD
Alligare LLC	United States	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration	USD

The functional currency of the subsidiaries above is the main currency that represent the principal economic environment.

**VI. Change in consolidation Scope**

There is no change of consolidation scope during the period.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### VII. Interest in Other Entities

#### 1. Interests in subsidiaries

##### Composition of the largest subsidiaries of the Group in respect of assets and operating income

Name of the Subsidiary	Registration & Principal place of business	Business nature	Direct	Indirect	Method of obtaining the subsidiary
ADAMA France S.A.S	France	Distribution		100%	Established
ADAMA Brasil S/A	Brazil	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration		100%	Purchased
ADAMA Deutschland GmbH	Germany	Distribution; Registration;		100%	Established
ADAMA India Private Ltd.	India	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration		100%	Established
Makhteshim Agan of North America Inc.	United States	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration		100%	Established
Control Solutions Inc.	United States	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration		67%	Purchased
ADAMA Agan Ltd.	Israel	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration		100%	Restructure
ADAMA Makhteshim Ltd.	Israel	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration		100%	Restructure
ADAMA Australia Pty Limited	Australis	Distribution		100%	Purchased
ADAMA Italia SRL	Italy	Distribution		100%	Established
ADAMA Northern Europe B.V.	Netherlands	Distribution		55%	Purchased
Alligare LLC	United States	Manufacturing; Distribution; Registration		100%	Purchased
Adama Anpon (Jiangsu) Ltd.	China	Manufacturing; Distribution	100%		Purchased
Adama Huifeng (Jiangsu) Co. Ltd.	China	Manufacturing; Distribution	51%		Purchased

#### 2. Interests in joint ventures or associates

	June 30 2024	December 31 2023
Joint venture	1,781	1,437
Associate	27,524	30,037
	<u>29,305</u>	<u>31,474</u>

#### 3. Summarized financial information of joint ventures and associates

	June 30, 2024 and six months then ended	December 31, 2023 and six months ended June 30,2023
Joint venture:		
Total carrying amount	1,781	1,437
The Group's share of the following items:		
Net profit	334	70
Other comprehensive income	10	33
Total comprehensive income	<u>344</u>	<u>103</u>
Associate:		
Total carrying amount	27,524	30,037
The Group's share of the following items:		
Net profit	4,084	3,369
Other comprehensive income	(3,912)	3,072
Total comprehensive income	<u>172</u>	<u>6,441</u>

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### VIII. Risk Related to Financial Instruments

#### A. General

The Group has extensive international operations, and, therefore, it is exposed to credit risks, liquidity risks and market risks (including currency risk, interest risk and other price risk). In order to reduce the exposure to these risks, the Group uses financial derivatives instruments, including forward transactions and options (hereinafter - “derivatives”).

Transactions in derivatives are undertaken with major financial institutions, and therefore, in the opinion of Group Management the credit risk in respect thereof is low.

This note provides information on the Group’s exposure to each of the above risks, the Group’s objectives, policies and processes regarding the measurement and management of the risk. Additional quantitative disclosure is included throughout the consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for establishing and monitoring the framework of the Group's risk management policy. The Finance Committee is responsible for establishing and monitoring the Group's actual risk management policy. The Chief Financial Officer reports to the Finance Committee on a regular basis regarding these risks.

The Group’s risk management policy, established to identify and analyze the risks facing the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. The policy and methods for managing the risks are reviewed regularly, in order to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through training, and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all the employees understand their roles and obligations.

#### B. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and derives mainly from trade receivables and other receivables as well as from cash and deposits in financial institutions.

##### *Accounts and other receivables*

The Group’s revenues are derived from a large number of widely dispersed customers in many countries. Customers include multi-national companies and manufacturing companies, as well as distributors, agriculturists, agents and agrochemical manufacturers who purchase the products either as finished goods or as intermediate products for their own requirements.

The Company entered into an agreement for the sale of trade receivables in a securitization transaction, for details see note V.5.e. and f.

In June 2024, a two-years agreement with an international insurance company was renewed. The amount of the insurance coverage was fixed at \$150 million cumulative per year. The indemnification is limited to 90% of the debt.

The Group’s exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the personal characterization of each customer, and by the demographic characterization of the customer’s base, including the risk of insolvency of the industry and geographic region in which the customer operates.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### VIII. Risk Related to Financial Instruments - (cont'd)

#### B. Credit risk - (cont'd)

The Company management has prescribed a credit policy, whereby the Company performs current ongoing credit evaluations of existing and new customers, and every new customer is examined thoroughly regarding the quality of his credit, before offering him the Group's customary shipping and payment terms. The examination made by the Group includes an outside credit rating, if any, and in many cases, receipt of documents from an insurance company. A credit limit is prescribed for each customer, outstanding amount of the accounts receivable balance. These limits are examined annually. Customers that do not meet the Group's criteria for credit quality may do business with the Group on the basis of a prepayment or against furnishing of appropriate collateral.

Most of the Group's customers have been doing business with it for many years. In monitoring customer credit risk, the customers were grouped according to a characterization of their credit, based on geographical location, industry, aging of receivables, maturity, and existence of past financial difficulties. Customers defined as "high risk" are classified to the restricted customer list and are supervised by management. In certain countries, mainly, Brazil, customers are required to provide property collaterals (such as agricultural lands and equipment) against execution of the sales, the value of which is examined on a current ongoing basis by the Company. In these countries, in a case of expected credit risk, the Company records a provision for the amount of the debt less the value of the collaterals provided and acts to realize the collaterals.

The Group closely monitors the economic situation in Eastern Europe and in South America on an ongoing basis.

The Group recognizes an impairment provision, which reflects its assessment regarding the credit risk of account receivables, Other receivables and investments on a lifetime expected credit loss basis. See also notes III.10 – Financial instruments and III.11 – Receivables.

#### *Cash and deposits in banks*

The Company holds cash and deposits in banks with a high credit rating. These banks are also required to comply with capital adequacy or maintain a level of security based on different situations.

#### *Guarantees*

The Company's policy is to provide financial guarantees only to investee companies.

#### **Aging of receivables and expected credit risk**

Presented below is the aging of the past due trade receivables:

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>
Past due by less than 90 days	879,415
Past due by more than 90 days	547,038
	1,426,453

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### VIII. Risk Related to Financial Instruments - (cont'd)

#### B. Credit risk - (cont'd)

The company measure the provision for credit losses on a collective group basis, where receivables share similar credit risk characteristics based on geographical locations. The examination for expected credit losses is performed using model including aging analysis and historical loss experiences, and adjusted by the observable factors reflecting current and expected future economic conditions.

When credit risk on a receivable has increased significantly since initial recognition, the group records specific provision or general provision which is determined for groups of similar assets in countries in which there are large number of customers with immaterial balances.

The Group has credit risk exposures for accounts receivables amounted to RMB 8,178,909 thousand relate to category of "Lifetime expected credit losses (credit losses has not occurred)" and amounted to RMB 588,743 thousand related to category of "Lifetime expected credit losses (credit losses occurred)". The Group has credit risk exposures for other receivables amounted to RMB 36,562 thousand related to category of "Lifetime expected credit losses (credit losses occurred)". The credit risk exposures for all remaining balance of financial assets at amortised cost and financial assets at FVTOCI are related to "12-month expected credit losses".

#### C. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligation when they come due. The Group's approach to managing its liquidity risk is to assure, to the extent possible, an adequate degree of liquidity for meeting its obligations timely, under ordinary conditions and under pressure conditions, without sustaining unwanted losses or hurting its reputation.

The cash-flow forecast is determined both at the level of the various entities as well as of the consolidated level. The Company examines the current forecasts of its liquidity requirements in order to ascertain that there is sufficient cash for the operating needs, including the amounts required in order to comply with the financial liabilities, while taking strict care that at all times there will be unused credit frameworks so that the Company will not exceed the credit frameworks granted to it and the financial covenants with which it is required to comply with. These forecasts take into consideration matters such as the Company's plans to use debt for financing its activities, compliance with required financial covenants, compliance with certain liquidity ratios and compliance with external requirements such as laws or regulation.

The surplus cash held by the Group subsidiaries, which is not required for financing the current ongoing operations, is invested in short-term interest-bearing investment channels.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### VIII. Risk Related to Financial Instruments - (cont'd)

#### C. Liquidity risk - (cont'd)

(1) Presented below are the contractual maturities of the financial liabilities at undiscounted amounts, including estimated interest payments:

	As at June 30, 2024					Contractual Cash flow	Carrying amount
	First year	Second year	Third- Fourth year	Fifth year and above			
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>							
Short-term loans	4,740,080	-	-	-	-	4,740,080	4,597,378
Bills payables	424,493	-	-	-	-	424,493	424,493
Accounts payables	4,999,499	-	-	-	-	4,999,499	4,999,499
Other payables	1,773,384	-	-	-	-	1,773,384	1,773,384
Other current liabilities	484,045	-	-	-	-	484,045	484,045
Debentures payable	904,619	906,622	1,725,263	6,312,171	-	9,848,675	7,414,510
Long-term loans	1,331,416	1,394,846	1,653,612	26,333	-	4,406,207	4,171,204
Long-term payables	6,718	12,654	24,103	93,834	-	137,309	95,571
Lease Liabilities	199,975	144,209	151,468	403,599	-	899,251	611,863
Long-term liability in respect of business combinations	-	3,795	-	-	-	3,795	3,307
Other non-current liabilities	65,621	498,684	2,421,955	-	-	2,986,260	2,718,453
<b>Derivative financial liabilities</b>							
Foreign currency derivatives	280,463	-	-	-	-	280,463	280,463
CPI/shekel forward transactions	55	-	-	-	-	55	55
	<u>15,210,368</u>	<u>2,960,810</u>	<u>5,976,401</u>	<u>6,835,937</u>		<u>30,983,516</u>	<u>27,574,225</u>

#### D. Market risks

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, CPI, interest rates and prices of capital instruments, will affect the Group's revenues or the value of its holdings in its financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and monitor the exposure to market risks within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

During the ordinary course of business, the Group purchases and sells derivatives and assumes financial liabilities for the purpose of managing market risks.

##### (1) CPI and foreign currency risks

###### *Currency risk*

The Group is exposed to currency risk from its sales, purchases, expenses and loans denominated in currencies that differ from the Group's functional currency. The main exposure is in Euro, Brazilian real, USD and in NIS. In addition, there are smaller exposures to various currencies such as the British pound, Polish zloty, Australian dollar, Indian rupee, Argentine peso, Canadian dollar, South African Rand, Ukraine Hryunia, the Turkish lira and Chinese Yuan Renminbi.

The Group uses foreign currency derivatives – forward transactions and currency options – in order to hedge the cash flows risk, which derive from existing monetary assets and liabilities and anticipated sales and purchases, which may be affected by exchange rate fluctuations.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### VIII. Risk Related to Financial Instruments - (cont'd)

#### D. Market risks - (cont'd)

##### (1) CPI and foreign currency risks - (cont'd)

The Group hedged a part of the estimated currency exposure to anticipate sales and purchases for the subsequent year. Likewise, the Group hedges most of its monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a non- U.S. dollar currency. The Group uses foreign currency derivatives to hedge its currency risk, mostly with maturity dates of less than one year from the reporting date.

Solutions debentures are linked to the NIS-CPI and, therefore, an increase in the NIS-CPI, as well as changes in the NIS exchange rate, could cause significant impact with respect to the subsidiary functional currency – the U.S. dollar. As of the approval date of the financial statements, the subsidiary had hedged most of its exposure deriving from issuance of the debentures, in options and forward contracts.

##### (A) The Group's exposure to NIS-CPI and foreign currency risk is as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>	
	Total assets	Total liabilities
In US Dollar	2,173,293	2,250,951
In Euro	1,321,979	1,257,853
In Brazilian real	1,841,614	293,168
CPI-linked NIS	549	7,547,252
In New Israeli Shekel	236,436	990,460
Denominated in or linked to other foreign currency	3,918,469	3,143,951
	9,492,340	15,483,635

##### (B) The exposure to CPI and foreign currency risk in respect of derivatives is as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>					
	Currency/ linkage receivable	Currency/ linkage payable	Average expiration date	USD thousands Par value	RMB thousands Par value	Fair value
Forward foreign currency	<b>USD</b>	EUR	01/10/2024	83,021	591,677	(90,371)
Contracts and call options	<b>USD</b>	PLN	15/07/2024	2,155	15,362	177
	<b>USD</b>	BRL	10/08/2024	200,591	1,429,568	68,021
	<b>USD</b>	GBP	12/07/2024	19,477	138,808	829
	<b>USD</b>	ZAR	22/08/2024	28,951	206,326	(4,973)
	<b>ILS</b>	USD	19/07/2024	1,256,213	8,952,776	(93,138)
	<b>USD</b>	OTHER		868,689	6,190,975	28,844
CPI forward contracts	<b>CPI</b>	ILS	10/12/2024	651,769	4,645,028	32,755



**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**VIII. Risk Related to Financial Instruments - (cont'd)**

**D. Market risks - (cont'd)**

**(1) CPI and foreign currency risks - (cont'd)**

**(C) Sensitivity analysis**

The appreciation or depreciation of the Dollar against the following currencies as of June 30, 2024 and the increase or decrease in the CPI would increase (decrease) the equity and profit or loss by the amounts presented below. This analysis assumes that all the remaining variables, among others interest rates, remains constant.

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>			
	<b>Decrease of 5%</b>		<b>Increase of 5%</b>	
	<b>Equity</b>	<b>Profit (loss)</b>	<b>Equity</b>	<b>Profit (loss)</b>
New Israeli shekel	16,984	8,295	19,359	32,056
British pound	14,068	14,068	(14,068)	(14,068)
Euro	(19,054)	6,352	19,054	(6,352)
Brazilian real	22,530	16,627	(28,306)	(22,395)
Polish zloty	3,624	3,624	(3,546)	(3,546)
South African Rand	(5,961)	(129)	4,924	(356)
Chinese Yuan Renminbi	186,046	172,485	(175,711)	(160,636)
CPI-linked NIS	155,837	155,837	(155,837)	(155,837)

**(2) Interest rate risks**

The Group has exposure to changes in the variable interest rate. The Group has different assets and liabilities in different countries which bear interest according to the economic environment in each country. Most of the loans, other than the debentures, bear Dollar SOFR and Euro ESTER interest. As a result, most of the variable interest exposure of those loans is to the SOFR interest.

The Company prepares a quarterly summary of exposure to a change in the SOFR interest rate. As at the approval date of the financial statements, the Company had not hedged this exposure.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**VIII. Risk Related to Financial Instruments - (cont'd)**

**D. Market risks - (cont'd)**

**(2) Interest rate risks - (cont'd)**

**(A) Type of interest**

The interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>
<b>Fixed-rate instruments – unlinked to the CPI</b>	
<b><u>Financial assets</u></b>	
Other current assets	117,884
Other non-current assets	1,254
<b><u>Financial liabilities</u></b>	
Long-term loans (1)	3,361,302
Long-term payables	26,619
Other non-current liabilities	2,356,334
	(5,625,117)
<b>Fixed-rate instruments – linked to the CPI</b>	
<b><u>Financial liabilities</u></b>	
Debentures payable (1)	7,414,510
<b>Variable-rate instruments</b>	
<b><u>Financial assets</u></b>	
Cash at banks	1,157,677
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,125
Other current assets	78,103
<b><u>Financial liabilities</u></b>	
Short-term loans and credit from banks	4,597,378
Long-term loans (1)	809,902
Long-term payables	63,842
	(4,233,217)

(1) Including current maturities.

**(B) Sensitivity analysis of cash flows regarding variable-interest instruments**

A change of 5% in the interest rates on the reporting date would increase or reduce equity and profit or loss by the amounts presented below. This analysis assumes that all the remaining variables, among others exchange rates, remained fixed.

	<b>Profit or loss</b>		<b>Equity</b>	
	<b>Increase in interest</b>	<b>Decrease in interest</b>	<b>Increase in interest</b>	<b>Decrease in interest</b>
As at June 30, 2024	832	(843)	832	(843)

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### IX. Fair Value

The fair value of forward contracts on foreign currency is based on their listed market price, if available. In the absence of market prices, the fair value is estimated based on the discounted difference between the stated forward price in the contract and the current forward price for the residual period until redemption, using an appropriate interest rate.

The fair value of foreign currency options is based on bank quotes. The reasonableness of the quotes is evaluated through discounting future cash flow estimates, based on the conditions and duration to maturity of each contract, using the market interest rates of a similar instrument at the measurement date and in accordance with the Black & Scholes model.

#### 1. Financial instruments measured at fair value for disclosure purposes only

The carrying amount of certain financial assets and liabilities, including cash at bank and on hand, bills and accounts receivable, receivables financing, other receivables, derivatives financial assets, short-term loans, bills and accounts payable and other payable, are the same or proximate to their fair value.

The following table details the carrying amount in the books and the fair value of groups of non-current financial instruments presented in the financial statements not in accordance with their fair values:

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>	
	<b>Carrying amount</b>	<b>Fair value</b>
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Other non-current assets (a – Level 2)	89,997	80,833
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Long-term loans and others (b – Level 2)	7,236,239	6,968,450
Debentures (c – Level 1)	7,414,510	7,955,755

- a) The fair value of the other non-current assets is based on a discounted future cash flows, using the acceptable interest rate for similar investment having similar characteristics (Level 2).
- b) The fair value of the long-term loans and others is based on a discounted future cash flows, using the acceptable interest rate for similar loans having similar characteristics (Level 2).
- c) The fair value of the debentures is based on stock exchange quotes (Level 1).

#### 2. The interest rates used in determining fair value

The interest rates used to discount the estimate of anticipated cash flows are:

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>
	<b>%</b>
U.S. dollar interest	7.89%-8.73%
Chinese Yuan Renminbi	1.82%-3.85%
Euro	5.08%-6.78%

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### IX. Fair Value - (cont'd)

#### 3. Fair value hierarchy of financial instruments measured at fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The table below presents an analysis of financial instruments measured at fair value. The various levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical instrument.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company's forward contracts and options are carried at fair value and are evaluated by observable inputs and therefore are concurrent with the definition of level 2.

	<b>June 30</b>
	<b>2024</b>
Forward contracts and options used for hedging the cash flow (Level 2)	7,234
Forward contracts and options used for economic hedging (Level 2)	(65,090)
Other equity investment (Level 2)	132,579
Receivables financing (Level 2)	149,457
Other non-current assets (Level 2)	72,544
Other (Level 2)	2,125

<b>Financial Instrument</b>	<b>Fair value</b>
<b>Forward contracts</b>	Fair value measured on the basis of discounting the difference between the stated forward price in the contract and the current forward price for the residual period until redemption using an appropriate interest rates.
<b>Foreign currency options</b>	The fair value is measured based on the Black&Scholes model.

No transfer between any levels of the fair value hierarchy in the reporting period.

No change in the valuation techniques in the reporting period.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

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**X. Related parties and related party transactions**

**1. Information on parent Company**

<u>Company name</u>	<u>Registered place</u>	<u>Business nature</u>	<u>Registered capital (Thousand RMB)</u>	<u>Shareholding percentage</u>	<u>Percentage of voting rights</u>
Syngenta Group	Shanghai, China	Production and sales of agrochemicals, fertilizers and GM seeds	11,144,545	78.47%	78.47%

The Company's ultimate controlling shareholder is Sinochem Holdings .

**2. Information on the largest subsidiaries of the Company**

For information about the subsidiaries of the Company, refer to Note VII.1.

**3. Information on largest joint ventures and associates of the Company**

For information about the joint ventures and associates of the Company, refer to Note V.12.

Other joint ventures and associates that have related party transactions with the Group during this period or the previous periods are as follows:

<u>Name of entity</u>	<u>Relationship with the Company</u>
Innovaroma SA	Joint venture of the Group

Notes to the Financial Statements

X. Related parties and related party transactions - (cont'd)

4. Information on other related parties

Name of other related parties	Related party relationship
Beijing Guangyuan Yinong Chemical Co., LTD	Common control
Beijing Junmao Real Estate Co. Ltd.	Common control
Zhonglan Lianhai Design and Research Institute	Common control
Bluestar (Beijing) Chemical Machinery Co. Ltd.	Common control
Bluestar Engineering Co. Ltd.	Common control
China Chemical Information Center	Common control
China National Bluestar (Group) Co. Ltd.	Common control
China National Chemical Agrochemical Corporation	Common control
Dipagro LTDA	Common control
Elkem Silicones Brasil Ltd.	Common control
Elkem Silicones Hong Kong Co. Ltd.	Common control
Hangzhou (torch) Xidou door Film Industry Co., LTD	Common control
Henan Junhua Development Co. Ltd.	Common control
Jiangsu Huaihe Chemical Co. Ltd.	Common control
Jiangsu Ruixiang Chemical Co., LTD	Common control
Jiangsu Yangnong Chemical Co. Ltd.	Common control
Jiangsu Youjia Plant protection Co., LTD	Common control
Jiangsu Youshi Chemical Co., LTD	Common control
Jingzhou Sanonda Holdings Co. Ltd.	Common control
OOO Syngenta	Common control
P.T. Syngenta Indonesia	Common control
PT Syngenta Seed Indonesia	Common control
Shandong Dacheng Agrochemical Company Limited	Common control
Shenyang Chemical Co., Ltd.	Common control
Shenyang Shenhua Institute Testing Technology Co. Ltd.	Common control
Sinochem (Hainan) Agroecology Co.	Common control
Sinochem (Linyi) Crop Nutrition Co. Ltd	Common control
Sinochem Agriculture (Xinjiang) Biotechnology Co. Ltd.	Common control
Sino MAP	Common control
Sinochem Agro Co. Ltd.	Common control
Sinochem Chemical Science and Technology Research Institute Co., LTD	Common control
Sinochem Crop Protection Products Co. LTD	Common control
Sinochem Fertilizer Company Limited	Common control
Sinochem Information Technology Co. Ltd.	Common control
Sinochem International Crop Care (Overseas) Pte. Ltd.	Common control
Sinochem Innovation (Beijing) Technology Research Institute Co., Ltd.	Common control
Sinochem Lantian Fluorine Materials Co. Ltd.	Common control
Sinochem Modern Agriculture (Gansu) Co. LTD	Common control
Sinochem Modern Agriculture (Guangxi) Co. LTD	Common control
Sinochem Modern Agriculture (Hubei) Co. LTD	Common control
Sinochem Modern Agriculture (Hunan) Co. LTD	Common control
Sinochem Modern Agriculture (Inner Mongolia) Co. LTD	Common control
Sinochem Modern Agriculture (Jiangsu) Co. LTD	Common control
Sinochem Modern Agriculture (Liaoning) Co. LTD	Common control
Sinochem Modern Agriculture (Xinjiang) Co. LTD	Common control
Sinochem Modern Agriculture Anhui Co. LTD	Common control
Sinochem Modern Agriculture Sichuan Co. LTD	Common control

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**X. Related parties and related party transactions - (cont'd)**

**4. Information on other related parties - (cont'd)**

<u>Name of other related parties</u>	<u>Related party relationship</u>
Syngenta (China) Investment Company Ltd	Common control
Syngenta Agro (Argentina) S.A.	Common control
Syngenta Agro AG	Common control
Syngenta Agro d.o.o.	Common control
Syngenta Agro GmbH	Common control
Syngenta Agro SA de CV	Common control
Syngenta Australia Pty Ltd	Common control
Syngenta Canada Inc	Common control
Syngenta Comercial Agricola	Common control
Syngenta Crop Protection AG	Common control
Syngenta Crop Protection BV	Common control
Syngenta Crop Protection LLC	Common control
Syngenta Crop Protection Ltd.	Common control
Syngenta Crop Protection SA	Common control
Syngenta Czech s.r.o.	Common control
Syngenta España S.A.	Common control
Syngenta France S.A.S	Common control
Syngenta A.G.	Common control
Syngenta Group Saturn (NL) B.V.	Common control
Syngenta Hellas AEBE	Common control
Syngenta India Ltd	Common control
Syngenta Italia SpA	Common control
Syngenta Korea Ltd	Common control
Syngenta Protecao de Cultivos Ltda	Common control
Syngenta S.A.	Common control
Syngenta Seeds LTDA	Common control
Syngenta Slovakia s.r.o.	Common control
Syngenta Tarim Sanay ve Ticaret AS	Common control
Syngenta Vietnam Limited	Common control
Syngenta Zambia Limited	Common control
Tov Syngenta	Common control
Valagro S.p.A.	Common control
Syngenta Nantong Crop Protection Co.,LTD	Common control
China Bluestar Chengrand Research Institute Chemical Industry	Common control
Zhonglan International Chemical Co. Ltd.	Common control
Ningxia Ruitai Technology Co. Ltd.	Common control
Shenyang Sciencreat Chemicals Co. Ltd.	Common control
Shenyang Sinochem Agrochemicals R&D Co.,Ltd.	Common control
Sinochem Finance Corporation	Common control
Luxi Group Co.Ltd.	Common control
Sinochem Zhoushan Hazardous Chemicals Emergency Rescue Base Co. Ltd.	Common control
Liaocheng Luxi Polyol New Material Technology Co. Ltd.	Common control
Liaocheng Luxi Methylamine Chemical Co. Ltd.	Common control
Sinochem Agricultural Ecological Technology (Hubei) Co., Ltd.	Common control

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**X. Related parties and related party transactions - (cont'd)**

**4. Information on other related parties - (cont'd)**

<u>Name of other related parties</u>	<u>Related party relationship</u>
Jiangsu Huifeng Biological Agriculture Co., Ltd	Minority shareholder
Nongyi Net (Yangling) e-commerce Co., Ltd.	Minority shareholder and its subsidiary
Shanghai focus supply chain Co., Ltd	Minority shareholder and its subsidiary
Shanghai nengjianyuan Biological Agriculture Co., Ltd	Minority shareholder and its subsidiary

**5. Transactions and balances with related parties**

**(1) Transactions with related parties**

<u>Type of purchase</u>	<u>Related Party Relationship</u>	<u>Six months ended</u>	
		<u>June 30</u>	
		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
<u>Summary of purchase of goods/services:</u>			
Purchase of goods/services received	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	675,406	982,940
	Minority shareholder and its subsidiary	17,564	7,478
Purchase of fixed assets and other assets	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	-	396
Lease expenses	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	284	97
	Minority shareholder and its subsidiary	544	2,668
<u>Summary of Sales of goods:</u>			
Sale of goods/ Service rendered	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	659,835	920,513
	Joint venture	44,550	34,979
	Minority shareholder and its subsidiary	26,159	38,840
Lease income	Minority shareholder	588	631

**(2) Guarantees**

**The Group as the guarantee receiver**

<u>Guarantee provider</u>	<u>Amount of guaranteed loan</u>	<u>Inception date of guaranty</u>	<u>Maturity date of guaranty</u>	<u>Guaranty completed (Y / N)</u>
Parent company	298,000	21/04/2021	20/04/2028	N
	70,063	01/06/2021	31/05/2028	N

\* During the reporting period, the Company paid a guarantee fee amounting to 210 thousand RMB (2023 1-6: 219 thousand RMB) to the parent company.



**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**X. Related parties and related party transactions - (cont'd)**

**5. Transactions and balances with related parties - (cont'd)**

**(3) Remuneration of key management personnel and directors**

	<b>Periods ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Remuneration of key management personnel and directors	16,195	33,773

**(4) Receivables from and payables to related parties (including loans)**

**Receivable Items**

<b>Items</b>	<b>Related Party Relationship</b>	<b>June 30</b>		<b>December 31</b>	
		<b>2024</b>	<b>Expected credit losses</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>Expected credit losses</b>
Trade receivables	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	146,522	-	150,942	-
	Joint venture	19,114		23,507	-
	Minority shareholder and its subsidiary	34,075		22,361	-
Other Non-Current assets	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	5		21	-
Prepayments	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	2,437		19,208	-
	Minority shareholder and its subsidiary	-		1,530	-

**Payable Items**

<b>Items</b>	<b>Related Party Relationship</b>	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
		<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Trade payables	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	280,738	272,928
	Minority shareholder and its subsidiary	604	63
Other payables	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	36,542	32,122
	Minority shareholder and its subsidiary	1,826	1,826
Contractual liability	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	12,262	75,903
Short-term loans *	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	2,494,380	2,124,810
Other non-current liabilities *	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	2,356,334	2,354,133

\* Include liabilities are loans from a related party, the interest expenses for the Six months ended June 30, 2024 is 117,494 thousand RMB (six months ended June 30, 2023: 43,976 thousand RMB ).

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### X. Related parties and related party transactions - (cont'd)

#### 5. Transactions and balances with related parties - (cont'd)

##### (4) Receivables from and payables to related parties (including loans) (cont'd)

On October 27, 2021, the Board of Directors first approved (following the pre-approval of the Company's independent directors dated October 25, 2021) the Company, through one of its subsidiaries, entering into committed credit facilities agreements in the aggregate amount of \$100 million (RMB 713 million) on market terms with Syngenta Group, or any of its subsidiaries. Following the approvals of the Company's requisite organs, these facilities were amended and further increased in December 2022 and in April 2023, to an aggregate amount of \$400 million (RMB 2,851 million). As of 30 June 2024, a total of \$400 million (RMB 2,851 million) was utilized.

On August 28, 2023, the Board of Directors approved (following the pre-approval of the Company's independent directors dated August 22, 2023) the Company, through one of its subsidiaries, entering into an additional committed credit facility agreement in the amount of RMB 2,000 million with Syngenta Group, or any of its subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2024, a total of RMB 2,000 million was utilized.

On April 26, 2024, the Board of Directors approved (following the pre-approval of the Company's independent directors dated April 24, 2024) the Company, through one of its subsidiaries, entering into an additional committed credit facility agreement in the amount of \$200 million (RMB 1,425 million) with one subsidiary of Syngenta Group. As of June 30, 2024, none was utilized yet under this agreement.

##### (5) Other related party transactions

The closing balance of bank deposit in Sinochem Finance Corporation was 460,042 thousand RMB (31.12.23: 565,624) Interest income of bank deposit for the current period was 3,773 thousand RMB (amount for six months ended June , 2023 was 2,802 thousand RMB).

The closing balance of a loan received from Sinochem Finance Corporation was nil thousand RMB (31.12.23: nil). The loan and the repayment during the year was nil thousand RMB respectively. Interest expenses in the current period was nil thousand RMB (amount for six months ended June , 2023 was 137 thousand RMB).

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

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**XI. Commitments and contingencies**

**1. Significant commitments**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Investment in Fixed assets	258,636	308,875

**2. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities**

On June 12, 2024, the 3rd meeting of the 10th session of the Board of Directors of the Company approved the engagement on the purchase of joint liability insurance policy for Directors, Supervisors and Senior Executives of the Company and its PRC subsidiaries, by way of adding the Company to the Directors and Officers liability insurance policy of Syngenta Group, which shall provide shared coverage. On June 28, 2024, the Company's 2nd Interim Shareholders Meeting in 2024 approved the above engagement. The insurance period is from July 1, 2024 to June 30, 2025.

**Environmental protection**

The manufacturing processes of the Company and the products it produces and market, entail environmental risks that impact the environment. The Company invests substantial resources in order to comply with the applicable environmental laws and attempts to prevent or minimize the environmental risks that could occur as a result of its activities. To the best of the Company's knowledge, at the balance sheet date, there are no material environmental issues relating to the Company, there are no material administrative penalties or investigations related to environment, health and safety imposed or initiated by regulatory authorities, and none of the material permits and licenses regarding environmental issues required for the Company's day to day operations have been revoked.

**Claims against subsidiaries**

In the ordinary course of business, legal claims were filed against subsidiaries, including claims for patent infringement. The Company, inter alia, like other companies operating in the crop protection market, is exposed to class actions for large amounts, which it must defend against while incurring considerable costs, even if these claims have no basis in the first place. In the opinion of the Company's management, which is based, inter alia, on the opinions of its legal advisors regarding the prospects of the proceedings, the financial statements include adequate provisions where necessary to cover the exposure resulting from the claims.

On October 20, 2020, a claim and a motion for its approval as a class action (the "Motion") was filed against Monsanto Company and Bayer AG (the "Manufacturers") as well as against ADAMA Agan Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Solutions, with respect to an herbicide bearing the brand name Roundup, which is produced by the Manufacturers and distributed in Israel in small quantities by Solutions' subsidiary. The applicants argue that the product allegedly poses a risk to users or those who have been exposed to it. Solutions and its subsidiary reject the allegations against the subsidiary in the Motion and in the statement of claim. Based on the opinion of Solutions' external counsels given this preliminary stage, as of the date of the financial statements the Motion and claim are not expected to have any non-negligible effect on the Company's financial results. In addition, and as Solutions is an authorized distributor of the Manufactures, the Manufactures undertook to fully indemnify, defend and hold harmless ADAMA Agan Ltd., for any monetary compensation or any other remedy it will have to make in connection with the Motion.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### XI. Commitments and contingencies - (cont'd)

#### 2. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities - (cont'd)

##### Claims against subsidiaries (cont'd)

In June 2021, a lawsuit was filed against a subsidiary of the Company, alleging two patents owned by a large competitor of the Company, have been infringed by such subsidiary. Among the claims, the plaintiff seeks preliminary and permanent injunctions to prevent the subsidiary from manufacturing, using or commercializing a product that allegedly infringes the plaintiff's patents, and seeks actual damages and profits loss. The said preliminary injunctions were granted by the court in favor of the plaintiff. The subsidiary has filed appeals against such preliminary injunctions, which were rejected. Prior to such claims, and on-going, the subsidiary filed several lawsuits against the said plaintiff seeking to declare the said patents are invalid and the subsidiary does not infringe them. In May 2023, an additional lawsuit (including a preliminary injunction) was filed by the same large competitor against said subsidiary, alleging infringement of the same two patents for a different product. The said preliminary injunction was rejected by the court, and plaintiff's appeals with respect thereto are pending. All these lawsuits are pending as of the approval date of the financial statements. At this stage, the claims filed by the plaintiff are not expected to have a material effect on the Company.

Certain claims relating to alleged product liability damages were issued to a Company's subsidiary. The financial statements include adequate provisions where necessary to cover the exposure resulting from said claims.

Various immaterial claims have been filed against Group companies in courts throughout the world, in immaterial amounts, for causes of action primarily involving employee-employer relations and various civil claims, for which the Company did not record a provision in the financial statements. The claims that in the estimation of Company's management, based on its legal advisors' opinion, have lower chances of succeeding than being rejected, amount to a negligible amount. Furthermore, claims were filed against the Company for product liability damages, for which the Company has adequate insurance coverage, such that the Company's exposure in respect thereof is limited to the deductible amount or the amount thereof does not exceed the deductible amount.

##### Performance commitments

When the Company acquired the equity interest in Adama Huifeng (shanghai) Agricultural Technology Co., Ltd ("Adama Huifeng (Shanghai)") and Adama Hiufeng (Jiangsu) Co. Ltd. ("Adama Huifeng (Jiangsu)") from Jiangsu Huifeng Biological Agriculture Co., Ltd ("Jiangsu Huifeng") during 2020 and 2021, there were performance commitments made by Jiangsu Huifeng regarding specific business operations of the acquired subsidiaries. If the performance commitments is not met, Jiangsu Huifeng shall make a price adjustment payment calculated based on a method as agreed. By the end of 2023 when the commitment period ended, the performance commitments has not been fulfilled. As of the date of this report, the Company has not received any confirmation from Jiangsu Huifeng for the price adjustment payment, nor has it received the corresponding price adjustment payment. There are currently disputes between the Company and Jiangsu Huifeng regarding the price adjustment payment, and the arbitration application filed by the Company as the Applicant to the Shanghai International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission against Jiangsu Huifeng as the claimant has been accepted in May, 2024. The arbitration session has not yet commenced, and there is uncertainty about the final realization of the above-mentioned price adjustment payment. Therefore, it is not yet possible to make a reliable estimate of the amount and recoverability of the price adjustment payment.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### XII. Events subsequent to the balance sheet date

A. ADAMA Makhteshim Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Solutions, filed with Israel's Ministry of Protection a remediation plan regarding its plant in Be'er Sheva. Following additional discussions between the parties, a final approval to such plan, which is expected to be gradually implemented during the coming years, was received from the Ministry after the date of the financial reports. As a result of the submission of the plan, the Company has made a provision in its financial statements for June 30, 2024 according to its best estimation.

B. On August 5, 2024, Solutions' Board of Directors approved a buyback plan for the its publicly traded Bonds (Series B) in the amount of up to USD 50 million.

### XIII. Share-based Payments

- In February 2019, the remuneration committee and Solutions Board of Directors (as well as the General Meeting with respect to the former CEO and Vice President who also serves as a director) approved the allocation of 77,864,910 phantom warrants to officers and employees in accordance with the long-term phantom compensation plan (hereinafter - "the 2019 Plan"), out of which 75,814,897 phantom warrants were granted at the grant date of February 21, 2019. During 2019, 1,206,081 additional Phantom warrants were granted.

The warrants will vest in four equal portions, where the first and second quarters are exercisable after two years, the third quarter after three years and the fourth quarter after four years from January 1, 2019. The warrants will be exercisable, in whole or in part, in accordance with the terms of the 2019 plan, and subject to achieving financial targets as determined in the plan. The warrants will be exercisable until the end of 2025.

Upon exercise of each warrant, the offeree will be entitled to receive cash payment equal to the difference between the base price as determined at the time of the grant and the closing price of one share of the Company on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, as it will be on the exercise date up, to the ceiling that was determined under the plan.

The fair value of the granted warrants as aforesaid was estimated using the binomial pricing model.

The cost of the benefit embodied in the warrants that were allocated as aforesaid, based on the fair value at the grant date, amounted to a total of approximately 186 million RMB. The liability at the end of the reporting period was recorded according to the vesting period as determined in the plan, taking into account the extent of the service that the employees provided until that date and the Company's share price at the end of the reporting period.

<b>Statement of share based payments in the period</b>	<b>Phantom warrants</b>
Total number of Phantom warrants at the beginning of the period	29,060,009
Total number of Phantom warrants granted in current period	-
Total number of Phantom warrants exercised in current period	-
Total number of Phantom warrants forfeited in current period	(2,739,296)
Total number of Phantom warrants at the end of the period	26,320,713

The exercise prices and the remainder of the contractual period for Phantom warrants outstanding at the end of period	RMB 9.87 – 10.85 1.5 years
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**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**XIII. Share-based Payments - (cont'd)**

**1. (cont'd)**

**The parameters used in implementing the model at the grant date are as follows:**

Stock price (RMB)	10.85
Exercise increment (RMB)	10.03/10.85
Expected volatility	43.97%
Risk-free interest rate	3.06%
Economic value as of February 21, 2019 (in thousands RMB)	186,206

The methods for the determination of the fair value of liabilities arising from cash-settled share-based payments	The binomial pricing model
Accumulated amount of liabilities arising from cash-settled share-based payments (in thousands RMB)	37
Expenses arising from cash-settled share-based payments in current period (in thousands RMB)	(11.270)

2. In September 2019, the remuneration committee and Solutions Board of Directors (and the General Meeting with respect to the CEO and Vice President who also serves as a director) approved the cancellation of 2017 Plan against the allocation of 28,258,248 warrants in accordance with the long-term phantom compensation plan (hereinafter - "The Alternative Warrants" and "The Alternative Plan"). The cancellation and allocation date is September 26, 2019. During 2019, an additional 90,130 Alternative Phantom Warrants were granted.

The alternative warrants will vest in four equal portions, where the first quarter is exercisable after one year, the second quarter after two years, the third quarter after three years and the fourth quarter after four years from October 1, 2019. The warrants will be exercisable, in whole or in part, in accordance with the terms of the Alternative Plan, and subject to achieving financial targets as determined in the plan. The warrants will be exercisable until October 1, 2026.

Upon exercise of each warrant, the offeree will be entitled to receive cash payment equal to the difference between the base price as determined at the time of the grant and the closing price of one share of the parent company on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, as it will be on the exercise date up to the ceiling that was determined under the plan.

The fair value of the total granted alternative warrants at the allocated date is equal to the fair value of the total warrants canceled from the 2017 plan.

The cost of the benefit embodied in the warrants that were allocated as aforesaid, based on the fair value at the cancellation and allocation date, amounted to a total of approximately 69 million RMB. The liability in the financial statements at the end of the reporting period was recorded at the fair value estimated using the binomial option pricing model and by the vesting period from the original grant date of the 2017 plan to the end of the service period determined by the alternative plan, taking into account the extent of the service that the employees provided until that date and the stock price at the reporting date.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**XIII. Share-based Payments - (cont'd)**

**2. (cont'd)**

**Statement of share based payments in the period**

	<b>Phantom warrants</b>
<b>Changes in the number of 2017 Plan:</b>	
Total number of Phantom warrants at the beginning of the period	11,182,004
Total number of Phantom warrants granted in current period	-
Total number of Phantom warrants exercised in current period	-
Total number of Phantom warrants forfeited in current period	(1,001,590)
Total number of Phantom warrants at the end of the period	10,180,414
 The range of the exercise prices and the remainder of the contractual period for Phantom warrants outstanding at the end of period	RMB 9.37 – 9.43 2.25 years

**The parameters used in implementing the model at the grant date are as follows:**

Stock price (RMB)	9.23
Exercise increment (RMB)	9.43
Expected volatility	40.29%
Risk-free interest rate	3.14%
Economic value as of September 26, 2019 (in thousands RMB)	68,836

The methods for the determination of the fair value of liabilities arising from cash-settled share-based payments related to the alternative plan	The binomial pricing model
Accumulated amount of liabilities arising from cash-settled share-based payments related to the alternative plan (in thousands RMB)	1,085
Expenses (income) arising from cash-settled share-based payments in current period related to the alternative plan (in thousands RMB)	(6,068)

## Notes to the Financial Statements

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### XIV. Other significant items

#### 1. Segment reporting

The Company presents its segment reporting based on a format that is based on a breakdown by business segments:

- Crop Protection (Agro)

This is the main area of the Company's operations and includes the manufacture and marketing of conventional agrochemical products.

- Intermediates and ingredients

This field of activity includes a large number of sub-fields, including: Lycopan (an oxidization retardant), aromatic products, and other chemicals. It combines all the Company's activities not included in the Crop Protection products segment.

Segment results reported to the chief operating decision maker include items directly attributable to a segment as well as items that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly financing expenses, net, gains from changes in fair value, investment income and tax expenses.

All assets and liabilities that can be attributed to a specific segment were allocated accordingly. Attributed assets include: accounts and bills receivables, receivables financing, inventory, fixed assets, right-of-use assets, construction in progress, intangible assets, goodwill, non-current trade receivables and long-term equity investments. Attributed liabilities include account payables, bill payables and lease liabilities. All other assets and liabilities which are not attributable to a specific segment are presented as unallocated assets and liabilities.



Notes to the Financial Statements

XIV. Other significant items - (cont'd)

1. Segment reporting - (cont'd)

Information regarding the results and assets and liabilities of each reportable segment is included below:

	<u>Crop Protection</u>		<u>Intermediates and ingredients</u>		<u>Elimination among segments</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	<u>Six months ended</u>		<u>Six months ended</u>		<u>Six months ended</u>		<u>Six months ended</u>	
	<u>June 30</u>		<u>June 30</u>		<u>June 30</u>		<u>June 30</u>	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Operating income from external customers	13,534,044	15,855,165	1,376,245	1,398,036	-	-	14,910,289	17,253,201
Inter-segment operating income	-	-	829	709	(829)	(709)	-	-
Interest in the profit or loss of associates and joint ventures	-	-	4,418	3,439	-	-	4,418	3,439
Segment's results	178,932	954,027	69,777	(41,194)	-	-	248,709	912,833
Financial expenses							623,647	455,855
Loss from changes in fair value							(196,492)	(782,218)
Investment income							-	6,651
Loss before tax							(571,430)	(318,589)
Income tax expenses (income)							323,436	(76,433)
Loss							(894,866)	(242,156)

	<u>Crop Protection</u>		<u>Intermediates and ingredients</u>		<u>Unallocated assets and liabilities</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	<u>June 30</u>	<u>December 31</u>	<u>June 30</u>	<u>December 31</u>	<u>June 30</u>	<u>December 31</u>	<u>June 30</u>	<u>December 31</u>
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Total assets	42,696,384	43,609,235	2,174,634	2,322,873	7,983,463	9,473,695	52,854,481	55,405,803
Total liabilities	6,763,326	6,574,117	261,803	321,614	24,846,866	26,585,597	31,871,995	33,481,328

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### XIV. Other significant items - (cont'd)

#### 1. Segment reporting - (cont'd)

##### Geographic information

The following tables sets out information about the geographical segments of the Group's operating income based on the location of customers (sales target) and the Group's non-current assets (including mainly fixed assets, right-of-use assets, construction in progress, investment properties intangible assets and goodwill). In the case of investment property, fixed assets, right of used assets and construction in progress, the geographical location of the assets is based on its physical location. In case of intangible assets and goodwill, the geographical location of the company which owns the assets.

	<b>Operating income from external customers</b>	
	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Europe, Africa and Middle East	4,827,131	5,286,856
North America	2,941,766	3,018,617
Latin America	2,841,344	3,902,210
Asia Pacific	4,300,048	5,045,518
	14,910,289	17,253,201

	<b>Specified non-current assets</b>	
	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Europe, Africa and Middle East	14,207,795	14,258,655
North America	1,253,274	1,303,868
Latin America	2,259,093	2,303,208
Asia Pacific	5,488,455	5,747,484
	23,208,617	23,613,215

#### 2. The dependency on major customers

No single customer's proportion of the total amount of sales is over 10%.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**XIV. Other significant items - (cont'd)**

**3. Calculation of losses per share and Diluted earnings per share**

	<b>Amount for the current period</b>	<b>Amount for the prior period</b>
Net loss from continuing operations attributable to ordinary shareholders	(894,866)	(242,156)

	<b>Amount for the current period</b>	<b>Amount for the prior period</b>
Shares		
Number of ordinary shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	2,329,811,766	2,329,811,766
Add: weighted average number of ordinary shares issued during the year	-	-
Less: weighted average number of ordinary shares repurchased during the year	-	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding at the end of the year	2,329,811,766	2,329,811,766

	<b>Amount for the current period</b>	<b>Amount for the prior period</b>
<b>Calculated based on net loss attributable to ordinary shareholders</b>		
Basic losses per share	(0.38)	(0.10)
Diluted losses per share	N/A	N/A
<b>Calculated based on net loss from continuing operations attributable to ordinary shareholders:</b>		
Basic losses per share	(0.38)	(0.10)
Diluted losses per share	N/A	N/A
<b>Calculated based on net loss from discontinued operations attributable to ordinary shareholders:</b>		
Basic losses per share	N/A	N/A
Diluted losses per share	N/A	N/A

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**XV. Notes to major items in the Company's financial statements**

**1. Cash at bank and on hand**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Deposits in banks	69,085	157,186
Other cash and bank balances	3,424	6,460
	72,509	163,646

As at June 30, 2024, restricted cash and bank balances was 3,424 thousand RMB (as at December 31, 2023: 6,460 thousand RMB).

**2. Accounts receivable**

**a. By category**

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>				
	<b>Book value</b>		<b>Provision for expected credit losses</b>		
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Percentage (%)</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Percentage (%)</b>	
Account receivables assessed individually for impairment	13,893	1	13,893	100	-
Account receivables assessed collectively for impairment	1,013,461	99	2	-	1,013,459
	1,027,354	100	13,895	1	1,013,459

	<b>December 31, 2023</b>				
	<b>Book value</b>		<b>Provision for expected credit losses</b>		
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Percentage (%)</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Percentage (%)</b>	
Account receivables assessed individually for impairment	13,893	1	13,893	100	-
Account receivables assessed collectively for impairment	1,141,839	99	-	-	1,141,839
	1,155,732	100	13,893	1	1,141,839

**b. Aging analysis**

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>
Within 1 year (inclusive)	1,013,461
Over 1 year but within 2 years	-
Over 2 years but within 3 years	-
Over 3 years but within 4 years	-
Over 4 years but within 5 years	15
Over 5 years	13,878
	1,027,354

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**XV. Notes to major items in the Company's financial statements - (cont'd)**

**2. Accounts receivable - (cont'd)**

**c. Addition, written-back and written-off of provision for expected credit losses during the period**

	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2024</b>
Balance as of January 1	13,893
Addition during the year, net	2
Write back during the year	-
Write-off during the year	-
Exchange rate effect	-
Balance as of June 30	13,895

**d. Five largest accounts receivable at June 30, 2024:**

	<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>Proportion of Accounts receivable (%)</b>	<b>Allowance of expected credit losses</b>
Party 1	929,794	91	-
Party 2	22,240	2	2
Party 3	14,826	1	-
Party 4	13,844	1	-
Party 5	11,831	1	-
	992,535	96	2

**3. Receivable financing**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Bank acceptance draft	25,125	7,929
	25,125	7,929

As at June 30, 2024, bank acceptance endorsed but not yet due amounts to 210,903 thousand RMB.

**4. Other Receivables**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Other receivables	11,611	11,611
	11,611	11,611

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**XV. Notes to major items in the Company's financial statements - (cont'd)**

**4. Other Receivables - (cont'd)**

**(1) Other receivables**

**a. Other receivables by categories**

	<b>June 30</b>	<b>December 31</b>
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Other	16,987	16,987
Provision for expected credit losses	(5,376)	(5,376)
	11,611	11,611

**b. Other receivables by aging**

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>
Within 1 year (inclusive)	-
Over 1 year but within 2 years	113
Over 2 years but within 3 years	91
Over 3 years but within 4 years*	11,830
Over 4 years but within 5 years	-
Over 5 years	4,953
	16,987

\* Include intergroup balance with Anpon

**c. Additions, recovery or reversal and written-off of provision for expected credit losses during the period:**

	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2024</b>
Balance as of January 1, 2024	5,376
Addition during the period	-
Written back during the period	-
Write-off during the period	-
Balance as of December 31, 2024	5,376

**d. Five largest other receivables at June 30 2024:**

Name	Closing balance	Proportion of other receivables (%)	Credit loss provision
Party 1*	11,611	68	-
Party 2	3,125	19	3,125
Party 3	548	3	548
Party 4	237	1	237
Party 5	221	1	221
	15,742	92	4,131

\* Include intergroup balance with Anpon

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**XV. Notes to major items in the Company's financial statements - (cont'd)**

**5. Long-term equity investments**

	<b>June 30, 2024</b>			<b>December 31, 2023</b>		
	<b>Amount balance</b>	<b>Impairment loss</b>	<b>Book value</b>	<b>Amount balance</b>	<b>Impairment loss</b>	<b>Book value</b>
Invest in subsidiaries	17,511,352	80,636	17,430,716	17,511,352	80,636	17,430,716
	<u>17,511,352</u>	<u>80,636</u>	<u>17,430,716</u>	<u>17,511,352</u>	<u>80,636</u>	<u>17,430,716</u>

**Investments in subsidiaries**

<b>Invested unit</b>	<b>Opening balance</b>	<b>Increase</b>	<b>Decrease</b>	<b>Provision of impairment loss</b>	<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>Balance of impairment loss</b>
ADAMA Agricultural Solutions Ltd.	15,890,213	-	-	-	15,890,213	-
Adama Anpon (Jiangsu) Ltd.	450,449	-	-	-	450,449	-
ADAMA Hiufeng (Jiangsu) Co. Ltd.	789,116	-	-	-	789,116	(59,024)
Hubei Sanonda Foreign Trade Co. Ltd.	11,993	-	-	-	11,993	-
Adama Huifeng (shanghai) Agricultural Technology Co., Ltd	288,945	-	-	-	288,945	(21,612)
	<u>17,430,716</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,430,716</u>	<u>(80,636)</u>

**6. Operating Income and operating costs**

	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2024</b>		<b>Six months ended June 30, 2023</b>	
	<b>Revenue</b>	<b>Operating costs</b>	<b>Revenue</b>	<b>Operating costs</b>
Main operations	958,749	823,699	1,073,326	884,306
Other operations	22,843	8,082	20,383	8,932
	<u>981,592</u>	<u>831,781</u>	<u>1,093,709</u>	<u>893,238</u>

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**XV. Notes to major items in the Company's financial statements - (cont'd)**

**7. Notes to items in the cash flow statements**

**(1) Other cash received relevant to operating activities**

	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2024</b>	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2023</b>
Interest income	1,292	1,964
Government subsidies	1,588	7,766
Other	9,684	15,929
	12,564	25,659

**(2) Other cash paid relevant to operating activities**

	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2024</b>	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2023</b>
Professional services	8,683	71,288
Transportation and Commissions	-	26,151
Other	11,616	14,600
	20,299	112,039

**(3) Other cash received relevant to investing activities**

	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2024</b>	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2023</b>
Loans	125,000	2,850
Other	2,600	-
	127,600	2,850

**(4) Other cash paid relevant to investing activities**

	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2024</b>	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2023</b>
Loans	-	-
	-	-

**(5) Other cash received relevant to financing activities**

	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2024</b>	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2023</b>
Deposit for issuing bills payables	6,460	12,750
	6,460	12,750



**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**XV. Notes to major items in the Company's financial statements - (cont'd)**

**(6) Other cash paid relevant to financing activities:**

	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2024</b>	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2023</b>
Deposit for issuing bills payable	3,424	3,210
Other	460	627
	3,884	3,837

**8. Supplementary information to cash flow statement**

**(1) Reconciliation of net profit to net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities:**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Net profit	(12,812)	93,632
Add: Assets impairment loss	3,565	3,067
Credit impairment loss	2	(91)
Depreciation of fixed assets and investment property	118,953	114,931
Depreciation of right-of use assets	787	1,177
Amortization of intangible assets	6,058	6,033
Loss (gain) on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	39	472
Loss of fair value change	30,870	-
Financial expenses	5,180	2,661
Decrease in deferred income tax assets	51,414	20,379
Decrease (increase) in inventory	(16,667)	77,725
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable from operating activities	112,480	(327,200)
Increase (decrease) in payables from operating activities	4,048	(56,446)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	303,917	(63,660)

**(2) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents**

	<b>Six months ended June 30</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Closing balance of cash	69,085	121,346
Less: Opening balance of cash	157,186	258,330
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(88,101)	(136,984)

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

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**XV. Notes to major items in the Company's financial statements - (cont'd)**

**9. Related parties and related parties transactions**

**(1) Information on parent Company**

Company name	Registered place	Business nature	Registered capital (Thousand RMB)	Shareholding percentage	Percentage of voting rights
Syngenta Group	Shanghai, China	Production and sales of agrochemicals, fertilizers and GM seeds	11,144,545	78.47%	78.47%

The ultimate controlling shareholder is Sinochem Holdings .

**(2) Information on the subsidiaries of the Company**

For information about the subsidiaries of the Company, refer to Note VII.1.

**(3) Transactions with related parties**

**a. Transactions of goods and services**

		<u>Six months ended June 30</u>	
		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
<u>Summary of Purchase of goods/services received:</u>	<u>Related Party Relationship</u>		
Purchase of goods/services received	Common control under Sinochem Holdings Subsidiary	35,789	50,950
Purchase of fixed assets and other assets	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	42,440	53,851
		-	-
<u>Summary of Sales of goods:</u>			
Sale of goods	Common control under Sinochem Holdings Subsidiary	226	2,553
		555,090	499,786
Rendering of services	Subsidiary	-	164

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**XV. Notes to major items in the Company's financial statements - (cont'd)**

**9. Transactions and balances with related parties - (cont'd)**

**(3) Transactions with related parties - (cont'd)**

**b. Guarantees**

**The Company as the guarantor**

	Amount of guaranteed loan	Inception date of guaranty	Maturity date of guaranty	Guaranty completed (Y / N)
Subsidiary	16,000	2021.12.01	2024.11.28	N
	35,000	2022.01.01	2025.11.28	N
	21,000	2022.02.28	2027.11.28	N
	14,000	2022.03.28	2027.11.28	N
	7,500	2022.05.20	2027.11.28	N
	23,500	2022.06.26	2027.11.28	N
	10,000	2022.10.31	2027.11.28	N
	11,000	2022.11.30	2027.11.28	N
	30,000	2024.01.23	2024.12.06	N
	10,000	2023.01.12	2025.06.20	N
	19,000	2022.11.17	2024.12.20	N
	12,000	2023.04.03	2025.06.20	N
	3,000	2023.07.28	2027.11.10	N
	5,000	2023.10.17	2027.11.10	N
	50,000	2024.04.10	2027.04.26	N
	4,000	2022.01.25	2026.09.28	N
	3,900	2022.02.28	2026.09.28	N
	8,100	2022.07.12	2026.09.28	N
	2,000	2023.04.13	2026.09.28	N
	3,000	2024.02.05	2026.09.29	N
	9,000	2022.08.11	2028.06.22	N
	10,000	2022.08.31	2028.06.22	N
	11,000	2022.10.28	2027.06.22	N
	25,000	2022.11.23	2026.12.22	N
	10,000	2023.01.16	2026.06.22	N
	14,000	2023.04.04	2026.06.22	N
	4,000	2024.02.07	2026.06.23	N
	1,500	2023.04.26	2028.05.05	N

**The Company as the guarantee receiver**

Guarantee provider	Amount of guaranteed loan	Inception date of guaranty	Maturity date of guaranty	Guaranty completed (Y / N)
Parent company	298,000	21/04/2021	20/04/2028	N
	70,063	01/06/2021	31/05/2028	N

During the reporting period, the Company paid a guarantee fee amounting to 210 thousand RMB (2023.1-6: 219) to the parent company.

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**XV. Notes to major items in the Company's financial statements - (cont'd)**

**9. Transactions and balances with related parties - (cont'd)**

**(3) Transactions with related parties - (cont'd)**

**c. Intercompany borrowings/lending**

<u>Related party</u>	<u>Borrowing/ Lending amount</u>	<u>Commencement date</u>	<u>Termination date</u>	<u>Balance at year end</u>	<u>Note</u>
Lending					
Subsidiary	125,000	2022.06	2024.05	-	Fixed rate at 2.4%
Subsidiary	125,000	2023.12	2025.12	125,000	Fixed rate at 2.4%

**d. Receivables from and payables to related parties (including loans)**

**Receivable Items**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Related Party Relationship</u>	<u>June 30</u>		<u>December 31</u>	
		<u>Book Balance</u>	<u>Expecte d credit losses</u>	<u>Book Balance</u>	<u>Expected credit losses</u>
Trade receivables	Subsidiary	941,625	-	1,008,497	-
Non-current assets within one year	Subsidiary	-	-	125,000	-
Other non-current assets	Subsidiary	125,000	-	125,000	-
Other receivables	Subsidiary	11,611	-	11,611	-
Prepayments	Common control under Sinochem Holding	1,714	-	497	-
Other non-current assets	Common control under Sinochem Holding	5	-	21	-

**Payable Items**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Related Party Relationship</u>	<u>June 30</u>		<u>December 31</u>	
		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Trade payables	Subsidiary	10	-	1,383	-
Trade payables	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	9,519	-	9,493	-
Other payables	Subsidiary	486,827	-	436,815	-
	Common control under Sinochem Holdings	318	-	507	-

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

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**XV. Notes to major items in the Company's financial statements - (cont'd)**

**9. Transactions and balances with related parties - (cont'd)**

**(3) Transactions with related parties - (cont'd)**

**e. Other related party transactions**

The closing balance of bank deposit in SinoChem Finance Corporation was 52,108 thousand RMB (31.12.23: 26,552) Interest income of bank deposit for the current period was 1,181 thousand RMB (amount for six months ended June 30, 2023 was 1,490 thousand RMB).

**Supplementary information**

(Expressed in RMB '000)

**1. Extraordinary Gain and Loss**

	<b>Six months ended June 30, 2024</b>
Disposal of non-current assets	18,217
Government grants recognized through profit or loss	2,299
Recovery or reversal of expected credit losses which is assessed individually during the years	16,710
Post vesting fair value revaluation of cash-settled share based payment	17,338
Other non-operating income or expenses other than the above	7,799
Tax effect	(10,174)
	<u>52,189</u>

**2. Return on net assets and earnings per share (“EPS”)**

The information of Return on net assets and EPS is in accordance with the Preparation Rules for Information Disclosure by Companies Offering Securities to the Public No. 9 – Calculation and Disclosure of Return on net assets and Earnings per share (2010 Amendment) issued by China Securities Regulatory Commission.

<b>Profit during the reporting period</b>	<b>Weighted average rate of return on net assets</b>	<b>Basic EPS (RMB/share)</b>	<b>Diluted EPS (RMB/share)</b>
Net loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	(4.17%)	(0.38)	N/A
Net loss after deduction of extraordinary gains/losses attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	(4.42%)	(0.41)	N/A

ADAMA Ltd.

Legal Representative: Steve Hawkins

August 27, 2024