长安汽车 | 科技长安 CHANGAN | 智慧伙伴

Chongqing Changan Automobile Company Limited 2025 Semi-annual Report Financial Statements

August 2025

The Financial Statements

I. Auditing Report

No audit on the semi-annual financial report.

II. Financial statements

Financial in notes to the statements of the unit is: RMB yuan

1. Consolidated Balance Sheet

Prepared by: Chongqing Changan Automobile Co., Ltd.

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Current assets: | | |
| Monetary funds | 52,829,884,518.42 | 64,182,095,662.74 |
| Transactional financial assets | 161,526,312.20 | 155,013,154.45 |
| Notes receivable | 25,556,794,627.72 | 45,580,904,582.72 |
| Accounts receivable | 6,628,268,326.16 | 3,398,477,724.75 |
| Advance payment | 399,968,122.99 | 507,313,682.07 |
| Other receivables | 982,141,152.83 | 2,386,898,598.92 |
| Including: Dividend receivable | 215,484,950.85 | |
| Inventory | 16,978,733,349.13 | 17,081,370,658.58 |
| Contractual assets | 134,870,162.74 | 592,426,824.74 |
| Non-current assets due within one year | 254,821,266.90 | 309,148,116.22 |
| Other current assets | 1,862,611,255.73 | 2,174,955,833.01 |
| Total current assets | 105,789,619,094.82 | 136,368,604,838.20 |
| Non-current assets: | | |
| Long-term receivables | 1,401,857,829.32 | 1,528,927,601.39 |
| Long-term equity investment | 20,942,690,120.36 | 18,525,675,882.50 |
| Other equity instrument investment | 699,186,720.99 | 496,524,273.53 |
| Investment real estate | 5,855,936.14 | 5,969,291.92 |
| Fixed assets | 21,113,723,725.32 | 21,773,526,063.55 |
| Construction in progress | 1,820,626,823.39 | 1,596,384,269.60 |
| Right-of-use assets | 235,257,110.02 | 273,297,841.75 |
| Intangible assets | 16,309,928,697.70 | 16,771,849,926.23 |
| Development expenditure | 2,736,124,373.88 | 1,729,932,488.67 |
| Goodwill | 1,810,730,443.16 | 1,810,730,443.16 |
| Long-term deferred expenses | 12,219,472.17 | 16,732,447.77 |
| Deferred income tax assets | 3,648,502,600.61 | 3,564,260,247.57 |
| Other non-current assets | 3,700,000,000.00 | 3,705,745,345.02 |

| Total non-current assets | 74,436,703,853.06 | 71,799,556,122.66 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Total assets | 180,226,322,947.88 | 208,168,160,960.86 |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Short-term borrowing | 51,473,034.14 | 40,036,055.69 |
| Notes payable | 29,336,084,306.45 | 34,810,605,512.61 |
| Accounts payable | 25,225,193,216.25 | 43,835,671,129.12 |
| Advance receipts | 165,690.93 | 477,390.93 |
| Contractual liabilities | 7,035,330,896.06 | 10,887,896,995.49 |
| Payroll payable | 3,300,326,694.17 | 3,209,780,953.87 |
| Taxes payable | 860,321,338.30 | 1,528,582,531.63 |
| Other payables | 8,164,050,113.07 | 6,407,775,538.76 |
| Including: Dividend payable | 2,922,564,952.82 | |
| Non-current liabilities due within one year | 151,579,526.29 | 128,914,461.78 |
| Other current liabilities | 12,523,946,863.64 | 12,507,633,539.96 |
| Total current liabilities | 86,648,471,679.30 | 113,357,374,109.84 |
| Non-current liabilities: | | |
| Long-term loan | | 36,000,000.00 |
| Bonds payable | 999,754,716.96 | 999,705,660.36 |
| Lease liabilities | 208,163,631.20 | 269,211,409.06 |
| Long-term payables | 2,466,644,559.72 | 2,456,527,871.71 |
| Long-term payroll payable | 22,893,655.25 | 26,693,372.65 |
| Estimated liabilities | 8,082,220,219.54 | 7,704,647,749.44 |
| Deferred income | 57,902,329.83 | 184,197,219.64 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 1,707,725,469.28 | 1,834,714,931.18 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 1,917,466,616.46 | 2,218,489,394.88 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 15,462,771,198.24 | 15,730,187,608.92 |
| Total liabilities | 102,111,242,877.54 | 129,087,561,718.76 |
| Owner's equity: | | |
| Share capital | 9,914,086,060.00 | 9,914,086,060.00 |
| Capital reserve | 8,956,367,693.66 | 8,925,798,850.14 |
| Less: Treasury shares | 56,325,847.18 | 169,261,662.73 |
| Other comprehensive income | -69,157,197.57 | 7,523,358.77 |
| Special reserve | 125,742,982.72 | 95,013,488.38 |
| Surplus reserve | 4,957,043,030.00 | 4,957,043,030.00 |
| Undistributed profit | 52,214,667,802.28 | 52,846,021,500.43 |
| Total owner's equity attributable to parent company | 76,042,424,523.91 | 76,576,224,624.99 |
| Minority equity | 2,072,655,546.43 | 2,504,374,617.11 |
| Total owner's equity | 78,115,080,070.34 | 79,080,599,242.10 |
| Total liabilities and owner's equity | 180,226,322,947.88 | 208,168,160,960.86 |

Legal person: Zhu Huarong Chief financial officer: Zhang Deyong The head of accounting department: Shi Haifeng

2. Balance Sheet of Parent Company

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Current assets: | Closing balance | Opening barance |
| Monetary funds | 24,509,254,626.49 | 34,684,680,303.59 |
| Transactional financial assets | 161,526,312.20 | 155,013,154.45 |
| Notes receivable | 19,311,526,357.38 | 34,679,567,316.79 |
| Accounts receivable | 21,035,495,405.74 | 13,835,150,844.52 |
| Advance payment | 299,380,229.11 | 291,292,231.28 |
| Other receivables | 387,391,128.94 | 1,487,531,844.07 |
| Including: Dividend receivable | 215,484,950.85 | 1,467,331,044.07 |
| Inventory | 2,386,911,389.09 | 5,903,242,163.27 |
| Contractual assets | 37,906,510.01 | 18,337,637.01 |
| Non-current assets due within one year | 254,821,266.90 | 254,821,266.90 |
| • | | |
| Other current assets | 180,979,244.95 | 39,949,461.19 |
| Total current assets | 68,565,192,470.81 | 91,349,586,223.07 |
| Non-current assets: | 1 401 517 077 04 | 1,520,027,(01,20 |
| Long-term receivables | 1,401,516,967.94 | 1,528,927,601.39 |
| Long-term equity investment | 28,251,375,364.69 | 25,382,337,768.46 |
| Other equity instrument investment | 588,062,735.53 | 496,524,273.53 |
| Fixed assets | 15,485,664,813.12 | 16,112,971,408.48 |
| Construction in progress | 712,418,400.21 | 599,924,628.01 |
| Right-of-use assets | 132,254,571.22 | 159,654,100.14 |
| Intangible assets | 5,984,920,123.93 | 6,240,969,022.09 |
| Development expenditure | 2,094,498,367.86 | 915,541,696.35 |
| Long-term deferred expenses | 10,488,825.19 | 15,077,519.40 |
| Deferred income tax assets | 2,872,436,257.21 | 2,906,828,175.57 |
| Other non-current assets | 3,700,000,000.00 | 3,700,000,000.00 |
| Total non-current assets | 61,233,636,426.90 | 58,058,756,193.42 |
| Total assets | 129,798,828,897.71 | 149,408,342,416.49 |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Notes payable | 16,930,170,998.91 | 24,761,621,056.89 |
| Accounts payable | 13,692,102,401.62 | 23,248,117,139.04 |
| Contractual liabilities | 3,088,513,901.74 | 5,284,514,173.87 |
| Payroll payable | 2,259,562,817.02 | 2,129,521,947.83 |
| Taxes payable | 500,147,158.04 | 493,489,648.34 |
| Other payables | 6,424,177,189.29 | 4,633,406,485.36 |
| Including: Dividend payable | 2,922,564,952.82 | |
| Non-current liabilities due within one year | 94,864,047.17 | 72,638,886.85 |
| Other current liabilities | 8,383,761,017.36 | 8,053,792,954.91 |
| Total current liabilities | 51,373,299,531.15 | 68,677,102,293.09 |

| Non-current liabilities: | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Long-term loan | | 36,000,000.00 |
| Bonds payable | 999,754,716.96 | 999,705,660.36 |
| Lease liabilities | 143,369,767.16 | 195,441,528.85 |
| Long-term payables | 1,533,381,383.43 | 1,590,666,539.68 |
| Long-term payroll payable | 14,901,263.20 | 18,086,000.00 |
| Estimated liabilities | 4,685,253,582.66 | 4,766,761,846.88 |
| Deferred income | 50,000,000.00 | 100,000,000.00 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 561,052,180.47 | 619,798,441.29 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 1,692,939,966.87 | 1,983,668,025.04 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 9,680,652,860.75 | 10,310,128,042.10 |
| Total liabilities | 61,053,952,391.90 | 78,987,230,335.19 |
| Owner's equity: | | |
| Share capital | 9,914,086,060.00 | 9,914,086,060.00 |
| Capital reserve | 8,383,601,747.47 | 8,353,032,903.95 |
| Less: Treasury shares | 56,325,847.18 | 169,261,662.73 |
| Other comprehensive income | 159,764,754.69 | 162,659,055.80 |
| Special reserve | 63,466,197.08 | 44,805,848.15 |
| Surplus reserve | 4,957,043,030.00 | 4,957,043,030.00 |
| Undistributed profit | 45,323,240,563.75 | 47,158,746,846.13 |
| Total owner's equity | 68,744,876,505.81 | 70,421,112,081.30 |
| Total liabilities and owner's equity | 129,798,828,897.71 | 149,408,342,416.49 |

3. Consolidated income statement

| Project | Semi-annual 2025 | Semi-annual 2024 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| I. Total operating income | 72,691,310,387.08 | 76,722,649,723.79 |
| Less: Operating cost | 62,093,645,283.41 | 66,134,307,155.12 |
| Taxes and surcharges | 1,668,033,001.81 | 2,053,229,071.41 |
| Sales expense | 4,361,492,467.23 | 3,077,988,414.27 |
| Administrative expenses | 2,228,013,321.96 | 2,426,863,860.79 |
| R&D expenses | 3,283,657,283.48 | 2,912,092,313.40 |
| Financial expense | -1,956,937,280.34 | -549,385,364.01 |
| Including: Interest expense | 38,065,837.11 | 39,521,477.44 |
| Interest income | 657,365,732.49 | 520,495,393.22 |
| Plus: Other income | 1,006,136,643.63 | 1,442,510,651.32 |
| Investment income(Loss is indicated with "-") | 115,023,949.01 | 350,711,425.33 |
| Among them: Income from investment in associated enterprises and joint ventures | 55,363,593.69 | 252,582,688.73 |
| Income from changes in fair value(Loss is indicated with "-") | 6,513,157.75 | -35,024,179.42 |
| Credit impairment loss(Loss is indicated with "-") | -3,271,416.06 | 759,129.40 |

| Loss on impairment of assets(Loss is indicated with "-") | -49,093,178.82 | -146,269,535.60 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Proceeds from disposal of assets(Loss is indicated with "-") | 17,005,465.70 | 4,959,452.69 |
| II. Operating profit(Loss is indicated with "-") | 2,105,720,930.74 | 2,285,201,216.53 |
| Plus: Non-operating income | 90,081,260.28 | 46,291,779.69 |
| Less: Non-operating expenses | 26,831,412.99 | 19,101,827.75 |
| III. Total profit(Total loss is indicated with "-") | 2,168,970,778.03 | 2,312,391,168.47 |
| Less: Income tax expense | 376,316,886.76 | 65,628,900.78 |
| IV. Net profit(Net loss is represented with "-") | 1,792,653,891.27 | 2,246,762,267.69 |
| (I) Classification by business continuity | | |
| Net profit from going concern(Net loss is represented with "-") | 1,792,653,891.27 | 2,246,762,267.69 |
| 2. Net profit from operation termination(Net loss is represented with "-") | | |
| (II) Classification by ownership | | |
| 1. Net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company(Net loss is represented with "-") | 2,291,211,254.67 | 2,831,743,111.82 |
| 2. Profit and loss of minority shareholders(Net loss is represented with "-") | -498,557,363.40 | -584,980,844.13 |
| V. Net amount after tax of other comprehensive income | -76,680,556.34 | 82,398,384.33 |
| Net amount after tax of other comprehensive income attributable to the owner of the parent company | -76,680,556.34 | 82,398,384.33 |
| (I) Other comprehensive income that cannot be reclassified into profit and loss | -2,386,300.06 | 2.89 |
| 1. Remeasure the change amount of defined benefit plan | | |
| 2. Other comprehensive income that cannot be converted into profit or loss under the equity method | -2,386,300.06 | 2.89 |
| 3. Changes in fair value of other equity instrument investments | | |
| 4. Changes in fair value of enterprise's own credit risk | | |
| 5. Other | | |
| (II) Other comprehensive income to be reclassified into profit and loss | -74,294,256.28 | 82,398,381.44 |
| 1. Other comprehensive income under equity method | 997,343.14 | -184,358.40 |
| 2. Changes in fair value of other debt investments | | |
| 3. Reclassification of financial assets into other comprehensive income | | |
| 4. Provision for credit impairment of other debt investments | | |
| 5. Cash flow hedging reserve | | |
| 6. Translation differences in foreign currency financial statements | -75,291,599.42 | 82,582,739.84 |
| 7. Other | | |
| Net amount after tax of other comprehensive income attributable to minority shareholders | | |
| VI. Total comprehensive income | 1,715,973,334.93 | 2,329,160,652.02 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to the owner of the parent company | 2,214,530,698.33 | 2,914,141,496.15 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to minority shareholders | -498,557,363.40 | -584,980,844.13 |
| VII. Earnings per share: | | |

| (I) Basic earnings per share | 0.23 | 0.29 |
|---------------------------------|------|------|
| (II) Diluted earnings per share | 0.23 | 0.28 |

Legal person: Zhu Huarong

Chief financial officer: Zhang Deyong

The head of accounting department: Shi Haifeng

4. Profit Statement of Parent Company

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Semi-annual 2025 | Semi-annual 2024 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| I. Operating income | 49,992,247,432.42 | 54,820,842,795.87 |
| Less: Operating cost | 44,625,789,120.71 | 49,023,998,757.68 |
| Taxes and surcharges | 866,341,628.05 | 1,250,733,898.43 |
| Sales expense | 1,690,914,310.74 | 929,133,285.59 |
| Administrative expenses | 1,387,752,217.18 | 1,732,583,485.14 |
| R&D expenses | 1,999,015,349.48 | 1,968,586,574.98 |
| Financial expense | -422,841,778.36 | -333,400,647.01 |
| Including: Interest expense | 25,210,363.07 | 19,451,693.91 |
| Interest income | 452,426,187.70 | 362,660,793.06 |
| Plus: Other income | 824,860,792.31 | 1,224,353,991.64 |
| Investment income(Loss is indicated with "-") | 476,704,368.84 | 650,013,874.65 |
| Among them: Income from investment in associated enterprises and joint ventures | 23,105,164.21 | 279,687,665.28 |
| Income from changes in fair value(Loss is indicated with "-") | 6,513,157.75 | -8,076,315.61 |
| Credit impairment loss(Loss is indicated with "-") | -2,587,503.79 | 1,991,215.03 |
| Loss on impairment of assets(Loss is indicated with "-") | -42,206,783.01 | -61,110,316.71 |
| Proceeds from disposal of assets(Loss is indicated with "-") | 9,872,828.04 | 2,326,113.93 |
| II. Operating profit(Loss is indicated with "-") | 1,118,433,444.76 | 2,058,706,003.99 |
| Plus: Non-operating income | 51,980,901.09 | 27,829,161.89 |
| Less: Non-operating expenses | 14,545,459.64 | 11,262,143.58 |
| III. Total profit(Total loss is indicated with "-") | 1,155,868,886.21 | 2,075,273,022.30 |
| Less: Income tax expense | 68,810,215.77 | -33,431,735.49 |
| IV. Net profit(Net loss is represented with "-") | 1,087,058,670.44 | 2,108,704,757.79 |
| (I) Net profit from continuing operation (net loss expressed with "-") | 1,087,058,670.44 | 2,108,704,757.79 |
| (II) Net profit from operation termination (net loss expressed with "-") | | |
| V. Net amount after tax of other comprehensive income | -2,894,301.11 | -184,355.51 |
| VI. Total comprehensive income | 1,084,164,369.33 | 2,108,520,402.28 |

5. Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

| Project | Semi-annual 2025 | Semi-annual 2024 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| I. Cash flow from operating activities: | | |

| Cash received from sales of goods and provision of labor services | 83,637,749,837.86 | 87,402,094,857.95 |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Tax refund received | 1,940,550,767.15 | 2,283,448,047.92 |
| Other cash received in connection with operating activities | 1,844,260,721.48 | 2,197,893,615.37 |
| Subtotal of cash inflow from operating activities | 87,422,561,326.49 | 91,883,436,521.24 |
| Cash paid for goods and services | 78,918,787,742.28 | 72,075,595,167.36 |
| Cash paid to and for employees | 6,106,774,683.42 | 5,227,942,331.33 |
| Taxes and fees paid | 4,503,099,289.23 | 6,484,391,928.94 |
| Payment of other cash related to operating activities | 6,501,096,401.83 | 4,660,406,353.08 |
| Subtotal of cash outflows from operating activities | 96,029,758,116.76 | 88,448,335,780.71 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | -8,607,196,790.27 | 3,435,100,740.53 |
| II. Cash flow from investment activities: | | |
| Cash received from investment recovery | 340,000.00 | |
| Cash received from investment income | 42,307,638.70 | 1,431,899.95 |
| Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets | 596,996,689.13 | 270,398,351.71 |
| Other cash received in connection with investing activities | 50,975,988.18 | 8,070,357,180.56 |
| Subtotal of cash inflow from investment activities | 690,620,316.01 | 8,342,187,432.22 |
| Cash paid for acquisition and construction of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets | 2,111,957,700.52 | 1,198,526,301.30 |
| Cash paid for investments | 1,604,723,740.46 | 68,253,846.00 |
| Payment of other cash related to investing activities | | 1,400,000,000.00 |
| Subtotal of cash outflows from investment activities | 3,716,681,440.98 | 2,666,780,147.30 |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | -3,026,061,124.97 | 5,675,407,284.92 |
| III. Cash flow from financing activities: | | |
| Cash received from absorption of investments | 62,000,000.00 | 30,957,178.38 |
| Cash received from obtaining loans | 41,439,662.00 | 34,000,000.00 |
| Other cash received in connection with financing activities | 280,715,982.94 | 234,346,997.19 |
| Subtotal of cash inflows from financing activities | 384,155,644.94 | 299,304,175.57 |
| Cash paid for debt repayment | 66,000,000.00 | 10,000,000.00 |
| Cash paid for dividends, profits or interest payments | 7,840,786.59 | 3,416,455,425.29 |
| Payment of other cash related to financing activities | 53,170,214.12 | 181,013,652.58 |
| Subtotal of cash outflows from financing activities | | |
| Net cash flows from financing activities | 127,011,000.71 | 3,607,469,077.87 |
| | 127,011,000.71 257,144,644.23 | |
| IV. Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | | 3,607,469,077.87 -3,308,164,902.30 -178,545,254.43 |
| V. Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 257,144,644.23 | -3,308,164,902.30 -178,545,254.43 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 257,144,644.23 287,726,733.50 | -3,308,164,902.30 |

6. Cash Flow Statement of Parent Company

| Project | Semi-annual 2025 | Semi-annual 2024 |
|---------|------------------|------------------|
|---------|------------------|------------------|

| I. Cash flow from operating activities: | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| Cash received from sales of goods and provision of labor services | 52,673,723,414.17 | 57,231,280,855.81 |
| Tax refund received | 80,464,734.28 | 727,850.00 |
| Other cash received in connection with operating activities | 968,553,469.71 | 1,380,231,417.17 |
| Subtotal of cash inflow from operating activities | 53,722,741,618.16 | 58,612,240,122.98 |
| Cash paid for goods and services | 51,269,802,561.93 | 49,289,218,463.82 |
| Cash paid to and for employees | 3,612,840,778.60 | 3,276,956,936.68 |
| Taxes and fees paid | 1,504,405,933.42 | 2,785,805,002.92 |
| Payment of other cash related to operating activities | 4,907,709,472.80 | 3,011,019,964.46 |
| Subtotal of cash outflows from operating activities | 61,294,758,746.75 | 58,363,000,367.88 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | -7,572,017,128.59 | 249,239,755.10 |
| II. Cash flow from investment activities: | | |
| Cash received from investment income | 418,072,106.70 | 298,979,999.95 |
| Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets | 154,051,790.41 | 12,748,015.59 |
| Other cash received in connection with investing activities | | 5,550,500,000.00 |
| Subtotal of cash inflow from investment activities | 572,123,897.11 | 5,862,228,015.54 |
| Cash paid for acquisition and construction of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets | 1,214,891,938.38 | 1,020,364,923.37 |
| Cash paid for investments | 1,890,723,740.46 | 308,253,846.00 |
| Payment of other cash related to investing activities | | 1,490,000,000.00 |
| Subtotal of cash outflows from investment activities | 3,105,615,678.84 | 2,818,618,769.37 |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | -2,533,491,781.73 | 3,043,609,246.17 |
| III. Cash flow from financing activities: | | |
| Cash received from absorption of investments | | |
| Cash received from obtaining loans | | |
| Other cash received in connection with financing activities | | |
| Subtotal of cash inflows from financing activities | | |
| Cash paid for debt repayment | 36,000,000.00 | |
| Cash paid for dividends, profits or interest payments | 7,357,000.00 | 3,412,863,996.51 |
| Payment of other cash related to financing activities | 33,309,556.36 | 40,217,966.73 |
| Subtotal of cash outflows from financing activities | 76,666,556.36 | 3,453,081,963.24 |
| Net cash flows from financing activities | -76,666,556.36 | -3,453,081,963.24 |
| IV. Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | | |
| V. Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | -10,182,175,466.68 | -160,232,961.97 |
| Plus: Balance of opening cash and cash equivalents | 34,681,359,143.17 | 44,023,772,482.14 |
| VI. Balance of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 24,499,183,676.49 | 43,863,539,520.17 |

7. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Owner's Equity

Current Amount

Unit: Yuan

| | | | | | Semi-annual 2025 | | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Owner's e | quity attributable to pare | nt company | | | | |
| Project | Share capital | Capital reserve | Less: Treasury shares | Other comprehensive income | Special reserve | Surplus reserve | Undistributed profit | Minority equity | Total owner's equity |
| I. Closing balance of previous year | 9,914,086,060.00 | 8,925,798,850.14 | 169,261,662.73 | 7,523,358.77 | 95,013,488.38 | 4,957,043,030.00 | 52,846,021,500.43 | 2,504,374,617.11 | 79,080,599,242.10 |
| II. Balance at the beginning of the current year | 9,914,086,060.00 | 8,925,798,850.14 | 169,261,662.73 | 7,523,358.77 | 95,013,488.38 | 4,957,043,030.00 | 52,846,021,500.43 | 2,504,374,617.11 | 79,080,599,242.10 |
| III. Amount of increase or decrease in current period(Decrease is indicated with "-") | | 30,568,843.52 | -112,935,815.55 | -76,680,556.34 | 30,729,494.34 | | -631,353,698.15 | -431,719,070.68 | -965,519,171.76 |
| (I) Total comprehensive income | | | | -76,680,556.34 | | | 2,291,211,254.67 | -498,557,363.40 | 1,715,973,334.93 |
| (II) Capital invested and reduced by owners | | 30,568,843.52 | -112,935,815.55 | | | | | 62,000,000.00 | 205,504,659.07 |
| 1. Common shares invested by owners | | | | | | | | 62,000,000.00 | 62,000,000.00 |
| Amount of share-based payment included in owner's equity | | 15,696,797.33 | -112,935,815.55 | | | | | | 128,632,612.88 |
| 3. Other | | 14,872,046.19 | | | | | | | 14,872,046.19 |
| (III) Profit distribution | | | | | | | -2,922,564,952.82 | | -2,922,564,952.82 |
| Distribution to owners (or shareholders) | | | | | | | -2,922,564,952.82 | | -2,922,564,952.82 |
| (IV) Internal carry-forward of owner's equity | | | | | | | | | |
| (V) Special reserve | | | | | 30,729,494.34 | | | 4,838,292.72 | 35,567,787.06 |
| 1. Current withdrawal | | | | | 58,903,145.28 | | | 7,514,745.10 | 66,417,890.38 |
| 2. Used in this period | | | | | -28,173,650.94 | | | -2,676,452.38 | -30,850,103.32 |
| (VI) Other | | | | | | | | | |
| IV. Closing balance of the current period | 9,914,086,060.00 | 8,956,367,693.66 | 56,325,847.18 | -69,157,197.57 | 125,742,982.72 | 4,957,043,030.00 | 52,214,667,802.28 | 2,072,655,546.43 | 78,115,080,070.34 |

Amount of last year

| | | | | | Semi-annual 2024 | | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Owner's e | quity attributable to pare | nt company | | | | |
| Project | Share capital | Capital reserve | Less: Treasury shares | Other comprehensive income | Special reserve | Surplus reserve | Undistributed profit | Minority equity | Total owner's equity |
| I. Closing balance of previous year | 9,917,289,033.00 | 8,251,287,637.70 | 382,277,095.96 | 118,318,784.04 | 54,323,330.34 | 4,276,245,864.64 | 49,617,932,431.73 | 2,830,136,853.54 | 74,683,256,839.03 |
| II. Balance at the beginning of the current year | 9,917,289,033.00 | 8,251,287,637.70 | 382,277,095.96 | 118,318,784.04 | 54,323,330.34 | 4,276,245,864.64 | 49,617,932,431.73 | 2,830,136,853.54 | 74,683,256,839.03 |
| III. Amount of increase or decrease in current period(Decrease is indicated with "-") | | 192,036,082.00 | -153,652,923.17 | 82,398,384.33 | 39,807,168.65 | | -580,734,551.36 | -556,794,634.57 | -669,634,627.78 |
| (I) Total comprehensive income | | | | 82,398,384.33 | | | 2,831,743,111.82 | -584,980,844.13 | 2,329,160,652.02 |
| (II) Capital invested and reduced by owners | | 192,036,082.00 | -132,685,226.16 | | | | | 23,433,418.96 | 348,154,727.12 |
| 1. Common shares invested by owners | | | | | | | | 30,960,000.00 | 30,960,000.00 |
| Amount of share-based payment included in owner's equity | | 181,288,200.00 | | | | | | | 181,288,200.00 |
| 3. Other | | 10,747,882.00 | -132,685,226.16 | | | | | -7,526,581.04 | 135,906,527.12 |
| (III) Profit distribution | | | -20,967,697.01 | | | | -3,412,477,663.18 | | -3,391,509,966.17 |
| Distribution to owners (or shareholders) | | | -20,967,697.01 | | | | -3,412,477,663.18 | | -3,391,509,966.17 |
| (IV) Internal carry-forward of owner's equity | | | | | | | | | |
| (V) Special reserve | | | | | 39,807,168.65 | | | 4,752,790.60 | 44,559,959.25 |
| 1. Current withdrawal | | | | | 63,437,107.75 | | | 5,888,705.99 | 69,325,813.74 |
| 2. Used in this period | | | | | -23,629,939.10 | | | -1,135,915.39 | -24,765,854.49 |
| (VI) Other | | | | | | | | | |
| IV. Closing balance of the current period | 9,917,289,033.00 | 8,443,323,719.70 | 228,624,172.79 | 200,717,168.37 | 94,130,498.99 | 4,276,245,864.64 | 49,037,197,880.37 | 2,273,342,218.97 | 74,013,622,211.25 |

8. Statement of Changes in Owner's Equity of Parent Company

Current Amount

| | | | | Sem | ii-annual 2025 | | | |
|---------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Project | Share capital | Capital reserve | Less: Treasury shares | Other comprehensive | Special reserve | Surplus reserve | Undistributed profit | Total owner's equity |

| | | | | income | | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| I. Closing balance of previous year | 9,914,086,060.00 | 8,353,032,903.95 | 169,261,662.73 | 162,659,055.80 | 44,805,848.15 | 4,957,043,030.00 | 47,158,746,846.13 | 70,421,112,081.30 |
| II. Balance at the beginning of the current year | 9,914,086,060.00 | 8,353,032,903.95 | 169,261,662.73 | 162,659,055.80 | 44,805,848.15 | 4,957,043,030.00 | 47,158,746,846.13 | 70,421,112,081.30 |
| III. Amount of increase or decrease in current period(Decrease is indicated with "-") | | 30,568,843.52 | -112,935,815.55 | -2,894,301.11 | 18,660,348.93 | | -1,835,506,282.38 | -1,676,235,575.49 |
| (I) Total comprehensive income | | | | -2,894,301.11 | | | 1,087,058,670.44 | 1,084,164,369.33 |
| (II) Capital invested and reduced by owners | | 30,568,843.52 | -112,935,815.55 | | | | | 143,504,659.07 |
| Amount of share-based payment included in owner's equity | | 15,696,797.33 | -112,935,815.55 | | | | | 128,632,612.88 |
| 2. Other | | 14,872,046.19 | | | | | | 14,872,046.19 |
| (III) Profit distribution | | | | | | | -2,922,564,952.82 | -2,922,564,952.82 |
| Distribution to owners (or shareholders) | | | | | | | -2,922,564,952.82 | -2,922,564,952.82 |
| (IV) Internal carry-forward of owner's equity | | | | | | | | |
| (V) Special reserve | | | | | 18,660,348.93 | | | 18,660,348.93 |
| 1. Current withdrawal | | | | | 33,871,629.18 | | | 33,871,629.18 |
| 2. Used in this period | | | | | -15,211,280.25 | | | -15,211,280.25 |
| (VI) Other | | | | | | | | |
| IV. Closing balance of the current period | 9,914,086,060.00 | 8,383,601,747.47 | 56,325,847.18 | 159,764,754.69 | 63,466,197.08 | 4,957,043,030.00 | 45,323,240,563.75 | 68,744,876,505.81 |

Amount of last year

| | | | | Semi-ann | ual 2024 | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Project | Share capital | Capital reserve | Less: Treasury shares | Other comprehensive income | Special reserve | Surplus reserve | Undistributed profit | Total owner's equity |
| I. Closing balance of previous year | 9,917,289,033.00 | 8,406,226,198.82 | 382,277,095.96 | 169,049,829.02 | 19,514,786.95 | 4,276,245,864.64 | 44,297,589,798.86 | 66,703,638,415.33 |
| II. Balance at the beginning of the current year | 9,917,289,033.00 | 8,406,226,198.82 | 382,277,095.96 | 169,049,829.02 | 19,514,786.95 | 4,276,245,864.64 | 44,297,589,798.86 | 66,703,638,415.33 |
| III. Amount of increase or decrease in current period(Decrease is indicated | | 184,509,500.64 | -153,652,923.17 | -184,355.51 | 22,558,299.54 | | -1,303,772,905.39 | -943,236,537.55 |

| with "-") | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| (I) Total comprehensive income | | | | -184,355.51 | | | 2,108,704,757.79 | 2,108,520,402.28 |
| (II) Capital invested and reduced by owners | | 184,509,500.64 | -132,685,226.16 | | | | | 317,194,726.80 |
| 1. Amount of share-based payment included in owner's equity | | 181,288,200.00 | | | | | | 181,288,200.00 |
| 2. Other | | 3,221,300.64 | -132,685,226.16 | | | | | 135,906,526.80 |
| (III) Profit distribution | | | -20,967,697.01 | | | | -3,412,477,663.18 | -3,391,509,966.17 |
| 1. Distribution to owners (or shareholders) | | | -20,967,697.01 | | | | -3,412,477,663.18 | -3,391,509,966.17 |
| (IV) Internal carry-forward of owner's equity | | | | | | | | |
| (V) Special reserve | | | | | 22,558,299.54 | | | 22,558,299.54 |
| 1. Current withdrawal | | | | | 36,217,694.10 | | | 36,217,694.10 |
| 2. Used in this period | | | | | -13,659,394.56 | | | -13,659,394.56 |
| (VI) Other | | | | | | | | |
| IV. Closing balance of the current period | 9,917,289,033.00 | 8,590,735,699.46 | 228,624,172.79 | 168,865,473.51 | 42,073,086.49 | 4,276,245,864.64 | 42,993,816,893.47 | 65,760,401,877.78 |

III. Basic Information of the Company

Chongqing Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. (Hereinafter referred to as "the Company" or "the Company") is a company limited by shares registered in Chongqing in October 1996. Listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange in June 1997. As of June 30, 2025, the Company has issued a total of 9,914,086,060 shares, registered at No. 260, Jianxin East Road, Jiangbei District, Chongqing, China, and its office address at Building T2, No.2, Financial City, No.61, Dongshengmen Road, Jiangbei District, Chongqing, China.

The company actually engaged in the main business activities: Automobile (including car), automotive engine series products, supporting parts manufacturing, sales and other business.

The parent company of the Company is Chenzhi Automotive Technology Group Co., Ltd. The ultimate controlling party of the Company is China South Industries Group Co., Ltd..

IV. Preparation Basis of Financial Statements

1. Preparation Basis

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises - Basic Standards and various specific accounting standards, Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises - Application Guide, Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises - Interpretation and other relevant provisions issued by the Ministry of Finance (hereinafter collectively referred to as "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises"), as well as the relevant provisions of the Rules for the Preparation and Reporting of Information Disclosure by Companies Offering Securities to the Public No. 15 - General Provisions on Financial Reporting issued by China Securities Regulatory Commission.

2. Going concern

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

V. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates

1. Statement on Compliance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises

The financial statements conform to the requirements of the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises issued by the Ministry of Finance, and truly and completely reflect the financial status of the Company on June 30, 2025 and the business performance and cash flow of the Company in 2025.

2. Accounting period

The Company adopts the Gregorian calendar year, i.e. from January 1 to December 31.

3. Operating cycle

The business cycle of the Company is 12 months.

4. Functional currency

The Company's functional currency and the currency in which the financial statements are prepared are RMB. Unless otherwise specified, it is expressed in RMB. Subsidiaries, joint ventures and joint ventures of the Company shall, in accordance with the main economic environment in which they operate, determine their functional currency and convert them into RMB when preparing the financial statements.

5. Accounting treatment of business combination under the same control and not under the same control

Business combination under the same control

The assets and liabilities acquired by the combining party in the business combination (including the goodwill formed by the acquisition of the combined party by the final controlling party) shall be measured on the basis of the book value of the combined party's assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements of the final controlling party on the combination date. The difference between the book value of the net assets obtained in the merger and the book value of the consideration paid for the merger (or the total par value of the issued shares) shall be adjusted for the share premium in the capital reserve. If the share premium in the capital reserve is insufficient to offset, the retained earnings shall be adjusted.

Business combination not under the same control

The merger cost is the fair value of the assets paid, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity securities issued by the acquirer to acquire the control right of the acquiree on the acquisition date. The difference between the combination cost and the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the acquiree obtained in the combination shall be recognized as goodwill; The difference between the combination cost and the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the purchased party obtained in the combination shall be included in the current profit and loss. The identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities obtained by the acquiree in the merger meet the recognition conditions are measured at fair value on the acquisition date.

The directly related expenses incurred for business combination shall be included in the current profit and loss when incurred; The transaction cost of issuing equity securities or debt securities for business combination is included in the initial recognition amount of equity securities or debt securities.

6. Judgment standard of control and preparation method of consolidated financial statements

Judgment standard of control

The consolidation scope of the consolidated financial statements is determined on the basis of control. The consolidation scope includes the Company and all subsidiaries. Control means that the company has the right to the investee, enjoys the variable return by participating in the investee's relevant activities, and has the ability to use the right to the investee to influence its return amount.

Merging procedure

The Company regards the entire enterprise group as one accounting entity, and prepares consolidated financial statements in accordance with uniform accounting policies to reflect the overall financial position, operating results and cash flow of the enterprise group. The effects of internal transactions between the Company and subsidiaries and between subsidiaries shall be offset. If the internal transaction indicates the impairment loss of relevant assets, the loss shall be recognized in full. If the accounting policies and accounting periods adopted by subsidiaries are inconsistent with the Company, necessary adjustments shall be made in accordance with the Company's accounting policies and accounting periods when preparing consolidated financial statements.

The shares of minority shareholders in the owner's equity, current net profit and loss and current comprehensive income of subsidiaries are separately listed under the owner's equity item in the consolidated balance sheet, net profit item in the consolidated income statement and total comprehensive income item. If the current loss shared by the minority shareholders of a subsidiary exceeds the balance formed by the minority shareholders' share in the opening owner's equity of the subsidiary, the minority shareholders' equity shall be offset.

(1) Increase subsidiary or business

During the reporting period, if subsidiaries or businesses are added due to business combination under the same control, the operating results and cash flows of subsidiaries or businesses from the beginning of the current period to the end of the reporting period shall be included in the consolidated financial statements, and the adjustment of the opening amount of the consolidated financial statements and the related items of the comparative statements shall be deemed as that the report entity after consolidation has existed since the control point of the ultimate controlling party.

If the investee can control the investee under the same control due to additional investment or other reasons, the changes in relevant profits and losses, other comprehensive incomes and other net assets have been recognized between the date when the original equity is acquired and the date when the merging party and the merging party are under the same control, whichever is later, from the date when the merging party and the merging party are under the same control, and the opening retained earnings or current profits and losses during the comparative statement period shall be offset respectively.

During the reporting period, if subsidiaries or businesses are increased due to business combination not under the same control, the fair values of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities determined on the acquisition date shall be included in the consolidated financial statements from the acquisition date.

If the investee not under the same control can be controlled due to additional investment or other reasons, the equity of the acquiree held before the acquisition date shall be re-measured according to the fair value of the equity on the acquisition date, and the difference between the fair value and the book value shall be counted into the current investment income. Other comprehensive income that can be reclassified into profit and loss and other owner's equity changes under equity method accounting involved in the equity of the acquiree held before the acquisition date are converted into current investment income on the acquisition date.

- (2) Disposal of subsidiaries
- □ General treatment method

If the control over the investee is lost due to disposal of part of the equity investment or other reasons, the remaining equity investment after disposal shall be re-measured according to its fair value on the date when the control is lost. The difference between the sum of the consideration obtained from disposal of equity and the fair value of the remaining equity minus the sum of the share of the net assets of the original subsidiary which shall be calculated continuously from the acquisition date or the merger date according to the original shareholding proportion and the goodwill shall be counted into the investment income of the period when the control right is lost. Other comprehensive income that can be reclassified into profit and loss and other owner's equity change under equity method accounting related to original subsidiary's equity investment shall be converted into current investment income when losing control.

□ Step by step disposal of subsidiaries

If the equity investment of the subsidiary is disposed step by step through multiple transactions until the control right is lost, the terms, conditions and economic impact of each transaction disposed of the equity investment of the subsidiary shall meet one or more of the following conditions, which generally indicates that the multiple transactions are package transactions:

- I . These transactions are entered into simultaneously or taking into account each other's influence;
- II . These deals as a whole can achieve a complete business result;
- III. The occurrence of a transaction depends on the occurrence of at least one other transaction;
- IV. A transaction is not economic alone, but it is economic when considered in conjunction with other transactions.

If each transaction belongs to a package transaction, each transaction shall be treated as a transaction for disposal of subsidiaries and loss of control right for accounting treatment; The difference between the disposal price of each time before the loss of control and the share of net assets of the subsidiary corresponding to the disposal of investment shall be recognized as other comprehensive income in the consolidated financial statements, and shall be transferred to the profit and loss of the current period when the loss of control occurs.

If each transaction does not belong to a package transaction, before losing the control right, the equity investment of the subsidiary company shall be accounted for by partial disposal without losing the control right; In case of loss of control, accounting treatment shall be conducted according to the general treatment method of disposal of subsidiaries.

(3) Purchase minority interests in subsidiaries

Due to the difference between the long-term equity investment newly acquired by purchasing minority equity and the share of net assets continuously calculated by the subsidiaries from the acquisition date or the merger date according to the newly increased shareholding ratio, the share premium in the capital reserve in the consolidated balance sheet shall be adjusted. If the share premium in the capital reserve is insufficient to offset, the retained earnings shall be adjusted.

(4) Partial disposal of equity investments in subsidiaries without loss of control

The difference between the disposal price and the share of net assets of the subsidiary that shall be continuously calculated from the acquisition date or the merger date corresponding to the disposal of the long-term equity investment shall be adjusted to the share premium in the capital reserve in the consolidated balance sheet. If the share premium in the capital reserve is insufficient to offset, the retained earnings shall be adjusted.

7. Criteria for determining cash and cash equivalents

Cash refers to the Company's cash on hand and deposits that can be used for payment at any time. Cash equivalents refer to the investments held by the Company with short term, strong liquidity, easy to be converted into known amount of cash and small risk of value change.

8. Foreign currency transactions and translation of foreign currency statements

Foreign currency business

The spot exchange rate on the transaction date is used as the conversion exchange rate to convert the foreign currency amount into RMB for bookkeeping.

The balance of foreign currency monetary items on the balance sheet date shall be converted according to the spot exchange rate on the balance sheet date, and the exchange difference arising therefrom shall be included in the current profit and loss except that the exchange difference arising from the special foreign currency borrowing related to the acquisition and construction of assets eligible for capitalization shall be treated according to the principle of capitalization of borrowing costs.

<u>Translation of Foreign Currency Financial Statements</u>

The assets and liabilities in the balance sheet shall be translated at the spot exchange rate on the balance sheet date; Owner's equity items, except for "undistributed profit" items, are translated using the spot exchange rate at the time of occurrence. The income and expense items in the income statement are translated using the spot exchange rate on the transaction date.

When disposing of overseas operation, the translation balance of foreign currency financial statements related to the overseas operation shall be transferred from the owner's equity item to the current profit and loss for disposal.

9. Financial instruments

When the Company becomes a party to a financial instrument contract, it recognizes a financial asset, financial liability or equity instrument.

Classification of financial instruments

According to the business model of financial assets managed by the Company and the characteristics of contractual cash flow of financial assets, financial assets are classified into financial assets measured at amortized cost, financial assets measured at fair value with changes included in other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at fair value with changes included in current profit and loss upon initial recognition.

The Company classifies financial assets that meet the following conditions and are not designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss as financial assets measured at amortized cost:

- The business model is aimed at receiving contract cash flows;
- The contractual cash flow is only the payment of principal and interest based on the outstanding principal amount.

The Company classifies the financial assets that meet the following conditions and are not designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss as financial assets (debt instruments) measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

- The business model targets both the receipt of contractual cash flows and the sale of the financial asset;
- The contractual cash flow is only the payment of principal and interest based on the outstanding principal amount.

For non-trading equity instrument investments, the Company may, upon initial recognition, irrevocably designate them as financial assets (equity instruments) measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. The designation is made on an individual investment basis and the relevant investment complies with the definition of an equity instrument from the issuer's point of view.

In addition to the above financial assets measured at amortised cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income, the Company classifies all other financial assets into financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified into financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost.

Recognition basis and measurement method of financial instruments

(1) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, long-term receivables, debt investment, etc., initially measured at fair value, and related transaction costs are included in the initially recognized amount; Receivables that do not contain significant financing components and receivables that the Company decides not to consider financing components that do not exceed one year are initially measured at the contract transaction price.

Interest calculated using the effective interest method during the holding period is included in the current profit and loss.

When recovering or disposing, the difference between the obtained price and the book value of the financial asset shall be included in the current profit and loss.

(2) Financial assets (debt instruments) measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets (debt instruments) measured at fair value and whose changes are included in other comprehensive income include receivables financing, other debt investments, etc., initially measured at fair value, and relevant transaction costs are included in the initially recognized amount. This financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are included in other comprehensive income except interest, impairment losses or gains and exchange gains and losses calculated using the effective interest method.

When the recognition is terminated, the accumulated gains or losses previously included in other comprehensive income are transferred out from other comprehensive income and included in current profit and loss.

(3) Financial assets (equity instruments) measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets (equity instruments) measured at fair value and whose changes are included in other comprehensive income include investments in other equity instruments, which are initially measured at fair value, and relevant transaction costs are included in the initially recognized amount. The financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value, and changes in fair value are included in other comprehensive income. Dividends obtained are included in the current profit and loss.

Upon termination of recognition, accumulated gains or losses previously included in other comprehensive income are transferred out from other comprehensive income and included in retained earnings.

(4) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets measured at fair value and whose changes are included in current profits and losses include trading financial assets, derivative financial assets and other non-current financial assets, which are initially measured at fair value, and relevant transaction costs are included in current profits and losses. The financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value, and the change in fair value is included in the current profit and loss.

(5) Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities measured at fair value and whose changes are included in current profits and losses include trading financial liabilities and derivative financial liabilities, which are initially measured at fair value, and relevant transaction costs are included in current profits and losses. The financial liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, and changes in fair value are included in current profit and loss.

When the recognition is terminated, the difference between the book value and the consideration paid is included in the current profit and loss.

(6) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, long-term borrowings, bonds payable and long-term payables, which are initially measured at fair value, and related transaction costs are included in the initially recognized amount.

Interest calculated using the effective interest method during the holding period is included in the current profit and loss.

When the recognition is terminated, the difference between the consideration paid and the book value of the financial liability is included in the current profit and loss.

Recognition basis and measurement method of derecognition and transfer of financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets when one of the following conditions is met:

- Termination of contractual rights to receive cash flows from financial assets;
- The financial assets have been transferred, and almost all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets have been transferred to the transferee;
- The financial assets have been transferred. Although the Company has neither transferred nor retained almost all the risks and rewards in the ownership of the financial assets, the Company has not retained the control over the financial assets.

If the Company modifies or re-negotiates the contract with the counterparty and constitutes a material modification, the original financial assets shall be derecognized, and a new financial asset shall be recognized in accordance with the modified terms.

When a financial asset is transferred, if almost all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the financial asset are retained, the financial asset shall not be derecognized.

In determining whether the transfer of financial assets meets the above conditions for derecognition of financial assets, the principle of substance over form is adopted.

The Company divides the transfer of financial assets into overall transfer and partial transfer of financial assets. If the overall transfer of financial assets meets the conditions for derecognition, the difference between the following two amounts shall be included in the current profit and loss:

- (1) The carrying value of the financial assets transferred;
- (2) The sum of the consideration received as a result of the transfer and the cumulative amount of changes in fair value originally recorded in the owner's equity (the financial assets involved in the transfer are the financial assets (debt instruments) measured at fair value and whose changes are recorded in other comprehensive income).

If the partial transfer of financial assets meets the conditions for derecognition, the book value of the transferred financial assets as a whole shall be amortized according to the relative fair value between the derecognized part and the underecognized part, and the difference between the following two amounts shall be included in the current profit and loss:

- (1) The book value of the derecognized part;
- (2) The sum of the consideration for the derecognized part and the amount corresponding to the derecognized part in the accumulative amount of the changes in fair value originally recorded in the owner's equity (the financial assets involved in the transfer are the financial assets (debt instruments) measured at fair value and whose changes are recorded in other comprehensive income).

If the transfer of financial assets does not meet the conditions for termination of recognition, the financial assets shall be continuously recognized, and the consideration received shall be recognized as a financial liability.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Where the present obligation of a financial liability has been discharged in whole or in part, the recognition of the financial liability or part thereof shall be terminated; If the Company signs an agreement with its creditors to replace the existing financial liabilities by assuming new financial liabilities, and the contract terms of the new financial liabilities and the existing financial liabilities are substantially different, the Company will derecognize the existing financial liabilities and recognize the new financial liabilities at the same time.

If the contract terms of all or part of the existing financial liabilities are materially modified, the existing financial liabilities or part thereof shall be derecognized, and the financial liabilities after modification shall be recognized as a new financial liability.

When all or part of the financial liabilities are derecognized, the difference between the book value of the derecognized financial liabilities and the consideration paid (including non-cash assets transferred out or new financial liabilities assumed) shall be included in the current profit and loss.

If the Company buys back part of the financial liabilities, on the buyback date, the book value of the financial liabilities as a whole shall be distributed according to the relative fair value of the continuously recognized part and the derecognized part. The difference between the book value allocated to the derecognized part and the consideration paid (including non-cash assets transferred out or new financial liabilities assumed) is included in the current profit and loss.

Determination of fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair value of a financial instrument with an active market is determined by the price quoted in the active market. In the absence of an active market, the fair value of financial instruments is determined using valuation techniques. In valuing, the Company selects the input value consistent with the characteristics of the assets or liabilities considered by the market participants in the transaction of the relevant assets or liabilities and preferentially uses the relevant observable input value by adopting the valuation technology applicable in the current situation and supported by sufficient available data and other information. An unobservable input value is used only if the relevant observable input value cannot be obtained or is not practicable.

Test Method and Accounting Treatment Method of Financial Instrument Impairment

The Company carries out impairment accounting treatment for financial assets measured at amortized cost, financial assets (debt instruments) measured at fair value with changes included in other comprehensive income, financial guarantee contracts, etc. on the basis of expected credit loss.

The Company calculates the probabilistic weighted amount of the present value of the difference between the cash flow receivable under the contract and the cash flow expected to be received by taking into account the past events, the current situation and the forecast of the future economic situation and other reasonable and based information, taking the risk of default as the weight, and recognizes the expected credit loss.

For receivables and contractual assets arising from transactions regulated in Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 14 - Revenue, regardless of whether they contain significant financing components, the Company always measures its loss provision at an amount equivalent to the expected credit loss during the whole existence period.

For the lease receivables arising from the transactions regulated in Accounting Standards for Enterprises No. 21 - Leasing, the Company chooses to always measure its loss provision at an amount equivalent to the expected credit loss in the whole duration.

For other financial instruments, the Company assesses the changes in credit risk of the relevant financial instruments since initial recognition on each balance sheet date.

The Company compares the risk of default of financial instruments on the balance sheet date with the risk of default on the initial recognition date to determine the relative change of default risk within the expected existence period of financial instruments, so as to assess whether the credit risk of financial instruments has increased significantly since the initial recognition. Generally, if the overdue period is more than 30 days, the Company will consider that the credit risk of the financial instrument has been significantly increased, unless there is conclusive evidence that the credit risk of the financial instrument has not been significantly increased since the initial recognition.

If the credit risk of a financial instrument on the balance sheet date is low, the Company considers that the credit risk of the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

If the credit risk of the financial instrument has been significantly increased since the initial recognition, the Company shall measure its loss provision according to the amount equivalent to the expected credit loss of the financial instrument during the whole existence period; If the credit risk of the financial instrument does not increase significantly after initial recognition, the Company measures its loss provision at an amount equivalent to the expected credit loss of the financial instrument within the next 12 months. The increase or reversal amount of loss provision thus formed shall be included in current profit and loss as impairment loss or profit. For financial assets (debt instruments) measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, provision for loss is recognized in other comprehensive income, and impairment losses or gains are included in current profit and loss without reducing the book value of the financial assets in the balance sheet.

10. Inventory

Classification and cost of inventories

Inventory classification: In-transit materials, raw materials, revolving materials, goods in stock, products in process, goods issued, materials for entrusted processing, etc.

Inventory is initially measured at cost, which includes purchase costs, processing costs, and other expenses incurred to bring the inventory to its current location and status.

Valuation method of issued inventory

The weighted average method is adopted.

Inventory system

Permanent inventory system is adopted.

Amortization of low value consumables and packaging

- (1) Low-value consumables adopt one-time write-off method;
- (2) The package adopts one-time resale method.

Recognition standard and withdrawal method of inventory falling price reserve

On the balance sheet date, inventories shall be measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. When the inventory cost is higher than its net realizable value, provision for inventory falling price shall be made. Net realizable value refers to the amount after deducting the estimated cost, estimated sales expense and relevant taxes from the estimated sales price of inventory in daily activities.

The net realizable value of the inventories of goods directly used for sale, such as finished goods, goods in stock and materials used for sale, shall be determined by deducting the estimated selling expenses and relevant taxes from the estimated selling price of the inventories during the normal production and operation; In the normal course of production and operation, the net realizable value of the inventories of materials to be processed shall be determined by deducting the estimated selling price of the finished products from the estimated costs to be incurred upon completion, estimated selling expenses and relevant taxes; The net realizable value of inventories held for the execution of sales contracts or labor contracts shall be calculated on the basis of the contract price. If the quantity of inventories held is more than the quantity ordered in the sales contract, the net realizable value of the excess part of inventories shall be calculated on the basis of the general sales price.

After the provision for inventory falling price is made, if the influence factors of inventory value write-down have disappeared, resulting in that the net realizable value of inventory is higher than its book value, it shall be reversed within the original provision for inventory falling price, and the reversed amount shall be included in the current profit and loss.

11. Contractual assets

Recognition method and standard of contract assets

The Company presents contractual assets or contractual liabilities in the balance sheet based on the relationship between performance obligations and customer payments. The right of the Company to receive consideration for having transferred goods or provided services to its customers (and subject to factors other than the passage of time) is set out as a contractual asset. Contractual assets and contractual liabilities under the same contract are presented in net terms. The Company's right to receive consideration from customers unconditionally (subject only to the passage of time) is shown separately as receivables.

Determination of expected credit loss of contract assets and accounting treatment

For the determination method and accounting treatment method of expected credit loss of contract assets, see "V.9. Financial instruments" in this note.

12. Assets held for sale

Hold for sale

Where the carrying value of a non-current asset is recovered primarily by sale (including exchange of non-monetary assets with commercial substance) rather than by continuing use of a non-current asset or disposal group, it is classified as held for sale.

The Company classifies non-current assets or disposal groups that meet the following conditions simultaneously into the category of holding for sale:

- (1) In accordance with the practice of selling such assets or disposal groups in similar transactions, immediately in the current situation;
- (2) The sale is likely to occur, i.e. the Company has made a resolution on a sale plan and obtained a firm purchase commitment, and the sale is expected to be completed within one year. If the relevant regulations require the relevant authority or regulatory authority of the Company to approve the sale, the approval has been obtained.

If the book value of non-current assets (excluding financial assets, deferred income tax assets and assets formed by employee remuneration) or disposal group held for sale is higher than the net value after deducting selling expenses from fair value, the book value shall be written down to the net value after deducting selling expenses from fair value. The written down amount shall be recognized as asset impairment loss and included in current profit and loss. Meanwhile, provision for impairment of assets held for sale shall be made.

13. Long-term equity investment

Judgment standard of common control and significant influence

Joint control refers to the common control over an arrangement according to relevant agreements, and the relevant activities of the arrangement can only be decided after the unanimous consent of the participants sharing the control right. Where the Company and other joint ventures jointly exercise joint control over the investee and enjoy rights over the net assets of the investee, the investee shall be the joint venture of the Company.

Significant influence refers to the right to participate in the financial and operational decisions of the investee, but not to control or jointly control the formulation of these policies with other parties. If the Company can exert significant influence on the investee, the investee shall be the associated enterprise of the Company.

Determination of initial investment cost

(1) Long-term equity investment formed by business combination

For the long-term equity investment of subsidiaries formed by business combination under the same control, on the combination date, the share of the book value of the owner's equity of the combined party in the consolidated financial statements of the final controlling party shall be taken as the initial investment cost of the long-term equity investment. The difference between the initial investment cost of the long-term equity investment and the book value of the consideration paid, adjusting the share premium in the capital reserve; When the share premium in the capital reserve is insufficient to offset, the retained earnings shall be adjusted. If the investee under the same control can be controlled due to additional investment or other reasons, the difference between the initial investment cost of the long-term equity investment recognized according to the above principles and the sum of the book value of the long-term equity investment before the merger and the book value of the newly paid consideration for the shares further obtained on the merger date shall be adjusted for the share capital premium. If the share capital premium is insufficient to offset, the retained earnings shall be offset.

For the long-term equity investment of subsidiaries formed by business combination not under the same control, the combination cost determined on the purchase date shall be regarded as the initial investment cost of long-term equity investment. If the investee unit not under the same control can be controlled due to additional investment or other reasons, the sum of the book value of the originally held equity investment plus the newly increased investment cost shall be regarded as the initial investment cost

(2) Long-term equity investment acquired by means other than business combination

For long-term equity investment obtained by cash payment, the actual paid purchase price shall be regarded as the initial investment cost

For long-term equity investments obtained by issuing equity securities, the fair value of the issued equity securities shall be taken as the initial investment cost.

Subsequent measurement and profit and loss recognition method

(1) Long-term equity investment calculated by cost method

The Company's long-term equity investment in subsidiaries shall be accounted for by cost method, unless the investment meets the conditions for holding for sale. In addition to the declared but undistributed cash dividends or profits included in the actual payment or consideration when the investment is obtained, the Company shall recognize the current investment income according to the declared cash dividends or profits of the investee.

(2) Long-term equity investments accounted for by the equity method

Long-term equity investments in joint ventures and joint ventures shall be accounted for by the equity method. If the initial investment cost is greater than the share of fair value of identifiable net assets of the investee at the time of investment, the initial investment cost of long-term equity investment shall not be adjusted; The difference between the initial investment cost and the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the investee shall be included in the current profit and loss, and the cost of long-term equity investment shall be adjusted.

The Company shall recognize the investment income and other comprehensive income respectively according to the share of net profit and loss and other comprehensive income of the invested unit that shall be enjoyed or shared, and adjust the book value of long-term equity investment; The book value of the long-term equity investment shall be reduced according to the part of the invested unit that shall be calculated according to the profits or cash dividends declared to be distributed; For other changes in owner's equity of the investee other than net profit and loss, other comprehensive income and profit distribution (hereinafter referred to as "other owner's equity changes"), the book value of long-term equity investment shall be adjusted and counted into owner's equity

When recognizing the share of changes in net profit and loss, other comprehensive income and other owner's equity of the investee, it shall be recognized based on the fair value of identifiable net assets of the investee at the time of obtaining investment and after adjustment of net profit and other comprehensive income of the investee in accordance with accounting policies and accounting period of the Company.

The profits and losses arising from unrealized internal transactions between the Company and associated enterprises and joint ventures shall be offset against the portion attributable to the Company calculated according to the proportion to which they are entitled, and the investment income shall be recognized on this basis, except that the assets invested or sold constitute business. If the unrealized internal transaction loss with the investee belongs to the asset impairment loss, it shall be recognized in full.

The net loss incurred by the Company to the joint venture or associated enterprise shall, in addition to the obligation to bear additional loss, be limited to the write-down to zero of the book value of the long-term equity investment and other long-term rights and interests that substantially constitute the net investment to the joint venture or associated enterprise. If the joint venture or associated enterprise realizes the net profit in the future, the company shall resume the recognition of the profit sharing amount after the profit sharing amount covers the unrecognized loss sharing amount.

(3) Disposal of long-term equity investment

If the long-term equity investment is disposed, the difference between its book value and the actually obtained price shall be included in the current profit and loss.

For the long-term equity investment accounted by partial disposal of equity method, if the remaining equity is still accounted by equity method, other comprehensive income recognized by original equity method shall be carried forward by corresponding proportion based on the same basis as the investee's direct disposal of relevant assets or liabilities, and other owner's equity changes shall be carried forward into current profit and loss by proportion.

If the joint control or significant influence on the investee is lost due to disposal of equity investment and other reasons, the other comprehensive income of the original equity investment recognized due to accounting with equity method shall be accounted

with the same basis as the investee's direct disposal of relevant assets or liabilities when the accounting with equity method is terminated, and the change of other owners' equity shall be transferred to the current profit and loss when the accounting with equity method is terminated.

If the control right of the investee is lost due to disposal of part of equity investment or other reasons, when preparing individual financial statements, if the residual equity can implement joint control or significant influence on the investee, the residual equity shall be accounted according to the equity method, and the residual equity shall be regarded as being adjusted by adopting the equity method when the investee obtains the control right. Other comprehensive income recognized before the investee obtains the control right shall be carried forward pro rata based on the same basis of the investee's direct disposal of relevant assets or liabilities, and other owner's equity changes recognized by adopting the equity method shall be carried forward pro rata to the current profit and loss; If the remaining equity cannot exercise joint control or exert significant influence on the investee, it shall be recognized as a financial asset, and the difference between the fair value and the book value on the date when the investee loses control shall be included in the current profit and loss, and all other comprehensive incomes and other changes in owner's equity recognized before the investee obtains the control right shall be carried forward.

If the equity investment of subsidiaries is disposed step by step through multiple transactions until the control right is lost, and belongs to a package transaction, each transaction shall be treated as a transaction of disposing the equity investment of subsidiaries and losing the control right for accounting. The difference between the price of each disposal and the book value of the long-term equity investment corresponding to the equity to be disposed before the loss of control right is recognized as other comprehensive income in the individual financial statements, and then transferred to the current profit and loss of the loss of control right when the loss of control right occurs. If it does not belong to a package transaction, each transaction shall be accounted for separately.

14. Investment real estate

Investment real estate refers to real estate held for the purpose of earning rent or capital appreciation, or both, including leased land use right, land use right held and ready for transfer after appreciation, leased buildings (including buildings used for leasing after self-construction or development activities are completed and buildings used for leasing in the process of construction or development).

The subsequent expenditure related to investment real estate is included in the investment real estate cost when the relevant economic benefits are likely to flow in and the cost can be reliably measured; Otherwise, it is included in the current profit and loss when incurred

The Company adopts the cost model to measure the existing investment real estate. For investment real estate measured according to cost mode - Leased buildings shall adopt the same depreciation policy as fixed assets of the Company, and the leased land use right shall be subject to the same amortization policy as intangible assets.

15. Fixed assets

Recognition and initial measurement of fixed assets

Fixed assets refer to tangible assets held for the purpose of producing commodities, providing labor services, leasing or operating management, and whose service life exceeds one accounting year. Fixed assets are recognized when they simultaneously meet the following conditions:

- (1) The economic benefits related to the fixed assets are likely to flow into the enterprise;
- (2) The cost of the fixed asset can be measured reliably.

Fixed assets are initially measured at cost (and taking into account the impact of projected abandonment cost factors).

Subsequent expenditures related to fixed assets are included in the cost of fixed assets when the economic benefits related to them are likely to flow in and their costs can be reliably measured; For the replaced part, the book value shall be derecognized; All other subsequent expenditures are recorded in profit or loss when incurred.

Depreciation method

The depreciation of fixed assets shall be classified and withdrawn by using the life average method, and the depreciation rate shall be determined according to the category of fixed assets, expected service life and expected net residual value rate. For fixed assets for which provision for impairment is made, the depreciation amount shall be determined according to the book value after deduction of provision for impairment and the remaining useful life. If the service life of each component of fixed assets is different or the economic benefits are provided to the enterprise in different ways, different depreciation rates or depreciation methods shall be selected to accrue depreciation respectively.

The depreciation method, depreciation life, residual value rate and annual depreciation rate of various fixed assets are as follows:

| Category | Service life | Estimated residual value rate | Annual depreciation rate |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Houses and buildings | 20-35 Years | 3% | 2.77-4.85% |
| Machinery and equipment | 5-20 Years | 3% | 4.85-19.40% |

| Category | Service life | Estimated residual value rate | Annual depreciation rate |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Means of transport | 4-10 Years | 3% | 9.70-24.25% |
| Other equipment | 3-21 Years | 3% | 4.62-32.33% |

Machine tools and molds are depreciated using the units-of-output method.

Disposal of fixed assets

When a fixed asset is disposed of, or is not expected to generate economic benefits through use or disposal, the recognition of the fixed asset is terminated. The amount of disposal income from sale, transfer, retirement or damage of fixed assets after deducting its book value and relevant taxes shall be included in the current profit and loss.

16. Construction in progress

The construction in progress shall be measured according to the actual cost incurred. The actual cost includes the construction cost, installation cost, capitalized borrowing costs and other necessary expenses incurred before the construction in progress reaches the intended serviceable condition. When the construction in progress reaches the expected serviceable status, it shall be transferred into fixed assets and the depreciation shall be accrued from the next month.

17. Borrowing costs

Recognition principle of borrowing cost capitalization

If the borrowing costs incurred by the Company can be directly attributed to the acquisition, construction or production of assets eligible for capitalization, they shall be capitalized and included in the cost of relevant assets; Other borrowing costs shall be recognized as expenses according to the incurred amount when incurred and included in the current profit and loss.

Assets that meet the capitalization conditions refer to the fixed assets, investment real estate, inventories and other assets that need to be purchased and constructed or produced for a long time to reach the intended usable or marketable status.

Borrowing costs capitalization period

Capitalization period refers to the period from the beginning of capitalization of borrowing costs to the end of capitalization, and the period of suspension of capitalization of borrowing costs is excluded.

Capitalization starts when the borrowing costs meet the following conditions simultaneously:

- (1) The asset expenditure has been incurred, including the expenditure incurred in the form of paying cash, transferring non-cash assets or bearing interest-bearing liabilities for the purpose of purchasing, constructing or producing assets that meet the capitalization conditions;
 - (2) Borrowing costs have been incurred;
- (3) Construction or production activities necessary to bring the asset to its intended usable or saleable condition have commenced.

Borrowing costs cease to be capitalized when the assets that meet the capitalization conditions of acquisition and construction or production reach the intended usable or saleable status.

Suspension of capitalization period

The capitalization of borrowing costs shall be suspended if the acquisition and construction or production of qualified assets is interrupted abnormally for more than 3 months; The borrowing costs continue to be capitalized if the interruption is a process necessary for the acquisition, construction or production of assets eligible for capitalization to reach the intended serviceable or saleable condition. Borrowing costs incurred during the interruption period shall be recognized as profits and losses of the current period, and shall continue to be capitalized until the acquisition and construction of assets or the resumption of production activities.

Calculation Method of Capitalization Rate and Capitalization Amount of Borrowing Costs

For special borrowings borrowed for the purpose of purchasing, constructing or producing assets eligible for capitalization, the capitalization amount of the borrowing costs shall be determined by deducting the amount of the borrowing costs actually incurred in the current period from the interest income obtained by depositing the unused borrowing funds into the bank or the investment income obtained by temporarily investing.

For general borrowings occupied for the acquisition and construction or production of assets eligible for capitalization, the amount of borrowing costs that should be capitalized for general borrowings shall be calculated and determined according to the weighted average of the accumulated asset expenditure exceeding the part of special borrowings multiplied by the capitalization rate of the occupied general borrowings. The capitalization rate is calculated and determined according to the weighted average effective interest rate of general borrowings.

During the capitalization period, the exchange difference between the principal and interest of special foreign currency

borrowings shall be capitalized and included in the cost of assets eligible for capitalization. The exchange difference arising from the principal and interest of foreign currency borrowings other than special borrowings in foreign currency shall be included in the current profit and loss.

18. Intangible assets

Valuation method of intangible assets

(1) When the Company acquires intangible assets, initial measurement shall be made according to cost;

The cost of outsourcing an intangible asset, including the purchase price, relevant taxes and fees, and other expenses directly attributable to the intended use of the asset.

(2) Subsequent metering

Analyze and judge the service life of intangible assets when they are acquired.

Intangible assets with limited service life shall be amortized within the period of bringing economic benefits to the enterprise; Intangible assets that cannot be predicted to bring economic benefits to the enterprise shall be deemed as intangible assets with uncertain service life and shall not be amortized.

Estimation of service life of intangible assets with limited service life

| Project | Estimated service life | Amortization method |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Land use right | 33-50 Year | Age averaging method |
| Software use right | 2 years | Age averaging method |
| Right to use trademarks | 10 years | Age averaging method |
| Non-patented technology | 5-11 Year | Age averaging method |
| Patented technology | 10 years | Age averaging method |

Specific criteria for dividing research and development phases

The expenditure of the Company's internal research and development projects is divided into research phase expenditure and development phase expenditure.

Research stage: A stage of original planned investigation and research activities to acquire and understand new scientific or technical knowledge.

Development phase: A phase in which research or other knowledge is applied to a plan or design to produce new or materially improved materials, devices, products, etc., prior to commercial production or use.

Specific Conditions for Capitalization of Development Phase Expenditure

The expenses of the research stage shall be included in the current profit and loss when incurred. If the expenditure in the development stage meets the following conditions at the same time, it shall be recognized as an intangible asset, and the expenditure in the development stage that cannot meet the following conditions shall be included in the current profit and loss:

- (1) It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it can be used or sold;
- (2) Having the intention of completing the intangible assets and using or selling them;
- (3) The means by which intangible assets produce economic benefits, including the ability to prove the existence of market for the products produced by using the intangible assets or the existence of market for the intangible assets themselves, and the ability to prove its usefulness if the intangible assets will be used internally;
- (4) Have sufficient technical, financial and other resources to complete the development of the intangible asset and the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
 - (5) Expenditures attributable to the development phase of the intangible asset can be reliably measured.
- If it is not possible to distinguish the research phase expenditure from the development phase expenditure, all the R&D expenditures incurred shall be included in the current profit and loss.

19. Impairment of long-term assets

Long-term assets such as long-term equity investment, investment real estate measured by cost mode, fixed assets, construction in progress, right-of-use assets and intangible assets with limited service life shall be subject to impairment test if there is any indication of impairment on the balance sheet date. If the impairment test result indicates that the recoverable amount of the asset is lower than its book value, the impairment provision shall be withdrawn according to the difference and included in the impairment loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value of the asset minus the disposal expense and the present value of the expected future cash flow of the asset. The provision for impairment of assets is calculated and recognized on the basis of individual

assets. If it is difficult to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the recoverable amount of the asset group to which the asset belongs shall be determined. Asset groups are the smallest portfolios that independently generate cash inflows.

For the goodwill formed by business combination, intangible assets with uncertain service life and intangible assets that have not reached the serviceable state, whether there is any indication of impairment, the impairment test shall be conducted at the end of each year at least.

The Company conducts goodwill impairment test, and the book value of goodwill formed by business combination shall be apportioned to the relevant asset group according to the reasonable method from the purchase date; If it is difficult to allocate to the relevant asset group, it shall be allocated to the relevant asset group combination. The relevant asset group or asset group combination is the asset group or asset group combination that can benefit from the synergy effect of business combination.

When the impairment test is performed on the relevant asset group or asset group combination including goodwill, if there is any indication of impairment of the asset group or asset group combination related to goodwill, the impairment test is performed on the asset group or asset group combination excluding goodwill, the recoverable amount is calculated, and the corresponding impairment loss is recognized by comparing with the relevant book value. Then, the impairment test shall be conducted for the asset group or asset group combination containing goodwill, and the book value and recoverable amount shall be compared. If the recoverable amount is lower than the book value, the amount of impairment loss shall be deducted from the book value of goodwill allocated to the asset group or asset group combination, and then the book value of other assets shall be deducted in proportion according to the proportion of the book value of other assets except goodwill in the asset group or asset group combination.

Once the above-mentioned asset impairment loss is recognized, it shall not be reversed in the future accounting period.

20. Long-term deferred expenses

Long-term deferred expenses are expenses that have been incurred but should be borne by the current and future periods for more than one year.

21. Contractual liabilities

The Company presents contractual assets or contractual liabilities in the balance sheet based on the relationship between performance obligations and customer payments. Obligations of the Company to transfer goods or provide services to customers for consideration received or receivable from customers are listed as contractual liabilities. Contractual assets and contractual liabilities under the same contract are presented in net terms.

22. Employee compensation

Accounting treatment of short-term compensation

During the accounting period in which employees provide services for the Company, the Company shall recognize the actual short-term compensation as liabilities and record it into the current profit and loss or relevant asset cost.

The social insurance premiums and housing provident funds paid by the Company for the employees, as well as the labor union funds and employee education funds drawn according to the regulations, shall be calculated and determined according to the stipulated accrual basis and accrual proportion during the accounting period when the employees provide services for the Company.

The employee welfare expenses incurred by the Company shall be included in the current profit and loss or relevant asset cost according to the actual amount incurred, and the non-monetary welfare shall be measured according to the fair value.

Accounting treatment of post-employment benefits

(1) Defined contribution plan

The Company shall pay basic endowment insurance and unemployment insurance for the employees according to the relevant regulations of the local government. During the accounting period when the employees provide services for the Company, the payable amount shall be calculated according to the local payment base and proportion, recognized as liabilities, and included in the current profit and loss or relevant asset cost. In addition, the Company has participated in the enterprise annuity plan approved by the relevant national departments. The Company shall, according to a certain proportion of the total salary of the employees, record the corresponding expenses into the current profit and loss or relevant asset cost.

(2) Set benefit plan

The Company attributes the benefit obligations arising from the defined benefit plan to the period during which the employee provides services according to the formula determined by the expected cumulative benefit unit method, and includes them into the current profit and loss or relevant asset cost.

The present value of the defined benefit plan obligation minus the deficit or surplus formed by the fair value of the defined benefit plan asset is recognized as a defined benefit plan net liability or net asset. If there is a surplus in the defined benefit plan, the Company measures the net assets in the defined benefit plan with the lower of the surplus in the defined benefit plan and the upper limit of assets.

All defined benefit plan obligations, including obligations expected to be paid within twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employee provides services, are discounted based on the market yield of treasury bonds or high quality corporate bonds in active markets on the balance sheet date that match the defined benefit plan obligation period and currency.

The service cost incurred by the defined benefit plan and the net interest of the net liabilities or net assets of the defined benefit plan shall be included in the current profit and loss or relevant asset cost; Changes arising from remeasurement of net liabilities or net assets of defined benefit plan are included in other comprehensive income, and will not be reversed to profit and loss in subsequent accounting period. When the original defined benefit plan is terminated, all the part originally included in other comprehensive income shall be carried forward to undistributed profit within the scope of equity.

During settlement of defined benefit plan, the settlement gain or loss shall be recognized according to the difference between the present value of defined benefit plan obligation and settlement price determined on the settlement date.

Accounting treatment of dismissal welfare

Where the Company provides dismissal benefits to employees, the employee compensation liabilities arising from dismissal benefits shall be recognized as soon as possible, whichever is the following, and shall be included in the current profit and loss: The Company cannot unilaterally withdraw the dismissal benefits provided by the plan for dismissal of labor relationship or the reduction proposal; The Company acknowledges the costs or expenses associated with the reorganization involving the payment of termination benefits.

23. Estimated liabilities

When the obligations related to contingencies meet the following conditions, the Company shall recognize them as estimated liabilities:

- (1) This obligation is a current obligation of the Company;
- (2) The performance of this obligation is likely to result in the outflow of economic benefits from the Company;
- (3) The amount of this obligation can be measured reliably.

Estimated liabilities are initially measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to perform the relevant current obligations.

In determining the best estimate, risk, uncertainty and time value of money related to contingencies shall be taken into consideration. Where the time value of money is significant, the best estimate is determined by discounting the relevant future cash outflows.

If all or part of the estimated liabilities are expected to be compensated by a third party, the compensation amount shall be recognized separately as an asset when it is basically determined that it can be received, and the recognized compensation amount shall not exceed the book value of the estimated liabilities.

The Company reviews the book value of the estimated liabilities on the balance sheet date. If there is conclusive evidence that the book value cannot reflect the current best estimate, the book value shall be adjusted according to the current best estimate.

24. Share-based payment

The Company's share-based payments are transactions in which equity instruments are granted for the purpose of obtaining services from employees or other parties or liabilities determined on the basis of equity instruments. Share-based payments of the Company are divided into equity-settled share-based payments and cash-settled share-based payments.

Equity-settled share-based payments and equity instruments

Where the equity-settled share-based payment is exchanged for services provided by the employee, the fair value of the equity instrument granted to the employee shall be measured. For share-based payment transactions immediately after the grant, the fair value of the equity instrument shall be included in the relevant costs or expenses on the grant date, and the capital reserve shall be increased accordingly. For share-based payment transactions in which the service within the waiting period is completed or the specified performance conditions are met only after the vesting, on each balance sheet date within the waiting period, the Company shall, according to the best estimate of the number of vesting equity instruments and the fair value on the vesting date, record the service acquired in the current period into the relevant costs or expenses and increase the capital reserve accordingly.

If the terms of equity-settled share-based payments are amended, at least the services obtained are confirmed as unamended. In addition, any change that increases the fair value of the equity instrument granted, or is beneficial to the employee on the date of the change, is recognized as an increase in the acquisition of services.

In the waiting period, if the equity instrument granted is cancelled, the Company will treat the equity instrument granted as accelerated exercise, and the amount to be recognized in the remaining waiting period will be immediately counted into the current profit and loss, and the capital reserve will be recognized. However, if a new equity instrument is granted and it is determined on the date of grant of the new equity instrument that the new equity instrument granted is used in lieu of the cancelled equity instrument, the replacement equity instrument granted is treated in the same manner as the modification of the terms and conditions of the original equity instrument.

Cash-settled share-based payments and equity instruments

Cash-settled share-based payments are measured at the fair value of liabilities calculated and determined on the basis of shares or other equity instruments undertaken by the Company. For share-based payment transactions immediately after the grant, the Company shall, on the grant date, record the fair value of the liabilities incurred into the relevant costs or expenses and increase the liabilities accordingly. For share-based payment transactions in which the service within the waiting period is completed or the specified performance conditions are met only after the vesting, on each balance sheet date within the waiting period, the Company shall, based on the best estimate of the vesting situation, record the service acquired in the current period into the relevant costs or expenses and correspondingly into the liabilities according to the fair value of the liabilities undertaken by the Company. On each balance sheet date and settlement date prior to settlement of the relevant liabilities, the fair value of the liabilities shall be remeasured, and the change shall be included in the current profit and loss.

If the Company modifies the terms and conditions in the cash-settled share-based payment agreement so that it becomes the equity-settled share-based payment, on the modification date (no matter it occurs in the waiting period or after the waiting period ends), the Company measures the equity-settled share-based payment at the fair value of the granted equity instrument on the date of modification, and the obtained services are counted into the capital reserve, and at the same time, the recognition of the recognized liabilities of the cash-settled share-based payment on the modification date is terminated, and the difference between the two is counted into the current profit and loss. If the waiting period is extended or shortened due to the modification, the Company shall carry out accounting treatment according to the modified waiting period.

25. Revenue

Accounting policies used for revenue recognition and measurement

The Company has performed the performance obligations in the contract, i.e. revenue is recognized when the customer obtains control of the relevant goods or services. Obtaining the control right of the relevant goods or services refers to being able to dominate the use of the goods or services and obtain almost all the economic benefits therefrom.

If the Contract contains two or more performance obligations, the Company shall, on the commencement date of the Contract, allocate the transaction price to each individual performance obligation according to the relative proportion of the separate selling price of the goods or services promised by each individual performance obligation. The Company measures the income at the transaction price allocated to each individual performance obligation.

Transaction Price means the amount of consideration that the Company expects to be entitled to receive as a result of the transfer of goods or services to the Customer, excluding amounts received on behalf of third parties and amounts expected to be returned to the Customer. The Company shall determine the transaction price in accordance with the contract terms and in combination with its previous practices, and take into account the influence of variable consideration, significant financing components existing in the contract, non-cash consideration, payable customer consideration and other factors when determining the transaction price. The Company determines the transaction price, including the variable consideration, at an amount not to exceed the amount that would most likely not have been materially reversed if the relevant uncertainty had been eliminated. If there is significant financing component in the contract, the Company shall determine the transaction price according to the amount payable in cash when the customer obtains the control right of goods or services, and amortize the difference between the transaction price and the contract consideration with the effective interest method during the contract period.

If one of the following conditions is satisfied, the performance obligation shall be performed within a certain period of time; otherwise, the performance obligation shall be performed at a certain time point:

- The Client obtains and consumes the economic benefits arising from the Company's performance at the same time as the Company&' 92; s performance.
 - The customer can control the goods under construction during the performance of the Company.
- The goods produced by the Company during the performance of the Contract have irreplaceable uses, and the Company is entitled to receive payment for the part of the Contract that has been completed so far during the whole contract period.

For performance obligations performed within a certain period, the Company shall recognize the revenue according to the performance progress within such period, unless the performance progress cannot be reasonably determined. The Company determines the performance progress by production method or input method considering the nature of goods or services. When the performance progress cannot be reasonably determined, if the cost incurred can be expected to be compensated, the Company shall recognize the revenue according to the cost incurred until the performance progress can be reasonably determined.

For performance obligations performed at a certain point in time, the Company recognizes revenue at the point when the customer acquires control of the relevant goods or services. In determining whether a customer has acquired control of goods or services, the Company considers the following indications:

- The Company has a present right to receive payment for the goods or services in respect of which the customer has a present obligation to pay.
- The Company has transferred legal title to the commodity to the customer, i.e. the customer has legal title to the commodity.
 - The Company has transferred the goods in kind to the customer, that is, the customer has possessed the goods in kind.
- The Company has transferred the main risks and rewards of ownership of the goods to the customer, i.e. the customer has acquired the main risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
 - The customer has accepted the goods or services.

The Company determines whether the identity of the Company is the primary responsible person or the agent for the transaction based on whether the Company has control over the goods or services prior to the transfer of the goods or services to the customer. If the Company is able to control the goods or services before transferring the goods or services to customers, the Company shall be the principal responsible person and recognize the income according to the total consideration received or receivable; Otherwise, the

Company shall be the agent, and the income shall be recognized according to the amount of commission or service fee which is expected to be entitled to be collected.

Disclose specific revenue recognition method and measurement method according to business type

The Company has performed the performance obligations in the contract, i.e. revenue is recognized when the customer obtains control of the relevant goods or services. Obtaining the control right of the relevant goods or services means being able to dominate the use of the goods or the provision of the services and obtain almost all the economic benefits therefrom.

(1) Contract for sale of goods

Contracts for the sale of goods between the Company and its customers generally contain obligations to assign goods, etc. The Company generally recognizes the revenue at the time of performing each individual performance obligation on the basis of comprehensive consideration of the following factors: The current right to receive payment of goods, the transfer of major risks and rewards in respect of the ownership of goods, the transfer of legal ownership of goods, the transfer of physical assets of goods, and the customer's acceptance of the goods.

(2) Contract for provision of services

As the Company obtains and consumes the economic benefits arising from the Company's performance at the same time as the Company&' 92; s performance of the performance of the service contract between the Company and the Customer, and the Company has the right to accumulate the income from the performance of the performance so far completed within the whole contract period, the Company shall recognize the income as the performance obligation performed within a certain period of time according to the performance progress, unless the performance progress cannot be reasonably determined. The Company determines the performance progress of the Services based on the finished or delivered products according to the production method. If the cost incurred by the Company is expected to be compensated when the performance progress cannot be reasonably determined, the revenue shall be recognized according to the cost incurred until the performance progress can be reasonably determined.

(3) Variable consideration

There is a sales rebate arrangement between some of the company's contracts with customers, forming a variable consideration. The Company determines the best estimate of the variable consideration at the expected or most likely amount, but the transaction price that includes the variable consideration does not exceed the amount that would most likely not have been materially reversed if the relevant uncertainty had been eliminated.

(4) Warranty Obligations

According to the contract and legal provisions, the Company provides quality assurance for the goods sold. For the service quality assurance which provides a separate service for the purpose of guaranteeing to the customer that the goods sold meet the established standards, the Company shall, as a single performance obligation, allocate part of the transaction price to the service quality assurance according to the relative proportion of the separate selling price of the goods and service quality assurance, and recognize the revenue when the customer obtains the service control right. In assessing whether quality assurance provides a separate service in addition to assuring customers that the goods sold meet established standards, the Company considers whether the quality assurance is a statutory requirement, the quality assurance period, and the nature of the Company's commitment to perform the task.

(5) Reward Points Program

The Company will grant reward points to customers when selling goods or providing services, and customers can exchange reward points for free or discounted goods or services. The bonus point program provides the customer with a material right to allocate a portion of the transaction price to bonus points as a single performance obligation in proportion to the separate selling price of the goods or services provided and the bonus points, and recognize the revenue when the customer gains control over the exchange of points for goods or services or when the points become invalid.

(6) Principal Responsible Person/Agent

As for the Company's ability to lead a third party to provide services to customers on behalf of the Company, the Company has the right to determine the price of the goods or services traded, that is, the Company can control the relevant goods before transferring the goods to customers. Therefore, the Company is the principal responsible person and recognizes the income according to the total consideration received or receivable. Otherwise, the Company shall be the agent and the revenue shall be recognized according to the amount of commission or service fee expected to be entitled to be collected, which shall be determined according to the net amount after deducting the price payable to other relevant parties from the total consideration received or receivable, or according to the established commission amount or proportion.

26. Contract Cost

Contract cost includes contract performance cost and contract acquisition cost.

If the cost incurred by the Company to perform the Contract is not within the scope of relevant standards and specifications such as inventory, fixed assets or intangible assets, it shall be recognized as an asset when the following conditions are met:

- This cost is directly related to a current or anticipated contract.
- This cost increases the Company's resources for future performance obligations.
- The cost is expected to be recovered.

If the incremental cost incurred by the Company for obtaining the contract can be expected to be recovered, it shall be recognized as an asset as the cost of obtaining the contract.

Assets related to contract costs are amortized on the same basis as income from goods or services related to the asset; However, if the amortization period of the contract acquisition cost does not exceed one year, the Company shall record it into the current profit and loss when incurred.

If the book value of the assets related to the contract cost is higher than the difference between the following two items, the Company shall make provision for impairment of the excess and recognize the impairment loss of the assets:

- 1. The remaining consideration expected to be obtained as a result of the transfer of goods or services in connection with the asset:
 - 2. Estimate the costs to be incurred for the transfer of the relevant goods or services.

If the difference is higher than the book value of the asset due to the change after the impairment factor in the previous period, the Company shall revert the original impairment provision and record it into the current profit and loss, but the book value of the asset after the reversal shall not exceed the book value of the asset on the reversal date under the assumption that no impairment provision is made.

27. Government subsidy

Type

The government subsidy refers to the monetary assets or non-monetary assets obtained by the Company from the government free of charge, which are divided into the government subsidy related to the assets and the government subsidy related to the income.

The government subsidy related to assets refers to the government subsidy obtained by the Company and used for acquisition and construction or forming long-term assets in other ways. Government subsidies related to income refer to government subsidies other than those related to assets.

Confirmation time point

Government subsidies shall be confirmed when the Company can meet the attached conditions and can receive them.

Accounting treatment

The Company adopts net method for accounting of government subsidies.

Government subsidies related to assets shall offset the book value of relevant assets or be recognized as deferred income. If it is recognized as deferred income, it shall be recorded into current profit and loss by installment according to reasonable and systematic method within service life of relevant assets;

Government subsidy related to income is recognized as deferred income if it is used to compensate relevant cost or loss of the Company in subsequent periods, and included in current profit and loss or offset relevant cost or loss during the period when relevant cost or loss is recognized; If it is used to compensate the relevant cost or loss incurred by the Company, it shall be directly included in the current profit and loss or offset the relevant cost or loss.

For the policy preferential loan discount obtained by the Company, the following two situations shall be distinguished for accounting treatment:

- (1) If the government appropriates the discount interest fund to the lending bank, and the lending bank provides the loan to the Company at the policy preferential interest rate, the Company shall take the actual loan amount as the entry value of the loan, and calculate the relevant borrowing costs according to the loan principal and the policy preferential interest rate.
- (2) If the financial department directly appropriates the discount fund to the Company, the Company will offset the corresponding discount fund against the relevant borrowing costs.

28. Deferred income tax assets/deferred income tax liabilities

Income tax includes current income tax and deferred income tax. Except income tax arising from business combination and transactions or matters directly included in owner's equity (including other comprehensive income), the Company shall include current income tax and deferred income tax in current profit and loss.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are calculated and recognized based on the difference (temporary difference) between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their book values.

The recognition of deferred income tax assets with deductible temporary differences is limited to the taxable income that is likely to be obtained in future periods and used to offset the deductible temporary differences. For deductible losses and tax credits that can be carried forward to subsequent years, the corresponding deferred income tax assets shall be recognized to the extent that the future taxable income to be used for deductible losses and tax credits is likely to be obtained.

For taxable temporary differences, deferred income tax liabilities shall be recognized except for special cases.

Special circumstances in which deferred income tax assets or deferred income tax liabilities are not recognized include:

- Initial recognition of goodwill;
- Neither business combination nor accounting profit and taxable income (or deductible loss) are affected at the time of occurrence, and the initially recognized assets and liabilities do not result in transactions or events with equivalent taxable temporary difference and deductible temporary difference.

For taxable temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associated enterprises and joint ventures, deferred income tax liabilities shall be recognized, unless the Company can control the time when the temporary differences are reversed and the temporary differences are likely not to be reversed in the foreseeable future. For deductible temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associated enterprises and joint ventures, deferred income tax assets are recognized when the temporary differences are likely to be reversed in the foreseeable future and the taxable income used to offset the deductible temporary differences is likely to be obtained in the future.

On the balance sheet date, deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are measured at the applicable tax rate

for the period in which the relevant assets are expected to be recovered or the relevant liabilities are expected to be settled in accordance with the provisions of the tax law.

On the balance sheet date, the Company reviews the book value of deferred income tax assets. If it is likely that sufficient taxable income will not be available in future periods to offset the benefit of deferred tax assets, the carrying amount of the deferred tax assets is written down. Where sufficient taxable income is likely to be obtained, the amount written down is reversed.

When it has the legal right to settle net amount and intends to settle net amount or acquire assets and settle liabilities simultaneously, the current income tax assets and current income tax liabilities shall be presented as the net amount after offset.

On the balance sheet date, deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are presented as the net amount after offset when the following conditions are satisfied simultaneously:

- The taxpayer has the legal right to settle the current income tax assets and current income tax liabilities with net amount;
- Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are related to the income tax levied by the same tax collection and management department on the same tax subject or to different tax subjects, but in the future period when each important deferred income tax assets and liabilities are reversed, the involved tax subjects intend to settle the current income tax assets and liabilities with net value or obtain assets and settle liabilities at the same time.

29. Leases

Leasing refers to a contract in which the lessor assigns the right to use the asset to the lessee for consideration within a certain period of time. On the commencement date of the contract, the Company assesses whether the contract is or contains a lease. If a party to a contract transfers the right to control the use of one or more identified assets for a period of time in exchange for consideration, the contract is or contains a lease.

If the contract includes multiple separate leases at the same time, the company will split the contract and separate leases for accounting treatment. If the contract includes both leased and non-leased parts, the lessee and lessor shall split the leased and non-leased parts.

The company acts as lessee

(1) Right-of-use assets

On the commencement date of the lease term, the Company recognizes the right-to-use assets for leases other than short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost. The cost includes:

Initial measurement amount of lease liabilities;

If there is a lease incentive, the amount of lease incentive paid on or before the commencement date of the lease term shall be deducted;

Initial direct expenses incurred by the Company;

The cost that the Company expects to incur in order to dismantle and remove the leased assets, restore the leased assets to the site or restore the leased assets to the state agreed in the lease terms, excluding the cost incurred for the production inventory.

The Company subsequently adopts the straight-line method to calculate the depreciation of the right-of-use assets. Where the ownership of the leased asset can be reasonably determined upon the expiration of the lease term, the Company shall make provision for depreciation within the remaining service life of the leased asset; Otherwise, the leased asset is depreciated in the shorter of the lease term and the remaining service life of the leased asset.

(2) Lease liabilities

On the beginning date of lease term, the Company recognizes lease liabilities other than short-term lease and low-value asset lease. Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the outstanding lease payments. Lease payments include:

If there is a lease incentive, the relevant amount of the lease incentive shall be deducted;

Variable lease payments depending on index or ratio;

The amount expected to be paid based on the residual value of the guarantee provided by the Company;

The exercise price of the purchase option, provided that the Company reasonably determines that the option will be exercised;

The amount to be paid for the exercise of the Termination Option, provided that the Lease Term reflects that the Company will exercise the Termination Option.

The Company adopts the interest rate included in the lease as the discount rate, but if the interest rate included in the lease cannot be reasonably determined, the incremental borrowing rate of the Company shall be adopted as the discount rate.

The Company calculates the interest expense of the lease liability in each period within the lease term according to the fixed periodic interest rate, and includes the current profit and loss or relevant asset cost.

Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities are included in the current profit or loss or the cost of related assets when actually incurred.

After the commencement date of the lease term, if the following circumstances occur, the Company shall remeasure the lease liabilities and adjust the corresponding right-of-use assets. If the book value of the right-of-use assets has been reduced to zero, but the lease liabilities still need to be further reduced, the difference shall be included in the current profit and loss:

- If the appraisal result of option purchase, option renewal or option termination is changed, or the actual exercise of the aforesaid option is inconsistent with the original appraisal result, the Company shall remeasure the lease liability according to the present value calculated by the changed lease payment amount and the revised discount rate:
- When the actual fixed payment amount changes, the expected payable amount of guarantee residual value changes, or the index or ratio used to determine the lease payment amount changes, the Company remeasures the lease liability according to the changed lease payment amount and the present value calculated by the original discount rate. However, if the change in lease payments is due to a change in the floating rate, the present value is calculated using the revised discount rate.

(3) Short-term lease and low-value asset lease

If the Company chooses not to recognize the right-to-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases and low-value asset leases, the relevant lease payments shall be included in the current profits and losses or relevant asset costs according to the straight-line method in each period of the lease term. Short-term lease refers to a lease that has a lease term of no more than 12 months and does not include the option to purchase. Low-value asset leasing refers to the leasing with low value when a single leased asset is a new asset. Where the Company sublets or expects to sublease the leased assets, the original lease shall not be classified as the lease of low-value assets.

(4) Change of lease

If the lease is changed and the following conditions are met at the same time, the Company shall treat the lease change as a separate lease for accounting purposes:

The lease change expands the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more leased assets;

The additional consideration is equivalent to the amount adjusted by the contract for the separate price of the extended lease.

If the lease change is not accounted as a separate lease, on the effective date of the lease change, the Company shall re-apportion the consideration of the contract after the change, re-determine the lease term, and re-measure the lease liabilities according to the present value calculated by the lease payment amount after the change and the revised discount rate.

If the lease scope is narrowed or the lease term is shortened due to the change of lease, the book value of the right-of-use assets shall be correspondingly reduced, and the gains or losses related to partial or complete termination of lease shall be counted into the current profit and loss. If the lease liabilities are remeasured due to other lease changes, the Company shall adjust the book value of the right-to-use assets accordingly.

The Company is the lessor

On the lease commencement date, the Company divides the lease into financial lease and operating lease. Financial leasing refers to a lease that transfers almost all the risks and rewards related to the ownership of the leased asset, regardless of whether the ownership is finally transferred. Operating leases refer to leases other than financial leases. As a sub-lessor, the Company classifies sub-leases based on the right-to-use assets arising from the original lease.

(1) Accounting treatment of operating lease

The amount of lease receipts from operating leases is recognized as rental income on a straight-line basis in each period of the lease term. The Company capitalizes the initial direct expenses incurred in connection with the operating lease and amortises them into the current profit and loss based on the same basis as the rental income recognition during the lease term. Variable lease payments not included in lease receipts are included in current profit and loss when actually incurred. In case of any change in the operating lease, the Company shall, from the effective date of the change, treat it as a new lease for accounting purposes, and the advance receipt or receivable lease receipt amount related to the lease before the change shall be deemed as the receipt amount of the new lease.

(2) Financial leasing accounting treatment

On the lease commencement date, the Company recognizes the financial lease receivable and terminates the recognition of financial lease assets. When the Company initially measures the financial lease receivable, the net lease investment shall be taken as the entry value of the financial lease receivable. The net leasing investment is the sum of the unsecured residual value and the present value of the leasing receipts that have not been received at the beginning of the lease term, discounted at the interest rate included in the lease.

The Company calculates and recognizes interest income for each period during the lease term at a fixed periodic interest rate. The derecognition and impairment of financial lease receivables shall be treated as per "V.9. Financial instruments" in this note.

Variable lease payments not included in the net leasing investment measurement are included in the current profit and loss when actually incurred.

If the financial lease is changed and the following conditions are met at the same time, the Company shall treat the change as a separate lease for accounting purposes:

- The change expands the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more leased assets;
- The additional consideration is equivalent to the amount adjusted by the contract for the separate price of the extended

lease.

If the change of financial lease is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Company shall deal with the changed lease under the following circumstances:

- If the change takes effect on the lease commencement date and the lease will be classified as an operating lease, the Company will treat it as a new lease from the effective date of the lease change and take the net lease investment before the effective date of the lease change as the book value of the leased asset;
- If the change takes effect on the lease commencement date, and the lease will be classified as financial lease, the Company shall carry out accounting treatment in accordance with the policy on modification or re-negotiation of contract of "V.9. Financial instruments" in this note.

Sale leaseback transaction

The Company assesses and determines whether the asset transfer in the after-sale leaseback transaction belongs to the sale according to the principle described in "V, 25 and Income" of this note.

(1) As lessee

If the asset transfer in the after-sale leaseback transaction belongs to sales, the Company, as the lessee, measures the right-to-use asset formed by the after-sale leaseback according to the part of the original asset book value related to the right-to-use

obtained from the leaseback, and only recognizes the relevant gains or losses with respect to the right transferred to the lessor.

If the asset transfer in the after-sale leaseback transaction does not belong to the sales, the Company, as the lessee, shall continue to recognize the transferred asset and at the same time recognize a financial liability equivalent to the transfer income. For the accounting treatment of financial liabilities, see "V, 9, Financial Instruments" in this note.

(2) As lessor

If the asset transfer in the after-sale leaseback transaction belongs to sales, the Company shall carry out accounting treatment for the asset purchase as the lessor, and carry out accounting treatment for the asset lease in accordance with the aforesaid "2. The Company shall act as the lessor"; If the asset transfer in the after-sale leaseback transaction is not a sale, the Company, as the lessor, does not recognize the transferred asset, but recognizes a financial asset equal to the transfer income. For the accounting treatment of financial assets, see "V, 9, Financial Instruments" in this note.

30. Importance standard determination method and selection basis

| Project | Importance standard |
|--|---|
| Significant non-wholly owned subsidiary | The net assets of subsidiaries account for more than 5% of the consolidated net assets of the Company or the net profits account for more than 10% of the consolidated net profits of the Company |
| Important joint ventures | Investment profit and loss under the equity method of long-term equity investment accounts for more than 10% of the consolidated net profit of the Company |
| Write-off of significant receivables | The amount of single write-off accounts for more than five percent or more than 15 million yuan of the total bad debt provision for all kinds of receivables |
| Receivables bad debt provision reversal or recovery amount important | The amount of single recovery or reversal accounts for more than five percent or more than 15 million yuan of the total amount of bad debt provision for all kinds of receivables |
| Significant prepayments older than 1 year | The single amount accounts for more than five percent or more than 15 million yuan of the total amount of various prepayments |
| Significant accounts payable with aging over 1 year or overdue | The single amount accounts for more than five percent or more than 15 million yuan of total accounts payable |
| Important construction in progress | The ending balance of the project is more than 50 million yuan |

31. Changes in significant accounting policies and accounting estimates

(1) Changes in significant accounting policies

☐ Applicable √ Not Applicable

(2) Changes in significant accounting estimates

☐ Applicable √ Not Applicable

VI. Taxes

1. Main taxes and tax rates

| Taxes | Tax basis | Tax rate |
|-------------------------|---|----------|
| Value added tax ("VAT") | The output tax is calculated on the basis of the income from sales of goods and taxable services calculated in accordance with the provisions of the tax law. After deducting the input tax allowed to be deducted in the current period, the difference is VAT payable | 6、7、9、13 |

| Consumption tax | Calculated and paid according to taxable sales income | 1, 3, 5 |
|--|---|---------|
| Urban maintenance and construction tax | Calculated and paid according to actual value-added tax and consumption tax | 5、7 |
| Corporate income tax | Calculated and paid according to taxable income | 15-41 |

2. Tax preference

- (1) According to the relevant regulations and relevant tax preferential policies of national high-tech enterprises, the Company and the following subsidiaries are recognized as high-tech enterprises and enjoy the preferential tax rate of 15% within the specified period: The Company (2024-2026), Hebei Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. (2023-2025), DeepAl Automobile Technology Co., Ltd. (2023-2025), Beijing Changan Automobile Engineering Technology Research Co., Ltd. (2025-2027).
- (2) According to the Announcement on Continuing the Enterprise Income Tax Policy of Western Development (Announcement No. 23 of the State Development and Reform Commission of the Ministry of Finance and the State Development and Reform Commission of the Ministry of Finance, issued jointly by the State Administration of Taxation and the State Development and Reform Commission), from January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2030, the enterprise income tax shall be levied at the tax rate of 15% for the enterprises of the encouraged industries located in the western region. Chongqing Changan Automobile International Sales Service Co., Ltd., Chongqing Changan Special Vehicle Co., Ltd., Chongqing Changan Automobile Customer Service Co., Ltd., Chongqing Changan Automobile Technology Co., Ltd., Chongqing Lingyao Automobile Co., Ltd., DEEPAL Automobile Sales (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. and Chongqing Che Hemei Technology Co., Ltd., which are subsidiaries of the Company, meet the above requirements, shall be subject to the corporate income tax rate of 15%.
- (3) According to the provisions of the Announcement of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation on Further Supporting the Development of Small and Micro Enterprises and Individual Enterprises and Merchants (Announcement No. 12 of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation in 2023), the taxable income of small and micro-profit enterprises shall be reduced by 25%, and the enterprise income tax shall be paid at the tax rate of 20%. The Company's subsidiaries Shanghai Changan Zhixing Technology Co., Ltd., Nanjing Mayor An New Energy Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd., Xiamen Mayor An New Energy Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd., DEEPAL Automobile Nanjing Research Institute Co., Ltd. and DEEPAL Automobile Marketing Service (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. meet the specified conditions and enjoy the preferential tax policy.
- (4) According to the provisions of the Announcement of the State Administration of Taxation of the Ministry of Finance on the Policy of Value-added Tax Credit of Advanced Manufacturing Enterprises (Announcement of the State Administration of Taxation of the Ministry of Finance No. 43 of 2023), from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2027, advanced manufacturing enterprises are allowed to reduce the VAT payable by 5% of the input tax deductible in the current period. The Company, Hebei Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. and DEEPAL Automobile Technology Co., Ltd. meet the specified conditions, and this additional credit policy shall be applied.

VII. Notes to Items of Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Monetary funds

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash | 6,818.27 | 17,882.93 |
| Cash at bank | 28,008,551,110.42 | 31,420,742,183.93 |
| Other cash | 632,279,736.68 | 632,635,145.29 |
| Cash at financial company | 24,189,046,853.05 | 32,128,700,450.59 |
| Total | 52,829,884,518.42 | 64,182,095,662.74 |
| Including: Total amount deposited abroad | 3,527,312,674.40 | 1,700,478,478.22 |

Note: The monetary funds deposited by the Company in the related party finance company are detailed in Note 14, Section 5.

2. Transactional financial assets

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss | | | |
| Including: Equity instrument investment | 161,526,312.20 | 155,013,154.45 | |
| Total | 161,526,312.20 | 155,013,154.45 | |

3. Notes receivable

(1) Classification of notes receivable

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Bank acceptance bill | 17,942,973,524.95 | 32,432,000,085.43 |
| Commercial acceptance bill | 7,613,821,102.77 | 13,148,904,497.29 |
| Total | 25,556,794,627.72 | 45,580,904,582.72 |

(2) Classified disclosure by bad debt accrual method

Unit: Yuan

| Category | Closing balance | | | | |
|--|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | Book balance | | Bad debt provision | | |
| | Amount | Proportion(%) | Amount | Withdrawal ratio(%) | Book value |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 25,556,794,627.72 | 100.00 | | | 25,556,794,627.72 |
| Total | 25,556,794,627.72 | 100.00 | | | 25,556,794,627.72 |

| | Opening balance | | | | |
|--|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Category | Book balance | | Bad debt provision | | |
| | Amount | Proportion(%) | Amount | Withdrawal ratio(%) | Book value |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 45,580,904,582.72 | 100.00 | | | 45,580,904,582.72 |
| Total | 45,580,904,582.72 | 100.00 | | | 45,580,904,582.72 |

Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics:

| T4 | Closing balance | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Item | Book balance | Bad debt provision | Withdrawal ratio(%) | | |
| Bank acceptance bill | 17,942,973,524.95 | | | | |
| Commercial acceptance bill | 7,613,821,102.77 | | | | |

| Total | 25,556,794,627.72 | | |
|-------|-------------------|--|--|
|-------|-------------------|--|--|

(3) Notes receivable pledged by the Company at the end of the period

Unit: Yuan

| Item | Amount pledged at the end of the period | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| Bank acceptance bill | 5,194,488,159.96 | | |
| Total | 5,194,488,159.96 | | |

(4) Notes receivable endorsed or discounted by the Company at the end of the period and not yet due on the balance sheet date

Unit: Yuan

| Item | Ending recognition amount | Unterminated recognition amount at the end of the period |
|----------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Bank acceptance bill | 11,454,792,785.83 | |
| Total | 11,454,792,785.83 | |

4. Accounts receivable

(1) Disclosure by aging

Unit: Yuan

| Aging | Closing book balance | Opening book balance |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Within 1 year(Including 1 year) | 6,670,501,651.83 | 3,446,137,716.23 |
| 1 to 2 years | 10,164,837.48 | 16,222,867.47 |
| 2 to 3 years | 2,410,788.62 | 2,555,202.33 |
| Over 3 years | 183,419,931.71 | 182,615,371.52 |
| Subtotal | 6,866,497,209.64 | 3,647,531,157.55 |
| Less: Bad debt provision | 238,228,883.48 | 249,053,432.80 |
| Total | 6,628,268,326.16 | 3,398,477,724.75 |

(2) Classified disclosure by bad debt accrual method

| | Closing balance | | | | |
|--|------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Category | Book balance | | Bad debt provision | | |
| Category | Amount | Proportio n(%) | Amount | Withdrawal ratio(%) | Book value |
| Provision for bad debt | 3,628,744,913.26 | 52.85 | 119,886,594.28 | 3.30 | 3,508,858,318.98 |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 3,237,752,296.38 | 47.15 | 118,342,289.20 | 3.66 | 3,119,410,007.18 |
| Total | 6,866,497,209.64 | 100.00 | 238,228,883.48 | | 6,628,268,326.16 |

| | Opening balance | | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------|--------------------|------|------------------|
| Category | Book balance | | Bad debt provision | | |
| | Amount | Proportion(%) | On(Amount Withdom | | Book value |
| Provision for bad debt | 1,812,991,314.03 | 49.70 | 138,066,311.49 | 7.62 | 1,674,925,002.54 |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 1,834,539,843.52 | 50.30 | 110,987,121.31 | 6.05 | 1,723,552,722.21 |
| Total | 3,647,531,157.55 | 100.00 | 249,053,432.80 | | 3,398,477,724.75 |

Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics:

Unit: Yuan

| | Closing balance | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| Aging | Estimated book balance in default | Expected credit loss for the entire duration | Expected credit loss rate(%) | | |
| Within 1 year(Including 1 year) | 3,103,955,191.39 | 534,166.06 | 0.02 | | |
| 1 to 2 years | 9,640,199.41 | 255,565.97 | 2.65 | | |
| 2 to 3 years | 2,374,201.85 | 219,428.54 | 9.24 | | |
| Over 3 years | 121,782,703.73 | 117,333,128.63 | 96.35 | | |
| Total | 3,237,752,296.38 | 118,342,289.20 | | | |

(3) Provision for bad debts withdrawn, recovered or reversed in the current period

Provision for bad debts in current period:

Unit: Yuan

| | Opening balance | Amount changed in current period | | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Category | | Withdrawal | To withdraw or reverse. | Write-off | Closing balance |
| Individual provision for bad debt | 138,066,311.49 | | 3,720,989.11 | 14,458,728.10 | 119,886,594.28 |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 110,987,121.31 | 9,405,421.15 | 2,050,253.26 | | 118,342,289.20 |
| Total | 249,053,432.80 | 9,405,421.15 | 5,771,242.37 | 14,458,728.10 | 238,228,883.48 |

(4) Accounts receivable actually written off in current period

| Project | Write-off amount |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Receivables actually written off | 14,458,728.10 |

(5) Accounts receivable and contractual assets of the top five ending balances collected by the debtor

On June 30, 2025, the top five balances of accounts receivable totaled 4,062,865,709.69 yuan, accounting for 59.17% of the total balance of accounts receivable at the end of the period.

5. Contractual assets

(1) Contractual assets

Unit: Yuan

| | | Closing balance | | Opening balance | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Project | Book balance | Bad debt provision | Book value | Book balance | Bad debt provision | Book value |
| Contractual assets | 807,981,090.29 | 673,110,927.55 | 134,870,162.74 | 1,275,581,683.29 | 683,154,858.55 | 592,426,824.74 |
| Total | 807,981,090.29 | 673,110,927.55 | 134,870,162.74 | 1,275,581,683.29 | 683,154,858.55 | 592,426,824.74 |

(2) Significant changes in book value during the reporting period and reasons

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Change amount | Reason for change |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| New energy subsidies | 467,600,593.00 | Partial recovery |
| Total | 467,600,593.00 | - |

(3) Classified disclosure by bad debt accrual method

Unit: Yuan

| | Closing balance | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|--|
| Category | Book balance | | Bad debt provision | | | |
| Category | Amount | Proportio n(%) | Amount | Withdrawal ratio(%) | Book value | |
| Provision for bad debt | 807,981,090.29 | 100.00 | 673,110,927.55 | 83.31 | 134,870,162.74 | |
| Total | 807,981,090.29 | 100.00 | 673,110,927.55 | | 134,870,162.74 | |

| | Opening balance | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------|--|
| Category | Book balance | | Bad debt provision | | | |
| Cutogory | Amount | Proportio n(%) | Amount | Withdrawal ratio(%) | Book value | |
| Provision for bad debt | 1,275,581,683.29 | 100.00 | 683,154,858.55 | 53.56 | 592,426,824.74 | |
| Total | 1,275,581,683.29 | 100.00 | 683,154,858.55 | | 592,426,824.74 | |

Contract assets with individual provision for bad debts:

| N | Closing balance | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Name | Book balance | Bad debt provision | Withdrawal ratio |
| Contractual assets | 807,981,090.29 | 673,110,927.55 | 83.31 |

| Total 807,981,090.29 | 673,110,927.55 | |
|----------------------|----------------|--|
|----------------------|----------------|--|

(4) Provision for impairment of contract assets in current period

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Opening balance | Current recovery or reversal | Closing balance |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Contractual assets | 683,154,858.55 | 10,043,931.00 | 673,110,927.55 |
| Total | 683,154,858.55 | 10,043,931.00 | 673,110,927.55 |

6. Other receivables

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Dividend receivable | 215,484,950.85 | |
| Other receivables | 766,656,201.98 | 2,386,898,598.92 |
| Total | 982,141,152.83 | 2,386,898,598.92 |

(1) Dividend receivable

1) Classification of dividends receivable

Unit: Yuan

| Project(Or invested unit) | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 215,484,950.85 | |
| Total | 215,484,950.85 | |

(2) Other receivables

1) Classification of other receivables by nature of payment

Unit: Yuan

| Nature of payment | Closing book balance | Opening book balance |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Prepayment of equity investment | | 1,207,100,000.00 |
| Land receivables | 61,938,400.00 | 557,988,400.00 |
| Allowance receivable | 252,324,934.00 | 287,383,193.00 |
| Deposit and margin | 46,986,375.30 | 90,018,699.02 |
| Reserve fund | 79,993,283.03 | 58,038,264.36 |
| Other | 333,537,971.40 | 194,857,567.01 |
| Total | 774,780,963.73 | 2,395,386,123.39 |

2) Disclosure by aging

| Aging | Closing book balance | Opening book balance |
|-------|----------------------|----------------------|
|-------|----------------------|----------------------|

| Within 1 year(Including 1 year) | 688,674,793.12 | 2,317,334,638.91 |
|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1 to 2 years | 13,246,924.59 | 16,154,702.56 |
| 2 to 3 years | 13,978,270.81 | 2,166,618.01 |
| Over 3 years | 58,880,975.21 | 59,730,163.91 |
| Subtotal | 774,780,963.73 | 2,395,386,123.39 |
| Less: Bad debt provision | 8,124,761.75 | 8,487,524.47 |
| Total | 766,656,201.98 | 2,386,898,598.92 |

3) Classified disclosure by bad debt accrual method

Unit: Yuan

| | Closing balance | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|----------------------------|------|----------------|--|
| Category | Book balance | | Bad debt provision | | | |
| Category | Amount | Proportio n(%) | Amount Withdrawal ratio(%) | | Book value | |
| Provision for bad debt | 259,701,702.78 | 33.52 | 7,376,768.78 | 2.84 | 252,324,934.00 | |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 515,079,260.95 | 66.48 | 747,992.97 | 0.15 | 514,331,267.98 | |
| Total | 774,780,963.73 | 100.00 | 8,124,761.75 | | 766,656,201.98 | |

| | Opening balance | | | | | |
|--|------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------------|------------------|--|
| Category | Book balance | | Bad debt prov | | | |
| Caregory | Amount | Proportio n(%) | Amount | Withdrawal ratio(%) | Book value | |
| Provision for bad debt | 1,515,498,434.73 | 63.27 | 7,376,768.78 | 0.49 | 1,508,121,665.95 | |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 879,887,688.66 | 36.73 | 1,110,755.69 | 0.13 | 878,776,932.97 | |
| Total | 2,395,386,123.39 | 100.00 | 8,487,524.47 | | 2,386,898,598.92 | |

Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics:

Unit: Yuan

| | Closing balance | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Name | Estimated book balance in default | Expected credit loss for the entire duration | Expected credit loss rate(%) | | | |
| Within 1 year(Including 1 year) | 436,297,532.80 | 140,530.14 | 0.03 | | | |
| 1 to 2 years | 13,246,924.59 | 6,151.37 | 0.05 | | | |
| 2 to 3 years | 13,978,270.81 | 22,780.97 | 0.16 | | | |
| Over 3 years | 51,556,532.75 | 578,530.49 | 1.12 | | | |
| Total | 515,079,260.95 | 747,992.97 | | | | |

Provision for bad debt according to the general model of expected credit loss:

| 7 |) | Dl I | Diana II | Diana III | T-4-1 |
|---|--------------------|---------|----------|-----------|-------|
| | Bad debt provision | Phase I | Phase II | Phase III | lotal |

| | Expected credit loss for the next 12 months | Expected credit loss for the entire duration(No credit impairment occurred) | Expected credit loss for the entire duration(Credit impairment occurred) | |
|--|---|---|--|--------------|
| Balance at the end of last year | 1,110,755.69 | | 7,376,768.78 | 8,487,524.47 |
| The balance at the end of the previous year is in the current period | | | | |
| - Transfer to Phase II | | | | |
| - Transfer to Phase III | | | | |
| - Return to Phase II | | | | |
| - Return to Phase I | | | | |
| Accrual in current period | 277,701.39 | | | 277,701.39 |
| Current reversal | 640,464.11 | | | 640,464.11 |
| Current resale | | | | |
| Write-off in current period | | | | |
| Other changes | | | | |
| Closing balance | 747,992.97 | | 7,376,768.78 | 8,124,761.75 |

The changes in the book balance of other receivables are as follows:

| | Phase I | Phase II | Phase III | |
|--|---|--|--|------------------|
| Book balance | Expected credit loss for the next 12 months | Expected credit loss for the entire duration(No credit impairment occurred) | Expected credit loss for the entire duration(Credit impairment occurred) | Total |
| Balance at the end of last year | 2,388,009,354.61 | | 7,376,768.78 | 2,395,386,123.39 |
| The balance at the end of the previous year is in the current period | | | | |
| - Transfer to Phase II | | | | |
| - Transfer to Phase III | | | | |
| - Return to Phase II | | | | |
| - Return to Phase I | | | | |
| New in current period | 1,671,402,460.08 | | | 1,671,402,460.08 |
| Termination confirmation | 3,292,007,619.74 | | | 3,292,007,619.74 |
| Current resale | | | | |
| Write-off in current period | | | | |
| Other changes | | | | |
| Closing balance | 767,404,194.95 | | 7,376,768.78 | 774,780,963.73 |

4) Provision for bad debts withdrawn, recovered or reversed in the current period

Provision for bad debts in current period:

Unit: Yuan

| | | | in current period | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Category | Opening balance | Withdrawal | To withdraw or reverse. | Closing balance |
| Individual provision for bad debt | 7,376,768.78 | | | 7,376,768.78 |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 1,110,755.69 | 277,701.39 | 640,464.11 | 747,992.97 |
| Total | 8,487,524.47 | 277,701.39 | 640,464.11 | 8,124,761.75 |

5) Other receivables of the top five ending balances collected by the debtor

On June 30, 2025, the top five ending balances of other receivables totaled 384,213,915.06 yuan, accounting for 49.59% of the total ending balance of other receivables.

7. Advance payment

(1) Prepayments by aging

Unit: Yuan

| Aging | Closing | balance | Opening balance | | |
|---------------|-------------------|---------|-----------------|------------|--|
| Aging | Amount Proportion | | Amount | Proportion | |
| Within 1 year | 394,054,756.80 | 98.52 | 502,483,902.59 | 99.05 | |
| 1 to 2 years | 5,856,396.18 | 1.46 | 4,504,672.39 | 0.89 | |
| 2 to 3 years | 30,779.57 | 0.01 | 56,190.44 | 0.01 | |
| Over 3 years | 26,190.44 | 0.01 | 268,916.65 | 0.05 | |
| Total | 399,968,122.99 | 100.00 | 507,313,682.07 | 100.00 | |

(2) Prepayment Status of Top 5 Closing Balances by Prepayment Object

On June 30, 2025, the top five prepayments totaled 316,835,506.63 yuan, accounting for 79.22% of the total prepayments.

8. Inventory

(1) Inventory classification

| | | Closing balance | | Opening balance | | |
|---------|--------------|--|------------|-----------------|--|------------|
| Project | Book balance | Provision for inventory depreciation or provision for impairment of contract performance | Book value | Book balance | Provision for inventory depreciation or provision for impairment of contract performance | Book value |

| | | cost | | | cost | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Merchandise in stock | 14,284,048,381.82 | 105,466,425.94 | 14,178,581,955.88 | 15,493,584,058.93 | 129,017,809.55 | 15,364,566,249.38 |
| Product in process | 1,510,555,630.40 | 53,379,877.48 | 1,457,175,752.92 | 1,148,535,803.86 | 43,894,048.28 | 1,104,641,755.58 |
| Raw material | 947,450,417.22 | 59,703,442.75 | 887,746,974.47 | 350,940,520.59 | 74,247,850.42 | 276,692,670.17 |
| Goods in transit | 115,512,524.96 | | 115,512,524.96 | 64,421,443.50 | | 64,421,443.50 |
| Entrusted processing materials | 12,707,628.00 | | 12,707,628.00 | 15,916,979.50 | | 15,916,979.50 |
| Other | 327,008,512.90 | _ | 327,008,512.90 | 255,131,560.45 | | 255,131,560.45 |
| Total | 17,197,283,095.30 | 218,549,746.17 | 16,978,733,349.13 | 17,328,530,366.83 | 247,159,708.25 | 17,081,370,658.58 |

(2) Provision for inventory depreciation and provision for impairment of contract performance costs

Unit: Yuan

| | | Increase in current period | | Amount reversed | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Project | Opening balance | Withdrawal | Other | or written-off in current period | Closing balance | |
| Merchandise in stock | 129,017,809.55 | 27,975,191.53 | 16,538,972.66 | 68,065,547.80 | 105,466,425.94 | |
| Product in process | 43,894,048.28 | 29,099,112.89 | | 19,613,283.69 | 53,379,877.48 | |
| Raw material | 74,247,850.42 | 4,818,748.25 | | 19,363,155.92 | 59,703,442.75 | |
| Total | 247,159,708.25 | 61,893,052.67 | 16,538,972.66 | 107,041,987.41 | 218,549,746.17 | |

The Company takes whether the cost is higher than the net realizable value as the basis for withdrawing the inventory falling price provision. Net realizable value refers to the amount after deducting the estimated cost, estimated sales expense and relevant taxes from the estimated sales price of inventory in daily activities. The reason for reversing or reselling the inventory falling price reserves in the current year is that the net realizable value of inventories for which the inventory falling price reserves have been accrued in the previous year increases or the inventories have been sold in the current year.

9. Non-current assets due within one year

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Long-term receivables due within one year | 254,821,266.90 | 254,821,266.90 |
| Large-amount certificate of deposit due within one year | | 54,326,849.32 |
| Total | 254,821,266.90 | 309,148,116.22 |

10. Other current assets

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance | |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Input tax to be deducted | 1,302,758,899.75 | 1,691,898,079.82 | |

| Withholding tax | 471,001,523.71 | 443,749,745.68 |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Time deposits and other | 88,850,832.27 | 39,308,007.51 |
| Total | 1,862,611,255.73 | 2,174,955,833.01 |

11. Long-term receivables

| | Closing balance | | | Opening balance | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| Project | Book balance | Bad debt provis ion | Book value | Book balance | Bad debt provis ion | Book value |
| Long-term receivables | 1,656,679,096.22 | | 1,656,679,096.22 | 1,783,748,868.29 | | 1,783,748,868.29 |
| Less: Due within one year | 254,821,266.90 | | 254,821,266.90 | 254,821,266.90 | | 254,821,266.90 |
| Total | 1,401,857,829.32 | | 1,401,857,829.32 | 1,528,927,601.39 | | 1,528,927,601.39 |

12. Other equity instrument investment

Unit: Yuan

| Project name | Opening balance | Gains included in other comprehensive income for the current period | Loss included in other comprehensive income in current period | Gains accumulated in other comprehensive income at the end of the period | Accumulated losses included in other comprehensive income at the end of the period | Dividend income recognized in the current period | Closing balance | Reasons designated as being measured at fair value through other comprehensive income |
|--|-----------------|---|---|--|--|--|-----------------|---|
| South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. | 351,900,000.00 | | | 194,879,200.00 | | | 351,900,000.00 | Unlisted equity instruments |
| Guoqi (Beijing) Intelligent Network Automobile Research Institute Co., Ltd. | 58,000,000.00 | | | 8,000,000.00 | | | 58,000,000.00 | Unlisted equity instruments |
| Guolian Automobile Power Battery Research Institute Co., Ltd. | 30,390,000.00 | | | | 9,610,000.00 | | 30,390,000.00 | Unlisted equity instruments |
| China South Industries Group Financial Leasing Co., Ltd. | 38,180,000.00 | | | 7,628,000.00 | | | 38,180,000.00 | Unlisted equity instruments |
| China Development United Investment Co., Ltd. | 14,801,858.72 | | | | 6,198,141.28 | 12,692,880.00 | 14,801,858.72 | Unlisted equity instruments |
| Guoqi (Beijing) Automobile Lightweight Technology Research Institute Co., Ltd. | 3,252,414.81 | | | 252,414.81 | | | 3,252,414.81 | Unlisted equity instruments |
| Chenzhi Technology Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | 91,538,462.00 | Unlisted equity instruments |
| Lishen (Qingdao) New Energy Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | 111,123,985.46 | Unlisted equity instruments |
| Total | 496,524,273.53 | | | 210,759,614.81 | 15,808,141.28 | 12,692,880.00 | 699,186,720.99 | |

13. Long-term equity investment

| Invested unit | Opening balance Opening bala provision | | Closing balance | Closing balance of provision for |
|---------------|--|--|-----------------|----------------------------------|
|---------------|--|--|-----------------|----------------------------------|

| | | impairment | | | impairment |
|--|------------------|------------|------------------|------------------|------------|
| I. Joint Venture | | | | | |
| Nanchang Jiangling Investment Co., Ltd. | 2,420,750,943.20 | | 148,071,615.11 | 2,568,822,558.31 | |
| Changan Mazda Automobile Co., Ltd. | 733,965,602.46 | | -10,912,663.38 | 723,052,939.08 | |
| Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. | 806,511,751.50 | | 3,603,474.71 | 810,115,226.21 | |
| Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. | 712,215,024.57 | | 368,250,379.27 | 1,080,465,403.84 | |
| Subtotal | 4,673,443,321.73 | | 509,012,805.71 | 5,182,456,127.44 | |
| II. Joint ventures | | | | | |
| Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 3,299,303,386.01 | | 2,270,188,242.99 | 5,569,491,629.00 | |
| Nanjing Leading Bank Equity Investment Partnership(Limited partnership) | 3,118,918,021.61 | | 2,237,214.49 | 3,121,155,236.10 | |
| Zhongqi Chuangzhi Technology Co., Ltd. | 429,748,700.86 | | -8,197,547.79 | 421,551,153.07 | |
| Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. | 241,095,703.97 | | 7,799,335.69 | 248,895,039.66 | |
| Chongqing Changxin Zhi Auto Private Equity Fund Partnership(Limited partnership) | 276,234,416.11 | | 9,480,117.10 | 285,714,533.21 | |
| Time Changan Power Battery Co., Ltd. | 490,644,789.41 | | -38,270,348.70 | 452,374,440.71 | |
| Chongqing Changlian Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | 116,078,353.40 | | 10,704,568.61 | 126,782,922.01 | |
| Chongqing Changan Innovation Private Equity Investment Fund Partnership(Limited partnership) | 163,022,540.12 | | -507,520.40 | 162,515,019.72 | |
| Changan Ford New Energy Automotive Technology Co., Ltd. | 132,045,405.31 | | 16,294,308.05 | 148,339,713.36 | |
| Anhe Chongqing Dingfeng Automobile Contract Private Equity Fund | 62,062,151.97 | | -703.70 | 62,061,448.27 | |
| Hunan Guoxin Semiconductor Technology Co., Ltd. | 28,169,167.08 | | -231,619.55 | 27,937,547.53 | |
| Nanjing Jinghang Equity Investment Management Co., Ltd. | 1,100,720.88 | | -5,936.69 | 1,094,784.19 | |
| Nanjing Chelai Travel Technology Co., Ltd. | 326,813.01 | | -7,878.41 | 318,934.60 | |
| Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 4,897,868,333.37 | | -423,486,721.72 | 4,474,381,611.65 | |
| Chongqing Changyu Private Equity Investment Fund Partnership(Limited partnership) | 68,673,494.12 | | -429,592.57 | 68,243,901.55 | |
| Chenzhi Anqi (Chongqing) Circular Technology Co., Ltd. | 10,804,724.73 | | 10,789,059.20 | 21,593,783.93 | |
| Hangzhou Chelizi Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | 771,661.12 | | -295,121.08 | 476,540.04 | |

| Anhe (Chongqing) Private Equity Investment Fund Management Co., Ltd. | 6,894,469.75 | | 376,990.75 | 7,271,460.50 | |
|--|---|--|------------------|-------------------|--|
| MasterCard Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. | MasterCard Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. 43,462,121.96 | | 33,162,380.29 | 76,624,502.25 | |
| Time FAW Power Battery Co., Ltd. | 334,981,934.05 | | 13,342,090.89 | 348,324,024.94 | |
| Chongqing Wutong Car Union Technology Co., Ltd. | 79,880,742.52 | | 6,757,112.69 | 86,637,855.21 | |
| West Car Network (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 5,563,451.32 | | -881,333.76 | 4,682,117.56 | |
| Chongqing Anda Semiconductor Co., Ltd. | 44,581,458.09 | | -815,664.23 | 43,765,793.86 | |
| Subtotal | 13,852,232,560.77 | | 1,908,001,432.15 | 15,760,233,992.92 | |
| Total | 18,525,675,882.50 | | 2,417,014,237.86 | 20,942,690,120.36 | |

14. Investment real estate

(1) Investment Real Estate with Cost Measurement Model

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Houses and buildings | Total |
|---|----------------------|---------------|
| I. Original book value | | |
| 1. Opening balance | 10,050,100.00 | 10,050,100.00 |
| 2. Increase in current period | | |
| 3. Decrease in current period | | |
| 4. Closing balance | 10,050,100.00 | 10,050,100.00 |
| II. Accumulated depreciation and accumulated amortization | | |
| 1. Opening balance | 4,080,808.08 | 4,080,808.08 |
| 2. Increase in current period | 113,355.78 | 113,355.78 |
| (1) Accrual or amortization | 113,355.78 | 113,355.78 |
| 3. Decrease in current period | | |
| 4. Closing balance | 4,194,163.86 | 4,194,163.86 |
| III. Provision for impairment | | |
| 1. Opening balance | | |
| 2. Increase in current period | | |
| 3. Decrease in current period | | |
| 4. Closing balance | | |
| IV. Book value | | |
| 1. Closing book value | 5,855,936.14 | 5,855,936.14 |
| 2. Opening book value | 5,969,291.92 | 5,969,291.92 |

15. Fixed assets

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Fixed assets | 21,113,723,725.32 | 21,773,526,063.55 |
| Total | 21,113,723,725.32 | 21,773,526,063.55 |

(1) Fixed assets

| Project | Houses and buildings | Machinery and equipment | Means of transport | Other | Unit: Yuan Total |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| I. Original book value: | | | | | |
| Opening balance | 11,294,445,819.72 | 28,226,777,591.83 | 292,830,139.80 | 10,428,744,777.20 | 50,242,798,328.55 |
| Purchase | 25,515,594.53 | 26,527,966.52 | 2,147,924.96 | 6,879,162.31 | 61,070,648.32 |
| Transfer of construction in progress | 100,172,755.77 | 372,455,958.02 | 649,948.97 | 284,464,638.61 | 757,743,301.37 |
| Increase in exchange rate movements | 2,159,043.34 | | | 1,099,511.71 | 3,258,555.05 |
| Disposal or scrapping | 649,808.96 | 421,016,488.89 | 1,635,141.63 | 211,264,507.72 | 634,565,947.20 |
| Government subsidy | | 34,461,976.80 | | 278,023.20 | 34,740,000.00 |
| Decrease in exchange rate movements | | 7,010,650.74 | | | 7,010,650.74 |
| Closing balance | 11,421,643,404.40 | 28,163,272,399.94 | 293,992,872.10 | 10,509,645,558.91 | 50,388,554,235.35 |
| II. Accumulated depreciation | | | | | |
| Opening balance | 3,159,607,410.26 | 17,244,065,286.31 | 173,224,350.11 | 5,509,538,447.80 | 26,086,435,494.48 |
| Withdrawal | 199,319,489.98 | 905,549,357.19 | 4,100,970.67 | 327,233,978.17 | 1,436,203,796.01 |
| Increase in exchange rate movements | | | | 127,445.05 | 127,445.05 |
| Disposal or scrapping | 60,102.31 | 288,266,211.99 | 1,227,900.93 | 158,273,357.52 | 447,827,572.75 |
| Decrease in exchange rate movements | | 7,894,018.09 | | | 7,894,018.09 |
| Closing balance | 3,358,866,797.93 | 17,853,454,413.42 | 176,097,419.85 | 5,678,626,513.50 | 27,067,045,144.70 |
| III. Provision for impairment | | | | | |
| Opening balance | 62,245,995.84 | 2,046,046,753.52 | 1,190,791.87 | 273,353,229.29 | 2,382,836,770.52 |
| Withdrawal | | 52,938.34 | | 210.51 | 53,148.85 |
| Disposal or scrapping | | 129,217,144.13 | | 45,887,409.91 | 175,104,554.04 |
| Closing balance | 62,245,995.84 | 1,916,882,547.73 | 1,190,791.87 | 227,466,029.89 | 2,207,785,365.33 |
| IV. Book value | | | | | |
| Closing book value | 8,000,530,610.63 | 8,392,935,438.79 | 116,704,660.38 | 4,603,553,015.52 | 21,113,723,725.32 |

| Opening book value | 8,072,592,413.62 | 8,936,665,552.00 | 118,414,997.82 | 4,645,853,100.11 | 21,773,526,063.55 |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|

(2) Temporary idle fixed assets

On June 30, 2025, fixed assets with book value of RMB 212,424,098.15 (December 31, 2024, RMB 136,677,753.98) were temporarily idle due to product upgrading and other reasons.

(3) Fixed assets leased out through operating leases

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing book value |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| Houses and buildings | 1,079,158,547.61 |

(4) Fixed assets without certificate of title

As of June 30, 2025, the Company has no fixed assets without certificate of title.

16. Construction in progress

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance | |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Construction in progress | 1,820,626,823.39 | 1,596,384,269.60 | |
| Total | 1,820,626,823.39 | 1,596,384,269.60 | |

(1) Construction in progress

| | | Closing balance | | Opening balance | | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Project | Book balance | Provision for impairment | Book value | Book balance | Provision for impairment | Book value |
| Production line construction and technical transformation project | 1,283,071,241.50 | | 1,283,071,241.50 | 1,070,073,195.24 | | 1,070,073,195.24 |
| Engineering construction project | 58,494,240.86 | | 58,494,240.86 | 101,071,006.57 | | 101,071,006.57 |
| Engine technical renovation project | 30,925,937.03 | 20,921,684.06 | 10,004,252.97 | 30,174,549.42 | 20,921,684.06 | 9,252,865.36 |
| Other projects | 475,996,756.87 | 6,939,668.81 | 469,057,088.06 | 422,926,871.24 | 6,939,668.81 | 415,987,202.43 |
| Total | 1,848,488,176.26 | 27,861,352.87 | 1,820,626,823.39 | 1,624,245,622.47 | 27,861,352.87 | 1,596,384,269.60 |

(2) Changes in current period of important projects under construction

| Project name | Budget (Ten thousand yuan) | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Amount transferred into fixed assets in current period | Closing balance | Proportion of accumulated project investment in budget(%) | Project progress(%) | Source of funds |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|--|------------------|---|---------------------|------------------------|
| Production line construction and technical transformation project | 684,311.24 | 1,070,073,195.24 | 641,435,128.72 | 428,437,082.46 | 1,283,071,241.50 | 78.25 | 78.25 | Self-raised and issued |
| Engineering construction project | 629,136.00 | 101,071,006.57 | 27,781,969.70 | 70,358,735.41 | 58,494,240.86 | 88.50 | 88.50 | Self-financing |
| Engine technical renovation project | 44,420.00 | 30,174,549.42 | 64,115,470.62 | 63,364,083.01 | 30,925,937.03 | 85.16 | 85.16 | Self-financing |
| Other projects | | 422,926,871.24 | 248,653,286.12 | 195,583,400.49 | 475,996,756.87 | | | Self-raised and issued |
| Total | | 1,624,245,622.47 | 981,985,855.16 | 757,743,301.37 | 1,848,488,176.26 | | | |

(3) Provision for impairment of construction in progress in current period

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Decrease in current period | Closing balance | Withdrawal reason |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Engine technical renovation project | 20,921,684.06 | | | 20,921,684.06 | |
| Other projects | 6,939,668.81 | | | 6,939,668.81 | |
| Total | 27,861,352.87 | | | 27,861,352.87 | |

17. Right-of-use assets

(1) Assets of right to use

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Houses and buildings | Machinery and equipment | Total |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| I. Original book value | | | |
| Opening balance | 413,229,721.68 | 14,150,442.47 | 427,380,164.15 |
| Increase in current lease | 15,285,437.24 | | 15,285,437.24 |
| Increase in exchange rate movements | 1,469,996.58 | | 1,469,996.58 |
| Decrease in current period | 18,137,214.91 | | 18,137,214.91 |
| Closing balance | 411,847,940.59 | 14,150,442.47 | 425,998,383.06 |
| II. Accumulated depreciation | | | |
| Opening balance | 151,361,083.46 | 2,721,238.94 | 154,082,322.40 |
| Increase in provision for the current period | 53,014,009.21 | 816,371.70 | 53,830,380.91 |
| Increase in exchange rate movements | 965,784.64 | | 965,784.64 |
| Decrease in current period | 18,137,214.91 | | 18,137,214.91 |
| Closing balance | 187,203,662.40 | 3,537,610.64 | 190,741,273.04 |
| III. Provision for impairment | | | |
| Opening balance | | | |
| Increase in current period | | | |
| Decrease in current period | | | |
| Closing balance | | | |
| IV. Book value | | | |
| Closing book value | 224,644,278.19 | 10,612,831.83 | 235,257,110.02 |
| Opening book value | 261,868,638.22 | 11,429,203.53 | 273,297,841.75 |

18. Intangible assets

(1) Intangible assets

| Project | Land use right | Patent right | Non-patented | Software use | Right to use | Total |
|---------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------|
| | | | | | | |

| | | | technology | right | trademarks | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| I. Original book value | | | | | | |
| Opening balance | 2,479,830,234.88 | 85,581,514.70 | 22,342,708,055.07 | 901,695,040.91 | 2,627,770,189.95 | 28,437,585,035.51 |
| Purchase | | | 2,221,782.07 | 39,271,627.59 | 16,312,112.73 | 57,805,522.39 |
| Internal R&D | | | 1,064,375,830.74 | | | 1,064,375,830.74 |
| Increase in exchange rate movements | | 1,247,115.32 | | | 1,205,321.39 | 2,452,436.71 |
| Disposal or scrapping | | | | 939,491.86 | | 939,491.86 |
| Decrease in exchange rate movements | | 317,607.70 | | | | 317,607.70 |
| Closing balance | 2,479,830,234.88 | 86,511,022.32 | 23,409,305,667.88 | 940,027,176.64 | 2,645,287,624.07 | 29,560,961,725.79 |
| II. Accumulated amortization | | | | | | |
| Opening balance | 450,762,504.72 | 24,244,146.43 | 9,225,868,042.44 | 785,632,082.79 | 674,303,046.59 | 11,160,809,822.97 |
| Withdrawal | 26,735,411.91 | 4,448,142.00 | 1,400,589,977.46 | 22,922,720.72 | 130,303,426.79 | 1,584,999,678.88 |
| Increase in exchange rate movements | | 1,208,273.03 | | | 29,458.78 | 1,237,731.81 |
| Disposal | | | | 939,491.88 | | 939,491.88 |
| Closing balance | 477,497,916.63 | 29,900,561.46 | 10,626,458,019.90 | 807,615,311.63 | 804,635,932.16 | 12,746,107,741.78 |
| III. Provision for impairment | | | | | | |
| Opening balance | | | 458,926,146.51 | 23,617,923.17 | 22,381,216.63 | 504,925,286.31 |
| Increase in current period | | | | | | |
| Decrease in current period | | | | | | |
| Closing balance | | | 458,926,146.51 | 23,617,923.17 | 22,381,216.63 | 504,925,286.31 |
| IV. Book value | | | | | | |
| Closing book value | 2,002,332,318.25 | 56,610,460.86 | 12,323,921,501.47 | 108,793,941.84 | 1,818,270,475.28 | 16,309,928,697.70 |
| Opening book value | 2,029,067,730.16 | 61,337,368.27 | 12,657,913,866.12 | 92,445,034.95 | 1,931,085,926.73 | 16,771,849,926.23 |

19. Goodwill

(1) Original book value of goodwill

| Name of investee or matters forming goodwill Opening balance Increase in current period Decrease in current period Closing balance |
|--|
|--|

| Hebei Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. | 9,804,394.00 | | 9,804,394.00 |
|---|------------------|--|------------------|
| Nanjing Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. | 73,465,335.00 | | 73,465,335.00 |
| Deepal Automotive Technology Co., Ltd. | 1,800,926,049.16 | | 1,800,926,049.16 |
| Total | 1,884,195,778.16 | | 1,884,195,778.16 |

(2) Goodwill impairment provision

Unit: Yuan

| Name of investee or matters forming goodwill | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Decrease in current period | Closing balance |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Nanjing Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. | 73,465,335.00 | | | 73,465,335.00 |
| Total | 73,465,335.00 | | | 73,465,335.00 |

20. Long-term deferred expenses

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Amortization amount in current period | Closing balance |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Extended premium | 15,077,519.40 | | 4,588,694.21 | 10,488,825.19 |
| Other | 1,654,928.37 | 639,871.61 | 564,153.00 | 1,730,646.98 |
| Total | 16,732,447.77 | 639,871.61 | 5,152,847.21 | 12,219,472.17 |

21. Deferred income tax assets/deferred income tax liabilities

(1) Deferred income tax assets not offset

Unit: Yuan

| | Closing | balance | Opening balance | | |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Project | Deductible temporary difference | Deferred income tax assets | Deductible temporary difference | Deferred income tax assets | |
| Provision for impairment of assets | 2,955,281,474.17 | 466,641,321.35 | 2,812,780,308.55 | 427,610,261.04 | |
| Accrued expenses and estimated liabilities | 11,626,846,971.75 | 1,771,895,960.38 | 11,361,903,139.00 | 1,720,368,405.84 | |
| Unpaid technical development fee and advertising fee | 225,484,266.53 | 33,822,639.98 | 201,717,814.00 | 30,257,672.10 | |
| Deferred income | 2,967,416,731.31 | 483,021,618.67 | 3,015,492,016.33 | 492,368,621.35 | |
| Unpaid wage bonuses and other | 6,082,679,918.75 | 922,276,644.20 | 6,164,872,452.88 | 936,046,685.59 | |
| Total | 23,857,709,362.51 | 3,677,658,184.58 | 23,556,765,730.76 | 3,606,651,645.92 | |

(2) Deferred tax liabilities not offset

| | Closing balance | | Opening balance | | |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Project | Taxable temporary difference | Deferred income tax liabilities | Taxable temporary difference | Deferred income tax liabilities | |
| Changes in fair value of financial assets | 257,477,787.93 | 38,621,668.19 | 250,964,630.18 | 37,644,694.53 | |
| Fair value adjustment of business combination not under the same control | 7,613,083,426.00 | 1,141,962,513.90 | 8,068,028,361.06 | 1,210,204,254.16 | |
| Long-term equity investment | 1,611,820,708.23 | 241,773,106.23 | 1,596,988,035.55 | 239,548,205.33 | |
| Other | 2,069,699,404.78 | 314,523,764.93 | 2,572,489,279.25 | 389,709,175.51 | |
| Total | 11,552,081,326.94 | 1,736,881,053.25 | 12,488,470,306.04 | 1,877,106,329.53 | |

(3) Deferred tax assets or liabilities shown net of set-off

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Offset amount of deferred income tax assets and liabilities at the end of the period | Ending balance of deferred income tax assets or liabilities after offset | Beginning offset amount of deferred income tax assets and liabilities | Beginning balance of deferred income tax assets or liabilities after offset |
|---------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Deferred income tax assets | 29,155,583.97 | 3,648,502,600.61 | 42,391,398.35 | 3,564,260,247.57 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 29,155,583.97 | 1,707,725,469.28 | 42,391,398.35 | 1,834,714,931.18 |

(4) Details of unrecognized deferred income tax assets

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Deductible temporary difference | 1,102,591,353.33 | 1,537,577,954.97 |
| Deductible loss | 11,492,463,110.32 | 11,267,351,181.99 |
| Total | 12,595,054,463.65 | 12,804,929,136.96 |

(5) Deductible losses of unrecognized deferred income tax assets will mature in the following years

Unit: Yuan

| Year | Closing amount | Opening amount | Remarks |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------|
| 2025 | 1,194,612,784.02 | 1,675,980,498.87 | |
| 2026 | 2,358,576,684.09 | 2,469,603,797.30 | |
| 2027 | 2,148,467,038.12 | 2,020,139,471.49 | |
| 2028 | 2,795,932,844.65 | 2,888,007,630.83 | |
| 2029 and later | 2,994,873,759.44 | 2,213,619,783.50 | |
| Total | 11,492,463,110.32 | 11,267,351,181.99 | |

22. Other non-current assets

| Duningt | Closing balance | | | Opening balance | | |
|---------|-----------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|
| Project | Book balance | Provision | Book value | Book balance | Provision | Book value |

| | | for impairment | | | for impairment | |
|---|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Advance payment for works | 450,000,000.00 | | 450,000,000.00 | 455,745,345.02 | | 455,745,345.02 |
| Fixed deposit and large deposit receipt | 3,250,000,000.00 | | 3,250,000,000.00 | 3,250,000,000.00 | | 3,250,000,000.00 |
| Total | 3,700,000,000.00 | | 3,700,000,000.00 | 3,705,745,345.02 | | 3,705,745,345.02 |

23. Assets with restricted ownership or use

Unit: Yuan

| Duniant | End of period | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Project | Book balance | Book value | Restricted type | Restricted situation | |
| Monetary funds | 643,894,542.93 | 643,894,542.93 | Security deposit and others | Security deposit and others | |
| Notes receivable | 5,194,488,159.96 | 5,194,488,159.96 | Bill pledge | Bill pledge | |
| Total | 5,838,382,702.89 | 5,838,382,702.89 | | | |

| Dunings | Beginning of period | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Project | Book balance | Book value | Restricted type | Restricted situation | |
| Monetary funds | 907,719,149.74 | 907,719,149.74 | Security deposit and others | Security deposit and others | |
| Notes receivable | 6,569,473,317.00 | 6,569,473,317.00 | Bill pledge | Bill pledge | |
| Total | 7,477,192,466.74 | 7,477,192,466.74 | | | |

24. Short-term borrowing

(1) Classification of short-term borrowings

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Credit loan | 51,473,034.14 | 40,036,055.69 |
| Total | 51,473,034.14 | 40,036,055.69 |

Note: On June 30, 2025, the annual interest rate of the above loan is 1.90% -3.50%.

On 30 June 2025, there were no overdue short-term borrowings.

25. Notes payable

| Туре | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Commercial acceptance bill | 216,000,000.00 | 170,000,000.00 |
| Finance company acceptance bill | 1,147,811,991.97 | 1,863,628,765.26 |
| Bank acceptance bill | 27,972,272,314.48 | 32,776,976,747.35 |
| Total | 29,336,084,306.45 | 34,810,605,512.61 |

26. Accounts payable

(1) Accounts payable presentation

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Payment payable | 25,225,193,216.25 | 43,835,671,129.12 |
| Total | 25,225,193,216.25 | 43,835,671,129.12 |

On June 30, 2025, there were no significant accounts payable aged over one year.

27. Other payables

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Dividend payable | 2,922,564,952.82 | |
| Other payables | 5,241,485,160.25 | 6,407,775,538.76 |
| Total | 8,164,050,113.07 | 6,407,775,538.76 |

(1) Dividend payable

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Common stock dividend | 2,922,564,952.82 | |
| Total | 2,922,564,952.82 | |

(2) Other payables

1) Other payables by nature of payment

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Payment for purchase and construction of fixed assets, intangible assets and project deposit | 1,419,098,132.46 | 1,763,288,908.26 |
| Customer and Supplier Deposit | 801,711,900.26 | 919,342,648.61 |
| Warehousing and freight | 665,700,812.60 | 740,108,278.96 |
| Advertising fee | 630,611,865.05 | 623,231,036.19 |
| Repair processing fee | 492,044,082.44 | 267,001,396.64 |
| Treasury repurchase obligation | 56,325,847.18 | 169,261,662.73 |
| State supplementary provision | 32,931,573.00 | 124,313,570.00 |
| Collection and payment of new energy subsidies | 30,236,600.00 | |
| Other | 1,112,824,347.26 | 1,801,228,037.37 |
| Total | 5,241,485,160.25 | 6,407,775,538.76 |

28. Advance receipts

(1) List of advance receipts

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Advance receipts | 165,690.93 | 477,390.93 |
| Total | 165,690.93 | 477,390.93 |

29. Contractual liabilities

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Advance payment | 5,505,204,150.68 | 9,559,537,581.14 |
| Advance payment for services | 1,530,126,745.38 | 1,328,359,414.35 |
| Total | 7,035,330,896.06 | 10,887,896,995.49 |

30. Payroll payable

(1) Payroll payable

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Decrease in current period | Closing balance |
|--|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| Short-term compensation | 3,109,857,464.99 | 5,671,538,512.85 | 5,603,068,814.00 | 3,178,327,163.84 |
| Post-employment benefits - defined contribution plan | 94,314,672.90 | 558,879,401.32 | 553,950,703.55 | 99,243,370.67 |
| Dismissal benefits | 5,608,815.98 | 27,587,471.17 | 10,440,127.49 | 22,756,159.66 |
| Total | 3,209,780,953.87 | 6,258,005,385.34 | 6,167,459,645.04 | 3,300,326,694.17 |

(2) Short-term compensation presentation

| Project | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Decrease in current period | Closing balance |
|---|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| Salaries, bonuses, allowances and subsidies | 2,535,962,401.35 | 4,538,046,515.05 | 4,504,769,499.06 | 2,569,239,417.34 |
| Employee welfare | 21,188,802.76 | 156,664,934.10 | 173,587,511.83 | 4,266,225.03 |
| Social insurance premiums | 34,368,576.87 | 378,500,094.09 | 361,994,217.61 | 50,874,453.35 |
| Including: Medical insurance premium | 21,589,375.01 | 342,898,541.52 | 324,914,890.58 | 39,573,025.95 |
| Work injury insurance | 10,725,500.70 | 35,601,552.57 | 35,236,252.70 | 11,090,800.57 |
| Maternity insurance premiums | 1,942,068.33 | | 1,843,074.33 | 98,994.00 |
| Other | 111,632.83 | | | 111,632.83 |
| Housing provident fund | 21,145,441.67 | 374,829,825.93 | 331,585,928.95 | 64,389,338.65 |

| Trade union funds and staff education funds | 497,192,242.34 | 223,497,143.68 | 231,131,656.55 | 489,557,729.47 |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Total | 3,109,857,464.99 | 5,671,538,512.85 | 5,603,068,814.00 | 3,178,327,163.84 |

(3) List of defined contribution plan

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Decrease in current period | Closing balance |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Basic endowment insurance | 84,945,276.46 | 542,298,195.67 | 537,723,402.99 | 89,520,069.14 |
| Unemployment insurance premiums | 9,369,396.44 | 16,581,205.65 | 16,227,300.56 | 9,723,301.53 |
| Total | 94,314,672.90 | 558,879,401.32 | 553,950,703.55 | 99,243,370.67 |

31. Taxes payable

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|--|-----------------|------------------|
| Value-added tax | 293,114,075.26 | 651,591,146.50 |
| Consumption tax | 347,924,219.12 | 320,098,460.23 |
| Corporate income tax | 95,583,435.81 | 197,097,687.96 |
| Urban maintenance and construction tax | 54,866,304.32 | 75,909,710.25 |
| Other | 68,833,303.79 | 283,885,526.69 |
| Total | 860,321,338.30 | 1,528,582,531.63 |

32. Non-current liabilities due within one year

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Long-term loans due within one year | 36,000,000.00 | 36,000,000.00 |
| Lease liabilities due within one year | 115,198,838.33 | 91,942,461.78 |
| Defined benefit contribution plan due within one year | 380,687.96 | 972,000.00 |
| Total | 151,579,526.29 | 128,914,461.78 |

33. Other current liabilities

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Business discount withheld for return | 7,713,732,261.61 | 7,251,765,781.00 |
| Provision for market development expenses | 1,283,223,811.59 | 1,931,380,802.93 |
| Provision for technology transfer and development costs | 1,271,613,127.90 | 834,962,725.87 |
| Accrued transportation fee | 890,338,647.80 | 414,807,693.98 |

| Accrued fuel consumption negative integral cost | 61,463,722.49 | 63,506,766.69 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Accrued maintenance fee | 71,239,346.58 | 56,134,938.45 |
| Other | 1,232,335,945.67 | 1,955,074,831.04 |
| Total | 12,523,946,863.64 | 12,507,633,539.96 |

34. Long-term loan

(1) Classification of long-term borrowings

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Credit loan | 36,000,000.00 | 72,000,000.00 | |
| Deduct loans due within one year | 36,000,000.00 | 36,000,000.00 | |
| Total | - | 36,000,000.00 | |

Note: On June 30, 2025, the interest rate of the above loan was 1.00%.(December 31, 2024: 1.00%)

35. Bonds payable

(1) Bonds payable

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Corporate bonds | 999,754,716.96 | 999,705,660.36 | |
| Total | 999,754,716.96 | 999,705,660.36 | |

(2) Increase or decrease of bonds payable (excluding preferred shares, perpetual bonds and other financial instruments classified as financial liabilities)

Unit: Yuan

| Bond name | Face value | Coupo n rate | Issue Date | Bond term | Issued Amount | Opening balance | Accrued interest at par value | Over-discou nt amortizatio n | Closing balance | Whet her breac h of contract |
|--|------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Science and technol ogy innovat ion bond | 1,000,000,000.00 | 0.03 | 2022. 12 | 5 years | 1,000,000,000.00 | 999,705,660.36 | 15,000,000.00 | 49,056.60 | 999,754,716.96 | No |
| Total | 1,000,000,000.00 | | | | 1,000,000,000.00 | 999,705,660.36 | 15,000,000.00 | 49,056.60 | 999,754,716.96 | |

36. Lease liabilities

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Lease liabilities | 323,362,469.53 | 361,153,870.84 |
| Including: Lease liabilities due within one year | 115,198,838.33 | 91,942,461.78 |
| Total | 208,163,631.20 | 269,211,409.06 |

37. Long-term payables

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Long-term payables | 2,040,858,600.62 | 2,028,479,306.93 |
| Special payables | 425,785,959.10 | 428,048,564.78 |
| Total | 2,466,644,559.72 | 2,456,527,871.71 |

(1) Long-term payables by nature of payment

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance | |
|--|------------------|------------------|--|
| Payment payable for agent construction | 2,040,858,600.62 | 2,028,479,306.93 | |
| Total | 2,040,858,600.62 | 2,028,479,306.93 | |

(2) Special payables

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Decrease in current period | Closing balance |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Special project of intelligent manufacturing | 352,922,438.33 | 78,953,333.33 | 83,143,421.13 | 348,732,350.53 |
| Lightweight design of automobile structure | 1,862,809.36 | | 107,067.07 | 1,755,742.29 |
| Other | 73,263,317.09 | 29,184,140.95 | 27,149,591.76 | 75,297,866.28 |
| Total | 428,048,564.78 | 108,137,474.28 | 110,400,079.96 | 425,785,959.10 |

38. Long-term payroll payable

(1) Long-term payroll payable

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| I. Post-employment benefits - net liabilities of defined benefit plan | 19,799,282.60 | 23,599,000.00 |
| II. Dismissal welfare | 3,094,372.65 | 3,094,372.65 |
| Total | 22,893,655.25 | 26,693,372.65 |

39. Estimated liabilities

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Product quality assurance | 7,812,670,972.45 | 7,411,100,080.67 |
| Estimated liabilities for contract performance | 269,549,247.09 | 293,547,668.77 |
| Total | 8,082,220,219.54 | 7,704,647,749.44 |

40. Deferred income

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Decrease in current period | Closing balance |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Asset-related | 52,133,744.00 | 45,597,680.00 | 45,597,680.00 | 52,133,744.00 |
| Including: Subsidies for production and construction | 52,133,744.00 | 45,597,680.00 | 45,597,680.00 | 52,133,744.00 |
| Related to earnings | 132,063,475.64 | | 126,294,889.81 | 5,768,585.83 |
| Including: R&D technology subsidies | 76,294,889.95 | | 76,294,889.95 | |
| Other government subsidies | 55,768,585.69 | | 49,999,999.86 | 5,768,585.83 |
| Total | 184,197,219.64 | 45,597,680.00 | 171,892,569.81 | 57,902,329.83 |

41. Other non-current liabilities

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Advance payment for services | 1,417,466,616.46 | 1,718,489,394.88 |
| Entrusted Loan of Weapons and Equipment Group Finance Co., Ltd. | 500,000,000.00 | 500,000,000.00 |
| Total | 1,917,466,616.46 | 2,218,489,394.88 |

42. Share capital

Unit: Yuan

| | | Increase or decrease of this change(+, -) | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|---|----------------|-------------------------|-------|----------|------------------|
| | Opening balance | Issuance of new shares | Share delivery | Reserve fund conversion | Other | Subtotal | Closing balance |
| Total number of shares | 9,914,086,060.00 | | | | | | 9,914,086,060.00 |

43. Capital reserve

| Project Opening balance | Increase in current | Decrease in current | Closing balance |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|

| | | period | period | |
|------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| Share premium | 7,119,416,303.03 | 267,239,486.20 | | 7,386,655,789.23 |
| Other capital reserves | 1,806,382,547.11 | 30,568,843.52 | 267,239,486.20 | 1,569,711,904.43 |
| Total | 8,925,798,850.14 | 297,808,329.72 | 267,239,486.20 | 8,956,367,693.66 |

44. Treasury stock

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Decrease in current period | Closing balance |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Treasury stock | 169,261,662.73 | | 112,935,815.55 | 56,325,847.18 |
| Total | 169,261,662.73 | | 112,935,815.55 | 56,325,847.18 |

Note: In 2025, the decrease in the inventory share capital period was caused by the release of the Company's incentive shares.

45. Other comprehensive income

| | | Amount incurred in current period | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|---|---|-----------------|
| Project | Opening balance | Amount incurred before current income tax | Less: Recorded in other comprehensive income in the prior period and transferred into profit and loss in the current period | Less: Included in other comprehensive income in the prior period and transferred into retained earnings in the current period | Less: Income tax expense | After-tax attribution to parent company | After-tax attribution to minority shareholders | Closing balance |
| I. Other comprehensive income that cannot be reclassified into profit and loss | 160,857,631.69 | -2,386,300.06 | | | | -2,386,300.06 | | 158,471,331.63 |
| Including: Remeasurement of the change amount of defined benefit plan | -1,825,000.00 | | | | | | | -1,825,000.00 |
| Other comprehensive income that cannot be converted into profit or loss under the equity method | -3,026,120.81 | -2,386,300.06 | | | | -2,386,300.06 | | -5,412,420.87 |
| Changes in fair value of investments in other equity instruments | 165,708,752.50 | | | | | | | 165,708,752.50 |
| II. Other comprehensive income to be reclassified into profit and loss | -153,334,272.92 | -74,294,256.28 | | | | -74,294,256.28 | | -227,628,529.20 |
| Of which: Other comprehensive income that can be converted into profit or loss under equity method | -5,881,941.93 | 997,343.14 | | | | 997,343.14 | | -4,884,598.79 |
| Translation differences in foreign currency financial statements | -147,452,330.99 | -75,291,599.42 | | | | -75,291,599.42 | | -222,743,930.41 |
| Total other comprehensive income | 7,523,358.77 | -76,680,556.34 | | | | -76,680,556.34 | | -69,157,197.57 |

46. Special reserve

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Decrease in current period | Closing balance |
|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Safety production fee | 95,013,488.38 | 58,903,145.28 | 28,173,650.94 | 125,742,982.72 |
| Total | 95,013,488.38 | 58,903,145.28 | 28,173,650.94 | 125,742,982.72 |

47. Surplus reserve

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Opening balance | Increase in current period | Decrease in current period | Closing balance |
|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| Statutory surplus reserve | 4,957,043,030.00 | | | 4,957,043,030.00 |
| Total | 4,957,043,030.00 | | | 4,957,043,030.00 |

48. Undistributed profit

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Current period | Previous period |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Undistributed profit before adjustment | 52,846,021,500.43 | 49,617,932,431.73 |
| Adjustment of undistributed profits at the beginning of the later period | 52,846,021,500.43 | 49,617,932,431.73 |
| Plus: Net profit attributable to the owner of the parent company in the current period | 2,291,211,254.67 | 2,831,743,111.82 |
| Less: Common stock dividends payable | 2,922,564,952.82 | 3,412,477,663.18 |
| Undistributed profit at the end of the period | 52,214,667,802.28 | 49,037,197,880.37 |

49. Operating income and operating cost

Unit: Yuan

| | | d in current period Amount incurred in the previous per | | the previous period |
|----------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------|
| Project | Revenue | Cost | Revenue | Cost |
| Main business | 71,122,847,357.43 | 60,912,862,171.69 | 75,031,549,290.98 | 65,087,923,270.42 |
| Other business | 1,568,463,029.65 | 1,180,783,111.72 | 1,691,100,432.81 | 1,046,383,884.70 |
| Total | 72,691,310,387.08 | 62,093,645,283.41 | 76,722,649,723.79 | 66,134,307,155.12 |

50. Taxes and surcharges

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Consumption tax | 1,276,202,420.19 | 1,592,006,613.71 |
| Urban maintenance and construction tax | 130,139,031.26 | 171,545,523.51 |
| Educational surcharges | 85,167,936.91 | 118,956,790.32 |
| Other | 176,523,613.45 | 170,720,143.87 |

| Total | 1.668.033.001.81 | 2,053,229,071.41 |
|-------|------------------|------------------|
| Total | 1,000,033,001.81 | 2,033,227,071.41 |

51. Administrative expenses

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Wages and benefits | 1,594,776,663.07 | 1,892,090,590.24 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 290,646,828.51 | 281,069,352.60 |
| Transportation and travel | 35,404,797.95 | 30,730,486.17 |
| Share-based payment | 15,696,797.33 | 181,288,200.00 |
| Other | 291,488,235.10 | 41,685,231.78 |
| Total | 2,228,013,321.96 | 2,426,863,860.79 |

52. Sales expense

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Sales service fee | 2,118,239,084.30 | 1,010,007,195.86 |
| Promotion and advertising expenses | 1,264,934,309.87 | 1,074,267,528.42 |
| Wages and benefits | 552,762,577.77 | 489,933,234.61 |
| Transportation and storage expenses | 138,303,558.30 | 343,523,615.84 |
| Travel | 86,385,379.90 | 74,258,106.92 |
| Packing fee | 85,306,559.18 | 28,828,727.45 |
| Other | 115,560,997.91 | 57,170,005.17 |
| Total | 4,361,492,467.23 | 3,077,988,414.27 |

53. R&D expenses

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Wages and benefits | 1,388,750,537.27 | 1,392,005,346.65 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,574,340,689.76 | 1,214,228,193.17 |
| Outsourcing fee | 117,404,910.95 | 129,875,960.49 |
| Material cost | 116,601,795.35 | 100,893,665.34 |
| Test fee | 26,465,429.21 | 36,371,652.96 |
| Other | 60,093,920.94 | 38,717,494.79 |
| Total | 3,283,657,283.48 | 2,912,092,313.40 |

54. Financial expense

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Interest expense | 38,065,837.11 | 39,521,477.44 |
| Less: Interest income | 657,365,732.49 | 520,495,393.22 |

| Net exchange loss(Net income is indicated with "-") | -1,355,964,767.53 | -93,277,656.33 |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| Other | 18,327,382.57 | 24,866,208.10 |
| Total | -1,956,937,280.34 | -549,385,364.01 |

55. Other income

Unit: Yuan

| Sources of other income | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Government subsidies related to daily activities | | |
| Including: Industrial support subsidy | 235,203,148.24 | 1,185,343,468.12 |
| Other government subsidies | 770,933,495.39 | 257,167,183.20 |
| Total | 1,006,136,643.63 | 1,442,510,651.32 |

56. Income from changes in fair value

Unit: Yuan

| Sources of income from changes in fair value | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Transactional financial assets | 6,513,157.75 | -13,487,271.96 |
| Transactional financial liabilities | | -21,536,907.46 |
| Total | 6,513,157.75 | -35,024,179.42 |

57. Investment income

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Long-term equity investment income calculated by equity method | 55,363,593.69 | 252,582,688.73 |
| Investment income of trading financial assets during holding period | 1,353,199.70 | 1,979,999.95 |
| Dividend income from other equity instrument investments during the holding period | 12,692,880.00 | 19,039,320.00 |
| Investment income from disposal of trading financial assets | | 7,187,236.08 |
| Interest on time deposits and other | 45,614,275.62 | 69,922,180.57 |
| Total | 115,023,949.01 | 350,711,425.33 |

58. Credit impairment loss

| Project Amount incurred in current period | | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|--------------|--|
| Bad debt loss of accounts receivable | 3,634,178.78 | -579,542.24 |
| Loss on bad debts of other receivables | -362,762.72 | -179,587.16 |

| Total | 3,271,416.06 | -759,129.40 |
|-------|--------------|-------------|

59. Loss on impairment of assets

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Inventory depreciation loss and contract performance cost impairment loss | 59,083,960.97 | 137,377,672.60 |
| Loss on impairment of fixed assets | 53,148.85 | |
| Loss on impairment of contractual assets | -10,043,931.00 | 8,891,863.00 |
| Total | 49,093,178.82 | 146,269,535.60 |

60. Proceeds from disposal of assets

Unit: Yuan

| Sources of proceeds from disposal of assets | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Income from disposal of fixed assets(Loss "-") | 16,996,024.14 | 4,819,641.19 |
| Proceeds from disposal of other assets(Loss "-") | 9,441.56 | 139,811.50 |
| Total | 17,005,465.70 | 4,959,452.69 |

61. Non-operating income

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period | Amount included in current non-recurring profit and loss |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Income from liquidated damages and others | 90,081,260.28 | 46,291,779.69 | 90,081,260.28 |
| Total | 90,081,260.28 | 46,291,779.69 | 90,081,260.28 |

62. Non-operating expenditure

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period | Amount included in current non-recurring profit and loss |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| External donation | 14,600,000.00 | 10,600,000.00 | 14,600,000.00 |
| Fines and late fees | 1,630,770.51 | 5,489,501.82 | 1,630,770.51 |
| Other | 10,600,642.48 | 3,012,325.93 | 10,600,642.48 |
| Total | 26,831,412.99 | 19,101,827.75 | 26,831,412.99 |

63. Income tax expense

(1) Income tax expense table

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Current income tax expense | 587,548,701.70 | 207,971,617.76 |
| Deferred income tax expense | -211,231,814.94 | -142,342,716.98 |
| Total | 376,316,886.76 | 65,628,900.78 |

(2) Adjustment Process of Accounting Profit and Income Tax Expense

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Total profit | 2,168,970,778.03 |
| Income tax expense at statutory/applicable tax rate | 325,345,616.70 |
| Effect of different tax rates on subsidiaries | 80,542,302.44 |
| Effect of adjustment of income tax for prior period | 129,098,737.60 |
| Impact of non-taxable income | 69,280,754.42 |
| Impact of non-deductible costs, charges and losses | 115.96 |
| Impact of deductible losses on unrecognized deferred income tax assets in the prior period of use | -4,304,960.31 |
| Effect of deductible temporary difference or deductible loss of unrecognized deferred income tax assets in current period | -223,645,680.05 |
| Influence of Additive Deduction and Other Factors | -216,636,861.90 |
| Income tax expense | 376,316,886.76 |

64. Other comprehensive income

See Note VII 45 for details

65. Cash flow statement item

(1) Cash related to operating activities

Other cash received in connection with operating activities

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Interest income | 657,365,732.49 | 520,495,393.22 |
| Government subsidy | 1,088,661,008.79 | 1,288,500,364.75 |
| Other | 98,233,980.20 | 388,897,857.40 |
| Total | 1,844,260,721.48 | 2,197,893,615.37 |

Other cash paid in connection with operating activities

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Sales expense | 2,643,015,184.51 | 1,636,259,495.32 |
| Administrative expenses | 890,965,941.36 | 710,380,390.84 |
| R&D expenses | 1,800,991,507.70 | 1,260,318,906.77 |
| Other | 1,166,123,768.26 | 1,053,447,560.15 |
| Total | 6,501,096,401.83 | 4,660,406,353.08 |

(2) Cash related to investing activities

Other cash received in connection with investing activities

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Term deposits and interest | 50,972,777.78 | 8,070,357,180.56 |
| Other | 3,210.40 | |
| Total | 50,975,988.18 | 8,070,357,180.56 |

Other cash paid in connection with investing activities

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Fixed deposit and large deposit receipt | | 1,400,000,000.00 |
| Total | | 1,400,000,000.00 |

(3) Cash related to financing activities

Other cash received in connection with financing activities

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Collection of deposit of acceptance bill | 280,715,982.94 | 204,348,367.20 |
| Other | | 29,998,629.99 |
| Total | 280,715,982.94 | 234,346,997.19 |

Other cash paid in connection with financing activities

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Payment of deposit of acceptance bill and others | 2,985,639.75 | 127,516,036.02 |
| Other | 50,184,574.37 | 53,497,616.56 |
| Total | 53,170,214.12 | 181,013,652.58 |

66. Supplementary information of cash flow statement

(1) Supplementary information of cash flow statement

| Supplementary information | Current Amount | Prior period amount |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Adjust net profit to cash flow from operating activities: | | |
| Net profit | 1,792,653,891.27 | 2,246,762,267.69 |
| Plus: Credit impairment loss | 3,271,416.06 | -759,129.40 |
| Provision for impairment of assets | 49,093,178.82 | 146,269,535.60 |
| Depreciation of fixed assets | 1,436,203,796.01 | 1,466,019,479.35 |
| Depreciation and amortization of investment real estate | 113,355.78 | 113,355.78 |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets | 53,830,380.91 | 46,388,885.07 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 1,584,999,678.88 | 1,229,174,331.48 |
| Amortization of long-term deferred expenses | 5,152,847.21 | 2,976,275.65 |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets(Income is indicated with "-") | -17,005,465.70 | -4,959,452.69 |
| Loss on changes in fair value(Income is indicated with "-") | -6,513,157.75 | 35,024,179.42 |
| Financial expense(Income is indicated with "-") | 38,065,837.11 | 39,521,477.44 |
| Investment loss(Income is indicated with "-") | -115,023,949.01 | -350,711,425.33 |
| Decrease in deferred income tax assets(Add "-" for column) | -84,242,353.04 | -161,826,269.49 |
| Increase in deferred tax liabilities(Decrease is indicated with "-") | -126,989,461.90 | 19,483,552.51 |
| Decrease in inventories(Add "-" for column) | 131,247,271.53 | -238,346,525.70 |
| Decrease in operating receivables(Add "-" for column) | 18,763,979,020.76 | 3,849,999,916.55 |
| Increase in operating payables(Decrease is indicated with "-") | -32,126,023,975.32 | -4,890,306,327.68 |
| Other | 9,990,898.11 | 276,614.28 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | -8,607,196,790.27 | 3,435,100,740.53 |
| 2. Net change of cash equivalents: | | |
| Closing balance of cash | 52,185,989,975.49 | 69,549,755,769.83 |
| Less: Opening balance of cash | 63,274,376,513.00 | 63,925,957,901.11 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | -11,088,386,537.51 | 5,623,797,868.72 |

(2) Composition of cash and cash equivalents

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| I. Cash | 52,185,989,975.49 | 63,274,376,513.00 |
| Including: Cash on hand | 6,818.27 | 17,882.93 |
| Bank deposits available for payment at any time | 52,181,249,531.26 | 63,267,781,756.86 |
| Other monetary funds available for payment at any time | 4,733,625.96 | 6,576,873.21 |
| II. Balance of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 52,185,989,975.49 | 63,274,376,513.00 |

67. Foreign currency monetary item

(1) Foreign currency monetary item

| Project | Ending foreign currency balance | Conversion exchange rate | Balance converted into RMB at the end of the period |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Monetary funds | | | |
| Of which: USD | 60,871,639.08 | 7.1586 | 435,755,715.52 |
| Euro | 16,259,508.40 | 8.4024 | 136,618,893.38 |
| Sterling | 1,590,158.69 | 9.8300 | 15,631,259.92 |
| Japanese yen | 250,742,427.00 | 0.0496 | 12,436,824.38 |
| Rub | 4,043,581,070.45 | 0.0913 | 369,178,951.73 |
| Peso | 649,050,610.70 | 0.3809 | 247,223,377.62 |
| Baht | 3,355,673,515.79 | 0.2197 | 737,241,471.42 |
| Dirham | 309,127.88 | 1.9509 | 603,077.58 |
| Accounts receivable | | | |
| Of which: USD | 45,165,929.32 | 7.1586 | 323,324,821.63 |
| Euro | 1,095,041.50 | 8.4024 | 9,200,976.70 |
| Peso | 11,000,489.05 | 0.3809 | 4,190,086.28 |
| Other receivables | | | |
| Of which: Euro | 10,934,054.99 | 8.4024 | 91,872,303.65 |
| Japanese yen | 17,408,320.00 | 0.0496 | 863,452.67 |
| Baht | 195,255,246.49 | 0.2197 | 42,897,577.65 |
| Accounts payable | | | |
| Of which: Euro | 4,603,299.47 | 8.4024 | 38,678,763.47 |
| Sterling | 158,403.45 | 9.8300 | 1,557,105.91 |
| Rub | 1,495,567,666.47 | 0.0913 | 136,545,327.95 |
| Baht | 2,085,257,342.33 | 0.2197 | 458,131,038.11 |
| Other payables | | | |
| Of which: Euro | 1,685,701.09 | 8.4024 | 14,163,934.84 |
| Baht | 165,455,018.99 | 0.2197 | 36,350,467.67 |

68. Lease

(1) As the lessee

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Current Amount |
|---|----------------|
| Interest expense on lease liabilities | 4,985,850.58 |
| Short-term lease expenses charged to the cost of the relevant asset or to the simplified treatment of the current profit and loss | 3,266,845.21 |
| Low-value asset lease costs included in the cost of the relevant asset or simplified treatment of the current profit and loss(Short-term lease costs for low-value assets are excluded) | 1,217,659.99 |
| Total lease-related cash outflows | 55,077,097.54 |

(2) As the lessor

Operating lease as lessor

| Project | Project Rental income | |
|---------------|-----------------------|--|
| Rental income | 26,296,006.78 | |
| Total | 26,296,006.78 | |

The undiscounted lease receipts received after the balance sheet date are as follows:

Unit: Yuan

| Drainat | Undiscounted lease receipts per year | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Project | Closing amount Opening amount | | |
| Within 1 year | 10,511,239.48 | 8,675,240.58 | |
| 1 to 2 years | 16,548,637.35 | 17,881,254.12 | |
| 2 to 3 years | 18,390,961.44 | 18,120,545.58 | |
| 3 to 4 years | 21,364,514.18 | 22,168,456.50 | |
| 4 to 5 years | 14,429,738.59 | 24,141,151.06 | |
| More than 5 years | 11,608,289.57 | 7,000,144.32 | |
| Total | 92,853,380.61 | 97,986,792.16 | |

VIII. R&D expenditure

1. R&D expenditure

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Wages and benefits | 2,006,653,693.63 | 1,847,480,590.73 | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,577,241,265.67 | 1,215,792,215.05 | |
| Outsourcing fee | 1,046,430,730.38 869 | | |
| Material cost | 175,556,508.08 | 126,874,613.69 | |
| Test fee | 226,711,925.50 | 280,411,158.30 | |
| Other | 371,287,417.75 | 269,541,531.16 | |
| Total | 5,403,881,541.01 | 4,609,720,198.06 | |
| Including: Expense-based R&D expenditure | 3,283,657,283.48 | 2,912,092,313.40 | |
| Capitalized R&D expenditure | 2,120,224,257.53 | 1,697,627,884.66 | |

2. Development expenditure

| Project | Opening balance Interna | Increase in current period | Decrease in current period | | Closing balance |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| | | Internal development expenditure | Recognized as intangible assets | Other | |
| Development expenditure | 1,729,932,488.67 | 2,120,224,257.53 | 1,064,375,830.74 | 49,656,541.58 | 2,736,124,373.88 |
| Total | 1,729,932,488.67 | 2,120,224,257.53 | 1,064,375,830.74 | 49,656,541.58 | 2,736,124,373.88 |

IX. Change of consolidation scope

None.

X. Rights and interests in other subjects

1. Equity in subsidiaries

(1) Composition of enterprise groups

| | Registered capital | Main | Place of | Nature of | Sharehe ratio | _ | Method of |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|---------------|
| Name of subsidiary | (Ten thousand yuan) | business camp | registration | business | Direct | Indirect | acquisition |
| Chongqing Changan Automobile International Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 142,275.64 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Sales | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Chongqing Changan Car Union Technology Co., Ltd. | 8,850.00 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Leasing | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Chongqing Changan Special Vehicle Co., Ltd.(Note 1) | 2,000.00 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Sales | 50.00 | | Establishment |
| Chongqing Changan Automobile Customer Service Co., Ltd. | 3,000.00 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Sales | 99.00 | 1.00 | Establishment |
| Chongqing Zhilai Daodao New Energy Co., Ltd. | 2,900.00 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | R&D | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Chongqing Changan European Design Center Co., Ltd. | Euro 2623.56 | Turin, Italy | Turin, Italy | R&D | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Changan Automobile UK R&D Center Co., Ltd. | GBP 2,639 | Birmingham, England | Birmingham, England | R&D | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Beijing Changan Automobile Engineering Technology Research Co., Ltd. | 100.00 | Beijing | Beijing | R&D | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Changan Japan Design Center Co., Ltd. | JPY 1,000 | Yokohama, Japan | Yokohama, Japan | R&D | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Changan American R&D Center Co., Ltd. | USD 154 | Novi, USA | Novi, USA | R&D | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Changan Automobile Investment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. | 87,601.35 | Shenzhen City | Shenzhen City | Sales | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Nanjing Mayor An New Energy Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 5,000.00 | Nanjing City | Nanjing City | Sales | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Chongqing Anyi Automobile Technical Service Co., Ltd. | 200.00 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Sales | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Xiamen Mayor An New Energy Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 200.00 | Xiamen City | Xiamen City | Sales | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Shanghai Changan Zhixing Technology Co., Ltd. | 400.00 | Shanghai | Shanghai | Sales | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Chongqing Chehemei Technology Co., Ltd. | 1,000.00 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Sales | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Chongqing Changan Kaicheng Automotive Technology Co., Ltd. | 142,371.45 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Sales | 65.90 | | Establishment |
| Chongqing Changan Automotive Software Technology Co., Ltd. | 9,900.00 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | R&D | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| MOBITECH Co., Ltd | 4,900.00 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Sales | 100.00 | | Establishment |
| Chongqing Changan Technology Co., Ltd. | 9,000.00 | Chongqing | Chongqing | R&D | 100.00 | | Establishment |

| | | City | City | | | |
|--|------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------|--|
| Chongqing Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. | 2,000.00 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Leasing | 100.00 | Establishment |
| Nanjing Changan Automobile Co., Ltd.(Note 2) | 60,181.00 | Nanjing City | Nanjing City | Manufacturing | 84.73 | Business combination not under the same control |
| Chongqing Lingyao Automobile Co., Ltd. | 133,764.00 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Manufacturing | 100.00 | Business combination not under the same control |
| Deepal Automotive Technology Co., Ltd. | 32,810.83 | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Manufacturing | 50.9960 | Business combination not under the same control |
| Hefei Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. | 227,500.00 | Hefei City | Hefei City | Manufacturing | 100.00 | Business combination under the same control |

Note 1: The remaining shareholders of Chongqing Chang'a Special Automobile Co., Ltd. have respectively signed a unanimous action agreement with the Company, all of which agree to vote according to the voting intention of the Company. Therefore, the Company can exercise control over them and include them into the scope of consolidated financial statements.

Note2: The voting ratio of Nanjing Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. is 91.53%, and the reason why the shareholding ratio is inconsistent with the voting ratio is that some minority shareholders entrust the Company to exercise the voting right.

2. Interests in joint ventures or associated enterprises

(1) Important joint ventures

| Name of joint venture | Main business | Place of | Place of Nature of business | | holding o(%) | Accounting Treatment of |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| rvaine of joint venture | camp | registration | Nature of business | Direct | Indirect | Joint Venture Investment |
| Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. | Chongqing City | Chongqing City | Production and sales of complete vehicle and parts | 50.00 | | Equity law |

(2) Major financial information of important joint ventures

| | Closing balance/amount incurred in current period | Opening balance/amount incurred in the previous period |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| | Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. | Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. |
| Current assets | 11,789,945,501.36 | 16,377,739,563.80 |
| Non-current assets | 10,876,217,644.17 | 11,762,860,932.34 |
| Total assets | 22,666,163,145.53 | 28,140,600,496.14 |
| Current liabilities | 13,710,708,306.99 | 20,644,064,530.01 |
| Non-current liabilities | 6,532,646,116.74 | 5,834,665,675.53 |
| Total liabilities | 20,243,354,423.73 | 26,478,730,205.54 |

| Minority equity | 148,339,713.36 | 132,045,405.31 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Equity attributable to parent company | 2,274,469,008.44 | 1,529,824,885.29 |
| Share of net assets in proportion to shareholding | 1,137,234,504.22 | 764,912,442.65 |
| Adjustment items | -56,769,100.38 | -52,697,418.08 |
| Book value of equity investments in joint ventures | 1,080,465,403.84 | 712,215,024.57 |
| Fair value of equity investments in joint ventures with open quotations | | |
| Net profit | 753,237,410.89 | 1,821,149,735.52 |
| Net profit from discontinued operations | | |
| Other comprehensive income | | |
| Total comprehensive income | 753,237,410.89 | 1,821,149,735.52 |
| Dividends received in the current period from joint ventures | | |

(3) Summary financial information of unimportant joint ventures and joint ventures

Unit: Yuan

| | Closing balance/amount incurred in current period | Opening balance/amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|---|--|
| Joint venture: | | |
| Total book value of investment | 4,101,990,723.60 | 3,961,228,297.16 |
| Total of the following items calculated by shareholding ratio | | |
| net profit | 143,148,726.50 | 80,831,087.02 |
| - Other comprehensive income | -2,386,300.06 | 2.89 |
| - Total comprehensive income | 140,762,426.44 | 80,831,089.91 |
| Consortium: | | |
| Total book value of investment | 11,285,852,381.27 | 8,954,364,227.40 |
| Total of the following items calculated by shareholding ratio | | |
| net profit | 232,595,890.30 | 149,862,202.55 |
| - Other comprehensive income | 1,505,344.19 | -5,967,137.61 |
| - Total comprehensive income | 234,101,234.49 | 143,895,064.94 |

(4) Excess losses incurred by joint ventures or associated enterprises

The Company has no additional loss obligation to Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Marketing Co., Ltd. and Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. Therefore, in case of excess loss, only the long-term equity investment shall be written down to zero, and the excess loss related to the investment in the above-mentioned company shall not be recognized.

XI. Government subsidies

1. Government subsidies recognized by the amount receivable at the end of the reporting period

 \Box Applicable $\sqrt{\text{Not Applicable}}$

2. Liabilities involving government subsidies

Unit: Yuan

| Account | Opening balance | Amount of new subsidy in current period | Amount transferred to other income in current period | Write-off of related assets in current period | Closing balance | Related to assets/earnings |
|-----------------|-----------------|---|--|---|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Deferred income | 52,133,744.00 | 45,597,680.00 | 10,857,680.00 | 34,740,000.00 | 52,133,744.00 | Asset-related |
| Deferred income | 132,063,475.64 | | 126,294,889.81 | | 5.768.585.83 | Related to earnings |

3. Government subsidies included in current profit and loss

Government subsidies related to income

Unit: Yuan

| Statement items included in current profit | Offset the amount of the relevant cost expense loss | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| and loss or offset related cost and expense loss | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period | |
| Operating cost | 236,304,336.24 | 133,204,096.39 | |
| Sales expense | 206,492,839.53 | 1,746,029.54 | |
| Administrative expenses | 4,375,224.04 | 7,743,252.52 | |
| R&D expenses | | 5,000,000.00 | |
| Total | 447,172,399.81 | 147,693,378.45 | |

XII. Risks related to financial instruments

1. Risks arising from financial instruments

The Company is exposed to various financial risks in the course of business: Credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risk). The above financial risks and the risk management policies adopted by the Company to mitigate these risks are as follows:

The overall objective of the Company's risk management is to establish risk management policies that minimize risks without compromising the Company's competitiveness and strain.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss of the Company due to the failure of the counterparty to perform its contractual obligations.

The credit risk of the Company mainly arises from monetary funds, notes receivable, accounts receivable, receivables financing, other receivables, etc., as well as debt instrument investments measured at fair value and whose changes are included in current profit and loss, etc. which are not included in the impairment appraisal scope.

The monetary funds of the Company are mainly bank deposits deposited in state-owned banks and other large and medium-sized listed banks with good reputation and high credit rating. The Company believes that there is no significant credit risk and there will be no significant loss caused by bank default.

In addition, for bills receivable, accounts receivable, receivables financing, contractual assets and other receivables, the Company sets policies to control credit risk exposure. The Company evaluates the customer's credit qualification and sets the corresponding credit period based on the customer's financial condition, the possibility of obtaining guarantee from a third party, credit record and other factors such as current market conditions. The Company will regularly monitor the credit records of customers. For customers with bad credit records, the Company will make payment dunning in writing, shorten the credit period or cancel the credit period to ensure that the overall credit risk of the Company is within the controllable range.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk of fund shortage when the enterprise performs the obligation of settlement by delivery of cash or other financial assets.

It is the Company's policy to ensure that sufficient cash is available to repay maturities. The liquidity risk is under the centralized control of the financial department of the Company. By monitoring cash balances, readily realisable securities and rolling forecasts of cash flows for the next 12 months, Finance ensures that the Company has sufficient funds to repay its debt under all reasonable forecasts. At the same time, continuously monitor whether the company complies with the provisions of the loan agreement, and obtain the commitment from the major financial institutions to provide sufficient reserve funds to meet the short-term and long-term funding needs.

Market risk

Market risk of financial instruments refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of financial instruments fluctuates due to market price changes, including exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks.

(1) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

Interest-bearing financial instruments with fixed and floating interest rates respectively expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Company determines the ratio of fixed and floating interest rate instruments according to the market environment, and maintains the appropriate combination of fixed and floating interest rate instruments through regular review and monitoring. Where necessary, the Company uses interest rate swap instruments to hedge interest rate risk.

The Company's income and operating cash flows are largely unaffected by fluctuations in market interest rates. On 30 June 2025, all bank borrowings and bonds payable by the Company were at fixed interest rates. The Company does not currently hedge interest rate risk.

(2) Exchange rate risk

Exchange rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The company continuously monitors the scale of foreign currency transactions, as well as foreign currency assets and liabilities, to minimize foreign exchange risks. Additionally, the company may enter into forward foreign exchange contracts to mitigate exchange rate risks.

(3) Other price risks

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows fluctuate due to market price changes other than exchange rate risk and interest rate risk.

Other price risks of the Company mainly arise from various types of equity instrument investments, and there are risks of price change of equity instruments.

On 30 June 2025, the Company will increase or decrease net profit by 6864868.27 yuan (31 December 2024: Net profit by 5115434.10 yuan) if the value of equity instruments increases or decreases by 5% while all other variables remain unchanged. Management believes that 5% reflects a reasonable range of possible changes in the value of equity instruments in the following year.

XIII. Disclosure of fair value

1. Closing fair value of assets and liabilities measured at fair value

| | Closing fair value | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Project | First-level fair value measurement | Second-level fair value measurement | Third-level fair value measurement | Total | | |
| Transactional financial assets | 161,526,312.20 | | | 161,526,312.20 | | |
| Other equity instrument investment | | | 699,186,720.99 | 699,186,720.99 | | |

XIV. Related parties and related party transactions

1. The parent company of the enterprise

| Parent Company Name | Place of registration | Nature of business | Registered capital(Yuan) | Shareholding ratio of the parent company to the enterprise | Proportion of voting rights of the parent company to the enterprise |
|--|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|--|---|
| Chenzhi Automotive Technology Group Co., Ltd. | Beijing | Manufacture and sales of automobile and its engine and spare parts | 6,092,273,400.00 | 20.82% | 20.82% |

The ultimate holding company of the Company is China South Industries Group Co., Ltd..

2. Subsidiaries of the Company

See Note X (1) for details of subsidiaries of the Company.

3. Situation of joint and associated enterprises of the enterprise

See Note X (2) for details of important joint ventures or joint ventures of the Company.

4. Other related parties

| Name of other related parties | Relationship between other related parties and the enterprise |
|--|---|
| Chongqing Qingshan Industry Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Changan Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Hubei Huazhong Marrelli Automotive Lighting Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Sichuan Jian'an Industry Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chenzhi (Chongqing) Braking System Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Harbin Dongan Automobile Engine Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chengdu Huachuan Electric Power Assembly Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Sichuan Ningjiang Shanchuan Machinery Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| South INTEL AIR CONDITIONING CO., LTD. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Southern Faurecia Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Construction Vehicle Air Conditioner Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Construction Transmission Technology Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Harbin Dongan Automobile Power Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Hunan Tianyan Machinery Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Upper Auto Parts Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chengdu Wanyou Filter Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Hubei Xiaogan Huazhong Vehicle Lamp Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chengde Suken Yinhe Auto Parts Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chenzhi (Chengdu) Intelligent Suspension Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |

| Name of other related parties | Relationship between other related parties and the enterprise |
|---|---|
| Chengdu Lingchuan Automobile Oil Tank Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Dajiang Jiexin Forging Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Anhui Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Yihong Defense Technology Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Wanyou Economic Development Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Changan Intelligent Industrial Technology Service Co., | |
| | |
| Guizhou Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Jiangsu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Yunnan Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chengdu Wanyou Xiangyu Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chenzhi Technology Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Longchang Shanchuan Machinery Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Changan Industry (Group) Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chengdu Wanyou Auto Trade Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| China Changan Automobile Group Tianjin Sales Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Wanyou Automobile Investment Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Changan Smart City Operation Management Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Southwest Military Engineering Chongqing Environmental Protection Institute Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Bazhong Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Wanyou Chengxing Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Wanyou Ducheng Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| China South Industries Group Fifth Ninth Institute Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chengdu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Wanyou Xingjian Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Ya'an Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Wanyou Talent Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Southwest Inspection and Testing Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chengdu Wanyou Trade Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Qingshan Transmission Sales Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Panzhihua Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Wanyou Zunda Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| China Ordnance Newspaper | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chengdu Jialing Huaxi Optical Precision Machinery Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Fuji Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chinese Academy of Weapons and Equipment | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Changxiang Supply Chain Technology Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Wanyou Zhicheng Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| China Weapons and Equipment Group Human Resources Development Center | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |

| Name of other related parties | Relationship between other related parties and the enterprise |
|---|---|
| Beijing North Changfu Automobile Sales Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Anfu Automobile Marketing Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Changan Wangjiang Industrial Group Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| China Ordnance Equipment Group Ordnance Equipment Research Institute | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| China Optics Group Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Hongyu Precision Industry Group Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chengdu Guangming Optoelectronic Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Jiangxi Changjiang Chemical Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Southwest Military Engineering (Chongqing) Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Dali Wanfu Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| China South Industries Group Financial Leasing Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| China Armament Group Commercial Factoring Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Construction Industry (Group) Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Saimei Digital Technology Co., Ltd. | Controlled by the same ultimate holding company |
| Chongqing Nexite Steering System Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| United Automotive Electronics (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Shenzhen Yingwang Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Lear Changan (Chongqing) Automotive Systems Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Natef Transmission System (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Chongqing Dajiang Dongyang Plastic Products Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Chengdu Zhongzi Guangming Catalytic Technology Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Chongqing Dajiang Guoli Precision Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Chongqing Dajiang Yap Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Chongqing Lingchuan Automotive Parts Manufacturing Technology Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Tiannakelingchuan (Chongqing) Exhaust System Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Chongqing Jianyang Automobile Thermal Management System Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Nanyang Lida Optoelectronic Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |
| Beijing Zhongbing Insurance Brokerage Co., Ltd. | Company in which the ultimate holding company participates |

5. Related party transactions

(1) Related transactions for purchasing and selling goods, providing and receiving labor services

Purchase of Goods/Acceptance of Labor

| | | | | | Whether | | |
|--|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------|-----------------|--|
| | | Related transaction | Amount incurred | Approved | the | Amount incurred | |
| | Related party | | | Approved transaction limits | transactio | in the previous | |
| | | | in current period | | n limit is | period | |
| | | | | | exceeded | | |

| Related party | Related transaction content | Amount incurred in current period | Approved transaction limits | Whether the transactio n limit is exceeded | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Chongqing Qingshan Industry Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 4,744,432,632.00 | 9,168,296,280.03 | No | 4,493,367,383.45 |
| Time Changan Power Battery Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 2,861,184,810.74 | 5,329,043,266.36 | No | 821,368,168.15 |
| Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 2,124,490,381.04 | 6,145,791,988.15 | No | 2,169,860,345.56 |
| Chongqing Changan Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 1,399,767,923.70 | 5,215,422,144.20 | No | 2,098,821,621.39 |
| Chongqing Wutong Car Union Technology Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 688,953,764.27 | 1,113,465,173.20 | No | 171,231,816.16 |
| Chongqing Nexite Steering System Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 615,706,328.87 | 1,613,689,415.59 | No | 477,982,649.73 |
| Hubei Huazhong Marrelli Automotive Lighting Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 607,797,713.80 | 1,703,247,485.72 | No | 461,129,146.14 |
| Sichuan Jian'an Industry Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 556,162,903.32 | 1,615,912,815.42 | No | 548,125,486.31 |
| Chenzhi (Chongqing) Braking System Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 545,634,066.12 | 1,653,933,271.23 | No | 624,315,030.21 |
| Harbin Dongan Automobile Engine Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 408,671,304.94 | 1,263,719,608.06 | No | 500,527,166.71 |
| Chengdu Huachuan Electric Power Assembly Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 346,756,124.64 | 744,915,700.38 | No | 392,829,660.89 |
| United Automotive Electronics (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 345,007,499.56 | 1,194,865,148.95 | No | 511,597,954.64 |
| Shenzhen Yingwang Intelligent Technology | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 335,802,505.19 | 1,702,593,624.79 | No | - |
| Sichuan Ningjiang Shanchuan Machinery Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 312,245,749.06 | 781,790,685.82 | No | 433,060,404.47 |
| South INTEL AIR CONDITIONING CO., LTD. | Purchasing Parts | 286,458,494.89 | 1,198,876,374.68 | No | 359,507,403.70 |
| Chenzhi Automotive Technology Group Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 282,813,246.48 | 344,607,767.86 | No | 8,977,833.80 |
| Southern Faurecia Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 272,744,066.65 | 701,622,495.08 | No | 278,100,304.72 |
| Chongqing Changlian Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 245,510,019.44 | 850,631,569.19 | No | 99,626,120.31 |
| Lear Changan (Chongqing) Automotive Systems Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 235,571,658.74 | 334,861,742.92 | No | 157,811,927.34 |
| Natef Transmission System (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 223,519,311.35 | 489,968,645.30 | No | 168,940,531.23 |
| Chongqing Dajiang Dongyang Plastic Products Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 205,855,880.56 | 916,050,891.09 | No | 343,273,903.25 |
| Avatr (Chongqing) Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 203,283,625.29 | 1,685,455,273.45 | No | 1,269,407.08 |
| Chengdu Zhongzi Guangming Catalytic Technology Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 156,195,553.96 | 601,758,051.94 | No | 135,729,566.81 |
| Chongqing Dajiang Guoli Precision Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 154,048,103.64 | 615,776,373.35 | No | 200,516,763.71 |
| Chongqing Construction Vehicle Air Conditioner Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 147,121,378.71 | 236,208,177.89 | No | 63,029,494.51 |
| Chongqing Construction Transmission Technology Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 139,817,864.17 | 410,289,399.67 | No | 111,907,956.90 |
| Chongqing Dajiang Yap Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 132,993,599.94 | 482,251,753.97 | No | 189,047,680.99 |
| Harbin Dongan Automobile Power Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 123,290,329.97 | 452,654,271.31 | No | 151,227,473.28 |
| Hunan Tianyan Machinery Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 103,676,523.86 | 209,045,063.49 | No | 57,921,928.22 |
| Chongqing Lingchuan Automotive Parts Manufacturing Technology Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 102,006,102.48 | 237,120,302.49 | No | 95,858,621.77 |
| Chongqing Upper Auto Parts Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 90,118,703.70 | 233,203,108.09 | No | 66,085,066.45 |
| Chengdu Wanyou Filter Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 84,112,950.33 | 143,958,177.34 | No | 62,558,707.43 |
| Hubei Xiaogan Huazhong Vehicle Lamp Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 67,650,436.57 | 207,486,563.00 | No | 89,196,328.09 |
| Chongqing Anda Semiconductor Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 63,094,106.85 | 12,025,482.00 | Yes | - |

| Related party | Related transaction content | Amount incurred in current period | 1.1 | Whether the transactio n limit is exceeded | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Chengde Suken Yinhe Auto Parts Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 58,816,914.06 | 166,341,623.06 | No | - |
| Chenzhi (Chengdu) Intelligent Suspension Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 45,521,049.97 | 15,473,655.68 | Yes | 579,769.55 |
| Tiannakelingchuan (Chongqing) Exhaust System Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 36,548,398.07 | 127,307,699.83 | No | 52,478,337.69 |
| Chengdu Lingchuan Automobile Oil Tank Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 27,128,533.16 | 85,364,243.75 | No | 25,621,052.62 |
| Beijing Wutong Car Union Technology Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 26,310,829.36 | 62,938,371.14 | No | 29,697,349.74 |
| Chongqing Dajiang Jiexin Forging Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 26,284,866.84 | 39,598,909.12 | No | 6,826,450.87 |
| Chongqing Jianyang Automobile Thermal Management System Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 25,767,591.72 | 124,457,226.63 | No | 53,751,899.29 |
| Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 25,609,887.34 | 12,394,701.60 | Yes | 2,204,245.81 |
| Chongqing Yihong Defense Technology Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 23,821,213.98 | 76,142,830.86 | No | 28,672,849.28 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Economic Development Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 22,433,334.98 | 54,249,755.99 | No | 16,725,120.28 |
| Chongqing Changan Intelligent Industrial Technology Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 22,400,208.03 | 56,087,929.68 | No | 21,919,338.63 |
| Guizhou Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 18,177,174.97 | 32,843,906.08 | No | 9,659,028.54 |
| Jiangsu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 16,900,581.07 | 38,298,273.67 | No | 6,374,830.46 |
| Yunnan Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 15,982,384.37 | 41,863,840.93 | No | 14,694,568.91 |
| Chengdu Wanyou Xiangyu Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 15,968,173.19 | 48,099,116.28 | No | 10,504,081.34 |
| Chenzhi Technology Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 14,917,528.47 | 8,646,527.94 | Yes | - |
| Longchang Shanchuan Machinery Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 10,757,990.86 | 26,573,237.40 | No | 10,384,036.29 |
| Anhui Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 8,243,534.52 | 42,370,185.44 | No | 3,213,766.01 |
| Chongqing Changan Industry (Group) Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 6,459,493.09 | 102,699,955.82 | No | 6,673,053.09 |
| Chengdu Wanyou Auto Trade Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 5,995,585.06 | 12,575,770.88 | No | 4,990,765.15 |
| China Changan Automobile Group Tianjin Sales Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 5,195,312.25 | 27,616,227.27 | No | 2,677,994.00 |
| Wanyou Automobile Investment Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 5,147,240.90 | 6,217,973.46 | No | _ |
| Chongqing Changan Smart City Operation Management Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 4,219,628.61 | 15,635,922.06 | No | 4,582,907.88 |
| Southwest Military Engineering Chongqing Environmental Protection Institute Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 2,775,490.71 | 24,000,000.00 | No | 9,504,544.41 |
| Zhongqi Chuangzhi Technology Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 2,378,000.00 | 19,088.50 | Yes | - |
| Chongqing Wanyou Chengxing Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 2,340,416.43 | 5,552,899.02 | No | 559,717.94 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Ducheng Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 1,785,922.67 | 4,543,732.93 | No | 1,910,254.33 |
| China South Industries Group Fifth Ninth Institute Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 1,765,406.33 | 1,200,000.00 | Yes | - |
| Chengdu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 1,616,665.61 | 2,930,804.81 | No | 937608.29 |
| Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 1,136,326.24 | 17,598,528.91 | No | 3,041,536.34 |
| Nanyang Lida Optoelectronic Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 990,165.00 | 1,440,000.00 | No | 482,340.66 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Xingjian Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 973,851.07 | 3,675,969.81 | No | 1,034,919.72 |
| Ya'an Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 942,847.76 | 2,742,127.75 | No | 1,075,093.34 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Talent Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 846,571.98 | 46,933,628.39 | No | 10,534,775.09 |

| Related party | Related transaction content | Amount incurred in current period | Approved transaction limits | Whether the transactio n limit is exceeded | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Chongqing Southwest Inspection and Testing Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 831,155.74 | 2,400,000.00 | No | 56,112.31 |
| Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 640,063.46 | 3,600,000.00 | No | 1,247,217.12 |
| Beijing Zhongbing Insurance Brokerage Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 560,719.00 | 408,834.00 | Yes | 20,505.30 |
| Chongqing Qingshan Transmission Sales Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 428,159.41 | 60,602,154.47 | No | 26,758,385.18 |
| Panzhihua Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 299,619.12 | 1,033,641.10 | No | 375,355.46 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Zunda Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service and purchase spare parts | 262,574.29 | 178,814.68 | Yes | 5,879.99 |
| China Ordnance Newspaper | Accept labor service | 255,530.00 | 11,732.40 | Yes | 12,311.32 |
| Chengdu Jialing Huaxi Optical Precision Machinery Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | 161,730.08 | 373,489.24 | No | 126,726.31 |
| Chongqing Fuji Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 80,728.30 | 66,926.17 | Yes | - |
| Chinese Academy of Weapons and Equipment | Accept labor service | 61,320.75 | 48,000.00 | Yes | - |
| Chongqing Changxiang Supply Chain Technology Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 43,824.69 | 120,000.00 | No | 268899.07 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Zhicheng Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 10,208.59 | 425,520.00 | No | 88,650.00 |
| Nanjing LEADING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. | Accept labor service | 7,335.98 | 12,000.00 | No | 51,413.41 |
| Chengdu Wanyou Trade Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 4,577.18 | 61,911.60 | No | 19,700.27 |
| China Weapons and Equipment Group Human Resources Development Center | Accept labor service | 1,792.45 | 31,364.40 | No | 20,783.02 |
| Beijing North Changfu Automobile Sales Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | 377.36 | 851,638.87 | No | - |
| Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | - | 19,944,445.61 | No | 96,613,789.13 |
| Construction Industry Group (Yunnan) Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | - | - | No | 84,007,141.90 |
| Chongqing Construction Tonda Industrial Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | - | 7,831,062.89 | No | 20,559,686.91 |
| Changan Mazda Automobile Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | - | - | No | 212,576.11 |
| Luzhou Wanyou Automobile Service Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | - | 186,933.85 | No | 122,798.52 |
| Chongqing Dajiang Yuqiang Plastic Products Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | - | 122,424.05 | No | 87,580.04 |
| China Armament Group Information Center Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | - | 202,560.00 | No | 66,037.74 |
| Beijing Beiji Machinery&Electric Industry Co., Ltd. | Purchasing Parts | - | 41,275.20 | No | 24,494.80 |
| Shanghai CARRIER AUTOMOBILE SERVICES CO., LTD. | Accept labor service | - | - | No | 11,151.69 |
| China Armament Group Automation Institute Co., Ltd. | Accept labor service | - | - | No | 1,698.11 |
| Total | | 19,902,304,501.90 | 51,043,527,485.23 | | 16,916,874,982.66 |

Sales of goods/provision of services

| Cilit. Tuan | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Related party | Related transaction content | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period | | | |
| Chongqing Wanyou Zunda Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Sales Parts | 1,602,869,960.28 | 1,570,508,038.16 | | | |
| A vair Technology II hongaing II o Tia | Sales of spare parts and provision of labor services | 1,508,937,061.87 | 1,885,583,221.76 | | | |

| Related party | Related transaction content | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Chengdu Wanyou Xiangyu Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 1,217,370,204.07 | 1,288,701,497.02 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Economic Development Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 1,117,433,203.42 | 965,905,313.45 |
| Guizhou Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 713,283,391.56 | 860,548,335.60 |
| Wanyou Automobile Investment Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 698,939,398.78 | 27,888,149.01 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Zhicheng Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Sales of complete vehicle | 610,014,111.81 | 557,004,163.49 |
| Jiangsu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 467,735,302.55 | 534,796,227.54 |
| MasterCard Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles and parts | 454,184,680.54 | 218,606,093.69 |
| Changan Mazda Automobile Co., Ltd. | Sales of spare parts and provision of labor services | 341,029,419.05 | 166,764,218.31 |
| Yunnan Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 277,652,074.66 | 869,877,002.41 |
| Anhui Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 156,470,576.53 | 186,786,950.91 |
| Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. | Sales of spare parts and provision of labor services | 74,343,676.00 | 3,987,960.57 |
| Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. | Sales of spare parts and provision of labor services | 52,634,932.00 | |
| Taizhou Lingxing Zhixiang Technology Co., Ltd. | Sales of complete vehicle | 51,106,193.60 | - |
| China Changan Automobile Group Tianjin Sales Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 48,859,647.54 | 93,391,397.85 |
| Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. | Sales of spare parts and provision of labor services | 39,159,030.00 | 31,208,393.21 |
| Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 32,623,352.27 | 42,002,363.94 |
| Chengdu Wanyou Auto Trade Service Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 30,790,191.73 | 36,309,737.11 |
| Chongqing Qingshan Industry Co., Ltd. | Sales of spare parts and provision of labor services | 19,302,119.71 | 264,150.94 |
| Chongqing Anfu Automobile Marketing Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 13,506,106.24 | 19,682,566.45 |
| Chongqing Changan Intelligent Industrial Technology Service Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 8,214,976.84 | 1,105,193.12 |
| Chenzhi Automotive Technology Group Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 4,435,919.04 | - |
| | Sales of complete vehicle | 4,159,292.00 | - |
| Chongqing Changlian Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 3,585,730.58 | - |
| Southwest Military Engineering Chongqing Environmental Protection Institute Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 2,933,122.49 | - |
| Beijing North Changfu Automobile Sales Co., Ltd. | Sales of complete vehicle and provision of labor services | 2,891,555.29 | 895,852.60 |
| Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 2,174,698.43 | 17,825,828.22 |
| Chengdu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 1,306,174.47 | 1,475,407.45 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Ducheng Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 1,204,449.80 | 3,013,592.37 |
| | Sales of spare parts and provision of labor services | 1,141,491.20 | 949,738.94 |
| South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 933,603.42 | 747,706.78 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Xingjian Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | | 742,128.43 | 919,302.67 |
| Ya'an Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles, parts and labor services | 577,904.72 | 924,928.43 |

| Related party | Related transaction content | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Chongqing Changan Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd. | Sales of spare parts and provision of labor services | 483,970.12 | 439,453.69 |
| Chenzhi Technology Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 330,188.67 | 108,018.87 |
| Chongqing Wutong Car Union Technology Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 256,370.03 | - |
| Sichuan Jian'an Industry Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 255,598.79 | 73,962.26 |
| Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Marketing Co., Ltd. | | 199,665.70 | 172,047.23 |
| Panzhihua Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | | 154,309.76 | 565,261.39 |
| Chongqing Changan Wangjiang Industrial Group Co., Ltd. | | 141,509.43 | - |
| Chongqing Fuji Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd. | Sales of complete venicle | 120,300.88 | 99,552,970.82 |
| Chengdu Huachuan Electric Power Assembly Co., Ltd. | | 114,847.82 | - |
| China Ordnance Equipment Group Ordnance Equipment Research Institute | Provide labor services | 113,207.55 | - |
| China Optics Group Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 84,905.66 | - |
| Chongqing Hongyu Precision Industry Group Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 58,015.47 | - |
| Chengdu Guangming Optoelectronic Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 56,603.77 | - |
| Jiangxi Changjiang Chemical Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 56,603.77 | - |
| Lear Changan (Chongqing) Automotive Systems Co., Ltd. | | 22,230.10 | - |
| Southwest Military Engineering (Chongqing) Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 19,839.00 | - |
| Hubei Xiaogan Huazhong Vehicle Lamp Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 12,264.15 | 9,433.96 |
| Chenzhi (Chongqing) Braking System Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 9,978.58 | 9,433.96 |
| Dali Wanfu Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Sales Parts | 9,152.99 | 108,186.19 |
| South INTEL AIR CONDITIONING CO., LTD. | Provide labor services | 5,589.43 | - |
| Chongqing Construction Transmission Technology Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 1,478.12 | - |
| Chongqing Dajiang Guoli Precision Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 955.75 | - |
| Chengdu Lingchuan Automobile Oil Tank Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | 955.75 | 62,135.77 |
| China South Industries Group Financial Leasing Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | - | 9,463,220.25 |
| Harbin Dongan Automobile Power Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | - | 745,500.00 |
| Beijing Zhongbing Insurance Brokerage Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | - | 228,379.97 |
| China Armament Group Information Center Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | - | 141,509.43 |
| Chengdu Wanyou Trade Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles and parts | - | 136,003.77 |
| Nanjing LEADING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. | Provide labor services | - | 129,618.84 |
| Time Changan Power Battery Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | - | 112,400.00 |
| Hubei Huazhong Yangtze River Optoelectronic Technology Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | - | 84,905.66 |
| Luzhou Wanyou Automobile Service Co., Ltd. | Sales of vehicles and parts | - | 54,476.22 |
| Chongqing Upper Auto Parts Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | - | 22,373.31 |
| China Weapons and Equipment Group Human Resources Development Center | I I | - | 12,452.83 |
| Avatr (Chongqing) Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Provide labor services | - | 3,886.80 |
| Chongqing Lingchuan Automotive Parts | Provide labor services | - | 2,588.62 |

| Related party | Related transaction content | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Manufacturing Technology Co., Ltd. | | | |
| Total | | 9,565,054,222.21 | 9,499,911,551.84 |

(2) Related lease

As lessor, the Company:

| Lessee Name | Category of leased assets | Lease income recognized in the current period | Rental income recognized in the previous period |
|--|--|---|---|
| Chongqing Changan Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd. | House, land | 384,442.29 | 575,019.02 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Economic Development Co., Ltd. | g Wanyou Economic Development House, land 33 | | 337,155.96 |
| Avatr (Chongqing) Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | Vehicle | 53,696.79 | - |
| Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | Vehicle | 41,075.17 | 145,119.12 |
| Shanghai CARRIER AUTOMOBILE SERVICES CO., LTD. | Vehicle | - | 8,597,721.53 |
| Total | | 816,370.21 | 9,655,015.63 |

Rent assets from related parties

| | | | for simplified short-term and asset leases | | payments not measurement of abilities | Rent | Rent paid Interest expense incurred on lease liabilities | | Increased right-of-use assets | | |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Lessor's name | leased assets | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
| Chongqing | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Changan | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Minsheng | Warehouse | 3,444,547.17 | 13,594,921.94 | 8,131,278.55 | - | 3,444,547.17 | 9,212,947.56 | 107,615.41 | - | - | - |
| Logistics Co., | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ltd. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chongqing | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wanyou | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Zhicheng | Automobile | 177,852.33 | 88,650.00 | | _ | 177,852.33 | | | | | _ |
| Automobile | Automobile | 177,632.33 | 88,030.00 | _ | - | 177,632.33 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sales Service | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| То | tal | 3,622,399.50 | 13,683,571.94 | 8,131,278.55 | - | 3,622,399.50 | 9,212,947.56 | 107,615.41 | - | - | - |

(3) Other related transactions

Payment of comprehensive service fee

Unit: Yuan

| Related party | Related party transaction content | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Chongqing Changan Industry (Group) Co., Ltd. | Payment of utilities | 28,746,709.77 | 36,939,118.17 |
| Total | | 28,746,709.77 | 36,939,118.17 |

Provide personnel technical support

Unit: Yuan

| Related party | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. | 8,311,746.30 | 6,985,634.92 |
| Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. | 6,834,007.18 | 6,670,928.95 |
| Changan Mazda Automobile Co., Ltd. | 6,208,770.55 | 14,208,018.59 |
| Changan Ford New Energy Automotive Technology Co., Ltd. | 2,405,566.01 | 3,808,404.04 |
| Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. | 1,827,886.06 | 1,561,751.27 |
| Time Changan Power Battery Co., Ltd. | 1,000,000.00 | - |
| Chongqing Wutong Car Union Technology Co., Ltd. | 980,275.80 | 550,738.60 |
| Chongqing Changan Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd. | 224,765.20 | 557,728.26 |
| Jiangling Automobile Co., Ltd. | 53,029.62 | 1,029,577.45 |
| Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. | 50,292.50 | 81,058.58 |
| Time FAW Power Battery Co., Ltd. | - | 450,000.00 |
| Chongqing Anda Semiconductor Co., Ltd. | - | 291,666.67 |
| Total | 27,896,339.22 | 36,195,507.33 |

Technical development service fee

Unit: Yuan

| Related party | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. | 51,552,126.90 | 54,439,370.43 |
| Chongqing Qingshan Industry Co., Ltd. | 9,693,630.55 | 4,277,407.02 |
| Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 2,838,398.04 | - |
| Changan Mazda Automobile Co., Ltd. | 2,536,382.00 | 9,055,248.00 |
| Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. | - | 2,153,000.00 |
| Chongqing Changlian Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | - | 571,900.50 |
| West Car Network (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | - | 297,054.72 |
| Chongqing Wutong Car Union Technology Co., Ltd. | - | 126,450.47 |
| Sichuan Ningjiang Shanchuan Machinery Co., Ltd. | - | 122,641.51 |
| Total | 66,620,537.49 | 71,043,072.65 |

Charge for trademark use right

Unit: Yuan

| Related party | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. | 68,860.14 | 4,477,600.00 |
| Total | 68,860.14 | 4,477,600.00 |

Deposit of monetary funds of related parties

| Related party | End of period | Opening number |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. | 12,589,046,853.05 | 18,478,700,450.59 |
| Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 11,750,000,000.00 | 13,650,000,000.00 |
| Total | 24,339,046,853.05 | 32,128,700,450.59 |

In 1-6/2025, the annual deposit interest rate of related parties is 0.1% -3.5%, and the term is 0-36 months.

Loan matters

Short-term loan

Unit: Yuan

| Related party | End of period | Opening number |
|--|---------------|----------------|
| South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. | 10,000,000.00 | 10,000,000.00 |
| Total | 10,000,000.00 | 10,000,000.00 |

Long-term loan

Unit: Yuan

| Related party | End of period | Opening number |
|--|---------------|----------------|
| South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. | 36,000,000.00 | 36,000,000.00 |
| Total | 36,000,000.00 | 36,000,000.00 |

Entrusted loan

Unit: Yuan

| Related party | End of period | Opening number |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. | 500,000,000.00 | 500,000,000.00 |
| Total | 500,000,000.00 | 500,000,000.00 |

Interest income from deferred payment of funds

Unit: Yuan

| Related party | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Guizhou Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 468,774.82 | 53,243.80 |
| Chengdu Wanyou Xiangyu Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 334,791.22 | 41,558.41 |
| Jiangsu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 317,195.31 | 88,348.67 |
| Chengdu Wanyou Auto Trade Service Co., Ltd. | 119,434.71 | 21,363.77 |
| Anhui Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 115,716.99 | 29,850.44 |
| Chongqing Wanyou Economic Development Co., Ltd. | 114,761.43 | 72,585.96 |
| Wanyou Automobile Investment Co., Ltd. | 60,500.00 | 4,141.59 |
| Yunnan Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 16,000.43 | 10,661.28 |
| Chengdu Lingchuan Automobile Oil Tank Co., Ltd. | - | 17,969.51 |
| Total | 1,547,174.91 | 339,723.43 |

6. Receivables and payables of related parties

(1) Receivables

| | | | Offit. Tuan |
|------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Project name | Related party | Closing book value | Opening book value |
| Notes receivable | Wanyou Automobile Investment Co., Ltd. | 1,632,738,034.14 | 3,547,990,000.00 |
| Notes receivable | Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 414,571,139.63 | 781,817,170.73 |
| Notes receivable | Chongqing Qingshan Industry Co., Ltd. | 4,246,017.64 | 9,798,141.24 |
| Notes receivable | Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. | 520,000.00 | - |
| Notes receivable | Jiangxi Changjiang Chemical Co., Ltd. | 60,000.00 | - |
| Notes receivable | Jiangsu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | - | 455,000,000.00 |
| Notes receivable | Guizhou Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | - | 165,080,000.00 |
| Notes receivable | Chengdu Wanyou Xiangyu Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | - | 60,000,000.00 |
| Notes receivable | Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Marketing Co., Ltd. | - | 10,800,000.00 |

| Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Accounts receivable | Chongqing Changan Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd. Harbin Dongan Automobile Engine Manufacturing Co., td. Subtotal Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. Changan Mazda Automobile Co., Ltd. MasterCard Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 2,052,135,191.41 1,154,717,293.04 539,295,552.52 60,876,638.29 44,445,115.96 38,011,008.13 31,219,196.69 9,781,410.92 8,914,760.00 | 394,684,921.38 66,120,525.00 37,151,442.58 10,737,001.40 41,454,930.04 |
|---|---|--|--|
| Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Accounts receivable | td. Subtotal Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. Changan Mazda Automobile Co., Ltd. MasterCard Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 1,154,717,293.04 539,295,552.52 60,876,638.29 44,445,115.96 38,011,008.13 31,219,196.69 9,781,410.92 | 5,031,418,389.00 777,209,315.29 394,684,921.38 66,120,525.00 37,151,442.58 10,737,001.40 41,454,930.04 |
| Accounts receivable Maccounts | Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. Changan Mazda Automobile Co., Ltd. MasterCard Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 1,154,717,293.04 539,295,552.52 60,876,638.29 44,445,115.96 38,011,008.13 31,219,196.69 9,781,410.92 | 777,209,315.29 394,684,921.38 66,120,525.00 37,151,442.58 10,737,001.40 41,454,930.04 |
| Accounts receivable Maccounts | Changan Mazda Automobile Co., Ltd. MasterCard Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 539,295,552.52 60,876,638.29 44,445,115.96 38,011,008.13 31,219,196.69 9,781,410.92 | 394,684,921.38 66,120,525.00 37,151,442.58 10,737,001.40 41,454,930.04 |
| Accounts receivable Accounts receivable C | MasterCard Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 60,876,638.29 44,445,115.96 38,011,008.13 31,219,196.69 9,781,410.92 | 66,120,525.00 37,151,442.58 10,737,001.40 41,454,930.04 |
| Accounts receivable (| Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 44,445,115.96 38,011,008.13 31,219,196.69 9,781,410.92 | 37,151,442.58 10,737,001.40 41,454,930.04 |
| | Diangling Holdings Co., Ltd. Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 38,011,008.13 31,219,196.69 9,781,410.92 | 10,737,001.40 41,454,930.04 |
| Accounts receivable J | Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 31,219,196.69 9,781,410.92 | 41,454,930.04 |
| | Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 9,781,410.92 | |
| Accounts receivable (| South Industries Group Finance Co., Ltd. Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | | 200 006 106 26 |
| Accounts receivable (| Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 8,914,760.00 | 309,006,186.36 |
| Accounts receivable S | - | , , , | 8,410,150.94 |
| Accounts receivable (| | 6,533,340.00 | 9,540,270.17 |
| Accounts receivable (| Chenzhi Automotive Technology Group Co., Ltd. | 4,662,658.93 | 62,543.59 |
| Accounts receivable (| Chongqing Wanyou Economic Development Co., Ltd. | 4,585,970.85 | 350.00 |
| Accounts receivable | Yunnan Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 4,258,550.26 | 100,070.00 |
| Accounts receivable (| Chongqing Changlian Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | 3,615,308.39 | 4,140,425.78 |
| Accounts receivable J | Jiangsu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 3,012,399.00 | 88,001.63 |
| | Changan Ford New Energy Automotive Technology Co., td. | 1,272,412.51 | 2,019,590.00 |
| Accounts receivable (| Chenzhi Technology Co., Ltd. | 350,000.00 | - |
| | Guizhou Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 287,800.00 | |
| Accounts receivable | Chongqing Changan Wangjiang Industrial Group Co., td. | 150,000.00 | |
| | China South Industries Group Financial Leasing Co., td. | 130,284.00 | 455,400.00 |
| Accounts receivable | China Ordnance Equipment Group Ordnance Equipment esearch Institute | 120,000.00 | - |
| | Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Marketing Co., td. | 80,340.06 | 170,712.14 |
| Accounts receivable | Nanjing LEADING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. | 73,736.49 | 336,623.98 |
| | Chongqing Changan Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd. | 69,990.29 | 1,032,148.06 |
| | Chongqing Hongyu Precision Industry Group Co., Ltd. | 61,496.40 | - |
| | China Changan Automobile Group Tianjin Sales Co., td. | 34,224.00 | - |
| Accounts receivable J | Jiangling Automobile Co., Ltd. | - | 2,400,000.00 |
| Accounts receivable | Time Changan Power Battery Co., Ltd. | - | 530,000.00 |
| Accounts receivable | Time FAW Power Battery Co., Ltd. | - | 477,000.00 |
| Accounts receivable | West Car Network (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | - | 314,878.00 |
| | Chongqing Changan Intelligent Industrial Technology ervice Co., Ltd. | - | 276,804.16 |
| | Chongqing Wutong Car Union Technology Co., Ltd. | - | 271,992.26 |
| | China South Industries Group Co., Ltd. | - | 260,000.00 |
| | Chengdu Wanyou Xiangyu Automobile Sales Service o., Ltd. | - | 55,328.00 |
| | Chongqing Qingshan Industry Co., Ltd. | - | 40,000.00 |
| | Southern Faurecia Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. | - | 3,120.00 |
| | Subtotal | 1,916,559,486.73 | 1,667,349,730.76 |
| | Chongqing Changxin Zhi Auto Private Equity Fund artnership (Limited Partnership) | - | 2,100,000.00 |
| | Subtotal | - | 2,100,000.00 |
| Advance navment | Chongqing Wanyou Zunda Automobile Sales Service o., Ltd. | 11,233.00 | , , |
| | Subtotal | 11,233.00 | - |

(2) Payables

| Project name | Related party | Closing book value | Opening book value |
|---------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Notes payable | Chongqing Qingshan Industry Co., Ltd. | 1,415,667,369.10 | 1,536,670,062.86 |
| Notes payable | Time Changan Power Battery Co., Ltd. | 1,414,984,583.29 | 658,593,414.62 |
| Notes payable | Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. | 1,091,232,287.86 | 2,508,252,356.10 |
| Notes payable | Hubei Huazhong Marrelli Automotive Lighting Co., Ltd. | 343,055,112.99 | 163,506,022.00 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Changan Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd. | 256,787,258.91 | 411,048,880.83 |
| Notes payable | South INTEL AIR CONDITIONING CO., LTD. | 191,757,150.30 | 212,005,855.60 |
| Notes payable | Southern Faurecia Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. | 131,386,768.31 | 39,579,745.73 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Dajiang Dongyang Plastic Products Co., Ltd. | 126,890,000.00 | 223,260,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Chengdu Zhongzi Guangming Catalytic Technology Co., Ltd. | 125,323,254.00 | 34,844,697.82 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Dajiang Yap Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. | 124,888,761.91 | 172,602,914.11 |
| Notes payable | Natef Transmission System (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 117,870,527.62 | 114,248,089.68 |
| Notes payable | Harbin Dongan Automobile Power Co., Ltd. | 110,240,000.00 | 18,120,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Harbin Dongan Automobile Engine Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | 94,240,000.00 | 85,330,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Hunan Tianyan Machinery Co., Ltd. | 85,100,000.00 | 106,130,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Sichuan Ningjiang Shanchuan Machinery Co., Ltd. | 80,433,768.10 | 91,509,988.21 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Construction Vehicle Air Conditioner Co., Ltd. | 69,980,722.00 | 71,180,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Sichuan Jian'an Industry Co., Ltd. | 62,799,905.12 | 2,170,000.00 |
| Notes payable | China Armament Group Commercial Factoring Co., Ltd. | 50,210,000.00 | - |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Lingchuan Automotive Parts Manufacturing Technology Co., Ltd. | 36,681,299.00 | 72,490,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Chengdu Wanyou Filter Co., Ltd. | 35,260,991.49 | 33,120,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Anda Semiconductor Co., Ltd. | 28,835,080.98 | - |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Upper Auto Parts Co., Ltd. | 27,636,005.29 | 36,905,405.68 |
| Notes payable | Chenzhi (Chengdu) Intelligent Suspension Co., Ltd. | 25,210,000.00 | - |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Construction Transmission Technology Co., Ltd. | 23,056,122.93 | 7,661,891.73 |
| Notes payable | Hubei Xiaogan Huazhong Vehicle Lamp Co., Ltd. | 22,595,040.87 | 37,590,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Tiannakelingchuan (Chongqing) Exhaust System Co., Ltd. | 19,441,864.96 | 49,811,353.74 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Jianyang Automobile Thermal Management System Co., Ltd. | 16,650,000.00 | 28,230,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Yihong Defense Technology Co., Ltd. | 14,330,000.00 | 18,460,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Dajiang Jiexin Forging Co., Ltd. | 11,700,000.00 | 15,470,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Chenzhi (Chongqing) Braking System Co., Ltd. | 10,194,378.05 | 40,529,388.36 |
| Notes payable | Chengdu Lingchuan Automobile Oil Tank Co., Ltd. | 9,800,000.00 | 8,200,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Longchang Shanchuan Machinery Co., Ltd. | 5,470,000.00 | 4,800,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Chengdu Huachuan Electric Power Assembly Co., Ltd. | 4,980,000.00 | 2,380,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Chenzhi Technology Co., Ltd. | 4,910,000.00 | - |
| Notes payable | Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 1,861,075.16 | - |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Changan Intelligent Industrial Technology Service Co., Ltd. | 1,427,605.70 | 327,000.49 |
| Notes payable | Southwest Military Engineering Chongqing Environmental Protection Institute Co., Ltd. | 1,254,187.24 | 7,431,987.51 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Nexite Steering System Co., Ltd. | | 75,120,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Construction Tonda Industrial Co., Ltd. | | 12,403,245.33 |
| Notes payable | Changanleis (Chongqing) Robot Intelligent Equipment Co., Ltd. | - | 6,985,797.37 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Dajiang Guoli Precision Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | - | 5,413,950.00 |

| Project name | Related party | Closing book value | Opening book value |
|------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Notes payable | Nanyang Lida Optoelectronic Co., Ltd. | - | 440,000.00 |
| Notes payable | Chongqing Wanyou Economic Development Co., Ltd. | - | 377,400.96 |
| | Subtotal | 6,194,141,121.18 | 6,913,199,448.73 |
| Accounts payable | Time Changan Power Battery Co., Ltd. | 1,323,548,641.97 | 3,678,801,613.64 |
| Accounts payable | Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. | 1,167,491,758.99 | 2,478,593,080.08 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Qingshan Industry Co., Ltd. | 918,879,362.94 | 1,470,629,556.19 |
| Accounts payable | Hubei Huazhong Marrelli Automotive Lighting Co., Ltd. | 234,864,157.84 | 506,902,783.87 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Nexite Steering System Co., Ltd. | 168,943,860.24 | 540,536,765.59 |
| Accounts payable | Sichuan Jian'an Industry Co., Ltd. | 135,761,615.42 | 202,374,745.73 |
| Accounts payable | Chenzhi (Chongqing) Braking System Co., Ltd. | 113,900,309.77 | 287,792,573.82 |
| Accounts payable | Shenzhen Yingwang Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | 113,064,707.88 | - |
| Accounts payable | Avatr (Chongqing) Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 107,609,863.08 | 1,338,148.04 |
| Accounts payable | Harbin Dongan Automobile Engine Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | 103,043,495.83 | 204,125,073.84 |
| Accounts payable | Southern Faurecia Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. | 85,365,784.48 | 171,077,248.65 |
| Accounts payable | South INTEL AIR CONDITIONING CO., LTD. | 81,162,427.21 | 286,068,717.64 |
| Accounts payable | China Changan Automobile Group Co., Ltd. | 65,671,011.83 | 261,353,608.25 |
| Accounts payable | Lear Changan (Chongqing) Automotive Systems Co., Ltd. | 60,733,456.58 | 82,691,521.99 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Dajiang Dongyang Plastic Products Co., Ltd. | 58,168,334.71 | 171,950,496.78 |
| Accounts payable | United Automotive Electronics (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 56,667,329.28 | 134,936,529.32 |
| Accounts payable | Natef Transmission System (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 49,482,702.07 | 157,896,846.84 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Construction Transmission Technology Co., Ltd. | 44,897,796.94 | 103,763,728.53 |
| Accounts payable | Sichuan Ningjiang Shanchuan Machinery Co., Ltd. | 44,519,350.73 | 149,468,056.13 |
| Accounts payable | Chengdu Zhongzi Guangming Catalytic Technology Co., Ltd. | 44,366,836.42 | 263,138,498.64 |
| Accounts payable | Chengdu Huachuan Electric Power Assembly Co., Ltd. | 43,845,904.39 | 170,985,575.26 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Dajiang Yap Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. | 41,139,369.59 | 149,388,962.40 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Construction Vehicle Air Conditioner Co., Ltd. | 40,866,511.04 | 76,171,906.33 |
| Accounts payable | Chengdu Wanyou Filter Co., Ltd. | 30,865,502.85 | 40,463,626.12 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Upper Auto Parts Co., Ltd. | 28,765,471.04 | 75,558,624.60 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Lingchuan Automotive Parts Manufacturing Technology Co., Ltd. | 26,177,423.72 | 63,969,231.26 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Anda Semiconductor Co., Ltd. | 25,800,799.61 | - |
| Accounts payable | Harbin Dongan Automobile Power Co., Ltd. | 24,444,743.49 | 38,544,239.61 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Dajiang Guoli Precision Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | 23,464,567.96 | 182,319,446.38 |
| Accounts payable | Hubei Xiaogan Huazhong Vehicle Lamp Co., Ltd. | 21,706,386.18 | 39,519,253.31 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Wutong Car Union Technology Co., Ltd. | 21,578,380.25 | 90,746,489.67 |
| Accounts payable | Hunan Tianyan Machinery Co., Ltd. | 20,282,996.18 | 57,356,290.41 |
| Accounts payable | Chenzhi (Chengdu) Intelligent Suspension Co., Ltd. | 14,300,614.40 | 24,669,839.13 |
| Accounts payable | Tiannakelingchuan (Chongqing) Exhaust System Co., Ltd. | 11,710,000.61 | 16,641,882.81 |
| Accounts payable | Chengde Suken Yinhe Auto Parts Co., Ltd. | 11,555,969.60 | - |
| Accounts payable | Chengdu Lingchuan Automobile Oil Tank Co., Ltd. | 9,706,515.10 | 21,860,214.71 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Yihong Defense Technology Co., Ltd. | 8,704,637.17 | 16,396,833.50 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Dajiang Jiexin Forging Co., Ltd. | 7,057,248.97 | 14,617,501.70 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Jianyang Automobile Thermal Management System Co., Ltd. | 4,485,197.52 | 23,380,378.94 |
| Accounts payable | Longchang Shanchuan Machinery Co., Ltd. | 3,333,955.49 | 4,276,276.97 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Wanyou Economic Development Co., Ltd. | 3,225,886.78 | 4,441,680.85 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Changan Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd. | 2,997,401.05 | 34,393,559.10 |
| Accounts payable | Beijing Wutong Car Union Technology Co., Ltd. | 2,583,539.24 | 8,158,071.16 |

| Project name | Related party | Closing book value | Opening book value |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Accounts payable | China South Industries Group Fifth Ninth Institute Co., Ltd. | 1,517,166.39 | - |
| Accounts payable | Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 1,512,489.11 | 3,404,083.46 |
| Accounts payable | Nanyang Lida Optoelectronic Co., Ltd. | 1,054,164.60 | 105,044.95 |
| Accounts payable | Chengdu Jialing Huaxi Optical Precision Machinery Co., Ltd. | 154,694.63 | 276,099.19 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Qingshan Transmission Sales Co., Ltd. | 133,928.83 | 2,516,240.52 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Changan Industry (Group) Co., Ltd. | 120,000.00 | 477,500.98 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Construction Industry (Group) Co., Ltd. | 90,189.67 | 575,587.79 |
| Accounts payable | Hangzhou Chelizi Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | 12,350.00 | 12,350.00 |
| Accounts payable | Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. | 1,484.27 | - |
| Accounts payable | Construction Industry Group (Yunnan) Co., Ltd. | - | 32,673,654.73 |
| Accounts payable | Chenzhi Technology Co., Ltd. | - | 13,309,661.05 |
| Accounts payable | Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. | - | 9,404,278.40 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Dajiang Yuqiang Plastic Products Co., Ltd. | - | 3,520,886.79 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Construction Tonda Industrial Co., Ltd. | - | 1,755,247.04 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Changan Intelligent Industrial Technology Service Co., Ltd. | - | 1,443,978.00 |
| Accounts payable | Hafei Automobile Co., Ltd. | - | 287,996.57 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Wanyou Talent Service Co., Ltd. | - | 142,239.90 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Changxiang Supply Chain Technology Co., Ltd. | - | 118,377.21 |
| Accounts payable | Chengdu Lingchuan Special Industry Co., Ltd. | - | 101,585.16 |
| Accounts payable | Chongqing Changjiang Electric Industry Group Co., Ltd. | - | 40,143.79 |
| Accounts payable | Harbin BATON AUTOMOBILE PARTS MANUFACTURING CO., LTD. | - | 6,222.12 |
| | Subtotal | 5,411,338,293.94 | 12,377,470,655.44 |
| Contractual liabilities | Chengdu Wanyou Xiangyu Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 106,113,872.82 | 330,410,033.39 |
| Contractual liabilities | Chongqing Wanyou Zunda Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 76,499,633.34 | 93,816,530.50 |
| Contractual liabilities | Chongqing Wanyou Economic Development Co., Ltd. | 73,989,023.35 | 135,302,227.62 |
| Contractual liabilities | Wanyou Automobile Investment Co., Ltd. | 65,545,073.51 | 256,445,461.50 |
| Contractual liabilities | MasterCard Changan Automobile Co., Ltd. | 60,876,638.29 | 9,876,498.33 |
| Contractual liabilities | Yunnan Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 33,545,197.70 | 80,298,461.05 |
| Contractual liabilities | Guizhou Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 24,739,244.83 | 266,786,932.64 |
| Contractual liabilities | Jiangsu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 20,014,263.30 | 460,178,281.28 |
| Contractual liabilities | Anhui Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 10,230,523.70 | 31,250,458.31 |
| Contractual liabilities | China Changan Automobile Group Tianjin Sales Co., Ltd. | 7,783,708.07 | 21,790,090.23 |
| Contractual liabilities | Nanchang Jiangling Group Tianren Auto Parts Co., Ltd. | 6,854,200.00 | 6,065,663.72 |
| Contractual liabilities | Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 5,316,385.18 | 5,060,580.84 |
| Contractual liabilities | Chongqing Fuji Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd. | 5,184,234.10 | 8,940,530.23 |
| Contractual liabilities | Chengdu Wanyou Auto Trade Service Co., Ltd. | 4,647,576.70 | 4,566,319.93 |
| Contractual liabilities | Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 2,433,440.00 | 2,174,120.64 |
| Contractual liabilities | China Ordnance Equipment Group Ordnance Equipment | | 672,005.97 |
| Contractual liabilities | Chengdu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 461,300.20 | - |
| Contractual liabilities | Chongqing Wanyou Ducheng Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 203,444.75 | |
| Contractual liabilities | Chongqing Anfu Automobile Marketing Co., Ltd. | 190,700.00 | _ |
| Contractual liabilities | Chongqing Wanyou Chengxing Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 136,999.21 | |
| Contractual liabilities | Ya'an Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 65,888.00 | 10,596.14 |
| Contractual liabilities | Chongqing Changan Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd. | 37,040.33 | |

| Project name | Related party | Closing book value | Opening book value |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Contractual liabilities | Beijing North Changfu Automobile Sales Co., Ltd. | 20,000.00 | 233,663.00 |
| Contractual liabilities | Chongqing Wanyou Xingjian Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 14,613.00 | 71,314.96 |
| Contractual liabilities | Chongqing Changan Industry (Group) Co., Ltd. | 14,221.90 | 12,585.75 |
| Contractual liabilities | Dali Wanfu Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 5,294.33 | 2,914.20 |
| Contractual liabilities | Chongqing Upper Auto Parts Co., Ltd. | 3,980.00 | 3,522.12 |
| Contractual liabilities | Panzhihua Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 105.67 | 25,980.39 |
| Contractual liabilities | Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. | 0.36 | 0.32 |
| Contractual liabilities | Chengdu Wanyou Trade Co., Ltd. | - | 392,425.29 |
| Contractual liabilities | Changan Mazda Automobile Co., Ltd. | - | 5,595.44 |
| Contractual liabilities | Luzhou Wanyou Automobile Service Co., Ltd. | - | 4,678.56 |
| | Subtotal | 505,685,969.39 | 1,714,845,730.95 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Changan Minsheng Logistics Co., Ltd. | 833,085,006.22 | |
| Other payables | Chongqing Qingshan Industry Co., Ltd. | 15,512,969.54 | |
| Other payables | Jiangling Holdings Co., Ltd. | 14,132,432.01 | 232,185.41 |
| Other payables | Time Changan Power Battery Co., Ltd. | 13,899,306.76 | |
| Other payables | Jiangsu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 7,975,817.00 | |
| Other payables | Chengdu Wanyou Xiangyu Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 5,269,896.40 | |
| Other payables | Yunnan Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 5,147,778.46 | 7,371,200.00 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Wanyou Economic Development Co., Ltd. | 4,606,868.00 | |
| Other payables | Guizhou Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 4,322,134.00 | |
| Other payables | Chenzhi Automotive Technology Group Co., Ltd. | 4,066,877.07 | 4,697,870.54 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Changan Smart City Operation Management Co., Ltd. | 3,715,931.41 | 3,815,050.70 |
| Other payables | Chengdu Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 3,409,900.00 | 3,130,000.00 |
| Other payables | Southwest Military Engineering Chongqing Environmental Protection Institute Co., Ltd. | 2,882,578.39 | 2,500,147.84 |
| Other payables | Sichuan Jian'an Industry Co., Ltd. | 2,803,705.51 | 3,939,084.64 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Changan Intelligent Industrial Technology Service Co., Ltd. | 2,480,742.03 | 4,021,249.68 |
| Other payables | United Automotive Electronics (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 1,859,158.40 | 56,500.00 |
| Other payables | Shenzhen Yingwang Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | 1,498,621.82 | - |
| Other payables | Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 1,454,144.58 | 1,898,924.58 |
| Other payables | China Changan Automobile Group Tianjin Sales Co., Ltd. | 1,390,999.10 | 5,452,253.10 |
| Other payables | Anhui Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 1,225,665.00 | 748,157.00 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Changan Industry (Group) Co., Ltd. | 800,726.42 | 1,074,923.61 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Nexite Steering System Co., Ltd. | 772,697.11 | 3,670,690.24 |
| Other payables | South INTEL AIR CONDITIONING CO., LTD. | 751,749.48 | 1,963,075.46 |
| Other payables | Natef Transmission System (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 739,987.96 | 415,865.99 |
| Other payables | Wanyou Automobile Investment Co., Ltd. | 734,042.00 | 778,154.00 |
| Other payables | Harbin Dongan Automobile Engine Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | 659,549.36 | 290,749.00 |
| Other payables | Chengdu Wanyou Auto Trade Service Co., Ltd. | 537,903.52 | 792,364.00 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Wanyou Ducheng Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 519,900.00 | 336,100.00 |
| Other payables | Shanghai CARRIER AUTOMOBILE SERVICES CO., LTD. | 448,272.50 | 448,272.50 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Upper Auto Parts Co., Ltd. | 431,959.84 | 115,745.90 |
| Other payables | Hubei Huazhong Marrelli Automotive Lighting Co., Ltd. | 393,240.00 | 42,810.00 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Wanyou Zunda Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 369,366.04 | |
| Other payables | Chenzhi (Chongqing) Braking System Co., Ltd. | 347,349.54 | 459,501.90 |

| Project name | Related party | Closing book value | Opening book value |
|----------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Other payables | Chongqing Construction Vehicle Air Conditioner Co., Ltd. | 346,888.53 | - |
| Other payables | Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. | 329,759.29 | 459,267.98 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Southwest Inspection and Testing Co., Ltd. | 323,474.31 | 12,425.01 |
| Other payables | Beijing North Changfu Automobile Sales Co., Ltd. | 200,000.00 | 300,000.00 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Wanyou Chengxing Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 149,245.00 | 117,097.00 |
| Other payables | Chengdu Wanyou Filter Co., Ltd. | 144,973.00 | 873,484.00 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Wanyou Zhicheng Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | 100,726.83 | 250,174.50 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Wanyou Xingjian Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. 100,000.00 | | 470,000.00 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Construction Transmission Technology Co., Ltd. | 96,208.20 | - |
| Other payables | Chongqing Lingchuan Automotive Parts Manufacturing Technology Co., Ltd. | 52,745.68 | - |
| Other payables | Chongqing Saimei Digital Technology Co., Ltd. 40,115.00 | | 40,115.00 |
| Other payables | Chenzhi (Chengdu) Intelligent Suspension Co., Ltd. | 33,218.84 | 16,624.56 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Wutong Car Union Technology Co., Ltd. | 14,956.30 | 173,532.45 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Changlian Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | - | 55,384,464.59 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Wanyou Talent Service Co., Ltd. | - | 7,338,194.24 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Dajiang Guoli Precision Machinery Manufacturing Co., Ltd. | - | 6,617,050.00 |
| Other payables | Ya'an Wanyou Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | - | 314,830.00 |
| Other payables | Chenzhi Technology Co., Ltd. | - | 203,400.00 |
| Other payables | China Ordnance Newspaper | - | 150,000.00 |
| Other payables | Baoding Tianwei Group TBEA Electric Co., Ltd. | - | 150,000.00 |
| Other payables | Luzhou Wanyou Automobile Service Co., Ltd. | - | 100,000.00 |
| Other payables | Sichuan Ningjiang Shanchuan Machinery Co., Ltd. | - | 89,719.30 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Changxiang Supply Chain Technology Co., Ltd. | - | 60,000.00 |
| Other payables | China Armament Group Automation Institute Co., Ltd. | - | 54,000.00 |
| Other payables | Dali Wanfu Automobile Sales Service Co., Ltd. | | 47,538.00 |
| Other payables | Chongqing Dajiang Yap Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. | - | 27,653.36 |
| Other payables | Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. | | 20,982.88 |
| Other payables | Hubei Xiaogan Huazhong Vehicle Lamp Co., Ltd. | - | 4,483.80 |
| | Subtotal | 940,179,586.45 | 1,071,632,121.75 |

XV. Share-based payment

1. General situation of share-based payment

| Grant Object | Currer | nt grant | Current exercise | | Unlocking in current period | | Current period failure | |
|--------------|----------|----------|------------------|--------|-----------------------------|----------------|------------------------|--------|
| Class | Quantity | Amount | Quantity | Amount | Quantity Amount | | Quantity | Amount |
| Employees | | | | | 41,323,353 | 112,935,815.55 | | |
| Total | | | | | 41,323,353 | 112,935,815.55 | | |

2. Share-based payment fee

Unit: Yuan

| Grant Object Class | Equity-settled share-based payment | Cash-settled share-based payment |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Employees | 15,696,797.33 | |
| Total | 15,696,797.33 | |

XVI. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Significant Commitments Existing on Balance Sheet Date

Signed but not provisioned

Unit: Yuan

| | Closing balance | Balance at the end of last year | |
|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Capital commitments | 8,276,638,976.18 | 9,375,924,598.30 | |
| Investment commitment | 12,750,000.00 | 1,326,750,000.00 | |
| Total | 8,289,388,976.18 | 10,702,674,598.30 | |

XVII. Events after Balance Sheet Date

1. Profit Distribution Situation

The profit distribution proposal approved by this board meeting is as follows: Based on a total share capital of 9,914,086,060 shares, the company will distribute cash dividends of RMB 0.50 (including tax) per 10 shares to all shareholders. There will be no increase in shares through the capital reserve fund.

1. Proposed Change in Controlling Shareholder

Due to the continuation and division of China Ordnance Industries Group Corporation Limited, the company's indirect controlling shareholder will be changed to China Changchuan Automobile Group Co., Ltd., while the actual controller remains the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council. This equity change still requires approval from the State Administration for Market Regulation regarding the antitrust review of this transaction (if applicable), the completion of equity change registration for Chenzhi Automobile Technology Group Co., Ltd., and the completion of share transfer registration with China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited. For more details, please refer to the company's announcement titled "Notice on the Progress of China Ordnance Industries Group Corporation Limited's Restructuring and Changes in the Company's Controlling Shareholder" (Announcement No.: 2025-42) disclosed on July 29, 2025.

XVIII. Other important matters

None.

XIX Notes to Main Items of the Financial Statements of the Parent Company

1. Accounts receivable

(1) Disclosure by aging

Unit: Yuan

| Aging | Closing book balance | Opening book balance | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Within 1 year(Including 1 year) | 20,638,627,038.91 | 13,241,984,905.86 | |
| 1 to 2 years | 171,605,199.80 | 6,270,173.42 | |
| 2 to 3 years | 264,062.78 | 440,347.77 | |
| Over 3 years | 294,286,854.93 | 653,299,180.59 | |
| Subtotal | 21,104,783,156.42 | 13,901,994,607.64 | |
| Less: Bad debt provision | 69,287,750.68 | 66,843,763.12 | |
| Total | 21,035,495,405.74 | 13,835,150,844.52 | |

(2) Classified disclosure by bad debt accrual method

Unit: Yuan

| | Closing balance | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| Category | Book balance | | Bad debt | | | |
| Cutegory | Amount | Proportion(%) | Amount | Withdrawal ratio(%) | Book value | |
| Provision for bad debt | 19,973,245,183.43 | 94.64 | 37,652,846.20 | 0.19 | 19,935,592,337.23 | |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 1,131,537,972.99 | 5.36 | 31,634,904.48 | 2.80 | 1,099,903,068.51 | |
| Total | 21,104,783,156.42 | 100.00 | 69,287,750.68 | | 21,035,495,405.74 | |

| | Opening balance | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| Category | Book balance | | Bad debt | | | |
| Cutegory | Amount | Proportion(%) | Amount | Withdrawal ratio(%) | Book balance | |
| Provision for bad debt | 13,684,986,268.64 | 98.44 | 37,652,846.20 | 0.28 | 13,647,333,422.44 | |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 217,008,339.00 | 1.56 | 29,190,916.92 | 13.45 | 187,817,422.08 | |
| Total | 13,901,994,607.64 | 100.00 | 66,843,763.12 | | 13,835,150,844.52 | |

Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics:

| Nama | Closing balance | | | | |
|------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Name | Estimated book balance in | Expected credit loss rate(%) | Accrued Proportion Expected Credit | | |

| | default | | Loss for Whole Survival Period |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-------|--------------------------------|
| Within 1 year(Including 1 year) | 1,098,324,736.97 | 0.02 | 215,725.51 |
| 1 to 2 years | 1,402,678.26 | 0.48 | 6,732.27 |
| 2 to 3 years | 227,476.01 | 7.38 | 16,787.43 |
| Over 3 years | 31,583,081.75 | 99.41 | 31,395,659.27 |
| Total | 1,131,537,972.99 | | |

(3) Provision for bad debts withdrawn, recovered or reversed in the current period

Unit: Yuan

| | | Amou | nt changed in cur | | | |
|--|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------------|
| Category | Opening balance | Withdrawal | To withdraw or reverse. | Write-off | Other | Closing balance |
| Individual provision for bad debt | 37,652,846.20 | | | | | 37,652,846.20 |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 29,190,916.92 | 2,443,987.56 | | | | 31,634,904.48 |
| Total | 66,843,763.12 | 2,443,987.56 | | | | 69,287,750.68 |

(4) Accounts receivable and contractual assets of the top five ending balances collected by the debtor

On June 30, 2025, the top five accounts receivable totaled 16,146,595,374.02 yuan, accounting for 76.51% of the total accounts receivable.

2. Other receivables

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Dividend receivable | 215,484,950.85 | |
| Other receivables | 171,906,178.09 | 1,487,531,844.07 |
| Total | 387,391,128.94 | 1,487,531,844.07 |

(1) Dividend receivable

1) Classification of dividends receivable

| Project(Or invested unit) | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 215,484,950.85 | |
| Total | 215,484,950.85 | |

(2) Other receivables

1) Disclosure by aging

Unit: Yuan

| Aging | Closing book balance | Opening book balance |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Within 1 year(Including 1 year) | 163,182,594.85 | 1,466,768,959.69 |
| 1 to 2 years | 4,195,214.44 | 19,739,543.35 |
| 2 to 3 years | 3,648,544.00 | |
| Over 3 years | 8,089,565.38 | 8,089,565.38 |
| Subtotal | 179,115,918.67 | 1,494,598,068.42 |
| Less: Bad debt provision | 7,209,740.58 | 7,066,224.35 |
| Total | 171,906,178.09 | 1,487,531,844.07 |

2) Classified disclosure by bad debt accrual method

Unit: Yuan

| | Closing balance | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------|--|--|
| Category | Book bala | ince | Bad deb | t provision | | | |
| Category | Amount | Proportion(%) | on(%) Amount Withdraw ratio(% | | Book value | | |
| Provision for bad debt | 51,265,921.49 | 28.62 | 6,842,932.77 | 13.35 | 44,422,988.72 | | |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 127,849,997.18 | 71.38 | 366,807.81 | 0.29 | 127,483,189.37 | | |
| Total | 179,115,918.67 | 100.00 | 7,209,740.58 | | 171,906,178.09 | | |

| | Opening balance | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Category | Book bala | nce | Bad deb | | | | |
| Category | Amount | Proportion(%) | Amount | Amount Withdrawal ratio(%) | | | |
| Provision for bad debt | 1,376,142,201.42 | 92.07 | 6,842,932.77 | 0.50 | 1,369,299,268.65 | | |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 118,455,867.00 | 7.93 | 223,291.58 | 0.19 | 118,232,575.42 | | |
| Total | 1,494,598,068.42 | 100.00 | 7,066,224.35 | | 1,487,531,844.07 | | |

3) Provision for bad debts

| | Phase I | Phase II | Phase III | |
|--------------------|---|---|--|-------|
| Bad debt provision | Expected credit loss for the next 12 months | Expected credit loss for the entire duration(No credit impairment occurred) | Expected credit loss for the entire duration(Credit impairment occurred) | Total |

| Balance at the end of last year | 223,291.58 | 6,842,932.77 | 7,066,224.35 |
|--|------------|--------------|--------------|
| The balance at the end of the previous year is in the current period | | | |
| - Transfer to Phase II | | | |
| - Transfer to Phase III | | | |
| - Return to Phase II | | | |
| revert back to the first stage | | | |
| Accrual in current period | 143,516.23 | | 143,516.23 |
| Current reversal | | | |
| Other changes | | | _ |
| Closing balance | 366,807.81 | 6,842,932.77 | 7,209,740.58 |

The changes in the book balance of other receivables are as follows:

Unit: Yuan

| | Phase I | Phase II | Phase III | |
|--|---|--|---|------------------|
| Book balance | Expected credit loss for the next 12 months | Expected credit loss for the entire duration(No credit impairment occurred) | Expected credit loss for the entire duration(Credit impairment occurred) | Total |
| Balance at the end of last year | 1,487,755,135.65 | | 6,842,932.77 | 1,494,598,068.42 |
| The balance at the end of the previous year is in the current period | | | | |
| - Transfer to Phase II | | | | |
| - Transfer to Phase III | | | | |
| - Return to Phase II | | | | |
| revert back to the first stage | | | | |
| New in this year | 98,614,050.97 | | | 98,614,050.97 |
| Termination confirmation | 1,414,096,200.72 | | | 1,414,096,200.72 |
| Write-off this year | | | | |
| Other changes | | | | |
| Closing balance | 172,272,985.90 | | 6,842,932.77 | 179,115,918.67 |

4) Provision for bad debts with drawn, recovered or reversed in the current period

| | | Amount changed | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Category | Opening balance | Withdrawal | To withdraw or reverse. | Closing balance |
| Individual provision for bad debt | 6,842,932.77 | | | 6,842,932.77 |
| Provision for bad debt based on combination of credit risk characteristics | 223,291.58 | 143,516.23 | | 366,807.81 |
| Total | 7,066,224.35 | 143,516.23 | | 7,209,740.58 |

5) Classification of other receivables by nature of payment

Unit: Yuan

| Nature of payment | Closing balance | Opening balance |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Allowance receivable | 41,504,934.00 | 76,563,193.00 |
| Prepayment of equity investment | | 1,276,200,803.10 |
| Reserve fund | 75,053,429.87 | 44,505,591.24 |
| Internal communication | 2,918,054.72 | 16,535,272.55 |
| Other | 59,639,500.08 | 80,793,208.53 |
| Total | 179,115,918.67 | 1,494,598,068.42 |

6) Other receivables of the top five ending balances collected by the debtor

On June 30, 2025, the total closing balance of other receivables was 75,066,720.99 yuan, accounting for 41.91% of the total closing balance of other receivables.

3. Long-term equity investment

| | Closing balance | | | Opening balance | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Project | Book balance | Provision for impairment | Book value | Book balance | Provision for impairment | Book value |
| Investment in subsidiaries | 9,487,633,927.68 | 49,194,195.00 | 9,438,439,732.68 | 9,021,409,139.12 | 49,194,195.00 | 8,972,214,944.12 |
| Investment in joint ventures | 18,812,935,632.01 | | 18,812,935,632.01 | 16,410,122,824.34 | | 16,410,122,824.34 |
| Total | 28,300,569,559.69 | 49,194,195.00 | 28,251,375,364.69 | 25,431,531,963.46 | 49,194,195.00 | 25,382,337,768.46 |

(1) Investment in joint ventures

| | | Opening balance of | | | Closing balance of |
|--|------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------------|
| Invested unit | Opening balance | provision for impairment | Increase or decrease of current period | Closing balance | provision for impairment |
| I. Joint Venture | | | | | |
| Nanchang Jiangling Investment Co., Ltd. | 2,420,750,943.20 | | 148,071,615.11 | 2,568,822,558.31 | |
| Changan Mazda Automobile Co., Ltd. | 733,965,602.46 | | -10,912,663.38 | 723,052,939.08 | |
| Changan Mazda Engine Co., Ltd. | 806,511,751.50 | | 3,603,474.71 | 810,115,226.21 | |
| Changan Ford Automobile Co., Ltd. | 712,215,024.57 | | 368,250,379.27 | 1,080,465,403.84 | |
| Subtotal | 4,673,443,321.73 | | 509,012,805.71 | 5,182,456,127.44 | |
| II. Joint ventures | | | | | |
| Changan Automotive Finance Co., Ltd. | 3,299,303,386.01 | | 2,270,188,242.99 | 5,569,491,629.00 | |
| Nanjing Leading Bank Equity Investment Partnership(Limited partnership) | 3,118,918,021.61 | | 2,237,214.49 | 3,121,155,236.10 | |
| Zhongqi Chuangzhi Technology Co., Ltd. | 429,748,700.86 | | -8,197,547.79 | 421,551,153.07 | |
| Chongqing Changan Crossing Vehicle Co., Ltd. | 241,095,703.97 | | 7,799,335.69 | 248,895,039.66 | |
| Chongqing Changxin Zhi Auto Private Equity Fund Partnership(Limited partnership) | 276,234,416.11 | | 9,480,117.10 | 285,714,533.21 | |
| Time Changan Power Battery Co., Ltd. | 190,253,138.30 | | -14,726,316.06 | 175,526,822.24 | |
| Chongqing Changlian Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. | 113,913,983.02 | | 6,785,211.97 | 120,699,194.99 | |
| Chongqing Changan Innovation Private Equity Investment Fund Partnership(Limited partnership) | 163,022,540.12 | | -507,520.40 | 162,515,019.72 | |
| Changan Ford New Energy Automotive Technology Co., Ltd. | 132,045,405.31 | | 16,294,308.05 | 148,339,713.36 | |
| Anhe Chongqing Dingfeng Automobile Contract Private Equity Fund | 62,062,151.97 | | -703.70 | 62,061,448.27 | |
| Hunan Guoxin Semiconductor Technology Co., Ltd. | 28,169,167.08 | | -231,619.55 | 27,937,547.53 | |
| Nanjing Jinghang Equity Investment Management Co., Ltd. | 1,100,720.88 | | -5,936.69 | 1,094,784.19 | |
| Nanjing Chelai Travel Technology Co., Ltd. | 326,813.01 | | -7,878.41 | 318,934.60 | |
| Avatr Technology (Chongqing) Co., Ltd. | 3,601,007,135.51 | | -405,666,372.36 | 3,195,340,763.15 | |

| Chongqing Changyu Private Equity Investment Fund Partnership(Limited partnership) | 68,673,494.12 | -429,592.57 | 68,243,901.55 | |
|---|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Chenzhi Anqi (Chongqing) Circular Technology Co., Ltd. | 10,804,724.73 | 10,789,059.20 | 21,593,783.93 | |
| Subtotal | 11,736,679,502.61 | 1,893,800,001.96 | 13,630,479,504.57 | |
| Total | 16,410,122,824.34 | 2,402,812,807.67 | 18,812,935,632.01 | |

4. Operating income and operating cost

Unit: Yuan

| Desired | Amount incurred in current period | | Amount incurred in the previous period | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|--|
| Project | Revenue | Cost | Revenue | Cost | |
| Main business | 45,833,419,037.07 | 42,359,995,925.72 | 51,569,910,876.74 | 47,417,805,945.42 | |
| Other business | 4,158,828,395.35 | 2,265,793,194.99 | 3,250,931,919.13 | 1,606,192,812.26 | |
| Total | 49,992,247,432.42 | 44,625,789,120.71 | 54,820,842,795.87 | 49,023,998,757.68 | |

5. Investment income

Unit: Yuan

| Project | Amount incurred in current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Long-term equity investment income calculated by cost method | 396,000,000.00 | 297,000,000.00 |
| Long-term equity investment income calculated by equity method | 23,105,164.21 | 279,687,665.28 |
| Investment income of trading financial assets during holding period | 1,353,199.70 | 1,979,999.95 |
| Dividend income from other equity instrument investments during the holding period | 12,692,880.00 | 19,039,320.00 |
| Interest on time deposits and other | 43,553,124.93 | 52,306,889.42 |
| Total | 476,704,368.84 | 650,013,874.65 |

XX. Supplementary information

1. Statement of current non-recurring profit and loss

| Project | Amount | Description |
|---|----------------|-------------|
| Profit and loss on disposal of illiquid assets | 17,005,465.70 | |
| Government subsidies included in current profit and loss(Government subsidies closely related to the normal operation of the Company, in compliance with the provisions of national policies, enjoyed according to the determined standards, and having a continuous impact on the profit and loss of the Company are excluded) | 459,703,127.00 | |
| Gains and losses on changes in fair value arising from the holding of financial assets and financial liabilities by non-financial enterprises and gains and losses arising from the disposal of financial assets and financial liabilities, in addition to effective hedging operations related to the normal operations of the Company | 6,513,157.75 | |
| Funds occupancy charges charged to non-financial enterprises included in current profits and losses | 39,934,773.08 | |
| Reversal of impairment provision for receivables individually tested for impairment | 13,740,181.00 | |
| Non-operating income and expenditure other than those mentioned above | 63,249,847.29 | |

| Other profit and loss items that meet the definition of non-recurring profit and loss | 280,869,304.04 | |
|---|----------------|--|
| Subtotal | 881,015,855.86 | |
| Less: Income tax impact | 31,652,407.49 | |
| Influence amount of minority shareholders' equity(After-tax) | 34,858,708.65 | |
| Total | 814,504,739.72 | |

2. Return on net assets and earnings per share

| Profit for the reporting period | Weighted average return on net assets | Earnings per share | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| | | Basic earnings per share(Yuan/share) | Diluted earnings per share(Yuan/share) | |
| Net profit attributable to common shareholders of the Company | 3.00% | 0.23 | 0.23 | |
| Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company after deducting non-recurring profit and loss | 1.94% | 0.15 | 0.15 | |