

(Stock Code 股份代號: 257)

情繫生態環境

Devoted to Ecology and
Environment
for a Beautiful China

築夢美丽

中國

ANNUAL REPORT 年報

2024

Corporate Profile 公司簡介

China Everbright Environment Group Limited ("Everbright Environment" or the "Company") is a flagship enterprise of China Everbright Group Ltd. in the industrial sector, and is listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (257.HK). Since shifting its business focus to the environmental sector in 2003, the Company has grown into the largest environmental enterprise in China, a leading player in Asia's environmental protection industry, the world's largest waste-to-energy investor and operator, and a world-renowned environmental group.

Everbright Environment has two listed subsidiaries: China Everbright Water Limited, which is listed on the Mainboard of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (U9E.SG & 1857.HK), and China Everbright Greentech Limited, which is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (1257.HK). As the first one-stop integrated environmental solution provider in China, Everbright Environment focuses on three major areas, namely solid waste, water-related business and clean energy. Its main businesses cover waste-to-energy and integrated waste treatment, integrated biomass utilisation, hazardous and solid waste treatment, new energy, environmental remediation, water environment management, equipment manufacturing, waste sorting, environmental sanitation integration, resource recycling, development of zero-waste cities, research and development relating to green technologies, ecological and environmental planning and designing, as well as environmental protection industrial parks. The Company has a business presence in 229 cities, counties and districts across 25 provinces, municipalities, autonomous regions and one special administrative region in China, as well as overseas markets including Germany, Poland, Vietnam and Mauritius.

Everbright Environment is a strategic partner of the International Coalition for Green Development on the Belt and Road and the Ecological Protection and Green Development of the Yangtze River Economic Belt. The Company adheres to its corporate mission of being "Devoted to Ecology and Environment for a Beautiful China", and has been granted various accolades at home and abroad. It has been ranked the top among the "Top Ten Influential Solid Waste Treatment Enterprises in China" for 14 consecutive years and top on the list of China's Top 50 Environmental Enterprises by Revenue. With the aspiration of "Creating Investment Value and Undertaking Social Responsibility", the Company has been a constituent member of Dow Jones Sustainability Indices for nine years running and Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Benchmark Index for 14 years running. Everbright Environment was also included as a member of S&P Global's Sustainability Yearbook multiple times.

中國光大環境(集團)有限公司(「光大環境」或「公司」)為中國光大集團股份公司的實業旗艦企業,香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市公司(257.HK)。二零零三年轉型環境領域以來,公司已逐步成長為中國最大環境企業、亞洲環保領軍企業、全球最大垃圾發電投資運營商及世界知名環境集團。

光大環境下轄兩家上市企業:新加坡證券交易所有限公司及聯交所主板上市之中國光大水務有限公司(U9E.SG及1857.HK)以及聯交所主板上市之中國光大綠色環保有限公司(1257.HK)。作為中國首個一站式、全方限位。 環境綜合治理服務商,光大環境聚焦固廢、水清潔能源三大領域,主營業務包括垃圾局底理、生物質綜合利用、危廢及超域、新能源、環境修復、水環境綜合治理服務商、水環境綜合治域固定、等備製造、垃圾分類、環衛一體化、資源能環境規劃設計、環保產業園等。國內業務遍及26個省(市)、自治區和特別行政區,足跡遍及229個市縣區;海外業務已佈局德國、波蘭、越南及毛里求斯。

作為「一帶一路」綠色發展國際聯盟和長江經濟帶生態大保護的戰略合作夥伴,光大環境秉承「情繫生態環境,築夢美麗中國」的使命擔當,連續十四年穩居「中國固廢十大影響力企業」首位、位居中國環境企業營收前50榜單榜首。與此同時,公司以「創造投資價值,承擔社會責任」為企業追求,連續九年獲納入道瓊斯可持續發展指數系列、連續十四年獲納入恒生可持續發展企業基準指數、並曾多次入選標普全球《可持續發展年鑒》。

The Most Reliable Brand in the Green World

金色品牌 綠色事業

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Corporate Information 公司資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

WANG Silian *(Chairman of the Board)*(appointed on 27 September 2024)

LUAN Zusheng *(Chief Executive Officer)*

Non-executive Directors

KANG Guoming PAN Jianyun

Independent Non-executive Directors

FAN Yan Hok, Philip LI Shuk Yin, Edwina ZHANG Xiang (appointed on 26 March 2025)

COMPANY SECRETARY

POON Yuen Ling

REGISTERED OFFICE

Room 2703, 27/F Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Agricultural Bank of China Limited

Bank of China Limited

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.

China Construction Bank Corporation

China Development Bank

China Everbright Bank Company Limited

China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd.

China Minsheng Banking Corp., Ltd.

Hang Seng Bank Limited

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited

Industrial Bank Co., Ltd.

ING Bank N.V.

Nanyang Commercial Bank, Limited

Postal Savings Bank of China Co., Ltd.

Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd.

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

The Bank of East Asia, Limited

The Export-Import Bank of China

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking

Corporation Limited

董事

執行董事

王思聯*(董事會主席)* (於二零二四年九月二十七日獲委任) 孌祖盛*(總裁)*

非執行董事

康國明

潘劍雲

獨立非執行董事

范仁鶴

李淑賢

張翔

(於二零二五年三月二十六日獲委任)

公司秘書

潘婉玲

註冊辦事處

香港夏慤道十六號

遠東金融中心

二十七樓二七零三室

主要往來銀行

中國農業銀行股份有限公司

中國銀行股份有限公司

交通銀行股份有限公司

中國建設銀行股份有限公司

國家開發銀行

中國光大銀行股份有限公司

招商銀行股份有限公司

中國民生銀行股份有限公司

恒生銀行有限公司

中國工商銀行股份有限公司

興業銀行股份有限公司

ING Bank N.V.

南洋商業銀行有限公司

中國郵政儲蓄銀行股份有限公司

上海浦東發展銀行股份有限公司

渣打銀行(香港)有限公司

東亞銀行有限公司

中國進出口銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

SOLICITORS

DeHeng Law Offices (Hong Kong) LLP

Global Law Office

AUDITOR

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants

(Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance)

SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong (with effect from 17 February 2025)

PUBLIC RELATIONS

LBS Communications

WEBSITE

www.cebenvironment.com

STOCK CODE

257

律師

德恒律師事務所 (香港)有限法律責任合夥 北京市環球律師事務所

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 執業會計師 (於《會計及財務匯報局條例》下的公眾 利益實體核數師

股份過戶登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港夏慤道十六號 遠東金融中心十七樓 (自二零二五年二月十七日起生效)

公關顧問

達博思財經

雷子網址

www.cebenvironment.com

股份代號

257

Financial Highlights 財務概況

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Percentage Change 百分比 變動
RESULTS	業績			
Revenue	收益	30,258,009	32,090,207	-6%
EBITDA*	除利息、稅項、折舊及		40.007.004	0.4.0/
	攤銷前盈利*	10,074,731	12,827,961	-21%
Profit attributable to equity holders	本公司權益持有人			
of the Company	應佔盈利	3,377,200	4,429,160	-24%
Return on shareholders' equity (%)	股東資金回報(%)	7.01	9.27	-2.26ppt#
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利			
(HK cents)	(港仙)	54.98	72.10	-24%
FINANCIAL POSITION	財務狀況			
THU ITOME TOOMS	ט לו אינו נאי			
Total assets	資產總額	186,027,024	189,182,824	-2%
Total liabilities	負債總額	119,610,448	123,659,603	-3%
Equity attributable to equity holders			40 440 000	0.07
of the Company Net asset value per share	應佔權益 本公司權益持有人	48,210,960	48,140,888	+0%
attributable to equity holders	本			
of the Company (HK\$)	(港元)	7.848	7.837	+0%
Gearing ratio (%)+	資產負債比率(%)+	64	65	-1ppt#
Current ratio (%)	流動比率(%)	134	114	20ppt#

^{*} EBITDA is the profit for the year before deduction of interest, taxation, depreciation and amortisation.

* 資產負債比率指負債總額對資產總額之比率。

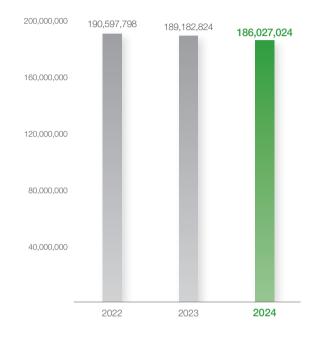
^{*} ppt – percentage point

Gearing ratio means the ratio of total liabilities to total assets.

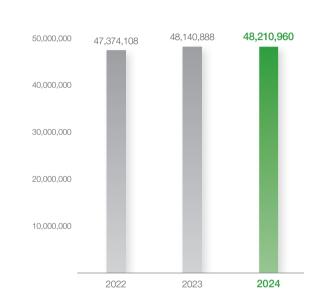
除利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利為扣除利息、稅 項、折舊及攤銷前之本年度盈利。

[#] ppt - 百分點

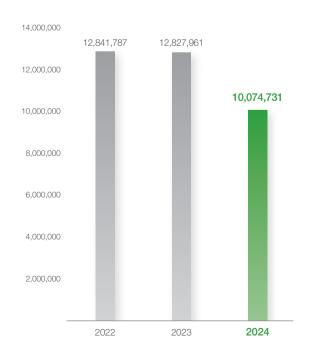
TOTAL ASSETS HK\$'000 資產總額 港幣千元



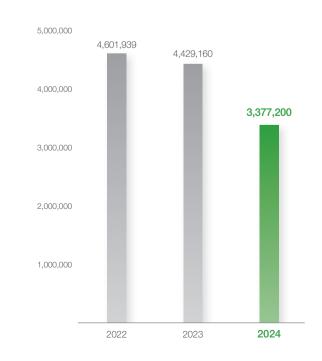
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS HK\$'000 權益持有人應佔資產淨額 港幣千元



EBITDA HK\$'000 除利息、稅項、折舊及 攤銷前盈利 ###+元



PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS HK\$'000 權益持有人應佔盈利 ###f元



Corporate Milestones 企業大事概要

First Quarter of 2024 二零二四年第一季度

- Gansu Wuwei Waste-to-energy Project successfully registered as an international Verified Carbon Standard ("VCS") project, marking the Group's first VCS-certified project and a new milestone in the Group's practice in carbon asset development and management
- Invested in and secured Guangdong Guangzhou Guangbao Distributed Energy Storage Project, representing the Group's first project of this type, further expanding the Group's clean energy business scope
- Included in S&P Global's 2023 Sustainability Yearbook for the 7th time, another authoritative recognition for the Group's sustainable development performance
- 甘肅武威垃圾發電項目成功註冊為國際 核證自願減排標準(「VCS」)項目,為本 集團首個VCS認證項目,標誌著本集團 在碳資產開放及管理方面落實新的實踐 成果
- 投資並取得廣東廣州廣報經營分佈式儲 能項目,落地本集團首個儲能項目,進 一步拓展本集團清潔能源業務範疇
- 第七次入選標普全球《2023年可持續發展年鑒》,本集團可持續發展表現再獲權威肯定



China Everbright Environment Group Limited China Everbright Environment Group Limited

Sustainability Yearbook Member

S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA) Score 2023

S&P Global CSA Score 2023: 55/100
Score date: February 7, 2024
The S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA) Score is the S&P
Global ESG Score without the inclusion of any modelling approaches.
Position and scores are industry specific and reflect exclusion screening criteria
Learn more at https://www.spglobal.com/esg/csa/yearbook/methodology/

S&P Global



Second Quarter of 2024 二零二四年第二季度

- The Vietnamese Prime Minister Pham Minh Chinh attended the completion ceremony of the Group's Hue Waste-toenergy Project and visited the project site, showcasing the cooperation achievements between China and Vietnam in the field of green economy
- Secured biogas purification and refinement business by unveiling value in operating projects, further enhancing project operational synergies and efficiency
- Convened the Company's 2024 annual general meeting
- Leveraged on project synergy effects and expanded Anhui Xiao County Biomass Gasification Project, representing the Group's first project of this type, further enhancing the overall utilisation level of biomass
- Implemented Jiangsu Changzhou Waste Battery Recycling and Resource Utilisation Project, marking the Group's inaugural project of this kind and also the first benchmark project for the implementation of the national major technical equipment of this kind in China

- 越南總理范明政出席本集團越南順化垃圾發電項目竣工儀式,實地參觀項目現場,展現了中越兩國在綠色經濟領域的合作成果
- 挖潛運營項目價值,落實沼氣淨化提純 業務,進一步促進項目運營協同增效
- 召開本公司二零二四年股東週年大會
- 協同拓展安徽蕭縣生物質氣化項目,為本集團首個生物質氣化項目,進一步提升生物質綜合利用水平
- 落地江蘇常州廢舊電池回收資源化利用項目,是本集團首個電池回收利用項目,亦是國家首台(套)成果落地標竿項目





Corporate Milestones 企業大事概要

Third Quarter of 2024 二零二四年第三季度

- China Everbright Greentech Limited, a subsidiary listed company of the Group, completed its first green certificate transaction, marking an important step for the Group in exploring new pathways for green electricity and lowcarbon transformation
- Shortlisted in the "2024 Top 500 Global New Energy Enterprises", ranking the 82th place
- Supported by the Environment and Ecology Bureau of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China, the Group launched the "Green Wings Program", a public environmental education initiative aimed at inspiring the youth and the general public in Hong Kong to develop a passion for and understanding of environmental protection, fostering a consensus on green and lowcarbon development
- Mr. Wang Silian was appointed as the Executive Director and Chairman of the board of the Company

- 附屬上市公司中國光大綠色環保有限公司完成首筆綠證交易,標誌著本集團探索綠電低碳轉型新路徑邁出重要一步
- 入選「二零二四全球新能源企業500強」 榜單,位居第82位
- 由中華人民共和國香港特區政府環境 及生態局作為支持機構,本集團發佈 「綠翼計劃」香港環保教育公益行動, 致力於激發香港青少年及其他公眾對環 保的熱忱與了解,凝聚綠色低碳發展共 識
- 王思聯先生獲委任為本公司執行董事兼 董事會主席



Fourth Quarter of 2024 二零二四年第四季度

- In the presence of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan ("Uzbekistan") Uzbekistan President Shavkat Mirziyoyev, a joint development agreement was signed with Uzbekistan in relation to waste-to-energy projects in Ferghana and Namangan Provinces, contributing to the country's environmental protection and green development
- Developed the Group's "15th Five-Year" preliminary strategic plan and identified the three major development directions, namely technology-driven development, an internationalisation path and an industrial ecological system, initiating a "Second-stage Entrepreneurship" to gather momentum for high-quality development
- Combined with the ongoing solid implementation of safety and environmental management work, for the first time, the Group arranged a dedicated duty room at the headquarters, with the management on duty for 24 hours and middle management staff presenting on-site, resulting in zero production safety accidents or safety incidents of level four or above occurring throughout 2024
- Five self-developed and manufactured equipment projects, including incinerators (small-scale furnaces inclusive), water-cooled incinerators, a complete set of leachate treatment equipment, a complete set of flue gas treatment equipment, and rotary kilns for hazardous and medical waste treatment, passed EU CE certificating, providing strong support for further expansion into the European market
- Ranked the first in the "2024 Top 50 Chinese Environmental Enterprises by Revenue"
- Included in the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices for the 9th consecutive year
- Ranked the first in the "Top Ten Influential Solid Waste Treatment Enterprises in China" for the 14th consecutive year

- 在烏茲別克斯坦共和國(「烏茲別克斯坦」)總統沙夫卡特。米羅莫諾維奇。米爾濟約耶夫的見證下,與烏茲別克斯坦簽署有關費爾干納州及納曼干州垃圾發電項目的聯合開發協議,助力烏茲別克斯坦的環保與綠色發展
- 制定本集團「十五五」戰略預規劃,明確 「科技化、國際化、生態型」為核心的 「兩化一型」發展方向,開啟「二次創業」,匯聚高質量發展合力
- 本集團首次於總部安排專門值班室、 二十四小時領導帶班及中層幹部現場值 班,結合日常扎實推進安全與環境管理 工作,全年未發生四級及以上生產安全 事故或安全事件
- 自主研發生產的焚燒爐(含小型爐)、水 冷焚燒爐、滲濾液處理成套設備、煙氣 處理成套設備及危險與醫療廢棄物處理 回轉窰五項產品通過歐盟CE認證,為進 一步拓展歐洲市場提供有力支撐
- 位居「2024中國環境企業營收前50」榜 單榜首
- 連續第九年獲納入道瓊斯可持續發展指數系列
- 連續第十四年位居中國固廢十大影響力 企業榜單榜首







Chairman's Statement 主席報告



WANG SILIAN 王思聯 Chairman of the Board 董事會主席

In 2024, the world was undergoing an accelerated evolution of great changes unseen in a century, posing considerable development challenges for the environmental protection industry. China Everbright Environment Group Limited ("Everbright Environment" or the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), a world-renowned environmental group and a leading player in Asia's environmental protection industry, continued to uphold the philosophy of "Devoted to Ecology and Environment for a Beautiful China". Overcoming challenges through perseverance, the Group was committed to strengthening core business management and building core capabilities, thereby solidifying the foundation for stability and fostering a momentum for progress to achieve robust and sustainable development. For six consecutive years, the Group remained at the top of the "Top 50 Chinese Environmental Enterprises" and has been ranked first in the "Top 10 Influential Solid Waste Treatment Enterprises in China" for 14 consecutive years. The Group was also awarded the "Outstanding Enterprise Contribution Award for the 75th Anniversary of the Founding of the PRC" and recognised as an "Outstanding High-Quality Development Listed Company".

二零二四年,世界百年變局加速演進,環保行業面臨較大的發展挑戰。作為世界知名生態環境集團、亞洲環保行業領軍企業,中國光大環境(集團)有限公司(「光大環境」或「本公司」,連同其附屬公司,統稱「本集團」)繼續秉承「情繫生態環境,築夢美麗中國」的理念,風雨兼程,砥礪奮進,著力加強核心業務管控和核心能力建設,夯實「穩」的根基,厚植「進」的態勢,實現穩健而可持續的發展。連續六年穩居「中國環境企業50強」」榜首,連續十四年穩居「固廢十大影響力企業」榜首,獲得「新中國成立75周年卓越企業貢獻獎」與「卓越高質量發展上市公司」殊榮。

- The ranking was renamed to "Top 50 Chinese Environmental Enterprise by Revenue in 2024".
- 1 該榜單於二零二四年更名為「中國環境企業營收50強」。

This year, we focused on the well-being of the populace while making significant strides in environmental protection. The Group actively engaged in the pursuit of blue skies, clear waters, and clean lands, serving the major regional development strategies in China. The Group invested in and operated 193 waste-to-energy projects, 162 waste water treatment projects, and 31 integrated biomass utilisation projects, all at a high-quality standard, diligently serving approximately 160 million residents. Throughout the year, the Group generated 27.7 billion kWh of electricity from its projects, sufficient to meet the annual electricity needs of more than 23 million households. This output is equivalent to saving more than 11 million tonnes of standard coal and displacing Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) emissions by over 13 million tonnes, which is equivalent to the volume of CO₂ absorbed by approximately 720 million trees in one year. The Group also treated 1.763 billion m³ of waste water, resulting in a reduction of chemical oxygen demand discharge by more than 850,000 tonnes.

這一年,我們聚焦民生福祉,持續助力環境保護。深入推進藍天、碧水、淨土保衛戰,積極服務國家重大區域發展戰略,高質量投資運營193個垃圾發電項目、162個污水處理項目、31個生物質綜合利用項目,精心服務1.60億人口。全年發電277億千瓦時,能滿足2,300多萬個家庭一年用電需要;相當於節約標煤逾1,100萬噸,替代二氧化碳排放逾1,300萬噸,相當於約7.20億棵樹一年吸收的二氧化碳量²。處理污水17.63億立方米,減少化學需氧量排放超過85萬噸。

This year, we concentrated on strategic leadership while continuously exploring transformation pathways. Adhering to a problem-oriented approach, we conducted in-depth research and proposed the strategic goal of "Building a World-Class Integrated Environmental Service Provider with Chinese Characteristics", and reaffirmed the core development directions, namely technology as a driving force, an internationalisation path, and an industrial ecological system, initiating the call for a "Second-stage Entrepreneurship".

這一年,我們聚焦戰略引領,持續探索轉型方向。堅持問題導向,深入調查研究,提出「建設具有中國特色的世界一流環境綜合服務商」戰略目標,明確「科技化、國際化、生態型」的「兩化一型」核心發展戰略,開啟「二次創業」新征程。

This year, our priority was to increase revenue while controlling costs in order to continuously enhance operational quality and efficiency. Amid a growing gap in industry waste volumes, the Group achieved a counter-trend growth in waste volumes by implementing the "12 Measures to Boost Waste Volume". Additionally, the Group increased electricity generation by 7% year-on-year through enhanced management efficiencies. The average financing interest rate reached its lowest level in nearly five years. Furthermore, the Group made significant breakthroughs in new business areas, including biomethane, battery recycling, zero-carbon parks, virtual power plants, and green certificate trading.

這一年,我們聚焦增收控本,持續提升經營質效。在行業垃圾量缺口持續加大的背景下,深入推進「垃圾十二條」,實現垃圾量逆勢增長。深挖管理效能,發電量同比增加7%。平均融資利率創下近5年最佳水平。 生物天然氣、電池回收、零碳園區、虛擬電廠、綠證交易等新業務取得突破。

² According to the science popularisation channel of the People's Daily web portal, a tree is capable of absorbing 18 kg of carbon dioxide per annum.

² 根據人民網科普,一棵樹一年可吸收二氧化碳18千克。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

This year, we committed ourselves to leading the industry through innovation, continuously strengthening our technological capabilities. The Group established the Science and Technology Committee to optimise the system and mechanisms for technological innovation, transforming dispersed management into unified actions. The Group pushed ahead its major research projects, and implemented the open competition mechanism to select the best candidate to lead research projects, in order to enhance technological empowerment for traditional businesses while exploring transformative business models. Over the year, the Group secured several provincial and ministerial-level technological honour awards and earned multiple international certifications for ground-breaking and cutting-edge advancements. Several technologies were successfully applied in practical projects, including the market launch of coke-cleaning robot service, which enabled remote coke cleaning, eliminating safety pain points that have troubled the industry for years.

這一年,我們聚焦創新引領,持續鍛造科技實力。首次成立科技委員會,優化科技創新體制機制,變「九龍治水」為「力出一孔」。深入推進大課題制,實施「揭榜掛帥」,強化科技賦能傳統業務,做好轉型業務探索。全年取得多項省部級以上科技榮譽、國際領先及先進水平認定。多項技術在項目實現轉化應用,無人打焦機服務進入市場,實現爐外「遙控打焦」,消除困擾行業多年的安全痛點。

This year, we prioritised investment-driven growth, continuously solidifying our market position. By pursuing a dual internal-external strategy, the Group proactively expanded its market presence, refined collaborative marketing frameworks, and established a three-tier marketing system that includes headquarters, business sectors, and regional centres. The Group also implemented the "Four Lists and One Ledger" system to secure multiple new investment projects while advancing asset-light business, involving over RMB1.7 billion in investments and contracts valued at over RMB1.8 billion. Significant progress was made in synergistic and light-asset projects, resulting in an increasingly robust project portfolio. For the first time, the Group ventured into Central Asia, signing a joint development agreement with the Republic of Uzbekistan in relation to waste-to-energy projects in Ferghana and Namangan Provinces, actively establishing its presence in overseas markets.

這一年,我們聚焦投資發展,持續提升市場地位。堅持內外並舉,積極開拓市場,優化協同行銷機制,構建總部、業務板塊、區域三級行銷體系,建立完善「四單一台賬」,新落實多個投資項目及輕資產業務,涉及投資額逾人民幣17億元、合同額逾18億元。協同以及輕資產項目取得明顯進展,項目「蓄水池」越來越充實。首次挺進中亞,與烏茲別克斯坦共和國簽署有關費爾干納州和納曼干州垃圾發電項目的聯合開發協議,積極佈局海外業務。

This year, our developmental foundations were further consolidated through risk prevention efforts. For the first time, the Group proactively engaged with national ministries to devise countermeasures, further reinforcing long-term mechanisms for dedicated working team(s), ledger lists, assessments, and incentive measures. The annual recovery rate of accounts receivable rose by nearly 7 percentage points compared to 2023. Collective efforts were mobilised to ensure safety, strongly promoting the principle of "Start Safe, Finish Safe". Notably, the Group achieved zero major accidents for the first time in seven years.

這一年,我們聚焦風險防範,持續夯實發展基礎。第一次主動對接國家部委,尋求應對之策,進一步壓實「專班、台賬、考核、激勵」長效機制,應收賬款全年回收率較二零二三年提升近7個百分點。齊心協力保安全,大力宣導「年初出事一年白幹,年尾出事白幹一年」的理念,近7年來,首次實現全年沒有發生重大事故。

This year, our team grew stronger as we made significant efforts in team building. The Group regards employees as the most valuable asset, deepening reforms in the personnel system and establishing a comprehensive talent cultivation, management, and incentive mechanism to strengthen its professional workforce. The Group has vigorously fostered a culture of execution characterised by "Real Action, Immediate Implementation", encouraging diligence and rewarding achievements, thereby uniting the Group to forge ahead together.

這一年,我們聚焦隊伍建設,持續提升團隊力量。視員工為企業最寶貴的資產,深化幹部人事制度改革,建立完善的人才培養、管理體系和激勵機制,強化專業化隊伍建設。大力營造「真抓實幹、馬上就辦」的執行力文化,鼓勵勤勞、獎勵功勞,同心同德聚偉力、困知勉行啟新程。

To incentivise innovation and entrepreneurship, salary adjustments were implemented for nearly 10,000 outstanding yet underpaid frontline employees. The Group remains committed to enhancing employees' sense of fulfilment and achievement in both professional and personal spheres.

激勵大家幹事創業。對近萬名表現優秀和收入偏低的基層員工進行調薪,努力讓員工的工作、生活更有幸福感和獲得感。

This year, we spared no effort in our commitment to charitable initiatives that give back to society. Leveraging our industrial expertise, the Group supported rural revitalisation through its distinctive integrated biomass utilisation model, with Hunan Xinhua Waste-to-energy Project being recognised as a "2024 China Livelihood Project". In Hong Kong, the Group launched the "Green Wings Program", a public welfare initiative for environmental education, which integrated national education for youth and earned the "Charity Case of the Year" at the China Charity Festival. Regular public engagement activities, environmental workshops and energy-saving campaigns further underscored the Group's commitment to social stewardship.

這一年,我們聚焦反哺社會,投身慈善公益事業。發揮產業優勢助力鄉村振興,獨特的生物質綜合利用一體化模式成效顯著,湖南新化生活垃圾發電項目榮獲「2024中國民生工程」稱號。舉辦「綠翼計劃」香港環保教育公益行動,從環保教育入手,面向香港青少年開展國情教育,榮獲中國公益節「年度公益案例獎」。持續開展公眾開放、環保教育、環境節能等方面社會公益活動,彰顯時代擔當。

These achievements are attributable to the dedication of every employee and the steadfast support from the shareholders of the Company and partners of the Group. I hereby extend my deepest respect and gratitude to all contributors.

這些成績的取得,離不開每一位員工的辛勤付出,以及本公司股東和本集團合作夥伴的鼎力支持。在此,我深表敬意與感激!

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

The path ahead is challenging, and we are acutely aware of this. The macroeconomic environment is full of challenges and difficulties, and the environmental protection industry is facing significant developmental bottlenecks. Additionally, the Group itself is encountering various new situations and challenges. In response, the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") will nurture new opportunities amidst crises and establish new strategies in a challenging landscape.

我們也清醒地認識到,未來的道路並非坦途,宏觀經濟運行仍面臨不少困難和挑戰,環保行業面臨較大的發展 瓶頸,本集團自身亦面臨諸多新情況、新挑戰。對此,本公司董事會將於危機中育新機,於變局中開新局。

In the next step of work, we will continue to pursue progress while maintaining stability and promoting stability through progress. By focusing on its principal businesses and core responsibilities, the Group will deepen the strategies of using technology as a driving force, pursuing an internationalisation path, and developing an industrial ecological system. It will strive to vigorously increase revenue and create value, actively prevent and mitigate risks in key areas, and consolidate its leading position in the environmental protection industry. By enhancing its role in supporting ecological civilisation construction and social welfare, the Group will bolster its core competencies and embark on a new journey of "Second-stage Entrepreneurship", laying robust foundations for a strong start to the 15th Five-Year Plan period.

在下一步的工作中,我們將堅持穩中求進、以實促穩,聚焦主責主業,深化「兩化一型」,大力增收創效,積極防範和化解重點領域風險,著力鞏固環保行業龍頭地位,在服務生態文明建設和社會民生中增強核心功能,提升核心競爭力,全面開啟「二次創業」新征程,為實現「十五五」良好開局夯基固本。

As Chairman of the Board, I feel a profound sense of responsibility. We will centre our efforts on comprehensive benefits, strengthen governance transparency, enhance decision-making efficiency, to ensure the Group's stability and sustainability. At the same time, we pledge to actively engage with all stakeholders to shape a brighter future for both the industry and the Group.

作為董事會主席,我深感責任重大。我們將以綜合利益為核心,強化治理透明度,提升決策效能,確保企業行 穩致遠,與所有利益相關者攜手,共塑行業與企業美好未來。

Thank you for your trust! May we work together in unity to achieve new heights!

感謝大家的信任!願我們同心同行,再創輝煌!

WANG SILIAN

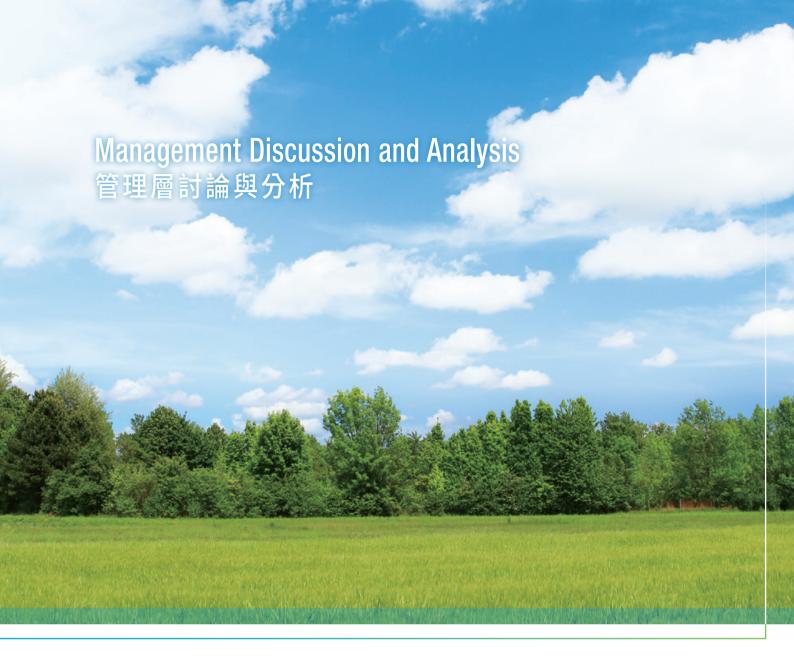
Chairman of the Board

Hong Kong, 25 March 2025

干思聯

董事會主席

香港,二零二五年三月二十五日



BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS 業務回顧與展望

Operating Results 經營業績

Business Overview 業務概覽

In 2024, the Group adhered to the principle of making steady progress and promoting stability through practical measures. By focusing on its principal businesses and core responsibilities, it strengthened the core capabilities, solidifying the foundation for stability and fostering an environment for progress. As a result, the Group drove business performance improvement, and continuously consolidated its industry-leading position.

二零二四年,本集團堅持穩中求進、以實促穩,聚焦主責主業,著力加強核心業務管控和核心能力建設, 夯實「穩」的根基,厚植「進」的態勢,推動經營向好發展,持續鞏固行業領軍地位。

In terms of operating performance, during the year under review, the Group, based on in-depth study and research, as well as studies of domestic and international environment, formulated a preliminary strategic development plan for the 15th Five-year Plan period, clearly identifying three major development directions, namely technology as a driving force, an internationalisation path, and an industrial ecological system, initiating the call for a "Second-stage Entrepreneurship". The Group strengthened its investment and market expansion efforts in both domestic and international markets, bolstering its growth momentum. It reinforced operations management and optimised financial and budgetary coordination, enhancing revenue, controlling costs, and improving the overall quality and efficiency of its business operations. The Group also emphasised technological innovation, accelerating the transformation of technological achievements, empowering business development, and fostering the establishment of a "Research Ecosystem". Furthermore, the Group strengthened its management foundation, utilising digitalisation and intelligence-driven tools to enhance governance capabilities. Additionally, efforts were intensified to mitigate risks associated with existing assets of the Group and production safety, thereby solidifying the foundation for its sustainable development.

Major operating indicators in 2024 are summarised below:

經營發展方面,回顧年度內,本集團深入調查研究,研判內外部形勢,制定「十五五」戰略發展預規劃,明確「兩化一型」(科技化、國際化、生態型)發展方向,開啟「二次創業」新征程;強化境內外市場投資拓展力度,增強發展動能;強化運營管理、財務與預算統籌等方面的增收控本,提升經營質效;強化科技創新引領,推動科技成果轉化,賦能業務發展,推動構建「科研生態圈」;強化管理基礎,以數智化等手段,提升治理能力;加強存量風險隱患資產、生產安全等方面的風險防控,築牢發展底板。

二零二四年主要經營業績指標摘要如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HKD'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HKD'000 港幣千元	Percentage change 百分比 變動
Revenue	收益	30,258,009	32,090,207	-6%
Earnings before interest, taxation, depreciation and	除利息、稅項、折舊及 攤銷前盈利			
amortisation ("EBITDA")		10,074,731	12,827,961	-21%
Profit attributable to equity	本公司權益持有人應佔			
holders of the Company	盈利	3,377,200	4,429,160	-24%
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利			
(HK cents)	(港仙)	54.98	72.10	-24%

During the year under review, the Group recorded a total revenue of HK\$30,258,009,000, of which revenue from operation services amounted to HK\$19,429,550,000, representing an increase of 1% from 2023, while revenue from construction services was HK\$5,743,468,000, representing a decrease of 25% from 2023. The revenue from operation services, construction services, and finance income accounted for 64%, 19% and 17% of the total revenue, respectively.

During the year under review, the Group actively expanded its financing channels, and optimised its portfolio of financing instruments. Through the Company and its listed subsidiaries, the Group timely secured window of opportunity in the market in progressing the issuance of various types of bonds, including medium-term notes ("MTNs") and asset-backed securities ("ABS") in an orderly manner, keeping the comprehensive capital cost at a comparatively low level. The Group also strengthened its domestic and overseas credit line reserves and foreign debt management. In 2024, the Group obtained various government funding subsidies amounting to approximately RMB100 million. As of 31 December 2024, the Group had cash on hand amounting to HK\$8.042 billion, representing a reasonable gearing level and a healthy financial position.

回顧年度內,本集團收益合共達港幣30,258,009,000元。其中,運營服務收益為港幣19,429,550,000元,較二零二三年增長1%;建造服務收益為港幣5,743,468,000元,較二零二三年減少25%。各收益比重為:運營服務收益、建造服務收益及財務收入分別佔64%、19%及17%。

回顧年度內,本集團積極拓展融資渠道、完善融資工具組合,適時鎖定市場窗口期並通過本公司及其上市附屬公司有序推進中期票據、資產支持證券等各類債券發行工作,將綜合資金成本控制在較低水平;加強境內外授信額度儲備及外債管理工作。二零二四年,本集團獲得國家各類資金補助約人民幣1億元。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團手持現金港幣80.42億元,負債水平合理,財務狀況健康。

In 2024, the major financing arrangements of the Group are summarised below:

二零二四年,本集團主要融資安排摘要如下:

Issue date 發行日期	Financing arrangements and uses of proceeds 融資安排及募集資金用途	Issue size (RMB) 發行規模 (人民幣)
January 2024 二零二四年一月	China Everbright Water Limited ("Everbright Water") completed the issuance of the first tranche of MTNs for 2024 in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") for the replenishment of working capital of its subsidiaries and repayment of the interest-bearing debts of Everbright Water or its subsidiaries. 中國光大水務有限公司(「光大水務」)於中國完成發行二零二四年度第一期中期票據,募集資金用於補充光大水務附屬公司的營運資金及償還光大水務或其附屬公司的計息債務。	1.5 billion 15億元
March 2024 二零二四年三月	The Company completed the issuance of the 2024 MTNs (Series 1) in the PRC for the repayment of the interest-bearing debts of the Group. 本公司在中國完成發行二零二四年度第一期中期票據,募集資金用於償還本集團的有息債務。	2 billion 20億元
April 2024 二零二四年四月	Everbright Water completed the issuance of the 2024 ABS in the PRC for the repayment of the loans borrowed by Everbright Water and its subsidiaries, as well as for their replenishment of working capital. 光大水務於中國完成發行二零二四年資產支持證券,募集資金用於償還光大水務及其附屬公司借款並補充營運資金。	2 billion 20億元
May 2024 二零二四年五月	The Company completed the issuance of the 2024 MTNs (Series 2) in the PRC for the repayment of the MTNs previously issued by the Company in the PRC. 本公司在中國完成發行二零二四年度第二期中期票據,募集資金用於償還本公司在中國已發行的中期票據。	2 billion 20億元

Issue date 發行日期	Financing arrangements and uses of proceeds 融資安排及募集資金用途	Issue size (RMB) 發行規模 (人民幣)
May 2024 二零二四年五月	China Everbright Greentech Limited ("Everbright Greentech") completed the issuance of the first tranche green MTNs for 2024 in the PRC for the repayment of interest-bearing debts of Everbright Greentech and its subsidiaries, replenishment of working capital and/or investment in and construction of their environmental protection projects and for other business development purposes. 中國光大綠色環保有限公司(「光大綠色環保」) 在中國完成發行二零二四年度第一期綠色中期票據,募集資金用於償還光大綠色環保及其附屬公司的有息債務、補充營運資金及/或投資和建設環保項目及其他業務發展用途。	1 billion 10億元
July 2024 二零二四年七月	Everbright Greentech completed the issuance of the second tranche MTNs for 2024 in the PRC for the repayment of the interest-bearing debts of Everbright Greentech and its subsidiaries, replenishment of working capital and/or investment in and construction of their environmental protection projects and for other business development purposes. 光大綠色環保在中國完成發行二零二四年度第二期中期票據,募集資金用於償還光大綠色環保及其附屬公司的有息債務、補充營運資金及/或投資和建設環保項目及其他業務發展用途。	1 billion 10億元
September 2024 二零二四年九月	Everbright Greentech completed the issuance of the third tranche MTNs for 2024 in the PRC for the repayment of interest-bearing debts of Everbright Greentech and its subsidiaries, replenishment of working capital and/or investment in and construction of their environmental protection projects, and other business development purposes. 光大綠色環保在中國完成發行二零二四年度第三期中期票據,募集資金用於償還光大綠色環保及其附屬公司的有息債務、補充營運資金及/或投資和建設環保項目及其他業務發展用途。	1 billion 10億元
September 2024 二零二四年九月	The Company completed the issuance of the 2024 MTNs (Series 3) in the PRC for the replenishment of the Group's working capital and repayment of bank loans. 本公司在中國完成發行二零二四年度第三期中期票據,募集資金用於補充本集團的營運資金及償還銀行貸款。	1.5 billion 15億元

The Group remains dedicated to sharing its development and operating results with shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders"). To reward Shareholders for their support, and taking into account the Group's business development and strategic planning, the Board recommended the distribution of a final dividend of HK9.0 cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: HK8.0 cents per share), with the total dividend for the year amounting to HK23.0 cents per share (2023: HK22.0 cents per share). The dividend payout ratio stood at 41.8%, representing an increase of 11.3 percentage points compared to 2023.

As of 31 December 2024, the Group had a business presence in 229 cities, counties, and districts across 25 provinces, municipalities, autonomous regions, and one special administrative region in China, and overseas markets spanning Germany, Poland, Vietnam, and Mauritius. The total number of environmental protection projects invested in and held by the Group was 604, with an aggregate investment of approximately RMB162.425 billion. Additionally, the Group undertook various asset-light services, including environmental remediation, waste sorting, design and consulting, equipment supply, and technical services. The Group secured a total of 193 waste-to-energy projects under its environmental energy and greentech sectors, with a designed daily household waste processing capacity of 159,900 tonnes (including capacity under the operation and management ("O&M") model).

本集團秉持與本公司股東(「股東」)分享企業經營成果的理念,為回饋股東支持,並結合業務發展情況及 戰略規劃,本公司董事會建議就截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度派發末期股息每股9.0港仙(二零 二三年:每股8.0港仙),全年股息每股23.0港仙(二零二三年:每股22.0港仙)。派息比率41.8%,較二零 二三年增加11.3個百分點。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團業務分佈已拓展至國內26個省(市)、自治區及特別行政區,足跡遍及229個市縣區,海外市場佈局德國、波蘭、越南和毛里求斯;共投資落實環保項目604個,總投資約人民幣1,624.25億元;另承接環境修復、垃圾分類、設計諮詢、設備供貨、技術服務等各類輕資產服務。本集團旗下環保能源及綠色環保板塊合共落實垃圾發電項目193個,設計日處理生活垃圾15.99萬噸(含委託運營規模)。

The designed treatment and supply capacities of projects of major types under the Group as of 31 December 2024 are summarised below:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團旗下主要業務類別項目的設計處理及供應規模摘要如下:

Project Category	Designed Treatment/Supply Capacity
項目類別	設計處理/供應規模
Household waste#	159,900 tonnes/day
生活垃圾#	159,900噸/日
Food and kitchen waste#	8,743 tonnes/day
餐廚及廚餘垃圾#	8,743噸/日
Water treatment and supply#水處理及供應#	7,658,600 m³/day 7,658,600立方米/日
Biomass raw materials	8,209,800 tonnes/year
生物質原材料	8,209,800噸/年
Heat and steam supply	8,217,495 tonnes/year
供熱供汽	8,217,495噸/年
Solar power and wind power installed capacity 光伏發電、風力發電裝機容量	292.85 megawatt ("MW") 292.85兆瓦
Energy storage capacity	22.20 MW
儲能規模	22.20兆瓦

[#] Including treatment/processing capacity under the O&M model

[#] 包含委託運營的處理規模

In terms of market expansion, during the year under review, the Group continued to focus on three areas, namely solid waste, water-related business and clean energy. It solidified its traditional business areas, explored new businesses and development models, further extended its business chains, expanded synergistic businesses, and promoted a balanced growth between asset-light and asset-heavy businesses. For traditional business areas, the Group invested in multiple projects in areas such as waste-to-energy, waste water treatment and solar power, and expanded its asset-light services, including integrated sanitation solutions, industrial waste water treatment, and equipment supply, further solidifying its business chains in waste-to-energy and industrial waste water treatment. For new business development, the Group expanded its clean energy business portfolio by investing in its first energy storage project in Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province. It also developed its first biomass gasification project in Xiao County, Anhui Province, to further enhance its overall biomass utilisation capabilities. In Changzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the Group implemented its first waste battery recycling project, which was not only the Group's inaugural project of this kind but also the first benchmark project for the implementation of the national major technical equipment of this kind in China. Furthermore, the Group secured its biogas purification business and established its channels for sales of biomethane to external clients. further optimising the value of its operating projects and enhancing efficiency through synergy. The Group also developed a virtual power plant and electricity trading platform, refining its "zero-carbon park + virtual power plant" business model. It also completed its first electricity transaction, marking its entry into the power trading business. In the international market, the Group actively pursued business opportunities in the Republic of Uzbekistan ("Uzbekistan"), Malaysia, and other countries and regions, and meanwhile, successfully secured or won the bidding for asset-light business contracts in Egypt, Indonesia, Malaysia, and India. These efforts have facilitated the global expansion of the Group's self-developed environmental protection equipment and technical solutions, reinforcing its commitment to green development under the Belt and Road Initiative, Additionally, the Group strengthened its engagement with various international dignitaries and domestic provincial and ministerial leaders through participation in key forums and industry exchanges. These included the annual conference of the China Council for International Cooperation on Environment and Development. The Group also actively engaged in industry exchange activities both domestically and internationally, including IE Expo China and the Macao International Environmental Co-operation Forum & Exhibition. Moreover, the Group took the lead in hosting the Everbright Environment Green Technology and Sustainable Development Forum in Hong Kong, bringing together distinguished guests from the government, industry, and academia to explore opportunities in new quality productive forces and industrial ecosystems, further enhancing its industry impact.

市場拓展方面,回顧年度內,本集團持續深耕固廢、泛水和清潔能源三大領域,鞏固傳統業務,積極探索新業務、新模式,加強產業鏈延伸與協同業務拓展,促進輕重資產業務平衡發展。固本方面,於垃圾發電、污水處理、光伏發電等傳統業務領域投資多個項目;新承接環衛一體化、工業廢水處理、設備供貨等輕資產服務,鞏固完善垃圾發電、工業廢水處理等領域的產業鏈佈局。拓新方面,於廣東廣州投資建設本集團首個儲能項目,進一步拓寬清潔能源業務範疇;在安徽蕭縣拓展本集團首個生物質氣化項目,進一步增強生物質綜合利用能力;在江蘇常州落實本集團首個廢舊電池回收資源化利用項目,這不僅是本集團首個電池回收利用項目,亦是國家首台(套)成果落地標竿項目;落實沼氣淨化提純業務,搭建生物天然氣外銷渠道,進一步挖掘運營項目價值,實現協同增效;搭建虛擬電廠和電力交易平台,完善「零碳園區+虛擬電廠」業務模式;完成首筆電量交易,開啟售電業務新領域。在國際市場,本集團於烏茲別克斯坦共和國(「烏茲別克斯坦」)、馬來西亞等國家和地區積極跟進業務機會,並先後於埃及、印度尼西亞、馬來西亞、印度等地簽署或中標輕資產業務,進一步推動自主研發的環保裝備、工藝包出海,深度服務「一帶一路」綠色發展。此外,本集團通過參加中國環境與發展國際合作委員會年會等重要活動,加強與多位外國政要及國內省部級領導的交流;積極參與中國環博會、澳門國際環保合作發展論壇及展覽等境內外行業交流活動;牽頭在港舉辦綠色科技與可持續發展論壇,與政產學界重要嘉賓探討新質生產力機遇,積極構建「產業生態圈」,持續鞏固行業影響力。

In 2024, the Group invested in and secured 12 new projects with a total investment of approximately RMB1.764 billion, and signed various new contracts for asset-light business worth RMB1.835 billion.

The designed treatment and supply capacities of the new projects secured in 2024 are summarised below:

二零二四年,本集團共投資落實新項目12個,總投資約人民幣17.64億元;新簽署各類輕資產業務合同, 合同總額約人民幣18.35億元。

二零二四年新增項目的設計處理及供應規模摘要如下:

Project category 項目類別	Designed treatment/supply capacity 設計處理/供應規模
Household waste	1,000 tonnes/day
生活垃圾	1,000噸/日
Water treatment and supply 水處理及供應	192,000 m³/day 192,000立方米/日
Biomass raw materials	70,000 tonnes/year
生物質原材料	70,000噸/年
Heat and steam supply	260,000 tonnes/year
供熱供汽	260,000噸/年
Solar power installed capacity	56.46 MW
光伏發電裝機容量	56.46兆瓦
Energy storage capacity	12.20 MW
儲能規模	12.20兆瓦

In terms of innovation-driven empowerment, during the year under review, the Group focused on tackling technical challenges and driving the transformation of scientific and technological achievements. It established the Technology Committee to coordinate the Group's research and development ("R&D") projects. In terms of technological innovation and application, the Group successfully completed the transformation and commercialisation of 30 technical projects in areas such as desulfurisation and denitrification, gasification heating, and waste battery recycling. These initiatives contributed to optimising costs, enhancing efficiency, increasing revenue, and reducing risks in safety production in related projects. The construction of digital platforms for the integration of business and finance, document management, and intelligent management, made solid progress, further showcasing the effectiveness of digital empowerment in the Group's operational management. As of 31 December 2024, the Group had been granted a total of 2,149 intellectual property rights and had received more than 20 provincial and ministerial-level scientific and technological awards, serving as a testament to the Group's innovation capabilities and achievements.

In terms of operations management, during the year under review, the Group focused on increasing revenue and enhancing efficiency, reducing carbon emission and energy consumption, cutting costs and expenses to improve operational quality and efficiency, and ensuring the delivery of high-quality environmental management services across different regions. Among these efforts, the environmental energy sector ensured the volume of waste entering the plants and enhanced waste storage efficiency, achieving a record-breaking average power generation efficiency of incoming waste at waste-to-energy projects surpassing 400 kWh/tonne. The environmental water sector actively promoted the "Five Innovations" initiative (small inventions, small transformations, small innovations, small designs, and small suggestions) and piloted the "Dark Factory" model. The green environmental sector deeply explored the localisation of fuel resources, reduced related costs, and explored the resource utilisation and high-value application of biomass energy, accelerating business transformation and development.

創新賦能方面,回顧年度內,本集團聚焦技術難點攻關、推動科技成果轉化。成立科技委員會,建立本集團課題研發一盤棋。技術創新與應用層面,在脫硫脫硝、氣化供熱、廢舊電池回收等領域轉化落地技術項目30個,助力相關項目更好優化成本、增效增收、降低安全生產風險。業財一體化、檔案管理、智慧管理等數字化平台的建設進展良好,數字化賦能本集團經營管理的成效進一步顯現。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團累計獲授權知識產權2,149件,獲得省部級以上科技榮譽獎勵超過20項,成為本集團科技創新能力與成果的良好實證。

運營管理方面,回顧年度內,本集團從開源增效、減碳節能、降本節支等維度入手,提升運營質效,確保為各地提供優質的環境治理服務。其中,環保能源確保垃圾入廠量,實現垃圾倉增效,平均入廠噸垃圾發電效率首次突破400千瓦時;環保水務深入開展「五小創新」(小發明、小改造、小革新、小設計、小建議),試點「黑燈工廠」模式;綠色環保深挖燃料本地資源化,節約相關成本,探索生物質資源化、高值化利用,加快業務轉型發展。

In terms of project construction, during the year under review, the Group adhered to a refined and dynamic management model, focusing on strengthening the comprehensive monitoring and control of safety risk factors to ensure the safety and steady progress of all construction projects. The Prime Minister of Vietnam attended the completion ceremony of the Group's Hue Waste-to-energy Project ("Hue Project") in Vietnam, demonstrating the Vietnamese government's full recognition of the Group's capability in project construction. On the other hand, the Group's Guangdong Nanxiong Livestock and Poultry Manure Resource Utilisation Project ("Nanxiong Project") commenced operation upon completion of construction work, laying a good foundation for the Group's effort to create new business growth points. In 2024, 33 projects of the Group commenced operation upon completion of construction works, 4 projects (including EPCO projects) completed construction, and 9 environmental remediation services were completed and delivered. 21 projects of the Group (including an EPCO project) commenced construction and 10 environmental remediation services were started.

In terms of safety and environmental management, during the year under review, adhering to the modest principle of "Start Safe, Finish Safe", the Group implemented robust safety production systems, organised training programmes for its safety and environmental team, and implemented actions to overcome difficulties for safety production, establishing a reliable safety barrier for both the Group and the communities it serves. Notably, a total of 270 project leaders and safety and environmental management directors for the regional centers of all business sectors of the Group participated in qualification certification examinations, to enhance learning and improve the capabilities of personnel responsible for safety and environmental performance. Additionally, the Group strengthened on-site duty arrangements at its headquarters during holidays and, for the first time, introduced daily safety production operation reports during flood seasons, typhoon prevention periods, and major holidays.

工程建設方面,回顧年度內,本集團堅持精細化、動態化管理模式,著力加強安全風險要素的全方位管控,保障各項目工程建設安全、有序推進。其中,本集團越南順化垃圾發電項目(「順化項目」)竣工儀式獲越南國家政府總理出席見證,顯示當地政府對本集團項目工程建設能力的充分認可;廣東南雄畜禽糞污資源化利用項目建成投運,為本集團打造新業務增長點奠定良好基礎。二零二四年,本集團建成投運項目33個、建成完工項目4個(含EPCO項目);完工並交付的環境修復服務9項;新開工項目21個(含EPCO項目)及新執行環境修復服務10項。

安全與環境(「安環」)管理方面,回顧年度內,本集團秉持「年初出事一年白幹,年尾出事白幹一年」的樸素理念,踐行安全生產制度,組織安環隊伍培訓,實施安全生產治本攻堅行動,為自身及各地社區築起牢靠的安全屏障。其中,270位項目一把手及板塊區域中心安環管理總監參加安環管理資格認證考試,以考促學,提升相關負責人的安環履職能力。此外,本集團加強節假日總部現場值班值守,首推汛期、台風防範期和重大節日假日期間的每日安全生產運營專報。

In terms of environmental contributions, the Group has been actively promoting energy conservation, and the reduction of pollution and carbon emissions to promote the collective improvement of social, economic, and environmental benefits. The Group's major environmental contributions during the year under review are summarised below:

環境貢獻方面,本集團積極推動節能減排、減污降碳,積極推動社會、經濟和環境效益的同步提升。回顧 年度內,本集團主要環境貢獻摘要如下:

	Treatment Volume 處理規模	Environmental Contributions 環境貢獻	
Household waste processed 生活垃圾處理量	56,162,000 tonnes 56,162,000噸	Supplying green electricity of 27,678,000,000 kWh. This output	
Hazardous and solid waste processed 危險與固體廢物 (「危固廢」) 處理量	499,000 tonnes 499,000噸	could support the annual electricity consumption needs of 23,065,000	
Agricultural and forestry waste processed 農林廢棄物處理量	7,686,000 tonnes 7,686,000噸	households, equivalent to saving 11,071,000 tonnes of standard coal, while displacing Carbon Dioxide ("CO ₂ ") emissions by 13,041,000 tonnes. 提供綠色電力27,678,000,000千瓦時,即約相等於23,065,000個家庭一年的總用電量,相當於節約標煤11,071,000噸,替代二氧化碳排放13,041,000噸。	
Waste water treated 污水處理量	1,763,000,000 m³ 1,763,000,000立方米	Reducing Chemical Oxygen Demand ("COD") discharge by 852,000	
Waste-to-energy plants' leachate treated 垃圾發電廠滲濾液處理量	14,039,000 m³ 14,039,000立方米	tonnes. 減少化學需氧量 (「COD」) 排放 852,000噸。	

Since the launch of the Group's first environmental protection project in 2005, its aggregate major environmental contributions are summarised below:

自二零零五年本集團首個環保項目投運以來,本集團累計的主要環境貢獻摘要如下:

	Treatment Volume 處理規模	Environmental Contributions 環境貢獻	
Household waste processed 生活垃圾處理量	326,527,000 tonnes 326,527,000噸	Supplying green electricity of 159,029,000,000 kWh. This output	
Hazardous and solid waste processed 危固廢處理量	2,719,000 tonnes 2,719,000噸	could support the annual electricity consumption needs of 132,524,000	
Agricultural and forestry waste processed 農林廢棄物處理量	50,320,000 tonnes 50,320,000噸	households, equivalent to saving 63,611,000 tonnes of standard coal, while displacing CO ₂ emissions by 126,056,000 tonnes. 提供綠色電力159,029,000,000千瓦時,即約相等於132,524,000個家庭一年的總用電量,相當於節約標煤63,611,000噸,替代二氧化碳排放126,056,000噸。	
Waste water treated 污水處理量	18,244,562,000 m³ 18,244,562,000立方米	Reducing COD discharge by 7,478,00 tonnes.	
Waste-to-energy plants' leachate treated 垃圾發電廠滲濾液處理量	73,839,000 m³ 73,839,000立方米	減少COD排放7,478,000噸。	

In terms of social responsibility, during the year under review, the Group fulfilled its corporate citizenship responsibilities by not only safeguarding the natural and human living environment through high-quality integrated environmental services but also actively promoting green concepts and advocating for environmental actions through diverse initiatives. In Hong Kong, the Group launched the "Green Wings Program", a public welfare campaign for environmental education. Supported by the Environment and Ecology Bureau of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC, this program leverages the Group's professional expertise in environmental protection. Through activities such as environmental lectures, workshops, project visits, and student internships, the program aims to inspire enthusiasm and a sense of responsibility for environmental protection among Hong Kong's youth and the general public, fostering consensus on green and low-carbon development. In mainland China, the Group continued to organise a variety of environmental science education and public welfare activities through its local projects. Centred around environmental theme days such as World Environment Day, the Group launched a series of communityfocused science education activities, deeply integrating into local communities and serving as a vivid example of fostering shared interests across the government, businesses and the public. As of 31 December 2024, the Group had opened 226 projects to the public. In 2024, the Group's projects attracted more than 80,000 domestic and international visitors, along with more than 100,000 participants in online activities.

社會責任方面,回顧年度內,本集團踐行企業公民責任,不僅依託優質環境綜合治理服務守護自然與人居環境,亦積極通過形式多樣的活動倡議向各地民眾傳遞綠色理念,倡導環保行動。在香港,本集團發佈「綠翼計劃」香港環保教育公益行動。該計劃由香港特區政府環境及生態局作為支持機構,依託本集團在環保領域的專業優勢,通過環保講座、工作坊、項目考察、學生實習等活動,激發香港青少年與公眾對環保的熱忱與責任感,凝聚綠色低碳發展共識。在內地,本集團依託各地項目持續開展豐富多彩的環保科普公益活動,圍繞世界環境日等環保主題節日,推出一系列貼近社區的科普主題活動,深度融入社區,成為構建「政企民」利益共同體的生動實踐。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團旗下實施公眾開放的項目累計達226個。二零二四年,本集團旗下項目共接待各界參觀人士逾8萬人次,線上活動參與人數逾10萬人次。

In 2024, the Group received many honours from home and abroad in recognition of the fulfillment of its responsibility and continued efforts in various aspects, such as business operation, sustainability, and social responsibility. The major awards and honours are summarised below:

二零二四年,本集團在業務經營、可持續發展、社會責任等方面努力作為、持續發力,獲得多項境內外殊 榮。主要獎項及榮譽摘要如下:

Category 類別	Award/Recognition 獎項/榮譽	Awarding Organisation(s) 獎項頒發機構
Operational Management 經營管理	First place in the "2024 Top 50 Chinese Environmental Enterprises by Revenue"* 「2024中國環境企業營收前50」榜單* 首位	China Environment Chamber of Commerce ("CECC") 全聯環境服務業商會
	First place in the "Top 10 Influential Solid Waste Treatment Enterprises in China" (the 14th consecutive year)	E20 Environment Platform
	「中國固廢十大影響力企業」榜單首位 (連續第十四年)	E20環境平台
	Awarded the "Outstanding Enterprise Contribution Award for the 75th Anniversary of the Founding of the PRC" and recognised as an "Outstanding High-Quality Development Listed Company"	China Securities Golden Bauhinia Awards
	新中國成立75週年卓越企業貢獻獎、 卓越高質量發展上市公司	中國證券金紫荊獎
	Included in the "2024 Global Top 500 New Energy Enterprises" list (ranked 82th) 入選「2024全球新能源企業500強」榜單 (第82位)	China Institute of Energy Economics Research 中國能源經濟研究院

^{*} The ranking of CECC was renamed from "Top 50 Chinese Environmental Enterprises" to "Top 50 Chinese Environmental Enterprises by Revenue" in 2024. The Group has been ranked the first place on the list since 2019.

^{*} 該榜單於二零二四年由「中國環境企業50強」更名為「中國環境企業營收前50」。本集團自二零一九年持續位居榜單首位。

Category 類別	Award/Recognition 獎項/榮譽	Awarding Organisation(s) 獎項頒發機構
Operational Management (continued) 經營管理 (續)	Everbright Water was shortlisted in the list of "Top 10 Influential Enterprises in China's Water Industry" (the 7th consecutive year) 光大水務入選「中國水業十大影響力	E20 Environment Platform E20環境平台
	企業」榜單(連續第七年)	
	Everbright Water was awarded "ListCo Excellence Awards" (the 5th consecutive year)	Jointly awarded by PRC media <i>IFENG.COM/HK</i> , Hong Kong media <i>AM730</i> , and other institutions
	光大水務獲頒「傑出上市公司大獎」 (連續第五年)	中國內地媒體鳳凰網港股、 香港媒體《AM730》等 機構聯合頒發
	Everbright Greentech received the "Global ESG Excellence Award" (the third time)	Yazhou Zhoukan
	光大綠色環保獲頒「全球卓越ESG大獎」 (第三次)	《亞洲週刊》雜誌
	Everbright Greentech was awarded the "ESG Excellence in Environmental Performance Award", "ESG Excellence in Corporate Governance Award", and "ESG Certification of Recognition"	Sing Tao News Group and The Hong Kong Polytechnic University
	光大綠色環保獲頒「ESG卓越環境表現專業獎」、「ESG卓越企業管治專業獎」、「ESG嘉許認證」	星島新聞集團、 香港理工大學
	The Group's Jiangxi Yingtan Waste-to-energy Project ("Yingtan Project") was recognised as "National Workers' Pioneer"	All-China Federation of Trade Unions
	本集團江西鷹潭垃圾發電項目(「鷹潭項目」)獲評「全國工人先鋒號」	中華全國總工會

Catagony	Award/Pagagnitian	Awarding Organisation(s)
Category 類別	Award/Recognition 獎項/榮譽	獎項頒發機構
Technology R&D 科技研發	The water-cooled grate furnace for incineration of solid waste of high heating value was included in the National Catalogue of Major Technical Equipment for Promotion and Application (First Set of Equipment) (2024 Edition)	Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the PRC
	高熱值固廢焚燒水冷爐排爐裝備入選國家《首台(套)重大技術裝備推廣應用指導目錄(2024年版)》	國家工業和信息化部
	The project for the development and equipment application of key technologies relating to efficient and clean combustion of multisource solid waste was awarded the "2024 Machinery Industry Science and Technology Award"	China Machinery Industry Federation, Chinese Mechanical Engineering Society
	多源固廢高效清潔燃燒關鍵技術開發及 裝備應用項目榮獲「二零二四年度 機械工業科學技術獎」	中國機械工業聯合會、中國機械工程學會
	The integrated technology for high-temperature SCR denitrification in biomass boilers was awarded the "Second Prize in Environmental Protection Equipment Science and Technology"	China Association of Machinery Industry for Environmental Protection
	生物質鍋爐中高溫SCR高脫硝集成 技術項目榮獲「環保裝備科學技術 二等獎」	中國環保機械行業協會
	The key technology and complete equipment for recycling and resource utilisation of waste power batteries were awarded the First Prize of "2024 Environmental Equipment Technology Innovation Award"	China Association of Machinery Industry for Environmental Protection
	廢舊動力電池回收資源化利用關鍵技術及 成套裝備獲頒「二零二四年度環保裝備 技術創新一等獎」	中國環保機械行業協會

Category 類別	Award/Recognition 獎項/榮譽	Awarding Organisation(s) 獎項頒發機構
Technology R&D (continued) 科技研發 (續)	Everbright Environmental Technical Equipment (Changzhou) Limited ("Changzhou Equipment Company") incineration furnaces (including small-scale incineration furnaces), water- cooled grate incineration furnace, complete equipment for leachate treatment, complete equipment for flue gas treatment, and rotary kilns for hazardous and medical waste treatment passed European Conformity (the CE Marking)	
	光大環保技術裝備(常州)有限公司 (「常州裝備公司」)自主研發的焚燒爐 (含小型爐)、水冷焚燒爐、滲濾液處理 成套設備、煙氣處理成套設備及 危險和醫療廢物處理回轉窰通過 歐盟CE認證	UDEM(歐盟認證和檢測機構)
	The Group's Huangshi Waste Tire Recycling Project in Hubei Province was awarded dual certifications of ISCC EU and ISCC PLUS	International Sustainability and Carbon Certification ("ISCC")
	本集團湖北黃石廢舊輪胎回收項目 獲得ISCC EU與ISCC PLUS雙重認證	國際可持續發展 與碳認證(「ISCC」)
Operations Management 運營管理	Hue Project was selected as one of the "Top 20 Enterprises for Green Economic Development in Vietnam in 2024"	Vietnam Institute of Economic and Cultural Studies
	順化項目入選「二零二四年越南發展 綠色經濟優秀企業20強」	越南經濟文化研究所

Category 類別	Award/Recognition 獎項/榮譽	Awarding Organisation(s) 獎項頒發機構
Operations Management (continued) 運營管理 (續)	The Group's Henan Nanyang Waste-to-energy Project ("Nanyang Project"), Heilongjiang Harbin Waste-to-energy Project ("Harbin Project"), Zhejiang Ninghai Waste-to-energy Project ("Ninghai Project"), Henan Xinyang Waste-to-energy Project ("Xinyang Project") and Jiangsu Wuxi Xidong Waste-to-energy Project were recognised as "National AAA-rated Household Waste Incineration Plants"	China Association of Urban Environmental Sanitation
	本集團河南南陽垃圾發電項目 (「南陽項目」)、黑龍江哈爾濱 垃圾發電項目(「哈爾濱項目」)、 浙江寧海垃圾發電項目(「寧海項目」)、 河南信陽垃圾發電項目(「信陽項目」)與 江蘇無錫錫東垃圾發電項目榮獲「國家AAA級 生活垃圾焚燒廠」榮譽稱號	中國城市環境衛生協會
	Harbin Project was awarded the title of "Comprehensive Environmental Protection Law Enforcement Training Base in Heilongjiang Province"	Department of Ecology and Environment of Heilongjiang Province
	哈爾濱項目獲頒「黑龍江省生態環境 保護綜合行政執法實戰實訓基地 稱號」	黑龍江省生態環境廳
Project Construction 工程建設	The Group's Western Yiyang Waste-to-energy Project in Hunan Province was recognised as a "2024 High-Quality Small and Medium-Sized Power Project in China"	China Electric Power Construction Association
	本集團湖南益陽西部垃圾發電項目 工程獲評「2024年度中國電力中小型 優質工程」	中國電力建設企業協會
	The construction work of the Group's Xiongan Waste Integrated Treatment Project garnered the "2024 Hebei Province Construction	Hebei Construction Industry Association
	Engineering Anji Cup Award" 本集團雄安垃圾綜合處理設施項目 建設工程獲頒「二零二四年度 河北省建設工程安濟杯獎」	河北省建築業協會

Catagory	Award/Recognition	Awarding Organisation(s)
Category 類別	獎項/榮譽	獎項頒發機構
Sustainable Development 可持續發展	Included in the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices	Dow Jones
	(the 9th consecutive year) 獲納入道瓊斯可持續發展指數系列 (連續第九年)	道瓊斯
	Included in the Sustainability Yearbook (the 7th time)	S&P Global
	獲納入《可持續發展年鑒》(第七次)	標普全球
	Included in the Sustainability Yearbook (China Edition) (the second consecutive year)	S&P Global
	獲納入《可持續發展年鑒(中國版)》 (連續第二年)	標普全球
	Included in the Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Benchmark Index	Hang Seng Index
	(the 14th consecutive year) 獲納入恒生可持續發展企業基准指數 (連續第十四年)	恒生指數
	Shortlisted in the list of "China's Top 100 Sustainable Development Companies (2024)"	China Business Council for Sustainable Development and China Enterprise Confederation
	入選「2024中國企業可持續發展100佳」	中國可持續發展工商理事會、 中國企業聯合會
	Ninghai Project was shortlisted as the first batch of "Zhejiang Province New Quality Productive Force Science Popularisation Experience Centre (Site)"	
	寧海項目入選 [「] 首批浙江省 新質生產力科普體驗館(點)」	浙江省科學技術協會
	The Group's Gansu Wuwei Waste-to-energy Project ("Wuwei Project") successfully registered as an International Verified Carbon	VERRA*
	Standard ("VCS") Project 本集團甘肅武威垃圾發電項目(「武威 項目」) 成功註冊國際核證自願減排 標準(「VCS」) 項目	VERRA*
	Hue Project garnered the "Environmental Protection Contribution Award" 順化項目獲頒「環境保護貢獻獎」	Government of Thua Thien Hue Province, Vietnam 越南承天順化省政府

^{*} VERRA is a non-profit organisation established in 2005 by the Climate Group (CG), the International Emissions Trading Association (IETA), and the World Economic Forum (WEF).

^{*} VERRA是氣候組織(CG)、國際排放交易協會(IETA)及世界經濟論壇(WEF)於2005年共同建立的非營利組織。

Category	Award/Recognition	Awarding Organisation(s)
類別	獎項/榮譽	獎項頒發機構
Social Responsibility 社會責任	Social Responsibility Brand of the Year (the 10th consecutive year)	China Charity Festival
江自兵任	年度責任品牌 (連續第十年)	中國公益節
	The Green Wings Program was awarded the Charity Case of the Year	China Charity Festival
	「綠翼計劃」獲評為「年度公益案例獎」	中國公益節
	The Group's Hubei Tianmen Waste-to-energy Project garnered the "Hubei Environmental Protection Government Award"	Government of Hubei Province
	本集團湖北天門垃圾發電項目獲評 「湖北省環境保護政府獎」	湖北省政府
	Yingtan Project garnered the "Science Education Base in Jiangxi Province" award	Jiangxi Association For Science and Technology
	鷹潭項目獲評「江西省科普教育基地」	江西省科學技術協會
	The Group's Hainan Sanya Waste-to-energy Project was shortlisted in "The Third Batch of Science Education Bases in Hainan Province 2021-2025"	Hainan Association For Science and Technology, Department of Science and Technology of Hainan Province
	本集團海南三亞垃圾發電項目入選 「2021-2025第三批海南省科普教育基地」	海南省科學技術協會、海南省 科學技術廳
	Xinyang Project and Nanyang Project garnered the "Excellent Science Education Base for Classification of Domestic Waste in Henan Province for the Year 2023" award	Department of Housing and Urban-Rural Development of Henan Province
	信陽項目及南陽項目獲評 「2023年度河南省生活垃圾 分類優秀科普教育基地」	河南省住房和城鄉建設廳
	The Group's Liaoning Shenyang Waste-to-energy Project was accredited as one of the "First Batch of Provincial Tourism Technology Demonstration Parks in Liaoning Province"	Department of Culture and Tourism of Liaoning Province
	本集團遼寧沈陽垃圾發電項目獲評 「遼寧省首批省級旅遊科技示範園區」	遼寧省文化和旅遊廳

ENVIRONMENTAL ENERGY 環保能源

Focusing on Deployment and Enhancement of Solid Waste Business Chain to Grow Bigger and Better 聚焦固廢產業鏈佈局提升 致力於做大做優



I. ENVIRONMENTAL ENERGY ─、環保能源

Environmental energy is the largest core business sector of the Group, contributing the most to its overall business. This sector encompasses waste-to-energy, food and kitchen waste treatment, leachate treatment, fly ash treatment, methane-to-energy, sludge treatment and disposal, construction and decoration waste treatment, development of environmental protection industrial parks, integrated urban services, waste sorting, resource utilisation and recycling, as well as technical consultancy and engineering design relating to environmental protection. During the year under review, environmental energy continued to focus on the solid waste business area, improving the layout of the waste-to-energy business chain, and solidifying its industry-leading position.

As of 31 December 2024, environmental energy had invested in and held 283 projects, with a total investment of approximately RMB98.892 billion, and undertook 2 O&M projects, 2 engineering design, procurement, construction and operation ("EPCO") projects, and other types of asset-light services. These projects (including processing capacity under the O&M model) are designed to have an annual household waste processing capacity of 54,147,750 tonnes, an annual on-grid electricity of 18,453,224,900 kWh, an annual food and kitchen waste processing capacity of 3,169,295 tonnes, and an annual steam supply capacity of 1,910,832 tonnes.

環保能源為本集團旗下最具規模、業務佔比最高的核心業務板塊,業務涵蓋垃圾發電、餐廚及廚餘垃圾處理、滲濾液處理、飛灰處理、沼氣發電、污泥處理處置、建築裝潢垃圾處理、環保產業園開發;城市綜合服務、垃圾分類、資源化處置和再生資源,以及環保領域技術諮詢、工程設計等。回顧年度內,環保能源持續聚焦固廢業務領域、完善垃圾發電產業鏈佈局,鞏固行業龍頭地位。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,環保能源共投資落實項目283個,總投資約人民幣988.92億元,另承接2個委託運營項目、2個「工程設計一採購一施工一運營」(「EPCO」)項目等各類輕資產服務。該等項目設計規模(含委託運營處理規模)為年處理生活垃圾54,147,750噸、年上網電量18,453,224,900千瓦時、年處理餐廚及廚餘垃圾3,169,295噸、年供應蒸汽1,910,832噸。

As of 31 December 2024, the status of waste-to-energy projects under environmental energy are summarised below:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,環保能源垃圾發電項目情況摘要如下:

Project Status 項目狀態	Number of Projects 項目個數 (個)	Designed Processing Capacity (tonnes/annum) 設計處理規模 (噸/年)
In operation* 投運*	155	50,698,500
Under construction 在建	6	2,080,500

^{*} including O&M project(s)

As of 31 December 2024, the status of waste-to-energy synergistic projects* under environmental energy are summarised below:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,環保能源垃圾發電協同項目*情況摘要如下:

Project Status 項目狀態	Number of Projects 項目個數 (個)	Designed Processing Capacity (tonnes/annum) 設計處理規模 (噸/年)
In operation# 投運#	118	5,563,975
Under construction 在建	11	1,375,142

^{*} including various waste-to-energy synergistic projects such as food and kitchen waste treatment, sludge treatment and disposal, medical waste treatment, etc.

- # including O&M project(s)
- # 含委託運營項目

^{*} 含委託運營項目

^{*} 含餐廚及廚餘垃圾處理、污泥處理處置及醫廢處理等各類垃圾發電協同項目

In terms of market development, during the year under review, environmental energy continued to deepen its domestic market presence, leveraging the business model of balanced development of asset-light and asset-heavy businesses to drive its expansion efforts. Environmental energy secured investment projects such as Hainan Dongfang Waste-to-energy Project Phase II, consolidating its traditional business advantages. It also signed agreements for asset-light solid waste treatment synergistic businesses, including Gansu Wuwei Sanitation Integration Service Project and a biogas purification and refinement business in Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, further strengthening the Group's comprehensive solid waste management service capabilities. At the same time, environmental energy actively expanded into overseas markets, signing a joint development agreement with Uzbekistan in relation to waste-to-energy projects in Ferghana and Namangan Provinces, laying a solid foundation for further expansion into the Central Asia market. In 2024, environmental energy invested in and secured 2 new projects, with a total investment of approximately RMB568 million. It also signed various new contracts for asset-light business, covering areas such as waste sorting, sanitation integration, and heating and steam supply, with a total contract value of approximately RMB384 million. The newly-secured projects contributed to an additional designed daily household waste processing capacity of 1,000 tonnes.

市場拓展方面,回顧年度內,環保能源持續深耕國內市場,依託「輕重並舉」業務模式開展拓展工作。落實海南東方垃圾發電項目二期等投資類項目,鞏固傳統業務優勢;簽署甘肅武威環衛一體化服務項目、江蘇無錫沼氣淨化提純業務等輕資產固廢處理協同業務,進一步鞏固本集團固廢綜合處理服務能力。與此同時,環保能源積極佈局海外市場,與烏茲別克斯坦簽署有關費爾干納州及納曼干州垃圾發電項目的聯合開發協議,為進一步拓展中亞市場奠定良好基礎。二零二四年,環保能源共投資落實新項目2個,總投資約人民幣5.68億元;新簽署多項輕資產業務,涵蓋垃圾分類、環衛一體化、供熱供汽等領域,合同總額約人民幣3.84億元;新增設計規模為日處理生活垃圾1,000噸。

In terms of operations management, during the year under review, environmental energy advanced operations management through the approach of "Think Beyond Operations, Leverage Strengths and Address Weaknesses, and Implement Category-Specific Management". It deepened the implementation of the "12 Measures + Pre-Testing and Post-Evaluation" strategies for waste volume growth to ensure stable waste intake, enhanced waste storage efficiency to achieve a record-breaking average power generation efficiency of incoming waste at waste-to-energy projects surpassing 400 kWh/tonne, optimised slag treatment efficiency to strengthen pricing authority and realise annualised efficiency gains, and expanded the adoption of technologies such as coke-cleaning robots and pipeline inspection robots to significantly reduce frontline operational risks. In 2024, key metrics include an average electricity generation of 461 kWh per tonne of waste incinerated in waste-to-energy projects, a comprehensive plant power consumption rate of 15.4%, and 2 waste-to-energy projects that were approved for increased waste treatment fees.

In terms of project construction, during the year under review, 13 projects completed construction and commenced operation, with a total designed daily household waste processing capacity of 4,600 tonnes, and a designed daily food and kitchen waste processing capacity of 425 tonnes. 8 projects commenced construction, with a total designed daily household waste processing capacity of 1,900 tonnes, and a designed daily food waste processing capacity of 525 tonnes.

運營管理方面,回顧年度內,環保能源以「跳出運營、揚長補短、分類管理」方式推進運營管理工作:深入實施垃圾增量「十二條+前測後評」舉措,確保入廠垃圾量;實現垃圾倉增效,平均入廠噸垃圾發電效率首次突破400千瓦時;攻堅爐渣提效,增強定價主導力,實現年化增效;深入推廣應用清焦機器人、管網巡檢機器人等,進一步降低一線作業風險。二零二四年,環保能源垃圾發電項目平均每噸入爐垃圾發電量約461千瓦時,綜合廠用電率約15.4%,2個垃圾發電項目獲批調增處理費。

工程建設方面,回顧年度內,13個項目建成投運,設計總規模為日處理生活垃圾4,600噸、日處理餐廚垃圾425噸;8個項目開工建設,設計總規模為日處理生活垃圾1,900噸、日處理餐廚垃圾525噸。

During the year under review, the Group's environmental energy sector contributed EBITDA of HK\$6,886,316,000, a decrease of 24% as compared with 2023. Environmental energy contributed a net profit attributable to the Group of HK\$3,849,226,000, a decrease of 27% as compared with 2023. The decrease in profit was mainly attributable to the decrease in number of construction projects leading to lower construction profits compared to that of 2023.

Major operating data relating to environmental energy during 2024 are summarised below:

回顧年度內,本集團環保能源板塊貢獻除利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利合共港幣6,886,316,000元,較二零二三年下降24%。環保能源貢獻本集團應佔淨盈利為港幣3,849,226,000元,較二零二三年下降27%。盈利減少主要由於在建項目數量較二零二三年減少導致建造服務盈利下跌。

二零二四年,環保能源之主要運營數據摘要如下:

	2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	Percentage Change 百分比變動
Waste processing volume 垃圾處理量 (噸) (tonnes) Food and kitchen waste, 餐廚及廚餘垃圾、 sludge, and other waste 污泥及其他垃圾	52,006,000	48,603,000	7%
processing volume (tonnes) 處理量 (噸) On-grid electricity (MWh) 上網電量 (兆瓦時)	4,260,000 17,042,000	2,718,000 15,828,000	57% 8%



II. ENVIRONMENTAL WATER 二、環保水務

As of 31 December 2024, the Group held a 72.87% stake in Everbright Water, its environmental water sector, which is listed on the Mainboard of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). As a first-class water environment management service provider in China, Everbright Water focuses on the "water-related" business areas. It has developed a fully-fledged business coverage, which includes raw water protection, water supply, municipal waste water treatment, industrial waste water treatment, reusable water, riverbasin ecological restoration, sludge treatment, disposal, etc. It has also formed a full business chain in the water business, including project investment, planning and design, technology R&D and related services, engineering and construction, operations management, and integrated diagnosis, among others. Everbright Water is proactively creating value for industries through various water businesses.

As of 31 December 2024, Everbright Water had invested in and held 171 projects, with a total investment of approximately RMB31.675 billion. It also undertook 12 O&M projects and other types of asset-light services. These projects (including treatment capacity under the O&M model) are designed to have an annual waste water treatment capacity of 2,366,660,000 m³, an annual reusable water supply capacity of 118,479,000 m³, an annual water supply capacity of 310,250,000 m³, an annual sludge treatment capacity of 793,875 tonnes, and an annual livestock and poultry manure treatment capacity of 109,500 tonnes.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團持有光大水務72.87%的權益。作為本集團環保水務板塊,光大水務是新加坡証券交易所有限公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市公司。作為中國一流的水環境綜合治理服務供應商,光大水務聚焦「泛水」領域,已實現原水保護、供水、市政污水處理、工業廢水處理、中水回用、流域治理、污泥處理處置等全業務覆蓋,精專於項目投資、規劃設計、科技研發及服務、工程建設、運營管理、綜合診斷等業務領域,致力於推動以水為源的產業價值創造。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,光大水務共投資落實項目171個,總投資約人民幣316.75億元,另承接12個委託運營項目及其他輕資產服務。該等項目設計規模(含委託運營處理規模)為年處理污水2,366,660,000立方米、年供中水118,479,000立方米、年供水310,250,000立方米、年處置污泥793,875噸、年處理畜禽糞污109,500噸。

As of 31 December 2024, Everbright Water's water projects are summarised below:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,光大水務各類水務項目情況摘要如下:

Project Status* 項目狀態*	Number of Projects 項目個數 (個)	Designed Treatment Capacity (m³/annum) 設計處理規模 (立方米/年)
In operation 投運	153	2,246,064,000
Under construction 在建	10	372,300,000

- including projects with O&M services
- * 含委託運營服務的項目

In terms of market development, during the year under review, Everbright Water consolidated its existing business strengths and explored new frontiers, promoting the balanced development of asset-light and asset-heavy businesses. It advanced various expansion initiatives through synergies. Everbright Water implemented municipal waste water treatment projects such as Anyang Municipal Waste Water Treatment Centre Phase I Project in Henan Province, thereby continuing to strengthen its traditional business advantages. It also secured asset-light business including Jiangyin Lingang Industrial Waste Water Treatment Plant and Ancillary Pipeline Network Phase I EPCO Project in Jiangsu Province, as well as Zhengzhou Airport Economy Zone Waste Water Treatment (Plant 4) Construction, Operation and Management Project in Henan Province, further extending its services to comprehensive industrial park waste water treatment. Leveraging its technical service entities, the Group further enhanced its asset-light capacity to deliver high-value services, promoting a more pronounced synergy between its asset-light and asset-heavy businesses. In overseas markets, Everbright Water adopted an asset-light business model to successively secure equipment supply services for the Bengkalis Water Supply Project in Indonesia and the Petrochemical Waste Water Treatment Project in Egypt. A Memorandum of Understanding was signed to explore opportunities for cooperation in the industrial estate of Siak Regency, Riau Province. Indonesia. The signing was supported by a delegation of relevant business representatives, with the aim of fostering business exchanges and collaboration in the water sector. In 2024, Everbright Water invested in and secured 5 new projects and signed 2 complementary agreements to its existing projects, with a total investment of approximately RMB896 million, and signed various new contracts for asset-light business, with a total contract value of approximately RMB1.033 billion. The new projects are designed to have a daily waste water treatment capacity of 183,000 m³ and a daily reusable water supply capacity of 9,000 m³.

市場拓展方面,回顧年度內,光大水務堅持固本拓新、輕重並舉,協同推進各項拓展業務。投資落實河南安陽市政污水處理中心一期工程項目等市政污水處理項目,持續鞏固傳統業務優勢。取得江蘇江陰臨港工業廢水處理廠及配套管網一期EPCO項目、河南鄭州航空港區第四污水處理廠新建工程項目施工總承包及委託運營等輕資產業務,進一步向全方位園區工業廢水處理服務延伸。依託旗下技術服務主體,進一步強化輕資產服務能力,促進輕重總資產業務協同發展態勢進一步凸顯。在海外市場,光大水務以輕資產業務模式先後承接印度尼西亞本卡利斯供水項目設備供貨和埃及石油化工污水處理項目設備供貨服務,並簽署了一份合作備忘錄,以探索在印尼廖內省西阿克縣工業園區的合作,並由相關企業代表團陪同,促進水務領域更深層次的商業交流與合作。二零二四年,光大水務共投資落實5個新項目並簽署2份現有項目的補充協議,總投資約人民幣8.96億元;新簽署各類輕資產業務,合同總額約人民幣10.33億元;新增設計規模為日處理污水183,000立方米、日供中水9,000立方米。

In terms of operations management, during the year under review, Everbright Water leveraged digitalisation, innovative models, the "Five Innovations" initiative, and other key initiatives to enhance project operations management, diversify income streams, and improve efficiency. Some of its projects implemented energy management contracting ("EMC"), making technological energy-saving improvements to reduce costs and increase efficiency. Some of its projects recycled residual oxygen to generate additional profit. Everbright Water further refined evaluation criteria for star-rated factories, continuously improving the proficiency and efficiency of intelligent water plant construction. Based on industry exchanges and in-depth learning, Everbright Water explored the development of a "Dark Factory" model and an implementation road map that meets its needs. Additionally, it further solidified the "Solar Power +" model that integrates new energy with environmental protection business scenario. As at 31 December 2024, 7 projects of Everbright Water had seen their solar power facilities commence operation, with a total installed capacity of approximately 14 MWp, generating over 13 million kWh of green electricity per annum. In 2024, 5 waste water treatment plants of Everbright Water received regulatory approval for tariff hikes.

In terms of project construction, during the year under review, Everbright Water had 13 projects that either commenced construction or commenced operation upon completion of construction works, with a designed daily water treatment capacity of 209,000 m³; 8 projects that commenced construction, with a designed daily water treatment capacity of 154,000 m³.

During the year under review, the Group's environmental water sector contributed an EBITDA of HK\$2,196,829,000, a decrease of 11% compared with 2023. Environmental water contributed a net profit attributable to the Group of HK\$810,769,000, a decrease of 6% compared with 2023. The decrease in profit was mainly due to the recognition of one-off lump sum operation income related to the new tariffs applied retrospectively in 2024 is lower than that of 2023.

運營管理方面,回顧年度內,光大水務通過數字化賦能、模式創新、「五小創新」等工作抓手,帶動項目運營管理提質、開源、增效。旗下部分項目開展效能提升合同能源管理,通過技術節能改造助力降本增效。部分項目開展餘氧循環利用,實現增收。光大水務就星級工廠評定標準進一步細化,持續提升智慧水廠建設質效。基於行業交流與深入學習,摸索打造符合自身需求的「黑燈工廠」技術體系和實施路徑。進一步鞏固新能源與環保業務場景相結合的「光伏+」模式。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,已有7個項目的光伏發電設施投入運營,這些設施的裝機容量約14兆瓦,全年可提供綠色電力逾1,300萬千瓦時。二零二四年,5個污水處理廠獲批上調水價。

工程建設方面,回顧年度內,光大水務共有13個項目建成完工或建成投運,設計日水處理規模209,000立方米;8個項目開工建設,設計日水處理規模154,000立方米。

回顧年度內,本集團環保水務板塊貢獻除利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利合共港幣2,196,829,000元,較二零二三年下降11%。環保水務貢獻本集團應佔淨盈利為港幣810,769,000元,較二零二三年下降6%。盈利減少主要由於二零二四年追溯確認過往期間水費上調的一次性運營收入較二零二三年減少。

Major operating data relating to environmental water during 2024 are summarised below:

二零二四年,環保水務之主要運營資料摘要如下:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	Percentage change 百分比變動
Waste water treatment volume ('000 m³) Reusable water treatment	污水處理量 (千立方米) 中水回用量	1,763,000	1,749,000	1%
volume ('000 m³)	(千立方米)	48,500	45,500	7%



III. GREENTECH 三、綠色環保

As of 31 December 2024, the Group held a 69.70% stake in Everbright Greentech, its greentech sector, which is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Everbright Greentech focuses on integrated biomass utilisation, hazardous and solid waste treatment, environmental remediation, and new energy such as solar power and wind power.

As of 31 December 2024, Everbright Greentech had invested in and held 145 projects, with a total investment of approximately RMB31.236 billion. These projects are designed to have an annual biomass raw material processing capacity of 8,209,800 tonnes, an annual household waste processing capacity of 4,215,750 tonnes, an annual hazardous and solid waste processing capacity of 2,466,376 tonnes, an annual on-grid electricity of 7,144,334,985 kWh, an annual steam supply of 6,306,663 tonnes, a solar and wind power installed capacity of 292.85 MW, and an energy storage capacity of 22.20 MW. In addition, Everbright Greentech undertook 17 environmental remediation services (excluding services that had been completed and delivered).

As of 31 December 2024, Everbright Greentech's solar power and wind power projects are summarised below:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團持有光大綠色環保69.70%的權益。作為本集團綠色環保板塊,光大綠色環保為聯交所主板上市公司,專注於生物質綜合利用、危廢及固廢處置、環境修復、光伏發電及風電業務等新能源領域。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,光大綠色環保共投資落實項目145個,總投資約人民幣312.36億元,設計規模為年處理生物質原材料8,209,800噸、年處理生活垃圾4,215,750噸、年處置危固廢2,466,376噸、年上網電量7,144,334,985千瓦時、年供蒸汽6,306,663噸;光伏發電及風電裝機容量達292.85兆瓦,儲能項目的儲能規模為22.20兆瓦。此外,光大綠色環保承接環境修復服務17項(不含已完工交付的服務)。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,光大綠色環保光伏發電及風電項目情況摘要如下:

Project Status 項目狀態	Number of Projects 項目個數(個)	Designed Installed Capacity (MW) 設計處理規模 (兆瓦)
In operation 投運	31	186.78
Under construction 在建	2	68.61

In terms of market expansion, during the year under review, Everbright Greentech achieved remarkable results in the expansion of its new environmental protection business. It invested in and developed its first energy storage project in Guangzhou, Guangdong Province, marking a new step forward in the clean energy sector; improved its "zero-carbon park + virtual power plant + power trading" model by signing three new zero-carbon park projects; established a virtual power plant and power trading platform, culminating in the completion of the first electricity transaction, thus marking the beginning of a new journey in the electricity sales business. Meanwhile, Everbright Greentech continued to solidify its traditional operations, successfully signing contracts for multiple landfill restoration and contaminated site remediation services, achieving a significant business breakthrough in the Guangdong and Yunnan markets. In 2024, Everbright Greentech invested in and secured 5 new projects and a sub-project under the existing project, with a total investment of approximately RMB300 million. It also signed new contracts for 9 environmental remediation services, with a total contract value of approximately RMB134 million. The new projects are designed to have an annual biomass raw material processing capacity of 70,000 tonnes, a solar power installed capacity of 56.46 MW, and an energy storage capacity of 12.20 MW.

In terms of operations management, during the year under review, Everbright Greentech focused on tapping into the potential of local fuel resources and strengthened the management of secondary fuel costs, resulting in significant savings in production costs. It also actively explored the resource utilisation and high-value application of biomass, accelerating its transformation and development. By enhancing centralised market coordination, the overall disposal costs for hazardous waste were further reduced.

With respect to project construction, during the year under review, Everbright Greentech had 11 projects that completed construction and commenced operation, contributing an additional designed annual household waste processing capacity of 255,500 tonnes, with a solar power installed capacity of 53.96 MW, and an energy storage capacity of 2.20 MW. 9 environmental remediation services were completed and delivered. In addition, 5 projects commenced construction, with a solar power installed capacity of 60.19 MW and an energy storage capacity of 12.20 MW. 10 environmental remediation services commenced their respective remediation work in succession.

市場拓展方面,回顧年度內,光大綠色環保新業務拓展成果顯著。在廣東廣州投資建設本集團首個儲能項目,在清潔能源業務領域邁出新的一步;進一步完善「零碳園區+虛擬電廠+電力交易」模式,新簽署3個零碳園區項目;搭建虛擬電廠和電力交易平台,完成首筆電量交易,開啟售電業務新征程。與此同時,光大綠色環保紮實做好傳統業務,成功簽署多項垃圾填埋場修復和污染場地治理服務,並於廣東、雲南市場實現業務零突破。二零二四年,光大綠色環保共投資落實新項目5個並落實1個現有項目的子項目,總投資約人民幣3.00億元;新簽署9項環境修復服務,合同總額約人民幣1.34億元。新增設計規模為年處理生物質原材料70,000噸,光伏發電裝機容量56.46兆瓦,儲能規模12.20兆瓦。

運營管理方面,回顧年度內,光大綠色環保深挖燃料本地資源化潛力,強化燃料二次費用管理,顯著節約生產成本;積極探索生物質資源化、高值化利用,加快推進轉型發展。通過強化中心市場統籌,進 一步降低危廢單位整體處置成本下降。

工程建設方面,回顧年度內,光大綠色環保共有11個項目建成投運,設計規模為年處理生活垃圾255,500噸,光伏發電裝機容量53.96兆瓦,儲能規模2.20兆瓦;9個環境修復服務完成修復工程並交付。此外,5個項目開工建設,光伏發電裝機容量60.19兆瓦,儲能規模12.20兆瓦;10個環境修復服務開始提供修復工程。

During the year under review, the Group's greentech sector contributed an EBITDA of HK\$1,009,155,000, a decrease of 32% compared with 2023. Greentech contributed a net loss attributable to the Group of HK\$284,787,000, an increase of loss of 46% as compared with 2023. The decrease in profit was mainly due to the weaker-than-expected recovery of the domestic hazardous and solid waste treatment market leading to certain projects continued to operate at a loss, resulting in an increase in the impairment losses on intangible assets, property, plant and equipment, goodwill, and right of use assets compared to the last financial year.

Major operating data relating to greentech during 2024 are summarised below:

回顧年度內,本集團綠色環保板塊貢獻除利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利港幣1,009,155,000元,較二零二三年下降32%。綠色環保貢獻本集團應佔淨虧損港幣284,787,000元,較二零二三年增加虧損46%。盈利的下降主要是由於國內危廢及固廢處置市場復甦不及預期,導致若干項目經營持續虧損,年內確認的無形資產、物業、廠房及設備、商譽及使用權資產耗損同比上升。

二零二四年,綠色環保之主要運營資料摘要如下:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	Percentage change 百分比變動
Waste processing volume	垃圾處理量(噸)			
(tonnes)		4,156,000	3,836,000	8%
Biomass raw material	生物質原材料處理量			
processing volume (tonnes)	(噸)	7,686,000	7,845,000	-2%
Hazardous and solid waste	危固廢處置量(噸)			
processing volume (tonnes)		499,000	449,000	11%
Steam supply volume (tonnes)	蒸汽供應量(噸)	4,009,000	3,084,000	30%
On-grid electricity (MWh)	上網電量(兆瓦時)	6,675,831	6,474,263	3%

EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURING 裝備製造

Focusing on Integration of Advanced Manufacturing and Modern Services to Explore and Establish "Zero-carbon Factory" 聚焦先進製造與現代服務融合 探索打造「零碳工廠」

IV. EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURING 四、裝備製造

With Changzhou Equipment Company being the platform, the Group's equipment manufacturing sector strategically positions itself as the major entity to implement the Group's development strategies empowered by intelligent manufacturing. It also persistently develops and upgrades the zero-carbon factories to foster a new development paradigm featured with "Intelligently Made by Everbright". As a result, equipment manufacturing continues to solidify its industry-leading position.

In terms of market expansion, during the year under review, equipment manufacturing insisted on integrating its professional advantages with market demand, actively deployed market opportunities at home and abroad, and followed up on multiple projects with good progress. Notably, equipment manufacturing implemented the first waste battery recycling and resource utilisation project in Changzhou City, Jiangsu Province. This not only marks the Group's first battery recycling project but also serves as a benchmark project for the implementation of the national major technical equipment of this kind in China. In overseas markets, equipment manufacturing won the bid for an equipment supply service in Malaysia, marking its first small-scale furnace equipment project in the overseas market, and won another bid in India for a grate furnace supply service, accelerating the international rollout of the Group's independently developed environmental protection equipment and services. Additionally, five equipment products, including incinerators (including the small-scale type), passed the relevant assessment and received the CE Marking, providing strong support for the Group's in-depth expansion into the European market.

本集團裝備製造板塊依託常州裝備公司為平台,圍繞「智造賦能戰略實施主體」戰略定位,堅持升級打造「零碳工廠」,積極構建「光大智造」發展新格局,持續鞏固行業領先地位。

市場拓展方面,回顧年度內,裝備製造堅持將自身專業優勢與市場需求相結合,積極謀劃境內外市場佈局,跟進多個項目且進展良好。其中,在江蘇常州落實首個廢舊電池回收資源化利用項目,這不僅是本集團首個電池回收利用項目,亦成為中國首台(套)成果落地標竿項目。在海外市場,裝備製造在馬來西亞中標設備供貨服務,實現小型爐裝備項目的首次海外落地,並於印度中標爐排爐供貨合同,加速推進本集團自主研發的環保裝備產品與服務出海。此外,裝備製造旗下焚燒爐(含小型爐)等五項設備產品通過歐盟CE認證,為本集團在歐洲市場的深度拓展提供了有力支撐。

In 2024, equipment manufacturing signed 191 external sales contracts (including contracts for external sales of equipment), with a total contract value of RMB285 million. With respect to the equipment supply and after-sales services, equipment manufacturing commenced service items to 205 clients, provided 15 sets of grate furnaces to the Group's internal projects and external clients, and provided 81 sets of equipment for incinerator, boiler, flue gas purification system and membrane system. The sector also signed 167 contracts in relation to external after-sale services, with a total contract value of approximately RMB171.7 million. In 2024, the sector provided 195 after-sales service projects, of which 124 were internal projects and 71 were external projects.

During the year under review, with a goal of boosting proficiency and efficiency, equipment manufacturing's major achievements in the R&D on equipment, processes, and technologies are summarised as follows:

- A project on the R&D and commercialisation of rapid assembly of small-scale solid waste treatment equipment with a treatment capacity of 200 tonnes/day passed relevant assessment and inspection.
- The Group's complete set of 75 tonnes/day small-scale equipment was installed and commenced operation at an environmental protection project in Barkam, Sichuan Province.
- The set of equipment and engineering application for multi-source, multi-phase hazardous waste large-capacity continuous flow incineration was certified as internationally leading by an authoritative organisation.
- The key technologies for efficient tiered pyrolysis of waste power batteries and complete equipment for recovering valuable components from waste batteries were certified as internationally leading in terms of performance.

二零二四年,裝備製造共簽署外銷合同191份(含外銷設備合同),合同總金額達人民幣2.85億元。設備供貨及售後服務方面,啟動項目供貨服務205個客戶;完成內外部客戶爐排爐生產15台套;完成焚燒爐、鍋爐、煙氣處理及膜系統等成套設備供貨81台套/條線;簽署外銷售後服務合同167份,合同總金額達人民幣1.717億元。二零二四年提供售後服務項目195個,其中內部項目124個,外部項目71個。

回顧年度內,圍繞提質增效目標,裝備製造在設備、工藝及技術研發方面的重要成果摘要如下:

- 「200噸/日快裝式小型固廢處置成套裝備研發及產業化」攻關項目通過驗收。
- 本集團推出的75噸/日小型爐成套設備已在四川馬爾康承接的環保項目進入投產運行。
- 「多源多相態危廢大容量順流式焚燒成套裝備及工程應用」經權威機構成果鑒定為國際先進水平。
- 「廢舊動力電池高效梯級熱解關鍵技術及有價組分回收成套裝備」獲成果鑒定達國際領先水平。



V. ENVIROTECH 五、環境研究院

Being the Group's engine for technology R&D and innovation, envirotech focused on key research areas such as solid waste treatment and resource utilisation, agricultural and forestry biomass utilisation, water environment management, big data, intelligent control, etc. Serving as the Group's platform for core technological innovation and commercialisation of technological achievements, envirotech aims to empower the development of all business sectors of the Group through technology-driven solutions.

In terms of technological empowerment, during the year under review, envirotech strengthened technical exchanges and communication with various business sectors within the Group. It delved into demands, identified pain points, effectively addressed practical issues in project operations, and promoted the transformation of outcomes. In the meantime, by leveraging projects under the Group, envirotech has actively implemented major initiatives such as beautifying rural areas, flue gas purification, and small-scale waste incinerators, thereby supporting the Group's expansion into new businesses, elevating processing technologies, and fostering equipment innovation. In 2024, envirotech achieved 30 commercialisations. Among them, the integrated desulfurisation and denitrification technology offered a cost-effective solution for raising standards of flue gas emissions in multiple projects; anaerobic ammonia oxidation technology was applied for the first time in projects through a EMC model; the automatic combustion control (ACC) technology was further applied in more projects, further enhancing the level of automation in waste incineration; and most core functional modules of the data comprehensive application service technology are now operational online, boosting data sharing capabilities within the Group's systems.

作為本集團科技研發創新的引擎,環境研究院聚焦固廢處理及資源化利用、農林生物質利用、水環境治理、大數據及智能控制等重點領域,專注於以科技賦能本集團各板塊業務發展,是本集團核心技術 創新及成果轉化平台。

科技賦能方面,環境研究院於回顧年度內加強與本集團業務板塊進行技術對接與交流,深挖需求、收集痛點,有效解決項目運營中的實際問題,推動成果落地轉化。與此同時,環境研究院依託本集團旗下項目推進美麗鄉村、煙氣淨化、小微型垃圾焚燒爐等「大課題」實施,助力本集團新業務拓展、處理工藝提標、裝備技術創新等。二零二四年,累計實現成果轉化30項。其中,脫硫脫硝一體化技術為多個項目的煙氣提標提供了低成本解決方案;厭氧氨氧化技術首次以合同能源管理模式進行項目應用轉化;自動燃燒控制(ACC)技術推廣至更多項目,進一步提升垃圾焚燒自動化水平;數據綜合應用服務技術大部分核心功能模塊已上線運行,增強本集團系統內的數據共享能力。

Centred on the Group's "Second-stage Entrepreneurship" initiative and the exploration of the "Second Curve" development goals, envirotech, during the year under review, focused on the challenges and opportunities facing the domestic environmental protection industry. From the perspective of leading technological innovation, envirotech aimed to establish itself as the Group's platform for collecting and sharing policy and industry information. With specific concentration on areas such as solid waste recycling, green fuels, bio-based materials, and solar energy storage, envirotech systematically conducted policy research, industry surveys, and model exploration.

Guided by China's goals of "Peaking Carbon Emission and Achieving Carbon Neutrality", during the year under review, envirotech actively promoted asset development and management work. Among these efforts, envirotech collaborated with environmental energy to complete the registration of the International VCS programme for Wuwei Project, making it the Group's first waste-to-energy project with the VCS verification. Furthermore, it expedited the VCS verification for Hue Project. Envirotech also facilitated the internal adoption of a self-developed carbon asset management system within the Group's systems, which has spanned over 370 projects. This advancement further enhances the intelligent management of carbon emission data and establishes a solid foundation for the disclosure of carbon emission data.

圍繞本集團「二次創業」、探索「第二曲線」的發展目標與需求,環境研究院於回顧年度內針對國內環保產業發展面臨的挑戰與機遇,從科技創新引領角度,打造本集團的政策與行業信息收集共享平台,重點圍繞固廢資源化、綠色燃料、生物基材料、光伏儲能等領域,系統開展政策研究、行業調研和模式探索。

圍繞國家「碳達峰、碳中和」目標,環境研究院於回顧年度內積極推進資產開發與管理工作。其中,與環保能源合作推動完成武威項目的VCS備案,令其成為本集團首個垃圾發電VCS項目,並加速推進越南順化項目的VCS備案申請工作;推動自主研發的碳資產管理系統在本集團系統內推廣應用,已覆蓋370多個項目,進一步提升項目碳排放數據的智能化管理,也為碳排放數據披露奠定堅實基礎。

As of 31 December 2024, authorised intellectual property rights that were held and major technical essays published by the Group are listed below:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團持有授權知識產權及重要技術論文發表情況如下:

		2024 二零二四年	As of 31 December 2024 (accumulated) 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日(累計)
Granted intellectual property	授權知識產權*(項)		
rights*		193	2,149
Invention patents	發明專利	56	282
Utility model patents	實用型專利	90	1,480
Software copyrights	軟件著作權	45	332
Appearance patents	外觀專利	2	55
Major technical essays	重要論文發表(篇)	5	102

^{*} Including intellectual property rights that have been terminated or have expired

^{*} 含終止維護或過期失效的知識產權

Events After The Reporting Period 報告期間後事項

On 6 and 7 January 2025, CEWL completed the issuance of the first tranche MTNs for 2025 in the national Inter-Bank Bond Market in the PRC with a principal amount of RMB1.5 billion, at an interest rate of 1.78% per annum, and a maturity period of 5 years (with an interest rate adjustment option to be exercised by CEWL and a resale option to be exercised by the noteholders at the end of the third interest-bearing year).

In February 2025, Everbright Greentech completed the issuance of the first tranche green MTNs in the Inter-Bank Bond Market in the PRC with a principal amount of RMB1.0 billion, at an interest rate of 2.39% per annum, and a maturity period of 3+N years. The proceeds from the issuance are for repayment of interest-bearing debts of Everbright Greentech and its subsidiaries, replenishment of working capital and/or investment in and construction of their environmental protection projects and for other business development purposes.

於二零二五年一月六日及一月七日,光大水務在中國全國銀行間債券市場完成二零二五年度第一期中期票據的發行工作,發行本金金額為人民幣15億元,發行票面利率為1.78%,期限為5年(附第三個計息年度末光大水務票面利率調整選擇權及票據持有人回售選擇權)。

於二零二五年二月,光大綠色環保在中國全國銀行間債券市場完成二零二五年第一期綠色中期票據的發行工作,發行本金為人民幣10億元,發行票面利率為2.39%,期限為3+N年。募得資金用於償還光大綠色環保及其附屬公司的有息債務、補充營運資金及/或投資和建設環保項目及其他業務發展用途。

Business Prospects 業務展望

As a practitioner of Xijinping's Thought on Ecological Civilisation, a leading player of Building a Beautiful China, and a leader in China's environmental protection industry, the Group will adhere to the corporate mission of "Devoted to Ecology and Environment for a Beautiful China", with the goal "To Become a World-Class Integrated Environmental Service Provider with Chinese Characteristics". The Group will actively integrate into key national strategies, effectively ensuring people's livelihood security and stability of energy supply. It will delve deeper into the three major development directions, namely technology as a driving force, an internationalisation path, and an industrial ecological system, and gradually transform the strategic blueprint of its "15th Five-Year Plan" into reality. Additionally, the Group will coordinate domestic and international markets, as well as traditional and emerging businesses, to expand synergistic businesses, extend the business chains, and enhance the contribution of incremental business. Furthermore, the Group will strengthen refining operations management, tap into operations management potential, and accelerate digital transformation. It will deepen the integration of technology and industry to cultivate new quality productive forces and drive "Second-stage Entrepreneurship" with innovation. The Group will also elevate positioning and broaden perspectives to make every effort to address the difficult problem of accounts receivable, while persisting in the continuous emphasis on safety production. Lastly, regarding execution, the Group will practice and promote the corporate culture of "Real Action, Immediate Implementation" and the entrepreneurial culture of "Embracing Rules, Taking Bold Responsibility, and Pursuing Dreams", to consolidate the collective effort of "Second-stage Entrepreneurship".

Looking forward, the Group will adhere to the principles of pursuing progress while maintaining stability and promoting stability through progress, focus on core responsibilities and main business, as well as consolidate the Group's leading position in the industry. In addition, the Group will enhance its core competitiveness, fully embark on a new journey of "Second-stage Entrepreneurship", laying a solid foundation for a good start for the 15th Five-Year Plan" and continue to contribute to the construction of a Beautiful China.

作為習近平生態文明思想的踐行者、美麗中國建設的擔當者、中國環保產業的領軍者,本集團將秉持「情繫生態環境、築夢美麗中國」企業使命,圍繞打造成為「具有中國特色的世界一流環境綜合服務商」的目標,主動融入國家重大戰略,紮實做好民生保障與能源保供;深化「兩化一型」發展方向,將「十五五」戰略藍圖逐步轉化為現實;統籌好境內外市場、傳統業務與新興業務,開拓協同業務,延伸產業鏈條,提升增量業務貢獻力度;加強精細化運營管理,深挖運營管理潛能,加快數智化轉型;深化科技與產業融合,培育新質生產力,以創新驅動助力「二次創業」;提升站位、拓寬思路,全力以赴推進解決應收賬款難題,堅持安全生產常抓不懈;踐行弘揚「真抓實幹、馬上就辦」的執行力文化與「懂規矩、敢擔當、有夢想」的創業文化,凝聚「二次創業」合力。

展望未來,本集團將堅持穩中求進、以實促穩,聚焦主責主業,鞏固行業龍頭地位,提升核心競爭力,全面開啟「二次創業」新征程,為實現「十五五」良好開局築牢基礎,為美麗中國建設持續貢獻力量。

FINANCIAL REVIEW 財務回顧

Financial Results 財務業績

In 2024, the Group's consolidated revenue amounted to HK\$30,258,009,000, a decrease of 6% from HK\$32,090,207,000 in 2023. Consolidated gross profit was HK\$11,535,959,000, a decrease of 16% compared to 2023. The Group's consolidated gross margin was approximately 38.1%, a decrease of 4.9 percentage points over 2023. The EBITDA amounted to HK\$10,074,731,000, a decrease of 21% from HK\$12,827,961,000 in 2023. Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for 2024 was HK\$3,377,200,000, a decrease of 24% compared to 2023. Basic earnings per share for 2024 was HK54.98 cents, HK17.12 cents less than the amount of HK72.10 cents in 2023. The decrease of revenue and earnings were primarily due to decrease in construction service revenue recorded during 2024, mainly resulting from a drop in the number of new projects in the industry.

二零二四年,本集團綜合收益錄得港幣30,258,009,000元,較二零二三年的港幣32,090,207,000元下降6%。綜合毛利為港幣11,535,959,000元,較二零二三年下降16%;綜合毛利率約38.1%,較二零二三年減少4.9個百分點。除利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利為港幣10,074,731,000元,較二零二三年之港幣12,827,961,000下降21%。二零二四年本公司權益持有人應佔盈利為港幣3,377,200,000元,較二零二三年減少24%。二零二四年度每股基本盈利為54.98港仙,較二零二三年的72.10港仙下降17.12港仙。收入及盈利減少主要由於受行業內新增項目數量減少,導致二零二四年度內建造服務收益減少。

Financial Position 財務狀況

As of 31 December 2024, the Group's total assets approximately amounted to HK\$186,027,024,000 with net assets amounting to HK\$66,416,576,000. Net asset value per share attributable to equity holders of the Company remained stable from HK\$7.837 per share as at the end of 2023 to HK\$7.848 per share as at the end of 2024. As of 31 December 2024, the gearing ratio (total liabilities over total assets) of the Group was 64%, a decrease of 1 percentage point as compared with that of 65% as at the end of 2023.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之總資產約為港幣186,027,024,000元。淨資產為港幣66,416,576,000元。本公司權益持有人應佔每股資產淨值為港幣7.848元,與二零二三年之港幣7.837元相比保持穩定。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之資產負債比率(以總負債除以總資產計算所得)為64%,較二零二三年年底之65%下降1個百分點。

Financial Resources 財務資源

The Group adopts a prudent approach on cash and financial management to ensure proper risk control and low cost of funds. It finances its operations primarily with internally generated cash flow and loan facilities from banks. As of 31 December 2024, the Group had cash and bank balances of HK\$8,041,996,000, representing a decrease of HK\$590,744,000 as compared to HK\$8,632,740,000 at the end of 2023. Most of the Group's cash and bank balance, representing approximately 98%, was denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi.

本集團對現金及財務管理採取審慎的原則,妥善管理風險及降低資金成本。運營資金基本來自內部現金流及往來銀行提供之貸款。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團持有現金及銀行結餘港幣8,041,996,000元,較二零二三年年底之港幣8,632,740,000元減少港幣590,744,000元。本集團大部分現金及銀行結餘均為港幣及人民幣,佔約98%。

Borrowings 負債狀況

The Group is dedicated to enhancing the ways of financing and improving banking facilities to reserve funding to support the development of the environmental protection business. As of 31 December 2024, the Group had outstanding borrowings of HK\$91,669,439,000, representing a decrease of HK\$2,954,705,000 as compared to HK\$94,624,144,000 at the end of 2023. The borrowings included secured interest-bearing borrowings of HK\$40,277,255,000 and unsecured interest-bearing borrowings of HK\$51,392,184,000. The borrowings are mainly denominated in Renminbi, representing approximately 97% of the total borrowings, and the remainder is denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Polish Zloty. Most of the borrowings are at floating rates. As of 31 December 2024, the Group had banking facilities of HK\$96,219,437,000, of which HK\$30,024,637,000 have not been utilised. The banking facilities are of 1 to 23 years terms.

本集團致力擴闊不同的融資途徑及提升銀行貸款額度,儲備資金配合環保業務的發展。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團尚未償還貸款總額為港幣91,669,439,000元,較二零二三年年底之港幣94,624,144,000元減少港幣2,954,705,000元。貸款包括有抵押之計息借貸港幣40,277,255,000元及無抵押之計息借貸港幣51,392,184,000元。本集團的貸款主要以人民幣為單位,佔總數約97%,其餘則包括港幣和波蘭茲羅提。本集團的大部分貸款均為浮動利率。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行融資額度為港幣96,219,437,000元,其中港幣30,024,637,000元為尚未動用之額度,銀行融資為1至23年期。

Foreign Exchange Risks 外匯風險

The Company's financial statements are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company. The Group's investments made outside Hong Kong (including the Chinese Mainland) may incur foreign exchange risks and foreign exchange realignment when retranslation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries into Hong Kong dollars. The Group's operations are predominantly based in China, representing over 97% of its total investments and revenue. The Group's assets, borrowings and major transactions are mainly denominated in Renminbi, and as such, it forms a natural hedging effect in a long run. With this in mind, the Group also pursues an optimal allocation of borrowings in different currencies while setting appropriate levels of borrowing in non-base currencies, and adopting proper financial instruments to closely manage foreign exchange risk.

本公司之列賬及功能貨幣均為港幣。本集團投資於香港以外地區(包括中國內地)存在外匯風險,以及重新以港幣換算海外附屬公司的財務報表所產生的匯兌調整。一直以來,中國為本集團之主要業務所在地,佔總投資及收益超過97%以上。本集團資產、貸款及主要交易大部分以人民幣為單位,長遠地形成一種自然的對沖。通過合理匹配各種貨幣貸款,適量控制非本位幣貸款,及採用合適的金融工具以密切管理外匯風險。

Pledge of Assets 資產抵押

Certain banking facilities, lease liabilities and asset-backed securities of the Group were secured by revenue and receivables in connection with the Group's service concession arrangements, bank deposits, mortgages over property, plants and equipment, right-of-use assets and the equity interests of certain subsidiaries of the Company. As of 31 December 2024, the aggregate net book value of assets and equity interests in subsidiaries pledged amounted to approximately HK\$100,883,278,000.

本集團若干銀行融資、租賃負債及資產支持證券以本集團服務特許經營權安排下之若干收益及應收款項、銀行存款、物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及本公司若干附屬公司的股權作為抵押。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,已抵押資產及附屬公司股權之賬面淨值總額約為港幣100,883,278,000元。

Commitments 承擔

As of 31 December 2024, the Group had purchase commitments of HK\$2,161,956,000 outstanding in connection with the construction contracts.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團為建造合約而訂約之採購承擔為港幣2,161,956,000元。

Contingent Liabilities 或有負債

As of 31 December 2024, the Company granted financial guarantees to its subsidiaries. The Board does not consider it probable that a claim will be made against the Company under the guarantees. The maximum liability of the Company as of 31 December 2024 for the provision of the guarantees was HK\$243,147,000.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司曾為幾家附屬公司作出財務擔保。董事會認為,有關擔保持有人不大可能根據上述擔保向本公司作出申索。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司在上述財務擔保下之最高負債之餘額為港幣243,147,000元。

INTERNAL MANAGEMENT 內部管理

The Group adheres to the management principle of "People-oriented, Pragmatism, Creativity and Systematic Management", and has built a comprehensive management structure to maximise efficiency. The Group's management holds Management Decision Committee meeting(s) regularly to review current operations and management, with a view to promoting the sustainable development of the Company. The responsibilities of each functional department and business sector of the Group are clear with various comprehensive management systems. Internal control procedures are sound and have been implemented effectively. The Company's audit department performs its internal monitoring functions to ensure that each functional department and business sector strictly comply with the relevant internal control requirements.

The Group is committed to building a comprehensive risk management culture. It implements the risk management model of "Integration of Policy, Procedure and System with Risk-oriented" to comprehensively strengthen its risk management and control. During the year under review, the Group updated the list of risk factors according to the progress of the implementation of risk management system, with a view to continuously enhancing the systematisation and normalisation level of risk management.

本集團一直奉行「以人為本、求真務實、開拓創新、規範管理」的管理理念,並建立了完善的管理架構,以發揮最大效能。本集團管理層定期召開管理決策委員會會議,對當期運營和管理情況進行檢討,促進本公司的可持續發展。本集團各職能部門及各業務板塊職責清晰明確,各項管理制度完善,內部控制流程健全且得到有效執行,其中本公司審計部門發揮內部監督職能,確保各職能部門、各業務板塊嚴格執行相關內部控制要求。

本集團致力建立健全的風險管理文化,並推行「以風險為導向、以制度為基礎、以流程為紐帶、以系統為抓手」的風險管理模式,全面強化管理和管控風險。於回顧年度內,本集團根據風險管理體系的推進情況,對風險要素清單進行了修訂,旨在持續提升風險管理系統化和常態化水平。

During the year under review, the Group continued to uphold the fundamental principle of "maintaining safe and stable operations while ensuring compliance with relevant emission standards" and strictly complied with the relevant national laws and regulations. In terms of safety, environment and occupational health, it proactively carried out routine inspections. Apart from incorporating "Safe Production Month" into its operation, the Group paid close attention to safety management and carried out hidden hazards identification and rectification in relation to safety risk to ensure all projects, whether under construction or in operation, strictly complied with all production safety policies. These steps secured the stable operation of environmental protection projects including waste-to-energy, integrated biomass utilisation, waste water treatment projects, etc, while enhancing economic benefits. Besides, the Group continued to move forward with project construction works while accelerating the finalisation of projects in the preparatory stage. It also went through due formalities to ensure that all project construction works were carried out in compliance with laws and regulations. At the same time, the Group continued to put more efforts into safety management of construction projects to ensure professional and safe construction.

於回顧年度內,本集團繼續將「安全穩定運營、達標排放」作為基本原則,嚴格執行國家相關法律法規,積極開展安全、環境與職業健康日常檢查工作,並結合「安全生產月」,狠抓安全管理,排查安全隱患,確保各在建及運營項目嚴格執行各項安全制度,保障垃圾發電、生物質綜合利用及污水處理等各類環保項目穩健運營的同時實現經濟效益同步提升。此外,本集團持續加強在建、籌建項目推進落實及合法合規手續辦理工作,確保各項目合法施工建造,同時不斷加大工程項目安全投入,確保文明施工、安全施工。

HUMAN RESOURCES 人力資源

Human Resources are the key strategy of corporate development which require appropriate personnel to execute this core strategy. The Group highly values its human resources management and puts great emphasis on staff training. It believes that realising the full potential of its employees is crucial to its long-term growth. The Group continues to improve its human resources through internal training as well as local, overseas, and oncampus recruitment.

企業發展關鍵是人才,實施人才戰略核心是人。本集團高度重視人力資源管理,一向注重員工培訓,深信發揮每個僱員的潛力對本集團業務長遠發展有舉足輕重的影響。本集團繼續通過自身培養、社會招聘、海外招聘、校園招聘等方式不斷加強人才隊伍建設。

To cope with the needs of talent development, the Group has adopted a multi-pronged approach to enhance its comprehensive management level through improving the policies, providing training for all staff and setting up various professional teams. During the year under review, the Group formulated new management policies including The Management Policies for Staff Training, Management Policies of Professional Qualification Framework of Headquarters, and revised the Management Policies for Recruitment. The Group has successively held seminars and trainings on ESG, tendering management, cybersecurity, policies' briefing, integrity and self-discipline through a combination of online and offline blended training mode. The management and employees were well equipped with relevant knowledge and skills with a view to address new opportunities and challenges. In order to improve the overall level of information management, different professional teams namely Information Technology Operation and Maintenance Team, Digital Platform Construction Working Group and Contract Management System Construction Project Working Group have been established. Meanwhile, in order to increase the involvement of staff in the Group's development strategy, the "Campaign to listen to the Voices of Staff" was held to collect the ideas and suggestions of employees.

The Group makes full use of the advantages of diversified businesses to provide employees with a broad development platform. In addition to cross-sector and cross-regional job rotation, the Group has arranged a number of internal recruitments to accord priority to employees to apply for the vacancies of different departments at the head office which can provide the employees with the opportunities to develop their potential by changing different positions.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had approximately 15,000 employees. Details of the total employee benefit expense for the year under review are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the financial statements. Employees within the Group are remunerated according to their qualifications, experience, job nature, performance and with reference to market conditions. Apart from a discretionary performance bonus, the Group also provides other benefits such as medical insurance and a mandatory provident fund scheme to employees in Hong Kong.

為配合人才發展需要,本集團多管齊下,通過完善制度、提供全員培訓、成立專業小組等,以提升綜合管理水準。回顧年度內,本集團新制定了教育培訓工作管理辦法、總部人員專業序列管理辦法,同時修訂了招聘管理辦法等。本集團結合線上與線下的模式,先後舉辦了ESG、採購管理、網絡安全、制度宣講、廉潔自律等專題會議及培訓,讓管理層及員工持續學習,迎接新的機遇與挑戰。為提升整體資訊管理水準,分別成立了資訊技術服務及運維團隊、數位化平台建設工作小組、合同管理系統建設項目工作小組等。此外,為鼓勵員工參與本集團發展戰略,舉行「傾聽基層聲音活動」,廣泛收集員工意見及建議。

本集團充分利用業務多元的優勢,為員工提供寬闊發展平台,除了跨板塊、跨區域輪崗交流外,本集團安排了多輪內部招聘,優先讓員工申請總部各部門職位,為員工提供不同的發展機會,激發員工潛力。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團合共僱用約15,000名員工。回顧年度內僱員福利開支的詳情載於財務報表附註8及9。僱員之薪酬乃根據資歷、經驗、工作性質、表現以及市場情況計算釐定。除了酌情獎勵花紅外,本集團亦提供其他福利予香港僱員,包括醫療保險及強積金計劃。

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES 主要風險及不確定性

The Group continued to promote work in relation to its risk management. The principal risks faced by the Group during the year were adequately identified and assessed according to the requirements of the Risk Management System of China Everbright Environment Group Limited and the Risk Management Operation Manual of China Everbright Environment Group Limited. The 2024 principal risks of the Group included accounts receivable risk, environmental compliance and safety management risk, staff placement risk, market competition risk, procurement compliance risk, operational stability risk and cost control risk. The Company has formulated and implemented targeted control measures based on the respective specific performance of each of the principal risks to ensure that the overall risk of the Company is under control.

本集團持續推進風險管理相關工作,基於《中國光大環境(集團)有限公司風險管理制度》和《中國光大環境(集團)有限公司風險管理操作手冊》要求,對本集團面臨的年度主要風險充分地識別和評估。本集團二零二四年主要風險分別是應收賬款風險、環境合規與安全管理風險、人員配置風險、市場競爭風險、採購合規風險、運營穩定性風險、成本控制風險。本公司根據各主要風險具體表現,制定並開展了有針對性的管控措施,確保整體風險可控。

	I. Accounts receivable risk 一、 應收賬款風險
Description: 描述:	Affected by the change in national subsidy policies and the macroeconomic environment, the ability of governments at all levels to pay has been impaired, increasing the likelihood of deferring settlement of national subsidies, waste processing and waste water treatment fees, which could affect the overall liquidity. 受國補政策變動以及宏觀經濟影響,各級政府財政支付能力下降,延遲支付國補、垃圾和污水處理費的可能性增大,可能對整體流動性造成影響。

- I. Accounts receivable risk (continued)
- 一、 應收賬款風險(續)

Responsive measures: 應對措施:

- 1. Improved the management mechanism. While rigorously adhering to the work policy of "thorough understanding of the situation, accurate data, clear responsibilities, immediate actions, pragmatic work and visible results", the Company introduced institutional documents such as the Accounts Receivable Risk Management Measures and the Notice on Further Enhancing the Long-term Mechanism of "Special Classes, Ledgers, Assessments and Incentives" for Accounts Receivable, and reinforced the working model for "up and down coordination with Everbright Environment providing overall supervision, each business sector carrying out statistical follow-up and each project company implementing recovery", thereby significantly enhancing the precision and effectiveness of accounts receivable risk management.
- 1. 完善管理機制。嚴格落實「情況明、數字准、責任清、行動快、工作實、見效明」的工作方針,印發《應收賬款風險隱患管理辦法》《關於進一步強化應收賬款「專班、台賬、考核、激勵」長效機制的通知》等制度文件,不斷強化「光大環境督導統籌、各業務板塊統計跟進、各項目公司落實回收的上下聯動」的工作模式,應收賬款風險管理精細化水平不斷提升。

- I. Accounts receivable risk *(continued)*
- 一、應收賬款風險(續)

Responsive measures: *(continued)* 應對措施: *(續)*

- 2. Implemented targeted strategies based on specific categories. For local government arrears, the Company systematically advanced recovery efforts by combinations of holding dedicated meetings to address accounts receivable issues, interpreting new policy packages, developing a collection toolkit. For national subsidy arrears, the Company conducted in-depth structured analysis to clarify the scope of the issue, and to better understand the current situation, identify viable solutions and secure necessary support. As it closely tracked the progress of fund allocation and rights confirmation, the Company finalised rights confirmation for 5 projects in 2024 even amid frequent policy changes and unfavorable conditions. The recovery rate of accounts receivable in 2024 was 86%, an increase of 7 percentage points when compared with 2023.
- 3. **Strengthened liquidity management.** The Company performed full-cycle cash flow calculation and analysis on a regular basis to ensure that its cash reserves, bank deposits and available credit lines adequately support operational requirements. As of December 2024, the current ratio was 134%, reflecting an increase of 20 percentage points compared to the end of 2023.
- 2. **堅持分類施策**。針對地方政府欠款,通過召開應收賬款問題專題推進會、解讀一攬子增量政策、定催收工具箱等一套組合拳,系統推進賬款清收工作;針對國補欠款,進行深層次結構化分析,進一步理清了底數,了解當前形勢,釐定解決路徑,努力爭取支持並緊盯資金撥付與確權進展,在政策頻繁變動且存在不利條件的情況下,二零二四年內完成了5個項目的確權工作。二零二四年應收賬款當期回收率為86%,較二零二三年提升7個百分點。
- 3. 強化流動性管控。定期開展全週期現金流量測算和分析工作,確保公司現金、銀行存款及未提用的貸款額度滿足運營管理需要。二零二四年十二月流動比率為134%,較二零二三年年底上升20個百分點。

The existing control measures were partially effective and the risk level remained unchanged.

- II. Environmental compliance and safety management risk
- 二、 環境合規與安全管理風險

Description: 描述:

The regulations on production safety and emission of pollutants were increasingly stringent, thus imposing higher requirements on the refinement of operation of the enterprises. With the increasing number of operating projects, the basis numbers and difficulties involved with safety and environmental management kept on rising, and the Company was under high pressure associated with environmental compliance and safety management.

有關安全生產與污染物排放強監管日趨嚴格,對企業運營的精細化水平提出更高要求。隨着公司投運項目的持續增加,管理基數和管理難度不斷加大,目前公司環境合規與安全管理的壓力處於高位。

Responsive measures: 應對措施:

- 1. Strengthened the management over relevant parties. The Company remained committed to intensifying safety and environmental oversight for all relevant parties (including personnel) involved in operation and construction projects, requiring that relevant parties or general contractors that have experienced accidents of relevant levels were restricted from participating in any bidding, or even included in the blacklist, and reinforced safety and environmental supervision for projects operated under joint venture or entrustment agreements.
- 2. Enhanced efforts in education and training. The Company made arrangement for all employees of project companies to take examinations for safety and environmental management qualifications, and offered education sessions, training courses and examinations of safety and environment management to relevant parties, so as to improve their safety and environmental capabilities and quality.
- 3. **Strengthened monitoring and early warning.** The Company made full use of the information sharing platform, environmental protection monitoring platform and testing platform, closely monitored project operation indicator alarm information, provided early warning and prevention, and implemented precaution controls.
- 1. 加強相關方管理。本公司持續加強運營、建設項目相關方單位(人員)的安環管控力度,要求對發生相關等級事故事件的相關方或總承包單位限制參與投標,甚至列入黑名單,強化對合資、委託運營項目的安環監督。
- 2. **強化教育培訓**。本公司組織項目公司全員參加安環管理資格認證考試,並且對相關方人員也進行安環教育、培訓和考試,提升全員安環能力和素質。
- 3. 加強監控預警。本公司充分利用信息共享平台、環保監控平台、檢 測平台,加強對項目運營指標報警信息的監控,提前預警和防範, 實施事前控制。

The existing control measures were partially effective and the risk level remained unchanged.

III. Staff placement risk

三、 人員配置風險

Description: 描述:

Under the rivalry with industry peers for acquiring talents and the influence of other factors, the Company might face increasing difficulties in the allocation and retaining of manpower, among which the recruitment and retaining of talents for projects in remote areas was particularly difficult, which may result in a negative impact on the stability of operation.

受行業競爭對手挖牆角等因素影響,人員配置可能存在一定難度,偏遠項目的人員招聘與人才留用存在困難,可能對運營穩定性帶來負面影響。

Responsive measures: 應對措施:

- 1. Improved organisational and human resources systems. The Company developed or updated 10 policies, such as the Performance Evaluation Guidelines for Headquarters Departments and Employees and the Management Rules for Seconded Employees at Headquarters.
- 2. **Enhanced efforts in building human resources.** The Company developed the annual Soul-Casting and Empowerment Training Plan for the Four Core Talent Teams, for the purpose of promoting the annual training programmes for management professionals, market specialists, top technical experts and international talents.
- 3. **Strengthened the development of young leaders.** By building the regular mechanism for selecting and cultivating promising young leaders as the key, the Company advanced the construction of high-potential young leadership across the whole organisation.
- 1. **完善組織人事制度。**本公司制定或修訂《總部部門及人員考核評價辦法》《總部借調人員管理規定》等10項制度。
- 2. **強化人才隊伍建設。**本公司制定年度《「四支人才隊伍」鑄魂賦能培訓方案》,完成管理人才、市場人才、名科技人才、國際化人才年度培訓工作。
- 3. 加強年輕幹部隊伍建設。本公司建立常態化優秀年輕幹部選拔培養機制,在全系統開展優秀年輕幹部隊伍組建工作。

The existing control measures were effective and the risk level was on a downward trend.

現有管控措施有效,風險等級處於下降趨勢。

IV. Market competition risk 四、市場競爭風險 As the environmental protection industry was undergoing profound adjustment, it witnessed substantially shrinking market growth and fiercer market competition in traditional business. In the process of strategic optimisations, the Company could not shape competitive advantages for new businesses in the short term, and therefore might be exposed to greater market pressure. 随着環保行業進入深入調整期,傳統業務的增量市場嚴重萎縮,市場競爭日益激烈;公司在戰略優化過程中,存在新業務在短期內無法形成競爭優勢而面臨較大市場競爭壓力的可能。

Responsive measures: 應對措施:

- 1. Remained deeply devoted to main responsibilities and principal businesses, and consistently adhered to strategic guidance. The Company developed the Everbright Environment "15th Five-Year" Strategic Pre-Plan to define the development direction for the next five years and refine the "technology as a driving force, an internationalisation path, and an industrial ecological system" strategy, thereby cultivating core competitive advantages and driving high-quality growth.
- 2. Accelerated exploration of new business areas. With initial research on new businesses such as fly ash recycling, energy storage, biodiesel, waste/biomass-to-hydrogen conversion and carbon trading, the Company explored new directions in waste recycling and produced theme reports including the Special Research Report on Waste Recycling, to uncover new business opportunities and pathways for growth.
- 3. Fostered business growth through technological innovation. The Company further advanced the "unveiling and leading" initiative in new business areas, promoted major research projects on rural revitalisation, flue gas treatment and integrated biogas-to-hydrogen production and hydrogenation, and made certain technological breakthroughs in the fields of water-cooled grates, compact furnaces and battery recycling, driving technological empowerment towards higher quality through cutting-edge innovation.
- 1. **深耕主責主業,強化戰略引領。**編製《光大環境「十五五」戰略預規 劃》,明確未來五年發展方向,細作「科技化,國際化,生態型」戰略, 打造核心競爭力,推動公司高質量發展。
- 2. **加快新業務探索**。圍繞飛灰資源化利用、儲能、生物柴油、垃圾/生物質制氫、碳交易等新業務進行前期調研,探索廢棄物循環利用的新方向,研究編製《廢棄物循環利用專題調研報告》等專題研究報告,探索新業務方向和發展機會。
- 3. **以技術創新推動業務發展**。持續推進新業務領域揭榜掛帥機制,開展美麗鄉村建設、煙氣處理、沼氣制氫加氫一體化等大課題研究,在水冷爐排、小型爐、電池回收等領域取得一定技術突破,科技賦能向「新」提「質」。

The existing control measures were partially effective and the risk level remained unchanged.

V. Procurement compliance risk

五、 採購合規風險

Description: 描述:

Given the large procurement scale of the Company, large quantity of people involved and the potential non-strict implementation of systems and deficiencies in process design, any compliance-related issues such as bid rigging and collusive bidding, fraud and corruption may have a significant negative impact on the Company's compliance level and corporate reputation.

公司採購規模較大,參與人員較多,可能存在制度執行不嚴格、流程設計不完善的情況,一旦發生串標、圍標等弄虛作假、徇私舞弊等問題將對公司合規水平和企業聲譽帶來較大的負面影響。

Responsive measures: 應對措施:

- 1. **Increased transparency in open procurement.** The Company adhered to the principle of "ensuring transparency wherever required and maximising openness wherever feasible", with a further increase in the procurement transparency compared to 2023.
- 2. Continuously strengthened process supervision and management. All procurement projects with an amount of more than RMB300,000 will be included in the procurement company under the headquarters for centralised procurement to improve the level of procurement compliance. A tendering supervision working team has been designated to monitor large-scale bidding projects before, during and after their execution. An unannounced inspection mechanism has been introduced to review the compliance of procurement practices across all business segments.
- 3. Enhanced "Two Database" management. The procurement system has incorporated capabilities such as characteristic code verification, blacklist for bidders implicated in bribery and alerts for irregularities, to prevent unqualified suppliers from participating in bids. The Company released the Notice on Further Standardising Bid Evaluation Processes and implemented the Negative List System for Evaluation Experts and Procurement Representatives, to strengthen compliance oversight for evaluation experts and procurement representatives.
- 1. **提升公開採購比例。**堅持「應公開必公開、能公開盡公開」的原則,採購公開率較二零二三年進一步提升。
- 2. **持續強化過程監督管理**。將人民幣30萬元以上金額採購全部納入總部招採公司進行集中採購,提升採購合規水平;成立招標監督工作組,持續對大額招標項目進行事前、事中、事後監督;建立飛行檢查機制,對各板塊開展採購工作合規情況進行檢查。
- 3. 加強「兩庫」管理。招採系統上線特徵碼核驗、行賄人黑名單及信息 異常預警功能,限制不良供應商投標;印發《關於進一步規範評標工 作的通知》,制定《評審專家、採購方代表負面清單》制度,加強評審 專家、採購方代表的合規管理。

The existing control measures were partially effective and the risk level remained unchanged.

VI. Operational stability risk 六、 運營穩定性風險

Description: 描述:

Operating projects are facing the risk of feedstock shortages in respect of biological waste, hazardous waste and biomass fuel. This could result in under-utilized production capacity or unexpected supply interruptions, potentially harming investment returns. Furthermore, prolonged project operations may encounter challenges such as equipment malfunctions or extreme weather events, which, if not managed properly, could compromise operational reliability.

已投運項目存在生物垃圾、危廢、生物質燃料等來料缺口的可能性,導致產能不能充分釋放或者非計劃停工,影響投資回報;或隨着項目持續運行,設備故障、極端天氣等應對不當可能影響運營的穩定性。

Responsive measures: 應對措施:

- 1. Steadily executed the "twelve-point" responding plan for increasing waste. Through enhanced communication and coordination with government bodies, proactive market intelligence gathering and multi-faceted efforts to expand the waste market and increase supply, the Company achieved steady rise in the amount of waste processing by 7.1% in 2024 as compared to 2023, further narrowing the waste resource gap.
- 2. Strengthened emergency response drills for extreme weather. The Company developed or updated the emergency response system for extreme weather, formulated emergency response plans, conducted emergency drills for extreme weather on a regular basis, made advance preparations and bolstered emergency supply reserves for seasons likely to experience extreme weather, thus continuously reinforcing the emergency response capacity.
- 3. **Enhanced equipment failure management.** The Company intensified planned maintenance efforts and conducted in-depth analysis of unplanned shutdowns to effectively minimise their occurrence, and established a robust emergency response mechanism for equipment failures to ensure immediate fault detection, repair and resumption of operation when issues arise.
- 1. **持續落實垃圾增量「十二條」方案。**通過加強與政府間溝通與協調, 積極捕捉市場信息,全力拓展垃圾市場、多維度開源增量,實現 垃圾入場量持續增加,二零二四年入廠垃圾較二零二三年增加了 7.1%,進一步縮小垃圾量缺口。
- 2. 加強極端天氣應急演練。制定或修訂極端天氣應急制度、編製應急 預案,定期開展極端天氣應急演練;針對可能發生極端天氣的季 節,提前做好應對準備,加強應急物資的儲備,不斷提升應急保障 能力。
- 3. 提升設備故障管理水平。加強計劃性檢修,強化非計劃停工事故分析,有效降低非計劃停工次數;健全設備故障應急響應機制,確保故障發生時能夠迅速定位與修復,恢復運營。

The existing control measures were partially effective and the risk level remained unchanged.

	VII. Cost control risk 七、 成本控制風險	
Description: 描述:	As affected by fluctuations in the market, the prices of critic engineering and operation materials such as bulk materials, eco-friend consumables have increased. Coupled with the intensifying competition in the forestry biomass fuel market, the costs of the Company mocontinue to rise. 受市場波動影響,大宗材料、環保耗材等重要工程建設與運營物資價上升以及農林生物質燃料市場競爭日趨激烈,可能會導致成本持續高。	
Responsive measures: 應對措施:	 Deepened cost reduction and efficiency improvement initiatives. On the production and operation front, the Company improved project efficiency by multiple refining measures including centralised procurement, precise chemical dosing, fuel cost management and minimising unplanned shutdowns, achieving cost savings in 2024. 	
	 Strengthened construction cost management. On the condition of ensuring investment returns, the Company consistently refined engineering budget and cost management practices, and mitigate market volatility risk by incorporating price adjustment clauses for key construction materials and labour in construction contracts, witnessing a year-on-year decrease in construction and installation costs for 2024. 	
	 深入推進降本增效。生產運營方面,通過集中採購、精準加藥、燃料成本管控、減少非計劃停工等多種精細化舉措,提升項目運行效率,二零二四年實現降本。 	

The existing control measures were effective and the risk level was on a downward trend.

2. **加強工程建設成本管控**。在保證投資收益率的情況下,持續做好工程預算及建設成本管控,通過建設施工合同約定建築主材及人工的價格調整模式,合理緩釋市場波動風險,二零二四年度建築安裝成

現有管控措施有效,風險等級處於下降趨勢。

本同比有所下降。

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT 環境與社會管理

The Group pays close attention to its operational impacts brought to the environment and society. After years of development, the Group has established a comprehensive safety and environmental management system. In 2024, the Group continued to implement relevant management policies, covering structure and responsibilities, accident management, flood control, risk classification, hidden danger investigation, safety and environment training, information reporting, rating of the safety and environmental management levels of the operating projects and construction projects, fire safety management, related parties' management, occupational health, public opening, etc.

The Group implements all staff safety production responsibility system and clarifies the safety production and environmental management responsibilities and assessment standards. The person in charge of the various levels of units of the project companies is the key person responsible for the safety and environmental management of the respective units and is fully responsible for the safety production and environmental management of the respective units. The Group and the business sectors have signed the annual safety and environmental management target responsibility statement every year, clarifying the annual target, key tasks and assessment methods.

The Board and senior management review sustainability strategies of the Group on a regular basis, and revise the strategies when appropriate.

The Group's waste-to-energy projects are designed and operated fully in compliance with the applicable national environmental requirements and standards including but not limited to the *Standard for Pollution Control on the Municipal Solid Waste Incineration* (GB18485-2014), the relevant local standards, as well as other requirements as set forth in the environmental impact assessment reports approved by the local government, while the daily average values of online flue gas continuously monitored parameters are well below the respective emissions limits as stipulated under the *Industrial Emissions Directive* (2010/75/EU) and its relevant annexes and amendments. Moreover, all of the Group's biomass combustion operations meet the *Emission Standard of Air Pollutants for Thermal Power Plants* (GB13223-2011), the relevant local standards, as well as other requirements as set forth in the environmental impact assessment reports approved by the local government.

本集團高度重視自身運營帶來的環境與社會影響。經過多年的發展,本集團已建立一套完善安全與環境管理體系。二零二四年,本集團持續執行相關管理制度,涵蓋機構設置及職責、事故管理、防洪防汛、風險分級、隱患排查、安環教育培訓、資訊報送、運營項目及工程項目安環管理等級評級、消防管理、相關方管理、職業健康、公眾開放等。

本集團實施全員安全生產責任制,明確安全生產和環境管理責任和考核標準。項目公司各級單位主要負責人是其所屬單位安全與環境管理第一責任人,對其所屬單位的安全生產和環境管理工作全面負責。本集團與業務板塊每年簽訂年度安全與環境管理目標責任書,明確年度目標、重點工作及考核辦法。

董事會和高級管理人員定期檢視本集團的可持續發展策略,並適時作出修訂。

本集團垃圾發電項目的設計和運營完全符合所有適用的國家環境規例和標準,當中包括《生活垃圾焚燒污染控制標準》(GB18485-2014)、相關地方標準及獲當地政府審批的環境影響評價報告中的其他要求。 煙氣在線監測指標日均值更全面優於歐盟《工業排放指令》(2010/75/EU)及其相關附表/修訂中的相關排放限值。此外,本集團生物質燃燒的運營則達《火電廠大氣污染物排放標準》(GB13223-2011)、相關地方標準及獲當地政府審批的環境影響評價報告中的其他要求。 The Group continued proactively and timely disclosing emissions data and environmental management information of its projects on Everbright Environment's corporate website, including the connection to the automatic monitoring data information disclosure platform of the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the PRC at https://ljgk.envsc.cn/index.html in respect of the daily average values of the 5 indicators of flue gas and furnace temperature data from the operation of waste-to-energy projects of Everbright Environment. The Group was also devoted to improving the information sharing platforms to facilitate the management to monitor the operational condition to ensure compliant operation, and to timely report the operating performance of the projects to the stakeholders of the Group.

More details about the environmental and social management performance of the Group are set out in the sustainability report 2024 of the Company which is prepared in accordance with the Global Reporting Initiative Standards and the Stock Exchange's *Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide*, and with reference to the newer *Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Code* to ensure smooth transition to full compliance by financial year 2025. Furthermore, the Group's environmental and social management strategies echo with the Sustainable Development Goals of the United Nations, reflecting the Group's commitment to tackling global challenges and creating a sustainable future. The full report is available for download at the websites of the Company under "CSR > Sustainability Report" section (www.cebenvironment.com/en/csr/susreport.php) and Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (www.hkexnews.hk).

本集團繼續主動於光大環境的公司網站對項目的排放數據和環境管理信息實施適時披露的舉措,包括光大環境所有運營垃圾發電項目煙氣五項指標日均值和爐膛溫度數據已連接中國生態環境部自動監測信息公開平台:https://ljgk.envsc.cn/index.html。本集團還積極完善信息共享平台建設,旨在讓管理人員實時掌握所有項目的運營狀況,確保所有項目達標運營,及能迅速地向本集團持份者報告項目的運營表現。

本集團的環境及社會管理方面表現的詳情載於本公司的二零二四年可持續發展報告。該報告乃依循全球報告倡議組織準則及聯交所發佈的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》編寫,同時參考了更新的《環境、社會和管治報告守則》,以確保在二零二五財政年度順利過渡至全面遵循。此外,本集團的環境及社會管理與聯合國可持續發展目標互相呼應,反映本集團應對全球挑戰和締造可持續發展未來的決心。完整版報告可於本公司網站的「社會責任>可持續發展報告」部份(www.cebenvironment.com/tc/csr/susreport.php)及香港交易及結算所有限公司網站(www.hkexnews.hk)下載。

FINAL DIVIDEND 末期股息

The Board has proposed to pay a final dividend of HK9.0 cents per share (2023: HK8.0 cents per share) for the year ended 31 December 2024, payable to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company (the "Register of Members") on Tuesday, 10 June 2025. Subject to approval by the Shareholders of the payment of final dividend at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Thursday, 29 May 2025 (the "2025 AGM"), the final dividend will be paid to the Shareholders on or around Wednesday, 2 July 2025.

董事會建議派發截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息每股9.0港仙(二零二三年:每股8.0港仙),給予於二零二五年六月十日(星期二)名列在本公司股東名冊(「股東名冊」)之股東。待股東即將於二零二五年五月二十九日(星期四)舉行之本公司應屆股東週年大會(「二零二五年股東週年大會」)上批准派付末期股息,末期股息將於二零二五年七月二日(星期三)或前後派發予股東。

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

For the purpose of determining the Shareholders' eligibility to attend and vote at the 2025 AGM and entitlement to the final dividend, the Register of Members will be closed in accordance with the following timetable:

為確定股東出席二零二五年股東週年大會並於會上投票及收取末期股息的資格,本公司將根據以下時間 表暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續:

- (i) For determining the Shareholders' eligibility to attend and vote at the 2025 AGM: 確定股東出席二零二五年股東週年大會並於會上投票的資格:
 - (a) Latest time to lodge transfer documents for registration 遞交股份過戶文件以辦理登記手續的最後時限

4:30 p.m. on Friday, 23 May 2025 二零二五年五月二十三日(星期五) 下午四時三十分

(b) Closure of Register of Members 暫停辦理股東登記手續 Monday, 26 May 2025 to Thursday, 29 May 2025 二零二五年五月二十六日(星期一) 至二零二五年五月二十九日(星期四) (both dates inclusive) (包括首尾兩天)

- (ii) For determining entitlement to the final dividend: 確定收取末期股息的權利:
 - (a) Latest time to lodge transfer documents for registration 遞交股份過戶文件以辦理登記手續的最後時限

4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 4 June 2025 二零二五年六月四日(星期三) 下午四時三十分

(b) Closure of Register of Members 暫停辦理股東登記手續 Thursday, 5 June 2025 to Tuesday, 10 June 2025 二零二五年六月五日(星期四) 至二零二五年六月十日(星期二) (both dates inclusive) (包括首尾兩天)

(c) Record date 記錄日期

Tuesday, 10 June 2025 二零二五年六月十日(星期二)

During the above closure periods, no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2025 AGM, and to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar and transfer office, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration not later than the relevant latest time set out above.

於上述暫停辦理期間將不會進行股份過戶登記手續。為確保符合資格出席二零二五年股東週年大會並於會上投票並享有上述建議之末期股息,所有過戶表格連同有關股票必須於上述的有關最後時限前送交本公司之股份過戶登記處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港夏慤道十六號遠東金融中心十七樓。



Strive to Maintain a High Standard of Corporate Governance 致力維持高水平企業管治



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 企業管治

China Everbright Environment Group Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, collectively the "Group") upholds the management principle of "People-oriented, Pragmatism, Creativity and Systematic Management". The board of directors (the "Directors") of the Company (the "Board") firmly believes that high quality, comprehensive and high-level corporate governance is the cornerstone of the Group, which can create long-term value for the Group and is vital to the sustainable development of the Group. It can also safeguard the interests of the Company's shareholders (the "Shareholders") and other stakeholders, including but not limited to customers, suppliers, employees and the general public. The Board and the management of the Company (the "Management") strive to maintain high-level corporate governance standards, and continue to strengthen corporate governance, internal control and risk management systems through a series of rules, regulations and policies, and actively improve transparency and accountability. The Company strictly complies with the laws and regulations of the places where it operates, and complies with the applicable guidelines and rules issued by the regulatory authorities.

中國光大環境(集團)有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司,統稱「本集團」)奉行「以人為本、求真務實、開拓創新、規範管理」的管理理念。本公司董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)深信優質、全面及高水平企業管治是本集團的基石,能為本集團締造長遠價值,對本集團之可持續發展至關重要,亦能維護本公司股東(「股東」)及其他持份者,包括但不限於客戶、供應商、僱員及一般公眾的利益。董事會及本公司管理層(「管理層」)竭力維持高水平的企業管治標準,並透過一系列的規章制度持續強化企業管治、內部監控和風險管理系統,積極提高透明度和問責性。本公司嚴格遵守營運地的管治法律及規例,及遵守監管機構發佈的適用指引及規則。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (continued) 企業管治(續)

The Board's decisions relating to the Group's operating targets, values and strategies are consistent with the Company's corporate culture which emphasises integrity. The Group adheres to the management concepts that emphasise integrity and pragmatism throughout its business operations, dedicates to building and promoting its corporate culture, which is "Honoring Integrity, Making Profit through Righteous Means, Pursing Stability and Prudence, Upholding Fundamental Principles and Breaking New Ground and Upholding Lawful Means". As a result, the Group has developed and improved various policies, such as the Employee Code of Conduct, the Anti-corruption, Anti-bribery and Anti-money Laundering Policy, the Internal Whistleblowing and Investigation Policy and External Whistleblowing and Investigation Policy. Additionally, it provides clear guidance and instructions to its staff in various aspects. Such aspects include equal opportunities, behaviors relating to antidiscrimination, anti-corruption, prevention of bribery, prevention of extortion, anti-fraud, anti-money laundering, prevention of anti-competitive practices, avoiding conflicts of interest, use of confidential and proprietary information, environment, health and safety, whistleblowing, and employee remunerations, welfare and security. The Group also continues to provide corporate culture trainings to strengthen the staff's awareness of rules and ethics, and strives to create a healthy, orderly and positive corporate culture environment. The Directors and the Group's staff receive anti-corruption training every year. The Group has been constantly promoting an integrityoriented culture and enhancing the concepts of "Acting Legally, Ethically and Responsibly".

The Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") set out in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") have been duly adopted by the Board as the code on corporate governance practices of the Company.

The Company complied with all Code Provisions as set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2024. The Company continues to commit to enhancing its corporate governance appropriate to the conduct and growth of its business, and to continuously reviewing, monitoring and assessing from time to time its corporate governance practices to ensure the same comply with the CG Code and align with the latest developments.

董事會制定之本集團經營目的、價值及策略與本公司以誠信為本的企業文化一致。本集團在各業務運作中始終貫徹落實誠信與務實的管理理念,堅守道德操守,致力於營造並推廣「誠實守信、以義取利、穩健審慎、守正創新、依法合規」的企業文化。為此,本集團制定並完善《員工守則》、《反貪污、反賄賂及反洗錢政策》、《內部舉報及調查辦法》及《外部舉報及調查辦法》等政策,在平等機會、反歧視、反貪腐、防止賄賂、防止勒索、反欺詐、反洗錢、防止反競爭行為、避免利益衝突、機密和專有資料的使用、環境、健康及安全、舉報,以及員工待遇和福利保障等各方面為員工提供清晰的指引與說明,亦透過持續的企業文化培訓,以增強員工的規則意識與道德規範,從而營造健康有序的良性企業文化。董事及本集團僱員每年均接受反貪污培訓,本集團持續普及誠信文化,並不斷加強「行事合乎法律、道德及責任」的理念。

董事會已採納《香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則》(「《上市規則》」)附錄C1所載的《企業管治守則》 (「《企業管治守則》」)作為本公司的企業管治常規守則。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司一直遵守《企業管治守則》所載所有守則條文。本公司不斷提升其企業管治以配合其業務運作及增長,且持續審閱、監察及評估其企業管治常規,確保遵守《企業管治守則》及切合最新發展形勢。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS 董事會

Composition and function 組成及職責

The Board currently comprises 2 Executive Directors, 2 Non-executive Directors (the "NEDs") and 3 Independent Non-executive Directors (the "INEDs"). The Directors during the financial year and up to the date of this annual report are set out on page 133 of the annual report.

There is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship) between Board members and in particular, between the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO").

The Board believes that the balance between Executive Directors, NEDs and INEDs is reasonable and adequate to provide sufficient balances that protect the interests of the Shareholders and the Group.

The Directors have disclosed to the Company biannually the number and the nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments. They have confirmed to the Company that they have given sufficient time and effort to the Group's affairs.

Despite the fact that some of the Directors hold several board seats and other significant commitments, after taking into account that the Directors (i) actively attended all Board and Board committee meetings held by the Company and actively gave constructive suggestions and opinions at these meetings. Even when they were unable to attend due to other unexpected important business engagement, they had reviewed relevant resolutions and documents in advance, and raised questions and suggestions (if any); (ii) attended the annual general meeting to facilitate the direct and constructive communication with the Shareholders; (iii) asked questions and made suggestions by email and telephone (if any) when the Board and Board committees resloved the resolutions in writing; and (iv) perused monthly management updates of the Company and other information in relation to the performance of the Company, the Board believes that Directors devoted sufficient time and effort to perform their duties.

董事會現由兩名執行董事、兩名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成。於本財政年度內及截至本年度報告之日的董事已載列於年報內第133頁。

董事會成員之間(特別是董事會主席與總裁之間)沒有存有任何關係,包括財務、業務、家屬或其他重大/相關的關係。

董事會認為執行董事、非執行董事及獨立非執行董事組合之比例合理及適當,並充分發揮制衡作用,以保障股東及本集團之利益。

董事每半年向本公司披露其於公眾公司或組織擔任職位的數目及性質,以及其他重大承擔的職務。他們已向本公司確認彼等付出足夠時間及精力處理本集團之事務。

儘管部分董事出任數個董事會職位及其他重大承擔的職務,但是觀乎董事們(i)於本公司舉行之所有董事會及董事會委員會會議均踴躍出席,並在該等會議上積極提出具建設性之建議及意見,即使因其他突發重要公務不能出席,他們亦已事先審閱相關議案文件,並提出問題及建議(如有);(ii)出席股東週年大會,促進與股東進行直接和具建設性的溝通;(iii)在董事會及董事會委員會以書面方式審議議案時,董事們會以電郵及電話等方式提問及作出建議(如有);及(iv)研讀本公司每月管理層更新資料,以及有關本公司表現的其他資料,據此,董事會認為該等董事已付出足夠時間及精力履行其職責。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續)

Composition and function (continued) 組成及職責(續)

The number of INEDs represents not less than one-third of the Board as required under the Listing Rules, one of whom possesses appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. INEDs provide the Group with diversified experience and professionalism. Their advice and views as well as participation in the Board and Board committee meetings bring independent views, advice and judgements on issues relating to the strategy and development of the Group, business operation and performance, risk control, internal controls and conflict of interests, etc., to ensure the Shareholders' interests are taken into consideration. Other than Mr. Zhai Haitao who did not attend the 2024 annual general meeting of the Company ("2024 AGM") due to other important business engagement, the other 3 INEDs attended 2024 AGM to respond to questions and enquiries in relation to their work, if any.

In accordance with the Company's articles of association (the "Articles of Association") and the manner of retirement by rotation of Directors as from time to time prescribed under the Listing Rules (notwithstanding any contractual or other terms on which any Director may be appointed or engaged), at each annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of 3, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement at least once every 3 years.

獨立非執行董事人數已按《上市規則》的規定佔董事會不少於三分之一,其中一名具備適當的專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。獨立非執行董事為本集團帶來多元化的經驗及專業知識。他們提出的提議及意見,以及透過彼等參與董事會及董事會委員會會議,為本集團的策略及發展、業務運營及表現、風險監控、內部監控及利益衝突等事宜上,提供獨立意見、提議及判斷,以確保股東之權益均獲得考慮。除了翟海濤先生由於有其他重要公務在身未能出席本公司二零二四年股東週年大會(「二零二四年股東週年大會」)外,其餘三名獨立非執行董事均有出席二零二四年股東週年大會,以回應股東有關其工作的提問及查詢(如有)。

根據本公司《章程細則》(「《章程細則》」)及《上市規則》不時規定之董事輪值退任方式(儘管在委任或聘任任何董事時訂立了任何合約性或其他性質之條款),於本公司每次股東週年大會上,三分之一在任董事(或若其數目並非三之倍數,則為最接近之數目,惟不得少於三分之一)須輪值退任,惟每名董事(包括具有指定任期者)必須至少每三年退任一次。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續) Composition and function (continued) 組成及職責 (續)

The Board convenes meetings regularly throughout the year. Under the leadership of the Chairman of the Board, the Board is responsible for approving and supervising the overall strategies and policies of the Group, approving the annual budget and business plans, assessing the Group's performance and supervising the work of the Management. The Company ensures Directors can participate in Board proceedings in a meaningful and effective manner. In respect of the regular meetings of the Board/Board committees, formal notices have been sent to all Directors/respective Board committee members at least 14 days before the respective meetings. Non-regular/ad-hoc meetings may also be taken place as and when necessary, of reasonable notice. In general, agenda and meeting papers have been dispatched to all Directors/respective Board committee members for review at least 3 days before the regular meetings. Agenda of the regular meetings has been prepared after consultation with the Directors/respective Board committee members before being approved by the Chairman of the Board/the chairman of the respective Board committees.

Minutes of the meetings of the Board/Board committees are recorded in sufficient details which include matters discussed and considered together with decisions reached, and any concerns raised or dissenting views expressed by all Directors/respective Board committee members, if any. Original signed minutes, upon the review by all Directors/respective Board committee members, are properly kept by the Company Secretary/duly appointed secretaries of the respective Board committees and such minutes are open for inspection by all Directors/respective Board committee members.

The Company has arranged liability insurance for the Directors and senior management of the Company, and the insurance coverage and the sum insured under the policy are reviewed annually.

董事會於年度內定期召開會議。在董事會主席領導下,董事會負責批准及監察本集團的整體策略及政策,批准年度預算及業務計劃、評估本集團表現,以及監督管理層的工作。本公司確保董事能夠以有意義和有效的方式參與董事會議事程序。就定期的董事會/董事會委員會會議,在相關會議召開前至少十四天向全體董事/相關董事會委員會成員發出正式通知。非定期/臨時的會議則會在給予合理通知後召開。定期會議議程及會議文件一般會在會議舉行前至少三天發送予全體董事/相關董事會委員會成員以供審閱。每次定期會議議程內容均在諮詢董事/相關董事會委員會成員意見後由董事會主席/相關董事會委員會主席審批。

董事會/董事會委員會會議上所討論、考慮事項及達致的決定均已作足夠詳細的會議記錄,其中包括所有董事/相關董事會委員會成員提出的任何疑慮或表達的反對意見(如有)。已簽署的會議記錄正本經所有董事/相關董事會委員會成員審閱後由公司秘書/經正式委任的相關董事會委員會秘書備存,而該等會議記錄可供全體董事/相關董事會委員會成員查閱。

本公司已為董事及高級管理人員安排責任保險,並每年均會對該保險的保障範圍及投保金額進行檢討。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會(續)

Composition and function (continued) 組成及職責 (續)

Currently, the Board established 4 Board committees, namely the Audit Committee (the "Audit Committee"), Risk Management Committee (the "Risk Management Committee"), Nomination Committee (the "Nomination Committee") and Remuneration Committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), with specific written terms of reference which state clearly with their respective authorities and duties. The Board cancelled the Disclosure Committee with effect from 27 March 2024.

現時,董事會下設四個董事會委員會,包括審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、風險管理委員會(「風險管理委員會」)、提名委員會(「提名委員會」)及薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」),並書面訂明各董事會委員會之具體職權範圍,清楚說明其各自之職權及職責。董事會自二零二四年三月二十七日起取消披露委員會。

1. Audit Committee 審核委員會

The Audit Committee currently comprises 2 INEDs, namely Ms. Li Shuk Yin, Edwina (chairman) and Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip and a Non-executive Director, namely Mr. Kang Guoming. Its primary responsibilities include but not limited to review the Group's financial reporting process, risk management and internal control systems, internal and external audit and other financial and accounting matters of the Group, and to oversee the relationship between the Company and the external auditor of the Company, etc. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee have been established in writing and are available on the websites of the Company and Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited ("HKEx").

審核委員會現時由兩名獨立非執行董事,包括李淑賢女士(主席)及范仁鶴先生以及一名非執行董事康國明先生組成。其主要職責包括(但不限於)審閱本集團財務匯報程序、風險管理及內部監控系統、對內和外部審計及本集團任何其他財務和會計事宜、及監察本公司與外聘核數師的關係等。審核委員會設有書面的職權範圍並已於本公司及香港交易及結算所有限公司(「港交所」)網站公佈。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續) Composition and function (continued) 組成及職責 (續)

1. Audit Committee (continued) 審核委員會(續)

Summary of Audit Committee's main work in 2024:

- reviewed 2023 annual report and 2024 interim report, particularly on (i) any changes in accounting policies and practices; (ii) major judgmental areas; (iii) significant adjustments resulting from audit/review; (iv) the going concern assumptions and any qualifications; (v) compliance with accounting standards; and (vi) compliance with the Listing Rules and other legal requirements in relation to financial reporting;
- reviewed 2023 connected transactions including continuing connected transactions;
- discussed issues raised by the auditor and reviewed the auditor's management letter and management's response, if any;
- discussed and recommended to the Board the proposed change of auditor;
- reviewed the effectiveness of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting function and ESG performance, and reviewed the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience and their training programmes and budget;
- reviewed the Group's risk management (including the ESG Risks) and internal control systems, the effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function and financial reporting matters;
- reviewed the Company's internal audit reports;
- reviewed arrangements where employees of the Company and related persons of the Company can use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters; and
- discussed the audit plan.

The Audit Committee held a private meeting with KPMG ("KPMG") without the presence of any Executive Directors and the Management during the year under review.

於二零二四年年內,審核委員會的主要工作摘要:

- 審閱財務報告(包括二零二三年年度業績及二零二四年中期業績)等事宜,包括(i)會計政策及實務的任何更改;(ii)涉及重要判斷的地方;(iii)因核數而出現的重大調整;(iv)企業持續經營的假設及任何保留意見;(v)是否遵守會計準則;及(vi)是否遵守有關財務申報的上市規則及其他法律規定;
- 檢討二零二三年進行之關連交易包括持續關連交易;
- 討論由核數師提出的事項及審閱核數師致管理層的審核情況說明函件及管理層的回應,如有;
- 討論向董事會推薦有關建議變更核數師事宜;
- 審閱本公司會計、內部審核、及財務匯報的職能、以及環境、社會及管治的表現,和匯報相關的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是否充足;
- 檢討及討論本集團的風險(包括環境、社會及管治風險)管理及內部監控系統和內部審核功能的成效;
- 審閱由本公司的內部審計報告;
- 檢討有關本公司僱員及其他與本公司有往來的人士可暗中就財務匯報、內部監控或其他方面可能 發生的不正當行為提出關注的安排;及
- 討論年度審計計劃。

審核委員會與核數師畢馬威會計師事務所(「畢馬威」)在沒有任何執行董事及管理層出席的情況下於回顧年度內舉行了一次會議。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續) Composition and function (continued) 組成及職責 (續)

2. Risk Management Committee 風險管理委員會

The Risk Management Committee currently comprises 2 INEDs, namely Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip (chairman) and Ms. Li Shuk Yin, Edwina, as well as Mr. Luan Zusheng, the Executive Director and the CEO, and Mr. Chou Jingyao, the Deputy General Manager of Risk Management and Legal Compliance Department of the Company. Its primary responsibilities include but not limited to provide oversight of the Company's risk management programs, and to review the effectiveness of the management's processes for identifying, assessing, mitigating and monitoring enterprise-wide risks. The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee have been established in writing.

Summary of Risk Management Committee's main work in 2024:

- reviewed the risk management work summary in 2023 and work plan for 2024;
- reviewed the risk appetite in 2024, and the implementation of risk appetite in 2023 and 2024;
- reviewed the effectiveness analysis of major risk control measures in 2023 and risk assessments in 2024;
- reviewed the major works of risk management in the first half of 2024 and work plan for the second half of 2024;
- reviewed the main risk management situation in 2024; and
- discussed accounts receivable analysis and other matters.

風險管理委員會現時由兩名獨立非執行董事范仁鶴先生(主席)及李淑賢女士、以及執行董事兼總裁 欒祖盛先生和本公司風險管理與法律合規部副總經理侴景垚先生組成。其主要職責包括(但不限於) 監管本公司的風險管理程序和負責審核管理層就企業全面風險識別、評估、緩解、監控程序的有效 性。風險管理委員會設有書面的職權範圍。

於二零二四年年內,風險管理委員會的工作摘要:

- 審議二零二三年風險管理工作總結及二零二四年工作計劃;
- 審議二零二四年風險偏好,及二零二三年及二零二四年風險偏好執行情況;
- 審議二零二三年主要風險管控措施效果分析及二零二四年風險評估;
- 審議二零二四年上半年風險管理主要工作情況及下半年工作計劃;
- 審議二零二四年度主要風險管控情況;及
- 討論應收賬款分析及其他事項。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續) Composition and function (continued) 組成及職責 (續)

3. Nomination Committee 提名委員會

The Nomination Committee currently comprises Mr. Wang Silian, the Executive Director and the Chairman of the Board (chairman), and all the 3 INEDs, namely Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip, Ms. Li Shuk Yin, Edwina and Professor Zhang Xiang, JP.. Its primary responsibilities include but not limited to review annually the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board and the time devoted by the Directors, to review the Board diversity and the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy, and report/recommend to the Board, to assess the independence of the INEDs, to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment or re-designation of Directors by taking into account the Board Diversity Policy and the Nomination Policy, to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of the senior management, and to assess the qualifications and competencies of the candidates, so as to ensure that all nominations are fair and transparent. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee have been established in writing and are available on the websites of the Company and HKEx.

提名委員會現時由執行董事兼董事會主席王思聯先生(主席)、以及全數三名獨立非執行董事范仁鶴 先生、李淑賢女士及張翔教授,JP.組成。其主要職責包括(但不限於)每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及 組成(包括技能、知識及經驗方面)以及董事投入時間;檢視董事會成員多元化事宜及檢討《董事會多 元化政策》的實施及有效性,並向董事會報告/推薦;評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;根據《董事會多 元化政策》及《提名政策》就董事的委任或重新委任或調任向董事會提出建議;向董事會提交聘用或重 聘高級管理人員的建議;評估候選人的資格及能力,以確保所有提名均屬公正和具透明度。提名委員 會設有書面的職權範圍並已於本公司及港交所網站公佈。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續) Composition and function (continued) 組成及職責 (續)

3. Nomination Committee (continued) 提名委員會(續)

Summary of Nomination Committee's main work in 2024:

- reviewed the change of the members of the Board and the Board committees, and cancellation of the Disclosure Committee:
- reviewed the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board and the time devoted by the Directors;
- assessed the independence of the INEDs;
- discussed the re-appointment of INEDs;
- discussed the re-election of the retiring Directors at the 2024 AGM; and
- reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy.

The Nomination Committee made recommendations to the Board on the above matters.

於二零二四年年內,提名委員會的工作摘要:

- 討論董事會及董事會委員會成員的變更,以及取消披露委員會;
- 檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗方面)以及董事投入時間;
- 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 討論續聘獨立非執行董事;
- 討論於二零二四年股東週年大會上重選退任董事;及
- 檢討《董事會多元化政策》的實施及有效性。

提名委員會就上述事宜向董事會作出建議。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續) Composition and function (continued) 組成及職責 (續)

4. Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip, the INED (chairman), Mr. Wang Silian, the Executive Director and the Chairman of the Board, and 2 other INEDs, namely Ms. Li Shuk Yin, Edwina and Professor Zhang Xiang, JP.. Its primary responsibilities include but not limited to determine, with delegated responsibilities by the Board, the remuneration packages of the individual Executive Directors and senior management of the Company. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee have been established in writing and are available on the websites of the Company and HKEx.

Summary of Remuneration Committee's main work in 2024:

- reviewed the annual bonus amount and budget plans for Directors and senior management;
- · reviewed the annual bonus allocation and payment plan for Directors and senior management; and
- discussed the remuneration packages for new Directors and re-appointed INEDs.

The remuneration of all the Directors is set out in note 9 to the financial statements.

薪酬委員會現時由獨立非執行董事范仁鶴先生(主席)、執行董事兼董事會主席王思聯先生以及另外兩名獨立非執行董事李淑賢女士及張翔教授,JP.組成。其主要職責包括(但不限於)在獲董事會轉授責任下釐定個別執行董事及本公司高級管理人員的薪酬待遇。薪酬委員會設有書面的職權範圍並已於本公司及港交所網站公佈。

於二零二四年年內,薪酬委員會的工作摘要:

- 審議董事及高級管理人員年度獎金額度及預算方案;
- 審議董事及高級管理人員年度獎金分配方案及發放方案;及
- 討論新任董事及續聘獨立非執行董事之薪酬待遇。

各董事的薪酬刊載於財務報表附註9內。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續)

Composition and function (continued) 組成及職責(續)

Other than the Board committees above, the Company has established the Management Decision Committee which is responsible for the day-to-day administration, operation and management of the business and affairs of the Group. The primary responsibilities of the Management Decision Committee include but not limited to review and formulate the Group's development strategies and goals, long term business development plans, directions, policies and guidelines, etc. For project risk management and project technological risk management, in order to improve the efficiency and quality of investment decision-making and to mitigate investment risks, the Group has set up the Project Investment Advisory Committee, which is responsible for evaluating investment projects from the perspectives of strategic compatibility, technical feasibility, risk management, legal and compliance and economics, etc., and making decisions on investment projects pursuant to their authorisation or providing suggestions for the Group's decision-making. For project financial control, the Group insists on stringent budget management, and has set up a Construction Budget Management Department that focuses on monitoring construction budgets of the projects. In addition, the Company has also set up Audit Department, and Risk Management and Legal Compliance Department to perform internal audits, risk management and control, and legal compliance functions respectively to bolster the Group's management standards.

除了上述董事會委員會外,本公司設有管理決策委員會負責本集團所有業務及事務的日常行政、營運及管理工作。管理決策委員會主要職責包括(但不限於)審議及制定本集團的發展戰略、發展目標、長遠業務發展規劃、方針、政策及指引等。在項目風險管理及項目技術風險管理機制上,為提高投資決策效率和質量、防範投資風險,本集團設立項目投資評審委員會,負責對投資項目從戰略匹配性、技術可行性、風險管理、法律合規、經濟性等角度進行評價,根據授權對投資項目進行決策或為本集團決策提供建議。在項目財務監控上,本集團堅持嚴格的項目工程預算管理,並特別設立工程預算管理部專職監控項目的工程預算。此外,本公司亦設立審計部及風險管理與法律合規部分別進行內部審計、風險管控及法律合規事宜以提升本集團管理水平。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會(續)

Responsibilities of the Board and Management 董事會與管理層的職責

There is a clear division of responsibilities between the Board and the Management. The Board is responsible for directing and approving the overall strategies of the Group. It is the decision-making body of the Company except for matters requiring the Shareholders' approval in accordance with the Articles of Association, the Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations. The Board is also responsible for, including but not limited to, reviewing the Group's performance against its targets and objectives, in particular its performances on finance and business; leading and supervising the Management to act in the interest of the Shareholders and the Company as a whole; taking responsibility on performing the corporate governance duties; overseeing matters in relation to the Group's investment, risk management, internal control, corporate governance and corporate social responsibility, and supervising the Management to implement relevant policies. The Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee, currently established under the Board, have their specific terms of reference in writing, clearly explaining their roles and the authorities delegated to them by the Board. The Board has delegated day-to-day administration, operation and management of the business and affairs of the Group to the Management. The Management is also responsible for, including but not limited to, within the scope of authorisation as given by the Board, reviewing projects, mergers and acquisitions or assets restructuring in all business sectors of the Group; reviewing and formulating the Group's development strategies and goals, long-term business development plans, directions, policies and guidelines; and reviewing the important matters, business situations and latest progress of each business sector of the Group in accordance with the policies and procedures as adopted by the Group from time to time. The Company has formulated the Terms of Reference of the Board of Directors, the Terms of Reference of the Management Decision Committee and the Authorisation Summary, which specify the authority and responsibility of the Board and the Management and the authorisation given by the Board to the Management. The Board regularly reviews those policies, and will update and amend those policies in a timely manner when appropriate.

董事會與管理層之間具有明確分工。董事會負責制定及批准本集團的整體政策。除根據《章程細則》、《上市規則》及其他適用法例及法規須獲股東批准的事宜外,董事會為本公司的決策機關。董事會亦負責,包括但不限於按本集團制定的目標及目的檢討表現,尤其是在財務及業務方面的表現;領導及監督管理層以符合本公司及股東整體利益的方式行事;負責履行企業管治的職責;其監察本集團的投資、風險管理、內部監控、企業管治及企業社會責任的所有事宜,並監察管理層執行有關政策等。董事會現時下設的審核委員會、風險管理委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會,均設有其特定的書面職權範圍,明確解釋它們的角色及董事會轉授予的權力。董事會授權管理層負責本集團所有業務及事務的日常行政、營運及管理工作。管理層亦負責,包括但不限於,在董事會授予的權限範圍內,審議本集團的各業務領域的項目、收併購或資產重組業務等;審議及制定本集團的發展戰略、發展目標、長遠業務發展規劃、方針、政策及指引;及根據本集團不時採納之政策及程序,審議本集團各業務板塊的重大事項、業務情況和最新進展等。本公司訂立了《董事會職權範圍》、《管理決策委員會職權範圍》及《授權綱要》,明確了董事會、管理層的職權及責任,及董事會對管理層的授權事項。董事會亦定期對這些制度進行檢討,並根據具體情況作出及時更新及修改。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會(續)

Mechanisms ensuring Independent Views and Inputs available to the Board 確保董事會可獲得獨立的觀點及意見的機制

To ensure that the Board can obtain independent views and inputs, the Company has established the following mechanisms:

- 1. the Board formulated the Terms of Reference of the Board of Directors which include (i) the mechanisms ensuring independent views and inputs available to the Board and (ii) the requirement of annual review of the implementation and effectiveness of such mechanisms;
- 2. the Company appointed at least three INEDs, and at least one-third of the Board members must be INEDs. INEDs also serve as chairman/members of other Board committees. INEDs have the ability, integrity, independence, experience and expertise. Sufficient number and ability of INEDs formed a strong independent element in the Board;
- 3. the Board and the Nomination Committee evaluate the independence of all INEDs every year and when appointing new INEDs according to the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. When re-electing the INED who has served for more than nine years, a separate resolution will be proposed and approved by Shareholders. The circular to Shareholders will state why the Board and the Nomination Committee believe that the INED is still independent and should be re-elected, including the factors considered, the process and the discussion of the Board and the Nomination Committee in reaching such decision;
- 4. the Directors (including INEDs) have access to Board papers and related materials (including but not limited to independent professional opinions from independent auditors, independent financial advisers, external lawyers, etc), and are provided with adequate information in a timely manner. They may also seek assistance from the Company Secretary of the Company for further information and documents. Queries raised by Directors should receive a prompt and full response, allowing them to make independent opinions based on sufficient information;

本公司為確保董事會可獲得獨立的觀點及意見,已設立以下機制:

- 1. 董事會制定《董事會職權範圍》當中包括(i)確保董事會可獲得獨立的觀點及意見機制及(ii)按年檢討該機制的實施及有效性的要求;
- 2. 本公司委任最少三名獨立非執行董事,董事會成員當中最少三分之一須為獨立非執行董事。獨立非執行董事亦擔任其他董事會委員會的主席/成員,獨立非執行董事都具有能力、誠信、獨立性、經驗及專業知識。足夠的獨立非執行董事人數及能力,已在董事會形成強大的獨立元素;
- 3. 董事會及提名委員會每年及在委任新獨立非執行董事時均按《上市規則》第3.13條所載之獨立性指引 評估所有獨立非執行董事之獨立性,在重選在任超過九年之獨立非執行董事時,會以獨立決議案形式 由股東審議通過及在股東通函中說明董事會及提名委員會認為獨立非執行董事仍屬獨立人士及應獲 重選的原因,所考量的因素、董事會及提名委員會作此決定的過程及討論內容等;
- 4. 董事(包括獨立非執行董事) 均有權查閱董事會文件及有關資料(包括但不限於獨立核數師、獨立財務顧問、外部律師等的獨立專業意見等),並會及時獲提供充分資料,彼等亦可向本公司之公司秘書尋求協助,尋求進一步資料及文件,對於董事提出的問題,本公司盡可能作出迅速及全面的回應,讓他們在掌握充足資料的情況下作出獨立意見;

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會(續)

Mechanisms ensuring Independent Views and Inputs available to the Board (continued) 確保董事會可獲得獨立的觀點及意見的機制 (續)

- 5. The Directors (including INEDs) may, if necessary, seek external legal or other independent professional advice at the expense of the Company;
- 6. Where Directors (including INEDs) have a material conflict of interest in a matter being discussed in the Board meetings, they will abstain from voting on the matter. INEDs with no conflict of interest should be present at the Board meetings and take the lead where potential conflicts of interest arise;
- 7. If a substantial shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter should be dealt with by a physical Board meeting rather than a written resolution. INEDs who, and whose close associates, have no material interest in the transaction should be present at that Board meeting; and
- 8. In addition to Board meetings, the Chairman of the Board meets with INEDs at least once a year without the presence of other Directors. INEDs are free to provide their independent opinions to the Chairman of the Board.

The Board has reviewed the mechanisms ensuring independent views and inputs during the year under review and considered they are effective.

- 5. 如有需要,董事(包括獨立非執行董事)可向外諮詢法律或其他獨立的專業意見,有關費用由本公司支付;
- 6. 當董事(包括獨立非執行董事)在董事會會議上討論的事宜有重大利益衝突,均會放棄表決該議案。沒有利益衝突之獨立非執行董事應該出席有關的董事會會議,並在出現潛在利益衝突時發揮牽頭引導作用;
- 7. 若有主要股東或董事在董事會將予考慮的事項中存有董事會認為重大的利益衝突,有關事項將以舉行董事會會議(而非書面決議)方式處理。在交易中本身及其緊密聯繫人均沒有重大利益的獨立非執行董事應該出席有關的董事會會議;及
- 8. 除董事會會議外,董事會主席與獨立非執行董事在其他董事避席下每年至少會面一次。獨立非執行董事可自由地向董事會主席提供獨立意見。

董事會已檢討回顧年度內確保董事會取得獨立觀點及意見的機制,並認為其有效。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會(續)

Corporate governance functions 企業管治職責

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties as set out below:

- 1. to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- 2. to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- 3. to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- 5. to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Board performed the above duties during the year under review.

董事會負責履行下述企業管治的職責:

- 1. 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規;
- 2. 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培訓及持續專業發展;
- 3. 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規;
- 4. 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- 5. 檢討本公司遵守《企業管治守則》的情況及在《企業管治報告》內的披露。

於回顧年度內,董事會已履行上述職責。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續) Corporate governance functions (continued) 企業管治職責 (續)

Nomination Policy《提名政策》

The Board adopted Nomination Policy related to the nomination of Directors, which sets out the criteria and procedures when identifying suitably qualified candidates to be appointed, re-appointed or re-designated as Directors. The following factors would be considered by the Nomination Committee in assessing the candidates (the "Nomination Criteria"):

- 1. accomplishment and professional experience that, in the opinion of the Nomination Committee, the candidate could benefit the development of the Company;
- 2. commitment in respect of available time to the Board. In this regard, the number and nature of offices held by the candidate in public companies or organisations, and other executive appointments or significant commitments will be considered:
- 3. diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to gender, ethnicity, skills, knowledge, experience, age (18 years or above), cultural and educational background;
- 4. potential/actual conflict of interests that may arise if the candidate is selected;
- 5. independence of the candidate (where applicable); and
- 6. in the case of a proposed re-appointment of an INED, the number of years the individual has already served. These factors are not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to consider other factors as it considers appropriate and helpful to achieve the objective of the Nomination Policy.

董事會採納有關董事提名的《提名政策》,其列載了委任、重新委任及調任合資格候選人為董事時應考慮的標準及程序。提名委員會在評估候選人時將考慮以下因素(「提名標準」):

- 1. 提名委員會認為候選人擁有有助於本公司發展的成就及專業經驗;
- 2. 對董事會投入時間的承諾。在這方面,會考慮候選人在公眾公司或機構所擔任的職務數量及性質,以 及其他具有行政管理性質的委任或重要承諾;
- 3. 就各方面而言的多元化,包括但不限於性別、民族、技能、知識、經驗、年齡(18歲或以上)、文化及教育背景;
- 4. 如果候選人被委任,可能產生的潛在或實際的利益衝突;
- 5. 候選人的獨立性(如適用);及
- 6. 就重新委任獨立非執行董事的情況,候選人已經在任的服務年期。上述因素並不旨在涵蓋所有因素, 也不具決定性作用。提名委員會有權考慮其他任何適合及有助實現《提名政策》目的之因素。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續)

Corporate governance functions (continued) 企業管治職責(續)

Nomination Policy (continued)《提名政策》(續)

Nomination Procedure 提名程序

Subject to the provisions in the Articles of Association, the following procedures for nomination should be adopted:

- 1. the Nomination Committee identifies or selects candidates pursuant to the Nomination Criteria;
- 2. the Nomination Committee may use any process it deems necessary and appropriate to evaluate the candidates, including personal interview, background checks, presentations or written submission by the candidates or third-party references;
- 3. the Nomination Committee makes recommendation to the Board and provides all the information required by applicable Listing Rules including its assessment results based on the Nomination Criteria;
- 4. the Board shall have the final decision on the appointment based on the recommendation by the Nomination Committee;
- 5. all appointment of Directors should be confirmed by the appointment letters setting out the key terms and conditions of the appointments of relevant Directors, which should be approved by the Nomination Committee; and
- 6. where Shareholders are required to vote on appointment or re-appointment or re-designation of a Director, the circular accompanying the notice of relevant general meeting should contain all the information of the candidates required by Listing Rules (including Appendix C1).

The Shareholders may also propose a person for election as a Director, and the relevant Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director of the Company are available under the "About Us > Corporate Governance" section of the Company's website at www.cebenvironment.com.

受限於《章程細則》的規定,提名程序如下:

- 1. 提名委員會根據提名標準識別或甄選候選人;
- 2. 提名委員會可選用其認為任何必要和適當的程序評估候選人,包括面談、背景調查、演講或由候選人 遞交的書面意見或第三方的推薦意見;
- 3. 提名委員會向董事會作出推薦並且提供所有適用的《上市規則》要求的資料,包括其根據提名標準作出的評估結果;
- 4. 董事會對基於提名委員會推薦作出的委任有最終決定權;
- 5. 所有對董事的委任應通過委任函確認,委任函應列載相關委任的關鍵條款及條件,並且需得到提名委員會的批准;及
- 6. 如股東需要對董事委任或重新委任或調任進行投票時,連隨召開相關股東大會通知的通函應包含所有《上市規則》(包括附錄C1)要求的候選人資料。

股東亦可推薦董事候選人,而有關《股東提名候選董事的程序》已載於本公司網站www.cebenvironment.com的「關於我們>企業管治」部分內。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續) Corporate governance functions (continued) 企業管治職責 (續)

Board Diversity 董事會成員多元化

The Company has formulated the Board Diversity Policy aiming at setting out the approach on diversity of the Board. The Nomination Committee is also responsible for reviewing and reporting to the Board in relation to Board diversity. The Nomination Committee and the Board reviewed the implementation and the effectiveness of Board Diversity Policy during the year under review and considered the policy is effective. The Board recognises the importance of having a diverse Board in enhancing the Board's effectiveness and corporate governance. A diverse Board includes and makes good use of differences in the skills, industry knowledge and experience, education, background and other qualities of the Directors and does not discriminate on the ground of race, age, gender, culture or religious belief. These differences are taken into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board and when possible, should be balanced appropriately. The Nomination Committee has responsibility for identifying and recommending candidates for approval by the Board. It takes responsibility in assessing the appropriate mix of gender, age (18 years or above), culture, experience, expertise, skills and diversity required on the Board and assessing the extent to which the required skills are represented on the Board and overseeing the Board succession plan. Board appointments will be based on merits of the candidates and other objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. Selection of candidates to join the Board will be, in part, dependent on the pool of candidates with the necessary knowledge, experience, skills, educational background and other qualities. The final decision will be based on the candidate's merits and contributions that he/she will bring to the Board.

The Board considers that the Board diversity is a vital asset to the Company. The Company has appointed a female director. The Nomination Committee and the Board will take opportunity to increase the proportion of female members on the Board over time when selecting and making recommendation on suitable candidates as Directors. The Board will further adjust the proportion of male and female on the Board in due course with reference to stakeholders' expectation and international and local recommended best practices. In order to develop a channel of potential successors to the Board to enhance gender diversity, the Company from time to time learns about outstanding director candidates in the market from its Directors, external auditors, lawyers and other professional service agencies, and the Company will entrust human resources consulting companies to find director candidates, when necessary, for building a talent pool of potential director successors.

本公司訂立《董事會成員多元化政策》,目的是為董事會成員的多元化訂立方向。提名委員會亦負責檢視及向董事會報告有關董事會成員的多元化事宜。提名委員會及董事會已檢討回顧年度內《董事會成員多元化政策》的實施及有效性,並認為該政策有效。董事會明白一個多元化的董事會對於提高董事會效率及企業管治的重要性。多元化的董事會包括善用董事的不同技能、行業知識和經驗、教育、背景和其他素質,而不會產生基於種族、年齡、性別、文化或宗教信仰的歧視。在決定最佳董事會組合時會考慮該等因素,並盡可能取得適當的平衡。提名委員會負責物色及推薦董事候選人予董事會批准;負責評估董事會所需的適當組合和董事候選人的性別、年齡(18歲或以上)、文化、經驗、專業知識和技能和董事會所需的多元化因素;以及監督董事會的繼任計劃。董事的任命將根據候選人的優點及其他客觀標準作出,充分考慮該等因素對於董事會成員多元化的好處。甄選候選人加入董事會時,會按照候選人有否具備所需的知識、經驗、技能、教育背景及其他素質來考慮。最終的決定將會取決於候選人的優點和其將會為董事會作出的貢獻。

董事會認為董事會成員的多元化,對於本公司是一項重要的資產。本公司目前委任了一名女董事,提名委員會及董事會日後在甄選及推薦合適的董事候選人時,將會藉機逐步提高董事會女性成員的比例,董事會將因應持份者的期望及參考國際及本地的建議最佳常規適時進一步調整董事會男女成員比例。本公司為建立一個可以優化性別多元化的潛在董事繼任人渠道,不時向董事、外聘核數師、律師及其他專業服務機構了解市場上優秀的董事人選,及在有需要時候委託人力資源顧問公司物色董事人選,以建立潛在董事繼任人才庫。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會(續)

Corporate governance functions (continued) 企業管治職責(續)

Employee Gender Diversity 僱員性別多元化

As at 31 December 2024, male to female ratios by employee ranking of the Group was as follow:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團的各僱員職級的男女比例如下:

Employee Ranking 職級	Male 男性	Female 女性
Senior management 高級管理人員	88%	12%
Middle-level management 中層管理人員	83%	17%
General and technical staff 一般及技術員工	76%	24%

The Group has always been committed to providing open and equal employment opportunities and platforms and regards the ability and qualifications of candidates as the most critical assessment elements in the recruitment process. We also ensure that our human resources management structure, such as remuneration levels, training opportunities and employment prospects, are not affected by gender to achieve gender equality. Since (i) the main businesses of the Group include waste-to-energy and synergistic treatment, integrated biomass utilisation, hazardous and solid waste treatment, integrated water environment management, etc., the professionals who take relevant courses are mainly male, and (ii) the front-line technical staff of the project companies require high manual labour and shift work, as a result, the applicants are mainly male, rather than the Group deliberately not hiring female front-line technical staff.

一直以來,本集團致力提供公開而平等的就業機會與平台,將應徵者的能力和資質視為於招聘過程中最關鍵的考核要素。我們亦致力令到我們的人力資源管理架構,如薪酬水平、訓練機會及就業前景等不受性別影響,從而實現性別平等。由於(i)本集團主營業務包括垃圾發電及協同處理、生物質綜合利用、危廢及固廢處置、水環境綜合治理等,修讀相關課程的專業人員以男性為主;及(ii)項目公司的前線技術員工需要高體力勞動,亦需要輪班,導致應徵者本來就以男性為主,而非本集團刻意不聘用女性前線技術員工。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續) Corporate governance functions (continued) 企業管治職責 (續) Dividend Policy 《股息政策》

The Company adheres to the principle of sharing the fruit of its success with the Shareholders and considers stable and sustainable dividends to the Shareholders to be its goal. The Company has adopted the Dividend Policy, which is only a guideline on the distribution of dividends to the Shareholders. The declaration of interim dividend and recommendation of payment of final dividend must be approved by the Board, and in addition, declaration of final dividend will be subject to the approval of the Shareholders. The distribution of dividends to the Shareholders can be by way of cash or scrip or partly by cash or partly by scrip or some other ways as determined by the Board from time to time. Any payment of the dividend by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "Companies Ordinance"), the Articles of Association and the Shareholders' approval.

The Board takes into account the following factors when considering the declaration and payment of dividends, inter alia:

- 1. the funding needs to the operation and business development of the Company from time to time;
- 2. the market situation from time to time;
- 3. the solvency requirements under the Companies Ordinance;
- 4. cash flow and financial condition of the Company;
- 5. the requirements of the Articles of Association and the relevant laws, rules and regulations applicable to the Company;
- 6. any banking or other funding covenants by which the Company is bound from time to time; and
- 7. any other factors that the Board deems relevant.

本公司遵循把成果與股東分享的原則並以穩定及持續性地向股東派息作為其目標。本公司已採納《股息政策》,僅作為分配股息予股東的指引。宣派中期股息及支付末期股息的建議須由董事會批准,此外,末期股息之宣派須待股東批准後方可作實。向股東分配的股息可採取以現金或以股代息方式,或部份以現金或部份以股代息方式,或由董事會不時決定的其他方式。本公司支付任何股息亦須受香港法例第622章《公司條例》(「《公司條例》」)、《章程細則》及股東批准所規限。

董事會在考慮宣派及派付股息時,會考慮以下因素(其中包括):

- 1. 本公司不時對運營和業務發展的資金需求;
- 2. 不時的市場情況;
- 3. 《公司條例》的償付能力要求;
- 4. 本公司現金流及財務狀況;
- 5. 《章程細則》及有關適用於本公司的法律、法規和規章要求;
- 6. 本公司不時就任何銀行或其他融資制約條款的限制;及
- 7. 任何其他董事會認為相關的因素。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會 (續) Corporate governance functions (continued) 企業管治職責 (續)

Dividend Policy (continued)《股息政策》(續)

When assessing the Company's performance for each financial year or interim financial period, the Board shall seek to maintain a steady dividend payment, and determine the dividend payout ratio after taking into account the capital expenditure and cash flow for each financial year or interim financial period, while smoothing the effect of any variation in the cash flow that may be due to one-off gains or losses in the same period. The Dividend Policy, which would be reviewed from time to time by the Board, should not form a commitment on distribution of dividends to the Shareholders and there is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any given period.

在評估本公司每個財政年度或中期財政期間之業績表現時,董事會在維持一個穩定股息回報的同時,會視乎每個財政年度或中期財政期間的資本性開支與現金流的情況來確定派息比率(扣除可能在同期出現一次性的收益或損失而影響現金流的因素)。《股息政策》將由董事會不時被檢討,不應成為分配股息予股東的承諾,且並不保證在任何期限內將分發任何金額的股息。

Training for Directors 董事培訓

Each newly appointed Director receives an induction training covering the statutory and regulatory obligation of a director of a listed company.

- 1. Before the effective date (i.e., 27 September 2024) of appointment of Mr. Wang Silian, he obtained legal advice and received induction training from a firm of solicitors qualified to advise on Hong Kong law on 25 September 2024.
- 2. Before the effective date (i.e., 27 March 2024) of appointment of Mr. Kang Guoming and Mr. Pan Jianyun as NEDs, they obtained legal advice and received induction training from a firm of solicitors qualified to advise on Hong Kong law on 20 March 2024.
- 3. Before the effective date (i.e., 26 March 2025) of appointment of Professor Zhang Xiang, JP. as an INED, he obtained legal advice and received induction training from a firm of solicitors qualified to advise on Hong Kong law on 20 March 2025.

每名新委任的董事均獲得就任培訓,內容包括上市公司董事在法規及監管規定上之責任的資料。

- 1. 在王思聯先生獲委任為執行董事的生效日期(二零二四年九月二十七日)前,彼已於二零二四年九月 二十五日向就香港法律提供意見的律師行取得法律意見及接受就任培訓。
- 2. 在康國明先生及潘劍雲先生獲委任為非執行董事的生效日期(二零二四年三月二十七日)前,彼等已於二零二四年三月二十日向就香港法律提供意見的律師行取得法律意見及接受就任培訓。
- 3. 在張翔教授, JP.獲委任為獨立非執行董事的生效日期(二零二五年三月二十六日)前,彼已於二零二五年三月二十日向就香港法律提供意見的律師行取得法律意見及接受就任培訓。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會(續)

Training for Directors (continued) 董事培訓 (續)

They have confirmed they understood the requirements and obligations under the Listing Rules that are applicable to them as directors of a listed issuer and the possible consequences of making a false declaration or giving false information to The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The Company has continuously updated Directors with the latest developments and amendments to the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, and provides trainings and relevant reading materials to develop and refresh the Directors' knowledge and skills.

During the year under review, the Company provided Directors with monthly updates on the performance, position and prospects of the Company. The Company also provided Directors with monthly analysis report on the Company's stock price performance, quarterly regulatory updates and biannual shareholder analysis report. Directors are encouraged to participate in continuing professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills as Directors in order to ensure that their contributions to the Board remain informed and relevant. The Company has prepared a training record in order to assist the Directors in recording the training that they have undertaken.

During the year under review, the Company organised trainings regarding (i) introduction to the Corporate Governance Code and the relevant consultation document; (ii) improving climate-related information disclosure; and (iii) reminders on loans and advance payments. The Company also issued written training materials from time to time to develop and refresh the knowledge and skills of the Directors. Some Directors also attended seminars/conferences/forums/trainings relevant to their profession and duties as Directors.

彼等均已確認明白《上市規則》中所有適用於其作為上市發行人董事的規定及責任,以及向香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)作出虛假聲明或提供虛假信息所可能引致的後果。

本公司持續向董事提供有關《上市規則》和其他適用監管規定之最新發展概況,並提供培訓與相關讀物以發展及更新董事的知識和技能。

於回顧年度內,本公司向董事提供有關本公司表現、狀況及前景的每月更新資料。本公司亦向董事提供有關本公司股價表現的每月分析報告、季度監管更新、以及半年度股東分析報告。本公司鼓勵董事參加持續專業發展,以發展並更新董事的知識和技能,以確保其繼續在具備全面資訊及切合所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。本公司已備有培訓記錄,協助董事記錄所接受的培訓。

於回顧年度內,本公司為董事舉辦了有關(i)《企業管治守則》及相關諮詢文件簡介;(ii)優化氣候相關信息披露;(iii)以及貸款及墊付款項的提示之培訓。本公司亦有持續發出書面培訓材料以發展並更新董事的知識和技能,個別董事還參加了有關其專業和董事職務的座談會/會議/論壇/培訓。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會(續)

Training for Directors (continued) 董事培訓 (續)

The newly appointed Directors received induction training before their appointment date. Besides, below is a summary of the trainings the Directors received during the year under review:

新委任董事於委任日期前已接受就任培訓。除此之外,於回顧年度內,董事所接受的培訓概要如下:

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Types of Training ⁶ 培訓類型 ⁶
Mr. Wang Silian ¹	王思聯先生1	A, B, C, E
Mr. Luan Zusheng	欒祖盛先生	A, B, C
Mr. Kang Guoming ²	康國明先生2	A, C, D, E
Mr. Pan Jianyun²	潘劍雲先生2	C, E
Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip	范仁鶴先生	A, C, D
Ms. Li Shuk Yin, Edwina	李淑賢女士	A, C, D
Professor Zhang Xiang, JP.3	張翔教授,JP.3	N/A 不適用
Mr. Huang Haiqing ¹	黄海清先生1	B, C
Mr. Hu Yanguo ⁵	胡延國先生5	A, B, C
Mr. Qian Xiaodong⁵	錢曉東先生5	A, B, C
Mr. An Xuesong ⁵	安雪松先生5	A, B, C
Mr. Zhai Haitao ⁴	翟海濤先生4	С
Mr. Suo Xuquan³	索緒權先生3	A, C, D

Notes 附註:

- 1. Mr. Wang Silian was appointed as Executive Director to replace Mr. Huang Haiqing who resigned with effect from 27 September 2024.
 - 王思聯先生獲委任為執行董事以替代辭任之黃海清先生,自二零二四年九月二十七日起生效。
- 2. Mr. Kang Guoming and Mr. Pan Jianyun were appointed as an NEDs, with effect from 27 March 2024. 康國明先生及潘劍雲先生獲委任為非執行董事,自二零二四年三月二十七日起生效。
- 3. Professor Zhang Xiang, JP. was appointed as an INED, to replace Mr. Suo Xuquan who resigned with effect from 26 March 2025.
 - 張翔教授,JP.獲委任為獨立非執行董事以替代辭任之索緒權先生,自二零二五年三月二十六日起生效。
- 4. Mr. Zhai Haitao retired as an INED, with effect from 30 May 2024. 翟海濤先生卸任獨立非執行董事,自二零二四年五月三十日起生效。
- 5. Mr. Hu Yanguo, Mr. Qian Xiaodong and Mr. An Xuesong resigned as Executive Directors, with effect from 27 March 2024. 胡延國先生、錢曉東先生及安雪松先生辭任執行董事,自二零二四年三月二十七日起生效。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會(續)

Training for Directors (continued) 董事培訓 (續)

Notes (continued) 附註:(續)

- 6. A: attending seminars/conferences/forums/trainings 参加座談會/會議/論壇/培訓
 - B: giving talks at seminars/conferences 於座談會/會議上演講
 - C: reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, environmental protection business or directors' duties and responsibilities, etc.

閱讀有關經濟、環保業務或董事職責等之報章、刊物及更新資料

- D: attending project site visit(s) arranged by the Company 參與本公司安排的項目現場考察
- E: directors' induction training 董事就任培訓

Remuneration Policy of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員薪酬政策

The Group's remuneration policy for the Directors (except the NEDs, they are not entitled to any remuneration) and senior management is mainly formulated to determine their remunerations based on their personal qualities, roles and responsibilities, qualifications, experience, performance, the performance of their responsible business, the overall financial and performance of the Group and market remuneration level. Bonuses for Executive Directors and senior management are determined based on indicators such as profit from operating activities, investment in new projects, and safety and environmental performance, so that the long-term interests of Directors and senior management are aligned with those of the Company and the Shareholders. The Remuneration Committee is responsible for the remuneration policy and structure of the Company's Directors and senior management and makes recommendations to the Board on establishing a formal and transparent remuneration procedure for developing such policy.

本集團的董事(不包括非執行董事,他們不會享有任何酬金)及高級管理人員薪酬政策主要為了使他們的薪酬根據其個人的條件、職責、資歷、經驗、表現、其負責業務的表現、本集團整體財務及績效、市場薪酬水平來釐定。執行董事及高級管理人員的花紅以經營活動所得盈利、新項目投資及安全和環境績效等指標以釐定,使董事和高級管理人員與本公司及股東的長遠利益一致。薪酬委員會負責本公司董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策及架構,及就設立正規而具透明度的程序制定薪酬政策,向董事會提出建議。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事會(續)

Remuneration Policy of Directors and Senior Management (continued) 董事及高級管理人員薪酬政策 (續)

The remuneration of the senior management (excluding those senior management who also serve as Directors) by band for the year ended 31 December 2024 is set out below:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度高級管理人員(不包括同時任職董事的高級管理人員)之薪酬組別如下:

Remuneration band (HK\$)	薪酬組別(港幣元)	Number of persons 人數
\$2,000,001 to \$3,000,000	\$2,000,001至\$3,000,000	2

Particulars regarding Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix D2 to the Listing Rules are set out in notes 9 and 10 to the financial statements, respectively.

根據《上市規則》附錄D2須就董事薪酬以及五名最高薪酬僱員披露之詳情,分別載於財務報表附註9及10。

ATTENDANCE RECORD OF DIRECTORS AND BOARD COMMITTEE MEMBERS IN 2024 二零二四年董事及委員會成員的出席紀錄

Number of meetings attended/meetings eligible to attend 出席/合資格出席會議次數

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Risk Management Committee 風險管理委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	2024 AGM 二零二四年 股東週年大會
Mr. Wang Silian ² 王思聯先生 ²	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Luan Zusheng 欒祖盛先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	2/2	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. Kang Guoming ³ 康國明先生 ³	1/2 1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. Pan Jianyun ³ 潘劍雲先生 ³	1/2 1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip 范仁鶴先生	4/4	3/3	2/2	1/1	2/2	1/1
Ms. Li Shuk Yin, Edwina 李淑賢女士	4/4	3/3	2/2	1/1	2/2	1/1
Professor Zhang Xiang, JP. ⁴ 張翔教授 [,] JP. ⁴	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Huang Haiqing ² 黃海清先生 ²	3/3	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	2/2	1/1
Mr. Hu Yanguo ⁵ 胡延國先生⁵	2/2	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Qian Xiaodong ⁵ 錢曉東先生 ⁵	2/2	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. An Xuesong ⁵ 安雪松先生⁵	2/2	N/A 不適用	0/1 1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Zhai Haitao ⁶ 翟海濤先生 ⁶	2/2	1/1	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1	0/1 1
Mr. Suo Xuquan ⁷ 索緒權先生 ⁷	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	2/2	1/1
Total number of meetings 會議總數	4	3	2	1	2	1

ATTENDANCE RECORD OF DIRECTORS AND BOARD COMMITTEE MEMBERS IN 2024 (continued) 二零二四年董事及委員會成員的出席紀錄 (續)

Notes 附註:

- 1. Due to other important business engagement, the relevant Director did not attend the meeting. 由於有其他重要公務在身,該有關董事未能出席該會議。
- 2. Mr. Wang Silian was appointed as Executive Director and Chairman of the Board, the chairman of the Nomination Committee, a member of the Remuneration Committee to replace Mr. Huang Haiqing who resigned with effect from 27 September 2024. 王思聯先生獲委任為執行董事及董事會主席、提名委員會主席以及薪酬委員會成員,以替代辭任之黃海清先生,自二零二四年九月二十七日起生效。
- 3. Mr. Kang Guoming and Mr. Pan Jianyun were appointed as NEDs, both with effect from 27 March 2024. 康國明先生及潘劍雲先生獲委任為非執行董事,均自二零二四年三月二十七日起生效。
- 4. Professor Zhang Xiang, JP. was appointed as an INED, a member of each of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee with effect from 26 March 2025.
 - 張翔教授, JP.獲委任為獨立非執行董事以及提名委員會及薪酬委員會各自之成員, 自二零二五年三月二十六日起生效。
- 5. Mr. Hu Yanguo and Mr. Qian Xiaodong resigned as Executive Directors, Mr. An Xuesong resigned as an Executive Director and a member of the Risk Management Committee, all with effect from 27 March 2024. 胡延國先生及錢曉東先生辭任執行董事,安雪松先生辭任執行董事及風險管理委員會的成員,均自二零二四年三月二十七日 起牛效。
- 6. Mr. Zhai Haitao retired as an INED, and at the same time, ceased to act as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee, and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee, with effect from 30 May 2024. 翟海涛先生卸任獨立非執行董事,同時不再擔任薪酬委員會主席以及審核委員會及提名委員會各自之成員,自二零二四年五月三十日起生效。
- 7. Mr. Suo Xuquan resigned as an INED, the chairman of the Risk Management Committee, a member of each of Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee, with effect from 26 March 2025. 索緒權先生辭任獨立非執行董事、風險管理委員會主席以及審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會各自之成員,自二零二五年三月二十六日起生效。
- 8. Directors attended the aforesaid meetings either physically or by electronic means such as telephone or video-conferencing. 董事可親身出席或透過電話或視像會議等電子途徑參與上述會議。
- 9. The Board cancelled the Disclosure Committee with effect from 27 March 2024 and no Disclosure Committee meeting was convened in 2024.
 - 董事會自二零二四年三月二十七日起取消披露委員會。於二零二四年,沒有召開任何披露委員會會議。

THE DIVISION OF RESPONSIBILITIES BETWEEN THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD AND THE CEO 董事會主席及總裁之職責分工

The roles of the Chairman of the Board and the CEO are separate and are not performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman of the Board and the CEO has been clearly established.

The main duties of the Chairman of the Board include providing leadership for and overseeing the functioning of the Board; ensuring that all the Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and giving each Director an opportunity to express his/her view at Board meetings; ensuring that the Directors receive adequate information, which must be accurate, clear, complete and reliable, in a timely manner; ensuring that the Board works effectively and discharges its responsibilities; ensuring that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner; drawing up and approving the agenda for each Board meeting, taking into account, where appropriate, any matters proposed by the other Directors for inclusion in the agenda; taking responsibility for ensuring that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established; encouraging all Directors to make a full and active contribution to the Board's affairs and taking the lead to ensure that the Board acts in the best interests of the Company and the shareholders as a whole; encouraging Directors with different views to voice their concerns, allow sufficient time for discussion of issues and ensure that Board decisions fairly reflect Board consensus; ensuring that appropriate steps are taken to provide effective communication with the Shareholders and that views of the Shareholders are communicated to the Board as a whole; promoting a culture of openness and debate by facilitating the effective contribution of NEDs and INEDs in particular and ensuring constructive relations between Executive Directors, NEDs and INEDs.

The duties of the CEO include taking responsibility for the Group's operation and management; executing and implementing decisions and plans approved by the Board; making day-to-day operational and managerial decisions; and coordinating overall business operations.

董事會主席與總裁的角色已有區分,並不由一人同時兼任。董事會主席與總裁之間職責的分工已清楚界 定並以書面列載。

董事會主席的主要職責包括領導董事會及監察董事會功能;確保董事會會議上所有董事均適當知悉當前的事項及給每名董事在董事會會議上表達其意見的機會;確保董事及時收到充分的資訊,而有關資訊亦必須準確清晰及完備可靠;確保董事會有效地運作,且履行應有責任;確保董事會及時就所有重要及適當事項進行討論;釐定並批准每次董事會會議的議程,在適當情況下,這過程中應計及其他董事提議加入議程的任何事項;有責任確保本公司制定良好的企業管治常規及程序;鼓勵所有董事全力投入董事會事務,並以身作則,牽頭確保董事會行事符合本公司及股東的整體最佳利益;鼓勵持不同意見的董事均表達出本身關注的事宜、給予這些事宜充足時間討論,以及確保董事會的決定能公正反映董事會的共識。確保採取適當步驟保持與股東有效聯繫,以及確保股東意見可傳達到整個董事會;及提倡公開、積極討論的文化,促進董事(特別是非執行董事及獨立非執行董事)對董事會作出有效貢獻,並確保執行董事與非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之間維持建設性的關係。

總裁的職責包括負責本集團的運營和管理;執行及落實董事會的決議及計劃;作出運營管理的日常決策; 及協調整體業務運營。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS 非執行董事

The Company has entered into an appointment letter with each NED. Their terms of appointment are from 27 March 2024 to the conclusion of the 2026 annual general meeting of the Company. They are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association.

本公司已與每位非執行董事簽署委任聘書。彼等之任期自二零二四年三月二十七日起至本公司二零二六年股東週年大會結束時止。彼等須遵守《章程細則》有關輪值退任及膺選連任之規定。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS 獨立非執行董事

In accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, the Board is of the view that all INEDs are independent (notwithstanding that Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip had been a NED prior to his re-designation as an INED under Rule 3.13(7) of the Listing Rules and has served as an INED for more than 9 years since December 2012). The Company has received an annual written confirmation of independence from each of the INEDs pursuant to the requirements in the Listing Rules.

Moreover, the Directors are of the opinion that Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip remains independent as the INED, and there is no evidence of his independence being affected by Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip's re-designation of Board position nor his length of tenure of over 9 years. He has not engaged in any executive management of the Group after he was appointed as the INED. Throughout his position as the INED, he has participated in the meetings of the Board and Board committees to give objective views and impartial advice as well as exercise independent judgement. The Board believes that the extensive knowledge and experience of Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip to the Group's business and his external experience continue to be of significant benefit to the Group, and that he maintains an independent view of the Company's affairs.

Pursuant to the appointment letter entered into between the Company and each of the INEDs, their terms of appointment are from the conclusion of the 2024 AGM (except Professor Zhang Xiang, JP. whose term of appointment is from 26 March 2025) to the conclusion of the 2026 annual general meeting of the Company. They are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association. INEDs are identified as such in all corporate communications containing names of the Directors. The latest list of the Directors identifying the INEDs and the roles and functions of the Directors is available on the websites of the Company and HKEx.

根據《上市規則》第3.13條所載之獨立性指引,董事會認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士(儘管范仁鶴先生根據《上市規則》第3.13(7)條自二零一二年十二月起被調任為獨立非執行董事前為非執行董事,以及任職獨立非執行董事超過九年),而每名獨立非執行董事已根據《上市規則》的規定向本公司提供有關其獨立性的年度書面確認。

另外,董事會認為范仁鶴先生作為獨立非執行董事仍然保持獨立,並無證據顯示范仁鶴先生之董事會職位的調任或彼超過九年之任期對其獨立性有任何影響。自獲委任為獨立非執行董事後,彼並無從事本集團之任何執行管理事務。於擔任獨立非執行董事期間,彼曾參與董事會會議及不同董事會委員會的會議,均給予客觀的意見及中肯的建議,並作出獨立判斷。董事會相信范仁鶴先生對本集團業務的豐富知識和經驗以及在本集團以外的經驗,將繼續為本集團帶來莫大裨益,並相信他會對本公司事務保持獨立意見。

根據本公司與每位獨立非執行董事簽署之委任聘書,任期自二零二四年股東週年大會結束時起(張翔教授,JP.除外,其任期由二零二五年三月二十六日起)至本公司二零二六年股東週年大會結束時止。彼等須遵行《章程細則》有關輪值退任及膺選連任之規定。本公司在所有載有董事姓名的公司通訊中,已說明獨立非執行董事身份。本公司之最新董事名單已載於本公司及港交所的網站內,註明獨立非執行董事身份及列明董事角色及職能。

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS 董事進行證券交易 之標準守則

The Group has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct for Directors' transactions in securities of the Company. Having made specific enquiries to the then incumbent Directors, all then incumbent Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in the Model Code throughout their tenure during the year ended 31 December 2024.

The Company also adopted the Model Code for the securities transactions by relevant employees of the Company, including relevant employees of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The Group has formulated the Inside Information Reporting Policy, which provides the Directors and the employees with inside information reporting guidelines, to enhance the inside information management of the Group.

本集團採納《上市規則》附錄C3所載《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「《標準守則》」)作為董事進行本公司證券交易事宜的指引。經向所有時任董事作出特定查詢後,所有時任董事均確認其於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度任期內一直遵守《標準守則》所載的規定。

就本公司有關僱員(包括本公司及其附屬公司之有關僱員)進行的證券交易,本公司也採納了《標準守則》。

本集團已制定《內幕消息報告政策》,為董事及僱員提供匯報內幕消息的指引,加強本集團內幕信息管理。

COMPANY SECRETARY 公司秘書

The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board for ensuring that Board policies and procedures are followed and Board activities are efficiently and effectively conducted. The Company Secretary is a full-time employee of the Company. Although the Company Secretary reports to the Chairman of the Board and the CEO, all the Directors may call upon the Company Secretary at any time for assistance and advice in respect to their duties and other corporate governance matters, so as to ensure effective operation of the Board and the committees thereunder. The Company Secretary advises the Board on corporate governance matters and facilitates the induction and professional development of Directors. For the year under review, the Company Secretary confirmed that she had taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

公司秘書向董事會負責,以確保遵守董事會政策和程序,以及董事會事務有效率及有效地進行。公司秘書為本公司全職僱員,雖然公司秘書向董事會主席及總裁匯報,但全體董事均可隨時要求公司秘書提供有關董事責任及其他企業管治事宜的意見及協助,確保董事會及其轄下委員會可有效運作。公司秘書負責就企業管治事宜向董事會提供建議,並負責董事的就任須知及專業發展。於回顧年度,公司秘書確認其已接受不少於十五小時的相關專業培訓。

EXTERNAL AUDITOR 外聘核數師

At the Company's 2024 AGM held on 30 May 2024, immediately following the retirement of EY, the Shareholders approved the resolution for appointing KPMG as the Company's new auditor and authorising the Board to fix its remuneration.

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the total fees paid/payable in respect of the audit and non-audit services provided by KPMG to the Group are set out below:

於本公司在二零二四年五月三十日舉行的二零二四年股東週年大會上,緊隨安永退任後,股東通過了委任畢馬威為本公司的新核數師,並授權董事會釐定其酬金之議案。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內,畢馬威向本集團提供審核及非審核服務的已付/應付費用總額如下:

2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

Type of services	服務類別	
Audit services	審核服務	9,243
Non-audit services*	非審核服務*	3,396
		12,639

- * Non-audit services include tax advisory and other non-audit services.
- * 非審核服務包括稅務諮詢及其他非審核服務。

The Audit Committee was satisfied with KPMG's work and its effectiveness of the audit process, and therefore recommended the re-appointment of KPMG as the Company's external auditor for 2025 for Shareholders' approval at the 2025 AGM.

審核委員會對畢馬威的工作及審核程序的效能均表示滿意。因此,審核委員會建議續聘畢馬威擔任本公司二零二五年度的外聘核數師,並予股東於二零二五股東週年大會上批准通過。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 董事就財務報表所承擔的責任

The Directors confirm that they are responsible for the preparation of the Group's financial statements. A statement by KPMG, the external auditor of the Company, about its reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is included in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 142 to 152. With the assistance of the Finance Management Department of the Company, the Directors ensure that the Group's financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with relevant regulations and applicable accounting principles. The Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the integrity of the Group's financial statements, ensuring compliance with accounting standards and reviewing significant financial reporting judgments. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as referred to in Code Provision D.1.3 in Part 2 of the CG Code.

董事確認須就編製本集團財務報表承擔有關責任。本公司外聘核數師畢馬威就本集團財務報表所作之申報責任聲明列載於第142頁至第152頁之獨立核數師報告內。在本公司財務管理部協助下,董事確保本集團財務報表的編製符合有關法規及適用之會計準則。審核委員會負責監察本集團財務報表的完整性,確保其符合會計準則及檢視重要的財務匯報判斷。董事概不知悉任何按《企業管治守則》第二部份守則條文第D.1.3條所指可能會嚴重影響本公司持續經營能力的重大不明朗事件或情況。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS 風險管理及內部監控

The Board has full responsibility for the Group's risk management and internal control systems, which include the establishment of a defined management structure with specified limits of authority. The systems are designed to help the Group achieve business objectives, safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication and ensure compliance with relevant legislations and regulations. The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risks of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk (including ESG risk) management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 December 2024. This review (following to the review of the Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee (as applicable)) covered all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, internal audit function, and also considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting, internal auditing and financial reporting functions, and their training programmes and budget. The Board considered that the risk management and internal control systems were effective and adequate. The Risk Management and Legal Compliance Department reports to the Risk Management Committee on the control of principal risks and internal control implementation. Any internal control weaknesses of the Group detected by the Audit Department is reported to the Audit Committee and the Management. Accordingly, the Management takes remedial actions and the Audit Department subsequently follows up and reviews whether the remedial actions in place are adequate.

董事會全權負責本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統,包括制訂管理架構及相關的權限。該等系統旨在協助本集團達致業務目標、保管資產以防未經授權使用或出售、確保存有正確會計記錄以提供可靠的財務數據供內部使用或對外發放,並確保遵守有關法例與規則。風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險,而且只可合理(但並非絕對)保證不會出現重大失實陳述或損失。

董事會已對本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的風險(包括環境、社會及管治風險)管理及內部監控系統的有效性進行檢討。該等檢討(先經審核委員會及風險管理委員會(如適用)審閱)包括所有重要的監控,特別是財務監控、運營監控、合規監控、內部審核功能,並考慮本公司在會計、內部審核、財務匯報職能方面是否有足夠的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及是否有充足的員工培訓課程及有關預算。董事會認為風險管理及內部監控系統屬有效及足夠。風險管理與法律合規部就主要風險的控制情況和內部監控的執行情況向風險管理委員會匯報。倘若發現任何本集團內部監控的弱點,審計部會向審核委員會及管理層匯報。據此,管理層會採取相應的糾正措施及由審計部隨後跟進及審核有關糾正措施是否足夠。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS (continued) 風險管理及內部監控(續)

To provide effective internal controls, the Board has established the following key procedures:

為提供有效的內部監控,董事會確立了下列主要程序:

- Organisational Structure 組織架構

An appropriate organisational structure of the Group is in place with defined operating policies and procedures as well as responsibility and reporting lines.

本集團已設有合適的組織架構,清楚訂明相關的運營政策及程序、職責及匯報渠道。

Authority and Controls 權限及監控

The Executive Directors and senior management are delegated with respective levels of authorities to carry out the corporate strategies, policies and the related matters formulated by the Board, and also perform execution based on related internal control requirements of the existing policies and procedures.

執行董事及高級管理人員獲授予相關權限以執行董事會制訂的企業策略、政策及有關事務,並根據現有制度與流程中有關內部監控的要求行事。

- Budgetary Control and Financial Reporting 預算控制及財務匯報

The Group implements budget management, and financial budget is executed upon approval by the Board. Relevant procedures have been established to assess, review and approve major capital and recurrent expenditures, and regular review and comparison between operating results and the budget are made. The Group has established appropriate internal control procedures to ensure the complete and accurate accounting and management records are kept on a timely basis. Examination and review are carried out regularly to ensure that the financial statements are properly prepared in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles, the Group's accounting policies and the applicable laws and regulations.

本集團實行預算管理,財務預算由董事會批核後執行。本集團已訂立相關程序以評估、檢討及批核主要的資本性及經常性支出,並定期檢討與比較運營結果與預算。本集團已建立適當的內部監控程序,確保全面、正確及準時記錄會計及管理數據。定期進行檢討及審查,確保財務報表的編製符合一般認可的會計準則、本集團會計政策,以及適用的法律及法規。

- Internal Auditing 內部審計

The Group has its Audit Department, which has regularly conducted internal audits to review whether the risk management and internal control procedures are being implemented appropriately.

本集團設有審計部,並定期進行內部審計以檢討風險管理及內部監控程序是否如實執行。

The Group has established an internal whistleblowing policy and system for employees of the Company to raise concerns, in confidence, about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal controls or other matters.

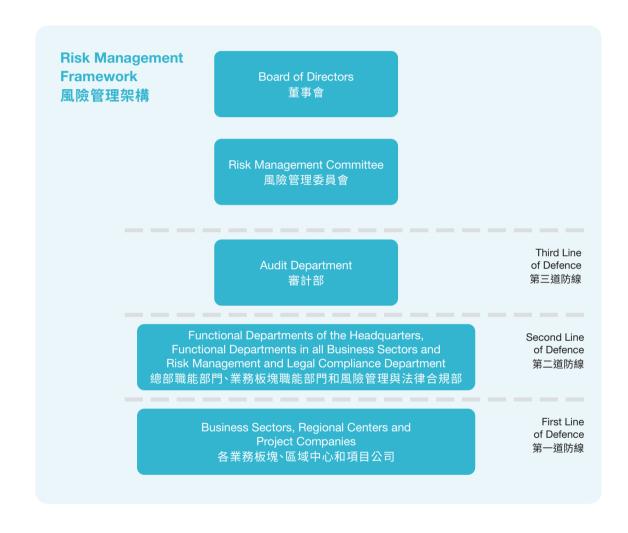
本集團制定了內部舉報政策及系統,僱員可暗中就財務匯報、內部監控或其他方面可能發生的不正當行為提出關注。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS (continued) 風險管理及內部監控(續)

In order to achieve effective step-by-step management, the Group has set up 3 lines of defence system in risk management and internal controls as follows:

本集團建立了以下的風險管理和內部監控的三道防線組織體系,實現有效的逐級管理:



RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS *(continued)* 風險管理及內部監控 *(續)* First Line of Defence 第一道防線

The first line of defence includes business sectors, regional centers and project companies. They are responsible for continuous identification, assessment, monitoring and report of risks in operating process and implementation of specific process for risk management and internal control systems.

第一道防線包括各業務板塊、區域中心和項目公司,負責對運營過程中的風險持續識別、評估、監控及匯報,實施風險管理及內部監控系統的具體流程。

Second Line of Defence 第二道防線

The second line of defence includes functional departments of the headquarters, functional departments in all business sectors and Risk Management and Legal Compliance Department. They are responsible for the regular review of overall risk level and effectiveness of control measures in principal risks.

第二道防線包括總部職能部門、各業務板塊職能部門和風險管理與法律合規部,負責定期評估整體的風險等級、審閱主要風險管控措施的有效性。

Third Line of Defence 第三道防線

The third line of defence is Audit Department, which is responsible for the regular review on the follow up actions taken in enhancing risk management and internal control systems. Adherence to the principle of "Up-and-Down Coordination and Cross-segmental Cooperation", the Group has strengthened its risk management through promotion of risk management system and establishment of the risk management working network. The Risk Management Committee under the Board takes accountability on risk management, and reviews the corporate risk management and internal controls at least twice a year. The Risk Management and Legal Compliance Department is responsible for the implementation of the risk management system and the evaluation of internal controls, and the evaluation of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems through on-site risk research, collection of risk information and other measures.

第三道防線為本公司審計部,負責定期審核風險管理和內部監控系統改進的落實情況。本集團以「上下聯動、縱橫交錯」為指導原則全面推進風險管理體系,建立風險管理工作網絡,提升風險管理水平。董事會轄下風險管理委員會對風險管理工作負責,每年不少於兩次對企業風險管理和內部監控情況進行檢討。風險管理與法律合規部負責風險管理體系落實和內部監控評估工作,通過現場風險調研、風險信息收集等方式,評估風險管理和內部監控系統的有效性。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS (continued) 風險管理及內部監控(續)

In 2021, the Group issued Everbright Environment 2021 Risk Management Instructions in accordance with the Risk Management Systems, Risk Management Operation Manual and Everbright Environment Internal Control Management Manual, detailed the workflow and specific implementation requirements of risk management and internal controls, enhanced the supervision and inspection mechanism of risk management and internal controls. The Company enhanced the list of risk factors and evaluation criteria of risk effect degree, and continuously maintained the risk event database within the year. According to the changes of external environment and actual operation, the Company used unified evaluation scope, evaluation criteria, evaluation process and tools, carried out risk evaluation work of the year, determined principal risks of the year and established effective control measures, continuously analysed the effectiveness of control methods and followed up specific control effect. During the year, the Company conducted internal control evaluation from company level, business level and information system level, etc. to improve the effectiveness of internal controls. The Company has continued to carry out special inspection work on risks to improve normalisation of risk management and internal controls during the year.

The Company paid high attention to risk awareness and improvement of risk management ability, carried out different forms of risk management related trainings, enhanced on-site risk inspection and special inspection, improved standardisation of risk management within the year.

With respect to procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information, the Group previously established the Disclosure Committee. The Board delegated the day-to-day execution of its continuous disclosure obligations to the Disclosure Committee. Moreover, the Group has formulated the Inside Information Reporting Policy to ensure that potential inside information can be promptly identified, assessed and escalated, if necessary, for the attention of the Disclosure Committee and/or the Board to decide about the need for disclosure. The Board has cancelled the Disclosure Committee with effect from 27 March 2024. Its work and duties are thereafter performed by the Board.

二零二一年,本集團根據《風險管理制度》、《風險管理操作手冊》及《光大環境內控管理手冊》的要求,下發《光大環境二零二一年風險管理工作指導意見》,細化了風險管理與內部監控的工作流程和具體執行要求,健全了風險管理與內部監控監督檢查機制。本公司於年內完善了風險要素清單和風險影響程度評估標準,並持續維護風險事件資料庫。根據外部環境變化和實際運營狀況,本公司採用統一的評估範圍、評估標準、評估流程和評估工具,開展年度風險評估工作,確定了年度主要風險並對主要風險制定了有效的管控措施,持續分析管控措施的有效性和跟進具體的管控效果。本公司於年內從公司層面、業務層面、信息系統層面等開展內部監控評估工作,提升內部監控的有效性。本公司於年內持續開展風險專項檢查工作,提升風險管理和內部監控工作的常態化。

本公司高度重視風險意識和風險管理能力的提升,年內開展多種形式的風險管理相關培訓,強化風險現場核查和專項檢查工作,提升風險管理的標準化水平。

有關處理及發佈內幕消息的程序和內部監控,本集團原設有披露委員會,由董事會授權其負責持續披露責任的 日常執行工作。此外,本集團制定了《內幕消息報告政策》以確保潛在的內幕消息及時得以識別、評估及在必要 時反映至披露委員會及/或董事會,以便決定是否需要作出披露。董事會自二零二四年三月二十七日起取消披 露委員會,披露委員會的工作職責隨後由董事會履行。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS (continued) 風險管理及內部監控(續) Significant ESG related risks 與環境、社會及管治有關的重大風險

The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's ESG risk management and related internal control systems for the year ended 31 December 2024, and has considered that the resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's ESG performance and reporting functions, and their training programmes and budget are adequate. The Board considered that the ESG risk management and internal control systems were effective and adequate. The Company's ESG team reported to the Risk Management and Legal Compliance Department and the Risk Management Committee on the control of significant ESG risk and the implementation of internal controls. Any internal control weaknesses relating to ESG risk of the Group detected by the Audit Department is reported to the Audit Committee and the Management. Accordingly, the Management takes remedial actions and the Audit Department subsequently follows up and reviews whether the remedial actions in place are adequate.

董事會已對本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的環境、社會及管治風險管理及相關內部監控系統的有效性進行檢討,並認為本公司在環境、社會及管治表現和匯報相關的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是足夠的。董事會認為環境、社會及管治風險管理及內部監控系統屬有效及足夠。本公司的環境、社會及管治團隊就環境、社會及管治重大風險的控制情況和內部監控的執行情況向風險管理與法律合規部及風險管理委員會匯報。倘若發現任何本集團環境、社會及管治風險內部監控的弱點,審計部會向審核委員會及管理層匯報。據此,管理層會採取相應的糾正措施及由審計部隨後跟進及審核有關糾正措施是否足夠。

EMPLOYEE CODE OF CONDUCT《員工守則》

The Group places utmost importance on employees' ethical, personal and professional standards. Every employee is required to comply with the Employee Code of Conduct of the Group, and is expected to achieve the highest standards set out in the Employee Code of Conduct including avoidance of conflict of interests, discrimination or harassment and bribery and corruption, etc. Employees are required to report any non compliance with the Employee Code of Conduct to the Management.

本集團極為重視僱員的道德、個人及專業操守準則。每名僱員均須遵守本集團之《員工守則》,本集團期望所有僱員均達到《員工守則》所訂的最高準則,包括避免利益衝突、歧視或騷擾、以及賄賂及貪污等。僱員須向管理層報告任何違反《員工守則》的情況。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL WHISTLEBLOWING AND INVESTIGATION POLICIES 內部及外部舉報及調查辦法

To enhance the transparency, integrity and accountability of the Group and to retain a consistently high standard of corporate governance, the Company has put in place Internal Whistleblowing and Investigation Policy and External Whistleblowing and Investigation Policy. Those policies apply to the employees/related persons (including but not limited to investors, lenders, suppliers, customers, services providers and government, etc.) of the Group (excluding China Everbright Greentech Limited, China Everbright Water Limited and their respective subsidiaries). Those policies are designed to provide the employees/related persons with confidential whistleblowing channels to report the actual or suspected illegal activities and misconducts in corporate financial reporting, internal controls or other areas to the Audit Committee in which the Company's attention should be drawn and investigation should be initiated. The scope and purpose of those policies are available under the "Corporate Governance" section of the Company's website at www.cebenvironment.com.

為提高本集團運作的透明度、廉潔度、問責性及致力保持一貫高度的企業管治標準,本公司設有《內部舉報及調查辦法》和《外部舉報及調查辦法》。該等辦法適用於本集團(不包括中國光大綠色環保有限公司、中國光大水務有限公司及其等的附屬公司)的僱員/往來人士(包括但不限於投資者、貸款人、供應商、客戶、服務商及政府等)。該等辦法旨在為僱員/往來人士在保密的情況下就公司財務匯報、內部監控或其他方面可能或已發生的不正當或不合法行為提供向審核委員會舉報的渠道,引起本公司關注及調查。該等辦法的適用範圍及目的已載於本公司網站(www.cebenvironment.com)「企業管治」部分內。

ANTI-CORRUPTION, ANTI-BRIBERY AND ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING POLICY 《反貪污、反賄賂及反洗錢政策》

In order to promote the Company's anti-corruption, anti-bribery and anti-money laundering matters, and improve the level of compliance operations, the Company has established the Anti-corruption, Anti-bribery and Anti-Money Laundering Policy. The policy clarifies (i) anti-corruption and anti-bribery norms, including guidelines for accepting benefits and entertainment, and guidelines for providing benefits; (ii) anti-money laundering, anti-terrorist financing or activity norms; and (iii) related reporting methods and punishments, etc.

為促進本公司的反貪污、反賄賂及反洗錢事宜,提高合規運作水平,本公司制定了《反貪污、反賄賂及反洗錢政策》。該政策明確了(i)反貪污、反賄賂規範,包括接受利益及款待指引、提供利益指引;(ii)反洗錢、防止資助恐怖分子或活動規範;及(iii)相關舉報方法及處分等。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS 股東的權利

The Company encourages Shareholders to attend the annual general meetings or other general meetings in person or by appointing proxies, for exchanging views directly with the Directors and the Management in order to strengthen and promote communication between the Shareholders and the Company. In addition to direct communication at the general meetings, the Shareholders can also make inquiries to the Company and the Board at any time. For the procedures for Shareholders to make inquiries to the Board, please refer to the "Investor Relations" section of this Corporate Governance Report.

本公司鼓勵股東親身或委任代表出席股東週年大會或其他股東大會,與董事及管理層直接交換意見,加強和促進股東與本公司的溝通。除了在股東大會上直接溝通,股東亦可隨時向本公司及董事會提出查詢,有關股東向董事會提出查詢的程序,請見本企業管治報告「投資者關係」部分。

Convening of extraordinary general meetings on requisition by Shareholders 應股東要求召開股東特別大會

Pursuant to section 566 of the Companies Ordinance, the members of the Company representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the members having a right to vote at general meetings may request the Directors to call a general meeting. The request must state the general nature of business to be dealt with at the meeting and may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting. The request may consist of several documents in like form and may be sent to the Company in hard copy form or in electronic form and must be authenticated by the person(s) making it. If the Directors do not proceed duly within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the request to convene a general meeting for a day not more than 28 days after the date on which the notice convening a general meeting is given, the members who requested the meeting or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a general meeting, provided that the general meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of 3 months from such date. The general meeting convened by such members shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which general meetings are to be convened by the Directors.

根據《公司條例》第566條,擁有股東大會上投票資格的全體股東總投票權佔最少5%之本公司股東,可要求董事召開股東大會。有關要求書必須列明將於會上處理的事項的一般性質,及可包括將於會上恰當地被動議並擬於會上被動議的決議案內容。有關要求書可包含多份格式相近的文件,並可透過打印本形式或電子形式向本公司交付,惟必須經由提出要求的人士認證。倘董事在該要求書交付日期起計二十一天內,未有在召開股東大會通知書發出日期後二十八天內安排召開一次股東大會,則該等要求召開股東大會的股東,或佔全體該等股東的總投票權過半數的股東,可自行召開股東大會,但如此召開的股東大會不得在上述請求日期起計三個月屆滿後舉行。由有關股東召開的股東大會,須盡可能以接近董事召開股東大會的方式召開。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued) 股東的權利(續)

Putting forward proposal at annual general meetings 於股東週年大會上提出議案

Pursuant to section 615 of the Companies Ordinance, the members of the Company may request the Company to give, to members of the Company entitled to receive notice of the annual general meeting, notice of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting. The request may be sent to the Company in hard copy form or in electronic form and must identify the resolution of which notice is to be given, be authenticated by the person or persons making it and be received by the Company not later than 6 weeks before the annual general meeting to which the requests relate; or if later, the time at which notice is given of that meeting. The Company will give notice of a resolution if it has received the requests from:

- (a) members representing at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all the members of the Company who have a relevant right to vote on the resolution to which the requests relate; or
- (b) at least 50 members who have a relevant right to vote on the resolution to which the requests relate.

根據《公司條例》第615條,本公司股東可要求本公司向有權收取股東週年大會通告的股東發出決議案通告,而有關決議案將於股東週年大會上恰當地被動議或擬於會上被動議。有關要求書可透過打印本形式或電子形式送交本公司,並須說明將予發出通告所述決議案,且必須經由提出要求的人士認證,以及本公司必須不遲於有關股東週年大會舉行日期前六個星期或(如較後)發出股東週年大會通告的時間接獲有關要求書。本公司將於接獲下列人士發出的要求書後,發出決議案通告:

- (a) 擁有就有關決議案投票的本公司全體股東總投票權的至少2.5%之股東;或
- (b) 至少50名擁有就有關決議案投票權的股東。

Proposing a person for election as a Director 提名個別人士候選董事的程序

The procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director are available under the "Corporate Governance" section of the Company's website at www.cebenvironment.com.

股東提名候選董事的程序已載於本公司網站www.cebenvironment.com「企業管治」部分內。

INVESTOR RELATIONS 投資者關係

The Company recognises the importance of efficient and effective communication with the investor community. In order to enable the Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and to allow them to engage actively with the Company, the Shareholders Communication Policy of the Company has been established.

During the year under review, the Company has continuously disclosed all its material information and regularly disclosed its interim and annual reports in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Company regularly conducted briefings and meetings with institutional investors and analysts through various communication channels, including teleconference, video conference, video web-casting, etc. to provide them with up-to-date and comprehensive information about the Group's development. Besides, the Company facilitates the initiation and coverage of the Company published by research analysts of well-received investment banks which are instrumental in providing investors with independent and professional evaluations of the Company. Moreover, the Group participates in different international and domestic investor forums and organises non-deal roadshows at home and abroad to elaborate on the Group's business development plans to global investors. Furthermore, the Company arranges site visits for investors and media to its key projects in the PRC. The Company has established a function dedicated to investor relations and engaged an external public relations company to take care of investor relations matters. The Company also maintains a website (www.cebenvironment.com) which renders the Shareholders, investors and the general public direct access to the information of the Group on a timely basis. The Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Company through the investor relations team whose contact details are set out in the "Investor Relations" section of the Company's website at www.cebenvironment.com. The Shareholders may also make enquiries and suggestions with the Board and the Management at the Shareholder's general meetings of the Company. The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders Communication Policy during the year under review, and considered that the policy effectively enables the Company to achieve good communication with the Shareholders.

本公司非常重視與投資者的高效及有效的溝通。為了讓股東在知情的情況下行使其股東的權利,並讓他們積極參與本公司溝通,本公司訂立了《股東通訊政策》。

於回顧年度內,本公司已按《上市規則》持續披露其所有重大的資訊及定期披露本公司的中期及年度報告;本公司亦不時透過不同通訊渠道與機構投資者及分析員舉行簡報會及會議包括電話會議、視頻會議及線上視頻直播等,為彼等提供有關本集團發展的最新全面詳情。此外,本公司協助知名投資銀行的研究分析師為本公司撰寫分析報告,此舉有利於提供投資者有關本公司的獨立及專業評估。此外,本集團出席不同的國際和國內的投資者論壇,組織國內和海外的非交易路演,向全球投資者闡述本集團的業務發展計劃。另外,本公司更透過實地考察,為投資者和媒體展示其位於中國的若干重點項目。本公司已設有專責投資者關係的職能,並聘請外部公關公司負責投資者關係的事宜。本公司之網站(www.cebenvironment.com)為股東、投資者及公眾人士適時提供本公司資訊。股東可在任何時間透過投資者關係職能人員向本公司發送他們的查詢和其所關心的問題,相關的聯繫方式載於本公司網站(www.cebenvironment.com)「投資者關係」部分。股東亦可在本公司的股東大會上向董事會及管理層提出查詢及建議。董事會已檢討於回顧年度內《股東通訊政策》之實施及有效性,並認為該政策有效地讓本公司與股東達致良好溝通。

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2024 AGM 二零二四年股東週年大會

The Company uses the annual general meeting as a forum to establish constructive dialogue with the Shareholders. The Company gave sufficient notice to the Shareholders before convening the 2024 AGM and explained the detailed procedures for conducting a poll. Due to other unexpected and important business engagement, Mr. Zhai Haitao, a former INED, was unable to attend the 2024 AGM. Other then incumbent Executive Directors, NEDs, INEDs, chairmen of Board committees and representatives of the Management attended the 2024 AGM to facilitate the direct and constructive communication with the Shareholders. The poll results announcement of the 2024 AGM is available on the websites of the Company and HKEx.

本公司以股東週年大會作為與股東作建設性對話的平台。本公司召開二零二四年股東週年大會前已給予股東充分通知,亦向股東講解以投票方式進行表決的詳細程序。前任獨立非執行董事翟海濤先生由於有其他重要公務在身,因此未能出席二零二四年股東週年大會。其他時任執行董事、非執行董事、獨立非執行董事、各董事會轄下委員會的主席及管理層代表已出席二零二四年股東週年大會以促進與股東進行直接和具建設性的溝通。二零二四年股東週年大會的投票結果公告已載於本公司及港交所的網站內。

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS 憲章文件

In 2024 AGM, a special resolution in respect of the amendments to the Articles of Association was approved by the Shareholders, mainly to ensure the Articles of Association in line with market practice and the latest legal and regulatory requirements, and to allow general meetings to be held as hybrid meetings or virtual meetings, to make other house-keeping amendments, etc. Details of the amendments were set out in the Shareholders' circular of the Company dated 26 April 2024.

於二零二四年股東週年大會上,本公司有關修訂《章程細則》之特別決議案獲得股東通過,主要為使《章程細則》符合市場慣例及最新法律及監管規定,亦允許股東大會以混合會議或虛擬會議形式舉行,以及作出 其他內務修訂等。修訂詳情可見詳情載於本公司日期二零二四年四月二十六日之股東通函。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

MR. WANG SILIAN

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

Aged 51, is the Executive Director and the Chairman of the Board of the Company. He is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Board, and a director of several subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Wang is the non-executive director and the chairman of the board of directors of China Everbright Greentech Limited (the Company's subsidiary and the shares of which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")). Mr. Wang was the vice chairman and president of China CYTS Tours Holding Co., Ltd. (the shares of which are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange ("SSE")) and the chairman of Bravolinks Integrated Marketing Co., Ltd. (the shares of which are listed on the National Equities Exchange and Quotations), both of which are connected persons of the Company. He was also the deputy general manager of the Human Resources Department of China Everbright Bank Company Limited (the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange and SSE), a subsidiary of China Everbright Group Ltd., which is an indirect controlling shareholder of the Company. Mr. Wang holds a master degree in military science from the Dalian Naval Academy of the People's Liberation Army Navy. Mr. Wang joined the Board in September 2024.

王思聯先生

執行董事兼董事會主席

現年51歲,為本公司執行董事兼董事會主席。彼亦為董事會轄下提名委員會主席及薪酬委員會成員,以及本集團若干附屬公司的董事。王先生亦為中國光大綠色環保有限公司(本公司之附屬公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市)的非執行董事兼董事會主席。王先生曾任職本公司之關連人士中青旅控股股份有限公司(其股份於上海證券交易所(「上交所」)上市)副董事長及總裁,本公司之關連人士中青博聯整合營銷顧問股份有限公司(其股份於全國中小企業股份轉讓系統掛牌)董事長,本公司間接控股股東中國光大集團股份公司的附屬公司中國光大銀行股份有限公司(其股份於聯交所及上交所上市)人力資源部副總經理。王先生持有中國人民解放軍海軍大連艦艇學院軍事學碩士學位。王先生於二零二四年九月加入董事會。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

MR. LUAN ZUSHENG

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Aged 59, is the Executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and the director and the general manager of Everbright Environmental Protection (China) Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company). He is also a member of the Risk Management Committee of the Board, and a director of several subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Luan is currently a non-executive director and the chairman of the board of China Everbright Water Limited (the Company's subsidiary and the shares of which are listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")) and a director of Sun Life Everbright Life Insurance Co., Ltd. He holds a master degree in accounting from the Department of Accounting of Nankai University and a doctorate degree in political economics from the Department of Economics of Nankai University. Mr. Luan is also a certified intermediate accountant in the People's Republic of China. Mr. Luan was the director of Everbright Financial Holding Asset Management Co., Ltd. Mr. Luan was the director of the office and the officer for deepening reform of the leading group office for the comprehensive deepening reform, and the secretary general of the office of China Everbright Group Ltd., the indirect controlling shareholder of the Company, the president of Shijiazhuang and Wuxi Branches, the vice president and risk director of Shenzhen Branch, the assistant to the president and risk director of Fuzhou Branch, of China Everbright Bank Company Limited ("Everbright Bank", the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange and Shanghai Stock Exchange), the general manager of small and medium enterprises business department and the general manager of the microfinance business department of Everbright Bank. Mr. Luan joined the Board in June 2021.

欒祖盛先生

執行董事兼總裁

現年59歲,為本公司執行董事兼總裁及光大環保(中國)有限公司(本公司之全資附屬公司)的董事及總經理。彼亦為董事會轄下風險管理委員會成員,以及本集團若干附屬公司的董事。欒先生現任中國光大水務有限公司(本公司之附屬公司,其股份於新加坡證券交易所有限公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市)非執行董事及董事長,以及光大永明人壽保險有限公司董事。彼持有南開大學會計學系會計學專業碩士學位及南開大學經濟學系政治經濟學博士學位,亦為中華人民共和國註冊中級審計師。欒先生曾任光大金控資產管理有限公司董事。欒先生曾任本公司間接控股股東中國光大集團股份公司全面深化改革領導小組辦公室主任、深改專員兼辦公廳主任、中國光大銀行股份有限公司(「光大銀行」,其股份於聯交所及上海證券交易所上市)石家莊及無錫分行行長、深圳分行副行長及風險總監、福州分行行長助理及風險總監、光大銀行中小企業業務部總經理及小微金融業務部總經理等職務。藥先生於二零二一年六月加入董事會。

MR. KANG GUOMING

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Aged 54, is a Non-executive Director of the Company and a member of the Audit Committee of the Board. He is employed by China Everbright Group Ltd. ("China Everbright Group"), an indirect controlling shareholder of the Company. Mr. Kang had served as a deputy general manager (general manager level) of integrated development department of China Everbright Group. He had also served as chairman of the board of China CYTS Tours Holding Co., Ltd. (the shares of which are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange), a connected person of the Company. He holds a bachelor degree and a master degree in economics from Peking University. He is a qualified lawyer in China. Mr. Kang joined the Board in March 2024.

康國明先生

非執行董事

現年54歲,為本公司非執行董事,以及董事會轄下審核委員會之成員。彼受僱於本公司間接控股股東中國光大集團股份公司(「中國光大集團」)。康先生曾任職中國光大集團協同發展部副總經理(總經理級)。彼亦曾擔任本公司之關連人士中青旅控股股份有限公司(其股份於上海證券交易所上市)董事長。康先生持有北京大學經濟學學士學位及經濟學碩士學位,具有中國律師資格。康先生於二零二四年三月加入董事會。

MR. PAN JIANYUN

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Aged 54, is a Non-executive Director of the Company. Mr. Pan is an executive director and the vice president of China Everbright Limited (the shares of which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")). He served as a director and vice president of China Everbright Holdings Company Limited, an indirect controlling shareholder of the Company. Mr. Pan had served as a deputy general manager of each of the listing office and integrated development department of China Everbright Group Ltd., and a business line director and general manager of the investment banking management headquarters of Everbright Securities Company Limited (the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange and Shanghai Stock Exchange). He previously worked as a lawyer at Ningbo Beilun Law Firm, a project manager, an assistant to general manager, a director of legal affairs office and a general manager of investment banking headquarters of Skyone Securities' investment banking division. He holds a bachelor degree in law from China University of Political Science and Law, a master degree in economics from Zhejiang University, and an executive master degree in business administration from Fudan University. Mr. Pan joined the Board in March 2024.

潘劍雲先生

非執行董事

現年54歲,為本公司非執行董事。潘先生為中國光大控股有限公司(其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市)執行董事兼副總裁。彼曾任職本公司間接控股股東中國光大集團有限公司董事兼副總裁。潘先生曾任職中國光大集團股份公司上市辦公室及協同發展部副總經理,以及光大證券股份有限公司(其股份於聯交所及上海證券交易所上市)業務總監及投行管理總部總經理。彼亦曾任寧波北倫律師事務所律師、天一證券投行部項目經理、總經理助理、法務室主任、投行總部總經理等。潘先生持有中國政法大學法學學士學位,浙江大學經濟學碩士學位及復旦大學高級管理人員工商管理碩士學位。潘先生於二零二四年三月加入董事會。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

MR. FAN YAN HOK, PHILIP

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Aged 75, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, the chairman of each of the Risk Management Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Board, and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Board. Mr. Fan is an independent non-executive director of First Pacific Company Limited (the shares of which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")). Mr. Fan is also an external director of Sumida Corporation (the shares of which are listed on Tokyo Stock Exchange). Mr. Fan was formerly an independent director of Goodman Group, an Australian listed company and a member of the Asian Advisory Committee of AustralianSuper, a pension fund established in Australia. He was also formerly an independent non-executive director of Hysan Development Company Limited, PFC Device Inc. and China Aircraft Leasing Group Holdings Limited (the shares of all companies are listed on the Stock Exchange), and he was an executive director of CITIC Pacific Limited in charge of industrial projects in China. Mr. Fan holds a Bachelor Degree in Industrial Engineering, a Master Degree in Operations Research from Stanford University and a Master Degree in Management Science from Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Mr. Fan joined the Board in November 1997 and was re-designated as a Non-executive Director and an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in January 2010 and December 2012 respectively.

范仁鶴先生

獨立非執行董事

現年75歲,為本公司之獨立非執行董事,董事會轄下風險管理委員會及薪酬委員會主席,以及審核委員會及提名委員會之各自成員。范先生為第一太平有限公司(其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市)的獨立非執行董事。范先生亦為勝美達株式會社(其股份於東京證券交易所上市)的外部董事。范先生曾任Goodman Group(一家於澳大利亞上市的公司)的獨立董事及AustralianSuper(一家於澳大利亞成立的退休基金)的亞洲諮詢委員會成員。范先生亦曾擔任希慎興業有限公司、節能元件有限公司及中國飛機租賃集團控股有限公司(其等股份於聯交所上市)的獨立非執行董事,以及曾擔任中信泰富有限公司執行董事並主管中國工業業務。范先生持有史丹福大學工程學士銜、史丹福大學統籌學碩士銜及麻省理工學院管理科學碩士銜。范先生於一九九七年十一月加入董事會,並分別於二零一零年一月及二零一二年十二月調任為本公司之非執行董事及獨立非執行董事。

MS. LI SHUK YIN, EDWINA

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Aged 62, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, the chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board, and a member of each of the Risk Management Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Board. Ms. Li is an independent non-executive director of CNOOC Limited (the shares of which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and the Shanghai Stock Exchange). She is also an independent non-executive director of China CITIC Bank International Limited and a director of Elite Beam Limited. Ms. Li was formerly an independent non-executive director of Bank of Zhengzhou Co., Ltd. (the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange) and an external supervisor of PICC Property and Casualty Company Limited (the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange). Ms. Li is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ms. Li formerly worked in KPMG from 1994 with her last role as the partner in charge of KPMG China's financial services assurance team until her retirement in March 2018. Ms. Li has significant experience in accounting, capital market, market entrance, regulatory compliance related internal control and risk management in Hong Kong and China. Prior to joining KPMG. Ms. Li qualified as a Chartered Accountant with a large multinational accounting firm and worked as controller with a real estate company and a financial services group in London. Ms. Li holds a Bachelor degree with Honours in Accountancy from University of Exeter, England, a Postgraduate Diploma in Enterprise Risk Management from HKU SPACE, a Master of Science Degree in Risk Management from Glasgow Caledonian University, United Kingdom and a Master of Social Sciences Degree in the field of Sustainability Leadership and Governance from the University of Hong Kong. Ms. Li joined the Board in May 2022.

李淑賢女士

獨立非執行董事

現年62歲,為本公司之獨立非執行董事,董事會轄下審核委員會主席,以及風險管理委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會之各自成員。李女士為中國海洋石油有限公司(其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)及上海證券交易所上市)的獨立非執行董事。她亦擔任於中信銀行(國際)有限公司獨立非執行董事及Elite Beam Limited董事。李女士曾任鄭州銀行股份有限公司(其股份於聯交所及深圳證券交易所上市)的獨立非執行董事及中國人民財產保險股份有限公司(其股份於聯交所上市)外部監事。李女士為英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會及香港會計師公會資深會員。李女士自一九九四年起任職於畢馬威會計師事務所(「畢馬威」),直至二零一八年三月榮休前為畢馬威中國金融服務業審計主管合夥人。李女士擁有豐富的香港和中國會計、資本市場、市場開拓、監管合規相關的內部控制和風險管理經驗。加入畢馬威之前,李女士在英國倫敦一家大型跨國會計師事務所任職並成為特許會計師,以及先後在一家房地產和金融服務集團擔任財務負責人。李女士持有英國埃克塞特大學會計學榮譽學士銜、香港大學專業進修學院企業風險管理深造文憑、英國格拉斯哥卡利多尼安大學風險管理碩士銜及香港大學永續發展領導力與治理碩士銜。李女士於二零二二年五月加入董事會。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員

PROFESSOR ZHANG XIANG, JP.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Aged 61, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, and a member of each of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Board. He is currently the President of the University of Hong Kong, a foreign member of the Chinese Academy of Sciences and an elected member of the US National Academy of Engineering. He is also an external supervisor of China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd. (the shares of which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and Shanghai Stock Exchange). He served as an assistant professor at Pennsylvania State University, and served successively as an associate professor and professor at the University of California, Los Angeles. In 2004, Professor Zhang returned to the University of California, Berkeley and served as an associate professor and professor at the Mechanical Engineering Department and the Institute of Applied Science and Technology, and served as the inaugural Ernest S. Kuh Endowed Chair Professor, at the same time, he served as the director of the US National Science Foundation Nano-scale Science and Engineering Centre of University of California, Berkeley, and a director of Materials Science Division at the Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory. He obtained a bachelor degree and a master degree in Science from Nanjing University, a master degree in Science from the University of Minnesota and a doctoral degree of Philosophy in Mechanical Engineering from the University of California, Berkeley. Professor Zhang joined the Board in March 2025.

張翔教授,JP.

獨立非執行董事

現年61歲,為本公司之獨立非執行董事,以及董事會轄下提名委員會及薪酬委員會各自之成員。彼現任香港大學校長、中國科學院外籍院士及美國國家工程院院士。張教授亦為招商銀行股份有限公司(其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司及上海證券交易所上市)的外部監事。彼曾在賓夕凡尼亞州立大學擔任助理教授,並在加州大學洛杉磯分校先後擔任副教授及教授職位。二零零四年,張教授回到加州大學柏克萊分校,歷任機械工程學系及應用科學與技術所副教授、教授,並擔任葛守仁基金講座教授,同時出任該校美國國家科學基金會納米科學及工程中心主任及勞倫斯柏克萊國家實驗室材料科學部主任。張教授於南京大學取得理學學士和碩士學位,於明尼蘇達大學取得理學碩士學位,並獲加州大學柏克萊分校頒授機械工程哲學博士學位。張教授於二零二五年三月加入董事會。

MR. YANG SHIQIAO VICE PRESIDENT

aged 56, is the Vice President of the Company, as well as a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Previously, Mr. Yang was appointed as the chief executive officer of Everbright Envirotech (China) Limited, the chairman and chief executive officer of Everbright Environmental Technical Equipment (Changzhou) Limited and Everbright Ecological Resources (Shenzhen) Limited, the deputy general manager of Everbright Environmental Protection (China) Limited ("EEP China"), the Special Assistant to Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and the general manager of the Department of Project Management and Environment Management under EEP China. Mr. Yang holds a Master degree in Environmental Science and Engineering from Tsinghua University and a doctorate degree in Advanced Manufacturing from Southeast University. He is a Senior Engineer with extensive experience in operational management, project management and corporate management. Mr. Yang joined the Group in October 2004.

楊仕橋先生

副總裁

現年56歲,為本公司副總裁,以及本集團若干附屬公司的董事。楊先生曾任光大環境科技(中國)有限公司總裁、光大環保技術裝備(常州)有限公司及光大生態資源(深圳)有限公司董事長及總裁、光大環保(中國)有限公司(「光大環保中國」)副總經理、本公司行政總裁特別助理,以及光大環保中國項目管理及環境管理部總經理。楊先生持有清華大學環境科學與工程碩士銜及東南大學先進製造博士銜。彼亦為高級工程師,具有豐富運營管理、項目管理及企業管理經驗,楊先生於二零零四年十月加入本集團。

MS. POON YUEN LING COMPANY SECRETARY

aged 57, is the Company Secretary of the Company. She is a fellow member of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries) and The Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators). She joined the Group in April 1994, with more than 30 years of experience in company secretarial affairs.

潘婉玲女士

公司秘書

現年57歲,為本公司之公司秘書。彼為香港公司治理公會(前稱為香港特許秘書公會)及特許公司治理公會(前稱為特許秘書及行政人員公會)之資深會員。彼於一九九四年四月加入本集團,具有逾30年公司秘書事務經驗。

The directors (the "Director(s)") of China Everbright Environment Group Limited (the "Company") present this annual report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

The Company is a company incorporated and domiciled in Hong Kong with limited liability and has its registered office and principal place of business at Room 2703, 27th Floor, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities and other particulars of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 49 to the financial statements. The analysis of the principal activities and geographical locations of the operations of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") during the financial year are set out in note 4 to the financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the business of the Group during the year and a discussion on the Group's future business development are provided in the Chairman's Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 10 to 71 of this annual report. In particular, description of principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Group can be found in the section headed "Principal Risks and Uncertainties" in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 59 to 67. An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using key performance indicators by each business sector can be found on pages 36 to 51 of the Management Discussion and Analysis. In addition, discussions on the Group's environmental policies and performance, relationships with its key stakeholders and compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group are provided in the 2024 Sustainability Report of the Company which is available for download at the website of the Company under "CSR>Sustainability Report" section.

中國光大環境(集團)有限公司(「本公司」) 董事(「董事」)提呈截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度之年度報告及經審核財務 報表。

主要營業地點

本公司為一家於香港註冊成立,並以香港 為本籍之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處 及主要營業地點位於香港夏慤道十六號遠 東金融中心二十七樓二七零三室。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。各主要附屬公司之主要業務及其他詳情載於財務報表附註49。本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)於本財政年度內之主要業務及按運營地域劃分之分析載於財務報表附註4。

業務回顧

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The information in respect of the major customers and suppliers of the Group respectively during the financial year is as follows:

主要客戶及供應商

本集團於本財政年度之主要客戶及供應商資料如下:

Percentage of the Group's total 佔本集團下列總額之百分比 Revenue Purchases 收益 採購額

The largest customer	最大客戶	9.07%	_
Five largest customers in aggregate	五大客戶合計	25.88%	_
The largest supplier	最大供應商	_	7.16%
Five largest suppliers in aggregate	五大供應商合計	_	14.13%

None of the Directors or any of their associates or any shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's total number of issued shares) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

各董事或彼等之任何聯繫人士或任何本公司股東(「股東」)(據董事所深知擁有本公司已發行股份總數5%以上)概無擁有本集團五大客戶及供應商任何實益權益。

MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Material related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year are set out in note 43 to the financial statements. As for those material related party transactions that set out in note 43 to the financial statements also constituted continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), the Company has complied with the relevant disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the year, and the details of which have been disclosed in the below section "Continuing Connected Transactions". Other related party transactions do not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

重大關聯方交易

本集團於年內訂立之重大關聯方交易載於財務報表附註43。就於財務報表附註43所披露的重大關聯方交易同時構成《香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則》「《上市規則》」)第14A章的持續關連交易,本公司於年內已根據《上市規則》第14A章遵守相關披露規定,並已載列於下文「持續關連交易」部份中。其他關聯方交易並不構成《上市規則》第14A章的關連交易或持續關連交易。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had the following transactions which constituted continuing connected transactions of the Company, details of which are disclosed in compliance with the requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

關連交易

年內,本集團有下列交易構成本公司持續關連交易,有關交易之詳情已遵從《上市規則》第14A章之規定作出披露。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Continuing Connected Transactions

On 15 December 2022, the Company and China Everbright Group Ltd. ("China Everbright Group") entered into below master agreements with effect from 1 January 2023 (collectively, the "Master Agreements"). China Everbright Group is a controlling shareholder of the Company, therefore, China Everbright Group and its associates, including China Everbright Bank Company Limited ("CE Bank"), Sun Life Everbright Life Insurance Co., Ltd. ("Sun Life Everbright"), Everbright Securities Company Limited ("EB Securities") and China Everbright Real Estate Co., Ltd. ("CE Real Estate"), are connected persons of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the transactions contemplated under each of the Master Agreements constituted continuing connected transactions of the Company. The Master Agreements shall be on a non-exclusive basis and the Company is at liberty to obtain services from other third parties. Subsidiaries of the Company which are also listed on the Stock Exchange, including China Everbright Greentech Limited ("Everbright Greentech") and China Everbright Water Limited ("Everbright Water"), entered into separate master agreements with China Everbright Group or its associates and complied with the relevant requirements under the Listing Rules. For the avoidance of doubt, the respective annual caps in respect of each of the Master Agreements have taken into account and included the respective annual transaction amounts applicable to Everbright Greentech and Everbright Water. Details are set out in the announcements of each of the Company, Everbright Greentech and Everbright Water, dated 15 December 2022. Details of each of the Master Agreements are as follows:

(1) Deposit Services Master Agreement and Loan Services Master Agreement

Pursuant to those agreements, China Everbright Group has agreed to procure CE Bank to provide deposit services (including current and fixed term deposit) and loan services (including revolving credit facility and fixed term loan) to the Group, for the three years from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2025.

關連交易(續)

持續關連交易

於二零二二年十二月十五日,本公司與 中國光大集團股份公司(「中國光大集團」) 訂立以下總協議,並自二零二三年一月一 日起生效(統稱「總協議」)。中國光大集團 為本公司控股股東,根據《上市規則》第14A 章,中國光大集團及其聯繫人(包括中國光 大銀行股份有限公司(「光大銀行」)、光大 永明人壽保險有限公司(「光大永明」)、光 大證券股份有限公司(「光大證券」)及光大 置業有限公司(「光大置業」)為本公司的關 連人士。因此,各總協議項下擬進行交易構 成本公司的持續關連交易。各總協議乃按 非排他基準訂立,本公司可自由從其他第 三方獲得服務。同樣於聯交所上市的本公 司附屬公司(包括中國光大綠色環保有限公 司(「光大綠色環保」)及中國光大水務有限 公司(「光大水務」))已與中國光大集團或其 聯繫人訂立各自的總協議,並已遵守《上市 規則》項下的相關規定。為免生疑,有關各 總協議各自的年度上限已考慮並且包括適 用於光大綠色環保及光大水務各自的年度 交易金額。有關詳情載於本公司、光大綠色 環保及光大水務日期為二零二二年十二月 十五日之公告。各總協議詳情如下:

(1) 存款服務總協議及貸款服務總協議

根據該等協議,中國光大集團同意促使 光大銀行自二零二三年一月一日起至二 零二五年十二月三十一日止三個年度向 本集團提供存款服務(包括活期及定期 存款)及貸款服務(包括循環信貸融資及 定期貸款)。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued) Continuing Connected Transactions (continued)

(1) Deposit Services Master Agreement and Loan Services Master Agreement (continued)

The interest rate for deposit services and the interest rate for loan services shall be determined based on normal commercial terms after arm's length negotiations between the parties, and shall not be less favourable than the terms available to the Group offered by independent third parties.

The annual caps for the deposit services/loan services were determined with reference to a number of factors, including (i) the historical amounts of the maximum closing balance of deposits (including interest accrued thereon)/maximum closing balance of the loans in previous years; (ii) the expected amount of deposits of the Group/loans required by the Group arising from the Group's future business operations; and (iii) the business development plans and financial needs of the Group.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the maximum daily closing balance of the Group's deposits (including interests accrued thereon) placed in CE Bank amounted to HK\$734,624,000. This amount was below the annual cap of HK\$800,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the maximum daily closing balance of the Group's loans (excluding loans which are on normal commercial terms or better and do not require security over the assets of the Group) provided by CE Bank amounted to HK\$23,050,000. This amount was below the annual cap of HK\$800,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024.

關連交易*(續)* 持續關連交易*(續)*

(1) 存款服務總協議及貸款服務總協議(續)

存款服務的利率及貸款服務的利率須由 訂約方公平磋商後按一般商業條款釐 定,且須不遜於本集團可自獨立第三方 取得的條款。

存款/貸款服務的年度上限乃經參考多項因素後釐定,包括(i)過往年度的最高存款(包括其應計利息)/最高貸款結餘的過往金額;(ii)本集團之預計存款金額/日後業務運營所產生之預計所需貸款金額;及(iii)本集團之業務發展計劃及財務需要。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團存放於光大銀行之最高每日存款結餘(包括其應計利息)為港幣734,624,000元。此金額低於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之年度上限港幣800,000,000元。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,光大銀行提供予本集團之貸款(不包括按一般商業條款或更佳條款作出及毋須以本集團資產作抵押之貸款)之最高每日結餘為港幣23,050,000元。此金額低於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之年度上限港幣800,000,000元。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued) Continuing Connected Transactions (continued)

(1) Deposit Services Master Agreement and Loan Services Master Agreement (continued)

On 15 December 2022, Everbright Greentech, a listed subsidiary of the Company, entered into the deposit services master agreement with China Everbright Group ("Everbright Greentech's Deposit Services Master Agreement"). Its actual maximum daily closing balance of deposits (including interest accrued thereon) had exceeded its annual cap for the year ended 31 December 2024 under Everbright Greentech's Deposit Services Master Agreement, details are set out in the announcement of Everbright Greentech dated 4 March 2025. The Deposit Services Master Agreement of the Company has taken into account and included the annual transaction amounts applicable to Everbright Greentech. Although the annual cap for the year ended 31 December 2024 under Everbright Greentech's Deposit Services Master Agreement had been exceeded, the annual cap for the year ended 31 December 2024 under the Deposit Services Master Agreement set by the Company had not been exceeded.

(2) Employee Healthcare Protection Services Master Agreement

Pursuant to the agreement, China Everbright Group has agreed to procure its associates, including but not limited to Sun Life Everbright and its associates, to provide the Healthcare Protection Entrusted Management Scheme, the Long-term Supplemental Medical Insurance Protection Scheme and other employee healthcare protection services to the Group, for the three years from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2025. The principal amounts to be deposited, management fees and medical insurance fees under the relevant schemes of the employee healthcare protection services under the Employee Healthcare Protection Services Master Agreement shall be determined based on normal commercial terms after arm's length negotiations between the parties, and shall not be less favourable than the terms available to the Group offered by independent third parties. The annual caps for the employee healthcare protection services were determined with reference to a number of factors, including (i) the historical amounts of medical insurance fees paid by the Group in previous years; (ii) the current and expected number of employees of the Group under the relevant schemes; and (iii) various insurance products and services to be provided and their coverage.

關連交易*(續)* 持續關連交易*(續)*

(1) 存款服務總協議及貸款服務總協議(續)

於二零二二年十二月十五日,本公司上 市附屬公司光大綠色環保與中國光大集 團簽訂存款服務總協議(「光大綠色環保 存款服務總協議」)。於截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度,光大綠色環保 實際最高每日收市存款結餘(包括其應 計利息)超出光大綠色環保存款服務總 協議項下之最高每日收市存款結餘(包 括其應計利息),有關詳情載於光大綠 色環保日期為二零二五年三月四日之公 告。本公司存款服務總協議年度上限已 考慮並且包括適用於光大綠色環保年 度交易金額,雖然光大綠色環保存款服 務總協議項下截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度上限已超出,但本公司 存款服務總協議項下截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度上限並沒有超 出。

(2) 僱員健康保障服務總協議

根據該協議,中國光大集團同意促使其 聯繫人(包括但不限於光大永明及其聯 繋人) 自二零二三年一月一日起至二零 二五年十二月三十一日止三個年度向本 集團提供健康保障委託管理計劃、長期 補充醫療保險保障計劃及其他僱員健康 保障服務。僱員健康保障服務總協議項 下相關僱員健康保障服務計劃項下將予 存入的本金金額、管理費及醫療保險費 用須由訂約方公平磋商後按一般商業條 款釐定,且須不遜於本集團可自獨立第 三方取得的條款。僱員健康保障服務的 年度上限乃經參考多項因素後釐定,包 括(i)本集團過往數年間所支付的醫療保 險費用的過往金額;(ii)相關計劃項下本 集團現時及預期的僱員數目;及(iii)將予 提供的多項保險產品及服務以及其涵蓋 範圍。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued) Continuing Connected Transactions (continued)

(2) Employee Healthcare Protection Services Master Agreement (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the principal amounts deposited, management fees and medical insurance fees under the relevant schemes amounted to RMB64,307,000. This amount was below the annual cap of RMB191,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024.

(3) Underwriting and Advisory Services Master Agreement

Pursuant to the agreement, China Everbright Group has agreed to procure its associates, including but not limited to EB Securities and its associates, to provide underwriting and advisory services with respect of the issuance and/or listing of convertible bonds, hybrid bonds, corporate bonds, asset-backed securities, ordinary shares, preference shares, rights and/or other securities to the Group, for the three years from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2025.

The underwriting commission and advisory service fees of the underwriting and advisory services under the Underwriting and Advisory Services Master Agreement shall be determined based on normal commercial terms after arm's length negotiations between the parties, and shall not be less favourable than the terms available to the Group offered by independent third parties. The annual caps for the underwriting and advisory services were determined with reference to a number of factors, including (i) the historical growth rate of the amount of underwriting commission and advisory service fees of the services provided by EB Securities; (ii) the size of debts previously issued by the Group; (iii) the Group's business development plans and its financial needs; and (iv) the expected increase in the size of debt issuance on a regular basis due to the future financing structure optimisation plan of the Group.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the underwriting commission and advisory service fees amounted to HK\$15,937,000. This amount was below the annual cap of HK\$94,500,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024.

關連交易*(續)* **持續關連交易***(續)*

(2) 僱員健康保障服務總協議(續)

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度,相關計劃項下存入的本金金 額、管理費及醫療保險費用為人民幣 64,307,000元。此金額低於截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度之年度上 限人民幣191,000,000元。

(3) 承銷及諮詢服務總協議

根據該協議,中國光大集團同意促使其 聯繫人(包括但不限於光大證券及其聯 繫人)自二零二三年一月一日起至二零 二五年十二月三十一日止三個年度向本 集團就可換股債券、混合債券、公司債 券、資產支持證券、普通股、優先股、配 股權證及/或其他證券的發行及/或上 市向本集團提供承銷及諮詢服務。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,承銷佣金及諮詢服務費為港幣15,937,000元。此金額低於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之年度上限港幣94,500,000元。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued) Continuing Connected Transactions (continued)

(4) Property Management Services Master Agreement

Pursuant to the agreement, China Everbright Group has agreed to procure its associates, including but not limited to CE Real Estate and its associates, to provide sanitation, maintenance, security, catering and other property management services, to the Group for the three years from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2025.

The property management services fees under the Property Management Services Master Agreement shall be determined based on normal commercial terms after arm's length negotiations between the parties, and shall not be less favourable than the terms available to the Group offered by independent third parties. The annual caps for the property management services were determined with reference to a number of factors, including (i) the historical amounts of the property management services fees paid by the Group in previous years; and (ii) the increase of specific types of services and the expected increase of management costs.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the property management services fees amounted to HK\$6,670,000 This amount was below the annual cap of HK\$35,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024.

The Independent Non-executive Directors (the "INED(s)") have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that such transactions were:

- entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- conducted either on normal commercial terms or, if there are not sufficient comparable transactions to judge whether they are on normal commercial terms, on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and
- in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

關連交易(續)

持續關連交易(續)

(4) 物業管理服務總協議

根據該協議,中國光大集團同意促使其 聯繫人(包括但不限於光大置業及其聯 繫人)自二零二三年一月一日起至二零 二五年十二月三十一日止三個年度向本 集團提供衛生清潔、維修保養、保安、 餐飲服務及其他物業管理服務。

物業管理服務總協議項下的物業管理服務費須由訂約方公平磋商後按一般商業條款釐定,且須不遜於本集團可自獨立第三方取得的條款。物業管理服務的年度上限乃經參考多項因素後釐定,包括(i)本集團過往數年間所支付的物業管理服務費的過往金額;及(ii)特定服務類型的增加及管理成本的預期上升。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,物業管理服務費為港幣6,670,000元。此金額低於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之年度上限港幣35,000,000元。

獨立非執行董事已審閱上述持續關連交易,並確認有關交易為:

- 於本集團日常及一般業務過程中訂立;
- 按一般商業條款進行或倘並無足夠可供 比較者以鑑定有關交易是否按一般商業 條款進行,則按不遜於本集團給予獨立 第三方或獨立第三方提供予本集團之條 款訂立;及
- 根據監管持續關連交易之有關協議進行,而交易條款屬公平合理,且符合本公司及股東之整體利益。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued) Continuing Connected Transactions (continued) Report of the Auditor

The Company's auditor, was engaged to report to the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 (Revised) "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Company's auditor has issued its unmodified letter containing the findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed above to the Board in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules and confirming that nothing has come to its attention that causes it to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions:

- (i) have not been approved by the Board;
- (ii) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and
- (iii) have exceeded the annual caps as set by the Company.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 and the Group's financial position as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 153 to 333.

FINAL DIVIDEND

An interim dividend of HK14.0 cents per share (2023: HK14.0 cents per share) was paid by the Company on 18 October 2024. The board of Directors (the "Board") has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK9.0 cents per share (2023: HK8.0 cents per share) for the year ended 31 December 2024.

關連交易*(續)* 持續關連交易*(續)*

核數師之匯報

本公司的核數師已獲委聘就本集團之持續關連交易作出匯報,有關匯報乃根據香港會計師公會發出之《香港核證委聘準則》第3000號(經修訂)「審核或審閱過往財務說料以外之核證委聘」,並經參考《實務說明》第740號(經修訂)「關於香港《上市規則》所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」進行。本公司的核數師已根據《上市規則》第14A.56條之規定,就上文所披露之持續關連交易前達報過度,當與及結論並確認沒有任何事宜導致其相信該等持續關連交易:

- (i) 未得董事會批准;
- (ii) 在所有重大方面均沒有根據相關交易協 議進行;及
- (iii) 已超逾本公司所設定的年度上限。

業績

本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之業績,以及本集團於該日之財務狀況載於第153頁至第333頁之財務報表內。

末期股息

本公司已於二零二四年十月十八日派發中期股息每股14.0港仙(二零二三年:每股14.0港仙)。董事會(「董事會」)建議派發截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度末期股息每股9.0港仙(二零二三年:每股8.0港仙)。

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2024, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity holders of the Company, as calculated under the provisions of sections 291, 297 and 299 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), was HK\$7,163,023,000 (2023: HK\$2,018,265,000).

After the reporting period, the Directors proposed a final dividend of HK9.0 cents per share (2023: HK8.0 cents per share), amounting to HK\$552,868,000 (2023: HK\$491,438,000).

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

Charitable donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$1,193,000 (2023: HK\$1,106,000).

SHARE CAPITAL

There were no movements in the share capital of the Company during the year. Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 34 to the financial statements.

DEBENTURES ISSUED

On 22 March 2024, the Company has completed the issuance of the 2024 medium-term notes ("MTN") (series 1) in the PRC. The aggregate issuance amount was RMB2 billion with an interest rate of 2.57% per annum for the first 3 years. The Company shall be entitled to adjust the interest rate of the 2024 MTN (series 1) at the end of the third interest-bearing year. The adjusted interest rate shall remain unchanged for the last 2 interest-bearing years. The Company has received a consideration of RMB2 billion and the proceeds were used for repayment of the interest bearing debts of the Company and its subsidiaries.

On 16 May 2024, the Company has completed the issuance of the 2024 MTN (series 2) in the PRC. The aggregate issuance amount was RMB2 billion (comprising of (i) RMB0.5 billion for the type 1 notes with an interest rate of 2.38% per annum; and (ii) RMB1.5 billion for the type 2 notes with an interest rate of 2.55% per annum. The Company has received a consideration of RMB2 billion and the proceeds were used for repayment of medium-term notes of the Company issued in the PRC.

可供分派儲備

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,根據香港 法例第622章《公司條例》第291、297及299 條之條文計算可供分派予本公司權益持有 人之儲備總額為港幣7,163,023,000元(二 零二三年:港幣2,018,265,000元)。

於報告期間後,董事建議派發末期股息每股9.0港仙(二零二三年:每股8.0港仙),合 共港幣552,868,000元(二零二三年:港幣491,438,000元)。

慈善捐款

本集團於本年度內共捐款港幣1,193,000元 (二零二三年:港幣1,106,000元)作慈善 用途。

股本

本年度內本公司之股本並無任何變動。本公司之股本詳情載於財務報表附註34。

已發行的債權證

於二零二四年三月二十二日,本公司在中國完成發行二零二四年度第一期中期票據。發行本金額為人民幣20億元,首三年為年利率2.57%,本公司有權於第三個計息年度末調整二零二四年度第一期中期票據的票面利率。經調整之票面利率於最後兩個計息年度將維持不變。本公司收到的代價為人民幣20億元,募集資金已用於償還本公司及其附屬公司的有息債務。

於二零二四年五月十六日,本公司在中國完成發行二零二四年度第二期中期票據。發行本金額為人民幣20億元(包括(i)人民幣5億元為票據品種一,年利率2.38%;及(ii)人民幣15億元為票據品種二,年利率2.55%。本公司收到的代價為人民幣20億元。募集資金已用於償還本公司在中國已發行的中期票據。

DEBENTURES ISSUED (continued)

On 25 September 2024, the Company has completed the issuance of 2024 medium-term notes (Series 3) in the PRC. The aggregate issuance amount was RMB1.5 billion with an interest rate of 2.23% per annum. The Company has received a consideration of RMB1.5 billion and the proceeds were used for replenishment of working capital and repayment of bank loans of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Details are set out in the Company's announcements dated 26 March 2024, 20 May 2024 and 26 September 2024.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors

Wang Silian (Chairman of the Board)
(appointed on 27 September 2024)
Luan Zusheng (Chief Executive Officer)
Huang Haiqing (resigned on 27 September 2024)
Hu Yanguo (resigned on 27 March 2024)
Qian Xiaodong (resigned on 27 March 2024)
An Xuesong (resigned on 27 March 2024)

Non-executive Directors

Kang Guoming
(appointed on 27 March 2024)
Pan Jianyun
(appointed on 27 March 2024)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Fan Yan Hok, Philip Li Shuk Yin, Edwina Zhang Xiang (appointed on 26 March 2025) Zhai Haitao (retired on 30 May 2024) Suo Xuquan (resigned on 26 March 2025)

已發行的債權證(續)

於二零二四年九月二十五日,本公司在中國完成發行二零二四年度第三期中期票據。發行本金額為人民幣15億元,年利率為2.23%。本公司收到的代價為人民幣15億元,募集資金已用於補充本公司及其附屬公司的營運資金及償還銀行貸款。

有關詳情載於本公司日期為二零二四年三 月二十六日、二零二四年五月二十日及二 零二四年九月二十六日之公告。

董事

於年內及截至本年報日期,本公司的董事 如下:

執行董事

王思聯(董事會主席)

(於二零二四年九月二十七日獲委任) 欒祖盛*(總裁)*

黃海清(於二零二四年九月二十七日辭任) 胡延國(於二零二四年三月二十七日辭任) 錢曉東(於二零二四年三月二十七日辭任) 安雪松(於二零二四年三月二十七日辭任)

非執行董事

康國明

(於二零二四年三月二十七日獲委任) 潘劍雲

(於二零二四年三月二十七日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

范仁鶴 李淑賢 張 翔

(於二零二五年三月二十六日獲委任) 翟海濤(於二零二四年五月三十日卸任) 索緒權(於二零二五年三月二十六日辭任)

DIRECTORS (continued)

Pursuant to the article 73 of the Company's articles of association (the "Articles of Association"), Mr. Wang Silian and Professor Zhang Xiang, JP., who were appointed as new Directors on 27 September 2024 and 26 March 2025 respectively, shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company in 2025 (the "2025 AGM") and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Pursuant to the articles 77 and 78 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Kang Guoming, Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip and Ms. Li Shuk Yin, Edwina, being the Directors longest in office since their last re-election, shall retire by rotation from office at the 2025 AGM and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The terms of appointment of the non-executive Directors ("NEDs") and INEDs are set out in the "Non-executive Directors" and "Independent Non-executive Directors" sections under Corporate Governance Report. A list of names of all the directors of the Company's subsidiaries during the year and up to the date of this Report of the Directors is available on the website of the Company www.cebenvironment.com under the "Directors & Senior Management" section.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes of Directors and changes in information of the Directors since the date of the Company's 2024 interim report are as follows:

- 1. Mr. Suo Xuquan resigned as an INED, the chairman of the Risk Management Committee, and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company; Professor Zhang Xiang, JP. was appointed as an INED, a member of each of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company; Mr. Kang Guoming, a NED, was appointed as a member of the Audit Committee of the Company; Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip, an INED, was re-designated from a member of the Risk Management Committee of the Company to the chairman thereof, all with effect from 26 March 2025.
- Ms. Li Shuk Yin, Edwina, an INED, ceased to be an independent non-executive director of Bank of Zhengzhou Co., Ltd. (the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange), with effect from 3 March 2025.
- 3. Mr. Pan Jianyun, a NED, was appointed as an executive director and the vice president of China Everbright Limited (the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange), with effect from 27 March 2025. He ceased to be a director and vice president of China Everbright Holdings Company Limited, with effect from 8 January 2025.

Save as disclosed above, the Company is not aware of other information which is required to be disclosed under Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

董事(續)

根據本公司之《章程細則》(「《章程細則》」)第73條,王思聯先生及張翔教授,JP.(分五字三月二十七日及二零二五年及五年於東週年大會」)須於二零二五年股東週年大會」)退任,且符合第2年大會」)退任,且符合第77及78條,康國明先生、范仁鶴先生及李淑賢女士(均為自上次重選以來在任時間最完之董事)須於二零二五年股東週年大會上輪值退任,且符合資格並願意膺選連任。

非執行董事(「非執行董事」)及獨立非執行董事之任期已載於企業管治報告的「非執行董事」及「獨立非執行董事」部分。於年內及截至本董事會報告日期止,出任本公司附屬公司董事的名單可於本公司網站www.cebenvironment.com的「董事及管理層」部分瀏覽。

董事資料變動

根據《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條,自本公司 二零二四年中期報告日期起,董事變更及 董事資料變動如下:

- 1. 索緒權先生辭任獨立非執行董事,本公 司風險管理委員會主席,以及審核之員 會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會立 員;張翔教授,JP.獲委任為獨立計 董事以及本公司提名委員會及薪酬先員 會各自之成員;非執行董事康國明,獨 實委任為本公司審核委員會成員司 非執行董事范仁鶴先生由本公司 管理委員會成員調任為主席。
- 2. 獨立非執行董事李淑賢女士不再擔任鄭 州銀行股份有限公司(其股份於聯交所 及深圳證券交易所上市)的獨立非執行 董事,自二零二五年三月三日起生效。
- 3. 非執行董事潘劍雲先生獲委任為中國光 大控股有限公司(其股份於聯交所上市) 的執行董事兼副總裁,自二零二五年三 月二十七日起生效。他亦不再擔任中國 光大集團有限公司董事兼副總裁,自二 零二五年一月八日起生效。

除上文所披露者外,本公司並不知悉須根據 《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條予以披露之其 他資料。

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

During the year under review, save as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Connected Transactions" in this Report of the Directors, the Company or its subsidiaries and a controlling shareholder or its subsidiaries did not enter into any contract of significance.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the 2025 AGM has an unexpired service contract which is not terminable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than normal statutory compensation.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND **DEBENTURES**

As at 31 December 2024, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the Company's chief executives and their respective associates in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and/or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of the Listed Issuers set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") were as follows:

Long position in shares of the Company

Approximate Number of percentage of shares held total issued (ordinary shares) shares (note) **Name of Director Capacity Nature of interest** 持有之股份數目 約佔已發行股份 董事姓名 身份 權益性質 (普通股) 總數百分比(附註) Fan Yan Hok, Philip Beneficial Owner Personal 11,154,810 0.18% 范仁鶴 實益擁有人 個人

Note: Based on 6,142,975,292 shares of the Company in issue as at 31 December 2024.

重要合約

於回顧年內,除於本董事會報告的「關連交 易」部分所披露者外,本公司或其附屬公司 與控股股東或其附屬公司之間沒有訂立重 要合約。

董事服務合約

在二零二五股東调年大會上獲提名連任之 董事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立 不可於一年內免付賠償(一般法定賠償除 外)予以終止之未屆滿服務合約。

管理合約

年內,本公司並無就全盤業務或其中任何 重大部份簽訂或存有管理及行政合約。

董事及最高行政人員在股份、相關股 份及債券中擁有之權益及淡倉

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,董事及本 公司之最高行政人員及彼等之各自聯繫人 士於本公司及/或其任何相聯法團(定義見 《證券及期貨條例》(「《證券條例》」)第XV 部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有記載於 本公司按《證券條例》第352條規定須備存 之登記冊內的權益或淡倉,或根據《上市規 則》附錄C3所載《上市發行人董事進行證券 交易的標準守則》(「《標準守則》」)須知會本 公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉如下:

於本公司股份之好倉

附註: 根據於二零二四年十二月三十一日的本公司 已發行股份6,142,975,292股計算。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (continued)

Long position in shares of Everbright Greentech, a listed subsidiary of the Company

董事及最高行政人員在股份、相關股份及債券中擁有之權益及淡倉(續)

於本公司之上市附屬公司光大綠色環保 股份之好倉

Approvimete

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Nature of interest 權益性質	Number of shares held (ordinary shares) 持有之股份數目 (普通股)	percentage of total issued shares ^(note) 約佔已發行股份 總數百分比 ^(附註)
Fan Yan Hok, Philip	Beneficial Owner	Personal	100,494	Below 0.01%
范仁鶴	實益擁有人	個人		低於0.01%

Note: Based on 2,066,078,000 shares of Everbright Greentech in issue as at 31 December 2024.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company and their respective associates had interests or short positions in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company, or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註: 根據於二零二四年十二月三十一日的光大綠 色環保已發行股份2,066,078,000股計算。

除上文所述者外,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,董事及本公司最高行政人員及彼等各自之聯繫人士概無在本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見《證券條例》第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有須根據《證券條例》第352條規定須備存之登記冊內之權益或淡倉,或根據《標準守則》須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year under review was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, holding companies or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

董事認購股份或債券之權利

於回顧年內,本公司、其任何附屬公司、 控股公司或同系附屬公司並無參與任何安 排,致使董事可藉購買本公司或任何其他 法人團體股份或債券而取得利益。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2024, the following persons (other than any Directors or chief executives of the Company) were substantial Shareholders and had interests or short positions in shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange:

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,下列人士 (任何董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)為 主要股東,並於本公司的股份或相關股份 中擁有根據《證券條例》第336條須備存之登 記冊內或已知會本公司或聯交所的權益或 淡倉如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Capacity 身份	Nature of interest 權益性質	Number of long position shares/ underlying long position shares (ordinary shares) 好倉股份/相關好倉股份數目 (普通股)	Approximate percentage of total issued shares (note 1) 約佔已發行股份總數百分比(附註1)
Central Huijin Investment Ltd. ("Huijin") ^(note 2) 中央匯金投資有限責任 公司 (「匯金」) ^(附註2)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制公司的權益	Corporate interest 公司權益	2,646,233,137	43.08%
China Everbright Group (note 3) 中國光大集團 ^(附註3)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制公司的權益	Corporate interest 公司權益	2,646,233,137	43.08%
Pacific Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Other ^(note 4) 其他 ^(附註4)		364,604,778	5.94%

Notes:

- (1) Based on 6,142,975,292 shares of the Company in issue as at 31 December 2024.
- (2) Huijin is indirectly wholly-owned by the State Council of the People's Republic of China and holds 63.16% equity interests of China Everbright Group. It is deemed to be interested in the 2,646,233,137 shares of the Company indirectly held by China Everbright Group.

附註:

- (1) 根據於二零二四年十二月三十一日的本公司已發 行股份6.142.975.292股計算。
- (2) 匯金由中華人民共和國國務院間接全資擁有,並 持有中國光大集團63.16%股權。其被視為於中國 光大集團間接持有之2,646,233,137股本公司股份 中擁有權益。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (3) China Everbright Group, through its direct wholly-owned subsidiary, China Everbright Holdings Company Limited ("CE Hong Kong"), indirectly and wholly owns Guildford Limited ("Guildford") and Everbright Investment & Management Limited ("EIM"), respectively. Guildford directly holds 2,430,442,287 shares of the Company and EIM directly holds 215,790,850 shares of the Company. Accordingly, China Everbright Group is deemed to be interested in the 2,646,233,137 shares of the Company directly held by Guildford and EIM in total.
- (4) Pacific Asset Management Co., Ltd invested the shares of the Company as manager for and on behalf of China Pacific Life Insurance Co., Ltd., and some portfolio insurance asset management products.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, the Company had not been notified of any other persons (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company or substantial Shareholders) who had interests or short positions in shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Group has no share option scheme during the year under review.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the latest practicable date of this annual report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

The Articles of Association provides that every Director shall be indemnified out of the funds of the Company against all liabilities incurred by him/her in relation to the Company in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgement is given in his/her favour, or in which he/she is acquitted. In addition, liability insurance for the Directors and senior management of the Company is maintained by the Company with appropriate coverage for certain legal actions against the Directors and senior management of the Company.

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉(續)

附註:(續)

- (3) 中國光大集團透過其直接全資附屬公司中國光大集團有限公司(「光大香港」)分別間接全資擁有Guildford Limited(「Guildford」)及光大投資管理有限公司(「光大投資管理」),而Guildford直接持有本公司2,430,442,287股股份;光大投資管理直接持有本公司215,790,850股股份。故此,中國光大集團被視為於Guildford及光大投資管理直接持有共2,646,233,137股本公司股份中擁有權益。
- (4) Pacific Asset Management Co., Ltd作為經理,代表中國太平洋人壽保險股份有限公司及部分投資組合保險資產管理產品,投資本公司股份。

除上文所述者外,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司並無接獲任何其他人士 (任何董事或本公司最高行政人員或主要 股東除外)發出的通知,表示於本公司的股份及相關股份中擁有根據《證券條例》第336 條須置存之登記冊內的權益或淡倉。

購股權計劃

本集團於回顧年內並無購股權計劃。

足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司所得之公開資料,以及就董事 所知,於本年報刊發前的最後實際可行日 期,本公司維持《上市規則》所規定之公眾持 股量。

准許的彌償

《章程細則》規定,本公司須以本公司之資金,就董事因有關本公司之民事或刑事法律程序中進行辯護並獲判勝訴或無罪所招致之法律責任作出彌償。此外,本公司已為董事及本公司之高級管理人員購買責任保險,為若干針對董事及本公司之高級管理人員而作出之法律訴訟提供合適之保額。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreements were entered into during the year and subsisted at the end of the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

On 15 December 2022, the employee healthcare protection services master agreement was entered into between the Company and China Everbright Group, pursuant to which, China Everbright Group has agreed to procure its associates, including but not limited to Sun Life Everbright and its associates, to provide the Healthcare Protection Entrusted Management Scheme, the Long-term Supplemental Medical Insurance Protection Scheme and other employee healthcare protection services to the Group. Details are set out in the Company's announcement dated 15 December 2022. Mr. Luan Zusheng, the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer, has abstained from voting to approve the agreement and the annual caps thereunder in the Board meeting due to the fact that he is a director of Sun Life Everbright. Save as disclosed above, there was no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance subsisting during or at the end of the year in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly.

INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at the date of this annual report, as far as the Directors are aware of, none of the Directors or their respective associates had any interests in a business which competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group or any other conflicts of interests with the Group.

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Details of bank loans and other borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2024 are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company.

FIVE YEAR SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 334 and 335 of this annual report.

股票掛鈎協議

年內,並無訂立任何股票掛鈎協議,亦無任何股票掛鈎協議於年結日仍然存在。

董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

於競爭性業務之權益

於本年報日期,就董事所知,各董事或彼等 各自之聯繫人士概無於與本集團業務構成 競爭或可能構成競爭(不論直接或間接)之 業務中擁有任何權益,亦無與本集團有任 何其他利益衝突。

銀行貸款及其他借貸

本集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日之銀行貸款及其他借貸詳情載於財務報表附註 29。

買賣或贖回本公司之上市證券

年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購買、 出售或贖回本公司之任何上市證券。

五年業績

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產 及負債概要載於本年報第334及第335頁。

PROPERTIES

Particulars of the major properties of the Group are shown on page 336 of this annual report.

RETIREMENT SCHEMES

The Company provides retirement benefits to all local eligible employees in Hong Kong under an approved defined contribution provident fund (the "ORSO Scheme"). The ORSO Scheme is administered by trustees, the majority of which are independent, with its assets held separately from those of the Company. The ORSO Scheme is funded by contributions from employees and employer at 5% each based on the monthly salaries of employees.

As from 1 December 2000, the Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance and not previously covered by the ORSO Scheme. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by independent trustees. Under the Group's MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 10% and 5% of the employees' relevant income, respectively. Employees can choose to contribute with a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Forfeited contribution (i.e. the contribution handled by employers on behalf of employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in such contributions) may be used to reduce the existing level of contribution by the Company. The Company's cost in respect of defined contribution plans for the year has been charged to the profit or loss for the year. Forfeited contributions of HK\$423,181 were used to reduce the current year's level of contributions and no forfeited contribution was available at 31 December 2024 to reduce future years' contributions. The employees of the subsidiaries of the Company in the PRC are members of the retirement schemes operated by the local authorities. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to these schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to these schemes is the required contributions under the schemes. The Group's total contributions to these schemes charged to the consolidated income statement during the year ended 31 December 2024 amounted to HK\$369,205,000.

物業

本集團之主要物業詳情載於本年報第336 頁。

退休計劃

本公司已為所有香港本地合資格僱員設定認可定額供款公積金(「職業退休計劃條例計劃」)。職業退休計劃條例計劃由信託人(大部份為獨立信託人)管理,其資產與本公司之資產分開持有。僱員及僱主均須就職業退休計劃條例計劃供款,分別為僱員月薪的5%。

自二零零零年十二月一日起,本集團亦根 據香港強制性公積金計劃條例為受香港僱 傭條例管轄且原先未包括在職業退休計劃 條例計劃內之僱員提供強制性公積金計劃 (「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃為由獨立 信託人管理之定額供款退休計劃。根據本 集團的強積金計劃,僱主及僱員各自須向 計劃供款,供款額分別為僱員有關入息之 10%及5%,僱員供款可選擇以有關入息每 月港幣30,000元為上限。沒收之供款(即 僱員在有關供款歸其所有前退出該計劃, 由僱主代僱員處理的供款)可用作抵銷本 公司現需承擔之供款。本公司本年度之界 定供款計劃成本已於損益內扣除,沒收供 款港幣423,181元已用於減低本年度之供 款額。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,並 無沒收供款可以用於減低來年之供款額。 本公司中國附屬公司之僱員均參與當地 政府管理之退休計劃。該等附屬公司須按 員工薪金之若干百分比向上述計劃作出 供款,為有關福利提供資金。就此等計劃 而言,本集團之唯一責任為根據此等計劃 作出所需供款。本集團於截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度向此等計劃所作並 已入賬綜合損益表內之總供款額為港幣 369,205,000元。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

In accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, the Board is of the view that all INEDs are independent and satisfy the requirements under Rule 3.13 (notwithstanding that for Mr. Fan Yan Hok, Philip under Rule 3.13(7) of the Listing Rules, he had been a NED prior to his re-designation as an INED) and the Company has received an annual written confirmation of independence from each of the INED pursuant to the Listing Rules.

AUDITOR

The Company has changed its auditor in 2024. Since the number of years that the Company has continuously engaged Ernst & Young ("EY") has reached the prescribed time limit, according to the relevant regulations issued by the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China, the Stateowned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council, and China Securities Regulatory Commission regarding the restriction on the years of services that an accounting firm can continuously provide to a stateowned enterprise, and in order to maintain good corporate governance and the independency of auditor, EY retired as the auditor of the Company upon the expiration of its term of office, and KPMG was appointed as auditor of the Company in place of the retiring auditor, EY, with effect from the conclusion of the 2024 annual general meeting held on 30 May 2024.

At the 2025 AGM, KPMG will retire and, being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment and a resolution for the reappointment of KPMG as the auditor of the Company will be proposed.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

WANG Silian

Chairman of the Board Hong Kong, 25 March 2025

獨立性確認書

根據《上市規則》第3.13條所載之獨立性指引,董事會認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士,並符合第3.13條之要求(儘管根據《上市規則》第3.13(7)條,范仁鶴先生在被調任為獨立非執行董事前為非執行董事),而每名獨立非執行董事已根據《上市規則》之規定向本公司提供有關其獨立性的年度書面確認。

核數師

於二零二五年股東週年大會上, 畢馬威將 任滿退任,且符合資格並願意膺選連任,本 公司並將提呈續聘畢馬威出任本公司核數 師之決議案。

承董事會命

王思聯

董事會主席 香港,二零二五年三月二十五日

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



TO THE MEMBERS OF CHINA EVERBRIGHT ENVIRONMENT GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Everbright Environment Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 153 to 333, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code") and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致中國光大環境(集團)有限公司各股東

(於香港註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第153頁至第333頁中國光大環境(集團)有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二四年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表及截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合全面損益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及附註(包括重大會計政策資料及其他說明資料)。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》(「香港財務報告準則」)真實和公允地反映 貴集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況和 貴集團截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》妥善編製。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」一節中闡述。按照香港會計師公會頒佈的「專業會計師道德守則」(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已按照守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足和適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認 為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的 事項。該等事項是在我們審計整體綜合財 務報表及出具意見時處理,且我們不對該 等事項提供單獨的意見。

Assessing expected credit losses on debtors and contract assets 評估應收賬款和合同資產的預期信貸虧損

Refer to notes 23 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2.4. 參見綜合財務報表附註23和25和附註2.4中的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amounts of debtors and contract assets amounted to HK\$21,127 million and HK\$107,282 million respectively, net of expected credit losses ("ECLs") on these assets of HK\$2,144 million.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,應收賬款和合同資產的 賬面金額分別為港幣211.27億元和港幣1,072.82億元,扣除 這些資產的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)港幣21.44億 元。

Management performed ECLs assessment of debtors and contract assets without significant financing component under the simplified approach whereas contract assets with significant financing component under the general approach.

管理層使用簡化處理方法對沒有重大融資成份的應收賬款 和合同資產進行預期信貸虧損評估,而對有重大融資成份 的合同資產使用一般處理方法。

Significant management judgements are involved in the assessment of ECLs after considering historical settlement pattern, ageing profiles and credit rating of debtors. 在考慮了歷史結算模式、賬齡情況、應收賬款信用評級後,管理層在預期信貸虧損的評估中做出了重要的判斷。

How the matter was addressed in our audit

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our audit procedures to assess the ECLs on debtors and contract assets included the following:

我們評估應收賬款和合同資產預期信貸虧損的審計程序包括以下內容:

- understanding and evaluating the Group's policy and method for estimating the ECLs according to applicable accounting standards;
- 根據現行會計準則的要求,理解和評估 貴集團估計預期信貸虧損的政策和方法;
- assessing the appropriateness of the key assumptions used by management in the ECLs assessment, including the basis for segmentation of the debtors and contract assets based on similar credit risk profile of its customers;
- 評估管理層在預期信貸虧損評估中使用的關鍵假設的適當性,包括根據其客戶的類似信用風險狀況劃分應收賬款和合同資產的依據;

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Assessing expected credit losses on debtors and contract assets (continued) 評估應收賬款和合同資產的預期信貸虧損 (續)

Refer to notes 23 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2.4. 參見綜合財務報表附註23和25和附註2.4中的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

We identified assessing expected credit losses on debtors and contract assets as a key audit matter because determining the level of loss allowance requires the exercise of significant management judgement and estimation which are inherently subjective.

我們將評估應收賬款和合同資產的預期信貸虧損確定為一個關鍵審計事項,因為確定虧損撥備金水平需要行使管理層的重大判斷和估計,而這些判斷和估計本質上是主觀的。

How the matter was addressed in our audit

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

- assessing the inputs used by the management in the ECLs assessment, including whether the debtors and contract assets were categorised in the appropriate ageing bands by comparing individual items to the relevant underlying supporting documents, on a sample basis;
- 評估管理層在預期信貸虧損評估中使用的 投入,包括通過將單個項目與相關基礎支 持文件進行抽樣比較,應收賬款和合同資 產是否被分類在適當的賬齡等級中;
- with the assistance of our internal specialists, evaluating the methodology of ECLs calculation and the key parameters used with reference to external available data; and
- 在內部專家的協助下,評估預期信貸虧損 計算的方法論以及參考外部可用數據使用 的關鍵指標;和
- re-performing the calculation of the ECLs as at 31 December 2024 based on the Group's ECLs allowance policies, inputs and assumptions.
- 根據集團的預期信貸虧損撥備政策、投入 和假設,重新計算截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日的預期信貸虧損。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Assessing impairment of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets 無形資產、物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的耗損評估

Refer to notes 15, 16 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2.4. 參見綜合財務報表附註15、16和18以及附註2.4中的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amounts of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets amounted to HK\$29,839 million, HK\$7,949 million and HK\$714 million respectively.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,無形資產、物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產之賬面值分別為港幣298.39億元、港幣79.49億元及港幣7.14億元。

Management allocates intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to separately identifiable cash generating units ("CGUs") and assesses if there are any indications of impairment of these CGUs.

管理層將無形資產、物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產分配 給單獨可識別的現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」),並評估 這些現金產生單位是否存在耗損跡象。

At the financial reporting date, management reviewed the CGUs to determine whether there were any indicators of impairment. When indicators of impairment are identified, management assesses the recoverable amounts of CGUs. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the consolidated income statement if the carrying amounts of the CGUs exceed their recoverable amounts. The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

在財務報告日,管理層審查了現金產生單位,以確定是否存在任何耗損跡象。當確定耗損指標時,管理層評估現金產生單位的可收回金額。如果現金產生單位的賬面金額超過其可收回金額,則耗損虧損在綜合損益表中確認為費用。現金產生單位的可收回金額為公允價值減去處置成本和使用價值中的較高者。

How the matter was addressed in our audit

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our audit procedures to assess the impairment of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets included the following:

我們評估無形資產、物業、廠房及設備以及使 用權資產耗損的審計程序包括以下內容:

- evaluating management's identification of CGUs and the allocation of assets to each relevant CGU with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards:
- 參考現行會計準則的要求,評估管理層對 現金產生單位的識別以及向每個相關現金 產生單位的資產分配;
- assessing the reasonableness of the revenue growth rates and gross profit margins adopted by management by referring to industry and other available third party information, the recent financial performance of each relevant CGU subject to impairment assessment and management's plans for future operations;
- 通過參考行業和其他可用的第三方信息、 每個需要接受耗損評估的相關現金產生單 位的近期財務表現以及管理層的未來運營 計劃,評估管理層採用的收入增長率和毛 利率的合理性;

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Assessing impairment of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (continued)

無形資產、物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的耗損評估 (續)

Refer to notes 15, 16 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2.4. 參見綜合財務報表附註15、16和18以及附註2.4中的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

In assessing the value in use, the projected cash flows associated with the CGUs are discounted. The preparation of discounted cash flow forecasts can be highly subjective and requires the exercise of significant management judgement and estimation, in particular in determining revenue growth rates, gross profit margins and discount rates applied.

在評估使用價值時,對與現金產生單位相關的預計現金流量進行貼現。貼現現金流預測的編製可能具有高度的主觀性,需要管理層做出重大判斷和估計,特別是在確定收入增長率、毛利率和所應用的貼現率方面。

We identified assessing impairment of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as a key audit matter because of the significant management judgement and estimation required in making assumptions and estimations which are inherently uncertain and could be subject to management bias.

我們將無形資產、物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的耗損 評估確定為一個關鍵審計事項,因為管理層在做出假設和 估計時需要進行重要的判斷和估計,而這些假設和估計本 質上是不確定的,並且可能會受到管理層偏見的影響。

How the matter was addressed in our audit

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

- with the assistance of our internal valuation specialists, assessing the appropriateness the methodology applied by management with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards and the reasonableness of the discount rates used by benchmarking against other comparable companies and considering the risks specific to each relevant CGU subject to impairment assessment;
- 在我們內部估值專家的協助下,參考現行會計準則規定,評估管理層所應用方法是否適當,並透過與其他可資比較的公司進行基準比較及考慮進行耗損評估的各相關現金產生單位的特定風險,評估所使用貼現率是否合理;
- obtaining from management sensitivity analyses of the key assumptions adopted in the discounted cash flow forecasts to evaluate the impact of changes in the key assumptions to the conclusions reached and whether there are any indicators of management bias:
- 從管理層獲得貼現現金流預測中採用的關鍵假設的敏感性分析,以評估關鍵假設的變化對得出結論的影響,以及是否存在管理層偏向的指標;

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Assessing impairment of intangible assets, property, p	lant and equipment and right-of-use assets
無形資產、物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的耗損評估	(續)
Refer to notes 15, 16 and 18 to the consolidated financial sta 參見綜合財務報表附註15、16和18以及附註2.4中的會計政策	tements and the accounting policies in note 2.4.
The Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
關鍵審計事項	 comparing the key assumptions included in the discounted cash flow forecasts prepared in the prior year with the current year's performance of each relevant CGU subject to impairment assessment and making enquiries of management as to the reasons for any significant variations identified, to assess whether the judgement made by management in the preparation of the discounted cash flow forecasts in the prior year indicated possible management bias; and 將上一年編製的貼現現金流預測中包含的關鍵假設與每個需要接受耗損評估的相關現金產生單位的當年業績進行比較,並向管理層詢問發現任何重大變化的原因,評估管理層在編製上一年度貼現現金流預測時做出的判斷是否表明管理層偏向可能存在偏見;和 assessing the reasonableness of the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect of management's impairment assessment with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards. 參照現行會計準則的要求,評估在綜合財務報表中就管理層的耗損評估所做披露的合理性。

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

綜合財務報表及其核數師報告以外的 其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報所載綜合財務報表及我們就此發出的核數師報告以外的資料。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 資料,我們亦不會就其發表任何形式的鑒 證結論。

就審計綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任是 閱讀其他資料,及在此過程中,考慮其他資 料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程 中所了解的情況有重大不符,或者似乎有 重大錯誤陳述。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其 他資料有重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告有 關事實。就此而言,我們無需報告任何事 項。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的規定,編製真實和公允的綜合財務報表,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部監控,以確保綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基準,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團財 務報告過程的責任。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

我們的目標為對整體綜合財務報表是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。本報告僅向 閣下(作為整體)作出,除此之外別無其他用途。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照香港審計準則進行的審計總能發現重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果按合理預期錯誤陳述個別或匯總起來可能會影響綜合財務報表使用者所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態 度。我們亦會:

• 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險, 設計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險, 以及取得充足和適當的審計憑證,作為 我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕 於內部監控之上,因此未能發現因欺詐 而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險較因錯誤 而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險為高。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
 of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
 statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

- 了解與審計相關的內部監控,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團的內部監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用的會計政策的合適性及 作出會計估計及相關披露資料的合理 性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基準的恰當性作出結論,並根據所得的審計憑證大定是否存在與事件或情況有關的重性,而可能對 貴集團持續認為重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師中人工,則有不確定性,則有公要在核數中中提請使用者關注綜合財務。對於國際資料,假若有關披露資料,假若有關披露資料,假若有關披露資料,假若有關披露資料,假若有關披露資料,假若有關被國意見核數師不足,則我們的結論是基於截至核數師來時間,我們的結論是基於截至核數師來等。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報表是否公允反映交易及事項。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

 Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

計劃和執行集團審計,以獲取關於集團內實體或業務單位財務信息的充足、適當的審計證據,作為對集團財務報表形成意見的基礎。我們負責指導、監督和覆核就集團審計目的而執行的審計工作。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通計劃審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等事項,包括我們於審計期間識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們 已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與 彼等溝通所有合理地被認為會影響我們獨 立性的關係及其他事項,以及(倘適用)為消 除威脅而採取的行動或應用的防範措施。

就與審核委員會溝通的事項而言,我們釐 定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最 為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們於核 數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律法規 不允許對某件事項作出公開披露,或在極 端罕見的情況下,若有合理預期於我們報 告中溝通某事項而造成的負面後果將會超 過其產生的公眾利益,我們將不會在此等 情況下在報告中溝通該事項。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this 本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為 independent auditor's report is Lee Ka Nang.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任 *(續)*

李家能。

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

25 March 2025

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零二五年三月二十五日

Consolidated Income Statement 綜合損益表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
REVENUE	收益	5	30,258,009	32,090,207
Direct costs and operating expenses	直接成本及經營費用		(18,722,050)	(18,278,916)
Gross profit	毛利		11,535,959	13,811,291
Other revenue Other income and losses, net Administrative expenses	其他收益 其他收入及虧損淨額 行政費用	6 6	1,169,183 (1,990,227) (2,828,073)	1,064,351 (1,209,978) (3,149,349)
PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所得盈利		7,886,842	10,516,315
Finance costs Share of (losses)/profits of joint	財務費用 所佔合營企業(虧損)/盈利	7	(3,006,954)	(3,527,788)
ventures Share of profits of associates	所佔聯營公司盈利		(13,140) 393	113,439 22,518
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除稅前盈利	8	4,867,141	7,124,484
Income tax	所得稅	11	(893,495)	(1,827,333)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度盈利		3,973,646	5,297,151
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:	應佔部份:			
Equity holders of the Company Holders of perpetual capital	本公司權益持有人 永續資本工具持有人		3,377,200	4,429,160
instruments Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	36	190,939 405,507	226,563 641,428
			3,973,646	5,297,151
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY	本公司權益持有人 應佔每股盈利	13		
- Basic and diluted	一基本及攤薄		HK54.98 cents港仙	HK72.10 cents港仙

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面損益表

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	本年度盈利	3,973,646	5,297,151
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	其他全面收入		
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	於其後期間可能重新分類至 損益表之其他全面收入:		
Exchange differences: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations,	匯兌差額: n 換算海外業務產生之 匯兌差額(已扣除零稅項)		
net of nil tax Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income:	收入之債項工具:	(1,462,720)	(2,398,740)
Changes in fair value, net of tax	公允值變動(已扣除稅項)	(1,021,344)	(293,054)
Net other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	於其後期間可能重新分類至 損益表之其他全面收入 淨額	(2,484,064)	(2,691,794)
Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Other financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income: Changes in fair value, net of nil tax	於其後期間不會重新 分類至損益表之 其他全面收入: 按公允值計入其他 全面收入計量之 其他財務資產: 公允值變動(已扣除零稅項)	(1,176)	(23,913)
Net other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	於其後期間不會重新分類 至損益表之其他全面 收入淨額	(1,176)	(23,913)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	本年度其他全面收入 (已扣除稅項)	(2,485,240)	(2,715,707)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	本年度全面收入總額	1,488,406	2,581,444
ATTRIBUTABLE TO:	應佔部份:		
Equity holders of the Company Holders of perpetual capital	本公司權益持有人 永續資本工具持有人	1,421,527	2,182,638
instruments Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	190,939 (124,060)	226,563 172,243
		1,488,406	2,581,444

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Investment properties Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets	投資物業 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產	14 15 16(a)	177,013 7,948,751 713,746	169,940 8,772,807 807,201
			8,839,510	9,749,948
Goodwill Intangible assets Interests in joint ventures Interests in associates Contract assets	商譽 無形資產 合營企業權益 聯營公司權益 合約資產	17 18 19 20 23	1,448,432 29,839,065 1,021,899 564,715 93,292,211	1,535,542 30,975,754 1,055,810 598,650 94,892,432
Finance lease receivables Other financial assets Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Deferred tax assets	融資租賃應收款項 其他財務資產 其他應收款項、按金及 預付款項 遞延稅項資產	24 21 25 33	11,262 137,910 1,911,331 1,186,237	12,263 150,164 2,445,301 613,814
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		138,252,572	142,029,678
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories Contract assets Finance lease receivables Other financial assets Debtors, other receivables, deposits	存貨 合約資產 融資租賃應收款項 其他財務資產 應收賬款、其他應收款項、	22 23 24 21	987,966 13,989,666 805 32,928	894,628 13,078,653 771 121,148
and prepayments Tax recoverable Pledged bank deposits Deposits with banks with maturity	按金及預付款項 可收回稅項 已抵押銀行存款 存款期超過三個月之	25 26	24,713,884 7,207 106,165	24,419,721 5,485 176,680
period over three months Cash and cash equivalents	銀行存款 現金及現金等價物	26 27	40,209 7,895,622	22,844 8,433,216
Total current assets	流動資產總額		47,774,452	47,153,146

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Creditors, other payables and accrued expenses Interest-bearing borrowings - Secured - Unsecured	應付賬款、其他應付款項 及應計費用 計息借貸 一有抵押 一無抵押	28 29	16,372,025 4,374,110 14,329,956	17,527,132 3,716,573 19,401,845
			18,704,066	23,118,418
Tax payable	應付稅項		655,747	539,330
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		35,731,838	41,184,880
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨額		12,042,614	5,968,266
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		150,295,186	147,997,944
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Other payables	其他應付款項	28	724,213	468,945
Interest-bearing borrowings - Secured - Unsecured	計息借貸 一有抵押 一無抵押	29	35,903,145 37,062,228	36,609,182 34,896,544
			72,965,373	71,505,726
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	33	10,189,024	10,500,052
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		83,878,610	82,474,723
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		66,416,576	65,523,221

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	f 本公司權益持有人 應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	34	17,329,537	17,329,537
Reserves	儲備	35	30,881,423	30,811,351
Non-controlling interests Perpetual capital instruments	非控股權益 永續資本工具	36	48,210,960 11,403,285 6,802,331	48,140,888 11,673,720 5,708,613
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		66,416,576	65,523,221

Wang Silian 王思聯 Director 董事

Luan Zusheng 欒祖盛 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔

			Share capital	Goodwill arising on consolidation
		Notes 附註	股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	綜合賬項產生 之商譽 HK\$ ¹ 000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日 本年度盈利		17,329,537	(986)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year: Changes in fair value of other financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of nil tax Changes in fair value of debt instruments at fair value through	本年度其他全面收入: 按公允值計入其他全面收入計量之其他財務資產之 公允值變動(已扣除零稅項) 按公允值計入其他全面收入之債項工具之公允值變動		-	-
other comprehensive income, net of tax Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations, net of tax	(已扣除稅項) 換算海外業務產生之匯兌差額(巴扣除稅項)		-	
Total comprehensive income for the year Issuance of perpetual capital instruments Dividend approved in respect of the previous year Transfer to reserve fund Capital contributions received by non wholly-owned subsidiaries from	本年度全面收入總額 發行永續資本工具 已批准去年度之股息 轉發至儲備金 非全資附屬公司從非控股股東收取所得之出資額	36 12	- - - -	- - - -
non-controlling shareholders Acquisition of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司非控股權益	39	-	-
Dividend declared to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries Interim 2023 dividend Distributions payable to holders of perpetual capital instruments	已向附屬公司非控股股東宣派之股息 二零二三年中期股息 應付永續資本工具持有人之分派	12 36	- - -	- - -
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日		17,329,537	(986)*
At 1 January 2024 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:	於二零二四年一月一日 本年度盈利 本年度其他全面收入:		17,329,537 -	(986)
Changes in fair value of other financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of nil tax Changes in fair value of debt instruments at fair value through	按公允值計入其他全面收入計量之其他財務資產之 公允值變動(已扣除零稅項) 按公允值計入其他全面收入之債項工具之公允值變動		-	-
other comprehensive income, net of tax Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations, net of tax	(已扣除稅項) 換算海外業務產生之匯兌差額(已扣除稅項)		-	_
Total comprehensive income for the year Issuance of perpetual capital instruments	本年度全面收入總額 發行永續資本工具	36	-	-
Dividend approved in respect of the previous year Transfer to reserve fund Capital contributions received by non wholly-owned subsidiaries from	已批准去年度之股息 轉撥至儲備金 非全資附屬公司從非控股股東收取所得之出資額	12	-	-
non-controlling shareholders Dividend declared to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries Interim 2024 dividend Distributions payable to holders of paraetual capital instruments	已向附屬公司非控股股東宣派之股息 二零二四年中期股息 應付永續資本工具持有人之分派	12 36	-	-
Distributions payable to holders of perpetual capital instruments At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	30	17,329,537	(986)*

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$30,881,423,000 (2023: HK\$30,811,351,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

該等儲備賬包括綜合財務狀況表所示綜合儲 備港幣30,881,423,000元(二零二三年:港幣 30,811,351,000元)。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔

Non- Perpetual Other Reserve Retained controlling capital Total reserves fund profits Total interests instruments equity	controlling					Other financial assets and debt instruments		
	interests	Total				measured at fair value through other comprehensive income reserve 按公允值計入其他 全面收入計量之	Exchange reserve	Property revaluation reserve
其他儲備 儲備金 保留盈利 總額 非控股權益 資本工具 權益總額 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元 港幣千元	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	其他財務資產 及債項工具儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	匯兌儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	物業重估儲備 HK\$'000 港幣千元
3,295,127 3,553,505 27,121,534 47,374,108 11,769,351 3,455,434 62,598,893 - 4,429,160 4,429,160 641,428 226,563 5,297,151				3,553,505 -	3,295,127 -	(57,994) -	(3,957,127)	90,512
(23,913) (23,913)	-	(23,913)	-	-	-	(23,913)	-	-
(205,059) (87,995) - (293,054) (2,017,550) (381,190) - (2,398,740)			- -	- -	- -	(205,059)	(2,017,550)	- -
- - 4,429,160 2,182,638 172,243 226,563 2,581,444 - - - - - 2,253,179 2,253,179 - - (552,868) - - - (552,868) - 611,197 - - - - -	-	-	(552,868)		- - -	(228,972) - - -	(2,017,550) - - -	- - - -
63,947 - 63,947 (2,973) (2,973) (19,613) - (22,586) (312,208) - (312,208) (860,017) (860,017) - (860,017) (226,563) (226,563)	(19,613) (312,208) –	(2,973) - (860,017)	- (860,017)	- - - -	(2,973) - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
3,292,154* 4,164,702* 29,526,612* 48,140,888 11,673,720 5,708,613 65,523,221	11,673,720	48,140,888	29,526,612*	4,164,702*	3,292,154*	(286,966)*	(5,974,677)*	90,512*
3,292,154				4,164,702 -	3,292,154	(286,966)	(5,974,677) -	90,512
(1,176) (1,176)	_	(1,176)	_	_	_	(1,176)	_	_
(730,971) (290,373) - (1,021,344) (1,223,526) (239,194) - (1,462,720)			-	-	-	(730,971) -	- (1,223,526)	-
3,377,200 1,421,527 (124,060) 190,939 1,488,406 1,084,935 1,084,935		1,421,527	3,377,200	-		(732,147) -	(1,223,526)	-
(491,438) (491,438) (491,438) - 648,936 (648,936)		(491,438) -		- 648,936	-	-		-
49,295 - 49,295 (195,670) - (195,670) - (860,017) (860,017) (860,017) (182,156) (182,156)	(195,670) -		- (860,017)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-
3,292,154* 4,813,638* 30,903,421* 48,210,960 11,403,285 6,802,331 66,416,576		48,210,960		4.813 638*	3,292 154*	(1,019,113)*	(7,198,203)*	90,512*

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

	Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax Adjustments for: Depreciation of property, plant and 物業、廠房及設備折舊		4,867,141	7,124,484
equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets 使用權資產折舊 Amortisation of intangible assets 無形資產攤銷 Write-down of inventories to net 存貨撇減至可變現淨值	8 8 8	668,991 75,986 1,455,659	657,564 74,013 1,444,112
realisable value Finance costs 財務費用 Dividend income 股息收入 Interest income 利息收入 Share of losses/(profits) of 所佔合營企業虧損/	8 7 6 6	3,006,954 - (87,187)	35,405 3,527,788 (857) (119,464)
joint ventures (盈利) Share of profits of associates Fair value (gains)/losses, net: 公允值(收益)/虧損 淨額:		13,140 (393)	(113,439) (22,518)
Other financial assets 其他財務資產 - unlisted equity investment -非上市股本投資 Other financial assets 其他財務資產	6	(464)	1,586
- unlisted investments - 非上市投資 Fair value gain on investment 投資物業公允值收益	6	(670)	51,343
properties Expected credit losses on debtors, 應收賬款預期信貸虧損	6	(1,060)	(1,383)
net	6	439,103	572,172
receivables, net 預期信貸虧損淨額 Reversal of expected credit losses 合約資產預期信貸虧損	6	117,790	21,599
on contract assets, net	6 6	(12,835) 63,697	(91,022) –
plant and equipment Impairment of intangible assets 無形資產耗損 Impairment of right-of-use assets 使用權資產耗損 Loss on disposal and write-off of 出售及撇銷物業、廠房及	6 6 6	600,124 696,868 82,825	380,086 210,144 65,423
property, plant and equipment, net 設備之虧損淨額 Loss on disposal and write-off of 出售及撇銷無形資產之	6	4,506	30
intangible assets, net 虧損淨額 Effect of foreign exchange rates 匯率變動之影響淨額	6	443	2,852
changes, net		(332,052)	(711,502)
Operating cash flows before working capital changes 經營現金流量 (Increase)/decrease in inventories		11,665,566 (109,046) (1,038,496)	13,108,416 57,527 (1,097,470)
deposits and prepayments 按金及預付款項增加 Decrease in creditors, other payables 應付賬款、其他應付款項及 and accrued expenses 應計費用減少		(2,235,952) (528,986)	(4,638,183) (4,462,878)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cash generated from operations Interest received People's Republic of China ("PRC")	經營所得之現金 已收利息 已付中華人民共和國		7,753,086 87,187	2,967,412 119,464
and overseas income taxes paid	(「中國」) 及海外所得稅		(1,058,003)	(591,802)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得之 現金淨額		6,782,270	2,495,074
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Dividend received Purchase of items of property,	已收股息 購買物業、廠房及設備		-	857
plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of items of	出售物業、廠房及設備		(717,947)	(1,083,796)
property, plant and equipment Proceed from disposal of items of	所得款項 出售無形資產之所得款項		88,252	56,686
intangible assets Additions of prepaid land lease	增置預付土地租賃款項		1,663	_
payments Additions of intangible assets Acquisition of subsidiaries	增置無形資產 收購附屬公司	16 38	(1,648,476) –	(17,675) (2,658,198) (86,037)
Disposal of a subsidiary Capital contributions to joint ventures Capital contribution to an associate	出售一間附屬公司 注資合營企業 注資聯營公司		(16,193)	(33,717) (443)
Dividend received from joint ventures Dividend income received from	從合營企業收取之股息 從聯營公司收取之股息收入		20,106	27,660
an associate Decrease in amounts	應收聯營公司款項減少		23,768	_
due from an associate Increase in non-current portion	預付款項非即期部份增加		9,012	2,836
of prepayments Repayment from finance	融資租賃應收款項還款		-	(61,269)
lease receivables Purchase of other financial assets	購買其他財務資產		_	729 (1,569)
Proceeds from disposal and redemption of other financial assets (Increase)/decrease in deposits with banks with maturity period	出售及贖回其他財務 資產所得款項 存款期超過三個月之 銀行存款(增加)/減少		95,082	10,690
over three months			(17,961)	4,075
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所動用之 現金淨額		(2,162,694)	(3,839,171)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
Proceeds from issue of perpetual capital instruments Payment of transaction cost on issue	發行永續資本工具所得款項 支付有關發行永續資本工具	36	1,088,200	2,258,600
of perpetual capital instruments Proceeds from issue of medium term notes ("MTN"), asset-backed securities ("ABS"), and super and short-term commercial papers	文內有關發刊水續員本工兵 的開支 發行中期票據(「中期票據」)、 資產支持證券 (「資產支持證券」)及 超短期融資券(「超短期		(3,265)	(5,421)
("SCP") Payment of transaction cost on issue of MTN, ABS and SCP	融資券」)所得款項 支付有關發行中期票據、 資產支持證券及超短期		11,806,574	11,650,084
Repayment of corporate bond, MTN, ABS and SCP	融資券的開支 償還公司債券、中期票據、 資產支持證券及超短期		(20,589)	(19,608)
New bank and other loans Repayment of bank and other loans Capital contributions received by non wholly-owned subsidiaries from	融資券 新增銀行及其他貸款 償還銀行及其他貸款 非全資附屬公司從非控股 股東收取所得之出資額		(4,390,118) 22,691,805 (31,533,573)	(5,233,595) 30,565,748 (35,397,323)
non-controlling shareholders Acquisition of non-controlling interests Increase/(decrease) in amounts due to non-controlling shareholders	收購非控股權益	39	49,295	26,760 (22,586)
of subsidiaries Decrease in pledged bank deposits Interest paid Interest portion of lease payments Principal portion of lease payments Dividend paid to equity holders of	已抵押銀行存款減少 已付利息 租賃款項之利息部份 租賃款項之本金部份 已付本公司權益持有人之	40	1,283 68,568 (3,005,203) (6,215) (49,500)	(1,118) 956,340 (3,470,406) (6,854) (53,002)
the Company Dividend paid to non-controlling	股息 已付附屬公司非控股股東之		(1,351,455)	(1,412,885)
shareholders of subsidiaries Distribution to holders of perpetual	股息 永續資本工具持有人之分派		(195,670)	(275,021)
capital instruments			(182,719)	(109,091)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所動用之 現金淨額		(5,032,582)	(549,378)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 減少淨額 年初現金及現金等價物		(413,006)	(1,893,475)
at the beginning of the year Effect of foreign exchange rates changes, net	匯率變動之影響淨額		8,433,216	10,591,242 (264,551)
			(124,588)	(204,001)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	年終現金及現金等價物	27	7,895,622	8,433,216

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

China Everbright Environment Group Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong. The registered office of the Company is located at Room 2703, 27th Floor, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong.

During the year, the principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are construction, environmental energy project operation (waste-to-energy plants, food and kitchen waste treatment projects, sludge treatment and disposal projects, leachate treatment projects, methane-to-energy plants, fecal treatment projects, fly ash landfill projects, medical waste treatment projects and solid waste treatment projects, and provision of waste sorting, renewable resources utilisation and sanitation operation services), environmental water project operation (waste water treatment plants, water supply, reusable water treatment plants, sludge treatment and disposal projects, sponge city construction, river-basin ecological restoration, waste water source heat pump projects, leachate treatment, research and development of water environment technologies and engineering projects), greentech project operation (integrated biomass utilisation projects, hazardous and solid waste treatment projects, solar energy projects and wind power projects, and provision of environmental remediation services), conduct of environmental protection technology research and development, provision of environmental-related technological services, design of environmental protection projects, provision of environmental protection project equipment construction and installation services and sales of related equipment, and investment holding.

The immediate holding company of the Company is Guildford Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. In the opinion of the directors, the ultimate holding entity of the Company is China Investment Corporation, an entity established in the PRC.

1. 公司及集團資料

中國光大環境(集團)有限公司(「本公司」)為一家於香港註冊成立之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處位於香港夏愨道十六號遠東金融中心二十七樓二七零三室。

年內,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集 團」) 之主要業務為建造、環保能源項目 運營(垃圾發電廠、餐廚及廚餘垃圾處 理項目、污泥處理處置項目、滲濾液處 理項目、沼氣發電廠、糞便處理項目、 飛灰填埋場項目、醫療廢物處理項目、 固廢處理項目以及提供垃圾分類、再生 資源利用及環衛作業服務)、環保水務 項目運營(污水處理廠、供水、中水回用 處理廠、污泥處理及處置項目、海綿城 市建設、流域治理、污水源熱泵項目、 滲濾液處理以及環保水務技術研發及 工程建設項目)、綠色環保項目運營(生 物質綜合利用項目、危廢及固廢處置項 目、光伏發電項目及風力發電項目,以 及提供環境修復服務)、進行環保技術 研發、提供環境相關技術服務、設計環 保項目、提供環保項目裝備建造及安裝 服務及銷售相關裝備以及投資控股。

本公司之直接控股公司為Guildford Limited,其為於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立之有限責任公司。董事認為,本公司 之最終控股實體為中國投資有限責任公司,其為於中國成立之實體。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

2. 會計政策

2.1 編製基準

綜合基準

一般情況下,有一個推定,即多數投票權形成控制權。倘本公司於被投資公司擁有之投票權或類似權利未能佔大多數,則本集團於評估其是否擁有支配被投資公司之權力時,會考慮一切相關事實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與被投資公司其他投票權持有 人訂立之合約安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生之權利;及
- (c) 本集團之投票權及潛在投票權。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any non-controlling interest and the exchange reserve; and recognises the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.1 編製基準 (續)

綜合基準(續)

附屬公司之財務報表按本公司相同 之報告期間使用一致之會計政策編 製。附屬公司之業績自本集團取得 控制權當日起綜合入賬,並一直綜 合入賬,直至有關控制權終止之日 為止。

損益及其他全面收入之各組成部份 歸屬於本集團母公司擁有人及非控 股權益,即使此舉會導致非控股權 益出現虧絀結餘亦然。所有集團內 公司間之資產與負債、權益、收內 支出以及與本集團成員公司之間 交易有關的現金流量均於綜合賬目 時悉數抵銷。

倘事實及情況顯示上述三項控制權因素其中一項或多項有變,屆時本集團便會重新評估其是否仍然控制被投資公司。附屬公司擁有權權益之變動(並無失去控制權)於入賬時列作權益交易。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKASs and HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA to these financial statements for the current accounting period:

- Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements – Classification of liabilities as current or non-current ("2020 amendments") and amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements – Non-current liabilities with covenants ("2022 amendments")
- Amendments to HKFRS 16, Leases Lease liability in a sale and leaseback
- Amendments to HKAS 7, Statement of cash flows and amendments to HKFRS 7, Financial instruments: Disclosures - Supplier finance arrangements

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. Impacts of the adoption of the amended HKASs and HKFRSs are discussed below:

Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements (the 2020 and 2022 amendments, collectively the "HKAS 1 amendments")

The HKAS 1 amendments impact the classification of a liability as current or non-current, and have been applied retrospectively as a package.

The 2020 amendments primarily clarify the classification of a liability that can be settled in its own equity instruments. If the terms of a liability could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments and that conversion option is accounted for as an equity instrument, these terms do not affect the classification of the liability as current or noncurrent. Otherwise, the transfer of equity instruments would constitute settlement of the liability and impact classification.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.2 會計政策之變動

本集團已於本會計期間對此等財務 報表應用下列香港會計師公會頒佈 的香港會計準則及香港財務報告準 則之修訂:

- 香港會計準則第1號之修訂,財務報表的呈列一將負債分類為流動或非流動(「二零二零年修訂」)以及香港會計準則第1號之修訂,財務報表的呈列一附帶契諾的非流動負債(「二零二二年修訂」)
- 香港財務報告準則第16號之修 訂,租賃-售後租回的租賃負債
- 香港會計準則第7號之修訂,現金流量表以及香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂,金融工具:披露一供應商融資安排

本集團並無於本會計期間採納任何 尚未生效之新準則或詮釋。採納香 港會計準則及香港財務報告準則之 修訂的影響如下文所述:

香港會計準則第1號之修訂,財務 報表的呈列(二零二零年及二零 二二年修訂,統稱為「香港會計準 則第1號之修訂」)

香港會計準則第1號之修訂影響了 負債分為流動或非流動,並作為整 體進行追溯應用。

二零二零年修訂主要澄清了可用其本身權益工具結算之負債之分類。倘負債條款可由交易對手選擇行過轉讓實體自身權益工具進行為算,且該轉讓選擇作為權益工具分賬,則有關條款不會影響負債工具分類為流動或非流動。否則,權益工具之轉讓將構成負債之清償並影響分類。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements (the 2020 and 2022 amendments, collectively the "HKAS 1 amendments") (continued)

The 2022 amendments specify that conditions with which an entity must comply after the reporting date do not affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current. However, the entity is required to disclose information about non-current liabilities subject to such conditions.

The HKAS 1 amendments do not have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 16, Leases – Lease liability in a sale and leaseback

The amendments clarify how an entity accounts for a sale and leaseback after the date of the transaction. The amendments require the seller-lessee to apply the general requirements for subsequent accounting of the lease liability in such a way that it does not recognise any gain or loss relating to the right of use it retains. A seller-lessee is required to apply the amendments retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application. The amendments do not have a material impact on these financial statements as the Group has not entered into any sale and leaseback transactions.

Amendments to HKAS 7, Statement of cash flows and amendments to HKFRS 7, Financial instruments: Disclosures – Supplier finance arrangements

The amendments introduce new disclosure requirements to enhance transparency of supplier finance arrangements and their effects on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. The amendments do not have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.2 會計政策之變動 (續)

香港會計準則第1號之修訂,財務 報表的呈列(二零二零年及二零 二二年修訂,統稱為「香港會計準 則第1號之修訂」)(續)

二零二二年修訂規定實體於報告日期後必須遵守的條件不影響負債分類為流動或非流動,但實體必須披露受相關條件限制的非流動負債資料。

香港會計準則第1號之修訂對本集 團財務報表並無重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第16號之修 訂,租賃一售後租回的租賃負債

香港會計準則第7號之修訂,現金 流量表以及香港財務報告準則第7 號之修訂,金融工具:披露-供應 商融資安排

相關修訂引入了新的披露要求,以提升供應商融資安排之透明度及其對實體負債、現金流量及流動性風險之影響。相關修訂對本集團財務報表並無重大影響。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.3 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENT, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of new or amended standards, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2024 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group:

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

Amendments to HKAS 21. 1 January 2025 The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates - Lack of exchangeability Amendments to HKFRS 9, 1 January 2026 Financial instruments and HKFRS 7, Financial instruments: disclosures - Amendments to the classification and measurement of financial instruments Annual improvements to 1 January 2026 **HKFRS** Accounting Standards - Volume 11 HKFRS 18, Presentation 1 January 2027 and disclosure in financial statements HKFRS 19, Subsidiaries 1 January 2027 without public accountability: disclosures

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.3於截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度已頒佈但尚未生效的修 訂本、新準則及詮釋的潛在影響

截至此等財務報表的刊發日期,香港會計師公會已頒佈多項新訂或經修訂準則,均未於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度生效亦未於此等財務報表中採納。有關變動包括下文可能與本集團相關:

於以下日期或之後開始之 會計期間生效

香港會計準則第21號 二零二五年 之修訂, *匯率變動之* 一月一日 *影響一缺乏可兌換性*

香港財務報告準則 二零二六年 第9號之修訂, 一月一日 金融工具及香港 財務報告準則第7號 之修訂:金融工具: 披露一金融工具之 分類及計量之修訂 香港財務報告準則 二零二六年

會計準則年度改進 — ⇒ = 八平 一第11卷

香港財務報告準則 二零二七年 第18號,財務報表 一月一日 之呈列及披露

香港財務報告準則 二零二七年 第19號, 非公共 一月一日 受託責任附屬公司:

披露

本集團正在評估該等變動於初始應用期間之影響。迄今為止,本集團認為採納該等新訂或經修訂準則不大可能對綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in associates and joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates or joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates or joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in associates or joint ventures.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策

於聯營公司及合營企業之投資

聯營公司為本集團長期擁有其股本投票權一般不少於20%權益且對其有重大影響力之實體。重大影響力 指有權參與決定被投資公司之財務 及營運政策,惟並非控制或共同控 制該等政策。

合營企業為一項共同安排,據此,對 共同安排擁有共同控制權之訂約方 均有權享有合營企業的資產淨值。 共同控制是指按照合約協定對某項 安排共享控制權,其僅在相關活動 決策必須獲共享控制權的人士一致 同意方始存在。

本集團於聯營公司及合營企業之投 資乃按權益會計法,以本集團應佔 資產淨值減去任何耗損虧損,於綜 合財務狀況表列賬。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (continued)

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

於聯營公司及合營企業之投資(續)

在失去聯營公司之重大影響力或失去合營企業之共同控制權時,本集團會按公允值計量並確認任何保留投資。於失去重大影響力或失去共同控制權時聯營公司或合營企業之 展面值與保留投資及出售所得款項之公允值之差額於損益表確認。

業務合併及商譽

當收購所得之一組活動及資產中, 包括能共同大力促成創造產出之投 入及實質流程時,本集團釐定此為 已收購一項業務論。

當本集團收購業務時,其會根據合約條款、經濟情況及於收購日期之相關情況評估收購所得之財務資產及所承擔之財務負債,以便作出適當分類及指定。此包括區分被收購公司主合約之嵌入式衍生工具。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

收購方將轉讓之任何或然代價按收 購日期之公允值確認。獲分類為資 產或負債之或然代價乃按公允值計 量,而公允值變動則於損益表確認。 分類為權益之或然代價並不會重新 計量,而其後結算會於權益中入賬。

商譽初步按成本值計量,即所轉讓代價、就非控股權益確認之金額及本集團原先持有被收購公司之股權之任何公允值之總和超出收購所得可辨別資產數值及所承擔負債之數值。倘該代價與其他項目之總和低於收購所得資產淨值之公允值,則經重新評估後之差額於損益表確認為議價購入收益。

耗損乃藉評估與商譽有關之現金產 生單位(現金產生單位組別)之可收 回金額而釐定。倘現金產生單位(現 金產生單位組別)之可收回金額少 於賬面值,便會確認耗損虧損。就商 譽確認之耗損虧損不會於其後期間 撥回。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties, certain equity investments and wealth management products, and certain debt instruments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

倘商譽獲分配至現金產生單位(或 現金產生單位組別)及該單位之部 份業務獲出售,則於釐定該出售事 項之收益或虧損時,與該已出售業 務相關之商譽會計入該業務之賬面 值。在此情況下出售之商譽根據所 出售業務之相關價值及所保留現金 產生單位部份計量。

公允值計量

非財務資產之公允值計量會計及市場參與者能否自最佳最有效使用該資產而賺取經濟利益,或能否將該資產出售予將最佳最有效使用該資產之其他市場參與者而賺取經濟利益。

本集團會使用適用於不同情況且具 備充分數據以供計量公允值之估值 方法,並儘量使用相關可觀察輸入 數據及儘量減少使用不可觀察輸入 數據。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Fair value measurement (continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

公允值計量(續)

已於財務報表中計量或披露公允值 之所有資產及負債乃按對公允值計 量整體而言屬重大之最低層輸入數 據根據以下公允值等級分類:

- 第一級 基於相同資產或負債於 活躍市場之報價(未經 調整)
- 第二級 基於對公允值計量而言 屬重大之可觀察(直接 或間接)最低層輸入數 據之估值方法
- 第三級 基於對公允值計量而言 屬重大之不可觀察最低 層輸入數據之估值方法

就按經常性基準於財務報表確認之資產及負債而言,本集團透過於各報告期末重新評估分類(按對公允值計量整體而言屬重大之最低層輸入數據)確定不同等級之間是否出現轉移。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets, financial assets and investment properties), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/ amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

非財務資產之耗損

在對現金產生單位進行耗損測試時,倘能建立合理一致的分配基準, 企業資產(例如總部樓宇)賬面值 的一部分獲分配至獨立現金產生單位,否則會分配至最小的現金產生 單位組別。

耗損虧損僅在資產賬面值超出其可 收回金額之情況下予以確認。在 使用價值時,估計日後現金流量 乃使用能反映市場當前所評估之之 幣時間價值及資產之特定風險之除 稅前貼現率貼現至現值。耗損虧損 於其產生期間自損益表中與該耗損 資產功能相符之開支類別中扣除。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)
Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group.
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

關聯方

- (a) 為一名人士或有關人士之直系 親屬,而與本集團有以下關係:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司之 主要管理人員其中一名成 員;

或

- (b) 為一個與本集團有關的實體,且 下列任何情況適用:
 - (i) 有關實體與本集團屬同一集 團之成員。
 - (ii) 其中一個實體為另一實體 (或另一實體為成員公司的 集團旗下成員公司)之聯營 公司或合營企業。
 - (iii) 有關實體及本集團均為同一 第三方之合營企業。
 - (iv) 其中一個實體為第三方實體 之合營企業,而另一實體則 為該第三方實體之聯營公 司。
 - (v) 有關實體為離職後福利計劃,而該計劃之受益人為本 集團或與本集團有關之實體 之僱員。
 - (vi) 有關實體由(a)項所辨識人士 控制或共同控制。
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)項所辨識人士對有關 實體有重大影響力或屬有關 實體(或有關實體之母公司) 主要管理人員其中一名成 員。
 - (viii) 有關實體或其所屬集團之任 何成員公司向本集團或向本 集團之母公司提供主要管理 人員服務。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Freehold land Not depreciated

Buildings Over the shorter of the lease

terms and 2% to 5%

Leasehold Over the shorter of the lease

improvements terms and 10%

Plant and machinery 4% to 20% Furniture and fixtures 10% to 20% Motor vehicles, electronic 81/3% to 331/3%

equipment and others

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外)按成本值減去累計折舊及任何耗損虧損列賬。物業、廠房及設備項目之成本包括其購買價及任何使資產達至營運狀況及地點作擬定用途之直接應佔成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目投入運作後所產生之支出(例如:維修保養),。 般於其產生期間在損益表扣除。 符合確認條件,則重大檢查支出。 符資產賬面值中資本化作為置換 。 倘須定期置換物業、廠房及設備之 重大部份,則本集團會將該等部份 確認為有特定可使用年期之個別資 產,並相應作出折舊。

折舊以直線基準按估計可使用年期 將物業、廠房及設備各個項目之成 本撇銷至其餘值計算。就此使用之 主要年率如下:

永久業權土地 不予折舊

樓宇 租賃年期或2%至

5%,以較短者為準

租賃物業裝修 租賃年期或10%,

以較短者為準

廠房及機器 4%至20% 傢俬及裝置 10%至20% 汽車、電子設備 8½%至33½%

及其他

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部份具有不同之可使用年期,則該項目之成本將合理分配至各部份,而各部份將個別折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法至少於各財政年度年結日審閱,並作出調整(倘適用)。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. It is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including right-of-use assets) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the income statement in the year of the retirement or disposal.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目(包括初步確認之任何重大部份)於出售時或預期日後使用或出售該項目不會產生經濟利益時終止確認。於資產終確認之年度在損益表就出售或廢產而確認之任何收益或虧損為有關資產出售所得款項淨額與賬面值間之差額。

在建工程按成本值減去任何耗損虧 損列賬,且不予折舊。在建工程在 竣工及可投入使用時重新分類至物 業、廠房及設備之合適類別。

投資物業

投資物業乃指持作賺取租金收入及 /或資本升值的土地及樓宇中的權 益(包括使用權資產)。該等物業初 步按成本值計量,當中包括交易成 本。於初步確認後,投資物業按能 反映報告期末市場情況的公允值列 賬。

投資物業公允值變動而產生之收益 或虧損於產生年度計入損益表。

投資物業報廢或出售而產生之任何 收益或虧損於報廢或出售年度在損 益表確認。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

The following intangible assets are amortised from the date they are available for use and their estimated useful lives are as follows:

Environmental energy project operating rights 7 to 35 years Environmental water project operating rights 20 to 32 years Greentech project operating rights 6 to 50 years Patents, trademarks and licences 6 to 20 years Computer software 5 vears Backlog contracts 2 to 30 years Technology 8 to 10 years 5 to 7 years Customer relations Trade contracts 4 years

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the income statement in the year the intangible asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant intangible asset.

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

無形資產(商譽除外)

下列無形資產自其可供使用日期起 攤銷,而其估計可使用年期如下:

環保能源項目運營權 七至三十五年 環保水務項日運營權 二十至三十二年 綠色環保項目運營權 六至五十年 六至二十年 專利、商標及牌照 電腦軟件 五年 未完成合約 二至三十年 技術 八至十年 客戶關係 五至七年 貿易合同 四年

無形資產於出售時或當預期日後使用或出售不會產生經濟利益時終止確認。於無形資產終止確認年度在損益表就出售或報廢無形資產而確認之任何收益或虧損為有關無形資產之出售所得款項淨額與賬面值之差額。

租賃

本集團會於合約開始時評估該合約 是否屬租賃或包含租賃。倘合約透 過轉易已識別資產在一段時間內的 用途控制權來換取代價,該合約即 屬租賃或包含租賃。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)
Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component and non-lease component(s), the Group adopts the practical expedient not to separate non-lease component(s) and to account for the lease component and the associated non-lease component(s) (e.g., property management services for leases of properties) as a single lease component.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Leasehold land 10 to 50 years
Buildings 2 to 30 years
Plant and machinery 3 to 17 years
Motor vehicles, electronic
equipment and others

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃採用單一確認及計量法,惟短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除外。本集團會確認作出租賃付款之租賃負債及使用權資產(即使用相關資產之權利)。

在包含租賃部份及非租賃部份之合約開始時或重新評估時,本集團應用可行權宜處理方法,不予分開非租賃部份,並把租賃部份及相關非租賃部份(例如:物業租賃之物業管理服務)作為一個單一租賃部份入賬處理。

(a) 使用權資產

 租賃土地
 十至五十年

 樓宇
 二至三十年

 廠房及機器
 三至十七年

 汽車、電子設備
 一至十七年

 及其他

如租賃資產擁有權會於租期結束時轉歸本集團,又或成本反映 行使購買選擇權,便會使用有關 資產之估計可使用年期計算折 舊。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)
Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

(a) Right-of-use assets (continued)
 When a right-of-use asset meets the definition of investment property, it is included in investment properties. The corresponding right-of-use asset

is initially measured at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value, in accordance with the Group's policy for "Investment properties".

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease. if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Group's lease liabilities are included in interest-bearing borrowings.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(a) 使用權資產(續)

如使用權資產符合投資物業之 定義,其將計入投資物業。根據 本集團有關「投資物業」之政策, 相關使用權資產初步按成本值 計量,其後則按公允值計量。

(b) 租賃負債

本集團之租賃負債計入計息借貸。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)
Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

(c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets.

Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative standalone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in other revenue in the income statement due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as other revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases. At the commencement date, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the lease payments and related payments (including the initial direct costs), and presented as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. The finance income on the net investment in the lease is recognised in the income statement so as to provide a constant periodic rate of return over the lease terms.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團對短期租賃(即自租賃開始日期起計租期為十二個月或以下,並且不包含購買選擇權的租賃)應用短期租賃確認豁免。 其亦對低價值資產租賃應用確認豁免。

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃之 租賃款項按直線法於租期內確 認為開支。

本集團作為出租人

如本集團為出租人,便會在租賃開始時(或在租賃修訂時)把各項租賃 分類為經營租賃或融資租賃。

凡轉讓相關資產擁有權附帶之絕大部份風險及回報予承租人之租賃內人賬為融資租賃。於開始日期, 質產之成本按租賃。於開始日期關稅 款(包括初步直接成本)之現值撥於 資本,並列作應收款項,金額相等於 租賃中的投資淨額。有關租赁內確 設,以致於租期內定期按固定比率 提供回報。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of debtors that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Debtors that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

投資及其他財務資產

初步確認及計量

財務資產於初步確認時分類,其後 按攤銷成本、按公允值計入其他全 面收入及按公允值計入損益計量。

就按攤銷成本或按公允值計入其他 全面收入分類及計量之財務資產而 言,其產生之現金流量必需為純粹 就未償還本金而支付之本金及利 息。如財務資產所產生之現金流量 並非純粹就未償還本金而支付之本 金及利息,則按公允值計入損益分 類及計量,而不論其業務模式。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (continued)

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt investments)

For debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the income statement and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in other comprehensive income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income is recycled to the income statement.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

投資及其他財務資產(續)

初步確認及計量(續)

須按照市場一般設立之規定或慣例 在一定期間內交付資產之財務資產 買賣於交易日確認,即本集團承諾 購買或出售該資產之日。

其後計量

財務資產之其後計量取決於其分類,現載列如下:

按攤銷成本計算之財務資產(債務工具)

按攤銷成本計算之財務資產其後按 實際利息法計量,並須計提耗損。當 終止確認或修訂有關資產或有關資 產出現耗損時,便會在損益表確認 盈虧。

按公允值計入其他全面收入之財務資產(債務投資)

就按公允值計入其他全面收入之債務投資而言,利息收入、外匯重估及耗損虧損或撥回於損益表中確認,並以與按攤銷成本計量之財務資產相同的方式計算。其餘公允值變動於其他全面收入中確認。終止確認後,於其他全面收入確認之累計公允值變動結轉至損益表。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity investments) Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income when they meet the definition of equity under HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to the income statement. Dividends are recognised as other income in the income statement when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in other comprehensive income. Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the income statement.

This category includes derivative instruments and investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on the equity investments are also recognised as other income in the income statement when the right of payment has been established.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

投資及其他財務資產(續)

其後計量(續)

指定按公允值計入其他全面收入之財務資產(股本投資)

於初步確認時,本集團可以不可撤回地選擇,把其股本投資分類為指定按公允值計入其他全面收入之股本投資,如有關股本投資符合香港會計準則第32號「金融工具:呈報」下有關權益之定義,且並非持作買賣用途。分類乃按每個工具逐一釐定。

此等財務資產之盈虧不會結轉至損益表。股息將於確立支付權後,在損益表中確認為其他收入,惟如本集團獲得有關所得款項利益作為財務資產之部份收回成本則除外。在此情況下,有關收益會入賬其他全面收入。指定按公允值計入其他全面收入之股本投資毋須進行耗損評估。

按公允值計入損益之財務資產 按公允值計入損益之財務資產於財 務狀況表中按公允值列賬,而公允 值變動淨額則於損益表中確認。

此類別包括本集團並無不可撤回地 選擇將之分類為按公允值計入其他 全面收入之衍生工具及投資。股本 投資之股息亦將於確立股息支付權 後,在損益表中確認為其他收入。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

終止確認財務資產

財務資產(或(倘適用)一項財務資產之一部份或一組類似財務資產之一部份)主要在下列情況下終止確認(即從本集團之綜合財務狀況表剔除):

- 自資產收取現金流量之權利已 屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓自資產收取現金 流量之權利,或承擔根據「轉手」 安排在無重大延誤之情況下向 第三方全數支付所收取現金流 量之責任;且(a)本集團已轉讓資 產之絕大部份風險及回報;或(b) 本集團既無轉讓亦無保留資產 之絕大部份風險及回報,惟已轉 讓資產之控制權。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Derecognition of financial assets (continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

終止確認財務資產(續)

以擔保方式繼續參與已轉讓資產之 參與程度,按該資產之原賬面值或 本集團可能被要求償還之代價之最 高金額(以較低者為準)計量。

財務資產之耗損

本集團就所有並非按公允值計入值計入值計入值計入值計入值計入值計入值計入值計入值計入值期信贷虧損乃期信贷虧損乃基於集份。 預期信贷虧損乃基於集別可收取之所有現金流量量之所有期可收取之所有理金流量量上,按原實際利率近似在期間,按原實際利率近似在來自問,按原理。 算期現金流量將包括來增級之間, 等所持有抵押品或其他信用可或缺之部份。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

財務資產之耗損(續)

一般處理方法

本集團認為,財務資產合約還款逾期九十日,即屬發生違約事件。然而,在若干情況下,如內部或外部資料顯示,本集團不可能悉數收取的欠合約金額(在不計及其所持有之任何信用增級前),屆時本集團亦已任何信用增級前),屆時本集團亦在並無合理期望能收回合約現金流量時,便會撇銷財務資產。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach (continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost, contract assets and lease receivables are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for debtors and contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Simplified approach

For debtors and contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

財務資產之耗損(續)

一般處理方法(續)

根據一般處理方法,按攤銷成本計算之財務資產、合約資產以及租賃 應收款項須計提耗損,並會分類至 以下所述階段,以計量預期信貸虧 損,惟應收賬款及並無重大融資成份之合約資產除外,彼等應用簡化 處理方法(詳見下文)。

- 第一階段 一自初步確認後信貸風險並 無大幅上升及虧損撥備按 相當於十二個月預期信貸 虧損金額計量之金融工具
- 第二階段 一自初步確認後信貸風險出現大幅上升惟不屬出現信 與末損之財務資產及虧損 撥備按相當於全期信貸虧 損金額計量之金融工具
- 第三階段 一於報告日期已出現信貸耗損 (並非購入或源生的信貸 耗損)及虧損撥備按相當於 全期信貸虧損金額計量之 財務資產

簡化處理方法

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)
Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings, or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include creditors, other payables and accrued expenses, and interest-bearing borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (creditors and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, creditors and other payables, and interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the income statement.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

財務負債

初步確認及計量

財務負債於初步確認時分類為貸款及借貸或應付款項(視何者適用)。

所有財務負債均於初步確認時按公允值確認,並(就貸款及借貸以及應付款項而言)經扣除直接應佔交易成本。

本集團之財務負債包括應付賬款、 其他應付款項及應計費用以及計息 借貸。

其後計量

財務負債其後之計量取決於其分類,現載列如下:

按攤銷成本計量之財務負債(應付 賬款及其他應付款項以及借貸) 於初步確認後,應付賬款及其他應 付款項以及計息借貸其後以實際利 率法按攤銷成本計量,但如貼現之 影響並不重大則除外,在此情況下, 則按成本值列賬。盈虧於負債終 確認時及於按實際利率攤銷之過程 中在損益表確認。

計算攤銷成本時會計及收購所產生之任何折讓或溢價,亦計及作為實際利率一部份之費用或成本。實際利率攤銷計入損益表之財務費用中。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contracts at the higher of: (i) the ECL allowance determined in accordance with the policy as set out in "Impairment of financial assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

財務負債(續)

其後計量(續)

財務擔保合約

終止確認財務負債

財務負債於負債項下之責任獲解除或取消或屆滿時終止確認。

如一項現有財務負債以來自同一貸款人而條款絕大部份不同之另一項財務負債取代,或現有負債之條款獲大幅修改,則有關轉換或修改事宜會被當作終止確認原有負債及確認新負債處理,而兩者賬面值間之差額在損益表確認。

抵銷金融工具

倘現時可強制執行法定權利抵銷已 確認金額及有意向以淨額結算,或 同時變現資產及清償負債,財務資 產與財務負債便可互相抵銷,並在 財務狀況表呈報淨額。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Derivative financial instruments

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the income statement, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in other comprehensive income and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss.

Perpetual capital instruments

Perpetual capital instruments with no contractual obligation to repay the principal or to pay any distribution are classified as part of the equity. Fees, commissions and other transaction costs of the issuance of instruments are deducted from equity. The distributions on the instruments are accrued as profit distribution.

Inventories

Inventories, mainly comprise construction materials, biomass fuel, spare parts and consumables used in the repairs and maintenance of the environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects, and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal. When inventories are consumed, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the income statement.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term highly liquid deposits with a maturity of generally within three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

衍生金融工具

初步確認及其後計量

衍生金融工具初步於衍生工具合約 訂立日期按公允值確認,其後按公允值重新計量。當衍生工具之公允 值為正數時,便會入賬為資產;當衍 生工具之公允值為負數時,便會入 賬為負債。

衍生工具公允值變動所產生之任何 收益或虧損,會直接計入損益表,惟 現金流量對沖之有效部份除外,有 關部份於其他全面收入確認,之後 會於被對沖項目影響損益時重新分 類至損益表。

永續資本工具

並無任何償還本金或支付任何分派 之合約責任之永續資本工具乃分類 為權益之一部份。發行該等工具之 手續費、佣金及其他交易成本均從 權益中扣除。該等工具之分派乃累 計為盈利分派。

存貨

存貨主要包括建築物料、生物燃料、 用於維修及保養環保能源項目之際 保水務項目及綠色環保項目之零 及消耗品,其按成本值或可變現 受過 使 以較低者為準)列賬。成本值按值 權平均基準計算。可變現淨值按 權平均基準計算。可 變現淨值接 計售價減去於完成及出售前將產 之任何估計成本計算。在耗用存 後,有關存貨之 版面值會於損益表 中確認為開支。

現金及現金等價物

財務狀況表中的現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金及銀行現金,以及可在無重大價值轉變風險之前提下換算為已知現金數額並持作滿足短期現金承諾用途之短期高流動性存款(一般在三個月內到期)。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term deposits as defined above, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in the income statement.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

現金及現金等價物(續)

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金及銀行現金以及短期存款(定義見上文),當中減去須按要求償還並構成本集團現金管理重要部份之銀行透支。

撥備

倘因過去事件導致目前存在(法律或推斷)責任,且日後很可能須流出資源以償付責任,便會確認撥備,惟必須可對責任涉及之金額作出可靠估計。

倘貼現影響重大,確認為撥備之金額為預期日後償付責任所須開支於報告期末之現值。隨著時間流逝產生之經貼現現值增加數額於損益表入賬。

所得稅

所得稅包括即期及遞延稅項。於損益表以外部份確認之項目之相關所得稅,會於損益表以外部份確認,即於其他全面收入確認或直接於權益確認。

即期稅項資產及負債乃根據於報告期末前已頒佈或實際頒佈之稅率(及稅法),考慮到本集團業務所在國家當前之詮釋及慣例,以預期可自稅務機關收回或向稅務機關支付之金額計量。

遞延稅項乃使用負債法,就於報告 期末資產及負債之稅基與其作財務 申報用途之賬面值間所有暫時差額 作出撥備。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)
Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

所得稅(續)

所有應課稅暫時差異均會確認遞延 稅項負債,惟以下情況除外:

- 當遞延稅項負債因初步確認商 譽或非業務合併交易之資產或 負債而產生,且在進行交易時對 會計盈利或應課稅損益均無影 響及不產生相同的應課稅及可 扣減暫時差異;及
- 就與於附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營企業之投資有關之應課稅暫 時差異而言,當暫時差異之撥回 時間可予控制,且暫時差異於可 見將來不可能撥回。

所有可扣減暫時差異以及結轉未動 用稅項抵免及任何未動用稅項虧 損,均會確認遞延稅項資產。倘將來 很可能取得應課稅盈利而令可扣減 暫時差異,及結轉未動用稅項抵免 以及未動用稅項虧損得以運用,便 會確認遞延稅項資產,惟於以下情 況除外:

- 倘遞延稅項資產與因初步確認 一項並非業務合併之交易資產 或負債而產生之可扣減暫時差 異有關,而在進行交易時遞延稅 項資產對會計盈利或應課稅損 益均無影響及不產生相同的應 課稅及可扣減暫時差異;及
- 就與於附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營企業之投資有關之可扣減暫 時差異而言,遞延稅項資產僅會 於暫時差異可能於可見將來撥 回及很可能取得應課稅盈利而 令暫時差異得以運用時確認。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Income tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the income statement over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments or deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to the income statement by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

所得稅(續)

遞延稅項資產之賬面值會於各報告期末覆核,並將予扣減,直至不再可能有足夠應課稅盈利可供抵銷全部或部份遞延稅項資產為止。未確認遞延稅項資產會於各報告期末重新評估,並於可能有足夠應課稅盈利可供抵銷全部或部份遞延稅項資產時予以確認。

遞延稅項資產及負債根據於報告期 末前已頒佈或實際頒佈之稅率(及 稅法),按預期於變現資產或清償負 債期間應用之稅率計量。

遞延稅項資產及遞延稅項負債產及遞延稅項負債團人並僅如果)本資產人。並僅如果)本資生與人工。 在基本工程,與人工工程,與人工工程, 與工程,與人工工程, 與工程,與人工工程, 與工程, 與工程,

政府補助金

如能合理保證將可收取政府補助金,且所有附帶條件將得以遵行,便會按公允值確認政府補助金。如補助金與開支項目有關,便會有系統地在擬補償之成本之支銷期間確認 為收入。

如補助金與資產有關,屆時公允值 便會計入遞延收入賬,並於有關資 產之預計可使用年期分期每年等額 撥回損益表,或自資產之賬面值扣 除,並以已扣減折舊費用方式撥回 損益表。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

收益確認

客戶合約收益

客戶合約收益於貨物或服務之控制 權轉移予客戶時,按能反映本集團 就有關貨物或服務而預期有權換取 所得之代價金額予以確認。

當合約代價包含可變金額時,便會估計本集團轉讓貨物或服務予客戶而預期有權換取所得之代價金額。可變代價於合約開始時予以估計,並會受到限制,直至可變代價之相關不確定性其後得以解決,已確認累計收益金額不大可能出現大幅收益撥回情況為止。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

The Group satisfied a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs.
- The Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced.
- The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternate use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If none of the above conditions are met, the Group recognises revenue at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

If control of the asset transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the asset.

The progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation is measured based on the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of the performance obligation, by reference to the surveyors' assessment of work performed and the costs incurred up to the end of the reporting period as a percentage of total estimated costs for each contract.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

收益確認(續) 客戶合約收益(續)

倘符合以下其中一項條件,本集團 會於履行履約責任後隨時間轉移確 認收益:

- 客戶同時取得及消耗本集團履行履約責任時所提供之利益。
- 本集團之履約行為創造或改良 了客戶在資產被創造或改良時 已控制的資產。
- 本集團之履約行為並未創造一項可被本集團用於替代用途之資產,且本集團具有就迄今為止已完成之履約部份獲得客戶付款之可執行權利。

倘不符合所有上述條件,本集團將 於履約責任獲履行之時點確認收 益。

如資產控制權在一段時間內轉移, 本集團會於整個合約期間內經參 考圓滿完成履約責任之進度確認收 益。否則,收益於客戶獲得資產控制 權之時間點確認。

圓滿完成履約責任之進度乃根據本 集團為完成履約責任而產生的支出 或投入而計量,並經參考測量師就 已進行之工程所作之評估以及截至 報告期末已產生之成本佔各合約之 估計總成本之百分比。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

When the Group provides more than one service in a service concession arrangement, the transaction price will be allocated to each performance obligation by reference to their relative stand-alone selling prices. If the stand-alone selling prices are not directly observable, they are estimated based on expected cost plus a margin or adjusted market assessment approach, depending on the availability of observable information.

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effect of a financing component if it is significant.

(a) Construction service revenue

The Group's performance in respect of construction services creates or enhances an asset or work in progress that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced, thus the Group satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, by reference to completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the surveyors' assessment of work performed and the costs incurred up to the end of the reporting period as a percentage of total estimated costs for each contract.

Revenue from the construction services under a service concession agreement is estimated on a cost-plus basis with reference to a prevailing market rate of gross margin at the date of the agreement applicable to similar construction services rendered.

(b) Operation revenue

The Group recognised revenue from environmental energy project, environmental water project and greentech project operation services, conduct of environmental protection technology research and development services, and provision of environmental-related technological services, design of environmental protection projects services, when the related services are rendered.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續) 客戶合約收益(續)

倘本集團在服務特許經營權安排下 提供超過一項服務,則交易價格 會參考彼等各自的獨立銷售價後分 配至各項履約責任。倘獨立銷售價 不能直接觀察所得,便會根據預期 成本加利潤率或經調整市場評估法 (取決於是否可得到可觀察資料) 進行估計。

在釐定交易價格時,如融資成份重大,本集團將會根據融資成份來調整承諾代價。

(a) 建造服務收益

就建造服務而言,本集團之履約行為創造或改良了客戶在資產被創造或改良了客戶產或在建了客戶產或在建工程,因此本集團履行履約責任後隨時間轉移確認收益,有關收益確認內經參考特定交易之完成階段(根據測量師就已進行之工程評估而於之大工程,以及截至報告期末已產生分比本佔人。

根據服務特許經營權協議提供建造服務所得收益經參考於協議日期提供類似建造服務適用之現行市場毛利率,按成本加成法估計。

(b) 運營收益

就環保能源項目、環保水務項目及 綠色環保項目運營服務、進行環保 技術研發服務,以及提供環保相關 技術服務、設計環保項目服務而言, 本集團於提供相關服務時確認有關 收益。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(c) Equipment construction and installation service revenue

Revenue from the provision of equipment construction and installation services is recognised over time, by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation.

The progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation in respect of equipment construction and installation services is measured based on the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of the performance obligation, by reference to the contract costs incurred up to the end of the reporting period as a percentage of total estimated costs for each contract, because the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

(d) Sales of products

Revenue from the sales of products is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally when the customer obtains the physical possession or the legal title of the completed products and the Group has present right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable.

Revenue from other sources and other income
Rental income is recognised on a time proportion
basis over the lease terms. Variable lease payments
that do not depend on an index or a rate are
recognised as income in the accounting period in
which they are incurred.

Finance income from service concession arrangements and interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

收益確認(續) 客戶合約收益(續)

(c) 裝備建造及安裝服務收益

提供裝備建造及安裝服務之收 益會經參考圓滿完成履約責任 之進度於一段時間內確認。

(d) 銷售產品

銷售產品收益於資產控制權轉 移至客戶時確認,一般於客戶取 得已製成產品之實物擁有權或 法定擁有權,且本集團獲得現時 收款權並很可能收取代價時確 認。

來自其他來源之收益及其他收入 租金收入根據有關租賃年期按時間 比例確認。並不取決於指數或利率 之可變租賃款項在產生之會計期間 確認為收入。

服務特許權安排的財務收入及利息收入乃按應計基準採用實際利息法透過應用有關利率(即於金融工具預計年期或(倘適用)較短期間內將估計未來現金收入準確貼現至財務資產賬面淨值之利率)計算確認。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from other sources and other income (continued)

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

Contract assets

If the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the contract terms, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional. Contract assets are subject to impairment assessment, details of which are included in the accounting policies for impairment of financial assets. They are reclassified to debtors when the right to the consideration becomes unconditional.

Employee benefits

Retirement schemes

The Company provides retirement benefits to all local eligible employees in Hong Kong under an approved defined contribution provident fund (the "ORSO Scheme"). The ORSO Scheme is administered by trustees, the majority of which are independent, with its assets held separately from those of the Company. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries. Forfeited contributions may be used to reduce the existing level of contributions by the Company.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

來自其他來源之收益及其他收入(續)

股息收入於確立股東收款權後,以 及與股息相關之經濟利益將流入本 集團,且能可靠地計量股息金額時 予以確認。

合約資產

倘本集團根據合約條款無條件享有 代價前透過轉移貨物或服務予客戶 履行合約,則就附帶條件之已難 代價確認合約資產。合約資產稅 資產稅 行耗損評估,有關詳情載於財務 產耗損會計政策中。合約資產於代 價權利成為無條件時重新分類至應 收賬款。

僱員福利

退休計劃

本公司已根據認可定額供款公積金為所有香港本地合資格僱員提供退休福利(「職業退休計劃條例計劃由信計人(大部份為獨立信託人)管理,其資產與本公司之資產分開持有。 供款按僱員基本薪金某一百分比計算作出。沒收之供款可用作抵銷本公司現需承擔之供款。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Retirement schemes (continued)

As from 1 December 2000, the Group also operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance and not previously covered by the ORSO Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Chinese Mainland are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

僱員福利(續)

退休計劃(續)

自二零零零年十二月一日起,本集 團亦根據香港強制性公積金計劃條 例為受香港僱傭條例管轄且原先未 包括在職業退休計劃條例計劃內之 僱員提供定額供款強制性公積金退 休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)。按照 強積金計劃之規則,供款按僱員基 本薪金某一百分比計算作出,並於 有關供款須予支付時在損益表支 銷。強積金計劃之資產獨立於本集 團之資產,在獨立管理之基金持有。 本集團向強積金計劃所作之僱主供 款,一經支付即全數歸屬於僱員,惟 本集團之僱主自願性供款除外,按 照強積金計劃之規則,倘僱員在有 關供款全數歸屬於僱員前離職,有 關供款將退還予本集團。

本集團於中國大陸經營之附屬公司 之僱員須參加由當地市政府運作的 中央退休金計劃。該等附屬公司須 按其薪金成本之若干百分比向中央 退休金計劃供款。有關供款於根據 中央退休金計劃之規則須予支付時 在損益表支銷。

終止僱用福利

終止僱用福利於本集團不能取消提 供該等福利時及本集團確認涉及 支付終止僱用福利的重組成本當日 (以較早者為準)確認。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the income statement.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

借貸成本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即必需花上一段長時間方能作其擬定用 送或出售之資產)之直接應佔借產或出售之資本,作為此等資產化查賣本方數分數。於此等資產大數份。於此等資產大數份。於此等資產,即有達成本撥充資本。所有其與實質成本於產生期間列作開支資。 借貸成本於產生期間列作開支資時產生之其他成本。

股息

末期股息於股東在股東大會上作出 批准後確認為負債。擬派末期股息 於財務報表附註中披露。

由於本公司章程細則授予董事宣派 中期股息之權利,故中期股息可同 步建議派發及宣派。因此,中期股息 將於建議派發及宣派時即時確認為 負債。

外幣

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the income statement with the exception of monetary items that are designated as part of the hedge of the Group's net investment of a foreign operation. These are recognised in other comprehensive income until the net investment is disposed of, at which time the cumulative amount is reclassified to the income statement. Tax charges and credits attributable to exchange differences on those monetary items are also recorded in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollars. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策 (續)

外幣(續)

就終止確認預收代價之相關非貨幣資產或非貨幣負債而言或收在釐之時內資產或相關資產。開支或日期指之匯率認預收代價所產生之時,初始於實際資產或非貨幣負債之日期。實際資產預付款或收款或收款或收款的交易日期。

若干海外附屬公司、合營企業及聯營公司之功能貨幣為港幣以外之貨幣。於報告期末,該等實體之資產及負債按報告期末之適用匯率換算為港幣,而其損益表則按與交易日期之適用匯率相若之匯率換算為港幣。

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2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange reserve, except to the extent that the differences are attributable to non-controlling interests. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount in the reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the income statement.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

2. 會計政策 (續)

2.4 主要會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

就此產生之匯兌差額於其他全面收入確認,並於匯兌儲備累計,惟非控股權益應佔差額除外。在出售海外業務時,與該特定海外業務有關之儲備累計金額於損益表確認。

因收購海外業務而產生之任何商譽 及收購所得資產與負債之賬面值之 公允值調整會被當作海外業務的資 產及負債處理,並根據期末匯率換 算。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之現金流量按現金流量日期適用之匯率換算為港幣。海外附屬公司於整個年度內不斷出現之現金流量按年內加權平均匯率換算為港幣。

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

在編製本集團財務報表時,管理層須作出判斷、估計及假設,而有關判斷、估計及假設,而有關判斷、估計及假設會影響所呈報收益、開支、資產與負債金額以及其隨附披露及或然負債披露。此等假設及估計之不明朗因素可能會導致在未來需要對受影響資產或負債之賬面值作出重大調整。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Construction contracts

As explained in the accounting policies set out in note 2.4 to the financial statements for "Revenue recognition" and "Contract assets", revenue and profit recognition on an incomplete project is dependent on estimating the final outcome of the construction contract, as well as the work done to date. Based on the Group's recent experience and the nature of the construction activity undertaken by the Group, the Group makes estimates of the point at which it considers the work is sufficiently advanced such that the costs to complete and revenue can be reliably estimated. As a result, until this point is reached, the "Service concession assets" as disclosed in note 23 will not include profit which the Group may eventually realise from the work done to date. In addition, actual outcomes in terms of revenue or costs may be higher or lower than estimated at the end of the reporting period, which would affect the revenue and profit recognised in future years as an adjustment to the amounts recorded to date.

The revenue recognised for construction services during the year was HK\$5,743,468,000 (2023: HK\$7,676,488,000) (note 5).

Expected credit losses on contract assets and debtors

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for contract assets and debtors. The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計之不確定性

下文闡述有關未來之主要假設,以及於報告期末導致估計出現不確定性之其他主要緣由,其具有可能導致須對下一個財政年度之資產及負債賬面值作出重大調整之重大風險。

建造合約

誠如財務報表附註2.4下有關「收益確 認」及「合約資產」之會計政策所闡釋, 未完成項目之收益及盈利確認取決於對 建造合約最終成果之估計及迄今已完成 之工程。根據本集團之近期經驗及本集 團所承辦建造活動之性質,本集團會於 其認為工程進度已達致一定水平,足以 可靠估計完工成本及收益時進行估計。 因此, 在達至有關階段前, 附註23所披 露之「服務特許經營權資產」不會包括本 集團就迄今已完成工程而最終可能變現 之盈利。此外,於報告期末收益或成本 之實際結果可能會高於或低於估計之 數,亦因而會由於對迄今已入賬之金額 作出調整而影響在未來年度確認之收益 及盈利。

年內確認之建造服務收益為港幣 5,743,468,000元(二零二三年:港幣 7,676,488,000元)(附註5)。

合約資產及應收賬款預期信貸虧損

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算合約資產及應 收賬款之預期信貸虧損。撥備矩陣最初 基於本集團之過往觀察所得違約率。本 集團會調整矩陣,根據具有前瞻性之資 料調整過往信貸虧損經驗。於各個報告 日期,本集團會更新過往觀察所得違約 率,並會分析具有前瞻性之估計數字之 變動。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Expected credit losses on contract assets and debtors (continued)

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's contract assets and debtors is disclosed in notes 23 and 25 to the financial statements.

The carrying amount of contract assets and debtors at 31 December 2024 was HK\$107,281,877,000 and HK\$21,126,596,000 (2023: HK\$107,971,085,000 and HK\$19,980,322,000) respectively.

Impairment losses for goodwill

As explained in the accounting policy set out in note 2.4 to the financial statements for "Business combinations and goodwill", goodwill is allocated to a cash-generating unit or to a group of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination for the purpose of impairment assessment, which requires significant judgement. The Group determined that the group of cash-generating units to which goodwill was allocated reflected the lowest level at which goodwill was monitored for internal reporting and was not larger than an operating segment in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This involves an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill at 31 December 2024 was HK\$1,448,432,000 (2023: HK\$1,535,542,000). Further details are given in note 17 to the financial statements.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計之不確定性(續)

合約資產及應收賬款預期信貸虧損(續)

對過往觀察所得違約率、經濟狀況預測 及預期信貸虧損之相關性之評估屬重大 估算。預期信貸虧損金額受經濟情況及 經濟狀況預測之變動影響。本集團過往 信貸虧損經驗及經濟狀況預測亦可能無 法反映客戶日後之實際違約情況。本集 團合約資產及應收賬款之預期信貸虧損 資料於財務報表附註23和25披露。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,合約資產及應收賬款賬面值分別為港幣107,281,877,000元和港幣21,126,596,000元(二零二三年:港幣107,971,085,000元和港幣19,980,322,000元)。

商譽之耗指虧捐

誠如財務報表附註2.4下有關「業務合併 及商譽」之會計政策所闡釋,商譽會被 分配至預期可受惠於合併協同效益之 個現金產生單位或一個現金產生單位 組別,以便進行耗損評估,而此需要作 出重大判斷。根據香港會計準則第36號 「資產耗損」,本集團確定獲分配商譽 之現金產生單位組別為本集團就內部 報目的而監察商譽之最低層次,且監察 層面不會大於一個經營分部。

本集團最少每年一次釐定商譽有否出現耗損,而此涉及估計獲分配商譽之現金產生單位之使用價值。在估計使用價值時,本集團須估計來自現金產生單位之預期未來現金流量,並須選擇合適的貼現率,以便計算有關現金流量之現值。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,商譽之賬面值為港幣1,448,432,000元(二零二三年:港幣1,535,542,000元)。進一步詳情載於財務報表附註17。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Other impairment losses

If circumstances indicate that the carrying values of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and other non-financial assets may not be recoverable, these assets may be considered impaired, and an impairment loss may be recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets. The carrying amounts of these assets are reviewed periodically in order to assess whether the recoverable amounts have declined below the carrying amounts. These assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their recorded carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When such a decline has occurred, the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. It is difficult to estimate precisely fair values because quoted market prices for the Group's assets are not readily available. In determining the value in use, expected cash flows generated by the asset are discounted to their present value, which requires significant judgement relating to revenue and amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of revenue and amount of operating costs.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets at 31 December 2024 was disclosed in notes 15, 16(a) and 18 to the financial statements, respectively.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計之不確定性(續)

其他耗損虧損

當情況顯示於物業、廠房及設備、使用 權資產、無形資產及其他非財務資產等 項目之賬面值可能無法收回時,該等資 產可被視為已耗損,並可按照香港會計 準則第36號「資產耗損」之規定確認耗損 虧損。本集團會定期檢討該等資產之賬 面值,以評估可收回金額是否已降至低 於賬面值。當有事件發生或情況轉變顯 示該等資產之已記賬賬面值可能無法收 回時,便會對該等資產進行耗損測試。 當出現上述跌幅時,賬面值會減至可收 回金額。可收回金額為公允值減去出售 成本或使用價值(以較高者為準)。由於 未能隨時取得本集團資產之市場報價, 因此難以準確估計公允值。於釐定使用 價值時,資產產生之預期現金流量會貼 現至其現值,而此需要就收益及營運成 本金額作出重大判斷。本集團會利用所 有現有所得資料來釐定可收回金額之合 理概約金額,包括根據收益及營運成本 金額之合理有力假設與預測所作出之估 計。

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形 資產於二零二四年十二月三十一日之 賬面值分別披露於財務報表附註15、 16(a)及18。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Income taxes

Determining income tax provisions involves judgement on the future tax treatment of certain transactions. The Group carefully evaluates the tax implications of transactions in accordance with prevailing tax laws and regulations, and tax provisions are set up accordingly. The tax treatment of such transactions is reconsidered periodically to take into account all changes in tax laws, regulations, relevant interpretations and practices, and other related policies. Deferred tax assets are recognised for temporary deductible differences. As those deferred tax assets can only be recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised, management's judgement is required to assess the probability of future taxable profits. Management reassesses these estimates at the end of each reporting period. Additional deferred tax assets are recognised if it becomes probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets at 31 December 2024 was HK\$1.186.237.000 (2023: HK\$613.814.000). Further details are included in note 33 to the financial statements.

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group manages its business by divisions, which are organised by business lines. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented four reportable segments.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計之不確定性(續)

所得稅

釐定所得稅撥備涉及對若干交易之日 後稅項處理方法作出判斷。本集團會根 據現行稅務法律及法規審慎評估交易 之相關稅務影響,從而計提稅項撥備。 本集團會定期重新考慮有關交易之稅 項處理方法,並會將稅務法律、法規、 相關詮釋及慣例以及其他相關政策之所 有變動列為考慮因素。本集團會就暫時 可扣減差異確認遞延稅項資產。由於上 述遞延稅項資產僅限於將來很可能取得 應課稅盈利而令未使用稅項抵免得以運 用之情況下予以確認,故管理層須作出 判斷,評估產生未來應課稅盈利之可能 性。管理層會於各個報告期末重新評估 上述估計。倘未來應課稅盈利有可能令 遞 延 稅 項 資 產 得 以 收 回 , 便 會 確 認 額 外 的遞延稅項資產。於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,遞延稅項資產之賬面值為港 幣1.186.237.000元(二零二三年:港幣 613.814.000元)。進一步詳情載於財務 報表附註33。

4. 經營分部資料

本集團之業務按業務種類劃分為多個分部並加以管理。按照公司內部就資源分配及表現評估而向本集團最高管理層呈報資料之一貫方式,本集團呈報了四個須予報告分部。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

- Environmental energy project construction and operation: this segment engages in the construction and operation of waste-to-energy plants, food and kitchen waste treatment projects, sludge treatment and disposal projects, leachate treatment projects, methane-to-energy plants, fecal treatment projects, fly ash landfill projects, medical waste treatment projects and solid waste treatment projects, and provision of waste sorting, renewable resources utilisation, and sanitation operation services, to generate revenue from construction services, revenue from operation services as well as finance income.
- Environmental water project construction and operation: this segment engages in the construction, upgrade and operation of waste water treatment plants, water supply, reusable water treatment plants, sludge treatment and disposal projects, sponge city construction, river-basin ecological restoration, waste water source heat pump projects, leachate treatment, research and development of water environment technologies and engineering projects, to generate revenue from construction services, revenue from operation services as well as finance income.
- Greentech project construction and operation: this segment engages in the construction and operation of integrated biomass utilisation projects, hazardous and solid waste treatment projects, solar energy projects and wind power projects, and provision of environmental remediation services, to generate revenue from construction services, revenue from operation services as well as finance income.
- Others: this segment engages in the conduct of environmental protection technology research and development, provision of environmental-related technological services, design of environmental protection projects, provision of environmental protection project equipment construction and installation services and sales of related equipment from which it generates revenue.

4. 經營分部資料(續)

- 環保能源項目建造及運營:此分部 透過建造及運營垃圾發電廠、餐廚 及廚餘垃圾處理項目、污泥處理處 置項目、滲濾液處理項目、沼氣發電 廠、糞便處理項目、飛灰填埋場項 目、醫療廢物處理項目、固廢處理項 目,以及提供垃圾分類、再生資源利 用及環衛作業服務,以賺取建造服 務收益、運營服務收益及財務收入。
- 環保水務項目建造及運營:此分部 透過建造、改造及運營污水處理廠、 供水、中水回用處理廠、污泥處理及 處置項目、海綿城市建設、流域治 理、污水源熱泵項目、滲濾液處理以 及環保水務技術研發及工程建設項 目,以賺取建造服務收益、運營服務 收益及財務收入。
- 綠色環保項目建造及運營:此分部 透過建造及運營生物質綜合利用項 目、危廢及固廢處置項目、光伏發電 項目及風力發電項目,以及提供環 境修復服務,以賺取建造服務收益、 運營服務收益及財務收入。
- 其他:此分部透過進行環保技術研發、提供環境相關技術服務、設計環保項目、提供環保項目裝備建造及安裝服務及銷售相關裝備,從中賺取收益。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

For the purpose of assessing segment performance and allocating resource between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible assets, intangible assets, goodwill, interests in associates and joint ventures, investments in other financial assets, tax recoverable, deferred tax assets and current assets with the exception of intercompany receivables and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include tax payable, deferred tax liabilities, creditors, other payables and accrued expenses attributable to the activities of the individual segment and borrowings managed directly by the segments, with the exception of intercompany payables and other corporate liabilities.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to revenue generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments. However, other than reporting inter-segment sales of equipment and provision of technological services, assistance provided by one segment to another, including technical know-how, is not measured.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is "earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation" ("Adjusted EBITDA"). To arrive at Adjusted EBITDA, the Group's earnings are further adjusted for items not specifically attributed to the individual segment, such as directors' and auditor's remuneration and other head office or corporate administration costs.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning segment results, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue (including intersegment sales and revenue from technological services), depreciation and amortisation and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations.

4. 經營分部資料(續)

就分部表現評估及分部間之資源分配而言,本集團之最高管理層按下列基準監察各個須予報告分部之業績、資產及負債:

分部資產包括所有有形資產、無形資產、無形資產、簡譽、聯營公司及合營企業權或其他財務資產之投資、可收回稅抵項資產及流動資產,惟不包括資產及流動資產,惟不包括資產及流動資產收款項及其他企業業負債包括各個個別分部之應付稅項、遞延稅項費用各個分部直接管理之借貸,惟不包數的公司間之應付款項及其他企業負債。

收益及開支乃參考須予報告分部所賺取 之收益及所產生之開支或有關分部之資 產所產生之折舊或攤銷而分配至有關分 部。然而,除報告分部間之裝備銷售及 提供之技術服務外,某一分部向另一分 部提供之協助(包括專業知識技術)並不 計算在內。

用於報告分部盈利之表示方式為「除利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利」,即「經調整的EBITDA」。為了得出經調整的EBITDA,本集團之盈利將就無明確歸於任何分部之項目(例如:董事酬金及核數師酬金及其他總公司或企業行政成本)作進一步調整。

除獲提供有關分部業績之分部資料外, 管理層亦獲提供有關下列各項之分部資料:收益(包括分部間之銷售額及來自 技術服務之收益)及各分部運營時所使 用之非流動分部資產之折舊、攤銷及增 置。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 is set out below.

For the year ended 31 December

4. 經營分部資料(續)

(i) 分部業績、資產及負債

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團就資源 分配及分部表現評估而向本集團最 高管理層提供之須予報告分部資料 如下。

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		Environmental energy project construction and operation		Environmental water project construction and operation		Greentech project construction and operation		Others		Total	
		環保能源項目 建造及運營		環保水務項目 建造及運營		綠色環保項目 建造及運營		其他		總額	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Segment revenue (Note 5): Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	分部收益 (附註5): 來自外界客戶收益 分部間收益	15,916,369 88,584	17,359,810 112,604	6,846,599 5,319	6,704,684 -	6,974,061 2,831	7,415,381 1,592	520,980 619,218	610,332 756,746	30,258,009 715,952	32,090,207 870,942
Reportable segment revenue	須予報告之分部收益	16,004,953	17,472,414	6,851,918	6,704,684	6,976,892	7,416,973	1,140,198	1,367,078	30,973,961	32,961,149
Reconciliation: Elimination of inter-segment revenue	對賬: 抵銷分部間收益									(715,952)	(870,942)
Reportable segment revenue derived from the Group's external customers	來自本集團外界客戶之 須予報告分部收益									30,258,009	32,090,207

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- 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 經營分部資料(續) (continued)
 - (i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (i) 分部業績、資產及負債(續) (continued)

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		Environmental energy project construction and operation 環保能源項目 建造及運營		Environmental water project construction and operation 環保水務項目 建造及運營		Greentech project construction and operation 綠色環保項目 建造及運營		Others 其他		Total 總額	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Segment results: Reportable segment profit (Adjusted EBITDA)	分部業績: 須予報告分部盈利 (經調整的EBITDA)	6,886,316	9,078,517	2,196,829	2,475,439	1,009,155	1,479,768	(90,775)	160,365	10,001,525	13,194,089
Elimination of inter-segment profits	抵銷分部間盈利									(198,524)	(263,794)
Reportable segment profit derived from the Group's external customers Finance costs	來自本集團外界客戶之 須予報告分部盈利 財務費用									9,803,001 (3,006,954)	12,930,295 (3,527,788)
Depreciation and amortisation, including unallocated portion	折舊及攤銷 (包括未分配部份)									(2,200,636)	(2,175,689)
Unallocated head office and corporate income Unallocated head office and	未分配總公司及 企業收入 未分配總公司及									484,271	147,906
corporate expenses	企業開支									(212,541)	(250,240)
Consolidated profit before tax	綜合除稅前盈利									4,867,141	7,124,484
Other segment information: Depreciation and amortisation Expected credit losses on debtors,	其他分部資料: 折舊及攤銷 應收賬款預期信貸虧損	994,252	902,936	210,119	212,466	903,533	965,699	78,475	80,558	2,186,379	2,161,659
net Expected credit losses on other	淨額 其他應收款項預期信貸	156,996	268,864	164,170	194,487	49,619	66,909	68,318	41,912	439,103	572,172
receivables, net Recognition/(reversal) of expected credit losses on contract assets,	虧損淨額 合約資產預期信貸虧損 淨額確認/(撥回)	69,884	21,133	20,523	466	27,383	-	-	-	117,790	21,599
net Impairment of goodwill Impairment of property,	商譽耗損 物業、廠房及設備耗損	1,989	(111,964)	1,623	1,282	(16,447) 63,697	19,660		-	(12,835) 63,697	(91,022) -
plant and equipment Impairment of intangible assets Impairment of right-of-use assets	無形資產耗損使用權資產耗損	- 118,188 -	-	:	-	449,734 578,680 82,825	380,086 210,144 65,423	150,390 - -	-	600,124 696,868 82,825	380,086 210,144 65,423
Write-down of inventories to net realisable value	存貨 撤減至可變現淨值 年內增置物業、廠房及	-	-	-	-	-	35,405	-	-	-	35,405
Additions to property, plant and equipment and right-of-use asset during the year Additions to intangible assets and	ts 設備以及 使用權資產 年內增置無形資產及	271,960	700,860	91,907	65,081	420,109	365,076	18,748	18,054	802,724	1,149,071
non-current portion of prepayments during the year Additions to non-current portion of	預付款項之 非即期部份 在內地署会約答案之	1,036,175	2,125,902	348,166	62,905	228,050	615,533	8,919	10,151	1,621,310	2,814,491
contract assets during the year	非即期部份	5,410,692	5,415,485	3,527,957	2,874,912	390,033	397,754	-	-	9,328,682	8,688,151

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- 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 經營分部資料 (續) (continued)
 - (i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (i) 分部業績、資產及負債 (續) (continued)

		Environmental energy project construction		Environmental water project construction		Greentech project construction					
		and operation 環保能源項目 建造及運營		and operation 環保水務項目 建造及運營		and operation 綠色環保項目 建造及運營		Others 其他		Total 總額	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Reportable segment assets	須予報告之分部資產	105,640,806	107,527,318	35,609,199	33,995,027	36,281,922	39,719,911	2,677,463	2,842,975	180,209,390	184,085,231
Unallocated head office and corporate assets	未分配總公司及 企業資產									5,817,634	5,097,593
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額									186,027,024	189,182,824
Reportable segment liabilities	須予報告之分部負債	48,801,680	52,011,184	21,968,288	20,768,085	24,668,671	27,344,533	1,909,325	2,097,945	97,347,964	102,221,747
Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities	未分配總公司及 企業負債									22,262,484	21,437,856
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額									119,610,448	123,659,603

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

(ii) Geographic information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers, (ii) the Group's investment properties, property, plant and equipment, right-ofuse assets and intangible assets and (iii) the Group's non-current portion of other receivables, deposits and prepayments and non-current portion of contract assets. The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided. The geographical location of the assets is based on the physical location of the assets, in the case of investment properties, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets, and the location of the operation to which they are allocated, in the case of other receivables, deposits and prepayments, intangible assets and contract assets.

4. 經營分部資料(續)

(ii) 地區資料

下表載列有關(i)本集團來自外界客戶之收益,(ii)本集團之投資物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及無質產及(iii)本集團之其他應收款及資產及(iii)本集團之其他應收款及預付款項之非即期部份之所在地區按資產之非即期部份之所在地區按資產所在地區按資產所在地區按資產所在地區按資產而言),以及使用權資產而(以其形資產及預付款項、無形資產及預付款項、無形資產而。)劃分。

		Revenue from external customers 來自外界客戶 之收益		property, equip right-of-u and intang 投資物業 廠房及		Non-current portion of other receivables, deposits and prepayments and contract assets 其他應收款項、按金及預付款項及合約資產之非即期部份		
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	
(place of domicile) Other parts of the PRC 中 Germany 德 Poland 波 Vietnam 越	或	11,139 29,371,234 24,284 704,659 146,693	9,402 31,388,415 56,496 565,347 70,547	91,523 37,409,269 20,180 432,902 724,118 583	58,106 39,384,074 23,798 456,028 800,943 2,753	95,203,542 - - - -	97,335,434 - 2,299	
Total總	額	30,258,009	32,090,207	38,678,575	40,725,702	95,203,542	97,337,733	

(iii) Information about a major customer

For the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the revenue from the Group's largest customer amounted to less than 10% of the Group's total revenue.

(iii)主要客戶資料

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二 月三十一日止年度,來自本集團最 大客戶之收益佔本集團收益總額少 於10%。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

5. REVENUE

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

5. 收益

收益分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益		
Revenue from environmental energy project	環保能源項目建造服務		
construction services	收益	2,537,007	4,332,798
Revenue from environmental water project	環保水務項目建造服務		
construction services	收益	2,933,926	2,502,809
Revenue from greentech project construction services	綠色環保項目建造服務 收益	020 740	660 645
Revenue from environmental energy project	環保能源項目運營服務	230,749	660,645
operation services	收益	9,720,110	9,241,305
Revenue from environmental water project	環保水務項目運營服務	5,7.25,7.75	0,211,000
operation services	收益	2,815,662	3,104,693
Revenue from greentech project	綠色環保項目運營服務		
operation services	收益	6,414,584	6,411,122
Others	其他	520,980	610,332
Total revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15	3 客戶合約收益總額在香港 財務報告準則第15號的		
	範圍內	25,173,018	26,863,704
Finance income from service concession	服務特許經營權安排之		
arrangements	財務收入	5,084,991	5,226,503
Total revenue	收益總額	30,258,009	32,090,207

The aggregated revenue from environmental energy project construction and operation services, environmental water project construction and operation services, greentech project construction and operation services and finance income derived from the local government authorities in the PRC amounted to HK\$26,199,182,000 (2023: HK\$27,399,124,000) for the year ended 31 December 2024. The revenue is included in "Environmental energy project construction and operation", "Environmental water project construction and operation" and "Greentech project construction and operation" segments as disclosed in note 4 to the financial statements.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,來自中國當地政府機關之環保能源項目建造及運營服務收益、環保水務項目建造及運營服務收益、綠色環保項目建造及運營服務收益及財務收入總額為港幣26,199,182,000元(二零二三年:港幣27,399,124,000元)。有關收益計入「環保能源項目建造及運營」分部及「綠色環保水務項目建造及運營」分部(詳見財務報表附註4)。

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5. REVENUE (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) Disaggregated revenue information

For the year ended 31 December 2024

5. 收益 (續) 客戶合約收益

(i) 經分拆收益資料

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度

Segments	分部	Environmental energy project construction and operation 環保能源項目 建造及運營 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Environmental water project construction and operation 環保水務項目 建造及運營 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Greentech project construction and operation 綠色環保項目 建造及運營 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Type of goods and services Construction services Operation services	貨物及服務類型 建造服務 運營服務	2,537,007 9,720,110	2,933,926 2,815,662	230,749 6,414,584	41,786 479,194	5,743,468 19,429,550
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益總額	12,257,117	5,749,588	6,645,333	520,980	25,173,018
Geographical location of customers*	客戶所在地區*					
Chinese Mainland	中國大陸	11,405,765	5,730,975	6,628,523	520,980	24,286,243
Germany	德國	-	18,613	5,671	-	24,284
Poland	波蘭	704,659	-	-	-	704,659
Vietnam Hong Kong	越南香港	146,693	-	- 11,139	_	146,693 11,139
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益總額	12,257,117	5,749,588	6,645,333	520,980	25,173,018
* The geographical loca location of which the se	tion of customers is barrices were provided.	ased on the	*	客戶所在地區	室按服務提供 均	也點劃分。
Timing of revenue	收益確認時間					

Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認時間					
Over time	於一段時間內	12,257,117	5,511,513	6,455,622	424,683	24,648,935
At a point in time	於某一時點	-	238,075	189,711	96,297	524,083
Total revenue from contracts	客戶合約收益總額	40.057.447	40 00	0.045.000	500.000	05.470.040
with customers		12,257,117	5,749,588	6,645,333	520,980	25,173,018

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5. REVENUE (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(i) Disaggregated revenue information (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

5. 收益(續) 客戶合約收益(續)

(i) 經分拆收益資料(續)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度

Segments	分部	Environmental energy project construction and operation 環保能源項目 建造及運營 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Environmental water project construction and operation 環保水務項目 建造及運營 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Greentech project construction and operation 綠色環保項目 建造及運營 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Type of goods and services Construction services Operation services	貨物及服務類型 建造服務 運營服務	4,332,798 9,241,305	2,502,809 3,104,693	660,645 6,411,122	180,236 430,096	7,676,488 19,187,216
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益總額	13,574,103	5,607,502	7,071,767	610,332	26,863,704
Geographical location of customers* Chinese Mainland Germany Poland Vietnam Hong Kong	客戶所在地區* 中國大陸 德國 波蘭 越南 香港	12,938,209 - 565,347 70,547 -	5,556,372 51,130 - - -	7,056,999 5,366 - - 9,402	610,332 - - - -	26,161,912 56,496 565,347 70,547 9,402
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益總額	13,574,103	5,607,502	7,071,767	610,332	26,863,704
* The geographical location of which the se			*	客戶所在地區	區按服務提供均	也點劃分。
Timing of revenue recognition Over time At a point in time	收益確認時間 於一段時間內 於某一時點	13,574,103 –	5,395,344 212,158	6,900,205 171,562	524,361 85,971	26,394,013 469,691
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益總額	13,574,103	5,607,502	7,071,767	610,332	26,863,704

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5. REVENUE (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(i) Disaggregated revenue information (continued)

Set out below is the reconciliation of the revenue from contracts with customers with the amounts disclosed in the segment information:

For the year ended 31 December 2024

5. 收益 (續) 客戶合約收益(續)

(i) 經分拆收益資料(續)

下文載列客戶合約收益與分部資料 所披露金額之對賬:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度

		Environmental energy project	Environmental water project	Greentech project		
		construction and operation	construction and operation	construction and operation	Others	Total
		環保能源項目	環保水務項目	綠色環保項目	Othoro	Total
Segments	分部	建造及運營	建造及運營	建造及運營	其他	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益					
External customers	外界客戶	15,916,369	6,846,599	6,974,061	520,980	30,258,009
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收益	88,584	5,319	2,831	619,218	715,952
		16,004,953	6,851,918	6,976,892	1,140,198	30,973,961
Finance income	財務收入	(3,659,252)	(1,097,011)	(328,728)	_	(5,084,991)
Inter-segment adjustments	分部間調整及對銷					
and eliminations		(88,584)	(5,319)	(2,831)	(619,218)	(715,952)
Total revenue from contracts	客戶合約收益總額					
with customers		12,257,117	5,749,588	6,645,333	520,980	25,173,018

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5. REVENUE (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(i) Disaggregated revenue information (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

5. 收益(續) 客戶合約收益(續)

(i) 經分拆收益資料(續)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度

		Environmental	Environmental	Greentech		
		energy project	water project	project		
		construction	construction	construction		
		and operation	and operation	and operation	Others	Total
		環保能源項目	環保水務項目	綠色環保項目		
Segments	分部	建造及運營	建造及運營	建造及運營	其他	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益					
External customers	外界客戶	17,359,810	6,704,684	7,415,381	610,332	32,090,207
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收益	112,604	-	1,592	756,746	870,942
		17,472,414	6,704,684	7,416,973	1,367,078	32,961,149
Finance income	財務收入	(3,785,707)	(1,097,182)	(343,614)	-	(5,226,503)
Inter-segment adjustments	分部間調整及對銷					
and eliminations		(112,604)	-	(1,592)	(756,746)	(870,942)
Total revenue from contracts	客戶合約收益總額					
with customers		13,574,103	5,607,502	7,071,767	610,332	26,863,704

During the year ended 31 December 2024, revenue reversal of HK\$75,192,000 (2023: revenue recognition of HK\$155,895,000) was related to performance obligations satisfied in previous periods, due to a change in an estimate of the transaction price.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度,於過往期間達成的履約 責任相關的收入金額為轉回港幣 75,192,000元(二零二三年:收入金 額為確認港幣155,895,000元),該 調整是由於對交易價格估計的變更 所導致。

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5. REVENUE (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers *(continued)*

(ii) Performance obligations

The amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 December are as follows:

5. 收益 (續) **客戶合約收益** (續)

(ii) 履約責任

於十二月三十一日已分配至餘下履 約責任(未獲履行或部份未獲履行) 之交易價格金額如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Amounts expected to be recognised as revenue: Within one year After one year	預期將會確認為收益之 金額: 一年內 一年後	19,833,338 321,009,850	23,704,439 393,158,954
Total	總額	340,843,188	416,863,393

The amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations which are expected to be recognised as revenue after one year relate to construction services, operation services and other services, of which the performance obligations are to be satisfied within 50 years. All the other amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations are expected to be recognised as revenue within one year. The amounts disclosed above do not include variable consideration which is constrained.

The Group has applied the practical expedient under HKFRS 15 and does not include information about revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfied the remaining performance obligations for contracts with an original expected duration of one year or less.

已分配至餘下履約責任並預期於一年後確認為收益之交易價格金額涉及須於五十年內履行有關建造服務、運營服務及其他服務之履約責任。已分配至餘下履約責任之所有其他交易價格金額預期將於一年內確認為收益。上文所披露之金額並不包括受限制的可變代價。

本集團應用了香港財務報告準則第 15號下之可行權宜處理方法及並無 包括本集團將於原先預期時限為一 年或以內之合約之餘下履約責任獲 完成時有權獲得之收益之資料。

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6. OTHER REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND 6. 其他收益、其他收入及虧損淨額 LOSSES, NET

An analysis of other revenue, other income and losses, net is as follows:

其他收益、其他收入及虧損淨額分析如

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Other revenue Rental income from operating leases Interest income Dividend income	其他收益 經營租賃租金收入 利息收入 股息收入	20,346 87,187 -	10,103 119,464 857
Government grants* Value-added tax refund** Others	政府補助金* 增值稅退稅** 其他	88,003 484,195 489,452	148,694 390,307 394,926
Total other revenue	其他收益總額	1,169,183	1,064,351
Other income and losses, net	其他收入及虧損淨額		
Fair value gains/(losses), net: Other financial assets	公允值收益/(虧損)淨額: 其他財務資產		
 unlisted equity investment Other financial assets 	一非上市股本投資 其他財務資產	464	(1,586)
 unlisted investments Fair value gain on investment properties Loss on disposal and write-off of property, 	一非上市投資 投資物業公允值收益 出售及撇銷物業、廠房	670 1,060	(51,343) 1,383
plant and equipment, net Loss on disposal and write-off of	及設備之虧損淨額 出售及撇銷無形資產之	(4,506)	(30)
intangible assets, net Gain on deregistration of a subsidiary Expected credit losses on debtors, net	虧損淨額 註銷附屬公司之收益 應收賬款預期信貸虧損淨額	(443) 100	-
(note 25) Expected credit losses on other	(附註25) 其他應收款項預期信貸虧損	(439,103)	(572,172)
receivables, net (note 25) Reversal of expected credit losses on	淨額(附註25) 合約資產預期信貸虧損淨額	(117,790)	(21,599)
contract assets, net (note 23) Impairment of goodwill (note 17) Impairment of property, plant	撥回(附註23) 商譽耗損(附註17) 物業、廠房及設備耗損	12,835 (63,697)	91,022 -
and equipment (note 15) Impairment of intangible assets (note 18) Impairment of right-of-use assets	(附註15) 無形資產耗損(附註18) 使用權資產耗損(附註16(c))	(600,124) (696,868)	(380,086) (210,144)
(note 16(c))	(4)	(82,825)	(65,423)
Total other income and losses, net	其他收入及虧損淨額總額	(1,990,227)	(1,209,978)

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6. OTHER REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND LOSSES, NET (continued)

- * Government grants were granted during the year ended 31 December 2024 to subsidise certain environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects of the Group in the PRC and Poland. There are no unfulfilled conditions and other contingencies attached to the receipts of those grants. There is no assurance that the Group will continue to receive such grants in the future.
- ** Value-added tax refund was received/receivable during the year ended 31 December 2024 in relation to certain environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects operations of the Group in the PRC. There are no unfulfilled conditions and other contingencies attached to the receipts of such tax refund. There is no assurance that the Group will continue to receive such tax refund in the future.

7. FINANCE COSTS

6. 其他收益、其他收入及虧損淨額 (續)

- * 於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團獲發放政府補助金以補貼本集團在 中國及波蘭之若干環保能源項目、環保水務 項目及綠色環保項目。概無有關收取該等補 助金之未達成條件及其他或然事項。目前不 能保證本集團於日後將可繼續獲發該等補助 金。
- ** 於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團在中國之若干環保能源運營項目、環 保水務運營項目及綠色環保運營項目已獲 發放/將獲發放增值稅退稅。概無有關收取 該等增值稅退稅之未達成條件及其他或然事 項。目前不能保證本集團於日後將可繼續獲 發該等增值稅退稅。

7. 財務費用

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Interest on bank and other loans Interest on corporate bond, ABS, MTN and SCP	銀行及其他貸款之利息 公司債券、資產支持證券、 中期票據及超短期	2,315,073	3,020,205
Interest on lease liabilities (note 16(c))	融資券之利息 租賃負債之利息	675,662	495,073
Asset-backed notes arrangement fees Less: Interest expenses capitalised into	(附註16(c)) 資產支持票據安排費用 減:於在建工程資本化之	6,215 14,468	6,854 25,528
construction in progress*	利息支出*	(4,464)	(19,872)
Total	總額	3,006,954	3,527,788

- * The borrowing costs have been capitalised at rates ranging from 2.20% to 3.35% (2023: 2.70% to 3.50%) per annum during the year ended 31 December 2024.
- * 於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 借貸成本按介乎2.20%至3.35%(二零二三 年:2.70%至3.50%)之年利率進行資本化。

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8. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

8. 除稅前盈利

本集團之除稅前盈利已扣除/(計入):

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Depreciation	折舊			
 property, plant and equipment 	-物業、廠房及設備	15	668,991	657,564
right-of-use assets	-使用權資產	16(c)	75,986	74,013
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	18	1,455,659	1,444,112
Research and development costs	研究及開發成本		69,308	79,387
Write-down of inventories to net	存貨撇減至可變現淨值			
realisable value			-	35,405
Lease payments not included in the	並無計入租賃負債計量	4 .		
measurement of lease liabilities	之租賃款項	16(c)	5,083	17,321
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金			
– audit services	—審核服務 共似服務		9,243	14,575
- other services	一其他服務 		3,396	3,001
Employee benefit expense (excluding	僱員福利開支(不包括 若專酬点(74 th 2))			
directors' remuneration (note 9)):	董事酬金(附註9)):			
Wages, salaries, allowances and	工資、薪金、津貼		0 00 7 400	0.750.540
benefits in kind	及實物利益		3,837,468	3,753,549
Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款		368,900	384,573
Total	總額		4,206,368	4,138,122
Foreign exchange differences net	匯兌淨差額		(361.764)	(57.984)
Foreign exchange differences, net	匯兌淨差額		(361,764)	(57,984

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to the retirement schemes in future years (2023: Nil).

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無沒收供款可用以扣減本集團在未 來年度之退休計劃供款(二零二三年: 無)。

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9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

9. 董事薪酬

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)、香港《公司條例》第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》第2部披露之董事年度薪酬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Fees	袍金	1,655	1,935
Other emoluments: Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Discretionary bonuses Retirement scheme contributions	其他酬金: 薪金、津貼及實物利益 酌情花紅 退休計劃供款	3,679 8,305 305	8,526 3,378 1,284
Subtotal	小計	12,289	13,188
Total fees and other emoluments	袍金及其他酬金總額	13,944	15,123

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9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued) 9. 董事薪酬 (續)

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼 及實物利益 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Retirement scheme contributions 退休計劃 供款 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
2024	二零二四年					
Executive directors: Wang Silian (note (a)) Huang Haiqing (note (b)) Luan Zusheng (note (c)) An Xuesong (note (d)) Hu Yanguo (note (d)) Qian Xiaodong (note (d))	執行董事: 王思聯 (附註(a)) 黃海清 (附註(b)) 樂祖盛 (附註(c)) 安雪松 (附註(d)) 胡延國 (附註(d)) 錢曉東 (附註(d))	-	594 1,330 1,410 - 345	170 378 2,537 1,539 1,944 1,737	20 38 234 - 13	784 1,746 4,181 1,539 2,302 1,737
Subtotal	小計	-	3,679	8,305	305	12,289
Non-executive directors: Kang Guoming (note (e)) Pan Jianyun (note (e))	非執行董事: 康國明 (附註(e)) 潘劍雲 (附註(e))	<u>-</u>	Ξ	Ξ	=	Ī
Subtotal	小計	-	-	_	-	-
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Zhai Haitao	翟海濤	200	-	-	-	200
Fan Yan Hok, Philip Suo Xuquan	范仁鶴 索緒權	485 485				485 485
Li Shuk Yin, Edwina	李淑賢	485	-	-	_	485
Subtotal	小計	1,655	-	-	-	1,655
Total	總額	1,655	3,679	8,305	305	13,944

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9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

9. 董事薪酬 (續)

			Salaries,			
			allowances		Retirement	
			and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	
		Fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	Total
			薪金、津貼		退休計劃	
		袍金	及實物利益	酌情花紅	供款	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
2023	二零二三年					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Huang Haiging (note (b))	黃海清(附註(b))	_	1,981	873	208	3,062
Luan Zusheng (note (c))	欒祖盛(附註(c))	-	1,545	870	365	2,780
An Xuesong (note (d))	安雪松 (附註(d))	-	1,217	715	304	2,236
Hu Yanguo (note (d))	胡延國 (附註(d))	-	2,404	33	356	2,793
Qian Xiaodong (note (d))	錢曉東 (附註(d))	-	1,379	887	51	2,317
Subtotal	小計	-	8,526	3,378	1,284	13,188
	X四十十十/二					
Independent	獨立非執行董事:					
non-executive directors: Fan Yan Hok, Philip	范仁鶴	485			_	485
Zhai Haitao	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	485	_	_	_	485
Suo Xuquan	索緒權	480	_	_	_	480
Li Shuk Yin, Edwina	李淑賢	485	_	_	_	485
El Ollak Till, Edwilla	J 7/X A	100				100
Subtotal	小計	1,935	-	-	_	1,935
Total	總額	1,935	8,526	3,378	1,284	15,123

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Wang Silian was appointed as an executive director on 27 September 2024.
- (b) Mr. Huang Haiqing resigned as the executive director on 27 September 2024.
- (c) Mr. Luan Zusheng is also the chief executive officer of the Company.
- (d) Mr. An Xuesong, Mr. Hu Yanguo and Mr. Qian Xiaodong resigned as the executive directors on 27 March 2024.
- (e) Mr. Kang Guoming and Mr. Pan Jianyun were appointed as nonexecutive directors on 27 March 2024.

附註:

- (a) 王思聯先生於二零二四年九月二十七日獲委 任為執行董事。
- (b) 黃海清先生於二零二四年九月二十七日辭任 執行董事。
- (c) 欒祖盛先生亦為本公司總裁。
- (d) 安雪松先生、胡延國先生及錢曉東先生於二零二四年三月二十七日辭任執行董事。
- (e) 康國明先生及潘劍雲先生於二零二四年三月 二十七日獲委任為非執行董事。

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9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

Starting from 2021, the discretionary bonuses of the directors and senior management of the Company are paid by instalments.

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included one director (2023: four directors), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining four (2023: one) highest paid employee who is not a director of the Company are as follows:

9. 董事薪酬 (續)

年內概無訂立董事或主要行政人員放棄 或同意放棄任何酬金之安排。

自二零二一年起,本公司董事及高級管理人員的酌情花紅為分期發放。

10.五名最高薪酬僱員

年內五名最高薪酬僱員包括一名董事 (二零二三年:四名董事),彼等之薪酬 詳情載於上文附註9。年內餘下四名(二 零二三年:一名)非本公司董事之最高 薪酬僱員的薪酬詳情如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Discretionary bonuses Retirement scheme contributions	薪金、津貼及實物利益 酌情花紅 退休計劃供款	4,064 6,328 762	1,128 1,125 169
Total	總額	11,154	2,422

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10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (continued)

The number of non-director highest paid employee whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

10.五名最高薪酬僱員(續)

薪酬介乎以下範圍之非董事最高薪酬僱 員的人數如下:

Number of employee 僱員人數

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	港幣2,000,001元至 港幣2,500,000元	1	1
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	港幣2,500,001元至 港幣3,000,000元	2	_
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	港幣3,000,001元至 港幣3,500,000元	1	-

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors of the Company or any of the highest paid employees who are not a director of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

年內,本集團並無向本公司董事或任何 並非本公司董事之最高薪酬僱員支付任 何酬金,作為加入本集團或於加入本集 團時之獎勵或離職補償。

11.INCOME TAX

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

Tax for the PRC operations is charged at the statutory rate of 25% of the assessable profits under tax rules and regulations in the PRC. During the year, certain PRC subsidiaries are subject to tax at 50% of the standard tax rate or fully exempted from income tax under the relevant tax rules and regulations.

11. 所得稅

由於本集團於截至二零二四年及二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度在香港並 無賺取任何應課稅盈利,故此並無作出 香港利得稅撥備。

中國業務之稅項根據中國稅務法律及 法規,按應課稅盈利以法定稅率25%計 算。年內,根據相關稅務法律及法規, 若干中國附屬公司須按標準稅率之50% 繳納所得稅或獲所得稅稅項全數豁免。

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current – Elsewhere: Charge for the year (Over)/under-provision in prior years	本期-其他國家: 本年度計提 過往年度(撥備過剩)/	1,230,799	1,073,123
Deferred (note 33)	撥備不足 遞延(附註33)	(59,332) (277,972)	3,484 750,726
Total tax expense for the year	本年度稅項開支總額	893,495	1,827,333

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11.INCOME TAX (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense and accounting profit, of applicable tax rates as follows:

11. 所得稅 (續)

税項支出與按適用稅率計算之會計盈利之對賬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Profit before tax	除稅前盈利	4,867,141	7,124,484
Notional tax on profit before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to profits in tax jurisdictions concerned	除稅前盈利按相關稅務 管轄區盈利適用稅率 計算的名義稅項	1,273,268	1,792,626
Tax effect of profits entitled to tax concession in the PRC Tax effect of withholding tax on	享有中國稅務優惠盈利之 稅務影響 預提所得稅對中國附屬	(894,431)	(900,284)
the undistributed profits of PRC subsidiaries Tax effect of temporary difference not	公司未分派盈利之稅務 影響 過往年度未確認暫時差額	275,011	323,326
recognised in previous years Profits excluding losses attributable to	之稅務影響 盈利減合營企業及聯營	(187,690)	3,484
joint ventures and associates Tax effect of non-taxable income Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax losses utilised from previous years Tax losses not recognised Over-provision in respect of prior years Others	公司之虧損 毋須課稅收入之稅務影響 不可扣稅開支之稅務影響 動用過往年度之稅項虧損 未確認稅項虧損 過往年度撥備過剩 其他	3,186 (67,640) 440,185 (10,701) 120,524 (59,332) 1,115	(33,989) (46,400) 617,704 (6,015) 76,465 - 416
Tax expense at the Group's effective rate	按本集團實際稅率計算之 稅項支出	893,495	1,827,333

The share of tax attributable to joint ventures and associates amounting to HK\$3,396,000 (2023: HK\$43,695,000) and HK\$207,000 (2023: HK\$1,569,000), respectively, is included in "Share of profits of joint ventures and associates" in the consolidated income statement.

所佔合營企業及聯營公司稅項分別為港幣3,396,000元(二零二三年:港幣43,695,000元)及港幣207,000元(二零二三年:港幣1,569,000元),已計入綜合損益表「所佔合營企業及聯營公司盈利」項下。

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11. INCOME TAX (continued)

Pillar Two income taxes

The Group has applied the mandatory exception to recognising and disclosing information about deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from Pillar Two income taxes, and will account for the Pillar Two income taxes as current tax when incurred. Pillar Two legislation has been enacted or substantively enacted in certain jurisdictions in which the Group operates, and the legislation will be effective for the Group's financial year beginning 1 January 2024.

The Group has assessed its potential exposure based on the information available regarding the financial performance of the Group in the current year. As such, it may not be entirely representative of future circumstances. Based on the assessment, the Pillar Two effective tax rates in most of the jurisdictions in which it operates are above 15%. There are a limited number of jurisdictions where the Pillar Two effective tax rate is slightly below 15%. The Group does not expect a material exposure to Pillar Two income taxes.

11. 所得稅 (續)

第二支柱所得稅

本集團對確認及披露有關第二支柱所得稅產生的遞延稅項資產及負債的資料應用強制性例外規定,並將在產生時將第二支柱所得稅入賬列作即期稅項。第二支柱立法已於本集團運營所在的若干司法權區頒佈或實質性頒佈,且該立法將於本集團自二零二四年一月一日開始的財政年度生效。

本集團根據有關本集團本年度財務業績的可得資料評估其潛在風險。因此,有關評估可能並不完全代表未來的情況。根據評估結果,本集團運營所在的多數司法權區的第二支柱實際稅率均高於15%。第二支柱實際稅率略低於15%的司法權區數量有限。本集團預計不會面臨第二支柱所得稅的重大風險。

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12. DIVIDENDS

12.股息

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Dividends attributable to the year: Interim – HK14.0 cents (2023: HK14.0 cents) per ordinary share	本年度股息: 中期股息一每股普通股 14.0港仙(二零二三年:	000.047	000 017
Proposed final – HK9.0 cents (2023: HK8.0 cents) per ordinary share	14.0港仙) 擬派末期股息-每股普通股 9.0港仙(二零二三年: 8.0港仙)	860,017 552,868	860,017 491,438
Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year paid during the year – HK8.0 cents (2023: HK9.0 cents) per ordinary share	年內已付上一個財政年度 之末期股息一每股普通股 8.0港仙(二零二三年: 9.0港仙)	491,438	552,868

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period. 本年度建議分派之末期股息須待本公司 股東在應屆股東週年大會上批准後方可 作實。於報告期末後建議分派之末期股 息並未在報告期末確認為負債。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company of HK\$3,377,200,000 (2023: HK\$4,429,160,000), and 6,142,975,292 (2023: 6,142,975,292) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

13.本公司權益持有人應佔每股盈利

每 股 基 本 盈 利 金 額 乃 按 本 公 司 權 益 持 有 人 應 佔 本 年 度 盈 利 港 幣 3,377,200,000元 (二零二三年:港幣 4,429,160,000元) 以及年內已發行普 通股6,142,975,292股 (二零二三年:6,142,975,292股) 計算。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無任何已發 行具潛在攤薄影響之普通股。

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14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

14.投資物業

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Carrying amount at 1 January Transfer from property, plant and	於一月一日之賬面值轉撥自物業、廠房及	169,940	168,581
equipment (note 15)	設備(附註15)	10,776	5,649
Changes in fair value (note 6)	公允值變動(附註6)	1,060	1,383
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(4,763)	(5,673)
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之賬面值	177,013	169,940

The directors of the Company have determined that the Group's investment properties were commercial investment properties based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property. The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 December 2024 based on valuations performed by Beijing Deping Dasheng Assets Appraisal Co., Ltd., Shenzhen Zhong Heng Xin Assets Appraisal Co., Ltd and Zhong Lian Assets Appraisal Co., Ltd., independent firms of surveyors, and the management, at HK\$177,013,000. Each year, the management decides to appoint which external valuer to be responsible for the external valuations of the Group's properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The management has discussions with the surveyors on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed for financial reporting.

The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 16 to the financial statements.

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included on page 336.

投資物業根據經營租賃出租予第三方, 其進一步資料概要載於財務報表附註 16。

本集團投資物業之進一步詳情載於第 336頁。

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14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's investment properties:

14.投資物業 (續)

公允值架構級別

下表說明本集團投資物業之公允值計量 架構級別:

Fair value measurement as at 31 December 2024 using 於二零二四年十二月三十一日使用以下各項進行公允值計量

Quoted	Significant	Significant
prices in	observable	unobservable
active markets	inputs	inputs
(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
活躍市場	重大可觀察	重大不可觀察
之報價	輸入數據	輸入數據
(第一級)	(第二級)	(第三級)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元

Recurring fair value 下列項目之經常性 measurement for: 的公允值計量:

Commercial investment 商用投資物業 properties

177,013

177,013

Fair value measurement as at 31 December 2023 using 於二零二三年十二月三十一日使用以下各項進行公允值計量

Quotec	I Significant	Significant
prices in	observable	unobservable
active markets	inputs	inputs
(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
活躍市場	重大可觀察	重大不可觀察
之報價	輸入數據	輸入數據
(第一級)	(第二級)	(第三級)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元

Recurring fair value 下列項目之經常性 measurement for: 的公允值計量:

Commercial investment 商用投資物業

properties – 169,940 169,940

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2023: Nil).

年內,第一級與第二級之間並無公允值 計量轉移,第三級亦無任何轉入或轉出 (二零二三年:無)。

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14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Reconciliation of fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

14.投資物業 (續)

公允值架構級別(續)

分類於公允值架構級別第三級之公允值 計量之對賬:

Commercial investment properties 商用投資物業 HK\$'000 港幣千元

Carrying amount at 1 January 2023 Transfer from property, plant and equipment Fair value gain Exchange realignment	於二零二三年一月一日之賬面值 轉撥自物業、廠房及設備 公允值收益 匯兌調整	168,581 5,649 1,383 (5,673)
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Transfer from property, plant and equipment Fair value gain Exchange realignment	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日之賬面值 轉撥自物業、廠房及設備 公允值收益 匯兌調整	169,940 10,776 1,060 (4,763)
Carrying amount at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日 之賬面值	177,013

Below is a summary of the valuation technique used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties: 下表概述投資物業估值所使用之估值技術及主要輸入數據:

Valuation technique 估值技術 Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入數據

Commercial investment properties 商用投資物業

Market comparison approach 市場比較法

Premium (discount) on quality of the buildings 有關樓宇質量之溢價(折讓)

Adjustment on timing of comparable transactions 就可供比較交易時間作出之調整

The fair value of investment properties is determined using market comparison approach by reference to recent sales price of comparable properties on a price per square metre basis, adjusted for a premium or a discount specific to the quality of the Group's buildings compared to the recent sales and the timing on the comparable transactions. Higher premium for higher quality buildings and a favourable adjustment on the timing of comparable transactions will result in a higher fair value measurement.

投資物業之公允值乃使用市場比較法釐 定,其經參考可供比較物業按每平方米 價格基準計算之近期售價,且已就本集 團樓宇質量之特定溢價或折讓(與可供 比較交易近期銷售及時間比較所得)作 出調整。倘樓宇質量較佳以致溢價較高 及倘可供比較交易之時間導致作出有 利調整,均會導致計量所得之公允值較 高。

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15.PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15.物業、廠房及設備

				Leasehold	Motor vehicles,		
				improvements,	electronic		
		Land and	Plant and	furniture and	equipment	Construction	
		buildings	machinery	fixtures	and others	in progress	Total
				租賃物業	汽車、		
			± € 7 1₩ nn	装修、傢俬	電子設備	± 10	/da da∓
		土地及樓宇	廠房及機器	及裝置	及其他	在建工程	總額
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
		化市工儿	心中「儿	他市工儿	心中一儿	化市1九	化市1九
Cost:	成本值:						
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	5,047,042	4,320,651	462,263	1,252,072	1,238,353	12,320,381
Additions	增置	10,273	227,797	29,982	80,768	376,237	725,057
Disposals and write-off	出售及撇銷	(64,031)	(8,243)	(22,245)	(70,536)	_	(165,055)
Transfers	轉撥	322,576	700,401	1,343	5,761	(1,030,081)	_
Transfers in (note 16(a))	轉入 (附註16(a))	-	13,613	-	1,149	-	14,762
Transfers out (note 14)	轉出 (附註14)	(11,295)	-	-	-	-	(11,295)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(110,192)	(67,072)	(8,091)	(12,582)	(36,237)	(234,174)
4: 0.4 B	₩ - = - = = -						
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月 三十一日	E 404 070	E 407 447	460.050	4 056 600	E40.070	40 640 676
	=1-0	5,194,373	5,187,147	463,252	1,256,632	548,272	12,649,676
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:	累計折舊及耗損:						
At 1 January 2024 Depreciation charged	於二零二四年一月一日 本年度折舊計提	1,228,690	1,374,094	290,084	639,292	15,414	3,547,574
for the year		185,409	272,011	61,127	150,444	_	668,991
Impairment provided	年內耗損撥備						
during the year		324,207	269,858	3,421	2,638	-	600,124
Disposals and write-off	出售及撇銷	(3,864)	(23,294)	(9,342)	(35,797)	-	(72,297)
Transfers in (note 16(a))	轉入 (附註16(a))	-	12,028	-	679	-	12,707
Transfers out (note 14)	轉出(附註14)	(519)	-	-	-	- (2.42)	(519)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(22,309)	(16,911)	(4,959)	(11,230)	(246)	(55,655)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月						
At 31 December 2024	ドニ◆二四千十二月 三十一日	1,711,614	1,887,786	340,331	746,026	15,168	4,700,925
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值:						
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月						
	三十一日	3,482,759	3,299,361	122,921	510,606	533,104	7,948,751
				<u> </u>	, ,	<u> </u>	

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

15.PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15.物業、廠房及設備 (續) (continued)

		Land and	Plant and	Leasehold improvements, furniture and	Motor vehicles, electronic equipment	Construction	
		buildings	machinery	fixtures 租賃物業 裝修、傢俬	and others 汽車、 電子設備	in progress	Total
		土地及樓宇 HK\$'000 港幣千元	廠房及機器 HK\$'000 港幣千元	及裝置 HK\$'000 港幣千元	及其他 HK\$'000 港幣千元	在建工程 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cost:	成本值:						
At 1 January 2023 Additions Disposals and write-off Transfers Transfers in (note 16(a))	於二零二三年一月一日 增置 出售及撤銷 轉發 轉入(附註16(a))	4,948,596 171,242 (36,091) 58,260	4,140,766 118,142 (11,585) 134,777 7,513	383,372 94,393 (3,444) –	1,137,851 141,252 (29,903) 22,702 901	906,737 578,639 - (215,739)	11,517,322 1,103,668 (81,023) - 8,414
Transfers out (note 14) Exchange realignment	轉出(附註14) 匯兌調整	(7,032) (87,933)	(68,962)	(12,058)	(20,731)	(31,284)	(7,032) (220,968)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月 三十一日	5,047,042	4,320,651	462,263	1,252,072	1,238,353	12,320,381
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:	累計折舊及耗損:						
At 1 January 2023 Depreciation charged	於二零二三年一月一日 本年度折舊計提	825,988	984,225	229,597	519,879	13,812	2,573,501
for the year Impairment provided	年內耗損撥備	200,153	245,686	64,579	147,146	-	657,564
during the year Disposals and write-off Transfers in (note 16(a)) Transfers out (note 14)	出售及撤銷 轉入 (附註16(a)) 轉出 (附註14)	208,050 (506) – (1,383)	161,222 (3,516) 4,529	5,812 (1,914) – –	3,001 (18,371) - -	2,001 - - -	380,086 (24,307) 4,529 (1,383)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(3,612)	(18,052)	(7,990)	(12,363)	(399)	(42,416)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月 三十一日	1,228,690	1,374,094	290,084	639,292	15,414	3,547,574
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值:						
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月 三十一日	3,818,352	2,946,557	172,179	612,780	1,222,939	8,772,807

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15.PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Details of impairment for the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in note 18 to the financial statements.

At 31 December 2024, certain of the Group's items of property, plant and equipment with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$1,495,879,000 (2023: HK\$1,786,769,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group, further details of which are included in notes 29 and 41 to the financial statements.

16. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for various items of buildings, plant and machinery, and motor vehicles, electronic equipment and others used in its operations. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire the leased land from the owners with lease terms of 10 to 50 years, and no ongoing payments will be made under the terms of these land leases. Leases of buildings generally have lease terms between 2 and 30 years, plant and machinery generally have lease terms between 3 and 17 years, while motor vehicles, electronic equipment and others generally have lease terms between 1 and 17 years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

15.物業、廠房及設備(續)

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 之耗損詳情載於財務報表附註18。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團若干物業、廠房及設備項目賬面總值港幣1,495,879,000元(二零二三年:港幣1,786,769,000元)已抵押作為本集團獲授銀行融資之抵押品,進一步詳情載於財務報表附註29及附註41。

16.租賃

本集團作為承租人

本集團具有涉及業務運作中使用的樓 宇、廠房及機器,以及汽車、電子設 及其他項目等多個項目的租賃合約。 集團已作出一次性前期付款,從擁 獲取租期為十年至五十年的租賃土 而根據該等土地租賃之條款,無需工 持續性付款。樓宇之租期一般為一般 三十年;廠房及機器之租期一般為為 至十七年;而汽車、一般為人 目之租期則一般為一年至十七年項本 則一般為本集團 及稅租有關租賃資產。

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16. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

16.租賃 (續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(a) 使用權資產

本集團使用權資產之賬面值及其年 內變動如下:

					Motor vehicles,	
		Prepaid			electronic	
		land lease		Plant and	equipment	
		payments	Buildings	machinery	and others	Total
		, ,	ŭ	•	汽車、	
		預付土地			電子設備	
		租賃款項	樓宇	廠房及機器	及其他	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	788,050	65,880	39,175	14,216	907,321
Additions	增置	17,675	28,124	6,586	3,050	55,435
Transfer out (note 15)	轉出(附註15)	_	_	(2,640)	(1,245)	(3,885)
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(24,870)	(35,861)	(10,489)	(2,793)	(74,013)
Impairment losses	耗損虧損	(65,423)	_	-	-	(65,423)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(17,198)	355	3,555	1,054	(12,234)
At 31 December 2023 and	於二零二三年十二月三十一日					
1 January 2024	及二零二四年一月一日	698,234	58,498	36,187	14,282	807,201
Additions	增置	-	65,359	1,844	11,845	79,048
Transfer out (note 15)	轉出(附註15)	_	-	(1,585)	(470)	(2,055)
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(25,109)	(36,910)	(8,459)	(5,508)	(75,986)
Impairment losses	耗損虧損	(82,825)	_	_	_	(82,825)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(6,233)	(678)	(1,978)	(2,748)	(11,637)
AL 0.4 D					4= 40:	
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	584,067	86,269	26,009	17,401	713,746

Details of impairment for the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in note 18 to the financial statements.

At 31 December 2024, certain of the Group's right-of-use assets with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$151,337,000 (2023: HK\$155,129,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group, further details of which are included in notes 29 and 41 to the financial statements.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之耗損詳情載於財務報表附註 18。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本 集團若干使用權資產賬面總值港幣 151,337,000元(二零二三年:港幣 155,129,000元)已抵押作為本集團 獲授銀行融資之抵押品,進一步詳 情載於財務報表附註29及附註41。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

16. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(a) Right-of-use assets (continued)

At 31 December 2024, certain of the Group's right-of-use assets with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$35,139,000 (2023: HK\$45,494,000) were pledged to secure the Group's lease liabilities, further details of which are included in notes 29 and 41 to the financial statements.

(b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of the Group's lease liabilities (included under interest-bearing borrowings) and the movements during the year are as follows:

16.租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(a) 使用權資產(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團賬面總值港幣35,139,000元(二零二三年:港幣45,494,000元)之若干使用權資產已抵押作為本集團租賃負債之抵押品,進一步詳情載於財務報表附註29及附註41。

(b) 租賃負債

本集團租賃負債(計入計息借貸)之 賬面值及其年內變動如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Carrying amount at 1 January	於一月一日之賬面值	112,362	120,608
New leases	新訂租賃 年內已確認利息增加	79,048	37,760
Accretion of interest recognised during the year	470年1100年1100年111	6,215	6,854
Payments	付款	(55,715)	(59,856)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(14,116)	6,996
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之賬面值	127,794	112,362
Analysed into:	分析:		
Current portion	即期部份	39,312	46,664
Non-current portion	非即期部份	88,482	65,698
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之賬面值	127,794	112,362

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 29 to the financial statements.

租賃負債之到期情況分析於財務報 表附註29披露。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

16. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

16.租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 於損益表中確認之租賃相關金額如 下:

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Interest on lease liabilities (note 7) 租賃負債利息 Depreciation charge of right-of-use 使用權資產折		6,854
assets (note 8) (附註8) Impairment charge of right-of-use 使用權資產耗	75,986	74,013
assets (note 6) (附註6) Expense relating to short-term leases 有關短期租賃	82,825 [之開支	65,423
(included in administrative expenses) (計入行政 (note 8)	費用)(附註8) 5,083	17,321
Total amount recognised in profit or loss 於損益表中確	記之總金額 170,109	163,611

(d) The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 40(c) to the financial statements.

The Group as a lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 14) under operating lease arrangements. The terms of the leases generally require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions. Rental income recognised by the Group during the year was HK\$20,346,000 (2023: HK\$10,103,000), details of which are included in note 6 to the financial statements.

(d) 租賃之現金流出總額於財務報表附 註40(c)披露。

本集團作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租其投資物業(附註14),租賃條款一般規定租戶須支付保證金,並規定可定期按照當時之市場情況調整租金。年內,本集團已確認之租金收入為港幣20,346,000元(二零二三年:港幣10,103,000元),有關詳情載於財務報表附註6。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

16. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessor (continued)

At 31 December 2024, the undiscounted lease payments receivables by the Group in future periods under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants are as follows:

16.租賃 (續)

本集團作為出租人(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,根據本 集團與其租戶訂立之不可解除經營租 賃,本集團於未來期間的未貼現應收租 賃款項如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within one year After one year but within two years	一年內 一年後但兩年內	71 -	99 73
Total	總額	71	172

The Group leases its machinery to a customer under finance lease arrangement, further details of which are included in note 24 to the financial statements.

本集團根據融資租賃安排出租機器予 其客戶,進一步詳情載於財務報表附註 24。

17.GOODWILL

17. 商譽

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January: Cost Accumulated impairment	於一月一日: 成本值 累計耗損	2,197,262 (661,720)	2,160,682 (599,196)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	1,535,542	1,561,486
Cost at 1 January, net of accumulated impairment Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 38) Impairment charged during the year (note 6) Exchange realignment	於一月一日之成本值, 已扣除累計耗損 收購附屬公司(附註38) 年內耗損計提(附註6) 匯兌調整	1,535,542 - (63,697) (23,413)	1,561,486 15,033 - (40,977)
Cost at 31 December, net of accumulated impairment	於十二月三十一日之 成本值,已扣除累計耗損	1,448,432	1,535,542

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

17. GOODWILL (continued)

17. 商譽 (續)

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 31 December: Cost Accumulated impairment	於十二月三十一日: 成本值 累計耗損	2,169,064 (720,632)	2,197,262 (661,720)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	1,448,432	1,535,542

Impairment testing of goodwill

The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the Group's cash-generating units ("CGUs") identified according to business segment is as follows:

商譽之耗損測試

下表列示已分配至本集團按業務分部分 類之現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)之 商譽之賬面值:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Environmental energy project construction	環保能源項目建造及運營		
and operation		234,860	238,495
Environmental water project construction	環保水務項目建造及運營		
and operation		1,147,070	1,165,561
Greentech project construction	綠色環保項目建造及運營		
and operation		65,681	130,651
Others	其他	821	835
		1,448,432	1,535,542

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

17. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill (continued)

Goodwill allocated to individual CGUs

The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the individual CGUs is as follows:

17. 商譽 (續)

商譽之耗損測試(續)

分配至獨立現金產生單位之商譽

分配至獨立現金產生單位之商譽之賬面 值如下:

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Allocated to the individual CGUs in: 分配至以下分部之 獨立現金產生單位:		
- "Environmental energy project construction —「環保能源項目建造及 and operation" segment 運營」分部 - "Environmental energy project construction —「環保能源項目建造及	149,054	151,477
and operation" segment 運營」分部 - "Environmental energy project construction — 「環保能源項目建造及 - "Environmental energy project construction — 「環保能源項目建造及	58,179	59,124
and operation" segment 運營」分部 - "Environmental energy project construction —「環保能源項目建造及	14,631	14,869
and operation" segment 運營」分部 - "Environmental energy project construction —「環保能源項目建造及	11,255	11,255
and operation" segment 運營」分部 - "Environmental water project construction 一「環保水務項目建造及	1,741	1,770
and operation" segment 運營」分部 - "Greentech project construction and —「綠色環保項目建造及	9,538	9,538
operation" segment 運營」分部 - "Greentech project construction and 一「綠色環保項目建造及	65,681	66,748
operation" segment 運營」分部 – "Others" segment	- 821	63,903 835
	310,900	379,519

The goodwill of HK\$149,054,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$151,477,000) arose from the acquisition of Wuxi Xidong Environmental Energy Company Ltd. ("Wuxi Xidong") in prior years, and is attributable mainly to the expected synergies from combining the operations of the Group and the acquiree.

The goodwill of HK\$58,179,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$59,124,000) arose from the acquisition of the entire equity interest in 九江威立雅環境服務有限公司 (the name was changed to Everbright Environmental Energy (Jiujiang) Limited with effect from 18 July 2018) in prior years, and is attributable mainly to the expected synergies from combining the operations of the Group and the acquiree.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日之商譽港幣149,054,000元(二零二三年:港幣151,477,000元)來自過往年度收購無錫錫東環保能源有限公司(「無錫錫東」),其主要根據本集團及被收購公司合併業務之預期協同效益而計算。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日之商譽 港幣58,179,000元 (二零二三年:港幣 59,124,000元) 來自過往年度收購九江 威立雅環境服務有限公司 (自二零一八 年七月十八日起,公司名稱變更為光大 環保能源 (九江) 有限公司) 全部股權, 其主要根據本集團及被收購公司合併業 務之預期協同效益而計算。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

17. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill (continued) Goodwill allocated to individual CGUs (continued)

The goodwill of HK\$65,681,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$66,748,000) arose from the acquisition of 88.88% of the equity interest in Suntime Environmental Remediation CO., Ltd in prior years, and is attributable mainly to the expected synergies from combining the operations of the Group and the acquiree.

The goodwill of HK\$63,903,000 as at 31 December 2023 arose from the acquisition of 90% of the equity interest in Jiangsu Jiayuan Environmental Technology Company Limited (the name was changed to EB Greentech Technology (Wuxi) Limited with effect from 24 March 2020) ("Wuxi Technology") in prior years, and is attributable mainly to the expected synergies from combining the operations of the Group and the acquiree. The recoverable amounts of the CGU as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 are determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. The pre-tax discount rates of 8.3% (2023: 10.0%) have been used for the value-in-use calculations, and cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using a growth rate of 2% (2023: 2.3%) per annum. In the opinion of the directors, HK63,697,000 of impairment losses (2023: Nil) has been recognised for the years ended 31 December 2024.

Other than the aforementioned CGU in "Environmental energy project construction and operation" segment and CGU in "Greentech project construction and operation" segment with full impairment on the related goodwill, the recoverable amounts of the remaining CGUs are determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering five-year period. The pre-tax discount rates of 8.3% to 13.5% (2023: 10.0% to 11.6%) have been used for the valuein-use calculations, and cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using a growth rate of 2% (2023: 2.3%). Management determined the budgets based on service agreements governing the relevant operations. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant segments. Based on the assessment, no impairment is considered necessary as at 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil).

17. 商譽 (續)

商譽之耗損測試(續)

分配至獨立現金產生單位之商譽(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日之商譽 港幣65,681,000元 (二零二三年:港幣66,748,000元) 來自過往年度收購上田 環境修復有限公司88.88%股權,其主 要根據本集團及被收購公司合併業務之 預期協同效益而計算。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日之商譽港 幣63.903.000元來自過往年度收購江 蘇佳願環境科技有限公司(自二零二零 年三月二十四日起,公司名稱變更為光 大綠色環保科技(無錫)有限公司)(「無 錫科技」)90%股權,其主要根據本集團 及被收購公司合併業務之預期協同效 益而計算。於二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日之有關現金產生單位之 可收回金額乃根據使用價值計算釐定。 該等計算方法按照管理層已核准五年期 財務預算之現金流量預測。用於計算使 用價值之稅前貼現率為8.3%(二零二三 年:10.0%)。而超過五年期之現金流量 乃以年增長率2%(二零二三年:2.3%) 推算。董事認為,截至二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度確認耗損虧損港幣 63,697,000元(二零二三年:無)。

除了上述「環保能源項目建造及運營」分 部之現金產生單位及「綠色環保項目建 造及運營」分部之現金產生單位的相關 商譽悉數耗損外,餘下之現金產生單位 之可收回金額乃根據使用價值計算法釐 定,其按照管理層已核准之五年期間財 務預算之現金流量預測計算。用於計算 使用價值之稅前貼現率為8.3%至13.5% (二零二三年:10.0%至11.6%),而超 過五年期間之現金流量乃以增長率2% (二零二三年:2.3%)推算。管理層根 據監管有關業務之服務協議,釐定有關 預算。所使用之貼現率為能反映有關分 部特定風險之稅前貼現率。根據評估結 果,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,毋 需確認任何耗損(二零二三年:無)。

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17. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill (continued)

Goodwill allocated to a segment

The goodwill as at 31 December 2024 also comprised HK\$170,823,000 (2023: HK\$173,600,000), HK\$34,983,000 (2023: HK\$35,551,000), HK\$238,764,000 (2023: HK\$242,646,000) and HK\$692,961,000 (2023: HK\$704,226,000), arising from the acquisition of Tianjin Binhai New Area Huantang Sewage Treatment Co., Ltd. ("Tianjin Huantang"), Xuzhou Municipal Engineering Design Institute Co., Ltd, Dalian Dongda Water Co., Ltd (the name was changed to Everbright Water (Dalian) Co., Ltd. with effect from 14 March 2019) and HanKore Environment Tech Group Limited, respectively, in prior years, and is attributable mainly to the expected synergies from combining the operations of the Group and the acquirees.

For the purpose of impairment testing, such goodwill has been allocated to the "Environmental water project construction and operation" segment.

The recoverable amount of the CGUs as at 31 December 2024 was determined based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets using a revenue growth rate of 3% to 10% (2023: 3% to 10%) approved by management. The pre-tax discount rates applied to the cash flow projections were ranged from 7.5% to 9.3% for 2024 (2023: 11.4%). Management determined the budgets based on service concession arrangements governing the relevant operations. Management determined the pre-tax discount rates by referring to public market data including risk free rate, market return, beta of comparable public companies etc. and the specific risk of the business. Based on the assessment, no impairment is considered necessary as at 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil).

None of the goodwill acquired is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

17. 商譽 (續)

商譽之耗損測試(續)

分配至分部之商譽

於二零二四年十二月三十一日之商譽亦 包括來自過往年度收購天津濱海新區環 塘污水處理有限公司(「天津環塘」)之 港幣170,823,000元(二零二三年:港 幣173,600,000元),來自收購徐州市市 政設計院有限公司之港幣34,983,000元 (二零二三年:港幣35,551,000元)、 來自收購大連東達水務有限公司(自二 零一九年三月十四日起,公司名稱變 更為光大水務(大連)有限公司)之港 幣238,764,000元(二零二三年:港幣 242,646,000元) 及來自收購漢科環境 科技集團有限公司之港幣692,961,000 元(二零二三年:港幣704,226,000元), 其主要根據本集團及被收購公司合併業 務之預期協同效益而計算。

就耗損測試而言,有關商譽已被分配至「環保水務項目建造及運營」分部。

預期收購所得之商譽皆不可扣稅。

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18.INTANGIBLE ASSETS

18.無形資產

		Environmental energy project operating rights 環保能源 項目運營權 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Environmental water project operating rights 環保水務 項目運營權 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Greentech project operating rights 綠色環營權 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Patents, trademarks and licences 專利、商標 及牌照 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Computer software 電腦軟件 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Backlog contracts 未完成合約 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Technology 技術 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Customer relations 客戶關係 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Trade contracts 貿易合同 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cost:	成本值:										
At 1 January 2024 Additions Disposals Exchange realignment	於二零二四年 一月一日 增置 出售 匯兌調整	17,648,903 1,018,633 - (348,778)	2,849,036 345,371 - (50,000)	15,730,527 169,444 - (253,595)	242,674 2,202 (3,299) (3,534)	130,511 18,517 - (3,689)	200,062 - - (3,200)	92,436 - - (671)	97,202 - - (686)	10,064 - - (58)	37,001,415 1,554,167 (3,299) (664,211)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日	18,318,758	3,144,407	15,646,376	238,043	145,339	196,862	91,765	96,516	10,006	37,888,072
Accumulated amortisation and impairment:	累計攤銷及耗損:										
At 1 January 2024 Amortisation provided during the year	於二零二四年 一月一日 年內攤銷撥備	1,933,975	698,455 147,170	2,992,718 570,747	154,386 20,795	30,701 13,590	39,091 6,551	69,069 9,488	97,202	10,064	6,025,661 1,455,659
Impairment provided during the year Disposals	年內耗損撥備 出售	118,188	-	578,680	(1,193)	-	-	-	-	-	696,868 (1,193)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(45,490)	(14,784)	(62,606)	(2,458)	(552)	(709)	(645)	(686)	(58)	(127,988)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日	2,693,991	830,841	4,079,539	171,530	43,739	44,933	77,912	96,516	10,006	8,049,007
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值:										
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日	15,624,767	2,313,566	11,566,837	66,513	101,600	151,929	13,853	-	_	29,839,065

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18.INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

18.無形資產(續)

		Environmental energy project operating rights 環保能源 項目運營權 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Environmental water project operating rights 環保水務 項目運營權 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Greentech project operating rights 綠色環保 項目運營權 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Patents, trademarks and licences 專利、商標 及牌照 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Computer software 電腦軟件 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Backlog contracts 未完成合約 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Technology 技術 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Customer relations 客戶關係 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Trade contracts 貿易合同 HK\$*000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$*000 港幣千元
Cost:	成本值:										
At 1 January 2023 Additions Acquisition of a subsidiary	於二零二三年 一月一日 增置 , 收購一間附屬公司	16,102,922 1,790,054	2,929,442	15,507,374 606,504	247,777 3,013	114,827 18,729	205,505	85,121 -	89,266 -	9,086	35,291,320 2,418,300
(note 38) Disposals Transfer out	(附註38) 出售 轉出	334,922 - (124,371)	(2,852) -	- - -	- - (347)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	334,922 (2,852) (124,718)
Exchange realignment At 31 December 2023	匯兌調整 於二零二三年	(454,624)	(77,554)	(383,351)	(7,769)	(3,045)	(5,443)	7,315	7,936	978	(915,557)
Accumulated amortisation and impairment:	十二月三十一日 累計攤銷及耗損:	17,648,903	2,849,036	15,730,527	242,674	130,511	200,062	92,436	97,202	10,064	37,001,415
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年 一月一日	1,350,028	566,156	2,245,901	138,520	18,572	33,403	53,936	81,136	9,086	4,496,738
Amortisation provided during the year Impairment provided	年內攤銷撥備 年內耗損撥備	627,337	148,032	609,958	21,129	12,906	6,685	9,550	8,515	-	1,444,112
during the year Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(43,390)	(15,733)	210,144 (73,285)	(5,263)	(777)	(997)	5,583	- 7,551	978	210,144 (125,333)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	1,933,975	698,455	2,992,718	154,386	30,701	39,091	69,069	97,202	10,064	6,025,661
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值:										
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	15,714,928	2,150,581	12,737,809	88,288	99,810	160,971	23,367	_	-	30,975,754

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18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued) Impairment testing of intangible assets

In light of the unexpected market conditions and deteriorating performance of certain projects in "Greentech project construction and operation" segment during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets included in certain individual CGUs in "Greentech project construction and operation" segment, which have been identified with indicators of impairment as at 31 December 2024 and 2023, were reviewed for impairment based on the individual CGUs level. These assets have been allocated to the individual CGUs. The operating plants under each service agreement was identified as a CGU. The recoverable amount of each CGU to which these assets were allocated was determined based on value-inuse calculations.

Based on the recoverable amount calculations, impairment losses of HK\$449,734,000 (2023: HK\$380,086,000), HK\$82,825,000 (2023: HK\$65,423,000), HK\$63,697,000 (2023: Nil) and HK\$578,680,000 (2023: HK\$210,144,000) on property, plant and equipment (note 15), right-of-use assets (note 16), goodwill and intangible assets included in certain individual CGUs in "Greentech project construction and operation" segment, respectively, has been recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2024. The aggregate recoverable amount of the relevant CGUs as at 31 December 2024 with impairment loss recognised in 2024 amounted to HK\$2,319,696,000 (2023: HK\$1,200,957,000).

Key assumptions used in recoverable amount calculations of the relevant CGUs with impairment losses recognised in 2024 and 2023 include revenue annual growth rates, operating costs and discount rates. Revenue projections represent the projected hazardous waste treatment volume and the latest hazardous waste treatment fee. Both are projected to increase for expected efficiency improvements and expected market development. The volume growth is capped at the optimal waste treatment capacity. Operating costs are expected to increase at the long term inflation rate. The discount rates applied to the cash flow projections ranging from 8.1% to 10.8% (2023: 9.3% to 16.2%). Assumptions used are made with reference to historical data of existing projects, observable market data of comparable companies and industry reports, and management's expectation for the market development. The discount rates used are the pre-tax rates that reflect the current market assessments of the time value of money and the specific risks relating to the relevant CGUs.

18.無形資產 (續)

無形資產之耗損測試

根據可收回金額計算,截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度計入「綠色環保 項目建造及運營」分部若干獨立現金產 生單位之物業、廠房及設備(附註15)、 使用權資產(附註16)、商譽以及無形資 產之耗損虧損分別為港幣449.734.000 元(二零二三年:港幣380,086,000元)、 港幣82,825,000元(二零二三年:港幣 65.423.000元)、港幣63.697.000元(二 零二三年:無)及港幣578,680,000元 已於損益表確認。於二零二四年十二月 三十一日相關現金產生單位之可收回金 額合共為港幣2,319,696,000元(二零 二三年:港幣1,200,957,000元),其耗 損虧損已於二零二四年確認。

計算耗損虧損已於二零二四年和二零 二三年確認之相關現金產生單位之可收 回金額所用主要假設包括收益年度增長 率、經營成本及貼現率。收益預測指預 計危廢處理量及最新危廢處理費。預計 兩者均會因預期效率提高及預期市場發 展而增加。處理量的增長上限為最佳廢 物處理規模。經營成本預計將按長期通 脹率增長。現金流預測採用的貼現率介 平8.1%至10.8%(二零二三年:9.3%至 16.2%)。所用假設乃參考現有項目的 歷史數據、可資比較公司的可觀察市場 數據和行業報告,以及管理層對市場發 展的預期。所用貼現率為反映當前市場 對貨幣時間價值以及相關現金產生單位 的特有風險之稅前貼現率。

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18.INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued) Impairment testing of intangible assets (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, certain of the Group's concession rights of the environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects (comprising operating rights, contract assets, debtors and other receivables) with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$99,094,759,000 (2023: HK\$96,251,507,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities and other loans granted to the Group and the issuance of ABS, further details of which are included in notes 29 and 41 to the financial statements.

18.無形資產(續) 無形資產之耗損測試(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團若干環保能源項目、環保水務項目及綠色環保項目之特許經營權(包括運營權、合約資產、應收賬款及其他應收款項)賬面總值港幣99,094,759,000元(二零二三年:港幣96,251,507,000元)已抵押作為本集團獲授銀行融資、其他貸款及發行資產支持證券之抵押品,進一步詳情載於財務報表附註29及附註41。

19. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

19. 合營企業權益

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨額	1,021,899	1,055,810

The Group's debtors due from the joint ventures are disclosed in note 25 to the financial statements.

Particulars of the Group's material joint ventures are as follows:

本集團之應收合營企業賬款於財務報表 附註25披露。

本集團重大合營企業之資料如下:

Name 名稱	Particulars of capital 資本詳情	Place of registration and business 登記及業務地點	ownershi	tage of p interest 益百分比 2023 二零二三年	Principal activities 主要業務
Everbright Jiangdong Environmental Energy (Ma'anshan) Limited ("EB Energy (Ma'anshan)")* (note (a)) 光大江東環保能源 (馬鞍山) 有限公司 (「光大能源 (馬鞍山)」) (附註(a))	Paid up capital of Renminbi ("RMB") 261,320,700 繳足股本人民幣 261,320,700元	PRC/ Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	50	50	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants and food and kitchen waste treatment plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾 發電廠及餐廚及廚餘垃圾 處理廠

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19.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued) 19.合營企業權益(續)

Name 名稱	Particulars of capital 資本詳情	Place of registration and business 登記及業務地點	Percentage of ownership interest 擁有權權益百分比 2024 2023 二零二四年 二零二三年		Principal activities 主要業務
Hebei Xiong'an Everbright Ecological Park Limited ("Hebei Xiong'an")+ (note (b)) 河北雄安光大生態產業園 有限公司 (「河北雄安」) (附註(b))	Paid up capital of RMB600,000,000 繳足股本人民幣 600,000,000元	PRC/ Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	46	46	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plant, food and kitchen waste treatment plant, sludge treatment and disposal plant and medical waste treatment plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠、餐廚及廚餘垃圾處理廠、污泥處理處置廠及醫療廢物處理廠
Guanghuantou EB Environmental Energy (Shaodong) Limited ("EB Energy (Shaodong)")+ (note (c)) 廣環投光國環保能源 (邵東) 有限公司 (「光大能源 (邵東)」) (附註(c))	Paid up capital of RMB144,540,000 繳足股本人民幣 144,540,000元	PRC/ Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	40	40	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾 發電廠
EB Biomass Energy (Nanjing) Limited ("EB Energy (Nanjing)") ⁺ (note (d)) 光國生物能源 (南京) 有限公司 (「光大能源 (南京)」) (附註(d))	Paid up capital of RMB213,334,300 繳足股本人民幣 213,334,300元	PRC/ Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	51	51	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾 發電廠

English translation is for identification only.

英文譯名僅供識別。

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19. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

Notes

- (a) EB Energy (Ma'anshan) was established by the Group with Ma'anshan City Development Investment Group Limited⁺ in the PRC, the other investor to this joint venture, to carry out wasteto-energy business in specific areas in Ma'anshan City.
- (b) Hebei Xiong'an was established by the Group with China Xiong'an Ecological Construction Investment Limited+ and China Construction Second Engineering Bureau Limited in the PRC, the other investors to this joint venture, to carry out environmental protection projects in Xiong'an New Area.
- (c) EB Energy (Shaodong) was established by the Group with Shaodong City Development Investment Group Limited⁺ in the PRC, the other investor to this joint venture, to carry out wasteto-energy business in specific areas in Shaodong City.
- (d) During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group made capital contributions of approximately HK\$12,322,000 (2023: HK\$20,140,000) to EB Energy (Nanjing). EB Energy (Nanjing) was established by the Group with Jiangsu Province Environmental Resources Company Limited* and Nanjing Environment Group Company Limited* in the PRC, the other investors to this joint venture, to carry out waste-to-energy business in Nanjing City.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, except for Hebei Xiong'an and EB Energy (Nanjing), which are directly held by the Company, the above investments are held by the Company's subsidiaries.

+ English translation is for identification only.

19. 合營企業權益(續)

附註:

- (a) 光大能源 (馬鞍山) 由本集團及馬鞍山市城投集團市政公用事業投資管理有限公司 (此合營企業之另一投資者) 於中國成立,以於馬鞍山市指定地區進行垃圾發電業務。
- (b) 河北雄安由本集團與中國雄安集團生態建設 投資有限公司及中國建築第二工程局有限公 司(此合營企業之其他投資者)於中國成立, 以於雄安新區進行環保項目。
- (c) 光大能源(邵東)由本集團與邵東市城市發展 集團有限公司(此合營企業之另一投資者)在 中國成立,以於邵東市指定地區進行垃圾發 電業務。
- (d) 於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向光大能源(南京)注資約港幣12,322,000元(二零二三年:港幣20,140,000元)。光大能源(南京)由本集團與江蘇省環境資源有限公司及南京環境集團有限公司(此合營企業之另一投資者)在中國成立,以於南京市進行垃圾發電業務。

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日,除河北雄安及光大能源(南京)由本公司直接持有外,上述投資由 本公司附屬公司持有。

英文譯名僅供識別。

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19.INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued) 19.合營企業權益 (續)

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's joint ventures that are not individually material:

下表載列本集團個別不屬於重大之合營 企業之匯總財務資料:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Share of the joint ventures' (losses)/profits for the year	分佔合營企業之年度 (虧損)/盈利	(13,140)	113,439
Share of the joint ventures' other comprehensive income for the year	分佔合營企業之年度其他 全面收入	(16,859)	(29,618)
Share of the joint ventures' total comprehensive income for the year	分佔合營企業之年度全面 收入總額	(29,999)	83,821
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's investments in the joint ventures Dividend received	本集團於合營企業之投資 之賬面總值 已收股息	1,021,899 20,106	1,055,810 27,660

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

20. 聯營公司權益

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Share of net assets 應佔資產淨額	564,715	598,650

The Group's debtors and creditors with the associates are disclosed in notes 25 and 28 to the financial statements.

本集團與聯營公司之應收賬款及應付賬 款在財務報表附註25及附註28披露。

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20.INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued) 20.聯營公司權益(續)

Particulars of the Group's material associates are as follows:

本集團重大聯營公司之資料如下:

Name 名稱	Particulars of capital 資本詳情	Place of registration and business 登記及業務地點	Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔擁有權權益百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
			二零二四年		
Nanjing Jiangnan Environmental Industrial Park Development Limited ("Nanjing Jiangnan") (note (a)) 南京江南環保產業園發展有限公司 (「南京江南」) (附註(a))	Paid up capital of RMB380,000,000 繳足股本人民幣 380,000,000元	PRC/ Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	51	51	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of environmental protection projects 設計、建造、運營及維護環保 項目
Xiangxiang Xiandai Environmental Energy Limited ("Xiangxiang Energy")÷ 湘鄉現代環保能源有限公司 (「湘鄉能源」)	Paid up capital of RMB83,400,000 繳足股本人民幣 83,400,000元	PRC/ Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	20	20	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of environmental protection projects 設計、建造、運營及維護環保項目
Anqing Jinghuan Green Environment Solid Waste Comprehensive Disposal Co. Ltd. ("Anqing Solid Waste") ⁺ 安慶京環綠色環境固廢綜合處置 有限公司(「安慶固廢」)	Paid up capital of RMB202,000,000 繳足股本人民幣 202,000,000元	PRC/ Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	23.70	23.70	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of hazardous and solid waste treatment project 設計、建造、運營及維護危廢 及固廢處置項目
Jiangsu Daji Environmental Energy Limited ("Jiangsu Daji")* (note (b)) 江蘇大吉環境能源有限公司 (「江蘇大吉」) (附註(b))	Paid up capital of RMB221,565,400 繳足股本人民幣 221,565,400元	PRC/ Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	14.29	14.29	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of environmental protection projects 設計、建造、運營及維護環保 項目
Nanjing Liuhe Jasmine Green Energy Company Limited ("Nanjing Liuhe")* 南京六合茉莉綠色能源有限公司 (「南京六合」)	Paid up capital of RMB160,000,000 繳足股本人民幣 160,000,000元	PRC/ Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	30.74	30.74	Financing, construction, operation maintenance and management in urban household waste business services and power generation transmission and supply 融資、建設、運營及維護以及管理城市生活垃圾業務服務以及發電、輸電及供電

English translation is for identification only.

英文譯名僅供識別。

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20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

Note:

- (a) The Group holds 51% of Nanjing Jiangnan. However, pursuant to the articles of association of Nanjing Jiangnan, the Group only has significant influence over Nanjing Jiangnan's board of directors. Accordingly, Nanjing Jiangnan is classified as an associate of the Group.
- (b) The Group has significant influence over Jiangsu Daji's board of directors, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions, pursuant to the articles of association of Jiangsu Daji. Accordingly, Jiangsu Daji is classified as an associate of the Group.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the above investments are held by the Company's subsidiaries.

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's associates that are not individually material:

20. 聯營公司權益(續)

附註:

- (a) 本集團持有南京江南51%擁有權權益。但根據南京江南的公司章程,本集團僅對南京江南的董事會具有重大影響。因此,南京江南被視為本集團的聯營公司。
- (b) 根據江蘇大吉的公司章程,本集團對江蘇大 吉的董事會具有重大影響,包括參與財務和 經營政策決策。因此,江蘇大吉被視為本集 團的聯營公司。

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日,上述投資由本公司附屬公司 持有。

下表載列本集團個別不屬於重大之聯營公司之匯總財務資料:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Share of the associates' profits for the year Share of the associates' other	分佔聯營公司之年度盈利 分佔聯營公司之年度其他	393	22,518
comprehensive income for the year	全面收入	(10,561)	(17,233)
Share of the associates' total comprehensive income	分佔聯營公司之年度全面 收入總額		
for the year		(10,168)	5,285
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's	本集團於聯營公司之投資		
investments in the associates	之賬面總值	564,715	598,650
Dividend received	已收股息	23,768	-

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21. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

21.其他財務資產

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	指定按公允值計入其他 全面收入之股本投資	(a)		
Unlisted equity investments, at fair value - CEL Catalyst China Israel Fund L.P.	非上市股本投資 (按公允值) —CEL Catalyst China Israel Fund L.P.		6,315	10,044
Subtotal	小計		6,315	10,044
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益之 財務資產	(b)		
Unlisted investments, at fair value	非上市投資(按公允值)		131,595	228,270
Unlisted equity investment, at fair value	非上市股本投資 (按公允值)		32,928	32,998
Subtotal	小計		164,523	261,268
Total Less: Non-current portion	總額 減:非即期部份		170,838 (137,910)	271,312 (150,164)
Current portion	即期部份		32,928	121,148

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21. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

Notes:

(a) The equity investments were irrevocably designated at fair value through other comprehensive income as the Group considers these investments to be strategic in nature.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the gross loss in respect of the Group's equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income recognised in other comprehensive income amounted to HK\$1,176,000 (2023: HK\$23,913,000).

(b) The unlisted investments at 31 December 2024 were wealth management products issued by a financial institution in Hong Kong and fund investments.

The unlisted equity investment represents the 6% equity interest in Yancheng CCCC Shanghai Dredging Water Environment Investment Co., Ltd. They were mandatorily classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as their contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest.

21.其他財務資產(續)

附註:

(a) 股本投資已不可撤回地指定為按公允值計入 其他全面收入,原因為本集團認為有關投資 屬策略性性質。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,就指定按公允值計入其他全面收入之股本投資而言,本集團在其他全面收入確認虧損總額港幣1,176,000元(二零二三年:港幣23,913,000元)。

(b) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,非上市投資 為香港金融機構發行之財富管理產品及基金 投資。

非上市股本投資為鹽城中交上航水環境投資有限公司的6%股權。由於其合約現金流量並非純粹為本金及利息付款,故此其被強制分類為按公允值計入損益之財務資產。

22. INVENTORIES

22.存貨

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Raw materials and operating supplies Spare parts Finished goods	原材料及運營用品 零部件 製成品	665,458 220,055 102,453	675,446 162,099 57,083
Total	總額	987,966	894,628

The analysis of amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

已於損益表確認入賬為開支之存貨金額 分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Carrying amount of inventories consumed	已耗用存貨之賬面值	5,614,394	5,488,824

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23. CONTRACT ASSETS

23.合約資產

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Service concession assets Unbilled renewable energy tariff	服務特許經營權資產 未發單再生能源電價補貼	(a)	101,679,370	103,222,855
subsidy Other contract assets	其他合約資產	(b)	5,200,296 518,122	4,258,130 620,772
Less: Loss allowance	減:虧損撥備		107,397,788 (115,911)	108,101,757 (130,672)
			107,281,877	107,971,085
Less: Non-current portion - Service concession assets net of loss allowance - Other contract assets,	減:非即期部分 一服務特許經營權 資產,扣除虧損撥備 一其他合約資產,扣除		(93,140,083)	(94,737,831)
net of loss allowance	新損撥備 配員撥備		(152,128)	(154,601)
			(93,292,211)	(94,892,432)
Current portion	即期部分		13,989,666	13,078,653
Contract assets arising from performance under construction contracts in connection with service concession arrangements which are included in "Intangible	履行服務特許經營權安排 相關建造合約而產生並 計入「無形資產」之合約 6, 資產(附註18)			
assets" (note 18)			686,272	1,902,843

The movements in the loss allowance for contract assets are as follows:

合約資產虧損撥備的變動情況如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At the beginning of the year Reversal of expected credit losses, net (note 6) Exchange realignment	年初 預期信貸虧損淨額撥回 (附註6) 匯兌調整	130,672 (12,835) (1,926)	225,052 (91,022) (3,358)
At the end of the year	年終	115,911	130,672

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23. CONTRACT ASSETS (continued)

Notes:

(a) Included in "Service concession assets" are amounts of HK\$151,656,000 (2023: HK\$179,313,000) which are related to the construction services under Build-Operate-Transfer ("BOT"), Build-Operate-Own ("BOO") and Transfer-Operate-Transfer ("TOT") arrangements rendered by the Group to a related company of a non wholly-owned subsidiary.

"Service concession assets" arose from the Group's revenue from construction services under BOT, BOO and TOT arrangements and bear interest at rates ranging from 3.85% to 7.83% (2023: 4.20% to 7.83%) per annum. Among the total of HK\$101,679,370,000 (2023: HK\$103,222,855,000), HK\$94,559,839,000 (2023: HK\$91,485,026,000) relates to BOT, BOO and TOT arrangements with operations commenced.

Pursuant to the BOT, BOO and TOT arrangements, the Group receives no payment from the grantors during the construction period and receives service fees when relevant services are rendered during the operating periods. The service concession assets are not yet due for payment and will be settled by service fees to be received during the operating periods of the service concession arrangements. Amounts billed will be transferred to debtors.

All of the current portion of service concession assets are expected to be recovered within one year.

- (b) The balance represented government on-grid tariff subsidy for certain projects which will be billed and settled upon the successful completion of government administrative procedures pursuant to notices jointly issued by the Ministry of Finance, the National Development and Reform Commission and the National Energy Administration.
- (c) The balance as at 31 December 2024 comprised contract assets of HK\$402,969,000 (2023: HK\$416,237,000) arising from performance under environmental remediation service contracts, and HK\$115,153,000 (2023: HK\$204,535,000) arising from performance under construction management service contracts.

Such contracts include payment schedules which require stage payments over the service periods once milestones are reached.

23. 合約資產 (續)

附註:

(a) 在「服務特許經營權資產」中,包括港幣151,656,000元(二零二三年:港幣179,313,000元),關乎本集團根據建造一運營一轉移(「BOT」)、建造一運營一擁有(「BOO」)及轉移一運營一轉移(「TOT」)安排為非全資附屬公司之關聯公司提供之建造服務。

「服務特許經營權資產」乃於本集團的BOT、BOO及TOT安排下之建造服務收益所產生,其按年息率3.85%至7.83%(二零二三年:4.20%至7.83%)計算利息。在總額港幣101,679,370,000元(二零二三年:港幣103,222,855,000元)中,其中港幣94,559,839,000元(二零二三年:港幣91,485,026,000元)關乎已投入運營之BOT、BOO及TOT安排。

根據有關BOT、BOO及TOT安排,本集團於建 造期內不會從授權人收到任何款項,而是於 運營期內提供有關服務時收到服務費。服務 特許經營權資產尚未到期支付,並將以服務 特許經營權安排之運營期服務費支付。已發 單金額將轉撥至應收賬款。

服務特許經營權資產之所有即期部分預期可於一年內收回。

- (b) 有關結餘為若干項目之政府上網電價補貼, 其將於根據國家財政部、國家發展和改革委 員會及國家能源管理局聯合發佈之通知,成 功完成政府行政程序後發單及收回。
- (c) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日之結餘包括履行環境修復服務合約所產生之合約資產港幣402,969,000元(二零二三年:港幣416,237,000元)及履行建造工程管理服務合約所產生之合約資產港幣115,153,000元(二零二三年:港幣204,535,000元)。

有關合約載有付款時間表,其規定於服務期內當達致指定工程進度時,便須支付進度付款。

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23. CONTRACT ASSETS (continued)

The expected credit loss is evaluated at each reporting date using the probability of default approach to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates for the measurement of the expected credit losses of the contract assets are with reference to the credit ratings assigned on the respective provinces where the counterparties belong to and the forward-looking factors to reflect the effect of the external economic environment. The provision rates of contract assets are based on geographical regions of various customer segments with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflects reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. As at 31 December 2024, the probability of default applied ranging from 0.06% to 1.33% (2023: 0.05% to 0.53%) and the loss given default was estimated to be ranging from 55.14% to 60.36% (2023: 59.93% to 64.90%).

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's contract assets:

23. 合約資產 (續)

下文載列有關本集團合約資產之信貸風 險之資料:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) Expected credit losses (HK\$'000)	預期信貸虧損率	0.11%	0.12%
	總賬面值(港幣千元)	107,397,788	108,101,757
	預期信貸虧損(港幣千元)	115,911	130,672

The Group's credit policy with contract assets is disclosed in notes 2.4 and 47 to the financial statements.

本集團有關合約資產的信貸政策於財務 報表附註2.4及47披露。

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23. CONTRACT ASSETS (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, certain of the Group's concession rights of the environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects (comprising operating rights, contract assets, debtors and other receivables) with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$99,094,759,000 (2023: HK\$96,251,507,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities and other loans granted to the Group and the issuance of ABS, further details of which are included in notes 29 and 41 to the financial statements.

24. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

The Group leases machinery to its customer. This lease was classified as a finance lease and had a remaining lease term of 11 years (2023: 12 years). The customer shall purchase or has an option to purchase the leased machinery at the end of the lease term of the finance lease.

23. 合約資產 (續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團若干環保能源項目、環保水務項目及綠色環保項目之特許經營權(包括運營權、合約資產、應收賬款及其他應收款項)賬面總值港幣99,094,759,000元(二零二三年:港幣96,251,507,000元)已抵押作為本集團獲授銀行融資、其他貸款及發行資產支持證券之抵押品,進一步詳情載於財務報表附註29及附註41。

24.融資租賃應收款項

本集團出租機器予其客戶。有關租賃被 分類為融資租賃,餘下租期為十一年 (二零二三年:十二年)。於融資租賃租 期完結時,有關客戶須購買或有權選擇 購買有關租賃機器。

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Finance lease receivables, non-current portion Finance lease receivables, current portion	融資租賃應收款項 (非即期部份) 融資租賃應收款項	11,262	12,263
	(即期部份)	805	771
		12,067	13,034

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24. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (continued)

At 31 December 2024, the undiscounted lease payments to be received in future periods under finance lease and their present values were as follows:

24.融資租賃應收款項(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,在融資 租賃項下於未來期間將予收取之未貼現 租賃款項及其現值如下:

		Undiscounted lease payments receivable 未貼現應收租賃款項		Present val payments 應收租賃	receivable
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		HK\$'000 港幣千元		HK\$'000 港幣千元	— √ — — · HK\$'000 港幣千元
Amounts receivable:	應收款項:				
Within one year After one year but	一年內 一年後但兩年內	1,510	1,534	805	771
within two years After two years but	兩年後但三年內	1,510	1,534	853	818
within three years	M 午 该 但 二 午 P)	1,510	1,534	905	867
After three years but within four years	三年後但四年內	1,510	1,534	959	919
After four years but	四年後但五年內	4 540	1.504	4.047	075
within five years After five years	五年後	1,510 9,058	1,534 10,741	1,017 7,528	975 8,684
	/ 				
Total	總額	16,608	18,411	12,067	13,034
Unearned finance income	未實現財務收入	(4,541)	(5,377)		
Total net finance lease receivables	融資租賃應收款項 總淨額	12,067	13,034		
Portion classified as current assets	分類為流動資產之 部份	(805)	(771)		
Non-current portion	非即期部份	11,262	12,263		

No contingent income was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil).

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,並無確認任何或然收入(二零二三年:無)。

Finance lease receivables relate to customer for whom there was no recent history of default.

融資租賃應收款項與近期並無拖欠還款 記錄之客戶有關。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

25. DEBTORS, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

25.應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及預付款項

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Debtors, net of loss allowance Other receivables, deposits and	應收賬款,扣除虧損撥備 其他應收款項、按金及預付	21,126,596	19,980,322
prepayments, net of loss allowance	款項,扣除虧損撥備	5,498,619	6,884,700
Less: Non-current portion – Other receivables, deposits and prepayments, net of loss allowance	減:非即期部分 一其他應收款項、按金 及預付款項,扣除 虧損撥備	26,625,215	26,865,022
Current portion	即期部分	24,713,884	24,419,721

Included in "Debtors, other receivables, deposits and prepayments" of the Group are debtors of which HK\$34,681,000 (2023: HK\$54,760,000), HK\$15,050,000 (2023: HK\$14,916,000), HK\$19,536,000 (2023: HK\$6,810,000), and HK\$11,080,000 (2023: HK\$11,546,000) are due from the Group's joint ventures. associates, a related company of a non wholly-owned subsidiary and non-controlling shareholders of non wholly-owned subsidiaries, respectively. Debtors mainly represent revenue from the provision of operation services for environmental energy projects, environmental water projects, greentech projects and the provision of environmental protection project equipment construction and installation services and sales of related equipment and the billed amounts of the service concession assets. For the debtors of which HK\$20,750,000 are due from the Group's joint ventures, management assessed there was significant doubt on collection on cash balance and accordingly, credit loss of the debtor was fully recognised during the year ended 31 December 2024.

Included in "Debtors, other receivables, deposits and prepayments" of the Group are other receivables of which HK\$30,475,000 (2023: HK\$24,073,000) are due from the Group's non-controlling shareholders of non-wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Included in "Debtors, other receivables, deposits and prepayments" are bills receivable of HK\$78,706,000 (2023; HK\$91,419.000).

本集團之「應收賬款、其他應收款項、 按金及預付款項」中包括應收賬款,其 中港幣34,681,000元(二零二三年:港 幣54,760,000元)為應收本集團的合 營企業款項、港幣15,050,000元(二零 二三年:港幣14,916,000元)為應收本 集團的聯營公司款項、港幣19,536,000 元(二零二三年:港幣6,810,000元)為 應收本集團的非全資附屬公司之關聯 公司款項及港幣11,080,000元(二零 二三年:港幣11,546,000元)為應收本 集團的非全資附屬公司之非控股股東 款項。應收賬款主要來自提供環保能源 項目、環保水務項目、綠色環保項目之 運營服務以及提供環保項目裝備建造 及 安裝 服 務 及 銷售 相 關 裝 備 所 得 收 益, 以及服務特許經營權資產之已發單款 項。應收本集團的合營企業款項為港幣 20,750,000元,管理層經評估後認為收 回現金結餘存在重大不確定性,並就此 相應地全數確認截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度的應收賬款信貸虧損。

「應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及預付款項」中包括其他應收款項,其中港幣30,475,000元(二零二三年:港幣24,073,000元)為應收本集團的非全資附屬公司之非控股股東款項。

「應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及預付款項」中包括應收票據港幣78,706,000元(二零二三年:港幣91,419,000元)。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

25. DEBTORS, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

The ageing analysis of debtors, based on the date of invoice (or date of revenue recognition, if earlier) and net of loss allowance, as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

25.應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及 預付款項(續)

按照發票日期(或收益確認日期,以較早者為準)計算,應收賬款(已扣除虧損撥備)於報告期末之賬齡分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within 1 month	不多於一個月	2,459,066	2,997,233
More than 1 month but within 2 months	超過一個月但不多於		
More than 2 months but within 4 months	兩個月 超過兩個月但不多於	1,225,429	1,120,944
More than 2 months but within 4 months	四個月	1,818,641	1,754,371
More than 4 months but within 7 months	超過四個月但不多於		
More than 7 months but within 13 months	七個月 超過七個月但不多於	2,352,326	2,141,012
Word than 7 months but within 10 months	十三個月	3,395,157	3,016,494
More than 13 months	超過十三個月	9,875,977	8,950,268
Total	總額	21,126,596	19,980,322

Included in "Debtors, other receivables, deposits and prepayments" are debtors of HK\$7,417,971,000 (2023: HK\$7,248,873,000), which were measured at fair value through other comprehensive income as these debtors are managed within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling for working capital management and the contractual terms of these receivables give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debtors are due within 30 to 90 days from the date of billing. Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 47 to the financial statements.

「應 收 賬 款、其 他 應 收 款 項、按 金 及 預 付 款 項」中包括應 收 賬 款 港幣 7,417,971,000元 (二零二三年:港幣 7,248,873,000元),有關應收賬款乃公允值計入其他全面收入計量,原因為該等應收賬款於目標為持有以收取合約 現金流量及銷售作營運資金管理之約 與 或 等 應 收 款 項 之 合 約 條 於 等 應 收 款 項 之 合 於 係 於 等 應 收 款 項 之 合 於 條 於 以 於 特 定 日 期 產 生 僅 為 支 付 本 金 及 未 償還本 金 利 息 之 現 金 流量。

應收賬款由發單日期起計三十至九十日 內到期。本集團信貸政策之進一步資料 載於財務報表附註47。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

25. DEBTORS, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (continued).

The expected credit losses are evaluated at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days exceeding normal credit period for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Debtors are written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

The movements in the loss allowance for debtors are as follows:

25.應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及預付款項(續)

應收賬款虧損撥備的變動情況如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At the beginning of the year Expected credit losses, net (note 6) Exchange realignment	年初 預期信貸虧損淨額(附註6) 匯兌調整	1,620,687 439,103 (31,880)	1,088,028 572,172 (39,513)
At the end of the year	年終	2,027,910	1,620,687

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25. DEBTORS, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's debtors using a provision matrix:

As at 31 December 2024

25.應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及 預付款項(續)

下文載列使用撥備矩陣計算所得有關本集團應收賬款信貸風險之資料:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Current 即期	Within 1 year* 不多 於一年*	More than 1 year but within 2 years* 超過 一年但不多 於兩年*	Over 2 years* 超過 兩年*	Total
Expected credit loss rate Estimated total gross carrying	預期信貸虧損率 違約時的估計賬面總值	6.8%	3.0%	8.3%	20.7%	8.8%
amount at default (HK\$'000) Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	(港幣千元) 虧損撥備(港幣千元)	5,681,665 386,010	8,192,354 242,305	4,222,104 351,328	5,058,383 1,048,267	23,154,506 2,027,910

As at 31 December 2023

於二零二三年十二月三十一日

		Current	Within 1 year*	More than 1 year but within 2 years*	Over 2 years*	Total
		即期	不多於一年*	超過 一年但不多 於兩年*	超過 兩年*	總額
Expected credit loss rate Estimated total gross carrying	預期信貸虧損率 違約時的估計賬面總值	7.4%	4.0%	6.8%	14.2%	7.5%
amount at default (HK\$'000) Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	(港幣千元) 虧損撥備(港幣千元)	6,506,438 483,162	7,145,813 283,161	3,705,029 251,918	4,243,729 602,446	21,601,009 1,620,687

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

25. DEBTORS, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (continued).

Included in "Other receivables, deposits and prepayments" at 31 December 2024 is an advance made to local government authority in relation to service concession arrangement amounting to HK\$11,727,000 (2023: HK\$16,173,000) which is unsecured, interest-bearing at the rates announced by the People's Bank of China, and will be settled by instalments from 2025 to 2027.

Included in "Other receivables, deposits and prepayments" under current assets at 31 December 2024 are advances of HK\$7,493,000 (2023: HK\$6,329,000) to the Group's associate, which are unsecured, repayable on demand and interest-bearing at a rate of 3.35% (2023: 4.75%) per annum, and other receivables of HK\$8,858,000 (2023: HK\$1,247,000) due from the Group's associates, which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable within one year.

Included in "Other receivables, deposits and prepayments" under current assets at 31 December 2024 are loans to the Group's joint ventures of HK\$25.154.000 (2023: HK\$25,563,000), which are unsecured, interest-bearing at 125% of the loan prime rate announced by the People's Bank of China ("LPR"), and repayable in 2025. Management assessed there was significant doubt on collection on cash balance and accordingly, credit loss of the loans was fully recognised during the year ended 31 December 2024. Other receivables and advances to the Group's joint ventures of HK\$20,109,000 (2023: HK\$25,263,000) and other receivables due from the Group's non-controlling shareholders of non wholly-owned subsidiaries of HK\$30,475,000 (2023: HK\$24,073,000), which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable within one year.

25.應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及預付款項(續)

在二零二四年十二月三十一日之「其他應收款項、按金及預付款項」中,包括向當地政府機關作出有關服務特許經營權安排之墊款港幣11,727,000元(二零二三年:港幣16,173,000元),其為無抵押、按中國人民銀行公佈之息率計息,並須於二零二五年至二零二七年分期償還。

在二零二四年十二月三十一日流動資產下之「其他應收款項、按金及預付款項」中,包括提供予本集團聯營公司之墊款港幣7,493,000元(二零二三年:港幣6,329,000元),其為無抵押、須按要求償還並按年息率3.35%(二零二三年:4.75%)計息,及應收本集團聯營公司之其他應收款項港幣8,858,000元(二零二三年:港幣1,247,000元),其為無抵押、免息,並須於一年內償還。

在二零二四年十二月三十一日流動資 產下之「其他應收款項、按金及預付款 項」中,包括提供予本集團合營企業之 貸款港幣25,154,000元(二零二三年: 港幣25,563,000元),其為無抵押、按中 國人民銀行公佈之貸款基礎利率(「貸 款基礎利率」)125%計息,並須於二零 二五年償還。管理層經評估後認為收回 現金結餘存在重大不確定性,並就此相 應地全數確認截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度的貸款信貸虧損。提供 予本集團合營企業之其他應收款項及墊 款港幣20,109,000元(二零二三年:港 幣25,263,000元)及應收本集團非全資 附屬公司之非控股股東之其他應收款項 港幣30,475,000元(二零二三年:港幣 24,073,000元),其為無抵押、免息,並 須於一年內償還。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

25. DEBTORS, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (continued)

The movements in the loss allowance for other receivables are as follows:

25.應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及 預付款項(續)

其他應收款項虧損撥備之變動如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At the beginning of year Expected credit losses, net (note 6) Write-off Exchange realignment	年初 預期信貸虧損淨額(附註6) 撇銷 匯兌調整	127,723 117,790 - (3,554)	120,696 21,599 (11,200) (3,372)
At the end of year	年終	241,959	127,723

The ECLs for other receivables as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 were estimated by applying a credit risk approach with reference to the historical loss record of the Group as at 31 December 2024 and 2023. The loss allowance for other receivables is adjusted to reflect the current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, as appropriate.

Except for the aforementioned impaired other receivables, the remaining financial assets included in other receivables, deposits and prepayments relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default and past due amounts, and the loss allowance was assessed to be minimal as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

As at 31 December 2024, certain of the Group's concession rights of the environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects (comprising operating rights, contract assets, debtors and other receivables) with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$99,094,759,000 (2023: HK\$96,251,507,000) were pledged to secure banking facilities and other loans granted to the Group and the issuance of ABS, further details of which are included in notes 29 and 41 to the financial statements.

All of the current portion of the above balances are expected to be recovered or recognised as expenses within one year.

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日,其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損乃經參考本集團於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日之過往虧損記錄應用信貸風險方法估計。其他應收款項之虧損撥備經已調整以反映目前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測(如適用)。

除了上述已耗損之其他應收款項外,計入其他應收款項、按金及預付款項之餘下財務資產與近期並無拖欠及逾期款項記錄的應收款項有關,而虧損撥備於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日被評定為輕微。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團若干環保能源項目、環保水務項目及緣色環保項目之特許經營權(包括運營權、合約資產、應收賬款及其他應收款項)賬面總值港幣99,094,759,000元(二零二三年:港幣96,251,507,000元)已抵押作為本集團獲授銀行融資、其他貸款及發行資產支持證券之抵押品,進一步詳情載於財務報表附註29及附註41。

上述結餘之所有即期部份預期可於一年內收回或確認為開支。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

26.PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND DEPOSITS WITH BANKS WITH MATURITY PERIOD OVER THREE MONTHS

26.已抵押銀行存款及存款期超過三個月之銀行存款

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	(a)	106,165	176,680
Deposits with banks with maturity period over three months	存款期超過三個月 之銀行存款		40,209	22,844
Total	總額		146,374	199,524

Notes:

(a) As at 31 December 2024, bank deposits are pledged to secure certain bank loans of the Group (note 29) and are pledged to banks for the issuance of guarantees by the banks to the grantors in respect of the specific performance of the duties by the Group under certain service concession agreements.

Pledged bank deposits and deposits with banks earn interest at the respective time deposit rates, and are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

附註:

(a) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,銀行存款已 抵押作為本集團若干銀行貸款(附註29)之抵 押品,以及由於若干銀行就本集團在若干服 務特許經營權協議下之特定履約責任而向授 權人發出擔保,故已抵押予有關銀行。

已抵押銀行存款及銀行存款按相關定期 存款息率賺取利息,並存放於信譽良好 且近期並無違約記錄之銀行。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

27. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

27. 現金及現金等價物

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Deposits with banks with maturity period less than three months Cash at banks and in hand	存款期少於三個月 之銀行存款 銀行結餘及現金	32,682 7,862,940	311,894 8,121,322
Total	總額	7,895,622	8,433,216

Included in "Cash and cash equivalents" at 31 December 2024 are deposits of HK\$523,661,000 (2023: HK\$541,842,000) placed with a related party bank.

Included in "Cash and cash equivalents" at the end of the reporting period are the following amounts denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日之「現金 及現金等價物」包括存放於關聯方銀行 之存款港幣523,661,000元(二零二三 年:港幣541,842,000元)。

於報告期末之「現金及現金等價物」包括下列款項,其以相關實體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣計值:

		2024 二零二四年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元
United States dollar ("US\$")	美元	16,994	4,835

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$7,350,821,000 (2023: HK\$7,929,090,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Chinese Mainland's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and time deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

於報告期末,本集團以人民幣計值之現金及現金等價物為港幣7,350,821,000元(二零二三年:港幣7,929,090,000元)。人民幣不能自由兌換成其他貨幣。然而,根據中國大陸《外匯管理條例》及《結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定》,本集團可透過獲授權經營外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兌換成其他貨幣。

銀行結餘按浮動息率賺取利息,而浮動息率乃根據銀行存款每日息率釐定。視乎本集團之即時現金需求而定,短期定期存款之存款期介乎一日至三個月不等,並按相關短期定期存款息率賺取利息。銀行結餘及定期存款乃存放於信譽良好且近期並無違約記錄之銀行。

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28. CREDITORS, OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

28.應付賬款、其他應付款項及應計費用

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Creditors Other payables, accrued expenses and deferred income – government grants	應付賬款 其他應付款項、應計費用及 遞延收入一政府補助金	11,382,917 5,713,321	12,261,759 5,734,318
Less: Non-current portion	減:非即期部分	17,096,238	17,996,077
other payables, accrued expensesand deferred incomegovernment grants	一其他應付款項、應計 費用及遞延收入 一政府補助金	(724,213)	(468,945)
Current portion	即期部分	16,372,025	17,527,132

Included in "Creditors, other payables and accrued expenses" are creditors with the following ageing analysis based on the date of invoice as at the end of the reporting period:

「應付賬款、其他應付款項及應計費用」 中包括應付賬款。按照發票日期計算, 其於報告期末之賬齡分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within 6 months Over 6 months	不多於六個月 超過六個月	9,264,576 2,118,341	9,660,223 2,601,536
Total	總額	11,382,917	12,261,759

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28. CREDITORS, OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUED EXPENSES (continued)

Creditors totalling HK\$7,088,450,000 (2023: HK\$8,306,116,000) represent construction payables for the Group's BOT, BOO and TOT arrangements. The construction payables are not yet due for payment.

Included in "Creditors, other payables and accrued expenses" are bills payable of HK\$774,420,000 (2023: HK\$216,330,000). Included in "Creditors, other payables and accrued expenses" are creditors of HK\$15,460,000 (2023: HK\$8,552,000), HK\$1,900,000 (2023: Nil) and HK\$251,722,000 (2023: HK\$210,858,000) due to the Group's associate, joint venture and non-controlling shareholders of non wholly-owned subsidiaries, respectively, which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on credit terms similar to those offered by the associate, joint venture or the non-controlling shareholders to their major customers.

Included in "Other payables, accrued expenses and deferred income – government grants" at 31 December 2024 are other payables of HK\$3,390,000 (2023: HK\$24,608,000) and HK\$63,710,000 (2023: HK\$50,262,000) due to the Group's associate and noncontrolling shareholders of non wholly-owned subsidiaries, respectively, which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Included in "Other payables, accrued expenses and deferred income – government grants" at 31 December 2024 are other payables of HK\$181,569,000 (2023: HK\$184,251,000) due to the non-controlling shareholder of non wholly-owned subsidiaries, which are unsecured, interest-bearing at rates announced by the People's Bank of China and repayable on demand.

28.應付賬款、其他應付款項及應計費用(續)

合共港幣7,088,450,000元(二零二三年:港幣8,306,116,000元)之應付賬款為在本集團BOT、BOO及TOT安排下之建造工程應付款項。建造工程應付款項屬未到期支付。

「應付賬款、其他應付款項及應計費用」中包括應付票據港幣774,420,000元(二零二三年:港幣216,330,000元)。「應付賬款、其他應付款項及應計費用」中包括應付本集團聯營公司及應付賬款分別港幣15,460,000元(零二三年:港幣8,552,000元)、港幣1,900,000元(二零二三年:無)及港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元(二零二三年:港幣251,722,000元),該等款項均為公司,於251,722,000元(1000元),該等款項均為公司,於251,722,000元(1000元),該等款項均為公司,於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),於251,722,000元),於251,722,000元(1000元),251,722,000元(1000元),251,7220元,251,7220元,251,7220元,251,7220元,251,7220元,251,7220元,251,7220元,251,7220元,251,7220元,251,7220元,251,7220元,251,7220元,251,7220元,251,72

在二零二四年十二月三十一日之「其他應付款項、應計費用及遞延收入一政府補助金」中,分別包括應付本集團聯營公司之其他應付款項港幣3,390,000元(二零二三年:港幣24,608,000元)及應付非全資附屬公司之非控股股東之其他應付款項港幣63,710,000元(二零二三年:港幣50,262,000元),皆為無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。

在二零二四年十二月三十一日之「其他應付款項、應計費用及遞延收入一政府補助金」中,包括應付本集團非全資附屬公司之非控股股東之其他應付款項港幣181,569,000元(二零二三年:港幣184,251,000元)為無抵押、按中國人民銀行公佈的利息計息及須按要求償還。

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29.INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS 29.計息借貸

		202 二零二		202 二零二	
		Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 港幣千元	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current	即期				
Lease liabilities (note 16(b))	租賃負債(附註16(b))	2025	39,312	2024	46,664
Bank and other loans – secured	銀行及其他貸款— 有抵押	2025 or on demand 二零二五年 或按要求	4,160,598	2024 or on demand 二零二四年 或按要求	3,701,193
Bank loans – unsecured	銀行貸款—無抵押	2025 or on demand 二零二五年 或按要求	10,690,149	2024 or on demand 二零二四年 或按要求	14,243,191
Corporate bond – unsecured (note 30)	公司債券— 無抵押(附註30)	-	-	2024	761,506
ABS – secured (note 31)	資產支持證券— 有抵押 (附註31)	2025	201,235		-
MTN – unsecured (note 32)	中期票據—無抵押 (附註32)	2025	3,612,772	2024	4,365,864
Total - current	總額一即期		18,704,066		23,118,418
Non-current	非即期				
Lease liabilities (note 16(b))	租賃負債(附註16(b))	2026-2049	88,482	2025-2049	65,698
Bank and other loans – secured	銀行及其他貸款— 有抵押	2026-2047	34,202,466	2025-2047	36,584,861
Bank loans - unsecured	銀行貸款-無抵押	2026-2043	17,428,435	2025-2041	21,903,606
ABS – secured (note 31)	資產支持證券—有抵押 (附註31)	2027	1,683,407		-
MTN – unsecured (note 32)	中期票據—無抵押(附註32)	2026-2029	19,562,583	2025-2026	12,951,561
Total – non-current	總額一非即期		72,965,373		71,505,726
Total	總額		91,669,439		94,624,144

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29.INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (continued)

29.計息借貸 (續)

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Analysed into: Bank loans repayable:	分析: 須於下列期間償還之 銀行貸款:		
Within one year or on demand In the second year	取行員無・一年內或按要求第二年第三至第五年	14,796,768 13,168,927	17,889,528 11,485,680
In the third to fifth years, inclusive Beyond five years	第二王第五年 (包括首尾兩年) 五年後	17,824,034 20,405,071	23,873,181 22,838,442
Subtotal	小計	66,194,800	76,086,831
Other loans repayable:	須於下列期間償還之 其他貸款:		
Within one year In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	一年內 第二年 第三至第五年	53,979 53,979	54,856 58,233
Beyond five years	(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	127,531 51,359	174,698 58,233
Subtotal	小計	286,848	346,020
Lease liabilities repayable:	須於下列期間償還之 租賃負債:		
Within one year In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	一年內 第二年 第三至第五年	39,312 19,927	46,664 22,019
Beyond five years	(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	30,112 38,443	24,360 19,319
Subtotal	小計	127,794	112,362
Corporate bond, ABS and MTN repayable (note):	須於下列期間償還之 公司債券、資產支持 證券及中期票據 (附註):		
Within one year or on demand In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	一年內或按要求 第二年 第三至第五年	3,814,007 5,861,419	5,127,370 3,670,148
	(包括首尾兩年)	15,384,571	9,281,413
Subtotal	小計	25,059,997	18,078,931
Total	總額	91,669,439	94,624,144

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29.INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (continued)

Note: For the purpose of the above analysis, ABS and MTN payable in the aggregate amount of HK\$11,273,453,000 (2023: HK\$6,197,546,000) as at 31 December 2024 containing an option to sell back ABS or MTN to the Group which is exercisable after three years from the issuance date (notes 31 and 32) is analysed as to HK\$1,284,480,000 repayable within the first year, HK\$3,746,400,000 repayable within the second year, and HK\$6,242,573,000 repayable within the third to fifth years, inclusive as at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$1,087,559,000 repayable within the first year, HK\$1,304,636,000 repayable within the second year, and HK\$3,805,351,000 repayable within the third to fifth years, inclusive).

ABS and MTN payable at 31 December 2024 will be due for repayment on the respective maturity dates (notes 31 and 32, respectively) unless being sold back to the Group prior to the maturity date pursuant to the terms of ABS and MTN. Based on the maturity terms of ABS (note 31) and MTN (note 32), the amounts repayable in respect of ABS and MTN payable are: HK\$10,307,952,000 repayable within the third to fifth years and HK\$965,501,000 repayable after fifth year, inclusive as at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$6,197,546,000 repayable within the third to fifth years, inclusive).

29.計息借貸(續)

附註: 就上述分析而言,於二零二四年十二月 三十一日總金額為港幣11,273,453,000元 (二零二三年:港幣6,197,546,000元)之 資產支持證券及中期票據載有一項有關 售回資產支持證券或中期票據予本集團 之期權,有關期權自發行日期起計三年後 可予行使(附註31及32)。於二零二四年 十二月三十一日,有關債券之分析如下: 港幣1.284.480.000元須於第一年償還、 港幣3,746,400,000元須於第二年償還及 港幣6,242,573,000元須於第三至第五年 (包括首尾兩年) 償還(二零二三年:港 幣1,087,559,000元須於第一年償還、港幣 1,304,636,000元須於第二年償還及港幣 3,805,351,000元須於第三至第五年(包括 首尾兩年) 償還)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日之應付資產支持證券及中期票據將於各自之到期日到期償還(分別為附註31及32),但如已於到期日前根據資產支持證券及中期票據之條款售回本集團則除外。根據資產支持證券(附註31)及中期票據(附註32)之到期條款,應付資產支持證券及中期票據之償還金額如下:於二零二四年十二月三十一日,港幣10,307,952,000元須於第三至第五年(包括首尾兩年)償還和港幣965,501,000元須於五年後(包括首尾兩年)償還(二零二三年:港幣6,197,546,000元須於第三至第五年(包括首尾兩年)償還)。

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29.INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS *(continued)*

As at 31 December 2024, certain banking facilities and other loans of the Group are secured by certain revenue and receivables in connection with the Group's service concession arrangements, bank deposits, mortgages over property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets and shares of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Such banking facilities and other loans, amounting to HK\$46,724,784,000 (2023: HK\$50,922,210,000), were utilised to the extent of HK\$38,363,064,000 (2023: HK\$40,286,054,000) at 31 December 2024. Among the secured banking facilities, HK\$1,182,902,000 (2023: HK\$2,098,579,000) are guaranteed by the Company and were utilised to the extent of HK\$242,868,000 at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$411,382,000).

As at 31 December 2024, the unsecured banking facilities, amounting to HK\$49,781,501,000 (2023: HK\$50,806,324,000), were utilised to the extent of HK\$28,118,584,000 (2023: HK\$36,146,797,000). The Company has not granted guarantee for the unsecured banking facilities at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$483,168,000 were guaranteed by the Company and HK\$416,471,000 were utilised).

As at 31 December 2024, banking facilities of HK\$49,526,455,000 (2023: HK\$41,000,035,000) are subject to the fulfilment of covenants relating to certain of the Group's financial ratios. If the Group were to breach the covenants, the drawn down facilities would become payable on demand. At 31 December 2024, such facilities were utilised to the extent of HK\$33,630,857,000 (2023: HK\$33,971,294,000). The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants.

29.計息借貸(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 若干銀行融資及其他貸款以本集團服務 特許經營權安排下之若干收益及應收 款項、銀行存款、物業、廠房及設備及 使用權資產之按揭,以及本集團旗下若 干附屬公司之股份作抵押。於二零二四 年十二月三十一日,上述銀行融資及其 他貸款之金額為港幣46,724,784,000 元(二零二三年:港幣50,922,210,000 元),已動用港幣38,363,064,000元 (二零二三年:港幣40,286,054,000 元)。上述有抵押銀行融資其中港幣 1,182,902,000元(二零二三年:港幣 2,098,579,000元) 由本公司作擔保,於 二零二四年十二月三十一日,已動用港 幣242.868.000元(二零二三年:港幣 411,382,000元)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,無抵押銀行融資之金額為港幣49,781,501,000元(二零二三年:港幣50,806,324,000元),已動用港幣28,118,584,000元(二零二三年:港幣36,146,797,000元)。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司無為無抵押銀行融資作擔保(二零二三年:港幣483,168,000元由本公司作擔保及已動用港幣416,471,000元)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,銀行融資港幣49,526,455,000元(二零二三年:港幣41,000,035,000元)須符合有關本集團若干財務比率之契諾。倘本集團違反有關契諾,則已提取之是與取之之體,有三十一日,有關融資已動用港幣33,630,857,000元(二零二三年:港幣33,971,294,000元)。本集團會定期監察有關契諾之遵行情況。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

29.INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (continued)

As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not meet certain financial covenants of bank loans amounting to HK\$4,293,835,000 and it did not have unconditional rights to defer settlement for at least twelve months after reporting period. Bank loans of in aggregate HK\$4,293,835,000 which become repayable on demand are presented under current liabilities in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023. There were no breach of financial covenants of bank loans for the Group as at 31 December 2024.

As at 31 December 2024, the lease liabilities of HK\$29,549,000 (2023: HK\$39,701,000) were secured by the underlying right-of-use assets (note 16).

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's bank loans of HK\$13,072,130,000 (2023: HK\$8,483,846,000) bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.40% (2023: 1.15% to 3.35%) per annum, bank and other loans of HK\$53,409,516,000 (2023: HK\$67,949,005,000) bear interest at variable rates ranging from 1.59% to 5.95% (2023: 1.60% to 7.02%) per annum.

As at 31 December 2024, lease liabilities bear interest at rates ranging from 3.80% to 5.00% (2023: 1.18% to 8.49%) per annum, corporate bond payable bears interest at a fixed rate of 3.08% per annum as at 31 December 2023, and MTN payable bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.23% to 3.27% (2023: 2.82% to 3.75%) per annum.

29.計息借貸(續)

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團不符合若干財務契諾的銀行貸款港幣4,293,835,000元,且本集團並無無條件權利將償還日期押後至報告期後至十二個月。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,合共港幣4,293,835,000元須按明求償還的銀行貸款於本集團綜合財務以表流動負債項下呈列。截至二零二级年十二月三十一日,本集團沒有違反銀行貸款的財務契諾。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,租賃負債港幣29,549,000元(二零二三年:港幣39,701,000元)以相關使用權資產作抵押(附註16)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行貸款港幣13,072,130,000元 (二零二三年:港幣8,483,846,000元) 按介乎2.00%至3.40% (二零二三年:1.15%至3.35%) 之固定年息率計息,銀行及其他貸款港幣53,409,516,000元 (二零二三年:港幣67,949,005,000元) 按介乎1.59%至5.95% (二零二三年:1.60%至7.02%) 之浮動年息率計息。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,租賃負債按介乎3.80%至5.00%(二零二三年:1.18%至8.49%)之年息率計息,於二零二三年十二月三十一日,應付公司債券按3.08%之固定年息率計息,應付中期票據按介乎2.23%至3.27%(二零二三年:2.82%至3.75%)之年息率計息。

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29.INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's bank and other loans of HK\$64,077,348,000 (2023: HK\$64,491,386,000) are denominated in RMB, HK\$4,300,000 (2023: HK\$3,302,000) are denominated in Polish zloty, nil (2023: HK\$319,286,000) are denominated in Euro, and HK\$2,400,000,000 (2023: HK\$11,618,877,000) are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

Included in "Interest-bearing borrowings" at 31 December 2024 are bank loans of HK\$11,338,000 (2023: HK\$223,045,000) from a related party bank.

Included in loans from a related party bank are:

- (i) bank loans in aggregate of HK\$11,338,000 (2023: HK\$23,045,000) which are secured, interest-bearing at a rate of LPR minus 0.80% (2023: a rate of LPR minus 0.80%), and will be settled by instalments until 2025 (2023: until 2024 to 2025); and
- (ii) bank loans in aggregate of HK\$200,000,000 as at 31 December 2023 which were unsecured, interest-bearing of ranging from 3.68% to 6.11% per annum and will be settled by 2026.

29. 計息借貸(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行及其他貸款港幣64,077,348,000元(二零二三年:港幣64,491,386,000元)以人民幣計值,港幣4,300,000元(二零二三年:港幣3,302,000元)以波蘭茲羅提計值,無(二零二三年:港幣319,286,000元)以歐羅計值及港幣2,400,000,000元(二零二三年:港幣11,618,877,000元)以港幣計值。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日之「計息借貸」包括關聯方銀行提供之銀行貸款港幣11,338,000元(二零二三年:港幣223.045.000元)。

關聯方銀行提供之貸款包括:

- (i) 銀行貸款總額港幣11,338,000元 (二零二三年:港幣23,045,000 元)為有抵押、按貸款基礎利率減 0.80%之息率計息(二零二三年:貸 款基礎利率減0.80%),並將於二零 二五年(二零二三年:二零二四年至 二零二五年前)償還;及
- (ii) 於二零二三年十二月三十一日,銀行貸款總額港幣200,000,000元,為無抵押、按介乎3.68%至6.11%之年息率計息,並將於二零二六年或之前償還。

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30. CORPORATE BOND

30.公司債券

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current Corporate bond – unsecured	即期 公司債券—無抵押	_	761,506

The Corporate Bond was issued by China Everbright Water Limited ("CEWL"), a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, which repaid the principal and interest of the Corporate Bond in January 2024.

公司債券由本公司非全資附屬公司中國 光大水務有限公司(「光大水務」)發行, 並已於二零二四年一月償還其本金及 利息。

31. ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES

31.資產支持證券

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current ABS – secured Non-current ABS – secured	即期 資產支持證券—有抵押 非即期 資產支持證券—有抵押	201,235 1,683,407	- -
Total	總額	1,884,642	-

On 19 April 2024, ABS were issued by CEWL with total amount of RMB2,000,000,000, before related expenses of RMB4,500,000, of which the preference ABS amounting to RMB1,900,000,000 were subscribed by qualified investors in the PRC and the subordinate ABS amounting to RMB100,000,000 was subscribed by Everbright Water (Shenzhen) Limited ("Shenzhen Water", a wholly-owned subsidiary of CEWL).

於二零二四年四月十九日,光大水務發行總額為人民幣2,000,000,000元(未扣除相關開支人民幣4,500,000元)的資產支持證券,其中人民幣1,900,000,000元的優先級資產支持證券由中國合格投資者認購,而人民幣100,000,000元的次級資產支持證券由光大水務(深圳)有限公司(「深圳水務」,光大水務之全資附屬公司)認購。

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31. ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES (continued)

The original beneficiary of the securities is Shenzhen Water. The underlying assets of the ABS are the rights of three project companies in Shandong Province in relation to four waste water treatment projects, to receive waste water treatment fees during a specific period of nine years starting from 1 November 2023. The relevant project companies have pledged part of the underlying assets in favour of the ABS.

The preference ABS are classified into seven classes based on the maturity dates of such preference ABS, comprising:

- (a) Preference ABS 1 of RMB182,000,000 ("ABS 1");
- (b) Preference ABS 2 of RMB190,500,000 ("ABS 2");
- (c) Preference ABS 3 of RMB196,000,000 ("ABS 3");
- (d) Preference ABS 4 of RMB212,000,000 ("ABS 4");
- (e) Preference ABS 5 of RMB218,000,000 ("ABS 5");
- (f) Preference ABS 6 of RMB228,000,000 ("ABS 6"); and
- (g) Preference ABS 7 of RMB674,000,000 ("ABS 7").

The maturity dates for preference ABS are from 2024 to 2027.

The principal and interest of the preference ABS are repayable pursuant to the repayment schedule of the ABS, with interest rates ranging from between 2.50% to 2.70% per annum. CEWL has the option to adjust the interest rate of ABS 4, ABS 5, ABS 6 and ABS 7 from the 47th day before 28 February 2027 ("the 12th Repayment Date") and 28 February 2033 ("the 24th Repayment Date"). The holders of ABS 4, ABS 5, ABS 6 and ABS 7 have an option to sell back the notes to the original beneficiary at the nominal price, and the exercisable period of this option is from the 45th day before the repayment date to the 31st day before the repayment date.

31.資產支持證券(續)

該等證券的原始權益人為深圳水務。資產支持證券的相關資產為山東省三家項目公司就四個污水處理項目於二零二三年十一月一日起的九年特定期間內收取污水處理費的權利。相關項目公司已將部分相關資產抵押予資產支持證券。

優先級資產支持證券根據到期日分類為 七個類別,包括:

- (a) 優先級資產支持證券1人民幣 182,000,000元(「資產支持證券1」);
- (b) 優先級資產支持證券2人民幣 190,500,000元(「資產支持證券2」);
- (c) 優先級資產支持證券3人民幣 196,000,000元(「資產支持證券3」);
- (d) 優先級資產支持證券4人民幣 212,000,000元(「資產支持證券4」);
- (e) 優先級資產支持證券5人民幣 218,000,000元(「資產支持證券5」);
- (f) 優先級資產支持證券6人民幣 228,000,000元(「資產支持證券6」); 及
- (g) 優先級資產支持證券7人民幣 674,000,000元(「資產支持證券7」)。

優先級資產支持證券到期日為二零二四 年起至二零二七年。

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32. MEDIUM TERM NOTES

32.中期票據

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Current Energy MTN – unsecured Water MTN – unsecured Greentech MTN – unsecured	即期 能源中期票據-無抵押 水務中期票據-無抵押 綠色環保中期票據-無抵押	(a) (b) (c)	- 1,070,133 2,542,639	2,195,400 1,082,905 1,087,559
Total – current	總額一即期		3,612,772	4,365,864
Non-current Energy MTN – unsecured Water MTN – unsecured Greentech MTN – unsecured	非即期 能源中期票據—無抵押 水務中期票據—無抵押 綠色環保中期票據—無抵押	(a) (b) (c)	10,168,800 5,342,991 4,050,792	4,390,800 4,889,072 3,671,689
Total – non-current	總額一非即期		19,562,583	12,951,561
Total	總額		23,175,355	17,317,425

- (a) The Company issued various tranches of RMB-denominated medium term notes (the "Energy MTN") following the approval of the application from National Association of Financial Market Institutional Investors of the People's Republic of China ("NAFMII"). The Energy MTN bear interest at rates ranging from 2.23% to 3.21% per annum (2023: 3.10% to 3.60% per annum) with a maturity period of three to five years from the respective issue dates. The Energy MTN will be matured in 2026 to 2029 (2023: 2024 to 2026).
- (b) CEWL issued various tranches of RMB-denominated medium term notes (the "Water MTN") following the approval of the application from NAFMII. The Water MTN bear interest at rates ranging from 2.80% to 3.20% per annum (2023: 2.82% to 3.75% per annum) with a maturity period of three to five years from the respective issue date. The Water MTN will be matured in 2025 to 2029 (2023: 2024 to 2026).
- (a) 本公司自中華人民共和國銀行間市場交易商協會(「銀行間市場交易商協會」) 批准申請後發行多期以財票據(「能源中期票據」)。能源中期票據的年利率介別。能源中期票據的年利率3.10%至3.60%),到期日為各自發行日起計三年至五年。能源中期票據將於二零二六年至二零二四年至二零二六年)。
- (b) 光大水務自銀行間市場交易商協會 批准申請後發行多期以人民幣計價 的中期票據(「水務中期票據」)。水 務中期票據的年利率介乎2.80%至 3.20%(二零二三年:年利率2.82% 至3.75%),到期日為各自發行日起 計三年至五年。水務中期票據將於 二零二五年至二零二九年到期(二 零二三年:二零二四年至二零二六 年)。

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32. MEDIUM TERM NOTES (continued)

(c) China Everbright Greentech Limited ("CEGL"). a nonwholly owned subsidiary of the Company, issued three tranches RMB-denominated medium term notes (the "Greentech MTN") to qualified investors in the PRC with an underwriting agreement with the relevant financial institutions in 2021 and 2022. These three tranches of Greentech MTN have a maturity period of five years from the respective issue date. CEGL is entitled to adjust the interest rate of the Greentech MTN for the remaining two years before the maturity date after three years from the respective issue date of each tranche of the Greentech MTN. The bondholders have an option to sell back of these three tranches of Greentech MTN to CEGL at the nominal price, and the exercisable period of this option is five working days immediately after the issuance of CEGL's announcement related to the adjustment in interest rate of the Greentech MTN.

CEGL also issued various tranches of Greentech MTN following the approval of the application from NAFMII since April 2023. These Greentech MTN have a maturity period of two to five years from the respective issue date.

The Greentech MTN bear interest at rates ranging from 2.24% to 3.27% per annum (2023: 2.83% to 3.50% per annum) and will be matured in 2026 to 2029 (2023: 2025 to 2027).

32.中期票據 (續)

(c) 本公司非全資附屬公司中國光大綠 色環保有限公司(「光大綠色環保」) 向中國合資格投資者(並於二零 二一年及二零二二年與有關金融機 構訂立包銷協議)發行三期以人民 幣計價的中期票據(「綠色環保中期 票據」)。該三期光大綠色環保中期 票據的到期日為每期各自發行日起 計五年。光大綠色環保有權於各期 綠色環保中期票據的發行日期起計 三年後的到期日前,調整餘下兩年 的綠色環保中期票據利率。債券持 有人有權選擇以面額價格向光大綠 色環保賣回該三期綠色環保中期票 據,而該選擇權之行使期為光大綠 色環保發出有關調整綠色環保中期 票據利率之公告後緊隨的五個工作 天。

光大綠色環保自銀行間市場交易商協會於二零二三年四月批准申請後亦發行多期綠色環保中期票據。此 等綠色環保中期票據的到期日為各自發行日起計兩年至五年。

綠色環保中期票據的年利率介乎2.24%至3.27%(二零二三年:年 利率2.83%至3.50%),並將於二 零二六年至二零二九年到期(二零 二三年:二零二五年至二零二七 年)。

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33. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets/(liabilities) during the year are as follows:

33. 遞延稅項

遞延稅項資產/(負債)於年內之變動如 下:

		Temporary differences on assets recognised under HK(IFRIC)- Int 12 根據《香港 (國際財務 報告詮釋 委員會)	Revaluation of properties	Fair value adjustments arising from acquisition of subsidiaries	Undistributed profits of subsidiaries	Impairment of asset	Others	Total
		- 詮釋》 第12號 確之 資時差之 暫時,*'000 港幣千元	物業重估 HK\$'000 港幣千元	收購 附屬公司 所產生之 公允值調整 HK\$'000 港幣千元	附屬公司 未分派盈利 HK\$'000 港幣千元	資產耗損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	其他 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2023 Deferred tax credited/(charged) 4 to the consolidated income statement during the year	於二零二三年一月一日 年內在綜合損益表 計入/(扣除) 之 遞延稅項(附註11)	(7,775,049)	(12,673)	(127,861)	(1,920,684)	53,849	52,562	(9,729,856)
(note 38)	收購一間附屬公司 (附註38)	(644,543)	-	24,054 29,912	(303,137)	121,232	51,668	(750,726) 29,912
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	402,977	169	4,438	149,552	(3,465)	10,761	564,432
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Deferred tax credited/(charged) 4	於二零二三年十二月 三十一日及二零二四年 一月一日 年內在綜合損益表	(8,016,615)	(12,504)	(69,457)	(2,074,269)	171,616	114,991	(9,886,238)
to the consolidated income statement during the year (note 11) Deferred tax credited to the consolidated statement	計入/(扣除)之 遞延稅項(附註11) 年內在綜合全面損益表 計入之遞延稅項	(95,115)	-	18,785	(251,098)	604,934	466	277,972
of comprehensive income during the year Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	- 123,546	- 99	- 3,731	- 37,491	456,322 (15,272)	(438)	456,322 149,157
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月 三十一日	(7,988,184)	(12,405)	(46,941)	(2,287,876)	1,217,600	115,019	(9,002,787)

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33. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

33. 遞延稅項(續)

為了呈報目的,若干遞延稅項資產及負債已於綜合財務狀況表中抵銷。下表為就財務報告目的而對本集團遞延稅項結餘作出之分析:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of	於綜合財務狀況表確認之 遞延稅項資產淨額 於綜合財務狀況表確認之 遞延稅項負債淨額	1,186,237	613,814
financial position		(10,189,024)	(10,500,052)
Net deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債淨額	(9,002,787)	(9,886,238)

The Group has estimated tax losses arising in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$207,735,000 (2023: approximately HK\$207,735,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. The Group also has estimated tax losses arising in Chinese Mainland of approximately HK\$566,189,000 (2023: approximately HK\$536,058,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in certain subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

The Group is liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Chinese Mainland in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008. The applicable rate is 5% or 10% for the Group.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

本集團於香港產生之估計稅項虧損約港幣207,735,000元(二零二三年:約港207,735,000元),可無限年期用作作。 第207,735,000元),可無限年期用作。 銷產生虧損之公司日後應課稅盈利項。 損約港幣566,189,000元(二零二月關稅 約港幣536,058,000元),有關應課稅至可 約港幣536,058,000元),有關應課稅 利其應用限期將於一至五年內資 根無就該等虧損確認遞延稅預內 展開稅 大可能會產生應課稅盈利而令有關稅 項虧損得以運用。

本集團須就中國大陸成立之附屬公司自 二零零八年一月一日起產生之盈利所分 派之股息繳納預扣稅。本集團之適用稅 率為5%或10%。

本公司向其股東派發股息並不附帶任何 所得稅後果。

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34. SHARE CAPITAL

34.股本

2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

Issued and fully paid: 6,142,975,292 (2023: 6,142,975,292) ordinary shares 已發行及悉數繳足: 6,142,975,292股 (二零二三年:

6,142,975,292股) 普通股 17,329,537

17,329,537

35. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the financial statements.

(i) Goodwill arising on consolidation

The goodwill arising on consolidation has been set up and dealt with in accordance with the transitional arrangements under HKFRS 3 (August 2004), goodwill which had previously been taken directly to reserves (i.e. goodwill which arose before 1 January 2001) will not be recognised in profit or loss on disposal or impairment of the acquired business, or under any other circumstances.

(ii) Property revaluation reserve

Certain properties previously occupied by the Group as owner-occupied properties were transferred to investment properties in prior years and a revaluation surplus was credited to property revaluation reserve to account for the difference between the carrying amounts and the fair values of the properties at the date of change in use, determined using market comparison approach by independent firms of surveyors.

The property revaluation reserve of the Group is not distributable.

(iii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2.4 to the financial statements.

35. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度之儲備金額 及其變動詳情於財務報表中之綜合權益 變動表呈列。

(i) 綜合賬項產生之商譽

本公司已根據香港財務報告準則第 3號(二零零四年八月)之過渡條文 設立及處理綜合賬項所產生之商 譽。據此,當所收購業務被出售或出 現耗損時,或在任何其他情況下, 過往直接計入儲備之商譽(即於二 零零一年一月一日之前產生之商譽) 亦不會在損益表中確認。

(ii) 物業重估儲備

若干原先由本集團佔用之物業(自用物業)於過往年度轉撥至投資物業,並已於物業重估儲備計入重估盈餘,以入賬有關物業於用途變更日期之賬面值與公允值之間的差額,其由獨立測量師行按市場比較法釐定。

本集團之物業重估儲備並不可供分 派。

(iii) 匯兌儲備

匯兌儲備包括換算外國業務之財務 報表所產生之所有匯兌差額。本公司會根據財務報表附註2.4所載會計 政策處理儲備。

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35. RESERVES (continued)

(iv) Other financial assets and debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income reserve

The other financial assets and debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income reserve comprise the cumulative net change in the fair value of other financial assets and debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income held at the end of the reporting period and are dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2.4 to the financial statements.

(v) Other reserves

Other reserves comprise (i) the difference between the consideration paid/received for the acquisition/dilution of non-controlling interests and the carrying amount of non-controlling interests at the transaction date, less the foreign exchange movements on translation of those subsidiaries attributable to the non-controlling interests; and (ii) the difference between the fair value of the Group's equity interest in subsidiaries transferred to the acquiree for the acquisition of subsidiaries and the net asset value attributable to the non-controlling interests in respect of the subsidiaries transferred to the acquiree at the transaction date.

(vi) Reserve fund

Statutory reserve - wholly-foreign-owned enterprises

Subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC, which are wholly-foreign-owned enterprises, follow the accounting principles and relevant financial regulations of the PRC applicable to wholly-foreign-owned enterprises (the "PRC RULE"), in the preparation of its accounting records and financial statements. The subsidiaries in the PRC are required to appropriate 10% of the profit arrived at in accordance with the PRC RULE for each year to the statutory reserve. The profit arrived at must be used initially to set off against any accumulated losses. The appropriations to the statutory reserve, after offsetting against any accumulated losses, must be made before the distribution of dividends to equity owners. The appropriation is required until the statutory reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital. This statutory reserve is not distributable in the form of cash dividends, but may be used to set off losses or be converted into paid-in capital.

35. 儲備(續)

(iv)按公允值計入其他全面收入計量 之其他財務資產及債項工具儲備

按公允值計入其他全面收入計量之 其他財務資產及債項工具儲備包括 於報告期末持有之按公允值計入其 他全面收入計量之其他財務資產及 債項工具公允值之累計變動淨額及 其根據財務報表附註2.4所載會計政 策處理。

(v) 其他儲備

其他儲備包括(i)收購/攤薄非控股權益之已付/已收代價與非控股權益於交易日期之賬面值間之差額減非控股權益應佔換算該等附本集團在已轉讓予被收購公司之附屬公司而轉讓者)的人。 股權之公允值與非控股權益應分的人。 一個與非控股權公司之附屬公司之股權之公允值與非控股權益應分的人。 一個與非控股權公司之已轉讓予被收購公司之於屬公司之已轉讓予被收購公司之於屬公司之於屬公司之於屬公司之於。

(vi)儲備金

法定儲備一全外資企業

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36. PERPETUAL CAPITAL INSTRUMENTS

36.永續資本工具

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January Issuance of perpetual capital instruments Distribution attributable to holders of	於一月一日 發行永續資本工具 永續資本工具	5,708,613 1,084,935	3,455,434 2,253,179
perpetual capital instruments Distribution payable to holders of perpetual capital instruments	持有人應佔分派 應付永續資本工具 持有人之分派	190,939 (182,156)	226,563 (226,563)
		, , ,	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	6,802,331	5,708,613

The distribution rates of perpetual capital instruments range from 2.43% to 3.50% per annum and will be reset in every three calendar years from the respective date of issuance. The distributions are accrued and paid in accordance with the distribution rate as set out in the respective subscription agreements.

The perpetual capital instruments have no maturity and the payments of distribution can be deferred at the discretion of the issuers. The instruments could only be redeemed at the option of the issuers. Hence, they are classified as equity instruments.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company issued a perpetual capital instrument with a principal amount of RMB2,000,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$2,258,600,000). Net proceeds after deducting the issuance costs amounted to HK\$2,253,179,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, CEGL issued perpetual medium-term notes with a principal amount of RMB1,000,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,088,200,000). Net proceeds after deducting the issuance expenses amounted to HK\$1,084,935,000. The distribution rate for the perpetual medium-term notes is 2.43% per annum in the first 3 years from the date of issuance, and subsequently the distribution rate will be reset in every 3 calendar years. The distribution of perpetual medium-term notes is accrued in accordance with the distribution rate as set out in the offering memorandum, and the distribution is payable on 12 September annually. The perpetual medium-term notes have no maturity date and the instruments can only be redeemed at the option of CEGL. The payments of distribution can be deferred into perpetuity at the discretion of CEGL, except when a compulsory distribution payment event, including declaration or payment of any discretionary dividends to ordinary shareholders, has occurred over the past 12 months before the payment date of each distribution.

自各發行日期起計,永續資本工具的分派率介乎每年2.43%至3.50%,其後分派率將每三個曆年重置一次。分派及支付乃按照各自認購協議所載的分派率進行累計。

永續資本工具並無到期日,而發行人可 酌情決定遞延支付分派。該工具僅可由 發行人選擇贖回。因此,該等工具被分 類為權益工具。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司發行本金金額為人民幣2,000,000,000元(相當於約港幣2,258,600,000元)的永續資本工具。經扣除發行成本後,所得款項淨額為港幣2,253,179,000元。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,光大綠色環保發行本金金額為人 民幣1,000,000,000元(等值約港幣 1.088.200.000元)的永續中期票據。經 扣除發行開支後,永續中期票據之所得 款項淨額為港幣1,084,935,000元。於 自發行日期起計首3年,永續中期票據 的分派率為每年2.43%,其後將於每3 個曆年重置一次。永續中期票據的分派 乃按照發行備忘錄所載的分派率進行累 計,且該等分派應於每年九月十二日支 付一次。永續中期票據並無到期日,該 等工具僅可由光大綠色環保選擇贖回。 光大綠色環保可酌情決定將分派款項遞 延為永續年金,除非於各分派支付日期 前過往12個月發生強制分派付款事件, 包括向普通股東宣派或派付任何酌情股 息。

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37. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Details of the Group's subsidiaries that have material noncontrolling interests are set out below:

37.附帶重大非控股權益之非全資附屬公司

本集團附帶重大非控股權益之附屬公司 之詳情載列如下:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Percentage of equity interest held by non-controlling interests: CEWL CEGL	非控股權益持有之 股權百分比: 光大水務 光大綠色環保	27.13% 30.30%	27.13% 30.30%
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Profit/(loss) for the year allocated to non-controlling interests: CEWL CEGL	分配予非控股權益之 年度盈利/(虧損): 光大水務 光大綠色環保	276,620 (125,861)	322,145 (91,418)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests: CEWL CEGL	已付非控股權益之股息: 光大水務 光大綠色環保	92,382 8,764	91,236 15,652
Accumulated balances of non-controlling interests at the reporting date: CEWL CEGL	於報告日期非控股權益之 累計結餘: 光大水務 光大綠色環保	2,899,668 2,911,781	2,778,264 3,415,182

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37. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (continued)

The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information of the above subsidiaries. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

37.附帶重大非控股權益之非全資附屬公司(續)

下表列示上述附屬公司之財務資料概要。所披露之金額為集團內公司間互相對銷前之金額:

2024	二零二四年	CEWL 光大水務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	CEGL 光大綠色環保 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue	收益	6,851,918	6,976,892
Total expenses Profit/(loss) for the year Total comprehensive income	開支總額 本年度盈利/(虧損) 本年度全面收入總額	(5,797,155) 1,126,994	(8,004,214) (505,488)
for the year		856,471	(1,724,831)
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債	9,958,126 25,931,236 (7,521,411)	12,916,735 23,414,866 (10,298,028)
Non-current liabilities Non-controlling interests Perpetual capital instruments	非流動負債 非控股權益 永續資本工具	(14,376,273) (1,349,576) (806,982)	(14,371,273) (151,761) (1,900,700)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities Net cash used in investing activities Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	經營活動(所動用)/所得現金淨額投資活動所動用現金淨額融資活動所得/(所動用)現金淨額	(57,939) (296,431) 358,231 (37,340)	1,470,285 (563,692) (1,550,852) (28,668)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 減少淨額	(33,479)	(672,927)

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37. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH 37. 附帶重大非控股權益之非全資附 MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS 屬公司 (續) (continued)

2023	二零二三年	CEWL 光大水務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	CEGL 光大綠色環保 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue	收益	6,704,684	7,416,973
Total expenses	開支總額	(5,519,405)	(8,037,779)
Profit/(loss) for the year Total comprehensive income	本年度盈利/(虧損) 本年度全面收入總額	1,261,213	(301,831)
for the year		815,293	(1,067,423)
Current assets	流動資產	9,601,352	14,483,397
Non-current assets	非流動資產	23,453,748	25,274,027
Current liabilities	流動負債	(7,938,451)	(12,943,689)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(12,829,868)	(14,457,396)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,239,239)	(278,130)
Perpetual capital instruments	永續資本工具	(806,982)	(806,982)
Nick cook word in an auditory calinists	阿	(500.700)	(105,000)
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所動用現金淨額 # 2000年	(528,783)	(125,603)
Net cash used in investing activities Net cash (used in)/generated from	投資活動所動用現金淨額 融資活動(所動用)/所得	(16,641)	(1,383,808)
financing activities	現金淨額	(379,285)	1,971,429
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	匯率變動影響淨額	(58,374)	(58,225)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and	現金及現金等價物		
cash equivalents	(減少)/增加淨額	(983,083)	403,793

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38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

Business combinations

(a) Acquisition of China Western Power Environmental Electronic (Zhaotong) Limited

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group entered into an equity transfer agreement with an independent third party established in the PRC, pursuant to which the Group agreed to acquire 100% equity interest in China Western Power Environmental Electronic (Zhaotong) Limited (the name was changed to Everbright Environmental Energy (Zhaotong) Limited with effect from 9 October 2023) ("EB Energy (Zhaotong)") at a consideration of RMB100,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$109,980,000) in cash (the "Zhaotong Acquisition"). EB Energy (Zhaotong) is engaged in the operation of waste-to-energy plant and landfill project in Zhaotong, China. The Zhaotong Acquisition was completed in July 2023.

The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of EB Energy (Zhaotong) as at the date of acquisition were as follows:

38. 收購附屬公司

業務合併

(a) 收購華西能源環保電力(昭通)有限 公司

於收購日期,光大能源(昭通)之可辨別資產及負債之公允值如下:

2023

		Notes 附註	三零二三年 Fair value recognised on acquisition 收購時確認 之公允值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Intangible assets	無形資產	18	334,922
Contract assets	合約資產		126,343
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	33	29,912
Debtors, other receivables, deposits and prepayments	應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及 預付款項		48,030
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		1,947
•	應付賬款、其他應付款項及應計費用		1,947
Creditors, other payables and accrued	應的販訊、其他應的私類及應計員用		(120 015)
expenses	計息借貸		(130,015)
Interest-bearing borrowings	司 忍 旧 其		(316,192)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	可辨別資產總淨值(按公允值)		94,947
Goodwill on acquisition	收購所產生之商譽	17	15,033
			109,980
Total consideration	總代價		109,980

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38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued) **Business combinations** (continued)

(a) Acquisition of China Western Power Environmental Electronic (Zhaotong) Limited (continued)

The cash consideration for the Zhaotong Acquisition of HK\$87,984,000 was paid by the Group in 2023, and remaining consideration of HK\$21,996,000 was recorded in "Creditors, other payables and accrued expenses" in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023.

The fair value of the debtors, other receivables, deposits and prepayments as at the date of acquisition amounted to HK\$48,030,000. The gross contractual amount of debtors, other receivables, deposits and prepayments was HK\$48,030,000, none of which is expected to be uncollectible.

The Group incurred transaction costs of HK\$386,000 for this transaction. These transaction costs were expensed and included in "Administrative expenses" in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2023.

An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the Zhaotong Acquisition is as follows:

38. 收購附屬公司(續)

業務合併(續)

(a) 收購華西能源環保電力(昭通)有限 公司(續)

本集團於二零二三年支付昭通收購事項的現金代價港幣87,984,000元,而剩餘代價港幣21,996,000元則於二零二三年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表「應付賬款、其他應付款項及應計費用」內入賬。

應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及預付款項於收購日期的公允值為港幣48,030,000元。應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及預付款項的合約總額為港幣48,030,000元,預期皆可收回。

本集團就該收購產生交易成本港幣386,000元。該等交易成本於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合損益表中支銷,並計入「行政費用」。

有關昭通收購事項之現金流量分析如下:

2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元

Cash consideration	現金代價	(87,984)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	收購所得現金及現金等價物	1,947
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents	計入投資活動所得現金流量之	
included in cash flows from investing	現金及現金等價物流出淨額	
activities		(86,037)
Transaction costs of the acquisition included	計入經營活動所得現金流量之	
in cash flows from operating activities	收購交易成本	(386)
Total net cash outflow	現金流出總淨額	(86,423)

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38.ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued) **Business combinations** (continued)

(a) Acquisition of China Western Power Environmental Electronic (Zhaotong) Limited (continued)

Since the acquisition, EB Energy (Zhaotong) contributed HK\$40,526,000 to the Group's revenue and a profit of HK\$3,130,000 to the consolidated profit for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Had the transaction taken place on 1 January 2023, the consolidated revenue and net profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 would have been HK\$32,124,027,000 and HK\$5,297,003,000, respectively. In determining these amounts, management assumed that the fair value adjustments to the acquired assets and liabilities that arose on the date of acquisition would have been the same if the acquisition had occurred on 1 January 2023.

38. 收購附屬公司(續)

業務合併(續)

(a) 收購華西能源環保電力(昭通)有限 公司(續)

自收購以來,光大能源(昭通)於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度為本集團貢獻收益港幣40,526,000元,並為綜合盈利帶來盈利港幣3,130,000元。

倘有關交易於二零二三年一月一日進行,本集團截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合收益及淨盈利分別為港幣32,124,027,000元及港幣5,297,003,000元。在釐定此等金額時,管理層假設倘是項收購於二零二三年一月一日發生,收購所得資產及負債於收購日期所產生之公允值調整仍然相同。

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39.ACQUISITION OF NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

In 2023, the Group entered into an agreement with non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary, pursuant to which the non-controlling shareholder agreed to sell and the Group agreed to purchase 10% equity interest in Wuxi Technology at a consideration approximately of HK\$22,586,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recognised a decrease in non-controlling interests and other reserve of HK\$19,613,000 and 2,973,000, respectively.

40.NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

- (i) During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of HK\$79,048,000 (2023: HK\$37,760,000) and HK\$79,048,000 (2023: HK\$37,760,000), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for buildings, plant and machinery, and motor vehicles, electronic equipment and others.
- (ii) During the year ended 31 December 2024, the interest expenses on corporate bond, ABS, and MTN of HK\$381,582,000 (2023: HK\$317,214,000) and distribution for perpetual capital instruments of HK\$180,469,000 (2023: HK\$183,403,000) are not yet settled by the Group, and recorded in "Creditors, other payables and accrued expenses" in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024.

39. 收購非控股權益

於二零二三年,本集團與附屬公司非控股股東訂立協議,據此,該非控股股東同意出售,而本集團同意購買無錫科技10%股權,代價約為港幣22,586,000元。

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團確認非控股權益及其他儲備分別減少港幣19,613,000元及港幣2,973,000元。

40.綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 主要非現金交易

- (i) 於 截 至 二 零 二 四 年 十 二 月 三 十 一 日 止 年 度,本 集 團 具 有 有 關 樓 宇、廠 房 及 機 器 , 取 入 直 東 下 設 備 及 其 他 項 目 之 租 賃 安 排 之 使 用 權 資 產 及 租 賃 負 債 非 現 金 增 置 分 別 港 幣 79,048,000元 (二零二三年:港 幣 37,760,000元)。
- (ii) 於 截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團持 付清公司債券、資產支支 幣381,582,000元(二零二三年:港幣317,214,000元) 年:港幣317,214,000元) 永續資本工具之分派港 180,469,000元(二零二三關 180,469,000元(二零二三關 港幣183,403,000元),有 三十一日之綜合財務狀況 時 行賬款、其他應付款項及應計費 用」內。

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40.NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

40.綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) 融資活動所產生之負債變動

		Corporate bond, ABS, and MTN interest payables 公司債券、	Bank and other loans	Lease liabilities	Corporate bond, ABS, and MTN	Distribution payable to holders of perpetual capital instruments
		資產支持證券 及中期票據 應付利息 HK\$'000 港幣千元	銀行及 其他貸款 HK\$'000 港幣千元	租賃負債 HK\$'000 港幣千元	公司債券、 資產支持證券 及中期票據 HK\$'000 港幣千元	應付永續 資本工具 持有人之分派 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 January 2023 Changes from financing	於二零二三年一月一日 融資現金流量變動	246,814	82,512,979	120,608	12,090,913	71,686
cash flows New leases	新訂租賃	(412,994) -	(4,831,575) –	(59,856) 37,760	6,396,881	(109,091)
Acquisition of a subsidiary (note 38)	收購一間附屬公司(附註38)	-	316,192	-	-	-
Finance costs, including capitalised interest expenses Distribution to holders of	財務費用(包括已資本化利息 支出) 永續資本工具持有人之分派	495,073	-	6,854	-	-
perpetual capital instruments Foreign exchange movement	匯兌變動	- (11,679)	- (1,564,745)	- 6,996	(408,863)	226,563 (5,755)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Changes from financing	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 及二零二四年一月一日 融資現金流量變動	317,214	76,432,851	112,362	18,078,931	183,403
cash flows New leases	新訂租賃	(606,977)	(8,841,768)	(55,715) 79,048	7,395,867	(182,719)
Finance costs, including capitalised interest expenses Distribution to holders of	財務費用(包括已資本化利息 支出) 永續資本工具持有人之分派	675,662	-	6,215	-	-
perpetual capital instruments Foreign exchange movement	匯兌變動	- (4,317)	- (1,109,435)	- (14,116)	- (414,801)	182,156 (2,371)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	381,582	66,481,648	127,794	25,059,997	180,469

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40.NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(c) Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

40.綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(c) 租賃之現金流出總額

現金流量表所載租賃之現金流出總 額如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within operating activities Within investing activities Within financing activities	經營活動 投資活動 融資活動	(5,083) - (55,715)	(17,321) (17,675) (59,856)
		(60,798)	(94,852)

41.PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of the Group's assets pledged for the Group's banking facilities, other loans, ABS and lease liabilities are included in note 29 to the financial statements. The aggregate net book value of assets and equity interest in subsidiaries pledged amounted to HK\$100,883,278,000 (2023: HK\$98,650,493,000) as at 31 December 2024.

42. COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following commitments at the end of the reporting period:

(a) Purchase commitments outstanding in connection with the Group's construction contracts were as follows:

41.資產抵押

就本集團之銀行融資、其他貸款、資產支持證券及租賃負債予以抵押之本集團資產之詳情載於財務報表附註29。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,已抵押資產及附屬公司股權之賬面總淨值為港幣100,883,278,000元(二零二三年:港幣98,650,493,000元)。

42. 承擔

於報告期末,本集團有以下承擔:

(a) 有關本集團建造合約之採購承擔如 下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Contracted but not provided for	已訂約但未撥備	2,161,956	4,398,306

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42. COMMITMENTS (continued)

- (b) At 31 December 2024, the Group had an outstanding contractual commitment relating to the capital contribution to an unlisted equity investment not provided for in the financial statements of HK\$22,348,000 (2023: HK\$22,711,000).
- (c) At 31 December 2024, the Group had outstanding contractual commitment relating to the capital contribution to a joint venture not provided for in the financial statements of HK\$26,760,000 (2023: HK\$27,195,000).
- (d) At 31 December 2024, the Group had outstanding contractual commitment relating to the capital contribution to associates not provided for in the financial statements of HK\$8,734,000 (2023: HK\$8,876,000).

43. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions during the year:

(a) The Group entered into the following related party transactions with a related party bank:

42.承擔(續)

- (b) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團具有有關向非上市股本投資注資之未履行合約承擔港幣22,348,000元(二零二三年:港幣22,711,000元),有關承擔並未在財務報表中作出撥備。
- (c) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本 集團具有有關向合營企業注資之 未履行合約承擔港幣26,760,000 元(二零二三年:港幣27,195,000 元),有關承擔並未在財務報表中作 出撥備。
- (d) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本 集團具有有關向聯營公司注資之未 履行合約承擔港幣8,734,000元(二 零二三年:港幣8,876,000元),有關 承擔並未在財務報表中作出撥備。

43. 關聯方交易

除了此等財務報表其他部份所披露之交 易及結餘外,年內本集團訂立了下列重 大關聯方交易:

(a) 本集團與一家關聯方銀行訂立了下 列關聯方交易:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Interest income	利息收入	5,601	9,554
Interest expense	利息支出	10,767	11,808

Details of the Group's deposits placed with a related party bank and loans from a related party bank are included in notes 26, 27 and 29 to the financial statements.

本集團存放於關聯方銀行之存款及 關聯方銀行提供之貸款詳情載於財 務報表附註26、附註27及附註29。

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43.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS *(continued)*

(b) The Group entered into the following related party transactions with non-controlling shareholders of non wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group:

43. 關聯方交易 (續)

(b) 本集團與其非全資附屬公司之非控 股股東訂立了下列關聯方交易:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue from environmental water project operation services Finance income Cost of construction service Sales of equipment	環保水務項目運營 服務收益 財務收入 建造服務成本 裝備銷售	87,812 10,935 369,241 71,321	87,801 12,790 404,465 4,142

- (c) The Group entered into the following related party transactions with joint ventures of the Group:
- (c) 本集團與其合營企業訂立了下列關 聯方交易:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue from environmental energy project construction services Sales of machinery	環保能源項目建造 服務收益 銷售機器	- -	354,575 30,574

- (d) The Group entered into the following related party transactions with associates of the Group:
- (d) 本集團與其聯營公司訂立了下列關 聯方交易:

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Service expenses for operation of waste 污水處理廠運營服務開支 water treatment plants Technical operation service fee 技術運營服務費	44,223 111,854	46,165 42,981

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43. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(e) The Group entered into the following related party transactions with fellow subsidiaries of the Group, which also constituted continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules, details of which are disclosed under the paragraph headed "Connected transactions" in the Report of the Directors:

43. 關聯方交易(續)

(e) 本集團與其同系附屬公司訂立了下 列關聯方交易,根據上市規則,有關 交易亦構成持續關連交易,有關交 易詳情於董事會報告「關連交易」部 份披露:

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
<u>o</u>	承銷服務費用	(i)	15,936	18,455
	保險開支	(ii)	69,728	112,332
	物業管理服務費用	(iii)	6,670	9,821

Notes:

(i) The underwriting service fees of the issue of the RMB denominated perpetual capital instruments by CEGL for the year ended 31 December 2024 were calculated pursuant to the relevant underwriting agreement. Further details of the underwriting agreement disclosed in the announcement of CEGL dated 12 September 2024.

The underwriting service fees of the issue of the RMB-denominated MTN by the Company, CEGL and CEWL for the year ended 31 December 2024 were calculated pursuant to the relevant underwriting agreements. Further details of the underwriting agreements are disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 26 March 2024, 20 May 2024 and 26 September 2024, the announcements of CEGL dated 31 May 2024 and 29 July 2024, and the announcement of CEWL dated 8 January 2024.

The underwriting services fees of the issue of the RMB denominated perpetual capital instruments by the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 were calculated pursuant to the relevant underwriting agreements. Further details of the underwriting agreements are disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 29 May 2023.

The underwriting service fees of the issue of the Energy MTN, Greentech MTN and Water MTN for the year ended 31 December 2023 were calculated pursuant to the relevant underwriting agreements. Further details of the underwriting agreements are disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 6 March 2023 and 24 November 2023, the announcements of CEGL dated 15 May 2023 and 22 September 2023 and the announcements of CEWL dated 17 April 2023, 17 July 2023 and 23 August 2023.

附註:

(i) 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,光大綠色環保發行之人民幣永續資本工具之承銷服務費用乃根據相關承銷協議計算。承銷協議之進一步詳情於光大綠色環保日期為二零二四年九月十二日之公告中披露。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司、光大綠色環保及光大水務 發行人民幣中期票據之承銷服務費用乃 根據相關承銷協議計算。承銷協議之進 一步詳情於本公司日期為二零二四年五月二十六日、二零二四年五月二十六日之公告、光十 是電保日期為二零二四年五月三十九日之公告、 是環保日期為二零二四年一月八日之 光大水務日期為二零二四年一月八日之 公告中披露。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司發行之人民幣永續資本工具之承銷服務費用乃根據相關承銷協議計算。承銷協議之進一步詳情於本公司日期為二零二三年五月二十九日之公告中披露。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,發行能源中期票據、綠色環保中期票據及水務中期票據之承銷服務費用乃根據相關承銷協議計算。承銷協議之一步詳情於本公司日期為二零二三日五次告入光大綠色環保日期為二零二三年五月十五日及二零二三年九月二十二日之公告及光大水務日期為二零二三日四月十七日、二零二三年七月十七日太二零二三年八月二十三日之公告中披露。

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43.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

- (e) *(continued)*Notes: *(continued)*
 - (ii) The insurance expenses were charged by a fellow subsidiary of the Group based on the relevant medical insurance schemes clauses.
 - (iii) The property management services fee were charged by a fellow subsidiary of the Group based on the relevant services agreement.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group's office was leased from a fellow subsidiary of the Group. As at 31 December 2024, the right-of-use assets related to the office leased from the fellow subsidiary of the Group amounted to HK\$2,777,000 (2023: HK\$10,125,000) and lease liabilities of HK\$2,575,000 (2023: HK\$10,099,000) are due to the fellow subsidiary of the Group. Depreciation on right-of-use assets related to this office amounted to HK\$7,349,000 (2023: HK\$7,460,000) and interest on lease liabilities to the fellow subsidiary of the Group amounted to HK\$252,000 (2023: HK\$542,000) during the year ended 31 December 2024.

(f) Transactions with other stated-owned entities in Chinese Mainland:

The Group operates in an economic environment predominated by enterprises directly or indirectly owned and/or controlled by the PRC government through its numerous authorities, affiliates or other organisations (collectively "Other SOEs"). During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group had transactions with the Other SOEs including, but not limited to the revenue, bank deposits and borrowings, and utilities consumptions. The directors of the Company consider that the transactions with the Other SOEs are activities in the ordinary course of the Group's business, and that the dealings of the Group have not been significantly or unduly affected by the fact that the Group and the Other SOEs are ultimately controlled or owned by the PRC government. The Group has also established pricing policies for products and services and such pricing policies are not carried out on non-market terms and do not depend on whether or not the customers are the Other SOEs. Having due regard to the substance of the relationships, except for those transactions disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that none of these transactions is material related party transaction that would require separate disclosure.

43. 關聯方交易 (續)

- (e) *(續)* 附註:*(續)*
 - (ii) 保險開支由本集團一間同系附屬公司按 相關醫療保險計劃條款收取。
 - (iii) 物業管理服務費用由本集團一間同系附屬公司按相關服務協議收取。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團辦公室乃向本集十團門三十一日同同人本集團辦公室內面本集十團二月三十一日同司利國公司租用之辦公室有關之使用權三負:港幣10,125,000元(二零二三債十一日上年度,此辦公司之款項。截至二零二三年:港幣7,349,000元(二零二三年:港幣7,349,000元),而應付本集團同系附屬公司之款項。截至二等二十一日上年度,此辦公司之款項。截至十一日上年度,此辦公司之款明度用權資產折舊為港幣7,349,000元(二零二三年:港幣7,460,000元),有三人,有三人,有一人,而應付本集團所以及司之。

(f) 與中國大陸其他國有實體之交易:

本集團運營所在經濟環境由中國政 府通過眾多機關、附屬機構或其他 組織所直接或間接擁有及/或控制 之企業(統稱「其他國有企業」)佔 主導地位。截至二零二四年十二 三十一日止年度,本集團曾與其他 國有企業進行之交易包括(但不限 於)收益、銀行存款及借貸,以及公 共設施消費。本公司董事認為,該 等與其他國有企業之交易均屬本集 團於日常業務過程中進行之業務, 而本集團之交易並無因本集團及其 他國有企業事實上均由中國政府最 終控制或擁有而受到重大或過度影 響。本集團亦已制定產品及服務定 價政策,而有關定價政策並非按非 市場條款制訂,亦不取決於客戶是 否其他國有企業。經妥為考慮上述 關係之本質後,除此等財務報表其 他部份所披露之交易外,本公司董 事認為該等交易並非須作獨立披露 之重大關聯方交易。

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43.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(g) The Group paid key management personnel compensation as follows:

43. 關聯方交易(續)

(g) 本集團已支付予主要管理人員之報酬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits Retirement scheme contributions	薪金及其他短期僱員福利 退休計劃供款	17,370 625	17,959 2,014
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	支付予主要管理人員之 總報酬	17,995	19,973

44. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposits, deposits with banks with maturity period over three months, creditors, debtors, current portion of other receivables, deposits and prepayments, finance lease receivables, other payables and accrued expenses, and interest-bearing borrowings approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance management department is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. At each reporting date, the finance management department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

44. 金融工具之公允值及公允值架構 級別

管理層評定現金及現金等價物、已抵押銀行存款、存款期超過三個月之銀行存款、應付賬款、應收賬款、以及其他應收款項、按金及預付款項、融資租賃應收款項、其他應付款項及應計費用及計息借貸之即期部份之公允值與其賬面值相若,主要由於該等工具於短期內到期。

本集團之財務管理部門專責釐定金融 工具公允值計量之政策及程序。於各個 報告日期,財務管理部門會分析金融工 具之價值變動,並釐定估值所應用之主 要輸入數據。估值由財務總監審閱及審 批。審核委員會每年討論估值過程及結 果兩次,以便作出中期及年度財務報 告。

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44. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of the non-current portion of other receivables, deposits and prepayments, finance lease receivables, other payables and accrued expenses, and interest-bearing borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The Group's own non-performance risk for interest-bearing borrowings as at 31 December 2024 was assessed to be insignificant.

The fair value of the equity investment designated at fair value through other comprehensive income in Level 3 is estimated with reference to the expected future cash flows of the investment

The fair value of the debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income in Level 2 is estimated with reference to the discounted expected future cash flows of the debt instruments.

The fair values of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in Level 2 are based on net asset value of the investees which approximate to the fair value.

The fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in Level 3 is based on the expected future cash flows of the investment.

44.金融工具之公允值及公允值架構級別(續)

財務資產及負債之公允值以該工具於自願交易方(而非強迫或清盤出售)當前交易下之可交易金額入賬。下列方法及假設乃用於估計公允值:

其他應收款項、按金及預付款項、融資租賃應收款項、其他應付款項及應計費用以及計息借貸之非即期部份之公允值乃按具有類似條款、信貸風險及剩餘年期之工具之現行適用利率,貼現預期年來現金流量之方式計算。於二零二四十二月三十一日,就計息借貸而言,本集團本身之不履約風險被評定為甚微。

屬於第三級並指定按公允值計入其他全面收入之股本投資之公允值乃經參考有關投資之預期未來現金流量而估計。

屬於第二級並按公允值計入其他全面收入之債項工具之公允值乃經參考債項工具之出現預期未來現金流量而估計。

屬於第二級並按公允值計入損益之財務 資產之公允值乃根據被投資公司之資產 淨值釐定,有關資產淨值與其公允值相 若。

屬於第三級並按公允值計入損益之財務 資產之公允值乃根據有關投資之預期未 來現金流量釐定。

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44. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value:

As at 31 December 2024

44.金融工具之公允值及公允值架構級別(續)

公允值架構級別

下表列出本集團金融工具之公允值計量 層級:

按公允值計量之資產:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日

Fair value measurement using 使用以下各項維行公允值計量

	使用以下各項進行公允值計量				
		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) 活躍市場	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 重大可觀察	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大不可觀察	Total
		之報價 (第一級) HK\$'000 港幣千元	輸入數據 (第二級) HK\$'000 港幣千元	輸入數據 (第三級) HK\$'000 港幣千元	總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income – Unlisted	指定按公允值計入 其他全面收入之 股本投資 一非上市	_	-	6,315	6,315
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income, which are included in debtors	按公允值計入其他 全面收入之債項工具 (計入應收賬款)		7,417,971	_	7,417,971
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益之 財務資產	-	131,595	32,928	164,523
Total	總額	-	7,549,566	39,243	7,588,809

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44. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Assets measured at fair value: (continued)

As at 31 December 2023

44.金融工具之公允值及公允值架構 級別(續) 公允值架構級別(續)

公允祖朱博級列(*續)* 按公允值計量之資產:(續)

於二零二三年十二月三十一日

Fair value measurement using 使用以下各項進行公允值計量

		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) 活躍市場 之報價 (第一級) HK\$'000 港幣千元	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 重大可觀察 輸入數據 (第二級) HK\$'000 港幣千元	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大不可觀察 輸入數據 (第三級) HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income – Unlisted	指定按公允值計入 其他全面收入之 股本投資 一非上市	-	-	10,044	10,044
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income, which are included in debtors	按公允值計入其他 全面收入之債項工具 (計入應收賬款)	-	7,248,873	-	7,248,873
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益之 財務資產	-	228,270	32,998	261,268
Total	總額	-	7,477,143	43,042	7,520,185

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

44. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Assets measured at fair value: (continued)

The movements in fair value measurements within Level 3 during the year are as follows:

44.金融工具之公允值及公允值架構級別(續)

公允值架構級別(續)

按公允值計量之資產:(續)

第三級公允值計量於年內之變動如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Equity investments designated at fair value	指定按公允值計入其他		
through other comprehensive income:	全面收入之股本投資: 於一月一日	10.044	20.200
At 1 January (Disposal)/purchase	(出售)/購買	10,044 (2,553)	29,389 1,569
Fair value loss	公允值虧損	(1,176)	(20,914)
1 all value 1055	△ 10 1旦 推 11只	(1,170)	(20,914)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	6,315	10,044
Financial assets at fair value through	按公允值計入損益之		
profit or loss:	財務資產:		
At 1 January	於一月一日	32,998	35,498
Fair value gain/(loss)	公允值收益/(虧損)	464	(1,586)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(534)	(914)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	32,928	32,998

The Group did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (2023: Nil).

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本集團並無任何按公允值計 量之財務負債。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,就財務資產及財務負債而言,第一級和第二級公允值計量之間並無任何轉移,第三級亦無任何轉入或轉出(二零二三年:無)。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

45. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

45.按類別劃分之金融工具

於報告期末,各類別金融工具之賬面值 如下:

2024 二零二四年

				Equity		
				investments	Debt	
			Financial	designated	instruments	
		Financial	assets at	at fair value	at fair value	
		assets at	fair value	through other	through other	
		amortised	through	comprehensive	comprehensive	
		cost	profit or loss	income 指定	income	Total
				按公允值	按公允值	
		按攤銷成本	按公允值	計入其他	計入其他	
		計算之	計入損益之	全面收入之	全面收入之	
Financial assets	財務資產	財務資產	財務資產	股本投資	債項工具	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Finance lease receivables	融資租賃應收款項	12,067	_	_	_	12,067
Other financial assets	其他財務資產	_ `_	164,523	6,315	_	170,838
Financial assets included in debtors, other	計入應收賬款、其他應收款項、					
receivables, deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項之財務資產	15,294,169	_	_	7,417,971	22,712,140
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	106,165	_	_	_	106,165
Deposits with banks with maturity period	存款期超過三個月之銀行存款					
over three months		40,209	-	-	_	40,209
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	7,895,622	-	-	-	7,895,622
Total	總額	23,348,232	164,523	6,315	7,417,971	30,937,041

Financial liabilities	財務負債	Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷 成本計算之 財務負債 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial liabilities included in creditors, other payables and accrued expenses Interest-bearing borrowings	計入應付賬款、其他應付款項 及應計費用之財務負債 計息借貸	15,812,990 91,669,439
Total	總額	107,482,429

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

45. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows: *(continued)*

45.按類別劃分之金融工具(續)

於報告期末,各類別金融工具之賬面值如下:(續)

2023 二零二三年

4 – 6 –	-	-	22,844 8,433,216
	-	-	
4 –	_	_	22 844
0 –	_	_	176,680
8 -	-	7,248,873	22,003,361
0		7.040.070	00 000 001
- 261,268	10,044	-	271,312
	-	-	13,034
て 冷怖十元	冶帘十兀	冶帘十兀	港幣千元
			HK\$'000 ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
			總額
	計入其他	計入其他	
	按公允值	按公允值	
or prome or 1000		111001110	Total
			Total
	•	•	
	•		
Financial			
		Dalat	
	之 計入損益之 を 財務資產 HK\$'000 元 港幣千元 44 -	al assets at at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss income 指定 按公允值 計入其他之 計入損益之 全面收入之產 財務資產 股本投資 HK\$'000	investments Debt instruments all assets at at fair value at fair value through other

Financial liabilities	財務負債	Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷 成本計算之 財務負債 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial liabilities included in creditors, other payables and accrued expenses Interest-bearing borrowings	計入應付賬款、其他應付款項 及應計費用之財務負債 計息借貸	16,705,686 94,624,144
Total	總額	111,329,830

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

46.TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

The Group entered into agreements with certain financial institutions whereby the Group sold out certain debtors of renewable energy tariff subsidies (the "Derecognised Debtors") to a trust company, which in turn issued assetbacked notes in the NAFMII. The asset-backed notes were backed by the receivables of related renewable energy tariff subsidy.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group transferred debtors of renewable energy tariff subsidies of an aggregate carrying amount of RMB470,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$502,900,000) to the trust company and received proceeds of approximately HK\$502,900,000. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards relating to the Derecognised Debtors, and the Group's exposure to the variability in the amounts of the Derecognised Debtors was not significant after the transactions. Accordingly, the full carrying amount of the Derecognised Debtors has been derecognised. The Group has provided liquidity support to the asset-backed notes. The maximum exposure to loss from the Group's continuing involvement in the Derecognised Debtors is equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the fair value of the Group's continuing involvement in the Derecognised Debtors is not significant.

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group has not recognised any gain or loss on the date of transfer of the Derecognised Debtors. No gains or losses were recognised from the continuing involvement, both during the year or cumulatively. Further details of the issuance of asset-backed notes are disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 28 December 2021, 26 August 2022 and 28 November 2023, and the announcements of CEGL dated 21 April 2021 and 19 October 2021.

46.轉讓財務資產 全數終止確認之已轉讓財務資產

本集團與若干金融機構訂立協議,其中本集團向一家信託公司出售若干再生能源電價補貼應收賬款(「已終止確認應收賬款」),而該信託公司則於銀行間市場交易商協會發行資產支持票據。資產支持票據以相關再生能源電價補貼之應收款項作支持。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團向該信託公司轉讓賬面總 值人民幣470,000,000元(相當約港幣 502,900,000元) 之再生能源電價補 貼應收賬款,並收取所得款項約港幣 502,900,000元。本公司董事認為,本 集團已轉讓有關已終止確認應收賬款的 絕大部分風險及回報,故本集團於交易 後面臨已終止確認應收賬款金額之可 變性風險並不重大。因此,已終止確認 應收賬款之賬面值已全數被終止確認。 本集團已向資產支持票據提供流動性支 持。本集團持續參與已終止確認應收賬 款之最高虧損風險相等於其賬面值。本 公司董事認為,本集團持續參與已終止 確認應收賬款之公允值並不重大。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團於轉讓已終止 確認應收賬款日期並未確認任何收益 虧損。概無於年內或累計確認來自持 參與之收益或虧損。發行資產支持票 之進一步詳情於本公司日期為二零八月 年十二月二十八日、二零二二年八月 二十六日及二零二三年十一月二十八 之公告及光大綠色環保日期為二零二一 年四月二十一日及二零二一年十月 日之公告內披露。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise interest-bearing borrowings, cash and short term deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as debtors, other receivables, deposits, finance lease receivables, and creditors, other payables and accrued expenses, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from the Group's cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits, bank and other loans, lease liabilities, corporate bond, ABS and MTN. Borrowings issued at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively. The Group does not use financial derivatives to hedge against the interest rate risk. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out in (i) below.

47.財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括計息借貸、 現金及短期存款。此等金融工具之主要 目的在於為本集團之業務運作提供資 金。本集團還有其他財務資產及負債, 包括應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金、 融資租賃應收款項以及應付賬款、其他 應付款項及應計費用,乃直接自其業務 產生。

本集團金融工具產生之主要風險包括利率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。董事會檢討及協定管理各項有關風險之政策,有關政策概述於下文。

利率風險

本集團之利率風險主要源自本集團之現金及現金等價物、銀行存款、銀行及其他貸款、租賃負債、公司債券、資產支持證券以及中期票據。按浮動利率及固定利率批出之借貸令本集團分別承受現金流量利率風險及公允值利率風險。本集團並無利用金融衍生工具來對沖利率風險。本集團之利率概況由管理層監察,詳載於下文(i)。

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued) Interest rate risk (continued)

(i) Interest rate profile

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's net borrowings (being interest-bearing financial liabilities less bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents and other interest-bearing financial assets) at the end of the reporting period.

47.財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

利率風險(續)

(i) 利率概況

下表載列本集團於報告期末之借貸 淨額(即計息財務負債減去銀行存 款、現金及現金等價物以及其他計 息財務資產)之利率概況。

		202 二零二	24 _四年	2023 二零二三年	
		Effective interest rate 實際利率		Effective interest rate 實際利率	
		%	HK\$'000 港幣千元	%	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Net fixed rate borrowings/ (financial assets):	定息借貸/(財務資產)淨額:				
Bank loans, lease liabilities, corporate bond, ABS and MTN	銀行貸款、租賃負債、 N 公司債券、資產支持證券及				
Less: Deposits with banks with	中期票據 減:存款期超過三個月之	1.42 - 5.00	38,259,921	1.15 – 8.49	26,675,139
maturity period over three months	銀行存款	1.35 - 2.60	(40,209)	1.45	(22,844)
Cash and cash equivalents		0.55	(32,682)	1.80 – 3.05	(311,894)
Amounts due from an associate (note 25)	應收聯營公司款項(附註25)	3.35	(7,493)	4.75	(6,329)
an associate (note 20)		0.00	(1,400)	4.10	(0,020)
Subtotal	小計		38,179,537		26,334,072
Net variable rate borrowings/ (financial assets):	浮息借貸/ (財務資產)淨額:				
Bank and other loans Amounts due to non-controlling	銀行及其他貸款 應付非控股權益之款項	1.59 – 5.95	53,409,518	1.60 – 7.02	67,949,005
interests Less: Other receivables, deposits	減・甘ル廃事物で、協会	4.35	181,569	4.35	215,385
and prepayments (note 2		4.75	(11,727)	4.75	(16,173)
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	0.00 - 2.70	(106,165)	0.00 - 3.50	(176,680)
Cash and cash equivalents		0.00 - 4.90	(7,862,940)	0.01 – 3.50	(8,121,322)
Amounts due from joint ventures (note 25)	應收合營企業款項(附註25)	3.88	(20,109)	4.31	(25,563)
Subtotal	小計		45,590,146		59,824,652
Total net borrowings	總借貸淨額		83,769,683		86,158,724

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued) Interest rate risk (continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2024, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of one percent in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profit before tax by approximately HK\$837,697,000 (2023: HK\$861,587,000).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit before tax that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period. In respect of the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate non-derivative instruments held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact on the Group's profit before tax is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense or income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis was performed on the same basis for 2023.

Foreign currency risk

(i) Exposure to currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily from interest-bearing borrowings, cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets, receivables and payables that are denominated in a foreign currency, i.e. a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily Hong Kong dollars, RMB, United States dollars, Singapore dollars and Euro.

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in Hong Kong dollars, translated using the spot rate at the reporting period end date. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency are excluded.

47.財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

利率風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,據本集團估計,如利率整體上調/下調1個百分點,而所有其他不定因素維持不變,本集團之除稅前盈利將會減少/增加約港幣837,697,000元(二零二三年:港幣861,587,000元)。

外幣風險

(i) 須承受之貨幣風險

本集團之貨幣風險主要來自以外幣 (即相關業務之功能貨幣以外之貨 幣)計值之計息借貸、現金及現金等 價物、其他財務資產、應收款項及應 付款項。涉及貨幣風險之貨幣主要 為港幣、人民幣、美元、新加坡元及 歐羅。

下表詳列本集團於報告期末需承受由已確認資產或負債(以相關實體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣計值)所壓生之貨幣風險。為方便呈報,貨幣風險之金額乃按報告期間結算日之節數匯率兌換為港幣列示。海外業務之財務報表換算為本集團呈報與時產生之差異,不會計入貨幣風險。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT
OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)
Foreign currency risk (continued)

(i) Exposure to currency risk (continued)

47.財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險(續)

(i) 須承受之貨幣風險(續)

Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in Hong Kong dollars) As at 31 December 2024 須承受之外幣風險 (以港幣計算)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Hong Kong dollars 港幣 HK\$'000 港幣千元	RMB 人民幣 HK\$'000 港幣千元	United States dollars 美元 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Singapore dollars 新加坡元 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Euro 歐羅 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cash and cash equivalents Other financial assets Interest-bearing borrowings	現金及現金等價物 其他財務資產 計息借貸	16,979 - -	354,222 - (9,867,541)	132,137 6,315 –	3,444 - -	767 - -
Amounts due from/(to) group companies (net) Creditors, other payables and	應收/(應付)集團公司款項 (淨額) 應付賬款、其他應付款項及	5,337,040	5,206,159	497,723	(196)	813,618
accrued expenses	應計費用	-	(189,588)	(3,624)	(1,975)	
Total	總額	5,354,019	(4,496,748)	632,551	1,273	814,385

Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in Hong Kong dollars) As at 31 December 2023 須承受之外幣風險 (以港幣計算)

於二零二三年十二月三十一日

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		Hong Kong dollars 港幣 HK\$'000 港幣千元	RMB 人民幣 HK\$'000 港幣千元	United States dollars 美元 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Singapore dollars 新加坡元 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Euro 歐羅 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Cash and cash equivalents Other financial assets Interest-bearing borrowings Amounts due from/(to) group	現金及現金等價物 其他財務資產 計息借貸 應收/(應付)集團公司款項	17,575 - (1,917,694)	663,623 - (24,917,534)	38,529 98,194 -	2,524 - -	418 - (25,207)
companies (net) Creditors, other payables and accrued expenses	(淨額) 應付賬款、其他應付款項及 應計費用	4,328,267 (4,268)	4,747,672 (148,499)	551,497 (2,597)	(55) (1,301)	541,412
Total	總額	2,423,880	(19,654,738)	685,623	1,168	516,615

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued) Foreign currency risk (continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit before tax that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the Hong Kong dollar and the United States dollar would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the United States dollar against other currencies. Except for those subsidiaries with their functional currencies other than Hong Kong dollars, the impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuations with respect to the assets and liabilities denominated in United States dollars is insignificant as the Hong Kong dollar is pegged to the United States dollar.

47.財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析

2024

2022

		2024		2023	
		二零二	四年	_零_	三年
		Increase/	Increase/	Increase/	Increase/
		(decrease) in	(decrease)	(decrease) in	(decrease)
		foreign	in profit	foreign	in profit
		exchange	before	exchange	before
		rates	tax	rates	tax
			除稅前		除稅前
		匯率上升/	盈利增加/	匯率上升/	盈利增加/
		(下跌)	(減少)	(下跌)	(減少)
		%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000
			港幣千元		港幣千元
Hong Kong dollars	港幣	10	535,402	10	242,388
		(10)	(535,402)	(10)	(242,388)
RMB	人民幣	10	(449,675)	10	(1,965,474)
		(10)	449,675	(10)	1,965,474
United States dollars	美元	10	(305)	10	10,478
		(10)	305	(10)	(10,478)
Singapore dollars	新加坡元	10	127	10	117
		(10)	(127)	(10)	(117)
Euro	歐羅	10	81,439	10	51,662
		(10)	(81,439)	(10)	(51,662)

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued) Foreign currency risk (continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis (continued)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit before tax measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, including intercompany payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis was performed on the same basis for 2023.

Credit risk

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to credit risk are monitored on an ongoing basis. Debts are usually due within 30 to 90 days from the date of billing.

Debtors of the Group represent receivables in respect of revenue from environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects operation services which are settled on a monthly basis. In addition, the Group has contract assets and other receivables in respect of the BOT, BOO and TOT arrangements.

47.財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析(續)

上表呈列之分析結果總結了本集團 各個別公司以相關功能貨幣計量之 除稅前盈利之即時影響,有關影響 以報告期末之匯率折算為港幣呈 報。

信貸風險

管理層設定了信貸政策,並持續監察本 集團所面對之信貸風險。債項通常由發 單日期起計三十至九十日內到期。

本集團之應收賬款指來自環保能源項目、環保水務項目及綠色環保項目之運營服務收益之應收款項,有關款項按月收取。此外,本集團亦有涉及BOT、BOO及TOT安排之合約資產及其他應收款項。

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued) Credit risk (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, "debtors, other receivables, deposits and prepayments" and "contract assets" of the Group amounted to HK\$26,625,215,000 (2023: HK\$26,865,022,000) and HK\$107,281,877,000 (2023: HK\$107,971,085,000), respectively, of which HK\$2,355,619,000 (2023: HK\$1,908,990,000) and HK\$10,006,366,000 (2023: HK\$9,057,687,000) were due from the largest customer and the five largest customers in aggregate of the Group, respectively. Since the parties to BOT, BOO and TOT arrangements are local government authorities in the PRC, the Group considers the credit risk is low. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Management groups financial instruments on basis of shared credit risk characteristics, such as instrument type and credit risk ratings for the purpose of determining significant increase in credit risk and calculation of impairment. The carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to its financial assets.

47.財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

於報告期末,本集團之「應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及預付款項」及「合約資產」分別為港幣26,625,215,000元(二零二三年:港幣26,865,022,000元)及港幣107,281,877,000元(二零二三年:港幣107,971,085,000元)其中港幣2,355,619,000元(二零二三年:港幣1,908,990,000元)及港幣10,006,366,000元(二零二三年:港幣1,908,990,000元)及港幣2,057,687,000元)分別為本集團最大客戶合計欠款及五大客戶合計欠款方為各下欠款及五大客戶合計欠款方均為資內大數及五大客戶合計欠款方均為資內大數及五大客戶合計欠款方均為資內大數及五大客戶合計欠款方均為資內大數及五大客戶合計欠款方均為資內大數方,與五大客戶合計欠款方均為資內大數方,與五大客戶公司,以表述表述。

就釐定信貸風險之大幅增加及計算耗 損而言,管理層基於共同信貸風險特徵 (例如:工具類型及信貸風險評級)分 類金融工具。綜合財務狀況表中各項財 務資產之賬面值為本集團財務資產相關 信貸風險之最高值。

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued) Credit risk (continued)

The Group has established a policy to perform an assessment, of whether a financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, by considering the change in the risk of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument. The Group groups its other receivables and contract assets that contain a significant financing component into Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3, as described in the accounting policies set out in note 2.4 to the financial statements.

Management also makes periodic collective assessments for other receivables as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical settlement records, past experience and other factors. The Group classified other receivables and contract assets that contain a significant financing component in Stage 1 and continuously monitored their credit risk. Management believes that there is no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding balance of other receivables and contract assets that contain a significant financing component as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

All pledged bank deposits, deposits with banks with maturity period over three months and cash and cash equivalents were deposited with creditworthy financial institutions without significant credit risk.

The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group or the Company to credit risk. Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from "Contract assets" as well as "Debtors, other receivables, deposits and prepayments" are set out in notes 23 and 25 to the financial statements, respectively.

47.財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

本集團已制定政策,透過考慮金融工具剩餘年期內發生違約風險之變化,評估自初步確認以來金融工具之信貸風險是否顯著增加。本集團將其他應收款項及具有重大融資成份之合約資產分類為此等財務報表附註2.4所載會計政策所述的第一階段、第二階段及第三階段。

所有已抵押銀行存款、存款期超過三個 月之銀行存款以及現金及現金等價物皆 存放於信譽良好之財務機構,且並無重 大信貸風險。

本集團並無提供任何會令本集團或本公司承受信貸風險之擔保。本集團「合約資產」及「應收賬款、其他應收款項、按金及預付款項」所涉信貸風險之進一步數據披露,分別載於財務報表附註23及附註25。

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the parent company's board when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

47.財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

本集團旗下獨立營運實體須自行負責現金管理工作,包括現金盈餘之短期投資及籌措貸款以應付預期現金需求,惟貸超出預定授權金額,則須獲國之投權金額,則須獲國之批准方可作實。本集團之政策是定期監察流動資金所需及監察其為稅稅主要財務機構取得足夠的承諾信貸融資,以應付短期及長期流動資金需求。

下表列示本集團於報告期末之非衍生工 具財務負債之剩餘合約期限情況,並以 訂約未貼現現金流量(包括按合約利率 或(如屬浮息)根據報告期末通行之利率 計算之利息)及本集團須償還有關款項 之最早日期為基準而列出。

		2024					
		二零二四年					
			Total		More than	More than	
			contractual	Within	1 year	2 years	
		Carrying	undiscounted	1 year or	but within	but within	More than
		amount	cash flow	on demand	2 years	5 years	5 years
			訂約未貼現	一年內或	一年後	兩年後	
		賬面值	現金流量總額	按要求	但兩年內	但五年內	五年後
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
	入應付賬款、其他應付 款項及應計費用之						
	財務負債	15,812,990	15,812,990	15,470,387	241,310	-	101,293
Interest-bearing borrowings 計	息借貸						
(excluding lease liabilities)*	(不包括租賃負債)*	91,541,645	101,967,893	21,683,739	28,488,906	30,566,687	21,228,561
Lease liabilities 租	賃負債	127,794	147,340	43,965	23,236	35,347	44,792
Total 總	額	107,482,429	117,928,223	37,198,091	28,753,452	30,602,034	21,374,646

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued) Liquidity risk (continued)

47.財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

2023

		二零二三年					
			Total		More than	More than	
			contractual	Within	1 year	2 years	
		Carrying	undiscounted	1 year or	but within	but within	More than
		amount	cash flow 訂約未貼現	on demand 一年內或	2 years 一年後	5 years 兩年後	5 years
		賬面值	現金流量總額	按要求	但兩年內	但五年內	五年後
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Financial liabilities included in creditors, other payables an accrued expenses	計入應付賬款、其他應付 d 款項及應計費用之 財務負債	16,705,686	16,705,686	16,353,996	260.369	7.474	83,847
Interest-bearing borrowings	計息借貸	10,700,000	10,700,000	10,000,990	200,009	1,414	00,047
(excluding lease liabilities)*	(不包括租賃負債)*	94,511,782	104,782,625	22,122,594	18,576,389	40,049,793	24,033,849
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	112,362	129,165	51,258	25,269	30,133	22,505
	/ /						
Total	總額	111,329,830	121,617,476	38,527,848	18,862,027	40,087,400	24,140,201

Included in interest-bearing borrowings is ABS and MTN payable with a carrying amount of HK\$11,273,453,000 (2023: HK\$6,197,546,000) containing an option to sell back ABS or MTN to the Group and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, the total contractual discounted cash flow amount of HK\$11,801,551,000 (2023: HK\$6,549,525,000) related to ABS and MTN is presented as: HK\$1,570,578,000 classified as repayable "within 1 year or on demand", HK\$3,959,888,000 classified as repayable "more than 1 year but within 2 years" and HK\$6,271,085,000 classified as repayable "more than 2 years but within 5 years" as at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$1,263,496,000 classified as repayable "more than 1 year but within 2 years" and HK\$3,856,393,000 classified as repayable "more than 1 year but within 2 years" and HK\$3,856,393,000 classified as repayable "more than 2 years but within 5 years").

ABS and MTN will be due for repayment on the respective maturity dates unless being sold back to the Group prior to the maturity date pursuant to the terms of ABS and MTN. In accordance with the terms of ABS (note 31) and MTN (note 32), the maturity terms as at 31 December 2024 are HK\$317,600,000 in 2025, HK\$317,600,000 in 2026, HK\$10,851,692,000 in 2027 to 2029 and HK\$1,008,804,000 in 2030 and beyond (2023: HK\$194,973,000 in 2024, HK\$195,087,000 in 2025 and HK\$6,549,909,000 in 2026 to 2028).

資產支持證券及中期票據將於各自之到期日到期償還,但如已於到期日前根據資產支持證券及中期票據之條款售回本集團則縣外。根據資產支持證券(附註31)及中出票據(附註32)之條款,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,還款條款如下:於二零二五年到期償還港幣317,600,000元及於二零二六年到期償還港幣17,600,000元及於二零二六年至至零二九年到期償還港幣10,851,692,000元及於二零三零年或之後到期償還港幣10,851,692,000元以於二零三至年到期償還港幣194,973,000元、於二零二五年到期償還港幣194,973,000元、於二零二五年到期償還港幣194,973,000元、於二零二五年到期償還港幣195,087,000元及於二零二六年至二零二八年到期償還港幣6,549,909,000元)。

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47. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to maintain a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. The Group reviews the capital structure on a regular basis and considers the cost of capital and the associated risks. Based on recommendations of the board of directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through adjusting the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, new shares issues or new debt financing. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

The Group monitors capital with reference to its debt position. The Group's strategy was to maintain the equity and debt in a balanced position and ensure that there was adequate working capital to service its debt obligation. The Group's gearing ratio, being the Group's total liabilities over its total assets, as at 31 December 2024 was 64% (2023: 65%).

Except for the banking facilities which require the fulfilment of covenants relating to certain of the Group's financial ratios as disclosed in note 29 to the financial statements, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

47.財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

資本管理

本集團管理資本之主要目的是要維持優越的信貸評級及穩健的資本比率,以支持業務運作,並為股東帶來最大利益。

本集團在管理資本架構的同時,亦會因 應經濟狀況之變動對資本架構作出調 整。本集團會定期檢討資本架構,並加 以考慮資本成本及相關風險。根據董事 會之建議,本集團會透過調節支付予股 東之股息數目、發行新股份或籌集新的 債務融資,致力平衡整體資本架構。於 截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度內,管理資本之目標、 政策或程序維持不變。

本集團透過參照負債情況來監察資本情況。本集團之策略,是保持權益與負債的適當平衡,確保有足夠營運資金償付債務。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之資產負債比率(即本集團之總負債除以總資產所得之數)為64%(二零二三年:65%)。

除了財務報表附註29所披露之銀行融資須符合有關本集團若干財務比率之契諾外,本公司及其任何附屬公司均無受外界施加之資本規定所限制。

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48. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

48.本公司之財務狀況表

以下為於報告期末本公司財務狀況表之 資料:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Interests in subsidiaries Interests in joint ventures	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 附屬公司權益 合營企業權益	6,022 43,352,550 434,510	8,661 38,876,267 422,188
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	43,793,082	39,307,116
CURRENT ASSETS Due from subsidiaries Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 應收附屬公司款項 其他應收款項、按金及 預付款項 現金及現金等價物	9,261,486 23,779 308,106	8,269,383 14,611 561,114
Total current assets	流動資產總額	9,593,371	8,845,108
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accrued expenses Interest-bearing borrowings - Secured - Unsecured	流動負債 其他應付款項及應計費用 計息借貸 一有抵押 一無抵押	543,103 438,864 4,000,354	371,006 219,540 5,056,389
		4,439,218	5,275,929
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	4,982,321	5,646,935
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨額	4,611,050	3,198,173
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債	48,404,132	42,505,289

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48. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows: (continued)

48.本公司之財務狀況表(續)

以下為於報告期末本公司財務狀況表之 資料:(續)

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Interest-bearing borrowings - Secured - Unsecured	非流動負債 計息借貸 一有抵押 一無抵押	- 19,650,932	_ 18,550,824
		19,650,932	18,550,824
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	165,991	512,014
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	19,816,923	19,062,838
NET ASSETS	資產淨額	28,587,209	23,442,451
EQUITY	權益		
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔權益		
Share capital Reserves	股本 儲備	17,329,537 7,163,023	17,329,537 2,018,265
		24,492,560	19,347,802
Perpetual capital instruments	永續資本工具	4,094,649	4,094,649
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額	28,587,209	23,442,451

Wang Silian 王思聯

Director 董事

Luan Zusheng

欒祖盛 Director 董事

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48. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Note:

A summary of the Company's reserves and the perpetual capital instrument are as follows:

48.本公司之財務狀況表(續)

附註:

本公司之儲備及永續資本工具概要如下:

					Perpetual
		Special	Retained	Total	capital
		Reserve	profits	reserves	instruments
		特別儲備	保留盈利	儲備總額	永續資本工具
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	-	3,466,933	3,466,933	1,841,470
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收入總額	_	(35,784)	(35,784)	152,701
Issuance of the perpetual capital instrument	發行永續資本工具	_	_	_	2,253,179
Final 2022 dividend approved	已批准二零二二年末期股息	_	(552,867)	(552,867)	_
Distribution payable to holders of	應付永續資本工具持有人之分派				
the perpetual capital instrument		_	-	_	(152,701)
Interim 2023 dividend	二零二三年中期股息	-	(860,017)	(860,017)	
ALOJ Davida 2000 and	+A - 画				
At 31 December 2023 and	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日		0.040.005	0.040.005	4 004 040
1 January 2024	ー マー 四 年一 月 一 ロ 本 年 度 全 面 收 入 總 額	-	2,018,265	2,018,265	4,094,649
Total comprehensive income for the year	平	_	6,496,213	6,496,213	131,891
Final 2023 dividend approved	□ 批准 → ◆ 二 千 木 別 反 忌應付 永續資本工具持有人之分派	_	(491,438)	(491,438)	_
Distribution payable to holders of	應刊水綱貝平工具持有八乙万派				(404.004)
the perpetual capital instrument	二零二四年中期股息	_	(060.047)	(000.047)	(131,891)
Interim 2024 dividend	令		(860,017)	(860,017)	
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	_	7,163,023	7,163,023	4,094,649

On 5 January 2004, the Company announced its intention to put forward a proposal for the reduction of the Company's share premium account by the sum of HK\$2,372,172,824 (i.e. accumulated losses of the Company as at 30 September 2003) and the application of the same amount of credit arising from such reduction towards the elimination of the accumulated losses of the Company. The reduction of the share premium account, approved by the shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting held on 2 February 2004, was confirmed by an order made by the High Court of Hong Kong (the "Court") on 2 March 2004 and became effective upon registration of the said order by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong on the same date.

於二零零四年一月五日,本公司公佈其擬提呈建議,削減本公司股份溢價賬港幣2,372,172,824元(即本公司截至二零零三年九月三十日之累計虧損),並將削減股份溢價賬所產生之同一數額進賬金額用於抵銷本公司之累計虧損。削減股份溢價賬事項已於二零零四年二月二日舉行之股東特別大會上獲股東批准,並於二零零四年三月二日獲香港高等法院(「法院」)作出頒令予以確認及於本公司在同日向香港公司註冊處登記上述頒令後生效。

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48. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Note: (continued)

To safeguard the interests of the Company's creditors, the Company undertakes to the Court to create a special reserve upon the reduction of the share premium account on the terms set out below:

- (1) that for so long as there shall remain outstanding any debt of or claim against the Company which, if the date on which the reduction of the share premium account of the Company (the "Effective Date") were the commencement of the winding-up of the Company, would be admissible to proof in such windingup and the person entitled to the benefit thereof shall not have consented to the said reduction of the share premium account or agreed otherwise, the Company shall credit to a special reserve in the books of the Company (the "Special Reserve"):
 - any amount arising by reason of a release of any provision taken into account in establishing the accumulated losses of the Company shown in the statement of financial position of the management accounts of the Company for the nine months ended 30 September 2003; or
 - any amount received by the Company as profit by way of distribution from a corporation which was a subsidiary or an associated company of the Company at the Effective Date (a "subsidiary" or an "associated company" respectively) which is made by such subsidiary or associated company out of profits available for distribution prior to the Effective Date or any dividend paid to the Company in respect of any liquidation of a subsidiary or an associated company commencing prior to the Effective Date; and

(2) the Special Reserve:

- shall not be treated as realised profits of the Company; and
- shall, for so long as the Company shall remain a limited company, be treated as an undistributable reserve of the Company for the purposes of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof.

48.本公司之財務狀況表(續)

附註:(續)

為了保障本公司債權人之權益,本公司向法院作 出承諾,於削減股份溢價賬時設立一個特別儲 備,條款如下:

- (1) 倘於本公司削減股份溢價賬生效當日(「生效日期」)(若該日為本公司清盤開始日)公司仍有任何未清償債務或未了結申索,而此等債務或申索為本公司清盤事宜之可接納債權證明,且此等債務或申索之受益人不批准或不同意上述削減股份溢價賬事項,則本公司須把下述各項記入本公司賬目之特別儲備(「特別儲備」)下:
 - 因撥回已計入本公司截至二零零三年九月三十日止九個月管理賬目中之財務狀況表所示累計虧損之任何撥備所產生之金額;或
 - 本公司從一家公司收取所得作為盈利分派之金額,有關公司於生效日期為本公司附屬公司或聯營公司(分別簡稱為「附屬公司」或「聯營公司」),而上述金額乃由有關附屬公司或聯營公司利用生效日期前可供分派之盈利支付,或本公司就生效日期前已開始清盤行動之附屬公司或聯營公司收取所得之股息;及

(2) 特別儲備:

- 不得被視為本公司之已變現盈利;及
- 只要本公司仍為有限公司,根據香港公司條例或法例規定就其所作之任何修改或修訂,其應被視為本公司之不可分派儲備。

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48. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Note: (continued)

Provided always that:

- (1) the Special Reserve may be applied for the same purposes as a share premium account may lawfully be applied;
- (2) the amount standing to the credit of the Special Reserve may be reduced by an amount equal to any increase, after the Effective Date, in the share premium account of the Company which results from an issue of shares (other than for the purposes of any redemption or purchase by the Company of its own shares) for cash or other consideration or by way of the capitalisation of distributable profits or reserves, and the Company shall be at liberty to transfer the amount so reduced to the general reserves of the Company and the same shall become available for distribution;
- (3) the amount credited to the Special Reserve in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this undertaking shall not at any time exceed HK\$1,762,999,500 (the "Limit");
- (4) the Limit may be reduced by the amount of any increase, after the Effective Date, in the paid-up share capital or share premium account of the Company which results from an issue of shares (other than for the purposes of any redemption or purchase by the Company of its own shares) for cash or other consideration or by way of the capitalisation of distributable profits or reserves;
- (5) the Limit may be reduced upon the liquidation, disposal or other realisation, after the Effective Date, of a subsidiary, an associated company or any of the financial assets or property, plant and equipment of the Company by the amount of the provision made in relation to such subsidiary, associated company or financial assets or property, plant and equipment as at 30 September 2003 less such amount (if any) as credited to the Special Reserve as a result of such liquidation, disposal or realisation; and
- (6) in the event that the amount standing to the credit of the Special Reserve at any time exceeds the Limit after any reduction of the Limit pursuant to provisos (4) and/or (5) above, the Company shall be at liberty to transfer the amount of any such excess to the general reserves of the Company and the same shall become available for distribution.

48.本公司之財務狀況表(續)

附註:(續)

惟:

- (1) 特別儲備可用作適用於股份溢價賬之合法用 途;
- (2) 特別儲備進賬金額可被削減,數額為在生效 日期後,因發行股份(因本公司贖回或購買本 身股份者除外)換取現金或其他代價或透過 資本化可分派盈利或儲備而引致本公司股份 溢價賬增加之數。本公司可自由轉撥就此減 少之數至本公司之一般儲備,而有關金額可 供分派之用;
- (3) 根據本承諾之上述規定記入特別儲備之金額 在任何時間均不得超過港幣1,762,999,500元 (「有關限額」);
- (4) 在生效日期後,因發行股份(因本公司贖回或 購買本身股份者除外)換取現金或其他代價 或透過資本化可分派盈利或儲備而引致本公 司之繳足股本或股份溢價賬增加之數可用作 減少有關限額;
- (5) 於生效日期後,在清盤、出售或以其他方式變現附屬公司、聯營公司或本公司任何財務資產或物業、廠房及設備時,於二零零三年九月三十日就有關附屬公司、聯營公司或財務資產或物業、廠房及設備所提撥之準備金額減上述清盤、出售或變現事項所產生之特別儲備進賬金額(如有)之數,可用作減少有關限額;及
- (6) 倘根據上文第(4)及/或(5)條削減有關限額後 特別儲備之進賬金額超過有關限額,本公司 可自由轉撥超出之數至本公司之一般儲備, 而有關金額可供分派之用。

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48. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

The Special Reserve of HK\$112,016,000 credited in 2004 was reduced to nil during the year ended 31 December 2006 due to an increase in the share premium account of the Company which resulted from an issue of shares in 2006.

After the Effective Date, shares were issued during the prior years through the placing and exercise of share options. Pursuant to the provision (4) above, the Limit was reduced by the amount of any increase in the paid-up share capital or share premium account of the Company which results from an issue of shares for cash or other considerations. At 31 December 2023, the Limit was reduced to nil and no further amount will be credited to the Special Reserve.

48.本公司之財務狀況表(續)

於截至二零零六年十二月三十一日止年度,於二零零四年入賬之特別儲備港幣112,016,000元減至零,原因為本公司於二零零六年發行股份以致股份溢價賬增加所致。

在生效日期後,於過往年度,本公司因配售事項及購股權獲行使而發行股份。根據上文第(4)條,因發行股份換取現金或其他代價而引致本公司之繳足股本或股份溢價賬增加之數已用作減少有關限額。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,有關限額已減至零,以及再無任何金額記入特別儲備。

49. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

49.主要附屬公司資料

本公司主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 登記及業務地點	Issued ordinary share/ paid up capital 已發行普通股/ 繳足股本	Percentage of attributable to the 本公司應佔權 Direct	e Company 益百分比 Indirect	Principal activities 主要業務
			直接	間接	
CEWL 光大水務	Bermuda/ Hong Kong 百慕達/香港	HK\$2,860,876,723 港幣2,860,876,723元	-	72.87%	Investment holding 投資控股
CEGL 光大綠色環保	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong 開曼群島/香港	US\$206,607,800 206,607,800美元	-	69.70%	Investment holding 投資控股
EB Urban and Rural Renewable Energy (Huai'an) Limited* (notes (a) and (b)) 光大城鄉再生能源 (淮安) 有限公司* (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB312,000,000 人民幣312,000,000元	-	69.70%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of integrated biomass and waste-to-energy project 設計、建造、運營及維護生物質及垃圾發電一體化項目
Everbright Ecological Resources (Shenzhen) Limited*+ 光大生態資源 (深圳) 有限公司*	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB130,000,000 人民幣130,000,000元	-	100%	Provision of waste sorting services 提供垃圾分類服務

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Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/registration and business 註冊成立/登記及業務地點	Issued ordinary share/ paid up capital 已發行普通股/ 繳足股本	Percentage o attributable to the 本公司應佔權 Direct 直接	e Company	Principal activities 主要業務
Everbright Environmental Energy (Boluo) Limited* (notes (a) and (b)) 光大環保能源 (博羅) 有限公司* (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland中國/中國/中國大陸	RMB469,404,500 人民幣469,404,500元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants, sludge treatment and disposal plant and food and kitchen waste treatment plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠、污泥處理處置廠及餐廚及廚餘垃圾處理廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Danzhou) Limited^+ (notes (a) and (b)) 光大環保能源 (儋州) 有限公司^ (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB288,610,000 人民幣288,610,000元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plant and fly ash landfill project 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾 發電廠及飛灰填埋場項目
Everbright Environmental Energy (Dongfang) Limited ^{^+} (notes (a) and (b)) 光大環保能源 (東方) 有限公司 [^] (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB203,427,400 人民幣203,427,400元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants and fly ash landfill project 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾 發電廠及飛灰填埋場項目
Everbright Environmental Energy (Hangzhou) Limited*+ (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (杭州) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB600,000,000 人民幣600,000,000元	-	70%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Huidong) Limited** (notes (a) & (b)) 光大環保能源 (惠東) 有限公司* (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	HK\$236,780,000 港幣236,780,000元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Jiangyin) Limited** (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (江陰) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	US\$58,970,000 58,970,000美元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠

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Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 登記及業務地點	Issued ordinary share/ paid up capital 已發行普通股/ 繳足股本	Percentage c attributable to th 本公司應佔權 Direct 直接	e Company	Principal activities 主要業務
Everbright Environmental Energy (Jiujiang) Limited^+ (notes (a) and (b)) 光大環保能源 (九江) 有限公司^ (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB392,820,000 人民幣392,820,000元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Ji'nan) Limited** (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (濟南) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB426,850,000 人民幣426,850,000元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Leshan) Limited#* (notes (a) and (b)) 光大環保能源 (樂山) 有限公司# (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB507,340,000 人民幣507,340,000元	-	90%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Lingshui) Limited^+ (notes (a) and (b)) 光大環保能源 (陵水) 有限公司^ (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland中國/中國大陸	RMB223,756,100 人民幣223,756,100元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants and fly ash landfill project 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠及飛灰填埋場項目
Everbright Environmental Energy (Nanjing) Limited** (notes (a) and (b)) 光大環保能源 (南京) 有限公司* (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB719,566,037 人民幣719,566,037元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Nanyang) Limited#+ (note (a)) 光大環保能源 (南陽) 有限公司# (附註(a))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB555,355,567 人民幣555,335,567元	-	65%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠

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Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/registration and business 註冊成立/登記及業務地點	Issued ordinary share/ paid up capital 已發行普通股/ 繳足股本	Percentage o attributable to the 本公司應佔權 Direct 直接	e Company	Principal activities 主要業務
Everbright Environmental Energy (Ninghai) Limited** (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (寧海) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB266,333,000 人民幣266,333,000元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants, food and kitchen waste treatment plant and fly ash landfill project 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠、餐廚及廚餘垃圾處理廠及飛灰填埋場項目
Everbright Environmental Energy (Sanya) Limited** (notes (a) and (b)) 光大環保能源 (三亞) 有限公司* (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB522,192,653 人民幣522,192,653元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants, medical waste treatment plant, fly ash landfill project and fecal treatment plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠、醫療廢物處理廠、飛灰填埋場項目及糞便處理廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Shenyang) Limited#+ (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (瀋陽) 有限公司# (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB515,900,000 人民幣515,900,000元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Suzhou) Limited ("EB Energy (Suzhou)")* (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (蘇州) 有限公司 (「光大環保能源 (蘇州)」) * (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB1,528,605,400 人民幣1,528,605,400元	-	note (c) 附註(c)	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Weifang) Limited** (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (濰坊) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	US\$59,470,000 59,470,000美元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Xinyang) Limited** (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (信陽) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB263,175,700 人民幣263,175,700元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠

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Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 登記及業務地點	Issued ordinary share/ paid up capital 已發行普通股/ 繳足股本	Percentage of attributable to the 本公司應佔權 Direct 直接	ie Company	Principal activities 主要業務
Everbright Environmental Energy (Yixing) Limited** (note (a)) 光大環保能源 (宜興) 有限公司* (附註(a))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	US\$51,600,000 51,600,000美元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Yiyang) Limited^+ (notes (a) and (b)) 光大環保能源 (益陽) 有限公司^ (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB277,773,300 人民幣277,773,300元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants, sludge treatment and disposal plant and medical waste treatment plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠、污泥處理處置廠和醫療廢物處理廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Yulin) Limited** (notes (a) and note (b)) 光大環保能源 (玉林) 有限公司* (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB281,741,500 人民幣281,741,500元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants and food and kitchen waste treatment plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠及餐廚及廚餘垃圾處理廠
Everbright Environmental Protection (China) Limited*+ (note (a)) 光大環保 (中國) 有限公司* (附註(a))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB3,069,369,280 人民幣3,069,369,280元	100%	-	Provision of construction management and leachate treatment services and investment holding 提供工程管理及滲濾液處理服務及投資控股
Everbright Environmental Technical Equipment (Changzhou) Limited ^{^+} 光大環保技術裝備 (常州) 有限公司 [^]	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB197,000,000 人民幣197,000,000元	-	100%	Provision of manufacturing services of environmental protection equipment 提供環保裝備製造服務
Everbright Envirotech (China) Limited*+ 光大環境科技 (中國) 有限公司*	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	US\$37,701,000 37,701,000美元	-	100%	Provision of research and development and investment holding 提供研發及投資控股

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Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/registration and business 註冊成立/登記及業務地點	Issued ordinary share/ paid up capital 已發行普通股/ 繳足股本	Percentage of attributable to th 本公司應佔權 Direct 直接	e Company	Principal activities 主要業務
Everbright Guanghuantou Environmental Energy (Zhaoqing) Limited ^{^+} (note (b)) 光大廣環投環保能源 (肇慶) 有限公司 [^] (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB292,000,000 人民幣292,000,000元	-	60%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plant and food and kitchen waste treatment plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠及餐廚及廚餘垃圾處理廠
Everbright & Harbin Electric Environmental Energy (Harbin) Limited** (note (b)) 光大哈電環保能源 (哈爾濱) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB486,700,000 人民幣486,700,000元	-	85%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plant and fly ash landfill project 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾 發電廠及飛灰填埋場項目
Everbright Tianyi Environmental Energy (Xiang'tan) Limited ^{#+} (note (b)) 光大天易環保能源 (湘潭) 有限公司 [#] (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB248,207,300 人民幣248,207,300元	-	70%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Water (Ji'nan) Limited* (note (b)) 光大水務 (濟南) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	US\$106,246,600 106,246,600美元	-	72.87%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-water treatment plants 設計、建造、運營及維護污水處理廠
Everbright Water (Qingdao) Limited ("EB Water (Qingdao)")" (note (b)) 光大水務 (青島) 有限公司 (「光大水務 (青島)」)" (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	US\$48,402,080 48,402,080美元	-	43.72% (note d) (附註(d))	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-water treatment plants 設計、建造、運營及維護污水處理廠
Everbright Wind Power (Ningwu) Company Limited** 光大風電 (寧武) 有限公司*	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB258,360,000 人民幣258,360,000元	-	69.70%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of wind power project 設計、建造、運營及維護風電項目
Guangguo Environmental Energy (Wuxi) Limited*+ (note (b)) 光國環保能源 (無錫) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國大陸	RMB514,768,300 人民幣514,768,300元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠

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Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/	Issued ordinary share/ paid up capital 已發行普通股/	Percentage o attributable to the	e Company	Principal activities	
名稱 	登記及業務地點	繳足股本	本公司應佔權 Direct 直接	益百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務	
Leling Everbright Environmental Energy Limited** (notes (a) and (b)) 樂陵光大環保能源有限公司* (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland中國/中國大陸	RMB280,586,400 人民幣280,586,400元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plant, food and kitchen waste treatment plant, fecal treatment plant and fly ash landfill project 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠、餐廚及廚餘垃圾處理廠、糞便處理廠及飛灰填埋場項目	
NOVAGO Sp. z o.o.	Poland 波蘭	Polish zloty 4,336,000 波蘭茲羅提4,336,000	-	97.12%	Collection and treatment of municipal wastes by way of mechanical and biological technology 收集及透過生物機械處理方式處理 城鎮垃圾	
Qingdao Everbright Jianfa Environmental Energy Limited#+ (notes (a) and (b)) 青島光大建發環保能源有限公司# (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland中國/中國/中國大陸	RMB346,962,700 人民幣346,962,700元	-	97%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plant, food and kitchen waste treatment plant and sludge treatment plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠、餐廚及廚餘垃圾處理廠及污泥處理廠	
Suzhou Wujiang Everbright Environmental Energy Limited* (notes (a) and (b)) 蘇州吳江光大環保能源有限公司* (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Chinese Mainland中國/中國大陸	RMB874,269,000 人民幣874,269,000元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠	
Everbright Environmental Energy (Hangzhou Fuyang) Limited#+ (notes (a) and (b)) 光大環境能源 (杭州富陽) 有限公司# (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB458,700,000 人民幣458,700,000元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠	

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Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/	Issued ordinary share/ paid up capital 已發行普通股/ 繳足股本	Percentage attributable to t 本公司應佔權 Direct 直接	he Company	Principal activities 主要業務
Tianjin Everbright Xingchen Environmental Energy Limited** (notes (a) and (b)) 天津光大興辰環保能源有限公司* (附註(a)及(b))	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB598,550,000 人民幣598,550,000元	-	90%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants and food and kitchen waste treatment plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠及餐廚及廚餘垃圾處理廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Suqian) Ltd. *+ (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (宿遷) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	US\$46,672,095 46,672,095美元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Zhenjiang) Co., Ltd.*+ (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (鎮江) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB262,000,000 人民幣262,000,000元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Rizhou) Limited** (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (日照) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB300,726,800 人民幣300,726,800元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Environmental Energy (Danyang) Limited** (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (丹陽) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB204,400,000 人民幣204,400,000元	-	100%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plants and food and kitchen waste treatment plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠及餐廚及廚餘垃圾處理廠

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Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/registration and business 註冊成立/登記及業務地點	Issued ordinary share/ paid up capital 已發行普通股/ 繳足股本	Percentage attributable to 本公司應佔 ⁷ Direct 直接	the Company	Principal activities 主要業務
Everbright Environmental Energy (Lantian) Limited*+ (note (b)) 光大環保能源 (藍田) 有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	US\$63,470,000 63,470,000美元	-	90%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of waste-to-energy plant 設計、建造、運營及維護垃圾發電廠
Everbright Industrial Waste Water Treatment Nanjing Limited** (note (b)) 光大工業廢水處理南京有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB507,000,000 人民幣507,000,000元	-	72.87%	Waste water treatment 污水處理
Tianjin Hanquan Environment Technology Limited** (note (b)) 天津漢泉環保科技有限公司* (附註(b))	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	HK\$2,000,000 港幣2,000,000元	-	72.87%	Investment holding 投資控股
EB Urban and Rural Renewable Energy (Fengyang) Limited 光大城鄉再生能源 (鳳陽) 有限公司	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB183,340,000 人民幣183,340,000元		69.70%	Design, construction, operation and maintenance of integrated biomass and waste-to-energy project 設計、建造、運營及維護生物質及垃圾發電一體化項目
* Registered under the laws of enterprises.	of the PRC as fore	eign investment	* 根據	中國法律討	E冊為外商投資企業。
* Registered under the laws of the PRC as sino-foreign co- operation joint ventures.			# 根據	中國法律部	E冊為中外合作合營企業。
^ Registered under the laws of the limited liability.	he PRC as private	companies with	^ 根據	中國法律部	t冊為私營有限公司。
* English translation is for identi	fication only.		+ 英文	譯名僅供證	戈 別。

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49. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 49.主要附屬公司資料(續) (continued)

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

Notes:

(a) These subsidiaries of the Group entered into service concession arrangements with the local government authorities in the PRC (the "Grantors"). Pursuant to the service concession arrangements, the Group was granted rights to construct, operate and maintain environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects in the PRC for a period of 10 to 35 years. The service fees are based on the extent of services rendered and are subject to the approvals from the relevant local government authorities. During the operating period, the Group is responsible for maintaining the environmental energy projects, greentech projects and environmental water projects in good condition.

The service concession arrangements do not contain renewal options. Both the Grantors and the Group have the rights to terminate the agreements in the event of a material breach of the terms of the agreements.

Operating rights of the environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects are recognised as intangible assets.

本公司董事認為,上表呈列之本公司附 屬公司對本年度業績造成主要影響或組 成本集團淨資產之重大部分。本公司董 事認為,列出其他附屬公司之詳情會導 致篇幅過於冗長。

附註:

(a) 本集團該等附屬公司與中國當地政府機關 (「授權人」) 訂立服務特許經營權安排。根據 服務特許經營權安排,本集團獲授權在中國 建造、運營及維護環保能源項目、環保水務 項目及綠色環保項目,為期十至三十五年。 服務費按已提供之服務而定,並須待有關當 地政府機關批准後方可作實。於運營期內, 本集團有責任維持環保能源項目、綠色環保 項目及環保水務項目的良好狀況。

服務特許經營權安排並無續約選擇。授權人 及本集團均有權於協議條款遭重大違反之情 況下終止有關協議。

環保能源項目、環保水務項目及綠色環保項 目之運營權確認為無形資產。

31 December 2024 二零二四年十二月三十一日

49. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 49.主要附屬公司資料(續) (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) These subsidiaries of the Group entered into service concession arrangements with the Grantors. Pursuant to the service concession arrangements, the Group has to design, construct and/or upgrade, operate and maintain environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects in the PRC for a period of 20 to 41 years. The Group has the obligation to maintain the environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects in good condition. The Grantors guarantee that the Group will receive minimum annual payments in connection with the arrangements. Upon expiry of the concession periods, the environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects will be transferred to the local government authorities.

The service concession arrangements do not contain renewal options. The standard rights of the Grantors to terminate the agreements include failure of the Group to construct, upgrade or operate the environmental energy projects, environmental water projects and greentech projects and in the event of a material breach of the terms of the agreements. The standard rights of the Group to terminate the agreements include failure to receive payments for waste treatment service from the Grantors and in the event of a material breach of the terms of the agreements.

Revenue relates to the construction services provided in constructing or upgrading the environmental energy projects, greentech projects and environmental water projects is recognised as service concession assets under "Contract assets" in the financial statements.

- (c) Everbright Environmental Energy (Suzhou) Holdings Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and the foreign joint venture partner of EB Energy (Suzhou), is committed to contribute the full amount of EB Energy (Suzhou)'s registered capital. Net profit, after payment of an agreed sum of RMB880,000 annually to the PRC joint venture partner of EB Energy (Suzhou), is fully attributable to Everbright Environmental Energy (Suzhou) Holdings Limited.
- (d) Everbright Water (Qingdao) Holdings Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CEWL and the foreign joint venture partner of EB Water (Qingdao), is committed to contributing 60% of EB Water (Qingdao)'s registered capital. The remaining 40% registered capital is contributed by a PRC joint venture partner. Everbright Water (Qingdao) Holdings Limited is fully entitled to the net profit of EB Water (Qingdao) for the first 14 years of the joint venture period. From the 15th year of the joint venture period onwards, the net profit of EB Water (Qingdao) is to be shared by Everbright Water (Qingdao) Holdings Limited and the PRC joint venture partner on a 98:2 basis.

50. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 March 2025.

附註:(續)

(b) 本集團該等附屬公司與授權人訂立服務特許 經營權安排。根據服務特許經營權安排,本 集團須於中國設計、建造及/或改造、運營 及維護環保能源項目、環保水務項目及綠色 環保項目,為期二十至四十一年。本集團有 責任維持環保能源項目、環保水務項目及綠 色環保項目的良好狀況。授權人擔保,就有 關安排而言,本集團將可每年收取最低保證 款項。待特許經營期屆滿後,環保能源項目、 環保水務項目及綠色環保項目將轉歸當地政 府機關所有。

服務特許經營權安排並無續約選擇。授權人 可行使標準權利終止協議之情況包括:本集 團未能建造、改造或運營環保能源項目、環 保水務項目及綠色環保項目以及協議條款遭 重大違反。本集團可行使標準權利終止協議 之情況包括:未能從授權人取得廢物處理服 務費,以及協議條款遭重大違反。

因建造或改造環保能源項目、綠色環保項目 及環保水務項目而提供建造服務所得之相關 收益在財務報表中確認為「合約資產」下之服 務特許經營權資產。

- (c) 本公司之全資附屬公司兼光大環保能源(蘇 州) 之外方合營夥伴-光大環保能源(蘇州) 控股有限公司承諾注入光大環保能源(蘇州) 全數註冊資本。光大環保能源(蘇州)之淨盈 利(在每年支付協定款項人民幣880,000元予 光大環保能源(蘇州)中方合營夥伴後)將全 歸光大環保能源(蘇州)控股有限公司所有。
- (d) 光大水務之全資附屬公司兼光大水務(青島) 之外方合營夥伴-光大水務(青島)控股有 限公司承諾注入光大水務(青島)60%註冊 資本。餘下40%註冊資本由中方合營夥伴注 入。光大水務(青島)控股有限公司於合營期 首14年可全數享有光大水務(青島)之淨盈 利。而由第15年合營期起,光大水務(青島) 之淨盈利將由光大水務(青島)控股有限公司 及中方合營夥伴按98:2之比例攤分。

50.批准財務報表

董事會於二零二五年三月二十五日批准 並授權刊發財務報表。

Five Year Summary 五年業績概要

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		二零二四年 HK\$'000	二零二三年 HK\$'000	二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000	二零二零年 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		76113 1 70	76113 1 70	76 (1) (1) (0)	76117170	76113170
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Investment properties, property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and prepaid land	投資物業、物業、 廠房及設備、 使用權資產, 以及預付土地 租賃款	0 000 540	0.740.040	10 010 700	10 110 207	7 114 005
lease payments Goodwill	他貝拟 商譽	8,839,510 1,448,432	9,749,948 1,535,542	10,019,723 1,561,486	10,112,307 2,353,687	7,114,035 2,016,817
Intangible assets	無形資產	29,839,065	30,975,754	30,794,582	30,474,870	24,926,597
Interests in joint ventures	合營企業權益	1,021,899	1,055,810	965,932	811,375	1,011,847
Interests in associates	聯營公司權益	564,715	598,650	592,922	606,970	495,616
Contract assets	合約資產	93,292,211	94,892,432	96,984,420	101,971,151	79,619,686
Finance lease receivables	融資租賃應收款項	11,262	12,263	13,367	15,464	16,100
Other financial assets	其他財務資產	137,910	150,164	197,546	142,748	716,807
Debtors, other receivables, deposits and prepayments	應收賬款、 其他應收款項、					
	按金及預付款項	1,911,331	2,445,301	3,105,883	4,076,627	3,587,975
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	1,186,237	613,814	376,031	440,770	246,945
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	12,042,614	5,968,266	3,172,857	9,461,257	9,528,896
		150,295,186	147,997,944	147,784,749	160,467,226	129,281,321
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(83,878,610)	(82,474,723)	(85,185,856)	(96,125,004)	(73,736,717)
NET ACCETO	安文证证	00 440 570	05 500 001	00 500 000	04.040.000	55 544 004
NET ASSETS	資產淨額	66,416,576	65,523,221	62,598,893	64,342,222	55,544,604
Share capital	股本	17,329,537	17,329,537	17,329,537	17,329,537	17,329,537
Reserves	儲備	30,881,423	30,811,351	30,044,571	34,447,950	27,732,520
Equity attributable to equity	本公司權益持有人					
holders of the Company	應佔權益總額	48,210,960	48,140,888	47,374,108	51,777,487	45,062,057
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	11,403,285	11,673,720	11,769,351	12,564,735	10,482,547
Perpetual capital instruments	永續資本工具	6,802,331	5,708,613	3,455,434	_	
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額	66,416,576	65,523,221	62,598,893	64,342,222	55,544,604

Five Year Summary 五年業績概要

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Results	業績					
Revenue	收益	30,258,009	32,090,207	37,321,229	49,895,384	42,926,426
Profit from operating activities Finance costs Shares of profits and losses of	經營活動所得盈利 財務費用 所佔合營企業盈利及	7,886,842 (3,006,954)	10,516,315 (3,527,788)	10,599,939 (3,488,268)	13,226,825 (3,079,448)	11,446,591 (2,279,149)
joint ventures Shares of profits and losses of associates	虧損 所佔聯營公司盈利及 虧損	(13,140)	113,439 22,518	113,859 37,417	81,837 91,377	207,929 11,353
Profit before tax Income tax	除稅前盈利 所得稅	4,867,141 (893,495)	7,124,484 (1,827,333)	7,262,947 (1,747,983)	10,320,591 (2,200,248)	9,386,724 (2,159,764)
Profit for the year	本年度盈利	3,973,646	5,297,151	5,514,964	8,120,343	7,226,960
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Holders of perpetual capital instruments	應佔部份: 本公司權益持有人 永續資本工具持有人	3,377,200	4,429,160 226,563	4,601,939 71,686	6,804,099	6,015,863
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	405,507	641,428	841,339	1,316,244	1,211,097
Profit for the year	本年度盈利	3,973,646	5,297,151	5,514,964	8,120,343	7,226,960
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利	HK54.98 cents港仙	HK72.10 cents港仙	HK74.91 cents港仙	HK110.76 cents港仙	HK97.93 cents港仙

Major Properties held by the Group 本集團所持有之主要物業

	Location 地點	Existing use 現時用途	Term of lease 租賃年期	Percentage of interest 所佔權益百分比
1.	Units 2703 and 2704, 27th Floor Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong 香港夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心27樓2703及2704室	Commercial 商業	Medium 中期	100%
2.	25th Floor to 28th Floor Block A, Oriental Xintiandi Plaza No. 1003 Shennan Avenue Futian District, Shenzhen Guangdong Province, the PRC 中國廣東省深圳市福田區 深南大道1003號 東方新天地廣場A座25樓至28樓	Commercial 商業	Medium 中期	100%
3.	Units 3 and 4, 11th Floor Qingsong South Lane Dalian Development Zone the PRC 中國大連開發區青松南里 11樓3及4室	Residential 住宅	Medium 中期	100%
4.	Room 1301-1309 Central Business Building No. 88 Fuhua Road One Futian District, Shenzhen Guangdong Province, the PRC 中國廣東省深圳市福田區 福華一路88號 中心商務大廈1301至1309室	Commercial 商業	Medium 中期	100%
5.	24th Floor Tower of Education Science & Technology Building Zhuzilin, Futian District, Shenzhen Guangdong Province, the PRC 中國廣東省深圳市福田區竹子林 教育科技大廈24樓	Commercial 商業	Medium 中期	100%
6.	Block J07, Zhongguancun Science Park No. 156 Wenquan Town Haidian District Beijing, the PRC 中國北京海淀區 溫泉鎮156號 中關村環保科技園J07號	Commercial 商業	Medium 中期	100%
7.	Block B3, Jiulonghu International Headquarters Park No. 19 Suyuan Avenue Jiangning District, Nanjing, the PRC 中國南京市江寧區 蘇源大道19號 九龍湖國際企業總部園B3幢	Commercial 商業	Medium 中期	100%



CHINA EVERBRIGHT ENVIRONMENT GROUP LIMITED 中國光大環境(集團)有限公司



